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LIMITE

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WORKING DOCUMENT

From:	General Secretariat of the Council
To:	Working Party on External Aspects of Asylum and Migration (EMWP)
Subject:	Working Party on External Aspects of Asylum and Migration (EMWP) - presentation

Delegations will find enclosed the presentation given by the International Organisation for Migration (IOM) in relation to item 5 of the agenda of EMWP on 10 September 2025: The current migratory situation in Afghanistan.

Impact of the current situation in Afghanistan on migratory flows

EMWP, 10 September 2025

Mihyung Park, Chief of Mission, IOM Afghanistan



Overall Return to Afghanistan (1st Jan to 6th Sep 2025)

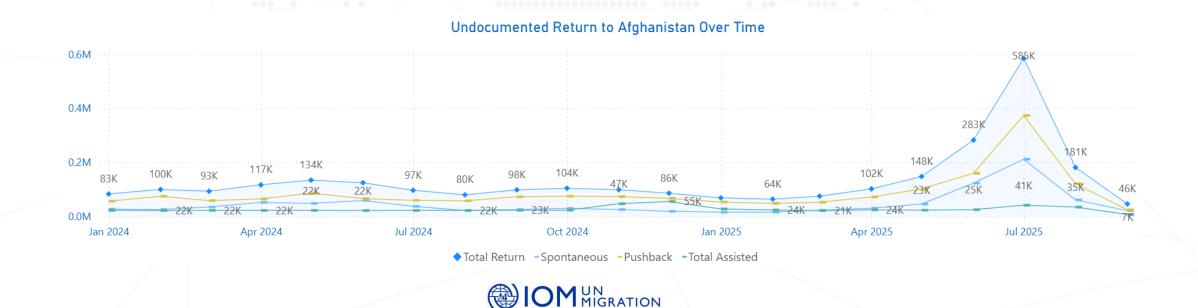
- Over the period, more than 1.9 million Afghan migrant returned.
- 94% (1.78 million) undocumented and 6% (131 K) documented returns.
- 45% spontaneous and 55% expulsion cases.
- **81.1%** (1.5 million) are from Iran.
- **18.6%** (356 K) are from Pakistan.
- 0.3% (5 K) are from Turkey.





Undocumented Returns from Iran (1 Jan 2024 - 6th Sep 2025)

- IOM AFG recorded more than 2.7 million undocumented Afghan migrant returns.
- 66% expulsions and 34% spontaneous returns.
- 61% single travelers and 39% families.

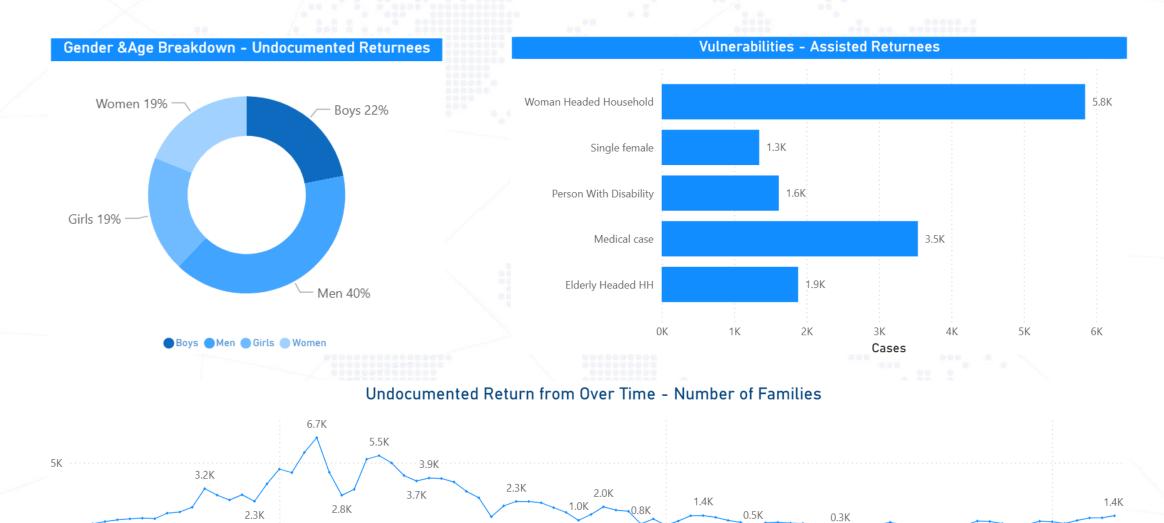


Undocumented Returns from Iran (15 Jun - 6th Sep 2025 – influx)

