

Brussels, 22 December 2017 (OR. en)

Interinstitutional File: 2017/0002 (COD) 15961/17

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DATAPROTECT 227 JAI 1229 DAPIX 437 EUROJUST 215 FREMP 155 ENFOPOL 638 COPEN 428 DIGIT 289 RELEX 1135 CODEC 2134

NOTE

From:	Presidency
To:	Delegations
No. prev. doc.:	15464/1/17 REV1
Subject:	Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on the protection of individuals with regard to the processing of personal data by the Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 and Decision No 1247/2002/EC [First reading]
	- Progress report

I. INTRODUCTION

On 10 January 2017, the Commission adopted the above-mentioned proposal for a Regulation which lays down rules on the processing of personal data by Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies (hereinafter Union institutions and bodies) as well as on the free movement of personal data in the Union. The proposal also sets out the rules on the European Data Protection Supervisor (EDPS). The EDPS monitors the application of this Regulation to all processing of personal data carried out by Union institutions and bodies.

This Regulation completes the modernized data protection regime of the EU. In April 2016, the Council and the European Parliament adopted the so-called 'data protection package' which comprises the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) and the Police Directive on data protection for law enforcement purposes. The rules of this Regulation on data protection rules for Union institutions and bodies and the rules of the General Data Protection Regulation should be coherent, aligned as far as possible and applicable as of the same date: 25 May 2018.

In June 2017, the (Justice and Home Affairs) Council adopted the General Approach on this Regulation (9091/17) thereby giving the Presidency a negotiating mandate to enter into trilogues with the European Parliament. On 6 December, the Committee of Permanent Representatives endorsed an adapted mandate for the Presidency.

The European Parliament adopted its position at the end of October 2017. The first trilogue was held on November 8, followed by 3 other political trilogues. The last political trilogue under the Estonian Presidency was held on December 6, 2017. The Presidency also engaged in several technical meetings with the European Parliament and the Commission.

In these meetings, many issues were agreed upon, subject to the condition that nothing is agreed until everything is agreed. However, it proved not possible to reach an overall agreement on the Regulation by the end of this year, mainly due to the differing positions of the co-legislators regarding the scope of the draft instrument.

With this note, the Presidency informs delegations about the state of play in the negotiations between the Council and the European Parliament on the Regulation on data protection by Union institutions and bodies.

II. RESULTS OF THE NEGOTIATIONS

Main political issues

During the negotiations there were <u>four main political issues</u> on the table: **scope** of the Regulation; **internal rules** for restricting rights of data subjects; involving Council and Parliament in drawing up the **short list of candidates** for the post of European Data Protection Supervisor (EDPS) and harmonising the **model for cooperation** between the EDPS and the national data protection supervisory authorities. The main issue, where the co-legislators were not yet able to find a compromise, is the scope of the Regulation. Since the agreement on main political issues is part of the overall compromise package, the Council and the European Parliament did not succeed in reaching tentative agreements on any of the other three abovementioned <u>main political</u> issues. Nonetheless, the negotiations in the trilogues did result in clarifying and converging the positions of the co-legislators on several elements of the draft Regulation.

Scope

The main differences between the positions of the Parliament and the Council are related to two areas:

- EU institutions and bodies in the area of police cooperation and judicial cooperation in criminal matters (*further referred to as law enforcement area*); and
- missions and operations of the Common Security and Defence Policy (CSDP).

The General approach of the Council explicitly excludes application of the provisions of the Regulation to the EU institutions and bodies carrying out activities which fall within the scope of Chapter 4 or Chapter 5 of Title V of Part Three of the TFEU where the acts establishing those bodies, offices or agencies provide for comprehensive rules relating to the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of their data (Article 2(1a)). This exclusion mainly concerns the three existing agencies in the area of police cooperation and judicial cooperation in criminal matters – Eurojust, Europol and European Public Prosecutor's Office (EPPO). The European Parliament, however, insists on the inclusion of the agencies in the law enforcement area.

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As regards the CSDP missions and operation, the Council has explicitly excluded these bodies from the scope of the draft Regulation. The position of the Council is based, first and foremost, on the legal reasoning that rules on data protection for missions and operations in the CSDP area should be based on Article 39 TEU, and Article 16 TFEU is not a correct legal basis due to the specific nature of the missions and operation in the CSDP area. On the other hand, the Parliament in its report has included the operations and missions in the CSDP area into the scope of the draft Regulation.

In addition to the above, the Parliament has foreseen inclusion of Eurodac in the scope the draft Regulation.

The Parliament insists on introducing a separate chapter (*Chapter VIIIa in the EP report*) in the draft Regulation, which would apply to EU institutions and bodies in the area of law enforcement and also to operations and missions in CSDP area. The main argument of the Parliament in the need for a "future-proof regime" for processing of operational personal data.

Presidency compromise package

Following several discussions with the Parliament, the Presidency decided to ask the Committee of Permanent Representatives (Coreper) for an updated mandate to continue negotiations. On 6 December, Coreper endorsed an adapted mandate for the Presidency, which included following compromise elements:

a) to exclude Europol, Eurojust and EPPO from the scope of the draft Regulation and maintain their special regimes. In order to address the concern of the Parliament and ensure coherence and consistency of the data protection rules, **insert a strong review clause** requesting the Commission to evaluate and assess the data protection regimes applicable to the three agencies and bodies and present, if necessary, relevant amendments;

b) to exclude CSDP missions and operations referred to in Articles 42(1), 43 and 44 TEU. The Presidency suggests to insert a joint Statement of the European Parliament and the Council along the lines of recital (10a) of the General Approach, calling for relevant proposals to ensure high level of data protection in the context of CSDP missions and operations;

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c) to exclude Eurodac from the scope of the Regulation.

Coreper, however, **did not endorse inclusion of a new Chapter** laying down general provisions on data protection by Union institutions and bodies in the field of judicial cooperation in criminal matters and police cooperation.

State of play following the last trilogue

The Parliament did not consider the compromise package by the Presidency to be sufficient. While the Parliament showed a certain readiness to move towards the Council position on certain elements, the question of the application of the draft Regulation to the area of law enforcement remains open.

First of all, Council and Parliament have a common understanding that the draft **Regulation should not**, in principle, apply to processing of personal data by <u>missions in **CSDP** area</u> (Articles 42(1), 43 and 44 of the Treaty on European Union (TEU)). Moreover, both co-legislators agree that rules should be laid down on such processing. Therefore, they could consider a joint Statement calling for appropriate proposals to be submitted.

Secondly, the Parliament has indicated readiness to consider agreeing to exclusion of Eurodac from the scope of the draft Regulation.

However, the Parliament did not consider the insertion of a review clause concerning processing of operational personal data by the three existing agencies (Eurojust, Europol and EPPO) to be sufficient. While the Parliament could, in principle, consider separating discussions on the data protection rules for Europol and EPPO from the discussions on the draft Regulation, the Parliament insists on the need to include these agencies in its scope. The Parliament could, however, consider introducing a transitional period after which the Regulation would apply to Europol and EPPO. The Parliament also expressed its position that Eurojust should be subject to the new rules under the draft Regulation from the beginning as the draft Eurojust Regulation is currently in the trilogue negotiations. The Council has argued that the three existing agencies should be discussed at the same time in order to avoid possible gaps between different regimes that might cause difficulties for practical cooperation among those agencies. This issue remains open and will be subject to further discussions with the Parliament.

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Council and Parliament maintain different positions about inserting **general rules on processing of operational personal data** by agencies and bodies in the field of judicial cooperation in criminal matters and police cooperation in the draft Regulation. On the one hand, the Parliament argues that, for reasons of common standards and interoperability, uniform rules must be laid down in a single legislative framework for all EU institutions and bodies.

On the other hand, Council considers it premature to include such a chapter, given that specific tailor-made data protection regimes have just been agreed for the main actors concerned, i.e., Europol and EPPO, and are under preparation for Eurojust. Furthermore, as the new rules are supposed to enter into force already in May 2018 as part of the data protection reform package, Council argues that the complex legal drafting required to create such a chapter and align it with the specific regimes would threaten this timetable. Council further takes the position that such a chapter must be drawn up carefully in order to avoid putting at risk the operational capacity of Europol, Eurojust and (in the near future) EPPO. While the Parliament considers application of a single instrument for all EU institutions and bodies to be an important step towards minimising fragmentation among different regimes for processing of personal data and, therefore, providing better data protection for individuals, the Council argues that the approach of the Parliament would lead to further fragmentation. The Council is especially concerned due to the nature of the existing three agencies, which are very closely connected with competent law enforcement authorities of the Member States and, therefore, require specific rules that would take due account also of the rules applied by the Member States in accordance with the Directive 2016/680.

While maintaining different views regarding the necessity of a chapter for processing of operational personal data in the draft Regulation, the Parliament and the Council are, provisionally, sharing the view that, if the general rules are to be considered, such rules should be based on Directive 2016/680 and not on the GDPR. Therefore, such a possible chapter should not, in any case, be considered a derogatory framework from other provisions of the draft Regulation, but a special regime applicable to processing of operational data in law enforcement area.

Following four trilogues, the Council and the Parliament were not ready to move towards a compromise on the question of the application of the draft Regulation to the EU institutions and bodies in the area of law enforcement and, therefore, discussions will have to continue under the Bulgarian Presidency.

Other main political issues

On the other three main political issues - internal rules, EDPS-shortlist and cooperation model both Council and Parliament have expressed flexibility in the negotiations. Final positions of the colegislators will depend on the outcome of the negotiations on the scope of the draft Regulation.

Minor political and technical issues.

The Council and the European Parliament have reached tentative agreement on almost all minor political and technical issues. The concrete provisions where Council and Parliament tentatively agree are set out in the fourth column <u>of the annexed table</u>.

The <u>minor political issues</u> listed below still require further reflections from both co-legislators on the exact wording and content of the provisions:

- the conditions where Union institutions and bodies must establish a central register on their activities of processing of personal data (AM 16 recital(42), AM 17 recital (47), AM 59 Article 31(5))
- the obligations for the recipient of personal data that requests transmission of certain personal data and of the controller that processes the requested personal data, as well as the reconciliation between the principle of protection of personal data and the principle of public access to documents (AM 34 and GA- Article 9(1), AM 9 and GA recital (22), GA Article 70a).
- the conditions for transfers of personal data within and between Union institutions and bodies (AM 33 Article 8a).
- consultation of EDPS in preparation of a Commission proposal (AM 18 Recital (50) and AM 42 Article 42(1)
- Data Protection Officer (AM 70 Article 44(4))

All technical issues are solved.

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III. CONCLUSION

The most important outstanding issue relates to the scope of the Regulation and in particular to the question if processing of operational personal data by Union institutions and bodies in the field of judicial cooperation in criminal matters and police cooperation should be part of a harmonised legislative framework. On almost all other issues, the co-legislators found compromise solutions or have indicated flexibility, subject to general condition that nothing is agreed until everything is agreed.

Delegations will find below the 4 column table on the review of Regulation 45/2001 which comprises the Commission proposal, the first reading Position of the European Parliament and the General Approach of the Council.

The markings in this table are to be read as follows:

- Second column with first reading Position of the European Parliament: new text is marked in bold *italics*; deleted parts of the text are marked in strikethrough, text identical with the Commission proposal is marked with a diagonal line in the box.
- Third column with General Approach of the Council: new text is marked in **bold**; deleted parts of the text are marked in **bold**/strikethrough.
- Fourth column: the diagonal line in the box indicates that the text is identical for all three institutions.
- Text tentatively agreed is indicated in green in the fourth column. <u>"Nothing is agreed until everything is agreed" remains the basic principle.</u>
- Open issues that have been discussed at inter institutional negotiations and still open are marked in orange in the fourth column.
- For those issues not having yet been discussed the fourth column is empty.

<u>ANNEX</u>

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COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT	THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT	THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT	
AND THE COUNCIL OF THE	AND THE COUNCIL OF THE	AND THE COUNCIL OF THE	
EUROPEAN UNION,	EUROPEAN UNION,	EUROPEAN UNION,	
Having regard to the Treaty on the	Having regard to the Treaty on the	Having regard to the Treaty on the	
Functioning of the European Union,	Functioning of the European Union,	Functioning of the European Union,	
and in particular Article 16(2)	and in particular Article 16(2)	and in particular Article 16(2)	
thereof,	thereof,	thereof,	
Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,	Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,	Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,	
After transmission of the draft	After transmission of the draft	After transmission of the draft	
legislative act to the national	legislative act to the national	legislative act to the national	
parliaments,	parliaments,	parliaments,	
Having regard to the opinion of the	Having regard to the opinion of the	Having regard to the opinion of the	
European Economic and Social	European Economic and Social	European Economic and Social	
Committee ¹ ,	Committee ¹ ,	Committee ¹ ,	

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COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure,	Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure,	Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure,	
Whereas:	Whereas:	Whereas:	
(1) The protection of natural persons in relation to the processing of personal data is a fundamental right. Article 8(1) of the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union (the 'Charter') and Article 16(1) of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union (TFEU) provide that everyone has the right to the protection of personal data concerning them.	AM 1 (1) The protection of natural persons in relation to the processing of personal data is a fundamental right. Article 8(1) of the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union (the 'Charter') and Article 16(1) of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union (TFEU) provide that everyone has the right to the protection of personal data concerning them. <i>This</i> <i>right is also guaranteed under</i> <i>Article 8 of the European</i> <i>Convention on Human Rights</i>	(1) The protection of natural persons in relation to the processing of personal data is a fundamental right. Article 8(1) of the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union (the 'Charter') and Article 16(1) of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union (TFEU) provide that everyone has the right to the protection of personal data concerning them.	Tentatively agreed EP text (1) The protection of natural persons in relation to the processing of personal data is a fundamental right. Article 8(1) of the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union (the 'Charter') and Article 16(1) of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union (TFEU) provide that everyone has the right to the protection of personal data concerning them. This right is also guaranteed under Article 8 of the European Convention on Human Rights.

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(2) Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council ² provides natural persons with legally enforceable rights, specifies the data processing obligations of controllers within the Community institutions and bodies, and creates an independent supervisory authority, the European Data Protection Supervisor, responsible for monitoring the processing of personal data by the Union institutions and bodies. However, it does not apply to the processing of personal data in the course of an activity of Union institutions and bodies which fall outside the scope of Union law.	(2) Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council ² provides natural persons with legally enforceable rights, specifies the data processing obligations of controllers within the Community institutions and bodies, and creates an independent supervisory authority, the European Data Protection Supervisor, responsible for monitoring the processing of personal data by the Union institutions and bodies. However, it does not apply to the processing of personal data in the course of an activity of Union institutions and bodies which fall outside the scope of Union law.	(2) Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council ² provides natural persons with legally enforceable rights, specifies the data processing obligations of controllers within the Community institutions and bodies, and creates an independent supervisory authority, the European Data Protection Supervisor, responsible for monitoring the processing of personal data by the Union institutions and bodies. However, it does not apply to the processing of personal data in the course of an activity of Union institutions and bodies which fall outside the scope of Union law.	
(3) Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council ³ and Directive (EU)	(3) Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council ³ and Directive (EU)	(3) Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council ³ and Directive (EU)	

Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 of the European Parliament and the Council of 18 December 2000 on the protection of individuals with regard to the processing of personal data by the Community institutions and bodies and on the free movement of such data (OJ L 8, 12.1.2001, p.1).

³ Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation) (Text with EEA relevance), OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 1–88.

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
2016/680 of the European	2016/680 of the European	2016/680 of the European	
Parliament and of the Council ⁴ were	Parliament and of the Council ⁴ were	Parliament and of the Council ⁴ were	
adopted on 27 April 2016. While	adopted on 27 April 2016. While	adopted on 27 April 2016. While	
the Regulation lays down general	the Regulation lays down general	the Regulation lays down general	
rules to protect natural persons in	rules to protect natural persons in	rules to protect natural persons in	
relation to the processing of	relation to the processing of	relation to the processing of	
personal data and to ensure the free	personal data and to ensure the free	personal data and to ensure the free	
movement of personal data within	movement of personal data within	movement of personal data within	
the Union, the Directive lays down	the Union, the Directive lays down	the Union, the Directive lays down	
the specific rules to protect natural	the specific rules to protect natural	the specific rules to protect natural	
persons in relation to the processing	persons in relation to the processing	persons in relation to the processing	
of personal data and to ensure the	of personal data and to ensure the	of personal data and to ensure the	
free movement of personal data	free movement of personal data	free movement of personal data	
within the Union in the fields of	within the Union in the fields of	within the Union in the fields of	
judicial cooperation in criminal	judicial cooperation in criminal	judicial cooperation in criminal	
matters and police cooperation.	matters and police cooperation	matters and police cooperation.	



⁴ Directive (EU) 2016/680 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by competent authorities for the purposes of the prevention, investigation, detection or prosecution of criminal offences or the execution of criminal penalties, and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Council Framework Decision 2008/977/JHA, OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 89–131.

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(4) Regulation (EU) 2016/679	(4) Regulation (EU) 2016/679	(4) Regulation (EU) 2016/679	
stresses the need for the necessary	stresses the need for the necessary	stresses the need for the necessary	
adaptations of Regulation (EC) No	adaptations of Regulation (EC) No	adaptations of Regulation (EC) No	
45/2001 in order to provide a strong	45/2001 in order to provide a strong	45/2001 in order to provide a strong	
and coherent data protection	and coherent data protection	and coherent data protection	
framework in the Union and to	framework in the Union and to	framework in the Union and to	
allow application at the same time	allow application at the same time	allow application at the same time	
as Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	as Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	as Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
5) It is in the interest of a coherent approach to personal data protection throughout the Union, and of the free movement of personal data within the Union, to align as far as possible the data protection rules for Union institutions and bodies with the data protection rules adopted for the public sector in the Member States. Whenever the provisions of this Regulation are based on the same concept as the provisions of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, those two provisions should be interpreted homogeneously, in particular because the scheme of this Regulation should be understood as equivalent to the scheme of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	AM 2 (5) It is in the interest of a coherent approach to personal data protection throughout the Union, and of the free movement of personal data within the Union, to align as far as possible the data protection rules for Union institutions, and bodies-bodies, offices and agencies with the data protection rules adopted for the public sector in the Member States. Whenever the provisions of this Regulation are based on the same concept as the provisions of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, those two provisions should under the case law of the Court of Justice of the European Union ^{1a} , be interpreted homogeneously, in particular because the scheme of this Regulation should be understood as equivalent to the scheme of Regulation (EU) 2016/679. Ta Judgment of the Court of Justice of 9 March 2010, Commission v Germany, C- 518/07, ECLI:EU:C:2010:125,	(5) It is in the interest of a coherent approach to personal data protection throughout the Union, and of the free movement of personal data within the Union, to align as far as possible the data protection rules for Union institutions and bodies with the data protection rules adopted for the public sector in the Member States. Whenever the provisions of this Regulation are based on the same concept as the provisions of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, those two provisions should be interpreted homogeneously, in particular because the scheme of this Regulation should be understood as equivalent to the scheme of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	Tentative agreement EP text but without the footnote: (5) It is in the interest of a coherent approach to personal data protection throughout the Union, and of the free movement of personal data within the Union, to align as far as possible the data protection rules for Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies with the data protection rules adopted for the public sector in the Member States. Whenever the provisions of this Regulation are based on the same concept as the provisions of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, those two provisions should under the case law of the Court of Justice of the European Union, be interpreted homogeneously, in particular because the scheme of this Regulation should be understood as equivalent to the scheme of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	paragraphs 26 and 28.		



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
 (6) Persons whose personal data are processed by Union institutions and bodies in any context whatsoever, for example, because they are employed by those institutions and bodies should be protected. This Regulation should not apply to the processing of personal data of deceased persons. This Regulation does not cover the processing of personal data which concerns legal persons and in particular undertakings established as legal persons, including the name and the form of the legal person and the contact details of the legal person. 	 (6) Persons whose personal data are processed by Union institutions and bodies in any context whatsoever, for example, because they are employed by those institutions and bodies should be protected. This Regulation should not apply to the processing of personal data of deceased persons. This Regulation does not cover the processing of personal data which concerns legal persons and in particular undertakings established as legal persons, including the name and the form of the legal person and the contact details of the legal person. 	 (6) Persons whose personal data are processed by Union institutions and bodies in any context whatsoever, for example, because they are employed by those institutions and bodies should be protected. This Regulation should not apply to the processing of personal data of deceased persons. This Regulation does not cover the processing of personal data which concerns legal persons and in particular undertakings established as legal persons, including the name and the form of the legal person and the contact details of the legal person. 	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
 (7) In order to prevent creating a serious risk of circumvention, the protection of natural persons should be technologically neutral and should not depend on the techniques used. The protection of natural persons should apply to the processing of personal data by automated means, as well as to manual processing, if the personal data are contained or are intended to be contained in a filing system. Files or sets of files, as well as their cover pages, which are not structured according to specific criteria should not fall within the scope of this Regulation. 	 (7) In order to prevent creating a serious risk of circumvention, the protection of natural persons should be technologically neutral and should not depend on the techniques used. The protection of natural persons should apply to the processing of personal data by automated means, as well as to manual processing, if the personal data are contained or are intended to be contained in a filing system. Files or sets of files, as well as their cover pages, which are not structured according to specific criteria should not fall within the scope of this Regulation. 	(7) In order to prevent creating a serious risk of circumvention, the protection of natural persons should be technologically neutral and should not depend on the techniques used. The protection of natural persons should apply to the processing of personal data by automated means, as well as to manual processing, if the personal data are contained or are intended to be contained in a filing system. Files or sets of files, as well as their cover pages, which are not structured according to specific criteria should not fall within the scope of this Regulation.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
		(7a) This Regulation should apply to the processing of personal data by all Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies. It should apply to the processing of personal data, wholly or partially by automated means, and to the processing otherwise than by automated means of personal data which form part of a filing system or are intended to form part of a filing system. However, where other legal acts of the European Union provide for specific rules on the processing of personal data by Union institutions and bodies, these rules should remain unaffected by this Regulation.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	AM 3 (7a) The data protection legal framework for the processing of data in the course of activities of Union institutions and bodies in the areas of freedom, security and justice and of the common foreign and security policy remains fragmented and creates legal uncertainty. This Regulation should therefore provide for harmonised rules for the protection and the free movement of personal data processed by Union institutions and bodies carrying out activities which fall within the scope of Chapters 4 and 5 of Title V of Part Three TFEU and		
	Chapter 2 of Title V TEU.		

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(8) In Declaration No 21 on the protection of personal data in the fields of judicial cooperation in criminal matters and police cooperation, annexed to the final act of the intergovernmental conference which adopted the Treaty of Lisbon, the conference acknowledged that specific rules on the protection of personal data and the free movement of personal data in the fields of judicial cooperation in criminal matters and police cooperation based on Article 16 TFEU could prove necessary because of the specific nature of those fields. This Regulation should therefore apply to Union agencies carrying out activities in the fields of judicial cooperation only to the extent that Union law applicable to such agencies does not contain specific rules on the processing of personal data.	AM 4 (8) In Declaration No 21 on the protection of personal data in the fields of judicial cooperation in criminal matters and police cooperation, annexed to the final act of the intergovernmental conference which adopted the Treaty of Lisbon, the conference acknowledged that specific rules on the protection of personal data and the free movement of personal data in the fields of judicial cooperation in criminal matters and police cooperation based on Article 16 TFEU could prove necessary because of the specific nature of those fields. This Regulation should therefore apply to Union agencies carrying out activities in the fields of judicial cooperation in criminal matters and police cooperation only to the extent that Union law applicable to such agencies does not contain specific rules on the processing of personal data. Furthermore, the common foreign and security policy has a specific nature and specific rules on the	(8) In Declaration No 21 on the protection of personal data in the fields of judicial cooperation in criminal matters and police cooperation, annexed to the final act of the intergovernmental conference which adopted the Treaty of Lisbon, the conference acknowledged that specific rules on the protection of personal data and the free movement of personal data in the fields of judicial cooperation in criminal matters and police cooperation based on Article 16 TFEU could prove necessary because of the specific nature of those fields. This Regulation should therefore not apply to the processing of operational personal data, such as personal data processed for criminal investigation purposes by Union bodies, offices or agencies carrying out activities which fall within the scope of Chapters 4 and 5 of Title V of Part Three of the TFEU where the acts establishing these bodies, offices or agencies provide for comprehensive data protection rules applicable to the	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	protection of personal data and it could prove necessary to ensure the free movement of personal data in that field also. It is therefore appropriate to regulate the processing of operational personal data by Union agencies established on the basis of Chapters 4 and 5 of Title V of Part Three TFEU and by missions referred to in Article 42(1) and Articles 43 and 44 TEU by establishing specific rules that derogate from a number of general rules laid down in this Regulation.	processing of such data, such as the acts establishing Europol and Eurojust [and the European Public Prosecutor's Office]. in the fields of judicial cooperation in eriminal matters and police cooperation only to the extent that Union law applicable to such agencies does not contain specific rules on the processing of personal data. Processing of administrative personal data by those bodies, offices or agencies, such as staff data, should be covered by this Regulation.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(9) Directive (EU) 2016/680	(9) Directive (EU) 2016/680 /	(9) Directive (EU) 2016/680	
provides harmonised rules for the	provides harmonised rules for the /	provides harmonised rules for the	
protection and the free movement of	protection and the free movement/of	protection and the free movement of	
personal data processed for the	personal data processed for the /	personal data processed for the	
purposes of the prevention,	purposes of the prevention, /	purposes of the prevention,	
investigation, detection or	investigation, detection or /	investigation, detection or	
prosecution of criminal offences or	prosecution of criminal offences or	prosecution of criminal offences or	
execution of criminal penalties,	execution of criminal penalties,	execution of criminal penalties,	
including the safeguarding against	including the safeguarding against	including the safeguarding against	
and the prevention of threats to	and the prevention of threats to	and the prevention of threats to	
public security. In order to foster the	public security. In order to foster the	public security. In order to foster the	
same level of protection for natural	same level of protection for natural	same level of protection for natural	
persons through legally enforceable	persons through legally enforceable	persons through legally enforceable	
rights throughout the Union and to	rights throughout the Union and to	rights throughout the Union and to	
prevent divergences hampering the	prevent divergences hampering the	prevent divergences hampering the	
exchange of personal data between	exchange of personal data between	exchange of personal data between	
Union agencies carrying out	Union agencies carrying out	Union bodies, offices or agencies	
activities in the fields of judicial	activities in the fields of judicial	carrying out activities which fall	
cooperation in criminal matters and	cooperation in criminal matters and	within the scope of Chapters 4	
police cooperation and competent	police cooperation and competent	and 5 of Title V of Part Three of	
authorities in Member States, the	authorities/in Member States, the	the TFEU in the fields of judicial	
rules for the protection and the free	rules for the protection and the free	cooperation in criminal matters	
movement of operational personal	movement of operational personal	and police cooperation and	
data processed by such Union	data processed by such Union	competent authorities in Member	
agencies should draw on the	agencies should draw on the	States, the rules for the protection	
principles underpinning this	principles underpinning this	and the free movement of	
Regulation and be consistent with	Regulation and be consistent with	operational personal data processed	
Directive (EU) 2016/680.	Directive (EU) 2016/680.	by such Union bodies , offices or	
		agencies should draw on the	
	\bigvee	principles underpinning this	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
		Regulation and be consistent with Directive (EU) 2016/680.	
(10) Where the founding act of a	(10) Where the founding act of a	(10) Where the founding act of a	
Union agency carrying out activities	Union agency carrying out activities	Union agency carrying out	
which fall within the scope of	which fall within the scope of	activities which fall within the	
Chapters 4 and 5 of Title V of the	Chapters 4 and 5 of Title V of the	scope of Chapters 4 and 5 of Title	
Treaty lays down a standalone data	Treaty lays down a standalone/data	V of the Treaty lays down a	
protection regime for the processing	protection regime for the processing	standalone data protection regime	
of operational personal data such	of operational personal data such	for the processing of operational	
regimes should be unaffected by	regimes should be unaffected by	personal data such regimes	
this Regulation. However, the	this Regulation. However, the	should be unaffected by this	
Commission should, in accordance	Commission should, in/accordance	Regulation. However, the	
with Article 62 of Directive (EU)	with Article 62 of Directive (EU)	Commission should, in	
2016/680, by 6 May 2019 review	2016/680, by 6 May/2019 review	accordance with Article 62 of	
Union acts which regulate	Union acts which regulate	Directive (EU) 2016/680, by 6	
processing by the competent	processing by the/competent	May 2019 review Union acts	
authorities for the purposes of the	authorities for the purposes of the	which regulate processing by the	
prevention, investigation, detection	prevention, investigation, detection	competent authorities for the	
or prosecution of criminal offences	or prosecution of criminal offences	purposes of the prevention,	
or the execution of criminal	or the execution of criminal	investigation, detection or	
penalties, including the	penalties, including the	prosecution of criminal offences	
safeguarding against and the	safeguarding against and the	or the execution of criminal	
prevention of threats to public	prevention of threats to public	penaltics, including the	
security and, where appropriate,	security and, where appropriate,	safeguarding against and the	
make the necessary proposals to	make the necessary proposals to	prevention of threats to public	
amend those acts to ensure a	amend those acts to ensure a	security and, where appropriate,	
consistent approach to the	consistent approach to the	make the necessary proposals to	
protection of personal data in the	protection of personal data in the	amend those acts to ensure a	
area of judicial cooperation in	area of judicial cooperation in	consistent approach to the	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
criminal matters and police cooperation.	criminal matters and police cooperation.	protection of personal data in the area of judicial cooperation in criminal matters and police cooperation.	
		(10a) This Regulation should apply to the processing of personal data by Union institutions, bodies, offices or agencies carrying out activities which fall within the scope of Chapter 2 of Title V of the TEU. This Regulation does not apply to the processing of personal data by missions referred to in Articles 42(1), and 43 and 44 of the TEU, which implement the common security and defence policy.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
		Where appropriate, relevant proposals could be put forward to further regulate the processing of personal data in the field of the common security and defence policy.	
(11) The principles of data protection should apply to any information concerning an identified or identifiable natural person. Personal data which have undergone pseudonymisation, which could be attributed to a natural person by the use of additional information should be considered to be information on an identifiable natural person. To determine whether a natural person is identifiable, account should be taken of all the means reasonably likely to be used, such as singling out, either by the controller or by another person to identify the natural person directly or indirectly.	(11) The principles of data protection should apply to any information concerning an identified or identifiable natural person. Personal data which have undergone pseudonymisation, which could be attributed to a natural person by the use of additional information should be considered to be information on an identifiable natural person. To determine whether a natural person is identifiable, account should be taken of all the means reasonably likely to be used, such as singling out, either by the controller or by another person to identify the natural person directly or indirectly.	(11) The principles of data protection should apply to any information concerning an identified or identifiable natural person. Personal data which have undergone pseudonymisation, which could be attributed to a natural person by the use of additional information should be considered to be information on an identifiable natural person. To determine whether a natural person is identifiable, account should be taken of all the means reasonably likely to be used, such as singling out, either by the controller or by another person to identify the natural person directly or indirectly.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
To ascertain whether means are	To ascertain whether means are	To ascertain whether means are	
reasonably likely to be used to	reasonably likely to be used to	reasonably likely to be used to	
identify the natural person, account	identify the natural person, account	identify the natural person, account	
should be taken of all objective	should be taken of all objective	should be taken of all objective	
factors, such as the costs of and the	factors, such as the costs of and the	factors, such as the costs of and the	
amount of time required for	amount of time required for	amount of time required for	
identification, taking into	identification, taking into	identification, taking into	
consideration the available	consideration the available	consideration the available	
technology at the time of the	technology at the time of the	technology at the time of the	
processing and technological	processing and technological	processing and technological	
developments. The principles of	developments. The principles of	developments. The principles of	
data protection should therefore not	data protection should therefore not	data protection should therefore not	
apply to anonymous information,	apply to anonymous information,	apply to anonymous information,	
namely information which does not	namely information which does not	namely information which does not	
relate to an identified or identifiable	relate to an identified or identifiable	relate to an identified or identifiable	
natural person or to personal data	natural person or to personal data	natural person or to personal data	
rendered anonymous in such a	rendered anonymous in such a	rendered anonymous in such a	
manner that the data subject is not	manner that the data subject is not	manner that the data subject is not	
or no longer identifiable. This	or no longer identifiable. This	or no longer identifiable. This	
Regulation does not therefore	Regulation does not therefore	Regulation does not therefore	
concern the processing of such	concern the processing of such	concern the processing of such	
anonymous information, including	anonymous information, including	anonymous information, including	
for statistical or research purposes.	for statistical or research purposes.	for statistical or research purposes.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
 (12) The application of	 (12) The application of	 (12) The application of	
pseudonymisation to personal data	pseudonymisation to personal data	pseudonymisation to personal data	
can reduce the risks to the data	can reduce the risks to the data	can reduce the risks to the data	
subjects concerned and help	subjects concerned and help	subjects concerned and help	
controllers and processors to meet	controllers and processors to meet	controllers and processors to meet	
their data protection obligations.	their data protection obligations.	their data protection obligations.	
The explicit introduction of	The explicit introduction of	The explicit introduction of	
'pseudonymisation' in this	'pseudonymisation' in this	'pseudonymisation' in this	
Regulation is not intended to	Regulation is not intended to	Regulation is not intended to	
preclude any other measures of data	preclude any other measures of data	preclude any other measures of data	
protection.	protection.	protection.	
(13) Natural persons may be	(13) Natural persons may be	(13) Natural persons may be	
associated with online identifiers	associated with online identifiers	associated with online identifiers	
provided by their devices,	provided by their devices,	provided by their devices,	
applications, tools and protocols,	applications, tools and protocols,	applications, tools and protocols,	
such as internet protocol addresses,	such as internet protocol addresses,	such as internet protocol addresses,	
cookie identifiers or other	cookie identifiers or other	cookie identifiers or other	
identifiers such as radio frequency	identifiers such as radio frequency	identifiers such as radio frequency	
identification tags. This may leave	identification tags. This may leave	identification tags. This may leave	
traces which, in particular when	traces which, in particular when	traces which, in particular when	
combined with unique identifiers	combined with unique identifiers	combined with unique identifiers	
and other information received by	and other information received by	and other information received by	
the servers, may be used to create	the servers, may be used to create	the servers, may be used to create	
profiles of the natural persons and	profiles of the natural persons and	profiles of the natural persons and	
identify them.	identify them.	identify them.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(14) Consent should be given by a clear affirmative act establishing a freely given, specific, informed and unambiguous indication of the data subject's agreement to the processing of personal data relating to him or her, such as by a written statement, including by electronic means, or an oral statement. This could include ticking a box when visiting an internet website, choosing technical settings for information society services or another statement or conduct which clearly indicates in this context the data subject's acceptance of the proposed processing of his or her personal data. Silence, pre-ticked boxes or inactivity should not therefore constitute consent. Consent should cover all processing activities carried out for the same purpose or purposes. When the processing has multiple purposes,	AM 5 (14) Consent should be given by a clear affirmative act establishing a freely given, specific, informed and unambiguous indication of the data subject's agreement to the processing of personal data relating to him or her, such as by a written statement, including by electronic means, or an oral statement. This could include ticking a box when visiting an internet website, choosing technical settings for information society services or another statement or conduct which clearly indicates in this context the data subject's acceptance of the proposed processing of his or her personal data. Silence, pre-ticked boxes or inactivity should not therefore constitute consent. Consent should cover all processing activities carried out for the same	 (14) Consent should be given by a clear affirmative act establishing a freely given, specific, informed and unambiguous indication of the data subject's agreement to the processing of personal data relating to him or her, such as by a written statement, including by electronic means, or an oral statement. This could include ticking a box when visiting an internet website, choosing technical settings for information society services or another statement or conduct which clearly indicates in this context the data subject's acceptance of the proposed processing of his or her personal data. Silence, pre-ticked boxes or inactivity should not therefore constitute consent. Consent should cover all processing activities carried out for the same purpose or purposes. When the processing has multiple purposes, 	Tentatively agreed CNS + EP texts (14) Consent should be given by a clear affirmative act establishing a freely given, specific, informed and unambiguous indication of the data subject's agreement to the processing of personal data relating to him or her, such as by a written statement, including by electronic means, or an oral statement. This could include ticking a box when visiting an internet website, choosing technical settings for information society services or another statement or conduct which clearly indicates in this context the data subject's acceptance of the proposed processing of his or her personal data. Silence, pre-ticked boxes or inactivity should not therefore constitute consent.
consent should be given for all of them. If the data subject's consent is to be given following a request by electronic means, the request must be clear, concise and not unnecessarily disruptive to the use	purpose or purposes. When the processing has multiple purposes, consent should be given for all of them. If the data subject's consent is to be given following a request by electronic means, the request must	consent should be given for all of them. If the data subject's consent is to be given following a request by electronic means, the request must be clear, concise and not unnecessarily disruptive to the use	Consent should cover all processing activities carried out for the same purpose or purposes. When the processing has multiple purposes, consent should be given for all of them. If the data subject's

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of the service for which it is provided.	be clear, concise and not unnecessarily disruptive to the use of the service for which it is provided. At the same time, the data subject should have the right to withdraw consent at any time without affecting the lawfulness of processing based on consent before its withdrawal.	of the service for which it is provided. In order to ensure that consent is freely given, consent should not provide a valid legal ground for the processing of personal data in a specific case where there is a clear imbalance between the data subject and the controller and it is therefore unikely that consent was freely given in all the circumstances of that specific situation. It is often not possible to fully identify the purpose of personal data processing for scientific research purposes at the time of data collection. Therefore, data subjects should be allowed to give their consent to certain areas of scientific research when in keeping with recognised ethical standards for scientific research. Data subjects should have an opportunity to give their consent only to certain areas of research or parts of research projects to the extent allowed by the intended purpose.	consent is to be given following a request by electronic means, the request must be clear, concise and not unnecessarily disruptive to the use of the service for which it is provided. At the same time, the data subject should have the right to withdraw consent at any time without affecting the lawfulness of processing based on consent before its withdrawal. In order to ensure that consent is freely given, consent should not provide a valid legal ground for the processing of personal data in a specific case where there is a clear imbalance between the data subject and the controller and it is therefore unikely that consent was freely given in all the circumstances of that specific situation. It is often not possible to fully identify the purpose of personal data processing for scientific research purposes at the time of data collection. Therefore, data subjects should be allowed to give their consent to certain areas of scientific research when in keeping with recognised ethical

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
			standards for scientific research. Data subjects should have an opportunity to give their consent only to certain areas of research or parts of research projects to the extent allowed by the intended purpose.
(15) Any processing of personal data should be lawful and fair. It should be transparent to natural persons that personal data concerning them are collected, used, consulted or otherwise processed and to what extent the personal data are or will be processed. The principle of transparency requires that any information and communication relating to the processing of those personal data be easily accessible and easy to understand, and that clear and plain language be used. That principle concerns, in particular, information to the data subjects on the identity of the controller and the purposes of the processing and further information to ensure fair and transparent processing in respect of the natural persons concerned and their right to obtain confirmation	AM 6 (15) Any processing of personal data should be lawful and fair <i>and</i> <i>done for clear and well-defined</i> <i>purposes</i> . It should be transparent to natural persons that personal data concerning them are collected, used, consulted or otherwise processed and to what extent the personal data are or will be processed. The principle of transparency requires that any information and communication relating to the processing of those personal data be easily accessible and easy to understand, and that clear and plain language be used. That principle concerns, in particular, information to the data subjects on the identity of the controller and the purposes of the processing and further	(15) Any processing of personal data should be lawful and fair. It should be transparent to natural persons that personal data concerning them are collected, used, consulted or otherwise processed and to what extent the personal data are or will be processed. The principle of transparency requires that any information and communication relating to the processing of those personal data be easily accessible and easy to understand, and that clear and plain language be used. That principle concerns, in particular, information to the data subjects on the identity of the controller and the purposes of the processing and further information to ensure fair and transparent processing in respect of the natural persons concerned and	Tentatively agreed: EP text without the first addition (15) Any processing of personal data should be lawful and fair. It should be transparent to natural persons that personal data concerning them are collected, used, consulted or otherwise processed and to what extent the personal data are or will be processed. The principle of transparency requires that any information and communication relating to the processing of those personal data be easily accessible and easy to understand, and that clear and plain language be used. That principle concerns, in particular, information to the data subjects on the identity of the controller and the purposes of the

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
and communication of personal data	information to ensure fair and	their right to obtain confirmation	processing and further information
concerning them which are being	transparent processing in respect of	and communication of personal data	to ensure fair and transparent
processed. Natural persons should	the natural persons concerned and	concerning them which are being	processing in respect of the natural
be made aware of risks, rules,	their right to obtain confirmation	processed. Natural persons should	persons concerned and their right
safeguards and rights in relation to	and communication of personal data	be made aware of risks, rules,	to obtain confirmation and
the processing of personal data and	concerning them which are being	safeguards and rights in relation to	communication of personal data
how to exercise their rights in	processed. Natural persons should	the processing of personal data and	concerning them which are being
relation to such processing. In	be made aware of risks, rules,	how to exercise their rights in	processed. Natural persons should
particular, the specific purposes for	safeguards and rights in relation to	relation to such processing. In	be made aware of risks, rules,
which personal data are processed	the processing of personal data and	particular, the specific purposes for	safeguards and rights in relation to
should be explicit and legitimate	how to exercise their rights in	which personal data are processed	the processing of personal data
and determined at the time of the	relation to such processing. In	should be explicit and legitimate	and how to exercise their rights in
collection of the personal data. The	particular, the specific purposes for	and determined at the time of the	relation to such processing. In
personal data should be adequate,	which personal data are processed	collection of the personal data. The	particular, the specific purposes
relevant and limited to what is	should be explicit and legitimate	personal data should be adequate,	for which personal data are
necessary for the purposes for	and determined at the time of the	relevant and limited to what is	processed should be explicit and
which they are processed. This	collection of the personal data. The	necessary for the purposes for	legitimate and determined at the
requires, in particular, ensuring that	personal data should be adequate,	which they are processed. This	time of the collection of the
the period for which the personal	relevant and limited to what is	requires, in particular, ensuring that	personal data. The personal data
data are stored is limited to a strict	necessary for the purposes for	the period for which the personal	should be adequate, relevant and
minimum. Personal data should be	which they are processed. This	data are stored is limited to a strict	limited to what is necessary for the
processed only if the purpose of the	requires, in particular, ensuring that	minimum. Personal data should be	purposes for which they are
processing could not reasonably be	the period for which the personal	processed only if the purpose of the	processed. This requires, in
fulfilled by other means. In order to	data are stored is limited to a strict	processing could not reasonably be	particular, ensuring that the period
ensure that the personal data are not	minimum. Personal data should be	fulfilled by other means. In order to	for which the personal data are
kept longer than necessary, time	processed only if the purpose of the	ensure that the personal data are not	stored is limited to a strict
limits should be established by the	processing could not reasonably be	kept longer than necessary, time	minimum. Personal data should be
controller for erasure or for a	fulfilled by other means. In order to	limits should be established by the	processed only if the purpose of
periodic review. Every reasonable	ensure that the personal data are not	controller for erasure or for a	the processing could not
step should be taken to ensure that	kept longer than necessary, time	periodic review. Every reasonable	reasonably be fulfilled by other

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
personal data which are inaccurate are rectified or deleted. Personal data should be processed in a manner that ensures appropriate security and confidentiality of the personal data, including for preventing unauthorised access to or use of personal data and the equipment used for the processing.	limits should be established by the controller for erasure or for a periodic review. Every reasonable step should be taken to ensure that personal data which are inaccurate are rectified or deleted. Personal data should be processed in a manner that ensures appropriate security and confidentiality of the personal data, including for preventing unauthorised access to, <i>disclosure during the transmission</i> <i>of</i> , or use of personal data and the equipment used for the processing.	step should be taken to ensure that personal data which are inaccurate are rectified or deleted. Personal data should be processed in a manner that ensures appropriate security and confidentiality of the personal data, including for preventing unauthorised access to or use of personal data and the equipment used for the processing.	means. In order to ensure that the personal data are not kept longer than necessary, time limits should be established by the controller for erasure or for a periodic review. Every reasonable step should be taken to ensure that personal data which are inaccurate are rectified or deleted. Personal data should be processed in a manner that ensures appropriate security and confidentiality of the personal data, including for preventing unauthorised access to, disclosure during the transmission of, or use of personal data and the equipment used for the processing.

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(16) In accordance with the principle of accountability, where Union institutions and bodies transmit personal data within or to other Union institutions or bodies, they should verify whether such personal data is required for the legitimate performance of tasks covered by the competence of the recipient where the recipient is not part of the controller. In particular, following a recipient's request for transmission of personal data, the controller should verify the existence of a relevant ground of its lawful processing of personal data, the competence of the recipient and should make a provisional evaluation of the data. If doubts arise as to this necessity, the controller should seek further information from the recipient. The recipient should ensure that the necessity for the transmission of the data can be subsequently verified.	(16) In accordance with the principle of accountability, where Union institutions and bodies transmit personal data within or to other Union institutions or bodies, they should verify whether such personal data is required for the legitimate performance of tasks covered by the competence of the recipient where the recipient is not part of the controller. In particular, following a recipient's request for transmission of personal data, the controller should verify the existence of a relevant ground of its lawful processing of personal data, the competence of the recipient and should make a provisional evaluation of the necessity for the transmission of the data. If doubts arise as to this necessity, the controller should seek further information from the recipient. The recipient should ensure that the necessity for the transmission of the data can be subsequently verified.	(16) In accordance with the principle of accountability, where Union institutions and bodies transmit personal data within or to other Union institutions or bodies, they should verify whether such personal data is required for the legitimate performance of tasks covered by the competence of the recipient where the recipient is not part of the controller. In particular, following a recipient's request for transmission of personal data, the controller should verify the existence of a relevant ground of its lawful processing of personal data, the competence of the recipient and should make a provisional evaluation of the necessity for the transmission of the data. If doubts arise as to this necessity, the controller should seek further information from the recipient. The recipient should ensure that the necessity for the transmission of the data can be subsequently verified.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(17) In order for processing to be	(17) In order for processing to be	(17) In order for processing to be	
lawful, personal data should be	lawful, personal data should be	lawful, personal data should be	
processed on the basis of the	processed on the basis of the	processed on the basis of the	
necessity of performance of a task	necessity of performance of a task	necessity of performance of a task	
carried out in the public interest by	carried out in the public interest by	carried out in the public interest by	
Union institutions and bodies or in	Union institutions and bodies or in	Union institutions and bodies or in	
the exercise of their official	the exercise of their official	the exercise of their official	
authority, the necessity for	authority, the necessity for	authority, the necessity for	
compliance with the legal obligation	compliance with the legal obligation	compliance with the legal obligation	
to which the controller is subject or	to which the controller is subject or	to which the controller is subject or	
some other legitimate basis as	some other legitimate basis as	some other legitimate basis as	
referred to in this Regulation,	referred to in this Regulation,	referred to in this Regulation,	
including the consent of the data	including the consent of the data	including the consent of the data	
subject concerned or the necessity	subject concerned or the necessity	subject concerned or the necessity	
for the performance of a contract to	for the performance of a contract to	for the performance of a contract to	
which the data subject is party or in	which the data subject is party or in	which the data subject is party or in	
order to take steps at the request of	order to take steps at the request of	order to take steps at the request of	
the data subject prior to entering	the data subject prior to entering	the data subject prior to entering	
into a contract. Processing of	into a contract. Processing of	into a contract. Processing of	
personal data for the performance of	personal data for the performance of	personal data for the performance of	
tasks carried out in the public	tasks carried out in the public	tasks carried out in the public	
interest by the Union institutions	interest by the Union institutions	interest by the Union institutions	
and bodies includes the processing	and bodies includes the processing	and bodies includes the processing	
of personal data necessary for the	of personal data necessary for the	of personal data necessary for the	
management and functioning of	management and functioning of	management and functioning of	
those institutions and bodies. The	those institutions and bodies. The	those institutions and bodies. The	
processing of personal data should	processing of personal data should	processing of personal data should	
also be regarded to be lawful where	also be regarded to be lawful where	also be regarded to be lawful where	
it is necessary to protect an interest	it is necessary to protect an interest	it is necessary to protect an interest	/
which is essential for the life of the	which is essential for the life of the	which is essential for the life of the	\bigvee

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
data subject or that of another	data subject or that of another	data subject or that of another	
natural person. Processing of	natural person. Processing of	natural person. Processing of	
personal data based on the vital	personal data based on the vital	personal data based on the vital	
interest of another natural person	interest of another natural person	interest of another natural person	
should in principle take place only	should in principle take place only	should in principle take place only	
where the processing cannot be	where the processing cannot be	where the processing cannot be	
manifestly based on another legal	manifestly based on another legal	manifestly based on another legal	
basis. Some types of processing	basis. Some types of processing	basis. Some types of processing	
may serve both important grounds	may serve both important grounds	may serve both important grounds	
of public interest and the vital	of public interest and the vital	of public interest and the vital	
interests of the data subject as for	interests of the data subject as for	interests of the data subject as for	
instance when processing is	instance when processing is	instance when processing is	
necessary for humanitarian	necessary for humanitarian	necessary for humanitarian	
purposes, including for monitoring	purposes, including for monitoring	purposes, including for monitoring	
epidemics and their spread or in	epidemics and their spread or in	epidemics and their spread or in	
situations of humanitarian	situations of humanitarian	situations of humanitarian	
emergencies, in particular in	emergencies, in particular in	emergencies, in particular in	
situations of natural and man-made	situations of natural and man-made	situations of natural and man-made	
disasters.	disasters.	disasters.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(18) The Union law including the internal rules referred to in this Regulation should be clear and precise and its application should be foreseeable to persons subject to it, in accordance with the case-law of the Court of Justice of the European Union and the European Court of Human Rights.	AM 7 (18) The Union law including the internal rules referred to in this Regulation should be clear and precise and its application should be foreseeable to persons subject to it, in accordance with the requirements case-law of the Court of Justice of the European Union set out in the Charter and and Court of the European Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms.	(18) The Union law including the internal rules referred to in this Regulation should be clear and precise and its application should be foreseeable to persons subject to it, in accordance with the requirements set out in the Charter and the European Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms. case-law of the Court of Justice of the European Union and the European Court of Human Rights.	Tentatively agreed similar texts: (18) The Union law referred to in this Regulation should be clear and precise and its application should be foreseeable to persons subject to it, in accordance with the requirements set out in the Charter and the European Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms.
		(18a) The internal rules referred to in this Regulation should be clear and precise acts of general application intended to produce legal effects vis-à-vis data subjects, adopted at the highest level of management of the Union institutions and bodies within their competencies and in matters relating to their operation and should be published in the Official Journal of the European Union. The application of these rules should be foreseeable to persons subject to them in accordance	Depends on outcome of discussions on "internal rules"



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		with the requirements set out in the Charter and the European Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Freedoms. Internal rules may take the form of decisions, in particular when adopted by Union institutions.	
(19) The processing of personal	(19) The processing of personal	(19) The processing of personal	
data for purposes other than those	data for purposes other than those	data for purposes other than those	
for which the personal data were	for which the personal data were	for which the personal data were	
initially collected should be allowed	initially collected should be allowed	initially collected should be allowed	
only where the processing is	only where the processing is	only where the processing is	
compatible with the purposes for	compatible with the purposes for	compatible with the purposes for	
which the personal data were	which the personal data were	which the personal data were	
initially collected. In such a case, no	initially collected. In such a case, no	initially collected. In such a case, no	
legal basis separate from that which	legal basis separate from that which	legal basis separate from that which	
allowed the collection of the	allowed the collection of the	allowed the collection of the	
personal data is required. If the	personal data is required. If the	personal data is required. If the	
processing is necessary for the	processing is necessary for the	processing is necessary for the	
performance of a task carried out in	performance of a task carried out in	performance of a task carried out in	
the public interest or in the exercise	the public interest or in the exercise	the public interest or in the exercise	
of official authority vested in the	of official authority vested in the	of official authority vested in the	
controller, Union law may	controller, Union law may	controller, Union law may	
determine and specify the tasks and	determine and specify the tasks and	determine and specify the tasks and	
purposes for which the further	purposes for which the further	purposes for which the further	
processing should be regarded as	processing should be regarded as	processing should be regarded as	
compatible and lawful. Further	compatible and lawful. Further	compatible and lawful. Further	
processing for archiving purposes in	processing for archiving purposes in	processing for archiving purposes in	
the public interest, scientific or	the public interest, scientific or	the public interest, scientific or	

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historical research purposes or	historical research purposes or	historical research purposes or	
statistical purposes should be	statistical purposes should be	statistical purposes should be	
considered to be compatible lawful	considered to be compatible lawful	considered to be compatible lawful	
processing operations. The legal	processing operations. The legal	processing operations. The legal	
basis provided by Union law for the	basis provided by Union law for the	basis provided by Union law for the	
processing of personal data may	processing of personal data may	processing of personal data may	
also provide a legal basis for further	also provide a legal basis for further	also provide a legal basis for further	
processing. In order to ascertain	processing. In order to ascertain	processing. In order to ascertain	
whether a purpose of further	whether a purpose of further	whether a purpose of further	
processing is compatible with the	processing is compatible with the	processing is compatible with the	
purpose for which the personal data	purpose for which the personal data	purpose for which the personal data	
are initially collected, the controller,	are initially collected, the controller,	are initially collected, the controller,	
after having met all the	after having met all the	after having met all the	
requirements for the lawfulness of	requirements for the lawfulness of	requirements for the lawfulness of	
the original processing, should take	the original processing, should take	the original processing, should take	
into account, inter alia: any link	into account, inter alia: any link	into account, inter alia: any link	
between those purposes and the	between those purposes and the	between those purposes and the	
purposes of the intended further	purposes of the intended further	purposes of the intended further	
processing; the context in which the	processing; the context in which the	processing; the context in which the	
personal data have been collected,	personal data have been collected,	personal data have been collected,	
in particular the reasonable	in particular the reasonable	in particular the reasonable	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
expectations of data subjects based	expectations of data subjects based	expectations of data subjects based	
on their relationship with the	on their relationship with the	on their relationship with the	
controller as to their further use; the	controller as to their further use; the	controller as to their further use; the	
nature of the personal data; the	nature of the personal data; the	nature of the personal data; the	
consequences of the intended	consequences of the intended	consequences of the intended	
further processing for data subjects;	further processing for data subjects;	further processing for data subjects;	
and the existence of appropriate	and the existence of appropriate	and the existence of appropriate	
safeguards in both the original and	safeguards in both the original and	safeguards in both the original and	
intended further processing	intended further processing	intended further processing	
operations.	operations.	operations.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(20) Where processing is based on	AM 8	(20) Where processing is based on	Tentative agreement Commission
the data subject's consent, the		the data subject's consent, the	text:
controller should be able to	(20) Where processing is based on	controller should be able to	
demonstrate that the data subject	the data subject's consent, the	demonstrate that the data subject	(20) Where processing is based
has given consent to the processing	controller should be able to	has given consent to the processing	on the data subject's consent, the
operation. In particular in the	demonstrate that the data subject	operation. In particular in the	controller should be able to
context of a written declaration on	has given consent to the processing	context of a written declaration on	demonstrate that the data subject
another matter, safeguards should	operation. In particular in the	another matter, safeguards should	has given consent to the
ensure that the data subject is aware	context of a written declaration on	ensure that the data subject is aware	processing operation. In particular
of the fact that and the extent to	another matter, safeguards should	of the fact that and the extent to	in the context of a written
which consent is given. In	ensure that the data subject is aware	which consent is given. In	declaration on another matter,
accordance with Council	of the fact that and the extent to	accordance with Council	safeguards should ensure that the
Directive $93/13/EEC^5$ a declaration	which consent is given. In	Directive 93/13/EEC ⁵ a declaration	data subject is aware of the fact
of consent pre-formulated by the	accordance with Council Directive	of consent pre-formulated by the	that and the extent to which
controller should be provided in an	$93/13/EEC^5$ a declaration of consent	controller should be provided in an	consent is given. In accordance
intelligible and easily accessible	pre-formulated by the controller	intelligible and easily accessible	with Council
form, using clear and plain language	should be provided in an intelligible	form, using clear and plain language	Directive 93/13/EEC ⁵ a
and it should not contain unfair	and easily accessible form, using	and it should not contain unfair	declaration of consent pre-
terms. For consent to be informed,	clear and plain language and it	terms. For consent to be informed,	formulated by the controller
the data subject should be aware at	should not contain unfair terms. For	the data subject should be aware at	should be provided in an
least of the identity of the controller	consent to be informed, the data	least of the identity of the controller	intelligible and easily accessible
and the purposes of the processing	subject should be aware at least of	and the purposes of the processing	form, using clear and plain
for which the personal data are	the identity of the controller and, the	for which the personal data are	language and it should not contain
intended. Consent should not be	purposes of the processing for	intended. Consent should not be	unfair terms. For consent to be
regarded as freely given if the data	which the personal data are intended	regarded as freely given if the data	informed, the data subject should
subject has no genuine or free	and the categories of recipients of	subject has no genuine or free	be aware at least of the identity of
choice or is unable to refuse or	the data, and be informed on the	choice or is unable to refuse or	the controller and the purposes of

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Council Directive 93/13/EEC of 5 April 1993 on unfair terms in consumer contracts (OJ J 95, 21.4.1993, p.29).