- IOM AFG recorded more than 1.03 million undocumented Afghan migrant returns.
- 61% expulsion and 39% spontaneous returns.
- 26% single travelers and 74% families.

Undocumented Returns from Iran - Profile (15 Jun - 6th Sep 2025 - influx)

Jul 2025





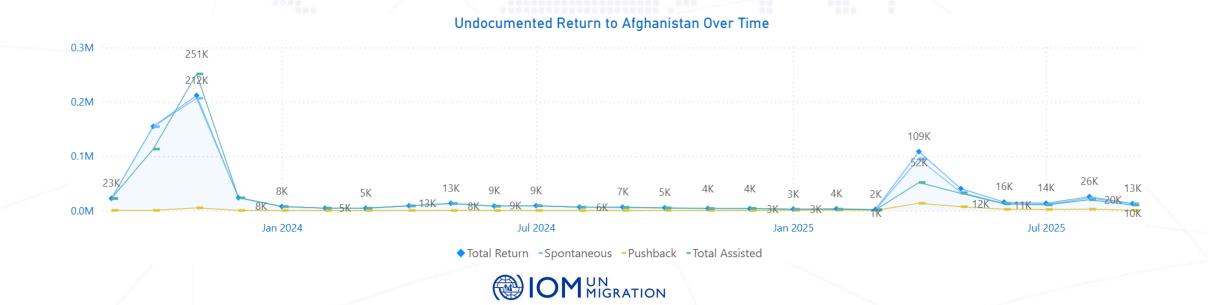
Aug 2025

Sep 2025

1.3K

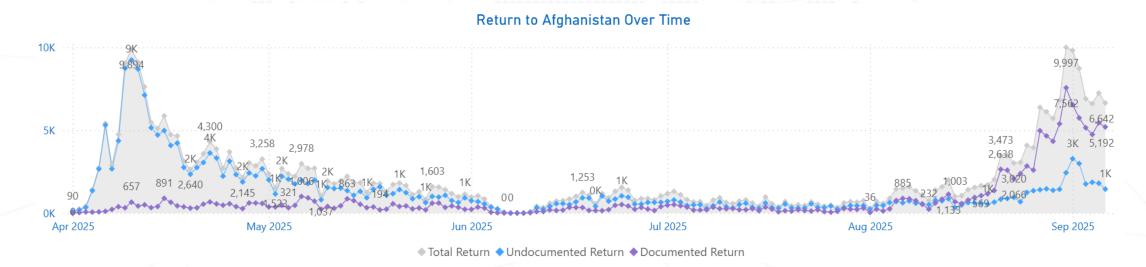
Undocumented Returns from **Pakistan** (Sep 2023 - 6th Sep 2025)

- IOM AFG recorded more than **723** K undocumented Afghan migrant returns (including ACC holders).
- 6% expulsions and 94% spontaneous returns.
- 97% families and 3% single travelers.