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
withdraw consent without detriment.	<i>right of access and of intervention</i> <i>in respect of the data</i> . Consent should not be regarded as freely given if the data subject has no genuine or free choice or is unable to refuse or withdraw consent without detriment.	withdraw consent without detriment.	the processing for which the personal data are intended. Consent should not be regarded as freely given if the data subject has no genuine or free choice or is unable to refuse or withdraw consent without detriment.
(21) Children merit specific protection with regard to their personal data, as they may be less aware of the risks, consequences and safeguards concerned and their rights in relation to the processing of personal data. Such specific protection should, in particular, apply to creating personality profiles and the collection of personal data with regard to children when using services offered directly to a child on websites of Union institutions and bodies, such as interpersonal communication services or online selling of tickets and when the processing of personal data is based on consent.	(21) Children merit specific protection with regard to their personal data, as they may be less aware of the risks, consequences and safeguards concerned and their rights in relation to the processing of personal data. Such specific protection should, in particular, apply to creating personality profiles and the collection of personal data with regard to children when using services offered directly to a child on websites of Union institutions and bodies, such as interpersonal communication services or online selling of tickets and when the processing of personal data is based on consent.	(21) Children merit specific protection with regard to their personal data, as they may be less aware of the risks, consequences and safeguards concerned and their rights in relation to the processing of personal data. Such specific protection should, in particular, apply to creating personality profiles and the collection of personal data with regard to children when using services offered directly to a child on websites of Union institutions and bodies, such as interpersonal communication services or online selling of tickets and when the processing of personal data is based on consent.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(22) When recipients established in the Union and subject to Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or Directive (EU) 2016/680, would like to have personal data transmitted to them by Union institutions and bodies, those recipients demonstrate that the transmission is necessary for the attainment of their objective, is proportionate and does not go beyond what is necessary to attain that objective. Union institutions and bodies should demonstrate such necessity when they themselves initiate the transmission, in compliance with the principle of transparency.	AM 9 (22) When recipients established in the Union and subject to Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or Directive (EU) 2016/680, would like to have personal data transmitted to them by Union institutions and bodies, those recipients demonstrate that the should provide the controller with a reasoned request for transmission which should serve as a basis for the controller to assess whether that transmission is necessary for the attainment of their objective, is proportionate and does not go beyond what is necessary to attain that objective. Union institutions and bodies should demonstrate such necessity when they themselves initiate the transmission, in compliance with the principle of transparency	(22) When recipients other than Union institutions and bodies established in the Union and subject to Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or Directive (EU) 2016/680, would like to have personal data transmitted to them by Union institutions and bodies, those recipients should demonstrate either that the data are necessary for the performance of their task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority vested in them, or that it is necessary to have the data transmitted that the transmission is necessary for the attainment of their objective, and that it is proportionate and does not go beyond what is necessary to attain that objective. Union institutions and bodies should demonstrate such necessity when they themselves initiate the transmission, in compliance with the principle of transparency. The requirements laid down in this Regulation for transmissions to recipients other than Union institutions and bodies established in the Union	Linked to Article 9(1) and Art 70a GA

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
		should be understood as supplementary to the conditions for lawful processing, such as an appropriate legal basis and compliance with the principles relating to the processing of personal data.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(23) Personal data which are, by their nature, particularly sensitive in	AM 10 (23) Personal data which are, by	(23) Personal data which are, by their nature, particularly sensitive in	Tentatively agreed EP text with CNS suggestion ("specific
relation to fundamental rights and freedoms merit specific protection as the context of their processing	their nature, particularly sensitive in relation to fundamental rights and	relation to fundamental rights and freedoms merit specific protection as the context of their processing	conditions")(23) Personal data which are, by
could create significant risks to the fundamental rights and freedoms.	freedoms merit specific protection as the context of their processing	could create significant risks to the fundamental rights and freedoms.	their nature, particularly sensitive in relation to fundamental rights
Those personal data should include personal data revealing racial or	could create significant risks to the fundamental rights and freedoms.	Those personal data should include personal data revealing racial or	and freedoms merit specific protection as the context of their
ethnic origin, whereby the use of the term 'racial origin' in this	Such personal data should not be processed unless processing is	ethnic origin, whereby the use of the term 'racial origin' in this	processing could create significant risks to the fundamental rights and
Regulation does not imply an acceptance by the Union of theories	allowed in specific cases set out in this Regulation. Those personal	Regulation does not imply an acceptance by the Union of theories	freedoms. Such personal data should not be processed unless
which attempt to determine the existence of separate human races.	data should include personal data revealing racial or ethnic origin,	which attempt to determine the existence of separate human races.	specific conditions set out in this Regulation are met. Those
The processing of photographs should not systematically be	whereby the use of the term 'racial origin' in this Regulation does not imply an acceptance by the Union	The processing of photographs should not systematically be	personal data should include personal data revealing racial or ethnic origin, whereby the use of
considered to be processing of special categories of personal data as they are covered by the definition	of theories which attempt to determine the existence of separate	considered to be processing of special categories of personal data as they are covered by the definition	the term 'racial origin' in this Regulation does not imply an
of biometric data only when processed through a specific	human races. The processing of photographs should not	of biometric data only when processed through a specific	acceptance by the Union of theories which attempt to
technical means allowing the unique identification or authentication of a	systematically be considered to be processing of special categories of	technical means allowing the unique identification or authentication of a	determine the existence of separate human races. The processing of
natural person. In addition to the specific requirements for processing	personal data as they are covered by the definition of biometric data only	natural person. In addition to the specific requirements for processing	photographs should not systematically be considered to be
of sensitive data, the general principles and other rules of this	when processed through a specific technical means allowing the unique	of sensitive data, the general principles and other rules of this	processing of special categories of personal data as they are covered
Regulation should apply, in particular as regards the conditions	identification or authentication of a natural person. In addition to the	Regulation should apply, in particular as regards the conditions	by the definition of biometric data only when processed through a



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
for lawful processing. Derogations from the general prohibition for processing such special categories of personal data should be explicitly provided, inter alia, where the data subject gives his or her explicit consent or in respect of specific needs in particular where the processing is carried out in the course of legitimate activities by certain associations or foundations the purpose of which is to permit the exercise of fundamental freedoms.	specific requirements for processing of sensitive data, the general principles and other rules of this Regulation should apply, in particular as regards the conditions for lawful processing. Derogations from the general prohibition for processing such special categories of personal data should be explicitly provided, inter alia, where the data subject gives his or her explicit consent or in respect of specific needs in particular where the processing is carried out in the course of legitimate activities by certain associations or foundations the purpose of which is to permit the exercise of fundamental freedoms.	for lawful processing. Derogations from the general prohibition for processing such special categories of personal data should be explicitly provided, inter alia, where the data subject gives his or her explicit consent or in respect of specific needs in particular where the processing is carried out in the course of legitimate activities by certain associations or foundations the purpose of which is to permit the exercise of fundamental freedoms.	specific technical means allowing the unique identification or authentication of a natural person. In addition to the specific requirements for processing of sensitive data, the general principles and other rules of this Regulation should apply, in particular as regards the conditions for lawful processing. Derogations from the general prohibition for processing such special categories of personal data should be explicitly provided, inter alia, where the data subject gives his or her explicit consent or in respect of specific needs in particular where the processing is carried out in the course of legitimate activities by certain associations or foundations the purpose of which is to permit the exercise of fundamental freedoms.
	AM 11 (23a) Special categories of personal data which merit higher protection should be processed for health-related purposes only where		Tentatively agreed EP text: (23a) Special categories of personal data which merit higher protection should be processed for health-related purposes only where



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	necessary to achieve those		necessary to achieve those
	purposes for the benefit of natural		purposes for the benefit of natural
	persons and society as a whole, in		persons and society as a whole, in
	particular in the context of the		particular in the context of the
	management of health or social		management of health or social
	care services and systems.		care services and systems.
	Therefore, this Regulation should		Therefore, this Regulation should
	provide for harmonised conditions		provide for harmonised conditions
	for the processing of special		for the processing of special
	categories of personal data		categories of personal data
	concerning health, in respect of		concerning health, in respect of
	specific needs, in particular where		specific needs, in particular where
	the processing of such data is		the processing of such data is
	carried out for certain health-		carried out for certain health-
	related purposes by persons subject		related purposes by persons
	to a legal obligation of professional		subject to a legal obligation of
	secrecy. Union law should provide		professional secrecy. Union law
	for specific and suitable measures		should provide for specific and
	so as to protect the fundamental		suitable measures so as to protect
	rights and the personal data of		the fundamental rights and the
	natural persons.		personal data of natural persons.



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(24) The processing of special categories of personal data may be necessary for reasons of public interest in the areas of public health without consent of the data subject. Such processing should be subject to suitable and specific measures so as to protect the rights and freedoms of natural persons. In that context, 'public health' should be interpreted as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1338/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁶ , namely all elements related to health, namely health status, including morbidity and disability, the determinants having an effect on that health status, health care needs, resources allocated to health care, the provision of, and universal access to, health care as well as health care expenditure and	AM 12 (24) The processing of special categories of personal data may be necessary for reasons of public interest in the areas of public health without consent of the data subject. Such processing should be subject to suitable and specific measures so as to protect the rights and freedoms of natural persons. In that context, 'public health' should be interpreted as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1338/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁶ , namely all elements related to health, namely health status, including morbidity and disability, the determinants having an effect on that health status, health care needs, resources allocated to health care, the provision of, and universal	(24) The processing of special categories of personal data may be necessary for reasons of public interest in the areas of public health without consent of the data subject. Such processing should be subject to suitable and specific measures so as to protect the rights and freedoms of natural persons. In that context, 'public health' should be interpreted as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1338/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁶ , namely all elements related to health, namely health status, including morbidity and disability, the determinants having an effect on that health status, health care needs, resources allocated to health care, the provision of, and universal access to, health care as well as health care expenditure and	Tentatively agreed EP text: (24) The processing of special categories of personal data may be necessary for reasons of public interest in the areas of public health without consent of the data subject. Such processing should be subject to suitable and specific measures so as to protect the rights and freedoms of natural persons. In that context, 'public health' should be interpreted as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1338/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁶ , namely all elements related to health, namely health status, including morbidity and disability, the determinants having an effect on that health status, health care needs, resources allocated to health care, the

⁶ Regulation (EC) No 1338/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on Community statistics on public health and health and safety at work (OJ L 354, 31.12.2008, p. 70).

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
financing, and the causes of mortality. Such processing of data concerning health for reasons of public interest should not result in personal data being processed for other purposes by third parties.	access to, health care as well as health care expenditure and financing, and the causes of mortality. Such processing of data concerning health for reasons of public interest should not result in personal data being processed for other purposes by third parties.	financing, and the causes of mortality. Such processing of data concerning health for reasons of public interest should not result in personal data being processed for other purposes by third parties.	provision of, and universal access to, health care as well as health care expenditure and financing, and the causes of mortality. Such processing of data concerning health for reasons of public interest should not result in personal data being processed for other purposes.



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(25) If the personal data processed	(25) If the personal data processed	(25) If the personal data processed	
by a controller do not permit the	by a controller do not permit the	by a controller do not permit the	
controller to identify a natural	controller to identify a natural	controller to identify a natural	
person, the data controller should	person, the data controller should	person, the data controller should	
not be obliged to acquire additional	not be obliged to acquire additional	not be obliged to acquire additional	
information in order to identify the	information in order to identify the	information in order to identify the	
data subject for the sole purpose of	data subject for the sole purpose of	data subject for the sole purpose of	
complying with any provision of	complying with any provision of	complying with any provision of	
this Regulation. However, the	this Regulation. However, the	this Regulation. However, the	
controller should not refuse to take	controller should not refuse to take	controller should not refuse to take	
additional information provided by	additional information provided by	additional information provided by	
the data subject in order to support	the data subject in order to support	the data subject in order to support	
the exercise of his or her rights.	the exercise of his or her rights.	the exercise of his or her rights.	
Identification should include the	Identification should include the	Identification should include the	
digital identification of a data	digital identification of a data	digital identification of a data	
subject, for example through	subject, for example through	subject, for example through	
authentication mechanism such as	authentication mechanism such as	authentication mechanism such as	
the same credentials, used by the	the same credentials, used by the	the same credentials, used by the	
data subject to log-in to the on-line	data subject to log-in to the on-line	data subject to log-in to the on-line	
service offered by the data	service offered by the data	service offered by the data	
controller.	controller.	controller.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(26) The processing of personal	(26) The processing of personal	(26) The processing of personal	
data for archiving purposes in the	data for archiving purposes in the	data for archiving purposes in the	
public interest, scientific or	public interest, scientific or	public interest, scientific or	
historical research purposes or	historical research purposes or	historical research purposes or	
statistical purposes should be	statistical purposes should be	statistical purposes should be	
subject to appropriate safeguards for	subject to appropriate safeguards for	subject to appropriate safeguards for	
the rights and freedoms of the data	the rights and freedoms of the data	the rights and freedoms of the data	
subject pursuant to this Regulation.	subject pursuant to this Regulation.	subject pursuant to this Regulation.	
Those safeguards should ensure that	Those safeguards should ensure that	Those safeguards should ensure that	
technical and organisational	technical and organisational	technical and organisational	
measures are in place in order to	measures are in place in order to	measures are in place in order to	
ensure, in particular, the principle of	ensure, in particular, the principle of	ensure, in particular, the principle of	
data minimisation. The further	data minimisation. The further	data minimisation. The further	
processing of personal data for	processing of personal data for	processing of personal data for	
archiving purposes in the public	archiving purposes in the public	archiving purposes in the public	
interest, scientific or historical	interest, scientific or historical	interest, scientific or historical	
research purposes or statistical	research purposes or statistical	research purposes or statistical	
purposes is to be carried out when	purposes is to be carried out when	purposes is to be carried out when	
the controller has assessed the	the controller has assessed the	the controller has assessed the	
feasibility to fulfil those purposes	feasibility to fulfil those purposes	feasibility to fulfil those purposes	
by processing data which do not	by processing data which do not	by processing data which do not	
permit or no longer permit the	permit or no longer permit the	permit or no longer permit the	
identification of data subjects,	identification of data subjects,	identification of data subjects,	
provided that appropriate safeguards	provided that appropriate safeguards	provided that appropriate safeguards	
exist (such as, for instance,	exist (such as, for instance,	exist (such as, for instance,	
pseudonymisation of the data).	pseudonymisation of the data).	pseudonymisation of the data).	
Union institutions and bodies	Union institutions and bodies	Union institutions and bodies	
should provide for appropriate	should provide for appropriate	should provide for appropriate	
safeguards for the processing of	safeguards for the processing of	safeguards for the processing of	
personal data for archiving purposes	personal data for archiving purposes	personal data for archiving purposes	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
in the public interest, scientific or historical research purposes or statistical purposes in Union law, which may include internal rules.	in the public interest, scientific or historical research purposes or statistical purposes in Union law , which may include internal rules.	in the public interest, scientific or historical research purposes or statistical purposes in Union law, which may include internal rules adopted by Union institutions and bodies in matters relating to their operation.	
(27) Modalities should be provided for facilitating the exercise of the data subject's rights under this Regulation, including mechanisms to request and, if applicable, obtain, free of charge, in particular, access to and rectification or erasure of personal data and the exercise of the right to object. The controller should also provide means for requests to be made electronically, especially where personal data are processed by electronic means. The controller should be obliged to respond to requests from the data subject without undue delay and at the latest within one month and to give reasons where the controller does not intend to comply with any such requests.	(27) Modalities should be provided for facilitating the exercise of the data subject's rights under this Regulation, including mechanisms to request and, if applicable, obtain, free of charge, in particular, access to and rectification or erasure of personal data and the exercise of the right to object. The controller should also provide means for requests to be made electronically, especially where personal data are processed by electronic means. The controller should be obliged to respond to requests from the data subject without undue delay and at the latest within one month and to give reasons where the controller does not intend to comply with any such requests.	(27) Modalities should be provided for facilitating the exercise of the data subject's rights under this Regulation, including mechanisms to request and, if applicable, obtain, free of charge, in particular, access to and rectification or erasure of personal data and the exercise of the right to object. The controller should also provide means for requests to be made electronically, especially where personal data are processed by electronic means. The controller should be obliged to respond to requests from the data subject without undue delay and at the latest within one month and to give reasons where the controller does not intend to comply with any such requests.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(28) The principles of fair and	(28) The principles of fair and	(28) The principles of fair and	
transparent processing require that the	transparent processing require that the	transparent processing require that the	
data subject be informed of the	data subject be informed of the	data subject be informed of the	
existence of the processing operation	existence of the processing operation	existence of the processing operation	
and its purposes. The controller	and its purposes. The controller	and its purposes. The controller	
should provide the data subject with	should provide the data subject with	should provide the data subject with	
any further information necessary to	any further information necessary to	any further information necessary to	
ensure fair and transparent processing	ensure fair and transparent processing	ensure fair and transparent processing	
taking into account the specific	taking into account the specific	taking into account the specific	
circumstances and context in which	circumstances and context in which	circumstances and context in which	
the personal data are processed.	the personal data are processed.	the personal data are processed.	
Furthermore, the data subject should	Furthermore, the data subject should	Furthermore, the data subject should	
be informed of the existence of	be informed of the existence of	be informed of the existence of	
profiling and the consequences of	profiling and the consequences of	profiling and the consequences of	
such profiling. Where the personal	such profiling. Where the personal	such profiling. Where the personal	
data are collected from the data	data are collected from the data	data are collected from the data	
subject, the data subject should also	subject, the data subject should also	subject, the data subject should also	
be informed whether he or she is	be informed whether he or she is	be informed whether he or she is	
obliged to provide the personal data	obliged to provide the personal data	obliged to provide the personal data	
and of the consequences, where he or	and of the consequences, where he or	and of the consequences, where he or	
she does not provide such data. That	she does not provide such data. That	she does not provide such data. That	
information may be provided in	information may be provided in	information may be provided in	
combination with standardised icons	combination with standardised icons	combination with standardised icons	
in order to give in an easily visible,	in order to give in an easily visible,	in order to give in an easily visible,	
intelligible and clearly legible	intelligible and clearly legible	intelligible and clearly legible	
manner, a meaningful overview of the	manner, a meaningful overview of the	manner, a meaningful overview of the	
intended processing. Where the icons	intended processing. Where the icons	intended processing. Where the icons	
are presented electronically, they	are presented electronically, they	are presented electronically, they	
should be machine-readable.	should be machine-readable.	should be machine-readable.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(29) The information in relation to	(29) The information in relation to	(29) The information in relation to	
the processing of personal data	the processing of personal data	the processing of personal data	
relating to the data subject should	relating to the data subject should	relating to the data subject should	
be given to him or her at the time of	be given to him or her at the time of	be given to him or her at the time of	
collection from the data subject, or,	collection from the data subject, or,	collection from the data subject, or,	
where the personal data are obtained	where the personal data are obtained	where the personal data are obtained	
from another source, within a	from another source, within a	from another source, within a	
reasonable period, depending on the	reasonable period, depending on the	reasonable period, depending on the	
circumstances of the case. Where	circumstances of the case. Where	circumstances of the case. Where	
personal data can be legitimately	personal data can be legitimately	personal data can be legitimately	
disclosed to another recipient, the	disclosed to another recipient, the	disclosed to another recipient, the	
data subject should be informed	data subject should be informed	data subject should be informed	
when the personal data are first	when the personal data are first	when the personal data are first	
disclosed to the recipient.	disclosed to the recipient.	disclosed to the recipient.	
Where the controller intends to	Where the controller intends to	Where the controller intends to	
process the personal data for a	process the personal data for a	process the personal data for a	
purpose other than that for which	purpose other than that for which	purpose other than that for which	
they were collected, the controller	they were collected, the controller	they were collected, the controller	
should provide the data subject prior	should provide the data subject prior	should provide the data subject prior	
to that further processing with	to that further processing with	to that further processing with	
information on that other purpose	information on that other purpose	information on that other purpose	
and other necessary information.	and other necessary information.	and other necessary information.	
Where the origin of the personal	Where the origin of the personal	Where the origin of the personal	
data cannot be provided to the data	data cannot be provided to the data	data cannot be provided to the data	
subject because various sources	subject because various sources	subject because various sources	
have been used, general information	have been used, general information	have been used, general information	
should be provided.	should be provided.	should be provided.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(30) A data subject should have the right of access to personal data which have been collected concerning him or her, and to exercise that right easily and at reasonable intervals, in order to be aware of, and verify, the lawfulness of the processing. This includes the right for data subjects to have access to data concerning their health, for example the data in their medical records containing information such as diagnoses, examination results, assessments by treating physicians and any treatment or interventions provided. Every data subject should therefore have the right to know and obtain communication in particular with regard to the purposes for which the personal data are processed, where possible the period for which the personal data processing and, at least when based on profiling, the consequences of such processing.	(30) A data subject should have the right of access to personal data which have been collected concerning him or her, and to exercise that right easily and at reasonable intervals, in order to be aware of, and verify, the lawfulness of the processing. This includes the right for data subjects to have access to data concerning their health, for example the data in their medical records containing information such as diagnoses, examination results, assessments by treating physicians and any treatment or interventions provided. Every data subject should therefore have the right to know and obtain communication in particular with regard to the purposes for which the personal data are processed, where possible the period for which the personal data are processed, the recipients of the personal data, the logic involved in any automatic personal data processing and, at least when based on profiling, the consequences of such processing.	(30) A data subject should have the right of access to personal data which have been collected concerning him or her, and to exercise that right easily and at reasonable intervals, in order to be aware of, and verify, the lawfulness of the processing. This includes the right for data subjects to have access to data concerning their health, for example the data in their medical records containing information such as diagnoses, examination results, assessments by treating physicians and any treatment or interventions provided. Every data subject should therefore have the right to know and obtain communication in particular with regard to the purposes for which the personal data are processed, where possible the period for which the personal data are processed, the recipients of the personal data, the logic involved in any automatic personal data processing and, at least when based on profiling, the consequences of such processing.	
That right should not adversely affect the rights or freedoms of	That right should not adversely affect the rights or freedoms of	That right should not adversely affect the rights or freedoms of	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
others, including trade secrets or	others, including trade secrets or	others, including trade secrets or	
intellectual property and in	intellectual property and in	intellectual property and in	
particular the copyright protecting	particular the copyright protecting	particular the copyright protecting	
the software. However, the result of	the software. However, the result of	the software. However, the result of	
those considerations should not be a	those considerations should not be a	those considerations should not be a	
refusal to provide all information to	refusal to provide all information to	refusal to provide all information to	
the data subject. Where the	the data subject. Where the	the data subject. Where the	
controller processes a large quantity	controller processes a large quantity	controller processes a large quantity	
of information concerning the data	of information concerning the data	of information concerning the data	
subject, the controller should be	subject, the controller should be	subject, the controller should be	
able to request that, before the	able to request that, before the	able to request that, before the	
information is delivered, the data	information is delivered, the data	information is delivered, the data	
subject specify the information or	subject specify the information or	subject specify the information or	
processing activities to which the	processing activities to which the	processing activities to which the	
request relates.	request relates.	request relates.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
child. However, the further	child. However, the further	child. However, the further	
retention of the personal data should	retention of the personal data should	retention of the personal data should	
be lawful where it is necessary, for	be lawful where it is necessary, for	be lawful where it is necessary, for	
exercising the right of freedom of	exercising the right of freedom of	exercising the right of freedom of	
expression and information, for	expression and information, for	expression and information, for	
compliance with a legal obligation,	compliance with a legal obligation,	compliance with a legal obligation,	
for the performance of a task carried	for the performance of a task carried	for the performance of a task carried	
out in the public interest or in the	out in the public interest or in the	out in the public interest or in the	
exercise of official authority vested	exercise of official authority vested	exercise of official authority vested	
in the controller, on the grounds of	in the controller, on the grounds of	in the controller, on the grounds of	
public interest in the area of public	public interest in the area of public	public interest in the area of public	
health, for archiving purposes in the	health, for archiving purposes in the	health, for archiving purposes in the	
public interest, scientific or	public interest, scientific or	public interest, scientific or	
historical research purposes or	historical research purposes or	historical research purposes or	
statistical purposes, or for the	statistical purposes, or for the	statistical purposes, or for the	
establishment, exercise or defence	establishment, exercise or defence	establishment, exercise or defence	
of legal claims.	of legal claims.	of legal claims.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(32) To strengthen the right to be	(32) To strengthen the right to be	(32) To strengthen the right to be	
forgotten in the online environment,	forgotten in the online environment,	forgotten in the online environment,	
the right to erasure should also be	the right to erasure should also be	the right to erasure should also be	
extended in such a way that a	extended in such a way that a	extended in such a way that a	
controller who has made the	controller who has made the	controller who has made the	
personal data public should be	personal data public should be	personal data public should be	
obliged to inform the controllers	obliged to inform the controllers	obliged to inform the controllers	
which are processing such personal	which are processing such personal	which are processing such personal	
data to erase any links to, or copies	data to erase any links to, or copies	data to erase any links to, or copies	
or replications of those personal	or replications of those personal	or replications of those personal	
data. In doing so, that controller	data. In doing so, that controller	data. In doing so, that controller	
should take reasonable steps, taking	should take reasonable steps, taking	should take reasonable steps, taking	
into account available technology	into account available technology	into account available technology	
and the means available to the	and the means available to the	and the means available to the	
controller, including technical	controller, including technical	controller, including technical	
measures, to inform the controllers	measures, to inform the controllers	measures, to inform the controllers	
which are processing the personal	which are processing the personal	which are processing the personal	
data of the data subject's request.	data of the data subject's request.	data of the data subject's request.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(33) Methods by which to restrict	(33) Methods by which to restrict	(33) Methods by which to restrict	
the processing of personal data	the processing of personal data	the processing of personal data	
could include, inter alia, temporarily	could include, inter alia, temporarily	could include, inter alia, temporarily	
moving the selected data to another	moving the selected data to another	moving the selected data to another	
processing system, making the	processing system, making the	processing system, making the	
selected personal data unavailable	selected personal data unavailable	selected personal data unavailable	
to users, or temporarily removing	to users, or temporarily removing	to users, or temporarily removing	
published data from a website. In	published data from a website. In	published data from a website. In	
automated filing systems, the	automated filing systems, the	automated filing systems, the	
restriction of processing should in	restriction of processing should in	restriction of processing should in	
principle be ensured by technical	principle be ensured by technical	principle be ensured by technical	
means in such a manner that the	means in such a manner that the	means in such a manner that the	
personal data are not subject to	personal data are not subject to	personal data are not subject to	
further processing operations and	further processing operations and	further processing operations and	
cannot be changed. The fact that the	cannot be changed. The fact that the	cannot be changed. The fact that the	
processing of personal data is	processing of personal data is	processing of personal data is	
restricted should be clearly	restricted should be clearly	restricted should be clearly	
indicated in the system.	indicated in the system.	indicated in the system.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(34) To further strengthen the control over his or her own data, where the processing of personal data is carried out by automated means, the data subject should also be allowed to receive personal data concerning him or her which he or she has provided to a controller in a structured, commonly used, machine-readable and interoperable format, and to transmit it to another controller. Data controllers should be encouraged to develop interoperable formats that enable data portability. That right should apply where the data subject provided the personal data on the basis of his or her consent or the processing is necessary for the performance of a contract. It should therefore not apply where the processing of the personal data is necessary for compliance with a legal obligation to which the controller is subject or for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of an official authority vested in the controller. The data subject's right	(34) To further strengthen the control over his or her own data, where the processing of personal data is carried out by automated means, the data subject should also be allowed to receive personal data concerning him or her which he or she has provided to a controller in a structured, commonly used, machine-readable and interoperable format, and to transmit it to another controller. Data controllers should be encouraged to develop interoperable formats that enable data portability. That right should apply where the data subject provided the personal data on the basis of his or her consent or the processing is necessary for the performance of a contract. It should therefore not apply where the processing of the personal data is necessary for compliance with a legal obligation to which the controller is subject or for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of an official authority vested in the controller. The data subject's right to transmit or receive personal data	(34) To further strengthen the control over his or her own data, where the processing of personal data is carried out by automated means, the data subject should also be allowed to receive personal data concerning him or her which he or she has provided to a controller in a structured, commonly used, machine-readable and interoperable format, and to transmit it to another controller. Data controllers should be encouraged to develop interoperable formats that enable data portability. That right should apply where the data subject provided the personal data on the basis of his or her consent or the processing is necessary for the performance of a contract. It should therefore not apply where the processing of the personal data is necessary for compliance with a legal obligation to which the controller is subject or for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of an official authority vested in the controller. The data subject's right to transmit or receive personal data	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
concerning him or her should not	concerning him or her should not	concerning him or her should not	/
create an obligation for the	create an obligation for the	create an obligation for the	
controllers to adopt or maintain	controllers to adopt or maintain	controllers to adopt or maintain	
processing systems which are	processing systems which are	processing systems which are	
technically compatible. Where, in a	technically compatible. Where, in a	technically compatible. Where, in a	
certain set of personal data, more	certain set of personal data, more	certain set of personal data, more	
than one data subject is concerned,	than one data subject is concerned,	than one data subject is concerned,	
the right to receive the personal data	the right to receive the personal data	the right to receive the personal data	
should be without prejudice to the	should be without prejudice to the	should be without prejudice to the	
rights and freedoms of other data	rights and freedoms of other data	rights and freedoms of other data	
subjects in accordance with this	subjects in accordance with this	subjects in accordance with this	
Regulation. Furthermore, that right	Regulation. Furthermore, that right	Regulation. Furthermore, that right	
should not prejudice the right of the	should not prejudice the right of the	should not prejudice the right of the	
data subject to obtain the erasure of	data subject to obtain the erasure of	data subject to obtain the erasure of	
personal data and the limitations of	personal data and the limitations of	personal data and the limitations of	
that right as set out in this	that right as set out in this	that right as set out in this	
Regulation and should, in particular,	Regulation and should, in particular,	Regulation and should, in particular,	
not imply the erasure of personal	not imply the erasure of personal	not imply the erasure of personal	
data concerning the data subject	data concerning the data subject	data concerning the data subject	
which have been provided by him	which have been provided by him	which have been provided by him	
or her for the performance of a	or her for the performance of a	or her for the performance of a	
contract to the extent that and for as	contract to the extent that and for as	contract to the extent that and for as	
long as the personal data are	long as the personal data are	long as the personal data are	
necessary for the performance of	necessary for the performance of	necessary for the performance of	
that contract. Where technically	that contract. Where technically	that contract. Where technically	
feasible, the data subject should	feasible, the data subject should	feasible, the data subject should	
have the right to have the personal	have the right to have the personal	have the right to have the personal	
data transmitted directly from one	data transmitted directly from one	data transmitted directly from one	
controller to another.	controller to another.	controller to another.	



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(35) Where personal data might	(35) Where personal data might	(35) Where personal data might	
lawfully be processed because	lawfully be processed because	lawfully be processed because	
processing is necessary for the	processing is necessary for the	processing is necessary for the	
performance of a task carried out in	performance of a task carried out in	performance of a task carried out in	
the public interest or in the exercise	the public interest or in the exercise	the public interest or in the exercise	
of official authority vested in the	of official authority vested in the	of official authority vested in the	
controller, a data subject should,	controller, a data subject should,	controller, a data subject should,	
nevertheless, be entitled to object to	nevertheless, be entitled to object to	nevertheless, be entitled to object to	
the processing of any personal data	the processing of any personal data	the processing of any personal data	
relating to his or her particular	relating to his or her particular	relating to his or her particular	
situation. It should be for the	situation. It should be for the	situation. It should be for the	
controller to demonstrate that its	controller to demonstrate that its	controller to demonstrate that its	
compelling legitimate interest	compelling legitimate interest	compelling legitimate interest	
overrides the interests or the	overrides the interests or the	overrides the interests or the	
fundamental rights and freedoms of	fundamental rights and freedoms of	fundamental rights and freedoms of	
the data subject.	the data subject.	the data subject.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(36) The data subject should have	(36) The data subject should have	(36) The data subject should have	
the right not to be subject to a	the right not to be subject to a	the right not to be subject to a	
decision, which may include a	decision, which may include a	decision, which may include a	
measure, evaluating personal	measure, evaluating personal	measure, evaluating personal	
aspects relating to him or her which	aspects relating to him or her which	aspects relating to him or her which	
is based solely on automated	is based solely on automated	is based solely on automated	
processing and which produces	processing and which produces	processing and which produces	
legal effects concerning him or her	legal effects concerning him or her	legal effects concerning him or her	
or similarly significantly affects him	or similarly significantly affects him	or similarly significantly affects him	
or her, such as e-recruiting practices	or her, such as e-recruiting practices	or her, such as e-recruiting practices	
without any human intervention.	without any human intervention.	without any human intervention.	
Such processing includes 'profiling'	Such processing includes 'profiling'	Such processing includes 'profiling'	
that consists of any form of	that consists of any form of	that consists of any form of	
automated processing of personal	automated processing of personal	automated processing of personal	
data evaluating the personal aspects	data evaluating the personal aspects	data evaluating the personal aspects	
relating to a natural person, in	relating to a natural person, in	relating to a natural person, in	
particular to analyse or predict	particular to analyse or predict	particular to analyse or predict	
aspects concerning the data subject's	aspects concerning the data subject's	aspects concerning the data subject's	
performance at work, economic	performance at work, economic	performance at work, economic	
situation, health, personal	situation, health, personal	situation, health, personal	
preferences or interests, reliability	preferences or interests, reliability	preferences or interests, reliability	
or behaviour, location or	or behaviour, location or	or behaviour, location or	
movements, where it produces legal	movements, where it produces legal	movements, where it produces legal	
effects concerning him or her or	effects concerning him or her or	effects concerning him or her or	

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similarly significantly affects him or	similarly significantly affects him or	similarly significantly affects him or	
her. However, decision-making	her. However, decision-making	her. However, decision-making	
based on such processing, including	based on such processing, including	based on such processing, including	
profiling, should be allowed where	profiling, should be allowed where	profiling, should be allowed where	
expressly authorised by Union law.	expressly authorised by Union law.	expressly authorised by Union law.	
In any case, such processing should	In any case, such processing should	In any case, such processing should	
be subject to suitable safeguards,	be subject to suitable safeguards,	be subject to suitable safeguards,	
which should include specific	which should include specific	which should include specific	
information to the data subject and	information to the data subject and	information to the data subject and	
the right to obtain human	the right to obtain human	the right to obtain human	
intervention, to express his or her	intervention, to express his or her	intervention, to express his or her	
point of view, to obtain an	point of view, to obtain an	point of view, to obtain an	
explanation of the decision reached	explanation of the decision reached	explanation of the decision reached	
after such assessment and to	after such assessment and to	after such assessment and to	
challenge the decision. Such	challenge the decision. Such	challenge the decision. Such	
measure should not concern a child.	measure should not concern a child.	measure should not concern a child.	
In order to ensure fair and	In order to ensure fair and	In order to ensure fair and	
transparent processing in respect of	transparent processing in respect of	transparent processing in respect of	
the data subject, taking into account	the data subject, taking into account	the data subject, taking into account	
the specific circumstances and	the specific circumstances and	the specific circumstances and	
context in which the personal data	context in which the personal data	context in which the personal data	
are processed, the controller should	are processed, the controller should	are processed, the controller should	
use appropriate mathematical or	use appropriate mathematical or	use appropriate mathematical or	
statistical procedures for the	statistical procedures for the	statistical procedures for the	
profiling, implement technical and	profiling, implement technical and	profiling, implement technical and	
organisational measures appropriate	organisational measures appropriate	organisational measures appropriate	
to ensure, in particular, that factors	to ensure, in particular, that factors	to ensure, in particular, that factors	
which result in inaccuracies in	which result in inaccuracies in	which result in inaccuracies in	
personal data are corrected and the risk of errors is minimised, secure	personal data are corrected and the risk of errors is minimised, secure	personal data are corrected and the risk of errors is minimised, secure	

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personal data in a manner that takes	personal data in a manner that takes	personal data in a manner that takes	
account of the potential risks	account of the potential risks	account of the potential risks	
involved for the interests and rights	involved for the interests and rights	involved for the interests and rights	
of the data subject and that prevents,	of the data subject and that prevents,	of the data subject and that prevents,	
inter alia, discriminatory effects on	inter alia, discriminatory effects on	inter alia, discriminatory effects on	
natural persons on the basis of racial	natural persons on the basis of racial	natural persons on the basis of racial	
or ethnic origin, political opinion,	or ethnic origin, political opinion,	or ethnic origin, political opinion,	
religion or beliefs, trade union	religion or beliefs, trade union	religion or beliefs, trade union	
membership, genetic or health status	membership, genetic or health status	membership, genetic or health status	
or sexual orientation, or that result	or sexual orientation, or that result	or sexual orientation, or that result	
in measures having such an effect.	in measures having such an effect.	in measures having such an effect.	
Automated decision-making and	Automated decision-making and	Automated decision-making and	
profiling based on special categories	profiling based on special categories	profiling based on special categories	
of personal data should be allowed	of personal data should be allowed	of personal data should be allowed	
only under specific conditions.	only under specific conditions.	only under specific conditions.	

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(37) Legal acts adopted on the	AM 13	(37) Legal acts adopted on the	
basis of the Treaties or internal rules	(37) Legal acts adopted on the basis	basis of the Treaties or internal rules	
of Union institutions and bodies	of the Treaties or internal rules of	of adopted by Union institutions	
may impose restrictions concerning	Union institutions and bodies may	and bodies in matters relating to	
specific principles and the rights of	impose restrictions concerning	their operation may impose	
information, access to and	specific principles and the rights of	restrictions concerning specific	
rectification or erasure of personal	information, access to and	principles and the rights of	
data, the right to data portability,	rectification or erasure of personal	information, access to and	
confidentiality of electronic	data, the right to data portability,	rectification or erasure of personal	
communications as well as the	confidentiality of electronic	data, the right to data portability,	
communication of a personal data	communications as well as the	confidentiality of electronic	
breach to a data subject and certain	communication of a personal data	communications data as well as the	
related obligations of the	breach to a data subject and certain	communication of a personal data	
controllers, as far as necessary and	related obligations of the controllers,	breach to a data subject and certain	
proportionate in a democratic	as far as necessary and proportionate	related obligations of the	
society to safeguard public security,	in a democratic society to safeguard	controllers, as far as necessary and	
the prevention, investigation and	public security, the prevention,	proportionate in a democratic	
prosecution of criminal offences or	investigation and prosecution of	society to safeguard public security,	
the execution of criminal penalties,	criminal offences or the execution of	the prevention, investigation and	
including the safeguarding against	criminal penalties, including the	prosecution of criminal offences or	
and the prevention of threats to	safeguarding against and the	the execution of criminal penalties,	
public security, including the	prevention of threats to public	including the safeguarding against	
protection of human life especially	security, including the protection of	and the prevention of threats to	
in response to natural or manmade	human life especially in response to	public security, including the	
disasters, internal security of Union	natural or manmade disasters, internal	protection of human life especially	
institutions and bodies, other	security of Union institutions and	in response to natural or manmade	
important objectives of general	bodies, other important objectives of	disasters, internal security of Union	
public interest of the Union or of a	general public interest of the Union	institutions and bodies, other	
Member State, in particular an	or of a Member State, in particular	important objectives of general	
important economic or financial	an important economic or financial	public interest of the Union or of a	

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interest of the Union or of a Member State, the keeping of public registers kept for reasons of general public interest or the protection of the data subject or the rights and freedoms of others, including social protection, public health and humanitarian purposes.	interest of the Union or of a Member State, the keeping of public registers kept for reasons of general public interest or the protection of the data subject or the rights and freedoms of others, including social protection, public health and humanitarian purposes.	Member State, in particular the objectives of the Common Foreign and Security Policy of the Union or an important economic or financial interest of the Union or of a Member State, the keeping of public registers kept for reasons of general public interest or the protection of the data subject or the rights and freedoms of others, including social protection, public health and humanitarian purposes.	
Where a restriction is not provided for in legal acts adopted on the basis of the Treaties or their internal rules, Union institutions and bodies may in a specific case impose an ad hoc restriction concerning specific principles and the rights of data subject if such a restriction respects the essence of the fundamental rights and freedoms and, in relation to a specific processing operation, is necessary and proportionate in a democratic society to safeguard one or more of the objectives mentioned in paragraph 1. The restriction should be notified to the data protection officer. All restrictions	AM 14 Where a restriction is not provided for in legal acts adopted on the basis of the Treaties or their internal rules, Union institutions and bodies may in a specific case impose an ad hoc restriction concerning specific principles and the rights of data subject if such a restriction respects the essence of the fundamental rights and freedoms and, in relation to a specific processing operation, is necessary and proportionate in a democratic society to safeguard one or more of the objectives mentioned in paragraph 1. The restriction	Where a restriction is not provided for in legal acts adopted on the basis of the Treaties or their internal rules, Union institutions and bodies may in a specific case impose an ad hoc restriction concerning specific principles and the rights of data subject if such a restriction respects the essence of the fundamental rights and freedoms and, in relation to a specific processing operation, is necessary and proportionate in a democratic society to safeguard one or more of the objectives mentioned in paragraph 1. The	



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should be in accordance with the	should be notified to the data	restriction should be notified to	
requirements set out in the Charter	protection officer. All restrictions	the data protection officer. All	
and in the European Convention for	should be in accordance with the	restrictions should be in	
the Protection of Human Rights and	requirements set out in the Charter	accordance with the requirements	
Fundamental Freedoms.	and in the European Convention for	set out in the Charter and in the	
	the Protection of Human Rights and	European Convention for the	
	Fundamental Freedoms.	Protection of Human Rights and	
		Fundamental Freedoms.	



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(38) The responsibility and	(38) The responsibility and	(38) The responsibility and	
liability of the controller for any	liability of the controller for any	liability of the controller for any	
processing of personal data carried	processing of personal data carried	processing of personal data carried	
out by the controller or on the	out by the controller or on the	out by the controller or on the	
controller's behalf should be	controller's behalf should be	controller's behalf should be	
established. In particular, the	established. In particular, the	established. In particular, the	
controller should be obliged to	controller should be obliged to	controller should be obliged to	
implement appropriate and effective	implement appropriate and effective	implement appropriate and effective	
measures and be able to	measures and be able to	measures and be able to	
demonstrate the compliance of	demonstrate the compliance of	demonstrate the compliance of	
processing activities with this	processing activities with this	processing activities with this	
Regulation, including the	Regulation, including the	Regulation, including the	
effectiveness of the measures.	effectiveness of the measures.	effectiveness of the measures.	
Those measures should take into	Those measures should take into	Those measures should take into	
account the nature, scope, context	account the nature, scope, context	account the nature, scope, context	
and purposes of the processing and	and purposes of the processing and	and purposes of the processing and	
the risk to the rights and freedoms	the risk to the rights and freedoms	the risk to the rights and freedoms	
of natural persons. The risk to the	of natural persons. The risk to the	of natural persons. The risk to the	
rights and freedoms of natural	rights and freedoms of natural	rights and freedoms of natural	
persons, of varying likelihood and	persons, of varying likelihood and	persons, of varying likelihood and	
severity, may result from personal	severity, may result from personal	severity, may result from personal	
data processing which could lead to	data processing which could lead to	data processing which could lead to	
physical, material or non-material	physical, material or non-material	physical, material or non-material	
damage, in particular: where the	damage, in particular: where the	damage, in particular: where the	
processing may give rise to	processing may give rise to	processing may give rise to	
discrimination, identity theft or	discrimination, identity theft or	discrimination, identity theft or	
fraud, financial loss, damage to the	fraud, financial loss, damage to the	fraud, financial loss, damage to the	
reputation, loss of confidentiality of	reputation, loss of confidentiality of	reputation, loss of confidentiality of	
personal data protected by	personal data protected by	personal data protected by	
professional secrecy, unauthorised	professional secrecy, unauthorised	professional secrecy, unauthorised	\bigvee

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reversal of pseudonymisation, or	reversal of pseudonymisation, or	reversal of pseudonymisation, or	/
any other significant economic or	any other significant economic or	any other significant economic or	/
social disadvantage; where data	social disadvantage; where data	social disadvantage; where data	
subjects might be deprived of their	subjects might be deprived of their	subjects might be deprived of their	
rights and freedoms or prevented	rights and freedoms or prevented	rights and freedoms or prevented	
from exercising control over their	from exercising control over their	from exercising control over their	
personal data; where personal data	personal data; where personal data	personal data; where personal data	
are processed which reveal racial or	are processed which reveal racial or	are processed which reveal racial or	
ethnic origin, political opinions,	ethnic origin, political opinions,	ethnic origin, political opinions,	
religion or philosophical beliefs,	religion or philosophical beliefs,	religion or philosophical beliefs,	
trade union membership, and the	trade union membership, and the	trade union membership, and the	
processing of genetic data, data	processing of genetic data, data	processing of genetic data, data	
concerning health or data	concerning health or data	concerning health or data	
concerning sex life or criminal	concerning sex life or criminal	concerning sex life or criminal	
convictions and offences or related	convictions and offences or related	convictions and offences or related	
security measures; where personal	security measures; where personal	security measures; where personal	
aspects are evaluated, in particular	aspects are evaluated, in particular	aspects are evaluated, in particular	
analysing or predicting aspects	analysing or predicting aspects	analysing or predicting aspects	
concerning performance at work,	concerning performance at work,	concerning performance at work,	
economic situation, health, personal	economic situation, health, personal	economic situation, health, personal	
preferences or interests, reliability	preferences or interests, reliability	preferences or interests, reliability	
or behaviour, location or	or behaviour, location or	or behaviour, location or	
movements, in order to create or use	movements, in order to create or use	movements, in order to create or use	
personal profiles; where personal	personal profiles; where personal	personal profiles; where personal	
data of vulnerable natural persons,	data of vulnerable natural persons,	data of vulnerable natural persons,	
in particular of children, are	in particular of children, are	in particular of children, are	
processed; or where processing	processed; or where processing	processed; or where processing	
involves a large amount of personal	involves a large amount of personal	involves a large amount of personal	
data and affects a large number of	data and affects a large number of	data and affects a large number of	
data subjects. The likelihood and	data subjects. The likelihood and	data subjects. The likelihood and	



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severity of the risk to the rights and freedoms of the data subject should be determined by reference to the nature, scope, context and purposes of the processing. Risk should be evaluated on the basis of an objective assessment, by which it is established whether data processing operations involve a risk or a high risk.	severity of the risk to the rights and freedoms of the data subject should be determined by reference to the nature, scope, context and purposes of the processing. Risk should be evaluated on the basis of an objective assessment, by which it is established whether data processing operations involve a risk or a high risk.	severity of the risk to the rights and freedoms of the data subject should be determined by reference to the nature, scope, context and purposes of the processing. Risk should be evaluated on the basis of an objective assessment, by which it is established whether data processing operations involve a risk or a high risk.	
(39) The protection of the rights and freedoms of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data require that appropriate technical and organisational measures be taken to ensure that the requirements of this Regulation are met. In order to be able to demonstrate compliance with this Regulation, the controller should adopt internal policies and implement measures which meet in particular the principles of data protection by design and data protection by default. Such measures could consist, inter alia, of minimising the processing of personal data as soon as possible,	(39) The protection of the rights and freedoms of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data require that appropriate technical and organisational measures be taken to ensure that the requirements of this Regulation are met. In order to be able to demonstrate compliance with this Regulation, the controller should adopt internal policies and implement measures which meet in particular the principles of data protection by design and data protection by default. Such measures could consist, inter alia, of minimising the processing of personal data as soon as possible,	(39) The protection of the rights and freedoms of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data require that appropriate technical and organisational measures be taken to ensure that the requirements of this Regulation are met. In order to be able to demonstrate compliance with this Regulation, the controller should adopt internal policies and implement measures which meet in particular the principles of data protection by design and data protection by default. Such measures could consist, inter alia, of minimising the processing of personal data, pseudonymising personal data as soon as possible,	

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transparency with regard to the	transparency with regard to the	transparency with regard to the	
functions and processing of	functions and processing of	functions and processing of	
personal data, enabling the data	personal data, enabling the data	personal data, enabling the data	
subject to monitor the data	subject to monitor the data	subject to monitor the data	
processing, enabling the controller	processing, enabling the controller	processing, enabling the controller	
to create and improve security	to create and improve security	to create and improve security	
features. The principles of data	features. The principles of data	features. The principles of data	
protection by design and by default	protection by design and by default	protection by design and by default	
should also be taken into	should also be taken into	should also be taken into	
consideration in the context of	consideration in the context of	consideration in the context of	
public tenders.	public tenders.	public tenders.	



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	AM 15 (39a) Regulation (EU) 2016/679 provides for controllers to demonstrate compliance by adherence to approved certification mechanisms. Likewise, Union institutions and bodies should be able to demonstrate compliance with this Regulation by obtaining certification in accordance with Article 42 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.		Tentatively agreed EP text: (39a) Regulation (EU) 2016/679 provides for controllers to demonstrate compliance by adherence to approved certification mechanisms. Likewise, Union institutions and bodies should be able to demonstrate compliance with this Regulation by obtaining certification in accordance with Article 42 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.
(40) The protection of the rights and freedoms of data subjects as well as the responsibility and liability of controllers and processors requires a clear allocation of the responsibilities under this Regulation, including where a controller determines the purposes and means of the processing jointly with other controllers or where a processing operation is carried out on behalf of a controller.	(40) The protection of the rights and freedoms of data subjects as well as the responsibility and liability of controllers and processors requires a clear allocation of the responsibilities under this Regulation, including where a controller determines the purposes and means of the processing jointly with other controllers or where a processing operation is carried out on behalf of a controller.	(40) The protection of the rights and freedoms of data subjects as well as the responsibility and liability of controllers and processors requires a clear allocation of the responsibilities under this Regulation, including where a controller determines the purposes and means of the processing jointly with other controllers or where a processing operation is carried out on behalf of a controller.	



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(41) To ensure compliance with the requirements of this Regulation in respect of the processing to be carried out by the processor on behalf of the controller, when entrusting a processor with processing activities, the controller should use only processors providing sufficient guarantees, in particular in terms of expert knowledge, reliability and resources, to implement technical and organisational measures which meet the requirements of this Regulation, including for the security of processing. The adherence of processors other than Union institutions and bodies to an approved code of conduct or an approved certification mechanism can be used as an element to demonstrate compliance with the obligations of the controller. The	(41) To ensure compliance with the requirements of this Regulation in respect of the processing to be carried out by the processor on behalf of the controller, when entrusting a processor with processing activities, the controller should use only processors providing sufficient guarantees, in particular in terms of expert knowledge, reliability and resources, to implement technical and organisational measures which meet the requirements of this Regulation, including for the security of processing. The adherence of processors other than Union institutions and bodies to an approved code of conduct or an approved certification mechanism can be used as an element to demonstrate compliance with the obligations of the controller. The	(41) To ensure compliance with the requirements of this Regulation in respect of the processing to be carried out by the processor on behalf of the controller, when entrusting a processor with processing activities, the controller should use only processors providing sufficient guarantees, in particular in terms of expert knowledge, reliability and resources, to implement technical and organisational measures which meet the requirements of this Regulation, including for the security of processing. The adherence of processors other than Union institutions and bodies to an approved code of conduct or an approved certification mechanism can be used as an element to demonstrate compliance with the obligations of the controller. The	Comments Tentatively agreed CNS text: (41) To ensure compliance with the requirements of this Regulation in respect of the processing to be carried out by the processor on behalf of the controller, when entrusting a processor with processing activities, the controller should use only processors providing sufficient guarantees, in particular in terms of expert knowledge, reliability and resources, to implement technical and organisational measures which meet the requirements of this Regulation, including for the security of processing. The adherence of processors other than Union institutions and bodies to an approved code of conduct or an approved certification mechanism can be used as an element to
carrying-out of processing by a processor should be governed by a	carrying-out of processing by a processor should be governed by a	carrying-out of processing by a processor other than a Union	demonstrate compliance with the
contract or other legal act under Union or Member State law,	contract or other legal act under Union or Member State law,	institution or body should be governed by a contract, or, in case	obligations of the controller. The carrying-out of processing by a
binding the processor to the controller, setting out the subject-	binding the processor to the controller, setting out the subject-	of Union institutions and bodies acting as processors, by a contract	processor other than a Union institution or body should be
matter and duration of the	matter and duration of the	or other legal act under Union or	governed by a contract, or, in case



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processing, the nature and purposes of the processing, the type of personal data and categories of data subjects, taking into account the specific tasks and responsibilities of the processor in the context of the processing to be carried out and the risk to the rights and freedoms of the data subject. The controller and processor should be able to choose to use an individual contract or standard contractual clauses which are adopted either directly by the Commission or by the European Data Protection Supervisor and then adopted by the Commission. After the completion of the processing on behalf of the controller, the processor should, at the choice of the controller, return or delete the personal data, unless there is a requirement to store that personal data under Union or Member State law to which the processor is subject.	processing, the nature and purposes of the processing, the type of personal data and categories of data subjects, taking into account the specific tasks and responsibilities of the processor in the context of the processing to be carried out and the risk to the rights and freedoms of the data subject. The controller and processor should be able to choose to use an individual contract or standard contractual clauses which are adopted either directly by the Commission or by the European Data Protection Supervisor and then adopted by the Commission. After the completion of the processing on behalf of the controller, the processor should, at the choice of the controller, return or delete the personal data, unless there is a requirement to store that personal data under Union or Member State law to which the processor is subject.	Member State law, binding the processor to the controller, setting out the subject-matter and duration of the processing, the nature and purposes of the processing, the type of personal data and categories of data subjects, taking into account the specific tasks and responsibilities of the processor in the context of the processing to be carried out and the risk to the rights and freedoms of the data subject. The controller and processor should be able to choose to use an individual contract or standard contractual clauses which are adopted either directly by the Commission or by the European Data Protection Supervisor and then adopted by the Commission. After the completion of the processing on behalf of the controller, the processor should, at the choice of the controller, return or delete the personal data, unless there is a requirement to store that personal data under Union or Member State law to which the processor is subject.	of Union institutions and bodies acting as processors, by a contract or other legal act under Union law, binding the processor to the controller, setting out the subject- matter and duration of the processing, the nature and purposes of the processing, the type of personal data and categories of data subjects, taking into account the specific tasks and responsibilities of the processor in the context of the processing to be carried out and the risk to the rights and freedoms of the data subject. The controller and processor should be able to choose to use an individual contract or standard contractual clauses which are adopted either directly by the Commission or by the European Data Protection Supervisor and then adopted by the Commission. After the completion of the processing on behalf of the controller, the processor should, at the choice of the controller, return or delete the personal data, unless there is a requirement to store that personal data under Union or Member State law to which the processor is subject.



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(42) In order to demonstrate compliance with this Regulation, controllers should maintain records of processing activities under their responsibility and processors should maintain records of categories of processing activities under their responsibility. Union institutions and bodies should be obliged to cooperate with the European Data Protection Supervisor and make their records, on request, available to it, so that they might serve for monitoring those processing operations. Union institutions and bodies should be able to establish a central register of records of their processing activities. For reasons of transparency, they should also be able to make such a register public.	AM 16 (42) In order to demonstrate compliance with this Regulation, controllers should maintain records of processing activities under their responsibility and processors should maintain records of categories of processing activities under their responsibility. Union institutions and bodies should be obliged to cooperate with the European Data Protection Supervisor and make their records, on request, available to it, so that they might serve for monitoring those processing operations. Union institutions and bodies should be able to establish a central register of records of their processing activities. For reasons of transparency, they should-also be able to make such a register public.	(42) In order to demonstrate compliance with this Regulation, controllers should maintain records of processing activities under their responsibility and processors should maintain records of categories of processing activities under their responsibility. Union institutions and bodies should be obliged to cooperate with the European Data Protection Supervisor and make their records, on request, available to it, so that they might serve for monitoring those processing operations. Union institutions and bodies should be able to establish a central register of records of their processing activities. For reasons of transparency, they should also be able to make such a register public.	CNS suggestion. EP wants to keep its text or the discussed proposal similar to the one on Article 31(5): "unless it is not appropriate taking into account the size of the institution or agency" Linked to Recital (44) and Article 31(5) (42) In order to demonstrate compliance with this Regulation, controllers should maintain records of processing activities under their responsibility and processors should maintain records of categories of processing activities under their responsibility. Union institutions and bodies should be obliged to cooperate with the European Data Protection Supervisor and make their records, on request, available to it, so that they might serve for monitoring those processing operations. Unless this involves disproportionate effort, Union institutions and bodies should be able to establish a central register of records of their processing activities. For reasons of transparency, they should also be able to make such a register public."



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(43) In order to maintain security	(43) In order to maintain security	(43) In order to maintain security	
and to prevent processing in	and to prevent processing in	and to prevent processing in	
infringement of this Regulation, the	infringement of this Regulation, the	infringement of this Regulation, the	
controller or processor should	controller or processor should	controller or processor should	
evaluate the risks inherent in the	evaluate the risks inherent in the	evaluate the risks inherent in the	
processing and implement measures	processing and implement measures	processing and implement measures	
to mitigate those risks, such as	to mitigate those risks, such as	to mitigate those risks, such as	
encryption. Those measures should	encryption. Those measures should	encryption. Those measures should	
ensure an appropriate level of	ensure an appropriate level of	ensure an appropriate level of	
security, including confidentiality,	security, including confidentiality,	security, including confidentiality,	
taking into account the state of the	taking into account the state of the	taking into account the state of the	
art and the costs of implementation	art and the costs of implementation	art and the costs of implementation	
in relation to the risks and the nature	in relation to the risks and the nature	in relation to the risks and the nature	
of the personal data to be protected.	of the personal data to be protected.	of the personal data to be protected.	
In assessing data security risk,	In assessing data security risk,	In assessing data security risk,	
consideration should be given to the	consideration should be given to the	consideration should be given to the	
risks that are presented by personal	risks that are presented by personal	risks that are presented by personal	
data processing, such as accidental	data processing, such as accidental	data processing, such as accidental	
or unlawful destruction, loss,	or unlawful destruction, loss,	or unlawful destruction, loss,	
alteration, unauthorised disclosure	alteration, unauthorised disclosure	alteration, unauthorised disclosure	
of, or access to, personal data	of, or access to, personal data	of, or access to, personal data	
transmitted, stored or otherwise	transmitted, stored or otherwise	transmitted, stored or otherwise	
processed which may in particular	processed which may in particular	processed which may in particular	
lead to physical, material or non-	lead to physical, material or non-	lead to physical, material or non-	
material damage.	material damage.	material damage.	

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(44) Union institutions and bodies should ensure the confidentiality of electronic communications as provided for by Article 7 of the Charter. In particular, Union institutions and bodies should ensure the security of their electronic communication networks, protect the information related to end-users' terminal equipment accessing their publicly available websites and mobile applications in accordance with Regulation (EU) XXXX/XX [new ePrivacy Regulation] and protect the personal data in directories of users.	(44) Union institutions and bodies should ensure the confidentiality of electronic communications as provided for by Article 7 of the Charter. In particular, Union institutions and bodies should ensure the security of their electronic communication networks, protect the information related to end-users' terminal equipment accessing their publicly available websites and mobile applications in accordance with Regulation (EU) XXXX/XX [new ePrivacy Regulation] and protect the personal data in directories of users.	(44) Union institutions and bodies should ensure the confidentiality of electronic communications data as provided for by Article 7 of the Charter. In particular, Union institutions and bodies should ensure the security of their electronic communication <u>s</u> networks, protect the information related to end-users' terminal equipment accessing their publicly available websites and mobile applications in accordance with Regulation (EU) XXXX/XX [new ePrivacy Regulation] and protect the personal data in directories of users.	Related to confidentiality of communication AM 63/AM 66 Tentatively agreed; Part of package on confidentiality. (44) Union institutions and bodies should ensure the confidentiality of electronic communications is provided for by Article 7 of the Charter. In particular, Union institutions and bodies should ensure the security of their electronic communication <u>s</u> networks, protect the information related to users' terminal equipment accessing their publicly available websites and mobile applications in accordance with the Directive 2002/58/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 July 2002 concerning the processing of personal data and the protection of privacy in the electronic communications sector (Directive on privacy and electronic communications) and protect the personal data in directories of users.



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(45) A personal data breach could,	(45) A personal data breach could,	(45) A personal data breach could,	
if not addressed in an appropriate and	if not addressed in an appropriate and	if not addressed in an appropriate and	
timely manner, result in physical,	timely manner, result in physical,	timely manner, result in physical,	
material or non-material damage to	material or non-material damage to	material or non-material damage to	
natural persons. Therefore, as soon as	natural persons. Therefore, as soon as	natural persons. Therefore, as soon as	
the controller becomes aware that a	the controller becomes aware that a	the controller becomes aware that a	
personal data breach has occurred, the	personal data breach has occurred, the	personal data breach has occurred, the	
controller should notify that personal	controller should notify that personal	controller should notify that personal	
data breach to the European Data	data breach to the European Data	data breach to the European Data	
Protection Supervisor without undue	Protection Supervisor without undue	Protection Supervisor without undue	
delay and, where feasible, not later	delay and, where feasible, not later	delay and, where feasible, not later	
than 72 hours after having become	than 72 hours after having become	than 72 hours after having become	
aware of it, unless the controller is	aware of it, unless the controller is	aware of it, unless the controller is	
able to demonstrate, in accordance	able to demonstrate, in accordance	able to demonstrate, in accordance	
with the accountability principle, that	with the accountability principle, that	with the accountability principle, that	
the personal data breach is unlikely to	the personal data breach is unlikely to	the personal data breach is unlikely to	
result in a risk to the rights and	result in a risk to the rights and	result in a risk to the rights and	
freedoms of natural persons. Where	freedoms of natural persons. Where	freedoms of natural persons. Where	
such notification cannot be achieved	such notification cannot be achieved	such notification cannot be achieved	
within 72 hours, it should be	within 72 hours, it should be	within 72 hours, it should be	
accompanied by the reasons for the	accompanied by the reasons for the	accompanied by the reasons for the	
delay and information can be	delay and information can be	delay and information can be	
provided in phases without further	provided in phases without further	provided in phases without further	
undue delay. Where such delay is	undue delay. Where such delay is	undue delay. Where such delay is	
justified, less sensitive or less specific	justified, less sensitive or less specific	justified, less sensitive or less specific	
information on the breach should be	information on the breach should be	information on the breach should be	
released as early as possible, rather	released as early as possible, rather	released as early as possible, rather	
than fully resolving the underlying	than fully resolving the underlying	than fully resolving the underlying	
incident before notifying.	incident before notifying.	incident before notifying.	