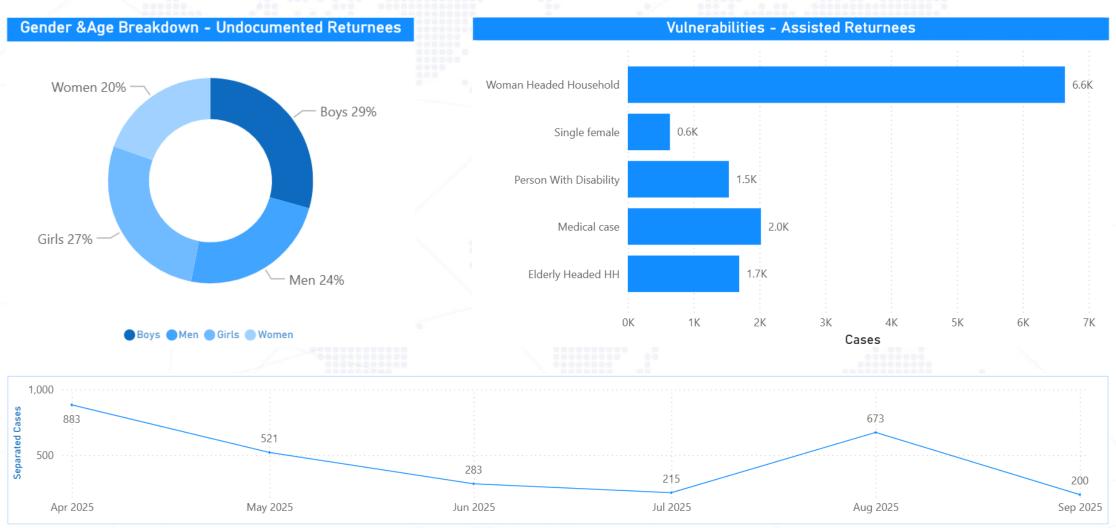


Returns from Pakistan (1 Apr - 6th Sep 2025 IFRP 2 & 3)

- Over the period, more than 345 K Afghan migrant returned.
- 63% (218 K) undocumented and 37% (127 K) documented returns.
- 91% spontaneous and 9% expulsions.
- 1st Apr to 31 Jul **82**% undocumented and **18**% documented
- 1st Aug to 6th Sep 31% undocumented and 69% documented



Undocumented Returns from Pakistan - Profile (Apr – 6th Sep 2025)



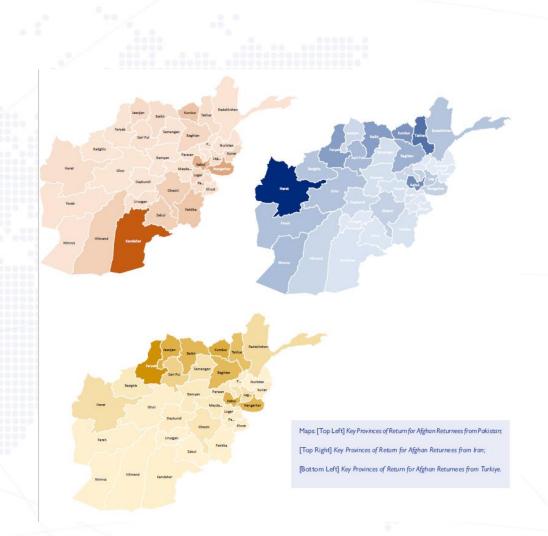


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Challenges upon Return

- Further straining fragile areas of returns already burdened by existing returnees, IDPs, host communities and new IDPs (climate impacts)
- Lack of civil documentation and livelihood opportunities
- Inadequate shelter, access to education and heath-care services
- Social exclusion and discrimination
- Negative coping mechanisms often leading to cycles of debt
- Heightened risks for women and girls