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(46) The controller should	(46) The controller should	(46) The controller should	
communicate to the data subject a	communicate to the data subject a	communicate to the data subject a	
personal data breach, without undue	personal data breach, without undue	personal data breach, without undue	
delay, where that personal data	delay, where that personal data	delay, where that personal data	
breach is likely to result in a high	breach is likely to result in a high	breach is likely to result in a high	
risk to the rights and freedoms of	risk to the rights and freedoms of	risk to the rights and freedoms of	
the natural person in order to allow	the natural person in order to allow	the natural person in order to allow	
him or her to take the necessary	him or her to take the necessary	him or her to take the necessary	
precautions. The communication	precautions. The communication	precautions. The communication	
should describe the nature of the	should describe the nature of the	should describe the nature of the	
personal data breach as well as	personal data breach as well as	personal data breach as well as	
recommendations for the natural	recommendations for the natural	recommendations for the natural	
person concerned to mitigate	person concerned to mitigate	person concerned to mitigate	
potential adverse effects. Such	potential adverse effects. Such	potential adverse effects. Such	
communications to data subjects	communications to data subjects	communications to data subjects	
should be made as soon as	should be made as soon as	should be made as soon as	
reasonably feasible and in close	reasonably feasible and in close	reasonably feasible and in close	
cooperation with the European	cooperation with the European	cooperation with the European	

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Data Protection Supervisor, respecting guidance provided by it or by other relevant authorities such as law-enforcement authorities.	Data Protection Supervisor, respecting guidance provided by it or by other relevant authorities such as law-enforcement authorities.	Data Protection Supervisor, respecting guidance provided by it or by other relevant authorities such as law-enforcement authorities.	
(47) Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 provides for a general obligation of the controller to notify the processing of personal data to the data protection officer, who would in turn keep a register of processing operations notified. While that obligation produces administrative and financial burdens, it did not in all cases contribute to improving the protection of personal data. Such indiscriminate general notification obligations should therefore be abolished, and replaced by effective procedures and mechanisms which focus instead on those types of processing operations which are likely to result in a high risk to the rights and freedoms of natural persons by virtue of their nature, scope, context and purposes. Such types of processing operations could be those which in, particular, involve using new technologies, or are of a new kind and where no data	AM 17 47) Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 provides for a general obligation of the controller to notify the processing of personal data to the data protection officer, who would in turn keep keeps a register of processing operations notified. While that obligation produces administrative and financial burdens, it did not in all cases contribute to improving the protection of personal data. Such indiscriminate general notification obligations should therefore be abolished, and replaced by effective procedures and mechanisms which focus instead on those types of Besides this general obligation, effective procedures and mechanisms should be put in place to monitor processing operations which-that are likely to result in a high risk to the rights and freedoms	(47) Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 provides for a general obligation of the controller to notify the processing of personal data to the data protection officer, who would in turn keep a register of processing operations notified. While that obligation produces administrative and financial burdens, it did not in all cases contribute to improving the protection of personal data. Such indiscriminate general notification obligations should therefore be abolished, and replaced by effective procedures and mechanisms which focus instead on those types of processing operations which are likely to result in a high risk to the rights and freedoms of natural persons by virtue of their nature, scope, context and purposes. Such types of processing operations could be those which in, particular, involve using new technologies, or are of a new kind and where no data	Linked to Recital (42) and Article 31 (5)

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protection impact assessment has been carried out before by the controller, or where they become necessary in the light of the time that has elapsed since the initial processing. In such cases, a data protection impact assessment should be carried out by the controller prior to the processing in order to assess the particular likelihood and severity of the high risk, taking into account the nature, scope, context and purposes of the processing and the sources of the risk. That impact assessment should include, in particular, the measures, safeguards and mechanisms envisaged for mitigating that risk, ensuring the protection of personal data and demonstrating compliance with this Regulation.	of natural persons by virtue of their nature, scope, context and purposes. Such types of processing operations could be those which in, particular, procedures should also be in place, in particular, where types of processing operations involve using new technologies, or are of a new kind and where no data protection impact assessment has been carried out before by the controller, or where they become necessary in the light of the time that has elapsed since the initial processing. In such cases, a data protection impact assessment should be carried out by the controller prior to the processing in order to assess the particular likelihood and severity of the high risk, taking into account the nature, scope, context and purposes of the processing and the sources of the risk. That impact assessment should include, in particular, the measures, safeguards and mechanisms envisaged for mitigating that risk, ensuring the protection of personal data and demonstrating compliance with this Regulation.	protection impact assessment has been carried out before by the controller, or where they become necessary in the light of the time that has elapsed since the initial processing. In such cases, a data protection impact assessment should be carried out by the controller prior to the processing in order to assess the particular likelihood and severity of the high risk, taking into account the nature, scope, context and purposes of the processing and the sources of the risk. That impact assessment should include, in particular, the measures, safeguards and mechanisms envisaged for mitigating that risk, ensuring the protection of personal data and demonstrating compliance with this Regulation.	

 (48) Where a data protection impact assessment indicates that the processing would, in the absence of safeguards, security measures and mechanisms to mitigate the risk, result in a high risk to the rights and freedoms of natural persons and the controller is of the opinion that the risk cannot be mitigated by reasonable means in terms of available technologies and costs of implementation, the European Data Protection Supervisor should be consulted prior to the start of processing activities. Such high risk is likely to result from certain types of processing and the extent and frequency of processing, which could result also in a realisation of damage or interference with the rights and freedoms of the natural person. The European Data Protection Supervisor should respond to the request for consultation within a specified period. However, the absence of a reaction of the European Data Protection Supervisor should be without reruiduce (48) Where a data protection impact assessment indicates that the processing sectivities. Such high risk is likely to result from certain types of processing and the extent and frequency of procesing and the extent and f	COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	(48) Where a data protection impact assessment indicates that the processing would, in the absence of safeguards, security measures and mechanisms to mitigate the risk, result in a high risk to the rights and freedoms of natural persons and the controller is of the opinion that the risk cannot be mitigated by reasonable means in terms of available technologies and costs of implementation, the European Data Protection Supervisor should be consulted prior to the start of processing activities. Such high risk is likely to result from certain types of processing and the extent and frequency of processing, which could result also in a realisation of damage or interference with the rights and freedoms of the natural person. The European Data Protection Supervisor should respond to the request for consultation within a specified period. However, the absence of a reaction of the European Data	(48) Where a data protection impact assessment indicates that the processing would, in the absence of safeguards, security measures and mechanisms to mitigate the risk, result in a high risk to the rights and freedoms of natural persons and the controller is of the opinion that the risk cannot be mitigated by reasonable means in terms of available technologies and costs of implementation, the European Data Protection Supervisor should be consulted prior to the start of processing activities. Such high risk is likely to result from certain types of processing and the extent and frequency of processing, which could result also in a realisation of damage or interference with the rights and freedoms of the natural person. The European Data Protection Supervisor should respond to the request for consultation within a specified period. However, the absence of a reaction of the European Data	(48) Where a data protection impact assessment indicates that the processing would, in the absence of safeguards, security measures and mechanisms to mitigate the risk, result in a high risk to the rights and freedoms of natural persons and the controller is of the opinion that the risk cannot be mitigated by reasonable means in terms of available technologies and costs of implementation, the European Data Protection Supervisor should be consulted prior to the start of processing activities. Such high risk is likely to result from certain types of processing and the extent and frequency of processing, which could result also in a realisation of damage or interference with the rights and freedoms of the natural person. The European Data Protection Supervisor should respond to the request for consultation within a specified period. However, the absence of a reaction of the European Data	

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Data Protection Supervisor in	Data Protection Supervisor in	Data Protection Supervisor in	
accordance with its tasks and	accordance with its tasks and	accordance with its tasks and	
powers laid down in this	powers laid down in this	powers laid down in this	
Regulation, including the power to	Regulation, including the power to	Regulation, including the power to	
prohibit processing operations. As	prohibit processing operations. As	prohibit processing operations. As	
part of that consultation process, it	part of that consultation process, it	part of that consultation process, it	
should be possible to submit the	should be possible to submit the	should be possible to submit the	
outcome of a data protection impact	outcome of a data protection impact	outcome of a data protection impact	
assessment carried out with regard	assessment carried out with regard	assessment carried out with regard	
to the processing at issue to the	to the processing at issue to the	to the processing at issue to the	
European Data Protection	European Data Protection	European Data Protection	
Supervisor, in particular the	Supervisor, in particular the	Supervisor, in particular the	
measures envisaged to mitigate the	measures envisaged to mitigate the	measures envisaged to mitigate the	
risk to the rights and freedoms of	risk to the rights and freedoms of	risk to the rights and freedoms of	
natural persons.	natural persons.	natural persons.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(49) The European Data Protection Supervisor should be informed about administrative measures and internal rules of Union institutions and bodies which provide for the processing of personal data, lay down conditions for restrictions of data subject rights or provide appropriate safeguards for data subject rights, in order to ensure compliance of the intended processing with this Regulation and in particular to mitigate the risk involved for the data subject.	(49) The European Data Protection Supervisor should be informed about administrative measures and internal rules of Union institutions and bodies which provide for the processing of personal data, lay down conditions for restrictions of data subject rights or provide appropriate safeguards for data subject rights, in order to ensure compliance of the intended processing with this Regulation and in particular to mitigate the risk involved for the data subject.	(49) The European Data Protection Supervisor should be informed about administrative measures and consulted on internal rules of adopted by Union institutions and bodies in matters relating to their operation which provide for the processing of personal data, lay down conditions for restrictions of data subject rights or provide appropriate safeguards for data subject rights, in order to ensure compliance of the intended processing with this Regulation and in particular to mitigate the risk involved for the data subject.	
 (50) Regulation (EU) 2016/679 established the European Data Protection Board as an independent body of the Union with legal personality. The Board should contribute to the consistent application of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and Directive 2016/680 throughout the Union, including by advising the Commission. At the same time, the European Data Protection Supervisor should continue to exercise its supervisory 	AM 18 (50) Regulation (EU) 2016/679 established the European Data Protection Board as an independent body of the Union with legal personality. The Board should contribute to the consistent application of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and Directive 2016/680 throughout the Union, including by advising the Commission. At the same time, the European Data	 (50) Regulation (EU) 2016/679 established the European Data Protection Board as an independent body of the Union with legal personality. The Board should contribute to the consistent application of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and Directive 2016/680 throughout the Union, including by advising the Commission. At the same time, the European Data Protection Supervisor should continue to exercise its supervisory 	CNS proposal. EP to consider (50) Regulation (EU) 2016/679 established the European Data Protection Board as an independent body of the Union with legal personality. The Board should contribute to the consistent application of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and Directive 2016/680 throughout the Union, including by advising the Commission. At the same time, the European Data

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and advisory functions in respect of	Protection Supervisor should	and advisory functions in respect of	Protection Supervisor should
all Union institutions and bodies,	continue to exercise its supervisory	all Union institutions and bodies,	continue to exercise its
including on its own initiative or	and advisory functions in respect of	including on its own initiative or	supervisory and advisory functions
upon request. In order to ensure	all Union institutions and bodies,	upon request. In order to ensure	in respect of all Union institutions
consistency of data protection rules	including on its own initiative or	consistency of data protection rules	and bodies, including on its own
throughout the Union, a	upon request. In order to ensure	throughout the Union, a	initiative or upon request. In order
consultation by the Commission	consistency of data protection rules	consultation by the Commission	to ensure consistency of data
should be obligatory following the	throughout the Union, a	should be obligatory following the	protection rules throughout the
adoption of legislative acts or	consultation by the Commission	adoption of legislative acts or	Union, when preparing proposals
during the preparation of delegated	should be obligatory following the	during the preparation of delegated	or recommendations, the
acts and implementing acts as	adoption of legislative acts when	acts and implementing acts as	Commission should endeavour to
defined in Article 289, 290 and 291	adopting proposals for a legislative	defined in Article 289, 290 and 291	consult the EDPS. A a
TFEU and following the adoption of	<i>act</i> or during the preparation of	TFEU and following the adoption of	consultation by the Commission
recommendations and proposals	delegated acts and implementing	recommendations and proposals	should be obligatory following the
relating to agreements with third	acts as defined in Article 289, 290	relating to agreements with third	adoption of legislative acts or
countries and international	and 291 TFEU and following the	countries and international	during the preparation of delegated
organisations as provided for in	adoption of when adopting	organisations as provided for in	acts and implementing acts as
Article 218 TFEU, which have an	recommendations and proposals	Article 218 TFEU, which have an	defined in Article 289, 290 and
impact on the right to personal data	relating to agreements with third	impact on the right to personal data	291 TFEU and following the
protection. In such cases, the	countries and international	protection. In such cases, the	adoption of recommendations and
Commission should be obliged to	organisations as provided for in	Commission should be obliged to	proposals relating to agreements
consult the European Data	Article 218 TFEU, which have an	consult the European Data	with third countries and
Protection Supervisor, except when	impact on the right to personal data	Protection Supervisor, except when	international organisations as
the Regulation (EU) 2016/679	protection. In such cases, the	the Regulation (EU) 2016/679	provided for in Article 218 TFEU,
provides for mandatory consultation	Commission should be obliged to	provides for mandatory consultation	which have an impact on the right
of the European Data Protection	consult the European Data	of the European Data Protection	to personal data protection. In such
Board, for example on adequacy	Protection Supervisor, except when	Board, for example on adequacy	cases, the Commission should be
decisions or delegated acts on	the Regulation (EU) 2016/679	decisions or delegated acts on	obliged to consult the European
standardised icons and requirements	provides for mandatory consultation	standardised icons and requirements	Data Protection Supervisor, except
for certification mechanisms. Where	of the European Data Protection	for certification mechanisms. Where	when the Regulation (EU)

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the act in question is of particular importance for the protection of individuals' rights and freedoms with regard to the processing of personal data, the Commission should be able, in addition, to consult the European Data Protection Board. In those cases, the European Data Protection Supervisor should, as a member of the European Data Protection Board, coordinate its work with the latter with a view to issue a joint opinion. The European Data Protection Supervisor, and where applicable, the European Data Protection Board should provide its written advice within eight weeks. That time-frame should be shorter in case of urgency or otherwise appropriate, for example when the Commission is preparing delegated and implementing acts.	Board, for example on adequacy decisions or delegated acts on standardised icons and requirements for certification mechanisms. Where the act in question is of particular importance for the protection of individuals' rights and freedoms with regard to the processing of personal data, the Commission should be able, in addition, to consult the European Data Protection Board. In those cases, the European Data Protection Supervisor should, as a member of the European Data Protection Board, coordinate its work with the latter with a view to issue a joint opinion. The European Data Protection Supervisor, and where applicable, the European Data Protection Board should provide its written advice within eight weeks. That time-frame should be shorter in case of urgency or otherwise appropriate, for example when the Commission is preparing delegated and implementing acts.	the act in question is of particular importance for the protection of individuals' rights and freedoms with regard to the processing of personal data, the Commission should be able, in addition, to consult the European Data Protection Board. In those cases, the European Data Protection Supervisor should, as a member of the European Data Protection Board, coordinate its work with the latter with a view to issue a joint opinion. The European Data Protection Supervisor, and where applicable, the European Data Protection Board should provide its written advice within eight weeks. That time-frame should be shorter in case of urgency or otherwise appropriate, for example when the Commission is preparing delegated and implementing acts.	2016/679 provides for mandatory consultation of the European Data Protection Board, for example on adequacy decisions or delegated acts on standardised icons and requirements for certification mechanisms. Where the act in question is of particular importance for the protection of individuals' rights and freedoms with regard to the processing of personal data, the Commission should be able, in addition, to consult the European Data Protection Board. In those cases, the European Data Protection Supervisor should, as a member of the European Data Protection Board, coordinate its work with the latter with a view to issue a joint opinion. The European Data Protection Supervisor, and where applicable, the European Data Protection Board should provide its written advice within eight weeks. That time-frame should be shorter in case of urgency or otherwise appropriate, for example when the Commission is preparing delegated and implementing acts.

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	AM 19 (50a) In accordance with Article 75 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, the European Data Protection Supervisor will provide the secretariat of the European Data Protection Board.		Tentative agreement EP text with change "will" to "should": (50a) In accordance with Article 75 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, the European Data Protection Supervisor <i>should</i> provide the secretariat of the European Data Protection Board.
(51) In each Union institution or body a data protection officer should ensure that the provisions of this Regulation are applied and should advise controllers and processors on fulfilling their obligations. That officer should be a person with expert knowledge of data protection law and practices, which should be determined in particular according to the data processing operations carried out and the protection required for the personal data processed by the controller or the processor. Such data protection officers should be in a position to perform their duties and tasks in an independent manner.	(51) In each Union institution or body a data protection officer should ensure that the provisions of this Regulation are applied and should advise controllers and processors on fulfilling their obligations. That officer should be a person with expert knowledge of data protection law and practices, which should be determined in particular according to the data processing operations carried out and the protection required for the personal data processed by the controller or the processor. Such data protection officers should be in a position to perform their duties and tasks in an independent manner.	(51) In each Union institution or body a data protection officer should ensure that the provisions of this Regulation are applied and should advise controllers and processors on fulfilling their obligations. That officer should be a person with expert knowledge of data protection law and practices, which should be determined in particular according to the data processing operations carried out and the protection required for the personal data processed by the controller or the processor. Such data protection officers should be in a position to perform their duties and tasks in an independent manner.	

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COM (2017) 8 (52) When personal data are transferred from the Union institutions and bodies to controllers, processors or other recipients in third countries or to international organisations, the level of protection of natural persons ensured in the Union by this Regulation should not be undermined, including in cases of onward transfers of personal data from the third country or international organisation to controllers, processors in the same or another third country or international organisation. In any event, transfers to third countries and international organisations may only be carried out in full compliance with this Regulation. A transfer could take place only if, subject to the other provisions of this Regulation, the conditions laid	EP Position / First Reading AM 20 (52) When personal data are transferred from the Union institutions and bodies to controllers, processors or other recipients in third countries or to international organisations, the level of protection of natural persons ensured in the Union by this Regulation should not be undermined <i>guaranteed</i> , including in cases of onward transfers of personal data from the third country or international organisation to controllers, processors in the same or another third country or international organisation. In any event, transfers to third countries and international organisations may only be carried out in full compliance with this Regulation, <i>with Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and with the fundamental rights</i>	Council General Approach (52) When personal data are transferred from the Union institutions and bodies to controllers, processors or other recipients in third countries or to international organisations, the level of protection of natural persons ensured in the Union by this Regulation should not be undermined, including in cases of onward transfers of personal data from the third country or international organisation to controllers, processors in the same or another third country or international organisation. In any event, transfers to third countries and international organisations may only be carried out in full compliance with this Regulation. A transfer could take place only if, subject to the other provisions of this Regulation, the conditions laid	Comments Tentative agreement EP text without reference to GDPR: (52) When personal data are transferred from the Union institutions and bodies to controllers, processors or other recipients in third countries or to international organisations, the level of protection of natural persons ensured in the Union by this Regulation should be guaranteed, including in cases of onward transfers of personal data from the third country or international organisation to controllers, processors in the same or another third country or international organisation. In any event, transfers to third countries and international organisations may only be carried out in full compliance with this Regulation
down in the provisions of this Regulation relating to the transfer of personal data to third countries or	and freedoms enshrined in the Charter. A transfer could take place	down in the provisions of this Regulation relating to the transfer of personal data to third countries or	and with the fundamental rights and freedoms enshrined in the Charter. A transfer could take
Regulation relating to the transfer of personal data to third countries or international organisations are	<i>Charter</i> . A transfer could take place only if, subject to the other provisions of this Regulation, the	Regulation relating to the transfer of personal data to third countries or international organisations are	and freedoms enshrined in the Charter. A transfer could take place only if, subject to the other
complied with by the controller or processor.	conditions laid down in the provisions of this Regulation relating to the transfer of personal	complied with by the controller or processor.	provisions of this Regulation, the conditions laid down in the provisions of this Regulation

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	data to third countries or international organisations are complied with by the controller or processor.		relating to the transfer of personal data to third countries or international organisations are complied with by the controller or processor.
(53) The Commission can decide, under Article 45 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, that a third country, a territory or specified sector within a third country, or an international organisation, offers an adequate level of data protection. In such cases, transfers of personal data to that third country or international organisation by a Union institution or body can take place without the need to obtain any further authorisation.	AM 21 (53) The Commission can decide, under Article 45 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or to Article 36 of Directive (EU) 2016/680, that a third country, a territory or specified sector within a third country, or an international organisation, offers an adequate level of data protection. In such cases, transfers of personal data to that third country or international organisation by a Union institution or body can take place without the need to obtain any further authorisation.	(53) The Commission can decide, under Article 45 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, that a third country, a territory or specified sector within a third country, or an international organisation, offers an adequate level of data protection. In such cases, transfers of personal data to that third country or international organisation by a Union institution or body can take place without the need to obtain any further authorisation.	



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(54) In the absence of an adequacy	(54) In the absence of an adequacy	(54) In the absence of an adequacy	
decision, the controller or processor	decision, the controller or processor	decision, the controller or processor	
should take measures to compensate	should take measures to compensate	should take measures to compensate	
for the lack of data protection in a	for the lack of data protection in a	for the lack of data protection in a	
third country by way of appropriate	third country by way of appropriate	third country by way of appropriate	
safeguards for the data subject.	safeguards for the data subject.	safeguards for the data subject.	
Such appropriate safeguards can	Such appropriate safeguards can	Such appropriate safeguards can	
consist of making use of standard	consist of making use of standard	consist of making use of standard	
data protection clauses adopted by	data protection clauses adopted by	data protection clauses adopted by	
the Commission, standard data	the Commission, standard data	the Commission, standard data	
protection clauses adopted by the	protection clauses adopted by the	protection clauses adopted by the	
European Data Protection	European Data Protection	European Data Protection	
Supervisor or contractual clauses	Supervisor or contractual clauses	Supervisor or contractual clauses	
authorised by the European Data	authorised by the European Data	authorised by the European Data	
Protection Supervisor. Where the	Protection Supervisor. Where the	Protection Supervisor. Where the	
processor is not a Union Institution	processor is not a Union Institution	processor is not a Union Institution	
or body those appropriate	or body those appropriate	or body those appropriate	
safeguards can also consist of	safeguards can also consist of	safeguards can also consist of	
binding corporate rules, codes of	binding corporate rules, codes of	binding corporate rules, codes of	
conduct and certification	conduct and certification	conduct and certification	
mechanisms used for international	mechanisms used for international	mechanisms used for international	
transfers under Regulation (EU)	transfers under Regulation (EU)	transfers under Regulation (EU)	
2016/679. Those safeguards should	2016/679. Those safeguards should	2016/679. Those safeguards should	
ensure compliance with data	ensure compliance with data	ensure compliance with data	
protection requirements and the	protection requirements and the	protection requirements and the	
rights of the data subjects	rights of the data subjects	rights of the data subjects	

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not legally binding.	not legally binding.	not legally binding.	
(55) The possibility for the controller or processor to use standard data-protection clauses adopted by the Commission or by the European Data Protection Supervisor should prevent controllers or processors neither from including the standard data- protection clauses in a wider contract, such as a contract between the processor and another processor, nor from adding other clauses or additional safeguards provided that they do not contradict, directly or indirectly, the standard contractual clauses adopted by the Commission or by the European Data Protection Supervisor or prejudice the	(55) The possibility for the controller or processor to use standard data-protection clauses adopted by the Commission or by the European Data Protection Supervisor should prevent controllers or processors neither from including the standard data- protection clauses in a wider contract, such as a contract between the processor and another processor, nor from adding other clauses or additional safeguards provided that they do not contradict, directly or indirectly, the standard contractual clauses adopted by the Commission or by the European Data Protection Supervisor or prejudice the	(55) The possibility for the controller or processor to use standard data-protection clauses adopted by the Commission or by the European Data Protection Supervisor should prevent controllers or processors neither from including the standard data- protection clauses in a wider contract, such as a contract between the processor and another processor, nor from adding other clauses or additional safeguards provided that they do not contradict, directly or indirectly, the standard contractual clauses adopted by the Commission or by the European Data Protection Supervisor or prejudice the	

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fundamental rights or freedoms of	fundamental rights or freedoms of	fundamental rights or freedoms of	
the data subjects. Controllers and	the data subjects. Controllers and	the data subjects. Controllers and	
processors should be encouraged to	processors should be encouraged to	processors should be encouraged to	
provide additional safeguards via	provide additional safeguards via	provide additional safeguards via	
contractual commitments that	contractual commitments that	contractual commitments that	
supplement standard data-protection	supplement standard data-protection	supplement standard data-protection	
clauses.	clauses.	clauses.	
(56) Some third countries adopt	(56) Some third countries adopt	(56) Some third countries adopt	
laws, regulations and other legal	laws, regulations and other legal	laws, regulations and other legal	
acts which purport to directly	acts which purport to directly	acts which purport to directly	
regulate the processing activities of	regulate the processing activities of	regulate the processing activities of	
Union institutions and bodies. This	Union institutions and bodies. This	Union institutions and bodies. This	
may include judgments of courts or	may include judgments of courts or	may include judgments of courts or	
tribunals or decisions of	tribunals or decisions of	tribunals or decisions of	
administrative authorities in third	administrative authorities in third	administrative authorities in third	
countries requiring a controller or	countries requiring a controller or	countries requiring a controller or	
processor to transfer or disclose	processor to transfer or disclose	processor to transfer or disclose	
personal data, and which are not	personal data, and which are not	personal data, and which are not	
based on an international agreement	based on an international agreement	based on an international agreement	
in force between the requesting	in force between the requesting	in force between the requesting	
third country and the Union. The	third country and the Union. The	third country and the Union. The	
extraterritorial application of those	extraterritorial application of those	extraterritorial application of those	
laws, regulations and other legal	laws, regulations and other legal	laws, regulations and other legal	
acts may be in breach of	acts may be in breach of	acts may be in breach of	
international law and may impede	international law and may impede	international law and may impede	

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the attainment of the protection of	the attainment of the protection of	the attainment of the protection of	
natural persons ensured in the	natural persons ensured in the	natural persons ensured in the	
Union by this Regulation. Transfers	Union by this Regulation. Transfers	Union by this Regulation. Transfers	
should only be allowed where the	should only be allowed where the	should only be allowed where the	
conditions of this Regulation for a	conditions of this Regulation for a	conditions of this Regulation for a	
transfer to third countries are met.	transfer to third countries are met.	transfer to third countries are met.	
This may be the case, inter alia,	This may be the case, inter alia,	This may be the case, inter alia,	
where disclosure is necessary for an	where disclosure is necessary for an	where disclosure is necessary for an	
important ground of public interest	important ground of public interest	important ground of public interest	
recognised in Union law.	recognised in Union law.	recognised in Union law.	
(57) Provision should be made in	(57) Provision should be made in	(57) Provision should be made in	
specific situations for the possibility	specific situations for the possibility	specific situations for the possibility	
for transfers in certain	for transfers in certain	for transfers in certain	
circumstances where the data	circumstances where the data	circumstances where the data	
subject has given his or her explicit	subject has given his or her explicit	subject has given his or her explicit	
consent, where the transfer is	consent, where the transfer is	consent, where the transfer is	
occasional and necessary in relation	occasional and necessary in relation	occasional and necessary in relation	
to a contract or a legal claim,	to a contract or a legal claim,	to a contract or a legal claim,	
regardless of whether in a judicial	regardless of whether in a judicial	regardless of whether in a judicial	
procedure or whether in an	procedure or whether in an	procedure or whether in an	
administrative or any out-of-court	administrative or any out-of-court	administrative or any out-of-court	
procedure, including procedures	procedure, including procedures	procedure, including procedures	
before regulatory bodies. Provision	before regulatory bodies. Provision	before regulatory bodies. Provision	
should also be made for the	should also be made for the	should also be made for the	
possibility for transfers where	possibility for transfers where	possibility for transfers where	
important grounds of public interest	important grounds of public interest	important grounds of public interest	
laid down by Union law so require	laid down by Union law so require	laid down by Union law so require	
or where the transfer is made from a	or where the transfer is made from a	or where the transfer is made from a	
register established by law and	register established by law and	register established by law and	

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intended for consultation by the	intended for consultation by the	intended for consultation by the	
public or persons having a	public or persons having a	public or persons having a	
legitimate interest. In the latter case,	legitimate interest. In the latter case,	legitimate interest. In the latter case,	
such a transfer should not involve	such a transfer should not involve	such a transfer should not involve	
the entirety of the personal data or	the entirety of the personal data or	the entirety of the personal data or	
entire categories of the data	entire categories of the data	entire categories of the data	
contained in the register, unless	contained in the register, unless	contained in the register, unless	
authorised by Union law, and, when	authorised by Union law, and, when	authorised by Union law, and, when	
the register is intended for	the register is intended for	the register is intended for	
consultation by persons having a	consultation by persons having a	consultation by persons having a	
legitimate interest, the transfer	legitimate interest, the transfer	legitimate interest, the transfer	
should be made only at the request	should be made only at the request	should be made only at the request	
of those persons or, if they are to be	of those persons or, if they are to be	of those persons or, if they are to be	
the recipients, taking into full	the recipients, taking into full	the recipients, taking into full	
account the interests and	account the interests and	account the interests and	
fundamental rights of the data	fundamental rights of the data	fundamental rights of the data	
subject.	subject.	subject.	



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(58) Those derogations should in	(58) Those derogations should in	(58) Those derogations should in	
particular apply to data transfers	particular apply to data transfers	particular apply to data transfers	
required and necessary for	required and necessary for	required and necessary for	
important reasons of public interest,	important reasons of public interest,	important reasons of public interest,	
for example in cases of international	for example in cases of international	for example in cases of international	
data exchange between Union	data exchange between Union	data exchange between Union	
institutions and bodies and	institutions and bodies and	institutions and bodies and	
competition authorities, tax or	competition authorities, tax or	competition authorities, tax or	
customs administrations, financial	customs administrations, financial	customs administrations, financial	
supervisory authorities and services	supervisory authorities and services	supervisory authorities and services	
competent for social security	competent for social security	competent for social security	
matters or for public health, for	matters or for public health, for	matters or for public health, for	
example in the case of contact	example in the case of contact	example in the case of contact	
tracing for contagious diseases or in	tracing for contagious diseases or in	tracing for contagious diseases or in	
order to reduce and/or eliminate	order to reduce and/or eliminate	order to reduce and/or eliminate	
doping in sport. A transfer of	doping in sport. A transfer of	doping in sport. A transfer of	
personal data should also be	personal data should also be	personal data should also be	
regarded as lawful where it is	regarded as lawful where it is	regarded as lawful where it is	
necessary to protect an interest	necessary to protect an interest	necessary to protect an interest	
which is essential for the data	which is essential for the data	which is essential for the data	
subject's or another person's vital	subject's or another person's vital	subject's or another person's vital	
interests, including physical	interests, including physical	interests, including physical	
integrity or life, if the data subject is	integrity or life, if the data subject is	integrity or life, if the data subject is	
incapable of giving consent. In the	incapable of giving consent. In the	incapable of giving consent. In the	
absence of an adequacy decision,	absence of an adequacy decision,	absence of an adequacy decision,	
Union law may, for	Union law may, for	Union law may, for	



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important reasons of public interest,	important reasons of public interest,	important reasons of public interest,	
expressly set limits to the transfer of	expressly set limits to the transfer of	expressly set limits to the transfer of	
specific categories of data to a third	specific categories of data to a third	specific categories of data to a third	
country or an international	country or an international	country or an international	
organisation. Any transfer to an	organisation. Any transfer to an	organisation. Any transfer to an	
international humanitarian	international humanitarian	international humanitarian	
organisation of personal data of a	organisation of personal data of a	organisation of personal data of a	
data subject who is physically or	data subject who is physically or	data subject who is physically or	
legally incapable of giving consent,	legally incapable of giving consent,	legally incapable of giving consent,	
with a view to accomplishing a task	with a view to accomplishing a task	with a view to accomplishing a task	
incumbent under the Geneva	incumbent under the Geneva	incumbent under the Geneva	
Conventions or to complying with	Conventions or to complying with	Conventions or to complying with	
international humanitarian law	international humanitarian law	international humanitarian law	
applicable in armed conflicts, could	applicable in armed conflicts, could	applicable in armed conflicts, could	
be considered to be necessary for an	be considered to be necessary for an	be considered to be necessary for an	
important reason of public interest	important reason of public interest	important reason of public interest	
or because it is in the vital interest	or because it is in the vital interest	or because it is in the vital interest	
of the data subject.	of the data subject.	of the data subject.	



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(59) In any case, where the	(59) In any case, where the	(59) In any case, where the	
Commission has taken no decision	Commission has taken no decision	Commission has taken no decision	
on the adequate level of data	on the adequate level of data	on the adequate level of data	
protection in a third country, the	protection in a third country, the	protection in a third country, the	
controller or processor should make	controller or processor should make	controller or processor should make	
use of solutions that provide data	use of solutions that provide data	use of solutions that provide data	
subjects with enforceable and	subjects with enforceable and	subjects with enforceable and	
effective rights as regards the	effective rights as regards the	effective rights as regards the	
processing of their data in the Union	processing of their data in the Union	processing of their data in the Union	
once those data have been	once those data have been	once those data have been	
transferred so that that they will	transferred so that that they will	transferred so that they will	
continue to benefit from	continue to benefit from	continue to benefit from	
fundamental rights and safeguards.	fundamental rights and safeguards.	fundamental rights and safeguards.	
(60) When personal data moves	(60) When personal data moves	(60) When personal data moves	
across borders outside the Union it	across borders outside the Union it	across borders outside the Union it	
may put at increased risk the ability	may put at increased risk the ability	may put at increased risk the ability	
of natural persons to exercise data	of natural persons to exercise data	of natural persons to exercise data	
protection rights in particular to	protection rights in particular to	protection rights in particular to	
protect themselves from the	protect themselves from the	protect themselves from the	
unlawful use or disclosure of that	unlawful use or disclosure of that	unlawful use or disclosure of that	
information. At the same time,	information. At the same time,	information. At the same time,	
supervisory authorities in the Union,	supervisory authorities in the Union,	supervisory authorities in the Union,	
including the European Data	including the European Data	including the European Data	
Protection Supervisor, can be	Protection Supervisor, can be	Protection Supervisor, can be	
unable to pursue complaints or	unable to pursue complaints or	unable to pursue complaints or	
conduct investigations relating to	conduct investigations relating to	conduct investigations relating to	
the activities outside their	the activities outside their	the activities outside their	
jurisdiction. Their efforts to work	jurisdiction. Their efforts to work	jurisdiction. Their efforts to work	
together in the cross-border context	together in the cross-border context	together in the cross-border context	

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can also be hampered by insufficient preventive or remedial powers, inconsistent legal regimes, and practical obstacles like resource constraints. Therefore, closer cooperation between the European Data Protection Supervisor and other data protection supervisory authorities should be promoted to help the exchange of information with their international counterparts.	can also be hampered by insufficient preventive or remedial powers, inconsistent legal regimes, and practical obstacles like resource constraints. Therefore, closer cooperation between the European Data Protection Supervisor and other data protection supervisory authorities should be promoted to help the exchange of information with their international counterparts.	can also be hampered by insufficient preventive or remedial powers, inconsistent legal regimes, and practical obstacles like resource constraints. Therefore, closer cooperation between the European Data Protection Supervisor and other data protection supervisory authorities should be promoted to help the exchange of information with their international counterparts.	
(61) The establishment of the European Data Protection Supervisor in Regulation (EC) No 45/2001, empowered to perform its tasks and exercise its powers with complete independence, is an essential component of the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of their personal data. This Regulation should further strengthen and clarify its role and independence.	(61) The establishment of the European Data Protection Supervisor in Regulation (EC) No 45/2001, empowered to perform its tasks and exercise its powers with complete independence, is an essential component of the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of their personal data. This Regulation should further strengthen and clarify its role and independence.	(61) The establishment of the European Data Protection Supervisor in Regulation (EC) No 45/2001, empowered to perform its tasks and exercise its powers with complete independence, is an essential component of the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of their personal data. This Regulation should further strengthen and clarify its role and independence. The European Data Protection Supervisor should be a person whose independence is beyond doubt and who is acknowledged as having the experience and skills required to perform the	Tentative agreement CNS text with correction of reference to Art 51: (61) The establishment of the European Data Protection Supervisor in Regulation (EC) No 45/2001, empowered to perform its tasks and exercise its powers with complete independence, is an essential component of the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of their personal data. This Regulation should further strengthen and clarify its role and independence. The European Data Protection Supervisor should be a person

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		duties of European Data Protection Supervisor, for example because he or she has belonged to one of the supervisory authorities established under Article 41 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	whose independence is beyond doubt and who is acknowledged as having the experience and skills required to perform the duties of European Data Protection Supervisor, for example because he or she has belonged to one of the supervisory authorities established under Article 51 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.



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the circumstances of each individual case and respect the right of every	the circumstances of each individual case and respect the right of every	the circumstances of each individual case and respect the right of every	
person to be heard before taking any	person to be heard before taking any	person to be heard before taking any	
individual measure. Each legally	individual measure. Each legally	individual measure. Each legally	
binding measure of the European	binding measure of the European	binding measure of the European	
Data Protection Supervisor should	Data Protection Supervisor should	Data Protection Supervisor should	
be in writing, be clear and	be in writing, be clear and	be in writing, be clear and	
unambiguous, indicate the date of	unambiguous, indicate the date of	unambiguous, indicate the date of	
issue of the measure, bear the	issue of the measure, bear the	issue of the measure, bear the	
signature of the European Data	signature of the European Data	signature of the European Data	
Protection Supervisor, give the	Protection Supervisor, give the	Protection Supervisor, give the	
reasons for the measure, and refer to	reasons for the measure, and refer to	reasons for the measure, and refer to	
the right of an effective remedy.	the right of an effective remedy.	the right of an effective remedy.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
		(62a) The supervisory competence of the European Data Protection Supervisor should not cover the processing of personal data by the Court of Justice of the European Union when acting in its judicial capacity, in order to safeguard the independence of the Court in the performance of its judicial tasks, including decision-making. For such processing operations, the Court should establish independent supervision, in accordance with Article 8(3) of the Charter, for example through an internal mechanism.	Tentatively agreed CNS text: (62a) The supervisory competence of the European Data Protection Supervisor should not cover the processing of personal data by the Court of Justice of the European Union when acting in its judicial capacity, in order to safeguard the independence of the Court in the performance of its judicial tasks, including decision-making. For such processing operations, the Court should establish independent supervision, in accordance with Article 8(3) of the Charter, for example through an internal mechanism.

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(63) The decisions of the European Data Protection Supervisor regarding exemptions, guarantees, authorisations and conditions relating to data processing operations, as defined in this Regulation, should be published in the activities report. Independently of the publication of an annual activities report, the European Data Protection Supervisor can publish reports on specific subjects.	(63) The decisions of the European Data Protection Supervisor regarding exemptions, guarantees, authorisations and conditions relating to data processing operations, as defined in this Regulation, should be published in the activities report. Independently of the publication of an annual activities report, the European Data Protection Supervisor can publish reports on specific subjects.	(63) The decisions of the European Data Protection Supervisor regarding exemptions, guarantees, authorisations and conditions relating to data processing operations, as defined in this Regulation, should be published in the activities report. Independently of the publication of an annual activities report, the European Data Protection Supervisor can publish reports on specific subjects.	
		(63a)The European Data Protection Supervisor should comply with Regulation (EC) No 1049/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 30 May 2001 regarding public access to European Parliament, Council and Commission documents.	Tentatively agreed CNS text: (63a)The European Data Protection Supervisor should comply with Regulation (EC) No 1049/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 30 May 2001 regarding public access to European Parliament, Council and Commission documents.

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(64) The national supervisory	(64) The national supervisory	(64) The national supervisory	
authorities monitor the application	authorities monitor the application	authorities monitor the application	
of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and	of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and	of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and	
contribute to its consistent	contribute to its consistent	contribute to its consistent	
application throughout the Union, in	application throughout the Union, in	application throughout the Union, in	
order to protect natural persons in	order to protect natural persons in	order to protect natural persons in	
relation to the processing of their	relation to the processing of their	relation to the processing of their	
personal data and to facilitate the	personal data and to facilitate the	personal data and to facilitate the	
free flow of personal data within the	free flow of personal data within the	free flow of personal data within the	
internal market. In order to increase	internal market. In order to increase	internal market. In order to increase	
the consistency in application of	the consistency in application of	the consistency in application of	
data protection rules applicable in	data protection rules applicable in	data protection rules applicable in	
Member States and data protection	Member States and data protection	Member States and data protection	
rules applicable to Union	rules applicable to Union	rules applicable to Union	
institutions and bodies, the	institutions and bodies, the	institutions and bodies, the	
European Data Protection	European Data Protection	European Data Protection	
Supervisor should effectively	Supervisor should effectively	Supervisor should effectively	
cooperate with the national	cooperate with the national	cooperate with the national	
supervisory authorities.	supervisory authorities.	supervisory authorities.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	AM 22(64a) The Commission has proposed to amend Regulation (EU) No 1024/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 October 2012 on administrative cooperation through the Internal Market Information System and repealing Commission Decision 2008/49/EC ('the IMI Regulation') to allow the IMI System to be used not only by the competent authorities of the Member States and the Commission, but also by Union bodies, offices and agencies ^{1a} . Pending this revision, the European Data Protection Supervisor and the European Data Protection Board should be able to use the Internal Market Information System for the purposes of administrative cooperation and information exchange stipulated in the General Data Protection Regulation in view of its entry into application on 25 May 2018.Ia See Article 36 of the Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament		Tentatively agreed to delete



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(65) In certain instances, Union	AM 23	(65) In certain instances, Union	
law provides for a model of		law provides for a model of	
coordinated supervision, shared	(65) In certain instances, Union	coordinated supervision, shared	
between the European Data	law provides for a model of	between the European Data	
Protection Supervisor and the	coordinated supervision, shared	Protection Supervisor and the	
national supervisory authorities.	between the European Data	national supervisory authorities.	
Moreover, the European Data	Protection Supervisor and the	Moreover, the European Data	
Protection Supervisor is the	national supervisory authorities.	Protection Supervisor is the	
supervisory authority of Europol	Moreover, the European Data	supervisory authority of Europol	
and a specific model of cooperation	Protection Supervisor is the	and a specific model of cooperation	
with the national supervisory	supervisory authority of Europol	with the national supervisory	
authorities is established through a	and a specific model of cooperation	authorities is established through a	
cooperation board with an advisory	with the national supervisory	cooperation board with an advisory	
function. In order to improve the	authorities is established through a	function. In order to improve the	
effective supervision and	cooperation board with an advisory	effective supervision and	
enforcement of substantive data	function. In order to improve the	enforcement of substantive data	
protection rules, a single, coherent	effective supervision and	protection rules, a single, coherent	
model of coordinated supervision	enforcement of substantive data	model of coordinated supervision	
should be introduced in the Union.	protection rules, be introduced in	should be introduced in the Union.	
The Commission should therefore,	the Union. The Commission should	The Commission should therefore,	
where appropriate, submit	therefore, where appropriate, submit	where appropriate, submit	
legislative proposals with a view to	legislative proposals with a view to	legislative proposals with a view to	
amending Union legal acts	amending Union legal acts	amending Union legal acts	
providing for a model of	providing for this Regulation	providing for a model of	
coordinated supervision, in order to	should introduce a single, coherent	coordinated supervision, in order to	
align them with the coordinated	model of coordinated supervision,	align them with the coordinated	
supervision model of this	in order to align them with the	supervision model of this	
Regulation. The European Data	coordinated supervision model of	Regulation. The European Data	
Protection Board should serve as a	this Regulation. The European Data	Protection Board should serve as a	
single forum for ensuring the	Protection Board should serve as a	single forum for ensuring the	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
effective coordinated supervision across the board.	single forum for ensuring the effective coordinated supervision across the board.	effective coordinated supervision across the board.	
(66) Every data subject should have the right to lodge a complaint with the European Data Protection Supervisor, and the right to an effective judicial remedy before the Court of Justice of the European Union in accordance with the Treaties, if the data subject considers that his or her rights under this Regulation are infringed or where the European Data Protection Supervisor does not act on a complaint, partially or wholly rejects or dismisses a complaint or does not act where such action is necessary to protect the rights of the data subject. The investigation following a complaint should be carried out, subject to judicial review, to the extent that is appropriate in the specific case. The European Data Protection Supervisor should inform the data subject of the progress and the outcome of the complaint within a reasonable period. If the case	(66) Every data subject should have the right to lodge a complaint with the European Data Protection Supervisor, and the right to an effective judicial remedy before the Court of Justice of the European Union in accordance with the Treaties, if the data subject considers that his or her rights under this Regulation are infringed or where the European Data Protection Supervisor does not act on a complaint, partially or wholly rejects or dismisses a complaint or does not act where such action is necessary to protect the rights of the data subject. The investigation following a complaint should be carried out, subject to judicial review, to the extent that is appropriate in the specific case. The European Data Protection Supervisor should inform the data subject of the progress and the outcome of the complaint within a reasonable period. If the case	(66) Every data subject should have the right to lodge a complaint with the European Data Protection Supervisor, and the right to an effective judicial remedy before the Court of Justice of the European Union in accordance with the Treaties, if the data subject considers that his or her rights under this Regulation are infringed or where the European Data Protection Supervisor does not act on a complaint, partially or wholly rejects or dismisses a complaint or does not act where such action is necessary to protect the rights of the data subject. The investigation following a complaint should be carried out, subject to judicial review, to the extent that is appropriate in the specific case. The European Data Protection Supervisor should inform the data subject of the progress and the outcome of the complaint within a reasonable period. If the case	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
requires further coordination with a	requires further coordination with a	requires further coordination with a	
national supervisory authority,	national supervisory authority,	national supervisory authority,	
intermediate information should be	intermediate information should be	intermediate information should be	
given to the data subject. In order to	given to the data subject. In order to	given to the data subject. In order to	
facilitate the submission of	facilitate the submission of	facilitate the submission of	
complaints, the European Data	complaints, the European Data	complaints, the European Data	
Protection Supervisor should take	Protection Supervisor should take	Protection Supervisor should take	
measures such as providing a	measures such as providing a	measures such as providing a	
complaint submission form which	complaint submission form which	complaint submission form which	
can also be completed	can also be completed	can also be completed	
electronically, without excluding	electronically, without excluding	electronically, without excluding	
other means of communication.	other means of communication	other means of communication.	
(67) Any person who has suffered	(67) Any person who has suffered	(67) Any person who has suffered	
material or non-material damage as	material or non-material damage as	material or non-material damage as	
a result of an infringement of this	a result of an infringement of this	a result of an infringement of this	
Regulation should have the right to	Regulation should have the right to	Regulation should have the right to	
receive compensation from the	receive compensation from the	receive compensation from the	
controller or processor for the	controller or processor for the	controller or processor for the	
damage suffered, subject to the	damage suffered, subject to the	damage suffered, subject to the	
conditions provided for in the	conditions provided for in the	conditions provided for in the	
Treaty.	Treaty.	Treaty.	



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(68) In order to strengthen the	(68) In order to strengthen the	(68) In order to strengthen the	
supervisory role of the European	supervisory role of the European	supervisory role of the European	
Data Protection Supervisor and the	Data Protection Supervisor and the	Data Protection Supervisor and the	
effective enforcement of this	effective enforcement of this	effective enforcement of this	
Regulation, the European Data	Regulation, the European Data	Regulation, the European Data	
Protection Supervisor should, as a	Protection Supervisor should, as a	Protection Supervisor should, as a	
sanction of last resort, have the	sanction of last resort, have the	sanction of last resort, have the	
power to impose administrative	power to impose administrative	power to impose administrative	
fines. The fines should aim at	fines. The fines should aim at	fines. The fines should aim at	
sanctioning the institution or body –	sanctioning the institution or body –	sanctioning the institution or body –	
rather than individuals – for non-	rather than individuals – for non-	rather than individuals – for non-	
compliance with this Regulation, to	compliance with this Regulation, to	compliance with this Regulation, to	
deter future violations of this	deter future violations of this	deter future violations of this	
Regulation and to foster a culture of	Regulation and to foster a culture of	Regulation and to foster a culture of	
personal data protection within the	personal data protection within the	personal data protection within the	
Union institutions and bodies.	Union institutions and bodies.	Union institutions and bodies.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(69) Where a data subject	(69) Where a data subject	(69) Where a data subject	
considers that his or her rights under	considers that his or her rights under	considers that his or her rights under	
this Regulation are infringed, he or	this Regulation are infringed, he or	this Regulation are infringed, he or	
she should have the right to	she should have the right to	she should have the right to	
mandate a not-for-profit body,	mandate a not-for-profit body,	mandate a not-for-profit body,	
organisation or association which is	organisation or association which is	organisation or association which is	
constituted in accordance with	constituted in accordance with	constituted in accordance with	
Union law or the law of a	Union law or the law of a	Union law or the law of a	
Member State, has statutory	Member State, has statutory	Member State, has statutory	
objectives which are in the public	objectives which are in the public	objectives which are in the public	
interest and is active in the field of	interest and is active in the field of	interest and is active in the field of	
the protection of personal data to	the protection of personal data to	the protection of personal data to	
lodge a complaint on his or her	lodge a complaint on his or her	lodge a complaint on his or her	
behalf with the European Data	behalf with the European Data	behalf with the European Data	
Protection Supervisor. Such a body,	Protection Supervisor. Such a body,	Protection Supervisor. Such a body,	
organisation or association should	organisation or association should	organisation or association should	
also be able to exercise the right to a	also be able to exercise the right to a	also be able to exercise the right to a	
judicial remedy on behalf of data	judicial remedy on behalf of data	judicial remedy on behalf of data	
subjects or exercise the right to	subjects or exercise the right to	subjects or exercise the right to	
receive compensation on behalf of	receive compensation on behalf of	receive compensation on behalf of	
data subjects.	data subjects.	data subjects.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(70) An official or other servant of	(70) An official or other servant of	(70) An official or other servant of	
the Union who fails to comply with	the Union who fails to comply with	the Union who fails to comply with	
the obligations in this Regulation	the obligations in this Regulation	the obligations in this Regulation	
should be liable to disciplinary or	should be liable to disciplinary or	should be liable to disciplinary or	
any other action, in accordance with	any other action, in accordance with	any other action, in accordance with	
the rules and procedures laid down	the rules and procedures laid down	the rules and procedures laid down	
in the Staff Regulations of Officials	in the Staff Regulations of Officials	in the Staff Regulations of Officials	
of the European Union or in the	of the European Union or in the	of the European Union or in the	
Conditions of Employment of Other	Conditions of Employment of Other	Conditions of Employment of Other	
Servants of the European Union.	Servants of the European Union.	Servants of the European Union.	
(71) In order to ensure uniform	(71) In order to ensure uniform	(71) In order to ensure uniform	
conditions for the implementation	conditions for the implementation	conditions for the implementation	
of this Regulation, implementing	of this Regulation, implementing	of this Regulation, implementing	
powers should be conferred on the	powers should be conferred on the	powers should be conferred on the	
Commission when provided for by	Commission when provided for by	Commission when provided for by	
this Regulation. Those powers	this Regulation. Those powers	this Regulation. Those powers	
should be exercised in accordance	should be exercised in accordance	should be exercised in accordance	
with Regulation (EU) No 182/2011	with Regulation (EU) No 182/2011	with Regulation (EU) No 182/2011	
of the European Parliament and the	of the European Parliament and the	of the European Parliament and the	
Council ⁷ . The examination	Council ⁷ . The examination	Council ⁷ . The examination	



Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 February 2011 laying down the rules and general principles concerning mechanisms for control by Member States of the Commission's exercise of implementing powers (OJ L 55, 28.2.2011, p. 13).

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procedure should be used for the	procedure should be used for the	procedure should be used for the	
adoption of standard contractual	adoption of standard contractual	adoption of standard contractual	
clauses between controllers and	clauses between controllers and	clauses between controllers and	
processors and between processors,	processors and between processors,	processors and between processors,	
for the adoption of list of processing	for the adoption of list of processing	for the adoption of list of processing	
operations where prior consultation	operations where prior consultation	operations where prior consultation	
of the European Data Protection	of the European Data Protection	of the European Data Protection	
Supervisor is required by controllers	Supervisor is required by controllers	Supervisor is required by controllers	
processing for the performance of a	processing for the performance of a	processing for the performance of a	
task carried out in the public	task carried out in the public	task carried out in the public	
interest, and for the adoption of	interest, and for the adoption of	interest, and for the adoption of	
standard contractual clauses	standard contractual clauses	standard contractual clauses	
providing appropriate safeguards for	providing appropriate safeguards for	providing appropriate safeguards for	
international transfers.	international transfers.	international transfers.	

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(72) The confidential information	(72) The confidential information	(72) The confidential information	
which the Union and national	which the Union and national	which the Union and national	
statistical authorities collect for the	statistical authorities collect for the	statistical authorities collect for the	
production of official European and	production of official European and	production of official European and	
official national statistics should be	official national statistics should be	official national statistics should be	
protected. European statistics	protected. European statistics	protected. European statistics	
should be developed, produced and	should be developed, produced and	should be developed, produced and	
disseminated in accordance with the	disseminated in accordance with the	disseminated in accordance with the	
statistical principles as set out in	statistical principles as set out in	statistical principles as set out in	
Article 338(2) TFEU. Regulation	Article 338(2) TFEU. Regulation	Article 338(2) TFEU. Regulation	
(EC) No 223/2009 of the European	(EC) No 223/2009 of the European	(EC) No 223/2009 of the European	
Parliament and of the Council ⁸	Parliament and of the Council ⁹	Parliament and of the Council ⁹	
provides further specifications on	provides further specifications on	provides further specifications on	
statistical confidentiality for	statistical confidentiality for	statistical confidentiality for	
European statistics.	European statistics.	European statistics.	
(73) Regulation (EC) No 45/2001	(73) Regulation (EC) No 45/2001	(73) Regulation (EC) No 45/2001	
and Decision No 1247/2002/EC	and Decision No 1247/2002/EC	and Decision No 1247/2002/EC	
should be repealed. The references	should be repealed. The references	should be repealed. The references	
to the repealed Regulation and the	to the repealed Regulation and the	to the repealed Regulation and the	
Decision should be construed as	Decision should be construed as	Decision should be construed as	
references to this Regulation.	references to this Regulation.	references to this Regulation.	

Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 March 2009 on European statistics and repealing Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 1101/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the transmission of data subject to statistical confidentiality to the Statistical Office of the European Communities, Council Regulation (EC) No 322/97 on Community Statistics, and Council Decision 89/382/EEC, Euratom establishing a Committee on the Statistical Programmes of the European Communities (OJ L 87, 31.3.2009, p. 164).

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(74) In order to safeguard the full	(74) In order to safeguard the full	(74) In order to safeguard the full	
independence of the members of the	independence of the members of the	independence of the members of the	
independent supervisory authority,	independent supervisory authority,	independent supervisory authority,	
the terms of office of the current	the terms of office of the current	the terms of office of the current	
European Data Protection	European Data Protection	European Data Protection	
Supervisor and the current Assistant	Supervisor and the current Assistant	Supervisor and the current Assistant	
Supervisor should not be affected	Supervisor should not be affected	Supervisor should not be affected	
by this Regulation. The current	by this Regulation. The current	by this Regulation. The current	
Assistant Supervisor should remain	Assistant Supervisor should remain	Assistant Supervisor should remain	
in place until the end of his term of	in place until the end of his term of	in place until the end of his term of	
office, unless one of the conditions	office, unless one of the conditions	office, unless one of the conditions	
for the premature end of term of the	for the premature end of term of the	for the premature end of term of the	
European Data Protection	European Data Protection	European Data Protection	
Supervisor laid down in this	Supervisor laid down in this	Supervisor laid down in this	
Regulation is met. The relevant	Regulation is met. The relevant	Regulation is met. The relevant	
provisions of this Regulation should	provisions of this Regulation should	provisions of this Regulation should	
apply to the Assistant Supervisor	apply to the Assistant Supervisor	apply to the Assistant Supervisor	
until the end of his term of office.	until the end of his term of office.	until the end of his term of office.	

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(75) In accordance with the	(75) In accordance with the	(75) In accordance with the	
principle of proportionality, it is	principle of proportionality, it is	principle of proportionality, it is	
necessary and appropriate for the	necessary and appropriate for the	necessary and appropriate for the	
achievement of the basic objective	achievement of the basic objective	achievement of the basic objective	
of ensuring an equivalent level of	of ensuring an equivalent level of	of ensuring an equivalent level of	
protection of natural persons and the	protection of natural persons and the	protection of natural persons and the	
free flow of personal data	free flow of personal data	free flow of personal data	
throughout the Union to lay down	throughout the Union to lay down	throughout the Union to lay down	
rules on processing of personal data	rules on processing of personal data	rules on processing of personal data	
in Union institutions and bodies.	in Union institutions and bodies.	in Union institutions and bodies.	
This Regulation does not go beyond	This Regulation does not go beyond	This Regulation does not go beyond	
what is necessary in order to	what is necessary in order to	what is necessary in order to	
achieve the objectives pursued in	achieve the objectives pursued in	achieve the objectives pursued in	
accordance with Article 5(4) of the	accordance with Article 5(4) of the	accordance with Article 5(4) of the	
Treaty on European Union.	Treaty on European Union.	Treaty on European Union.	
(76) The European Data Protection	(76) The European Data Protection	(76) The European Data Protection	
Supervisor was consulted in	Supervisor was consulted in	Supervisor was consulted in	
accordance with Article 28(2) of	accordance with Article 28(2) of	accordance with Article 28(2) of	
Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 and	Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 and	Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 and	
delivered an opinion on	delivered an opinion on	delivered an opinion on	
XX/XX/XXXX.	XX/XX/XXXX.	XX/XX/XXXX.	

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HAVE ADOPTED THIS	HAVE ADOPTED THIS	HAVE ADOPTED THIS	
REGULATION:	REGULATION:	REGULATION:	
CHAPTER I	CHAPTER I	CHAPTER I	
GENERAL	GENERAL	GENERAL	
PROVISIONS	PROVISIONS	PROVISIONS	
Article 1	Article 1	Article 1	
Subject-matter and objectives	Subject-matter and objectives	Subject-matter and objectives	
1. This Regulation lays down	1. This Regulation lays down	1. This Regulation lays down	
rules relating to the protection of	rules relating to the protection of	rules relating to the protection of	
natural persons with regard to the	natural persons with regard to the	natural persons with regard to the	
processing of personal data by the	processing of personal data by the	processing of personal data by the	
Union institutions, bodies, offices	Union institutions, bodies, offices	Union institutions and , bodies,	
and agencies and rules relating to	and agencies and rules relating to	offices and agencies and rules	
the free movement of personal data	the free movement of personal data	relating to the free movement of	



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between themselves or to recipients established in the Union and subject to Regulation (EU) 2016/679 ⁹ or the provisions of national law adopted pursuant to Directive (EU) 2016/680 ¹⁰ .	between themselves or to recipients established in the Union and subject to Regulation (EU) 2016/679 ¹⁰ or the provisions of national law adopted pursuant to Directive (EU) 2016/680 ¹¹ .	personal data between themselves or to other recipients established in the Union and subject to Regulation (EU) 2016/679⁹ or the provisions of national law adopted pursuant to Directive (EU) 2016/680 ¹¹ .	
2. This Regulation protects fundamental rights and freedoms of natural persons and in particular their right to the protection of personal data.	 AM 24 2. This Regulation protects fundamental rights and freedoms of natural persons <i>enshrined in the Charter</i> and in particular their right to the protection of personal data. 	2. This Regulation protects fundamental rights and freedoms of natural persons and in particular their right to the protection of personal data.	 Tentative agreement Commission text: 2. This Regulation protects fundamental rights and freedoms of natural persons and in particular their right to the protection of personal data.



⁹ Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation) (Text with EEA relevance), OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 1–88.

¹⁰ Directive (EU) 2016/680 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by competent authorities for the purposes of the prevention, investigation, detection or prosecution of criminal offences or the execution of criminal penalties, and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Council Framework Decision 2008/977/JHA, OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 89–131.