Negative Cycle of Migration

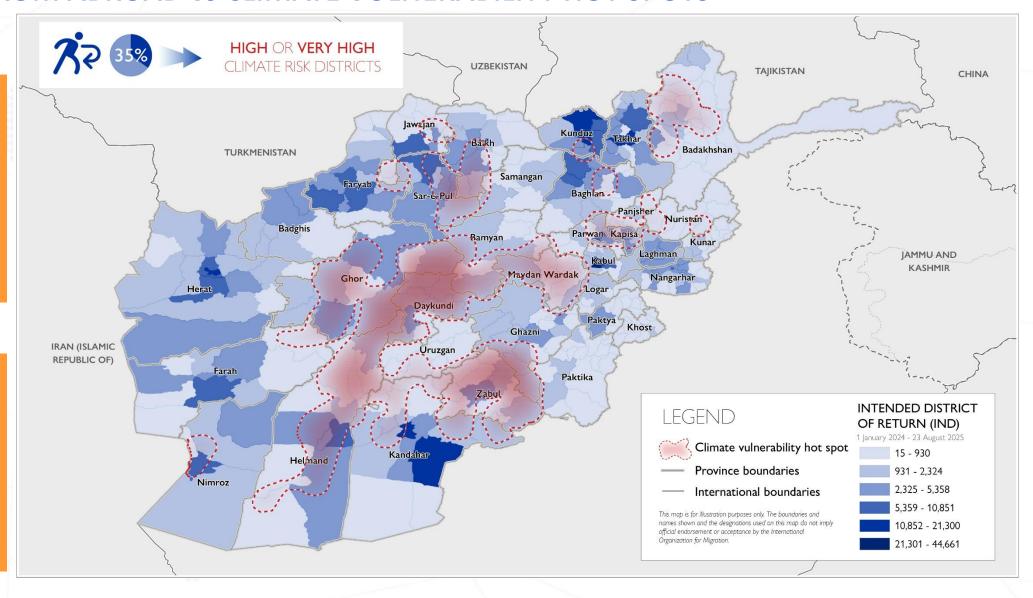
- Drivers of migration social, economic, political and safety-related push and pull factors
- Challenging socio-economic reintegration environment
- Negative coping mechanisms
 - Majority of returnee HHs report accruing debt (80%)
 - Key coping strategy for Afghans against economic insecurity is to borrow money / take loans
 - Other key coping strategies include reducing food intake and sending children to work within Afghanistan and in neighbouring countries.
- Secondary displacement including climate change-induced displacement
- Limited regular pathways and high associated costs and time-consuming process for regular migration
- Available irregular channels



RETURNEES FROM ABROAD vs CLIMATE VULNERABILITY HOT SPOTS

3.8 M Returned From Abroad Since Sep. 23

1.75 M Returned from Abroad Since Jan. 25





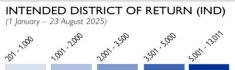
Earthquake Impacted Areas of Return

EARTHQUAKE IMPACTED AREAS OF RETURN





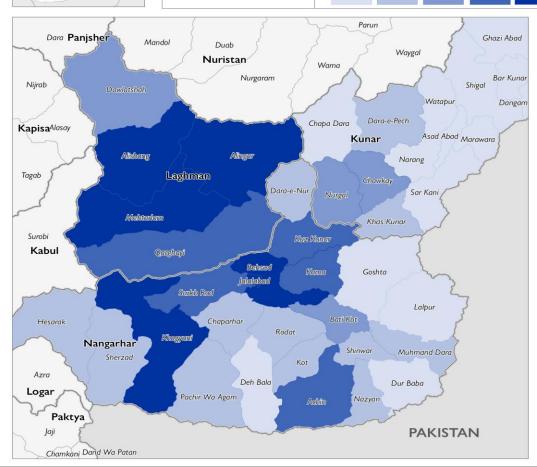


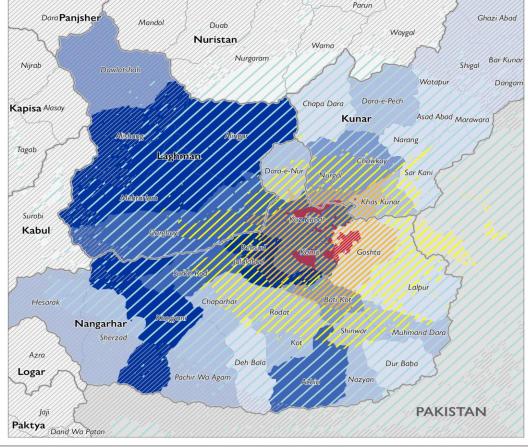




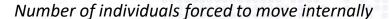
This map is for illustration purposes only. The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the International Organization for Migration.