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3. The European Data Protection	3. The European Data Protection	3. The European Data Protection	
Supervisor ('EDPS') shall monitor	Supervisor ('EDPS') shall monitor	Supervisor ('EDPS') shall monitor	
the application of the provisions of	the application of the provisions of	the application of the provisions of	
this Regulation to all processing	this Regulation to all processing	this Regulation to all processing	
operations carried out by a Union	operations carried out by a Union	operations carried out by a Union	
institution or body.	institution or body.	institution or body.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 2	Article 2	Article 2	
Scope	Scope	Scope	
1. This Regulation applies to the processing of personal data by all Union institutions and bodies insofar as such processing is carried out in the exercise of activities which fall, wholly or partially within the scope of Union law.	AM 25 1. This Regulation applies to the processing of personal data by all Union institutions and bodies insofar as such processing is carried out in the exercise of activities which fall, wholly or partially within the scope of Union law.	1. This Regulation applies to the processing of personal data by all Union institutions and bodies insofar as such processing is carried out in the exercise of activities which fall, wholly or partially within the scope of Union law.	
		1a. This Regulation shall not apply to the processing of operational personal data by Union bodies, offices or agencies carrying out activities which fall within the scope of Chapter 4 or Chapter 5 of Title V of Part Three of the TFEU where the acts establishing those bodies, offices or agencies provide for comprehensive rules relating to the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of their data.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
		 1aa. This Regulation shall not apply to the processing of personal data by missions referred to in Articles 42(1), and 43 and 44 of the TEU. 	
2. This Regulation shall apply to the processing of personal data, wholly or partially by automated means, and to the processing otherwise than by automated means of personal data which form part of a filing system or are intended to form part of a filing system.	2. This Regulation shall apply to the processing of personal data, wholly or partially by automated means, and to the processing otherwise than by automated means of personal data which form part of a filing system or are intended to form part of a filing system.	2. This Regulation shall apply to the processing of personal data, wholly or partially by automated means, and to the processing otherwise than by automated means of personal data which form part of a filing system or are intended to form part of a filing system.	
	AM 26 2a. This Regulation shall also apply to Union agencies carrying out activities which fall within the scope of Chapters 4 and 5 of Title V of Part Three TFEU, including where the founding acts of these Union agencies lay down a stand-alone data protection regime for the processing of operational personal data. Provisions relating to specific processing of operational personal data contained in the founding acts of these agencies may particularise and complement the application of this Regulation.		



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 3	Article 3	Article 3	
Definitions	Definitions	Definitions	
1. For the purposes of this Regulation, the following definitions shall apply:	1. For the purposes of this Regulation, the following definitions shall apply:	1. For the purposes of this Regulation, the following definitions shall apply:	
(a) the definitions in Regulation (EU) 2016/679, with the exception of the definition of 'controller' in point (7) of Article 4 of that Regulation;	AM 27 (a) the definitions in Regulation (EU) 2016/679, with the exception of the definition of 'controller' in point (7), 'main establishment' in point (16), 'enterprise' in point (18), 'group of undertaking' in point (19) of Article 4 of that Regulation; the definition of 'electronic communication' in point (a) of Article 4(2) of Regulation (EU) XX/XXXX [ePrivacy Regulation];	 (a) the definitions in Regulation (EU) 2016/679, with the exception of the definition of 'controller' in point (7) of Article 4 of that Regulation; 	Tentative agreement Commission text: (a) the definitions in Regulation (EU) 2016/679, with the exception of the definition of 'controller' in point (7) of Article 4 of that Regulation;



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(b) the definition of 'electronic communication' in point (a) of Article 4(2) of Regulation (EU) XX/XXXX [ePrivacy Regulation];	(b) the definition of 'electronic communication' in point (a) of Article 4(2) of Regulation (EU) XX/XXXX [ePrivacy Regulation];	(b) the definition of 'electronic communications data ' in point (a) of Article 4(3) of Regulation (EU) XX/XXXX [ePrivacy Regulation];	Tentatively agreed to delete. Part of package on confidentiatliy <i>Deletion</i>
 (c) the definitions of 'electronic communication network' and 'enduser' in points (1) and (14) of Article 2 of Directive 00/0000/EU [Directive establishing the European Electronic Communications Code] respectively; 	 (c) the definitions of 'electronic communication network' and 'end-user' in points (1) and (14) of Article 2 of Directive 00/0000/EU [Directive establishing the European Electronic Communications Code] respectively; 	 (c) the definitions of 'electronic communications network' and 'enduser' in points (1) and (14) of Article 2 of Directive 00/0000/EU [Directive establishing the European Electronic Communications Code] respectively; 	Tentatively agreed to delete. Part of package on confidentiatliy <i>Deletion</i>
(d) the definition of 'terminal equipment' in point (1) of Article 1 of Commission Directive $2008/63/EC^{11}$.	(d) the definition of 'terminal equipment' in point (1) of Article 1 of Commission Directive $2008/63/EC^{12}$.	(d) the definition of 'terminal equipment' in point (1) of Article 1 of Commission Directive 2008/63/EC ¹¹ .	

¹¹ Commission Directive 2008/63/EC of 20 June 2008 on competition in the markets in telecommunications terminal equipment (OJ L 162 21.06.2008 p. 20).

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
2. In addition, for the purposes of this Regulation the following definitions shall apply:	2. In addition, for the purposes of this Regulation the following definitions shall apply:	2. In addition, for the purposes of this Regulation the following definitions shall apply:	
(a) 'Union institutions and bodies' means the Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies set up by, or on the basis of, the Treaty on European Union, the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union or the Euroatom Treaty;	(a) 'Union institutions and bodies' means the Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies set up by, or on the basis of, the Treaty on European Union, the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union or the Euroatom Treaty;	(a) 'Union institutions and bodies' means the Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies set up by, or on the basis of, the Treaty on European Union, the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union or the Euroatom Treaty;	
		(aa) 'Operational personal data' means personal data processed by Union bodies, offices or agencies carrying out activities which fall within the scope of Chapter 4 or Chapter 5 of Title V of Part Three of the TFEU to meet the objectives laid down in the acts establishing these bodies, offices or agencies;	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(b) 'controller' means the Union	(b) 'controller' means the Union	(b) 'Controller' means the Union	
institution, body, office or agency or	institution, body, office or agency or	institution, body, office or agency or	
the Directorate- General or any	the Directorate- General or any	the Directorate- General or any	
other organisational entity which,	other organisational entity which,	other organisational entity which,	
alone or jointly with others,	alone or jointly with others,	alone or jointly with others,	
determines the purposes and means	determines the purposes and means	determines the purposes and means	
of the processing of personal data;	of the processing of personal data;	of the processing of personal data;	
where the purposes and means of	where the purposes and means of	where the purposes and means of	
processing are determined by a	processing are determined by a	processing are determined by a	
specific Union act, the controller or	specific Union act, the controller or	specific Union act, the controller or	
the specific criteria for its	the specific criteria for its	the specific criteria for its	
nomination can be provided for by	nomination can be provided for by	nomination can be provided for by	
Union law.	Union law.	Union law;	
		(ba) 'Controllers other than Union institutions and bodies' means controllers within the meaning of Article 4(7) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and controllers within the meaning of Article 3(8) of Directive (EU) 2016/ 680;	Tentative agreement CNS text: (ba) 'Controllers other than Union institutions and bodies' means controllers within the meaning of Article 4(7) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and controllers within the meaning of Article 3(8) of Directive (EU) 2016/ 680;
(c) 'user' means any natural	(c) 'user' means any natural	(c) 'user' means any natural	
person using a network or terminal	person using a network or terminal	person using a network or terminal	
equipment operated under the	equipment operated under the	equipment operated under the	
control of a Union institution or	control of a Union institution or	control of a Union institution or	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
body;	body;	body;	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(d) 'directory' means a publicly available directory of users or an internal directory of users available within a Union institution or body or shared between Union institutions and bodies, whether in printed or electronic form.	(d) 'directory' means a publicly available directory of users or an internal directory of users available within a Union institution or body or shared between Union institutions and bodies, whether in printed or electronic form.	(d) 'directory' means a publicly available directory of users or an internal directory of users available within a Union institution or body or shared between Union institutions and bodies, whether in printed or electronic form.	
	AM 28 (da) 'operational personal data' means personal data processed by the Union agencies established on the basis of Chapters 4 and 5 of Title V of Part Three TFEU and by the missions referred to in Article 42(1), 43 and 44 TEU, for the purposes of meeting the objectives laid down in acts establishing those agencies or missions.		
			Tentatively agreed (telecommunications code definition). Part of package on confidentiatly (da) 'electronic communications network' means a transmission system, whether or not based on a permanent infrastructure or



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
			centralised administration capacity, and, where applicable, switching or routing equipment and other resources, including network elements which are not active, which permit the conveyance of signals by wire, radio, optical or other electromagnetic means, including satellite networks, fixed (circuit - and packet - switched including Internet) and mobile terrestrial networks, electricity cable systems, to the extent that they are used for the purpose of transmitting signals, networks used for radio and television broadcasting, and cable television networks, irrespective of the type of information conveyed.

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
CHAPTER I	CHAPTER I	CHAPTER I	
GENERAL PRINCIPLES	GENERAL PRINCIPLES	GENERAL PRINCIPLES	
Article 4	Article 4	Article 4	
Principles relating to processing of personal data	Principles relating to processing of personal data	Principles relating to processing of personal data	
1. Personal data must be:	 AM 29 1. Personal data must <i>shall</i> be: 	1. Personal data must be:	Tentative agreement EP text: 1. Personal data must <i>shall</i> be:
(a) processed lawfully, fairly and in a transparent manner in relation to the data subject ('lawfulness, fairness and transparency');	(a) processed lawfully, fairly and in a transparent manner in relation to the data subject ('lawfulness, fairness and transparency');	(a) processed lawfully, fairly and in a transparent manner in relation to the data subject ('lawfulness, fairness and transparency');	
(b) collected for specified, explicit and legitimate purposes and not further processed in a manner that is incompatible with those purposes; further processing for archiving purposes in the public interest, scientific or historical research purposes or statistical purposes shall, in accordance with Article 13, not be considered to be incompatible with the initial purposes ('purpose	(b) collected for specified, explicit and legitimate purposes and not further processed in a manner that is incompatible with those purposes; further processing for archiving purposes in the public interest, scientific or historical research purposes or statistical purposes shall, in accordance with Article 13, not be considered to be incompatible with the initial purposes ('purpose	(b) collected for specified, explicit and legitimate purposes and not further processed in a manner that is incompatible with those purposes; further processing for archiving purposes in the public interest, scientific or historical research purposes or statistical purposes shall, in accordance with Article 13, not be considered to be incompatible with the initial purposes ('purpose	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
limitation');	limitation');	limitation');	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(c) adequate, relevant and limited to what is necessary in relation to the purposes for which they are processed ('data minimisation');	(c) adequate, relevant and limited to what is necessary in relation to the purposes for which they are processed ('data minimisation');	(c) adequate, relevant and limited to what is necessary in relation to the purposes for which they are processed ('data minimisation');	
(d) accurate and, where necessary, kept up to date; every reasonable step must be taken to ensure that data which are inaccurate or incomplete, having regard to the purposes for which they were collected or for which they are further processed, are erased or rectified without delay ('accuracy');	AM 30 (d) accurate and, where necessary, kept up to date; every reasonable step must be taken to ensure that data which personal data that are inaccurate or incomplete, having regard to the purposes for which they were collected or for which they are further are processed, are erased or rectified without delay ('accuracy');	(d) accurate and, where necessary, kept up to date; every reasonable step must be taken to ensure that personal data which are inaccurate or incomplete, having regard to the purposes for which they were collected or for which they are further processed, are erased or rectified without delay ('accuracy');	Tentative agreement EP text: (d) accurate and, where necessary, kept up to date; every reasonable step must be taken to ensure that <i>personal data that</i> are inaccurate, having regard to the purposes for which they <i>are</i> processed, are erased or rectified without delay ('accuracy');

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(e) kept in a form which permits	(e) kept in a form which permits	(e) kept in a form which permits	
identification of data subjects for no	identification of data subjects for no	identification of data subjects for no	
longer than is necessary for the	longer than is necessary for the	longer than is necessary for the	
purposes for which the personal	purposes for which the personal	purposes for which the personal	
data are processed; personal data	data are processed; personal data	data are processed; personal data	
may be stored for longer periods	may be stored for longer periods	may be stored for longer periods	
insofar as the personal data will be	insofar as the personal data will be	insofar as the personal data will be	
processed solely for archiving	processed solely for archiving	processed solely for archiving	
purposes in the public interest,	purposes in the public interest,	purposes in the public interest,	
scientific or historical research	scientific or historical research	scientific or historical research	
purposes or statistical purposes in	purposes or statistical purposes in	purposes or statistical purposes in	
accordance with Article 13 subject	accordance with Article 13 subject	accordance with Article 13 subject	
to implementation of the	to implementation of the	to implementation of the	
appropriate technical and	appropriate technical and	appropriate technical and	
organisational measures required by	organisational measures required by	organisational measures required by	
this Regulation in order to safeguard	this Regulation in order to safeguard	this Regulation in order to safeguard	
the rights and freedoms of the data	the rights and freedoms of the data	the rights and freedoms of the data	
subject ('storage limitation');	subject ('storage limitation');	subject ('storage limitation');	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(f) processed in a manner that ensures appropriate security of the personal data, including protection against unauthorised or unlawful processing and against accidental loss, destruction or damage, using appropriate technical or organisational measures ('integrity and confidentiality').	(f) processed in a manner that ensures appropriate security of the personal data, including protection against unauthorised or unlawful processing and against accidental loss, destruction or damage, using appropriate technical or organisational measures ('integrity and confidentiality').	(f) processed in a manner that ensures appropriate security of the personal data, including protection against unauthorised or unlawful processing and against accidental loss, destruction or damage, using appropriate technical or organisational measures ('integrity and confidentiality').	
2. The controller shall be responsible for, and be able to demonstrate compliance with, paragraph 1 ('accountability').	2. The controller shall be responsible for, and be able to demonstrate compliance with, paragraph 1 ('accountability').	2. The controller shall be responsible for, and be able to demonstrate compliance with, paragraph 1 ('accountability').	
Article 5	Article 5	Article 5	
Lawfulness of processing	Lawfulness of processing	Lawfulness of processing	
1. Processing shall be lawful only if and to the extent that at least one of the following applies:	1. Processing shall be lawful only if and to the extent that at least one of the following applies:	1. Processing shall be lawful only if and to the extent that at least one of the following applies:	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(a) processing is necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest on the basis or in the exercise of official authority vested in the Union institution or body;	(a) processing is necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest on the basis or in the exercise of official authority vested in the Union institution or body;	(a) processing is necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest on the basis or in the exercise of official authority vested in the Union institution or body;	Tentative agreement CNS text: (a) processing is necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest on the basis or in the exercise of official authority vested in the Union institution or body;
(b) processing is necessary for	(b) processing is necessary for	(b) processing is necessary for	
compliance with a legal obligation	compliance with a legal obligation	compliance with a legal obligation	
to which the controller is subject;	to which the controller is subject;	to which the controller is subject;	
(c) processing is necessary for the	(c) processing is necessary for the	(c) processing is necessary for the	
performance of a contract to which	performance of a contract to which	performance of a contract to which	
the data subject is party or in order	the data subject is party or in order	the data subject is party or in order	
to take steps at the request of the	to take steps at the request of the	to take steps at the request of the	
data subject prior to entering into a	data subject prior to entering into a	data subject prior to entering into a	
contract;	contract;	contract;	
(d) the data subject has given	(d) the data subject has given	(d) the data subject has given	
consent to the processing of his or	consent to the processing of his or	consent to the processing of his or	
her personal data for one or more	her personal data for one or more	her personal data for one or more	
specific purposes;	specific purposes;	specific purposes;	
(e) processing is necessary in	(e) processing is necessary in	(e) processing is necessary in	
order to protect the vital interests of	order to protect the vital interests of	order to protect the vital interests of	
the data subject or of another	the data subject or of another	the data subject or of another	
natural person.	natural person.	natural person.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
2. The tasks referred to in point (a) of paragraph 1 shall be laid down in Union law.	AM 31 2. The tasks referred to in point (a) of paragraph 1 shall be laid down in Union law. The basis for the processing referred to in point (b) of paragraph 1 shall be laid down in Union or Member State law to which the controller is subject.	 2. The basis for the processing tasks referred to in points (a) and (b) of paragraph 1 shall be laid down in Union law. 	Tentatively agreed CNS text 2. The basis for the processing tasks referred to in points (a) and (b) of paragraph 1 shall be laid down in Union law.
Article 6	Article 6	Article 6	
Processing for another compatible purpose	Processing for another compatible purpose	Processing for another compatible purpose	
Where the processing for a purpose other than that for which the personal data have been collected is not based on the data subject's consent or on Union law which constitutes a necessary and proportionate measure in a democratic society to safeguard the objectives referred to in Article 25(1), the controller shall, in order to ascertain whether processing for another purpose is compatible with the purpose for which the personal data are initially collected, take into account, inter alia:	Where the processing for a purpose other than that for which the personal data have been collected is not based on the data subject's consent or on Union law which constitutes a necessary and proportionate measure in a democratic society to safeguard the objectives referred to in Article 25(1), the controller shall, in order to ascertain whether processing for another purpose is compatible with the purpose for which the personal data are initially collected, take into account, inter alia:	Where the processing for a purpose other than that for which the personal data have been collected is not based on the data subject's consent or on Union law which constitutes a necessary and proportionate measure in a democratic society to safeguard the objectives referred to in Article 25(1), the controller shall, in order to ascertain whether processing for another purpose is compatible with the purpose for which the personal data are initially collected, take into account, inter alia:	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(a) any link between the purposes	(a) any link between the purposes	(a) any link between the purposes	
for which the personal data have	for which the personal data have	for which the personal data have	
been collected and the purposes of	been collected and the purposes of	been collected and the purposes of	
the intended further processing;	the intended further processing;	the intended further processing;	
(b) the context in which the	(b) the context in which the	(b) the context in which the	
personal data have been collected,	personal data have been collected,	personal data have been collected,	
in particular regarding the	in particular regarding the	in particular regarding the	
relationship between data subjects	relationship between data subjects	relationship between data subjects	
and the controller;	and the controller;	and the controller;	
(c) the nature of the personal	(c) the nature of the personal	(c) the nature of the personal	
data, in particular whether special	data, in particular whether special	data, in particular whether special	
categories of personal data are	categories of personal data are	categories of personal data are	
processed, pursuant to Article 10, or	processed, pursuant to Article 10, or	processed, pursuant to Article 10, or	
whether personal data related to	whether personal data related to	whether personal data related to	
criminal convictions and offences	criminal convictions and offences	criminal convictions and offences	
are processed, pursuant to Article	are processed, pursuant to Article	are processed, pursuant to Article	
11;	11;	11;	
(d) the possible consequences of	(d) the possible consequences of	(d) the possible consequences of	
the intended further processing for	the intended further processing for	the intended further processing for	
data subjects;	data subjects;	data subjects;	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(e) the existence of appropriate safeguards, which may include encryption or pseudonymisation.	(e) the existence of appropriate safeguards, which may include encryption or pseudonymisation.	(e) the existence of appropriate safeguards, which may include encryption or pseudonymisation.	
Article 7	Article 7	Article 7	
Conditions for consent	Conditions for consent	Conditions for consent	
1. Where processing is based on consent, the controller shall be able to demonstrate that the data subject has consented to processing of his or her personal data.	1. Where processing is based on consent, the controller shall be able to demonstrate that the data subject has consented to processing of his or her personal data.	1. Where processing is based on consent, the controller shall be able to demonstrate that the data subject has consented to processing of his or her personal data.	
2. If the data subject's consent is given in the context of a written declaration which also concerns other matters, the request for consent shall be presented in a manner which is clearly distinguishable from the other matters, in an intelligible and easily accessible form, using clear and plain language. Any part of such a declaration which constitutes an infringement of this Regulation shall not be binding.	2. If the data subject's consent is given in the context of a written declaration which also concerns other matters, the request for consent shall be presented in a manner which is clearly distinguishable from the other matters, in an intelligible and easily accessible form, using clear and plain language. Any part of such a declaration which constitutes an infringement of this Regulation shall not be binding.	2. If the data subject's consent is given in the context of a written declaration which also concerns other matters, the request for consent shall be presented in a manner which is clearly distinguishable from the other matters, in an intelligible and easily accessible form, using clear and plain language. Any part of such a declaration which constitutes an infringement of this Regulation shall not be binding.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
3. The data subject shall have	3. The data subject shall have	3. The data subject shall have	
the right to withdraw his or her	the right to withdraw his or her	the right to withdraw his or her	
consent at any time. The withdrawal	consent at any time. The withdrawal	consent at any time. The withdrawal	
of consent shall not affect the	of consent shall not affect the	of consent shall not affect the	
lawfulness of processing based on	lawfulness of processing based on	lawfulness of processing based on	
consent before its withdrawal. Prior	consent before its withdrawal. Prior	consent before its withdrawal. Prior	
to giving consent, the data subject	to giving consent, the data subject	to giving consent, the data subject	
shall be informed thereof. It shall be	shall be informed thereof. It shall be	shall be informed thereof. It shall be	
as easy to withdraw as to give	as easy to withdraw as to give	as easy to withdraw as to give	
consent.	consent.	consent.	
4. When assessing whether	4. When assessing whether	4. When assessing whether	
consent is freely given, utmost	consent is freely given, utmost	consent is freely given, utmost	
account shall be taken of	account shall be taken of	account shall be taken of	
whether, <i>inter alia</i> , the performance	whether, <i>inter alia</i> , the performance	whether, <i>inter alia</i> , the performance	
of a contract, including the	of a contract, including the	of a contract, including the	
provision of a service, is conditional	provision of a service, is conditional	provision of a service, is conditional	
on consent to the processing of	on consent to the processing of	on consent to the processing of	
personal data that is not necessary	personal data that is not necessary	personal data that is not necessary	
for the performance of that contract.	for the performance of that contract.	for the performance of that contract.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 8	Article 8	Article 8	
Conditions applicable to children's consent in relation to information society services	AM 32 Conditions applicable to <i>children's</i> <i>a child's</i> consent in relation to information society services	Conditions applicable to children's consent in relation to information society services	Tentative agreement EP text: Conditions applicable to <i>children's a child's</i> consent in relation to information society services
1. Where point (d) of Article 5(1) applies, in relation to the offer of information society services directly to a child, the processing of the personal data of a child shall be lawful where the child is at least 13 years old. Where the child is below the age of 13 years, such processing shall be lawful only if and to the extent that consent is given or authorised by the holder of parental responsibility over the child.	1. Where point (d) of Article 5(1) applies, in relation to the offer of information society services directly to a child, the processing of the personal data of a child shall be lawful where the child is at least 13 years old. Where the child is below the age of 13 years, such processing shall be lawful only if and to the extent that consent is given or authorised by the holder of parental responsibility over the child.	1. Where point (d) of Article 5(1) applies, in relation to the offer of information society services directly to a child, the processing of the personal data of a child shall be lawful where the child is at least 13 years old. Where the child is below the age of 13 years, such processing shall be lawful only if and to the extent that consent is given or authorised by the holder of parental responsibility over the child.	
2. The controller shall make reasonable efforts to verify in such cases that consent is given or authorised by the holder of parental responsibility over the child, taking into consideration available technology.	2. The controller shall make reasonable efforts to verify in such cases that consent is given or authorised by the holder of parental responsibility over the child, taking into consideration available technology.	2. The controller shall make reasonable efforts to verify in such cases that consent is given or authorised by the holder of parental responsibility over the child, taking into consideration available technology.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
3. Paragraph 1 shall not affect the general contract law of Member States such as the rules on the validity, formation or effect of a contract in relation to a child.	3. Paragraph 1 shall not affect the general contract law of Member States such as the rules on the validity, formation or effect of a contract in relation to a child.	3. Paragraph 1 shall not affect the general contract law of Member States such as the rules on the validity, formation or effect of a contract in relation to a child.	
	AM 33 Article 8a		If AM 33 accepted, title to be modified "Transfer of personal data within and between Union institutions and bodies"
	Transfer of personal data between Union institutions and bodies		
	Without prejudice to Articles 4, 5, 6 and 10:		
	1. Personal data shall only be transferred within or to other Union institutions or bodies if the data are necessary for the legitimate performance of tasks covered by the competence of the recipient.		

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	 2. Where the data are transferred following a request from the recipient, both the controller and the recipient shall bear the responsibility for the legitimacy of this transfer. The controller shall be required to verify the competence of the recipient and to make a provisional evaluation of the necessity for the transfer of the data. If doubts arise as to this necessity, the controller shall seek further information from the recipient. 		
	The recipient shall ensure that the necessity for the transfer of the data can be subsequently verified.		
	3. The recipient shall process the personal data only for the purposes for which they were transmitted		

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 9	Article 9	Article 9	Article 9
Transmissions of personal data to recipients, other than Union institutions and bodies, established in the Union and subject to Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or Directive (EU) 2016/680	Transmissions of personal data to recipients, other than Union institutions and bodies, established in the Union and subject to Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or Directive (EU) 2016/680	Transmissions of personal data to recipients, other than Union institutions and bodies, established in the Union and subject to Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or Directive (EU) 2016/680	Tentatively agreed text Transmissions of personal data to recipients, other than Union institutions and bodies, established in the Union
1. Without prejudice to Articles 4, 5, 6 and 10, personal data shall only be transmitted to recipients established in the Union and subject to Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or to the national law adopted pursuant to Directive (EU) 2016/680, if the recipient establishes:	AM 34 1. Without prejudice to Articles 4, 5, 6 and 10, 10, 14, 15(3) and 16(4), personal data shall only be transmitted to recipients established in the Union and subject to Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or to the national law adopted pursuant to Directive (EU) 2016/680, if the recipient controller establishes, on the basis of a reasoned request by the recipient:	 Without prejudice to Articles 4, 5, 6 and 10, personal data shall only be transmitted to recipients, other than Union institutions and bodies, established in the Union and subject to Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or to the national law adopted pursuant to Directive (EU) 2016/680, if the recipient establishes: 	Linked to Rec (22) and Article 70a GA. Open issue.