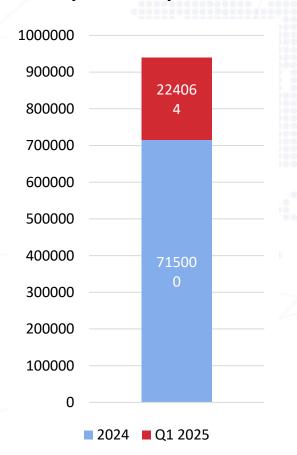




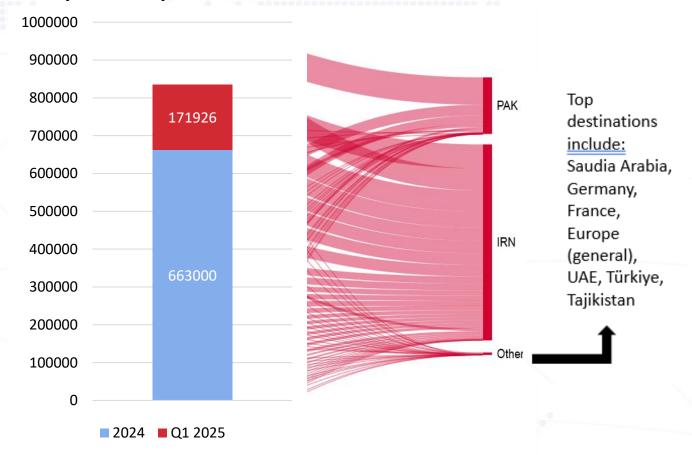


Climate-Induced Mobility As a Result of Loss of Livelihood



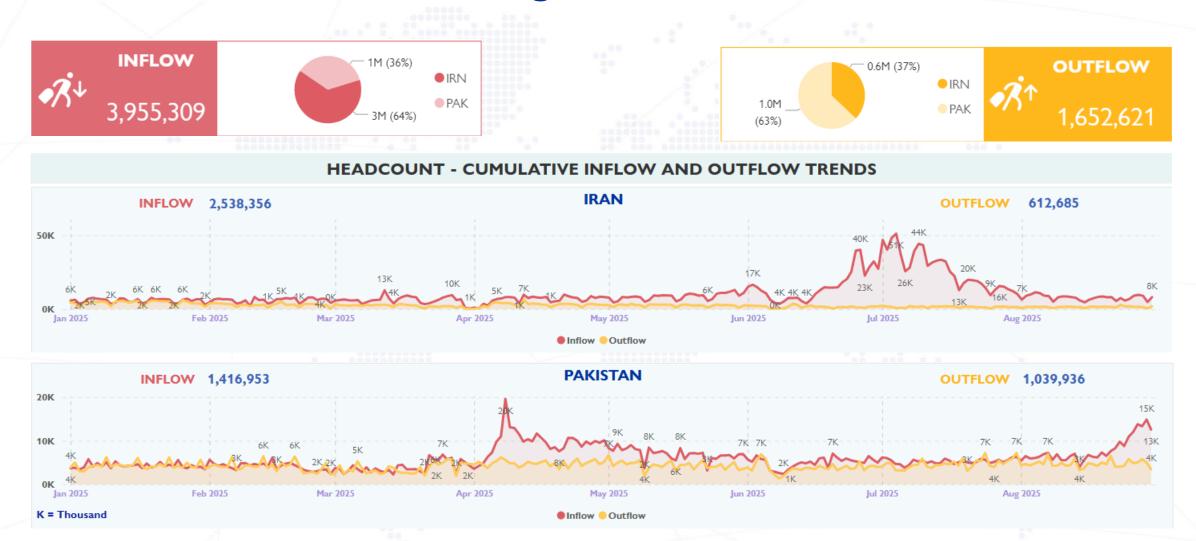


Number of individuals forced to move abroad





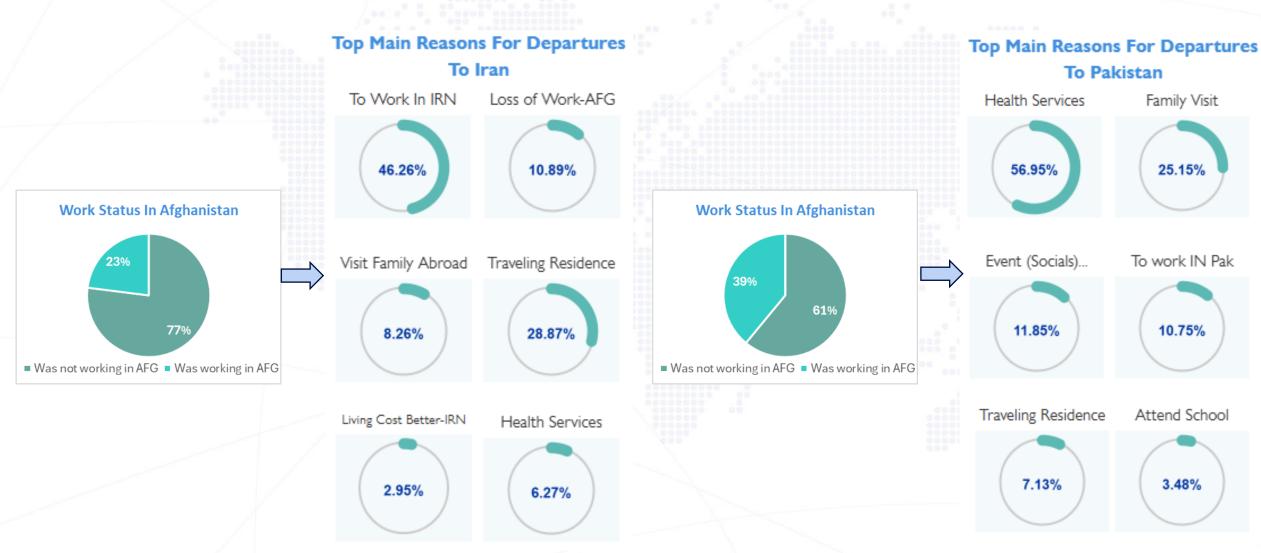
Movements in and out of Afghanistan (Jan.2025 – Aug.2025)



For more information on the Human mobility on the borders of Afghanistan please check the <u>link</u>, and for the FM dashboard please click the link <u>FM Dashboard</u>

| IOM WIGHATION

Reasons for Leaving Afghanistan (Jun. – Aug. 2025)





for more information , please check <u>IOM</u> DTM Afghanistan

Out Migration Routes

Afghanistan as a Major Country of Origin

• Afghanistan is one of the top five countries of origin for international migrants globally, with **7.5 million** Afghans living abroad in 2024.

Indicator	Value / Trend	Main European Destinations
Irregular arrivals to Europe (Eastern Mediterranean)	20,028 (85% Afghans)	Greece, Cyprus, Bulgaria
Irregular transits (Western Balkans Route)	14,767 (70% Afghans)	Bosnia, Serbia, Croatia, Slovenia
Irregular arrivals (Central Mediterranean Route)	20,302 (Afghans among key groups)	Italy, Malta
Irregular arrivals (Western African Atlantic Route)	519 (majority Pakistan, some Afghans)	Canary Islands, Spain
Irregular arrivals (Belarus Route)	278 (55% Afghans)	Poland, Lithuania, Latvia
Migrant deaths (Afghans)	1,575	Iran, Türkiye, Mediterranean



Actions for Durable Solutions

- In neighbouring countries:
 - Expansion and simplification of regularization schemes
 - Expansion of regular pathways
 - Promote complementary pathways
 - Advocacy for voluntary return process and against pushbacks and deportations
- In Afghanistan:
 - Support across the spectrum of mobility
 - Evidence-based targeting of returnee locations for assistance
 - Multipartner and multisectoral coordinated responses in target locations
 - Continued advocacy for women and girls
 - Engagement with the DfA
 - Monitoring progress towards durable solutions





Thank you.