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(a) that the data are necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or subject to the exercise of official authority, or	(a) that the data are necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or subject to the exercise of official authority, or	(a) that the data are necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in subject to the exercise of official authority vested in the recipient , or	
(b) that it is necessary to have the data transmitted, it is proportionate to the purposes of the transmission and if there is no reason to assume that the data subject's rights and freedoms and legitimate interests might be prejudiced.	AM 35 (b) that it is to have the data transmitted, it is proportionate to the purposes of the transmission proportionate and necessary for the purpose of serving a public interest such as transparency or good administration and, if there is any reason to assume that the data subject's rights and freedoms and legitimate interests might be prejudiced-, after having demonstrably weighed the various competing interests;	(b) that it is necessary to have the data transmitted, it is proportionate to the purposes of the transmission and if there is no reason to assume that the data subject's rights and freedoms and legitimate interests might be prejudiced.	Open issue (+ align the reference in recital 22)

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
2. Where the transmission under this Article takes place on the initiative of the controller, the controller shall demonstrate that the transmission of personal data is necessary and proportionate to the purposes of the transmission, by applying the criteria laid down in points (a) or (b) of paragraph 1.	2. Where the transmission under this Article takes place on the initiative of the controller, the controller shall demonstrate that the transmission of personal data is necessary and proportionate to the purposes of the transmission, by applying the criteria laid down in points (a) or (b) of paragraph 1.	2. Where the transmission under this Article takes place on the initiative of the controller, the controller shall demonstrate that the transmission of personal data is necessary and proportionate to the purposes of the transmission, by applying the criteria laid down in points (a) or (b) of paragraph 1.	
Article 10	Article 10	Article 10	
Processing of special categories of personal data	Processing of special categories of personal data	Processing of special categories of personal data	
1. Processing of personal data revealing racial or ethnic origin, political opinions, religious or philosophical beliefs, or trade-union membership, and the processing of genetic data, biometric data for the purpose of uniquely identifying a natural person, data concerning health or data concerning a natural person's sex life or sexual orientation shall be prohibited.	1. Processing of personal data revealing racial or ethnic origin, political opinions, religious or philosophical beliefs, or trade-union membership, and the processing of genetic data, biometric data for the purpose of uniquely identifying a natural person, data concerning health or data concerning a natural person's sex life or sexual orientation shall be prohibited.	1. Processing of personal data revealing racial or ethnic origin, political opinions, religious or philosophical beliefs, or trade-union membership, and the processing of genetic data, biometric data for the purpose of uniquely identifying a natural person, data concerning health or data concerning a natural person's sex life or sexual orientation shall be prohibited.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
2. Paragraph 1 shall not apply if one of the following applies:	2. Paragraph 1 shall not apply if one of the following applies:	2. Paragraph 1 shall not apply if one of the following applies:	
(a) the data subject has given explicit consent to the processing of those data for one or more specified purposes, except where Union law provides that the prohibition referred to in paragraph 1 may not be lifted by the data subject, or	AM 36 (a) the data subject has given explicit consent to the processing of those <i>personal</i> data for one or more specified purposes, except where Union law provides that the prohibition referred to in paragraph 1 may not be lifted by the data subject, or	(a) the data subject has given explicit consent to the processing of those data for one or more specified purposes, except where Union law provides that the prohibition referred to in paragraph 1 may not be lifted by the data subject, or	Tentative agreement EP text: (a) the data subject has given explicit consent to the processing of those <i>personal</i> data for one or more specified purposes, except where Union law provides that the prohibition referred to in paragraph 1 may not be lifted by the data subject, or
(b) processing is necessary for the purposes of carrying out the obligations and exercising specific rights of the controller or of the data subject in the field of employment and social security and social protection law insofar as it is authorised by Union law providing for appropriate safeguards for the fundamental rights and the interests of the data subject, or	(b) processing is necessary for the purposes of carrying out the obligations and exercising specific rights of the controller or of the data subject in the field of employment and social security and social protection law insofar as it is authorised by Union law providing for appropriate safeguards for the fundamental rights and the interests of the data subject, or	(b) processing is necessary for the purposes of carrying out the obligations and exercising specific rights of the controller or of the data subject in the field of employment and social security and social protection law insofar as it is authorised by Union law providing for appropriate safeguards for the fundamental rights and the interests of the data subject, or	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(c) processing is necessary to protect the vital interests of the data subject or of another person where the data subject is physically or legally incapable of giving consent,	(c) processing is necessary to protect the vital interests of the data subject or of another person where the data subject is physically or legally incapable of giving consent,	(c) processing is necessary to protect the vital interests of the data subject or of another person where the data subject is physically or legally incapable of giving consent,	
(d) processing is carried out in the course of its legitimate activities with appropriate safeguards by a non-profit-seeking body which constitutes an entity integrated in a Union institution or body and with a political, philosophical, religious or trade-union aim and on condition that the processing relates solely to the members or to former members of this body or to persons who have regular contact with it in connection with its purposes and that the data are not disclosed outside that body without the consent of the data subjects;	(d) processing is carried out in the course of its legitimate activities with appropriate safeguards by a non-profit-seeking body which constitutes an entity integrated in a Union institution or body and with a political, philosophical, religious or trade-union aim and on condition that the processing relates solely to the members or to former members of this body or to persons who have regular contact with it in connection with its purposes and that the data are not disclosed outside that body without the consent of the data subjects;	(d) processing is carried out in the course of its legitimate activities with appropriate safeguards by a non-profit-seeking body which constitutes an entity integrated in a Union institution or body and with a political, philosophical, religious or trade-union aim and on condition that the processing relates solely to the members or to former members of this body or to persons who have regular contact with it in connection with its purposes and that the data are not disclosed outside that body without the consent of the data subjects;	
(e) processing relates to data which are manifestly made public by the data subject;	(e) processing relates to data which are manifestly made public by the data subject;	(e) processing relates to personal data which are manifestly made public by the data subject;	 Tenative agreement CNS text: (e) processing relates to personal data which are manifestly made public by the data subject;



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(f) processing is necessary for the	(f) processing is necessary for the	(f) processing is necessary for the	
establishment, exercise or defence	establishment, exercise or defence	establishment, exercise or defence	
of legal claims or whenever the	of legal claims or whenever the	of legal claims or whenever the	
Court of Justice of the European	Court of Justice of the European	Court of Justice of the European	
Union is acting in its judicial	Union is acting in its judicial	Union is acting in its judicial	
capacity, or	capacity, or	capacity, or	
(g) processing is necessary for	(g) processing is necessary for	(g) processing is necessary for	
reasons of substantial public	reasons of substantial public	reasons of substantial public	
interest, on the basis of Union law	interest, on the basis of Union law	interest, on the basis of Union law	
which shall be proportionate to the	which shall be proportionate to the	which shall be proportionate to the	
aim pursued, respect the essence of	aim pursued, respect the essence of	aim pursued, respect the essence of	
the right to data protection and	the right to data protection and	the right to data protection and	
provide for suitable and specific	provide for suitable and specific	provide for suitable and specific	
measures to safeguard the	measures to safeguard the	measures to safeguard the	
fundamental rights and the interests	fundamental rights and the interests	fundamental rights and the interests	
of the data subject;	of the data subject;	of the data subject;	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
 (h) processing is necessary for the purposes of preventive or occupational medicine, for the assessment of the working capacity of the employee, medical diagnosis, the provision of health or social care or treatment or the management of health or social care systems and services on the basis of Union law or pursuant to contract with a health professional and subject to the conditions and safeguards referred to in paragraph 3; 	(h) processing is necessary for the purposes of preventive or occupational medicine, for the assessment of the working capacity of the employee, medical diagnosis, the provision of health or social care or treatment or the management of health or social care systems and services on the basis of Union law or pursuant to contract with a health professional and subject to the conditions and safeguards referred to in paragraph 3;	(h) processing is necessary for the purposes of preventive or occupational medicine, for the assessment of the working capacity of the employee, medical diagnosis, the provision of health or social care or treatment or the management of health or social care systems and services on the basis of Union law or pursuant to contract with a health professional and subject to the conditions and safeguards referred to in paragraph 3;	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
 (i) processing is necessary for	(i) processing is necessary for	(i) processing is necessary for	
reasons of public interest in the area	reasons of public interest in the area	reasons of public interest in the area	
of public health, such as protecting	of public health, such as protecting	of public health, such as protecting	
against serious cross-border threats	against serious cross-border threats	against serious cross-border threats	
to health or ensuring high standards	to health or ensuring high standards	to health or ensuring high standards	
of quality and safety of health care	of quality and safety of health care	of quality and safety of health care	
and of medicinal products or	and of medicinal products or	and of medicinal products or	
medical devices, on the basis of	medical devices, on the basis of	medical devices, on the basis of	
Union law which provides for	Union law which provides for	Union law which provides for	
suitable and specific measures to	suitable and specific measures to	suitable and specific measures to	
safeguard the rights and freedoms of	safeguard the rights and freedoms of	safeguard the rights and freedoms of	
the data subject, in particular	the data subject, in particular	the data subject, in particular	
professional secrecy;	professional secrecy;	professional secrecy;	
(j) processing is necessary for	(j) processing is necessary for	(j) processing is necessary for	
archiving purposes in the public	archiving purposes in the public	archiving purposes in the public	
interest, scientific or historical	interest, scientific or historical	interest, scientific or historical	
research purposes or statistical	research purposes or statistical	research purposes or statistical	
purposes based on Union law which	purposes based on Union law which	purposes based on Union law which	
shall be proportionate to the aim	shall be proportionate to the aim	shall be proportionate to the aim	
pursued, respect the essence of the	pursued, respect the essence of the	pursued, respect the essence of the	
right to data protection and provide	right to data protection and provide	right to data protection and provide	
for suitable and specific measures to	for suitable and specific measures to	for suitable and specific measures to	
safeguard the fundamental rights	safeguard the fundamental rights	safeguard the fundamental rights	
and the interests of the data subject.	and the interests of the data subject.	and the interests of the data subject.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
3. Personal data referred to in paragraph 1 may be processed for the purposes referred to in point (h) of paragraph 2 when those data are processed by or under the responsibility of a professional subject to the obligation of professional secrecy under Union law.	AM 37 3. Personal data referred to in paragraph 1 may be processed for the purposes referred to in point (h) of paragraph 2 when those data are processed by or under the responsibility of a professional subject to the obligation of professional secrecy under Union law-or Member State law or rules <i>established by national competent</i> <i>bodies, or by another person also</i> <i>subject to an obligation of secrecy</i> <i>under Union or Member State law</i> <i>or rules established by national</i> <i>competent bodies.</i>	3. Personal data referred to in paragraph 1 may be processed for the purposes referred to in point (h) of paragraph 2 when those data are processed by or under the responsibility of a professional subject to the obligation of professional secrecy under Union law.	Tentative agreement EP text: 3. Personal data referred to in paragraph 1 may be processed for the purposes referred to in point (h) of paragraph 2 when those data are processed by or under the responsibility of a professional subject to the obligation of professional secrecy under Union law or Member State law or rules <i>established by national competent</i> <i>bodies, or by another person also</i> <i>subject to an obligation of secrecy</i> <i>under Union or Member State</i> <i>law or rules established by</i> <i>national competent bodies.</i>

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 11	Article 11	Article 11	
Processing of personal data relating to criminal convictions and offences	Processing of personal data relating to criminal convictions and offences	Processing of personal data relating to criminal convictions and offences	
Processing of personal data relating to criminal convictions and offences or related security measures pursuant to Article 5(1) may be carried out only if authorised by Union law, which may include internal rules, providing the appropriate specific safeguards for the rights and freedoms of data subjects.	AM 38 Processing of personal data relating to criminal convictions and offences or related security measures pursuant to Article 5(1) may shall be carried out only if authorised by Union law, which may include internal rules, providing the appropriate specific safeguards for the rights and freedoms of data subjects.	Processing of personal data relating to criminal convictions and offences or related security measures pursuant to Article 5(1) shall may be carried out only under control of official authority or when the processing is if authorised by Union law , which may include internal rules, providing for the appropriate specific safeguards for the rights and freedoms of data subjects.	Tentative agreement CNS text: Processing of personal data relating to criminal convictions and offences or related security measures pursuant to Article 5(1) shall may be carried out only under control of official authority or when the processing is if authorised by Union law; which may include internal rules, providing for the appropriate specific safeguards for the rights and freedoms of data subjects.

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 12	Article 12	Article 12	
Processing which does not require identification	Processing which does not require identification	Processing which does not require identification	
1. If the purposes for which a controller processes personal data do not or do no longer require the identification of a data subject by the controller, the controller shall not be obliged to maintain, acquire or process additional information in order to identify the data subject for the sole purpose of complying with this Regulation.	1. If the purposes for which a controller processes personal data do not or do no longer require the identification of a data subject by the controller, the controller shall not be obliged to maintain, acquire or process additional information in order to identify the data subject for the sole purpose of complying with this Regulation.	1. If the purposes for which a controller processes personal data do not or do no longer require the identification of a data subject by the controller, the controller shall not be obliged to maintain, acquire or process additional information in order to identify the data subject for the sole purpose of complying with this Regulation.	
2. Where, in cases referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article, the controller is able to demonstrate that it is not in a position to identify the data subject, the controller shall inform the data subject accordingly, if possible. In such cases, Articles 17 to 22 shall not apply except where the data subject, for the purpose of exercising his or her rights under those articles, provides additional information enabling his or her identification.	2. Where, in cases referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article, the controller is able to demonstrate that it is not in a position to identify the data subject, the controller shall inform the data subject accordingly, if possible. In such cases, Articles 17 to 22 shall not apply except where the data subject, for the purpose of exercising his or her rights under those articles, provides additional information enabling his or her identification.	2. Where, in cases referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article, the controller is able to demonstrate that it is not in a position to identify the data subject, the controller shall inform the data subject accordingly, if possible. In such cases, Articles 17 to 22 shall not apply except where the data subject, for the purpose of exercising his or her rights under those articles, provides additional information enabling his or her identification.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 13	Article 13	Article 13	
Safeguards relating to processing	Safeguards relating to processing	Safeguards relating to processing	
for archiving purposes in the	for archiving purposes in the	for archiving purposes in the	
public interest, scientific or	public interest, scientific or	public interest, scientific or	
historical research purposes or	historical research purposes or	historical research purposes or	
statistical purposes	statistical purposes	statistical purposes	
Processing for archiving purposes in	Processing for archiving purposes in	Processing for archiving purposes in	
the public interest, scientific or	the public interest, scientific or	the public interest, scientific or	
historical research purposes or	historical research purposes or	historical research purposes or	
statistical purposes, shall be subject	statistical purposes, shall be subject	statistical purposes, shall be subject	
to appropriate safeguards, in	to appropriate safeguards, in	to appropriate safeguards, in	
accordance with this Regulation, for	accordance with this Regulation, for	accordance with this Regulation, for	
the rights and freedoms of the data	the rights and freedoms of the data	the rights and freedoms of the data	
subject. Those safeguards shall	subject. Those safeguards shall	subject. Those safeguards shall	
ensure that technical and	ensure that technical and	ensure that technical and	
organisational measures are in place	organisational measures are in place	organisational measures are in place	
in particular in order to ensure	in particular in order to ensure	in particular in order to ensure	
respect for the principle of data	respect for the principle of data	respect for the principle of data	
minimisation. Those measures may	minimisation. Those measures may	minimisation. Those measures may	
include pseudonymisation provided	include pseudonymisation provided	include pseudonymisation provided	
that those purposes can be fulfilled	that those purposes can be fulfilled	that those purposes can be fulfilled	
in that manner. Where those	in that manner. Where those	in that manner. Where those	
purposes can be fulfilled by further	purposes can be fulfilled by further	purposes can be fulfilled by further	
processing which does not permit or	processing which does not permit or	processing which does not permit or	
no longer permits the identification	no longer permits the identification	no longer permits the identification	
of data subjects, those purposes	of data subjects, those purposes	of data subjects, those purposes	
shall be fulfilled in that manner.	shall be fulfilled in that manner.	shall be fulfilled in that manner.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
CHAPTER III	CHAPTER III	CHAPTER III	
RIGHTS OF THE DATA	RIGHTS OF THE DATA	RIGHTS OF THE DATA	
SUBJECT	SUBJECT	SUBJECT	
SECTION 1	SECTION 1	SECTION 1	
TRANSPARENCY AND	TRANSPARENCY AND	TRANSPARENCY AND	
MODALITIES	MODALITIES	MODALITIES	
Article 14	Article 14	Article 14	
Transparent information,	Transparent information,	Transparent information,	
communication and modalities for	communication and modalities for	communication and modalities for	
the exercise of the rights of the	the exercise of the rights of the	the exercise of the rights of the	
data subject	data subject	data subject	
1. The controller shall take	1. The controller shall take	1. The controller shall take	
appropriate measures to provide any	appropriate measures to provide any	appropriate measures to provide any	
information referred to in	information referred to in	information referred to in	
Articles 15 and 16 and any	Articles 15 and 16 and any	Articles 15 and 16 and any	
communication under Articles 17 to	communication under Articles 17 to	communication under Articles 17 to	
24 and 38 relating to processing to	24 and 38 relating to processing to	24 and 38 relating to processing to	
the data subject in a concise,	the data subject in a concise,	the data subject in a concise,	
transparent, intelligible and easily	transparent, intelligible and easily	transparent, intelligible and easily	

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COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
accessible form, using clear and	accessible form, using clear and	accessible form, using clear and	
plain language, in particular for any	plain language, in particular for any	plain language, in particular for any	
information addressed specifically	information addressed specifically	information addressed specifically	
to a child. The information shall be	to a child. The information shall be	to a child. The information shall be	
provided in writing, or by other	provided in writing, or by other	provided in writing, or by other	
means, including, where	means, including, where	means, including, where	
appropriate, by electronic means.	appropriate, by electronic means.	appropriate, by electronic means.	
When requested by the data subject,	When requested by the data subject,	When requested by the data subject,	
the information may be provided	the information may be provided	the information may be provided	
orally, provided that the identity of	orally, provided that the identity of	orally, provided that the identity of	
the data subject is proven by other	the data subject is proven by other	the data subject is proven by other	
means.	means.	means.	
2. The controller shall facilitate	2. The controller shall facilitate	2. The controller shall facilitate	
the exercise of data subject rights	the exercise of data subject rights	the exercise of data subject rights	
under Articles 17 to 24. In the cases	under Articles 17 to 24. In the cases	under Articles 17 to 24. In the cases	
referred to in Article 12(2), the	referred to in Article 12(2), the	referred to in Article 12(2), the	
controller shall not refuse to act on	controller shall not refuse to act on	controller shall not refuse to act on	
the request of the data subject for	the request of the data subject for	the request of the data subject for	
exercising his or her rights under	exercising his or her rights under	exercising his or her rights under	
Articles 17 to 24, unless the	Articles 17 to 24, unless the	Articles 17 to 24, unless the	
controller demonstrates that it is not	controller demonstrates that it is not	controller demonstrates that it is not	
in a position to identify the data	in a position to identify the data	in a position to identify the data	
subject.	subject.	subject.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
3. The controller shall provide	3. The controller shall provide	3. The controller shall provide	
information on action taken on a	information on action taken on a	information on action taken on a	
request under Articles 17 to 24 to	request under Articles 17 to 24 to	request under Articles 17 to 24 to	
the data subject without undue delay	the data subject without undue delay	the data subject without undue delay	
and in any event within one month	and in any event within one month	and in any event within one month	
of receipt of the request. That period	of receipt of the request. That period	of receipt of the request. That period	
may be extended by two further	may be extended by two further	may be extended by two further	
months where necessary, taking into	months where necessary, taking into	months where necessary, taking into	
account the complexity and number	account the complexity and number	account the complexity and number	
of the requests. The controller shall	of the requests. The controller shall	of the requests. The controller shall	
inform the data subject of any such	inform the data subject of any such	inform the data subject of any such	
extension within one month of	extension within one month of	extension within one month of	
receipt of the request, together with	receipt of the request, together with	receipt of the request, together with	
the reasons for the delay. Where the	the reasons for the delay. Where the	the reasons for the delay. Where the	
data subject makes the request by	data subject makes the request by	data subject makes the request by	
electronic form means, the	electronic form means, the	electronic form means, the	
information shall be provided by	information shall be provided by	information shall be provided by	
electronic means where possible,	electronic means where possible,	electronic means where possible,	
unless otherwise requested by the	unless otherwise requested by the	unless otherwise requested by the	
data subject.	data subject.	data subject.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
4. If the controller does not take action on the request of the data subject, the controller shall inform the data subject without delay and at the latest within one month of receipt of the request of the reasons for not taking action and on the possibility of lodging a complaint with the European Data Protection Supervisor and seeking a judicial remedy.	4. If the controller does not take action on the request of the data subject, the controller shall inform the data subject without delay and at the latest within one month of receipt of the request of the reasons for not taking action and on the possibility of lodging a complaint with the European Data Protection Supervisor and seeking a judicial remedy.	4. If the controller does not take action on the request of the data subject, the controller shall inform the data subject without delay and at the latest within one month of receipt of the request of the reasons for not taking action and on the possibility of lodging a complaint with the European Data Protection Supervisor and seeking a judicial remedy.	
5. Information provided under Articles 15 and 16 and any communication and any actions taken under Articles 17 to 24 and 38 shall be provided free of charge. Where requests from a data subject are manifestly unfounded or excessive, in particular because of their repetitive character, the controller may refuse to act on the request.	AM 39 Information provided under Articles 15 and 16 and any communication and any actions taken under Articles 17 to 24 and 38 shall be provided free of charge. Where requests from a data subject are manifestly unfounded or excessive, in particular because of their repetitive character, the controller may refuse to act on the request.	5. Information provided under Articles 15 and 16 and any communication and any actions taken under Articles 17 to 24 and 38 shall be provided free of charge. Where requests from a data subject are manifestly unfounded or excessive, in particular because of their repetitive character, the controller may refuse to act on the request.	Tentative agreement CNS text: 5. Information provided under Articles 15 and 16 and any communication and any actions taken under Articles 17 to 24 and 38 shall be provided free of charge. Where requests from a data subject are manifestly unfounded or excessive, in particular because of their repetitive character, the controller may refuse to act on the request.

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
The controller shall bear the burden	The controller shall bear the burden	The controller shall bear the burden	The controller shall bear the
of demonstrating the manifestly	of demonstrating the manifestly	of demonstrating the manifestly	burden of demonstrating the
unfounded or excessive character of	unfounded or excessive character of	unfounded or excessive character of	manifestly unfounded or excessive
the request.	the request.	the request.	character of the request.
6. Without prejudice to Article	6. Without prejudice to Article	6. Without prejudice to Article	
12, where the controller has	12, where the controller has	12, where the controller has	
reasonable doubts concerning the	reasonable doubts concerning the	reasonable doubts concerning the	
identity of the natural person	identity of the natural person	identity of the natural person	
making the request referred to in	making the request referred to in	making the request referred to in	
Articles 17 to 23, the controller may	Articles 17 to 23, the controller may	Articles 17 to 23, the controller may	
request the provision of additional	request the provision of additional	request the provision of additional	
information necessary to confirm	information necessary to confirm	information necessary to confirm	
the identity of the data subject.	the identity of the data subject.	the identity of the data subject.	
7. The information to be	7. The information to be	7. The information to be	
provided to data subjects pursuant	provided to data subjects pursuant	provided to data subjects pursuant	
to Articles 15 and 16 may be	to Articles 15 and 16 may be	to Articles 15 and 16 may be	
provided in combination with	provided in combination with	provided in combination with	
standardised icons in order to give	standardised icons in order to give	standardised icons in order to give	
in an easily visible, intelligible and	in an easily visible, intelligible and	in an easily visible, intelligible and	
clearly legible manner a meaningful	clearly legible manner a meaningful	clearly legible manner a meaningful	
overview of the intended	overview of the intended	overview of the intended	
processing. Where the icons are	processing. Where the icons are	processing. Where the icons are	
presented electronically they shall	presented electronically they shall	presented electronically they shall	
be machine-readable.	be machine-readable.	be machine-readable.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
8. If the Commission adopts delegated acts pursuant to Article 12(8) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 determining the information to be presented by the icons and the procedures for providing standardised icons, Union institutions and bodies shall, where appropriate, provide the information pursuant to Articles 15 and 16 in combination with such standardised icons.	AM 40 8. If The Commission adopts shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts pursuant to Article 12(8) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 determining the information to be presented by the icons and the procedures for providing standardised icons, Union institutions and bodies shall, where appropriate, provide the information pursuant to Articles 15 and 16 in combination with such standardised icons.	8. If the Commission adopts delegated acts pursuant to Article 12(8) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 determining the information to be presented by the icons and the procedures for providing standardised icons, Union institutions and bodies shall, where appropriate, provide the information pursuant to Articles 15 and 16 in combination with such standardised icons.	Tentative agreement Commission text: 8. If the Commission adopts delegated acts pursuant to Article 12(8) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 determining the information to be presented by the icons and the procedures for providing standardised icons, Union institutions and bodies shall, where appropriate, provide the information pursuant to Articles 15 and 16 in combination with such standardised icons.

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
SECTION 2	SECTION 2	SECTION 2	
INFORMATION AND ACCESS TO PERSONAL DATA	INFORMATION AND ACCESS TO PERSONAL DATA	INFORMATION AND ACCESS TO PERSONAL DATA	
Article 15	Article 15	Article 15	
Information to be provided where personal data are collected from the data subject	Information to be provided where personal data are collected from the data subject	Information to be provided where personal data are collected from the data subject	
1. Where personal data relating to a data subject are collected from the data subject, the controller shall, at the time when personal data are obtained, provide the data subject with all of the following information:	1. Where personal data relating to a data subject are collected from the data subject, the controller shall, at the time when personal data are obtained, provide the data subject with all of the following information:	1. Where personal data relating to a data subject are collected from the data subject, the controller shall, at the time when personal data are obtained, provide the data subject with all of the following information:	
(a) the identity and the contact details of the controller;	(a) the identity and the contact details of the controller;	(a) the identity and the contact details of the controller;	
(b) the contact details of the data protection officer;	(b) the contact details of the data protection officer;	(b) the contact details of the data protection officer;	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(c) the purposes of the processing	(c) the purposes of the processing	(c) the purposes of the processing	
for which the personal data are	for which the personal data are	for which the personal data are	
intended as well as the legal basis	intended as well as the legal basis	intended as well as the legal basis	
for the processing;	for the processing;	for the processing;	
(d) the recipients or categories of recipients of the personal data, if any;	(d) the recipients or categories of recipients of the personal data, if any;	(d) the recipients or categories of recipients of the personal data, if any;	
(e) where applicable, the fact that	(e) where applicable, the fact that	(e) where applicable, the fact that	
the controller intends to transfer	the controller intends to transfer	the controller intends to transfer	
personal data to a third country or	personal data to a third country or	personal data to a third country or	
international organisation and the	international organisation and the	international organisation and the	
existence or absence of an adequacy	existence or absence of an adequacy	existence or absence of an adequacy	
decision by the Commission, or in	decision by the Commission, or in	decision by the Commission, or in	
the case of transfers referred to in	the case of transfers referred to in	the case of transfers referred to in	
Article 49, reference to the	Article 49, reference to the	Article 49, reference to the	
appropriate or suitable safeguards	appropriate or suitable safeguards	appropriate or suitable safeguards	
and the means by which to obtain a	and the means by which to obtain a	and the means by which to obtain a	
copy of them or where they have	copy of them or where they have	copy of them or where they have	
been made available.	been made available.	been made available.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
2. In addition to the information referred to in paragraph 1, the controller shall, at the time when personal data are obtained, provide the data subject with the following further information necessary to ensure fair and transparent processing:	2. In addition to the information referred to in paragraph 1, the controller shall, at the time when personal data are obtained, provide the data subject with the following further information necessary to ensure fair and transparent processing:	2. In addition to the information referred to in paragraph 1, the controller shall, at the time when personal data are obtained, provide the data subject with the following further information necessary to ensure fair and transparent processing:	
(a) the period for which the	(a) the period for which the	(a) the period for which the	
personal data will be stored, or if	personal data will be stored, or if	personal data will be stored, or if	
that is not possible, the criteria used	that is not possible, the criteria used	that is not possible, the criteria used	
to determine that period;	to determine that period;	to determine that period;	
(b) the existence of the right to	(b) the existence of the right to	(b) the existence of the right to	
request from the controller access to	request from the controller access to	request from the controller access to	
and rectification or erasure of	and rectification or erasure of	and rectification or erasure of	
personal data or restriction of	personal data or restriction of	personal data or restriction of	
processing concerning the data	processing concerning the data	processing concerning the data	
subject or, where applicable, the	subject or, where applicable, the	subject or, where applicable, the	
right to object to processing or the	right to object to processing or the	right to object to processing or the	
right to data portability;	right to data portability;	right to data portability;	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
 (c) where the processing is based	 (c) where the processing is based	 (c) where the processing is based	
on point (d) of Article 5(1) or point (a) of Article 10(2), the existence of	on point (d) of Article 5(1) or point (a) of Article 10(2), the existence of	on point (d) of Article 5(1) or point (a) of Article 10(2), the existence of	
the right to withdraw consent at any	the right to withdraw consent at any	the right to withdraw consent at any	
time, without affecting the	time, without affecting the	time, without affecting the	
lawfulness of processing based on	lawfulness of processing based on	lawfulness of processing based on	
consent before its withdrawal;	consent before its withdrawal;	consent before its withdrawal;	
(d) the right to lodge a complaint	(d) the right to lodge a complaint	(d) the right to lodge a complaint	
with the European Data Protection	with the European Data Protection	with the European Data Protection	
Supervisor;	Supervisor;	Supervisor;	
(e) whether the provision of	(e) whether the provision of	(e) whether the provision of	
personal data is a statutory or	personal data is a statutory or	personal data is a statutory or	
contractual requirement, or a	contractual requirement, or a	contractual requirement, or a	
requirement necessary to enter into	requirement necessary to enter into	requirement necessary to enter into	
a contract, as well as whether the	a contract, as well as whether the	a contract, as well as whether the	
data subject is obliged to provide	data subject is obliged to provide	data subject is obliged to provide	
the personal data and of the possible	the personal data and of the possible	the personal data and of the possible	
consequences of failure to provide	consequences of failure to provide	consequences of failure to provide	
such data;	such data;	such data;	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(f) the existence of automated	(f) the existence of automated	(f) the existence of automated	
decision-making, including	decision-making, including	decision-making, including	
profiling, referred to in Article	profiling, referred to in Article	profiling, referred to in Article	
24(1) and (4) and, at least in those	24(1) and (4) and, at least in those	24(1) and (4) and, at least in those	
cases, meaningful information about	cases, meaningful information about	cases, meaningful information about	
the logic involved, as well as the	the logic involved, as well as the	the logic involved, as well as the	
significance and the envisaged	significance and the envisaged	significance and the envisaged	
consequences of such processing for	consequences of such processing for	consequences of such processing for	
the data subject;	the data subject;	the data subject;	
3. Where the controller intends	3. Where the controller intends	3. Where the controller intends	
to further process the personal data	to further process the personal data	to further process the personal data	
for a purpose other than that for	for a purpose other than that for	for a purpose other than that for	
which the personal data were	which the personal data were	which the personal data were	
collected, the controller shall	collected, the controller shall	collected, the controller shall	
provide the data subject prior to that	provide the data subject prior to that	provide the data subject prior to that	
further processing with information	further processing with information	further processing with information	
on that other purpose and with any	on that other purpose and with any	on that other purpose and with any	
relevant further information as	relevant further information as	relevant further information as	
referred to in paragraph 2.	referred to in paragraph 2.	referred to in paragraph 2.	
4. Paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 shall	4. Paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 shall	4. Paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 shall	
not apply where and insofar as the	not apply where and insofar as the	not apply where and insofar as the	
data subject already has the	data subject already has the	data subject already has the	
information.	information.	information.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 16	Article 16	Article 16	
Information to be provided where personal data have not been obtained from the data subject	Information to be provided where personal data have not been obtained from the data subject	Information to be provided where personal data have not been obtained from the data subject	
1. Where personal data have not been obtained from the data subject, the controller shall provide the data subject with the following information:	1. Where personal data have not been obtained from the data subject, the controller shall provide the data subject with the following information:	1. Where personal data have not been obtained from the data subject, the controller shall provide the data subject with the following information:	
(a) the identity and the contact details of the controller;	(a) the identity and the contact details of the controller;	(a) the identity and the contact details of the controller;	
(b) the contact details of the data protection officer;	(b) the contact details of the data protection officer;	(b) the contact details of the data protection officer;	
(c) the purposes of the processing for which the personal data are intended as well as the legal basis for the processing;	(c) the purposes of the processing for which the personal data are intended as well as the legal basis for the processing;	(c) the purposes of the processing for which the personal data are intended as well as the legal basis for the processing;	
(d) the categories of personal data concerned;	(d) the categories of personal data concerned;	(d) the categories of personal data concerned;	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(e) the recipients or categories of recipients of the personal data, if any;	(e) the recipients or categories of recipients of the personal data, if any;	(e) the recipients or categories of recipients of the personal data, if any;	
(f) where applicable, that the controller intends to transfer personal data to a recipient in a third country or international organisation and the existence or absence of an adequacy decision by the Commission, or in the case of transfers referred to in Article 49, reference to the appropriate or suitable safeguards and the means to obtain a copy of them or where they have been made available.	(f) where applicable, that the controller intends to transfer personal data to a recipient in a third country or international organisation and the existence or absence of an adequacy decision by the Commission, or in the case of transfers referred to in Article 49, reference to the appropriate or suitable safeguards and the means to obtain a copy of them or where they have been made available.	(f) where applicable, that the controller intends to transfer personal data to a recipient in a third country or international organisation and the existence or absence of an adequacy decision by the Commission, or in the case of transfers referred to in Article 49, reference to the appropriate or suitable safeguards and the means to obtain a copy of them or where they have been made available.	
2. In addition to the information referred to in paragraph 1, the controller shall provide the data subject with the following further information necessary to ensure fair and transparent processing in respect of the data subject:	2. In addition to the information referred to in paragraph 1, the controller shall provide the data subject with the following further information necessary to ensure fair and transparent processing in respect of the data subject:	2. In addition to the information referred to in paragraph 1, the controller shall provide the data subject with the following further information necessary to ensure fair and transparent processing in respect of the data subject:	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(a) the period for which the	(a) the period for which the	(a) the period for which the	
personal data will be stored, or if	personal data will be stored, or if	personal data will be stored, or if	
that is not possible, the criteria used	that is not possible, the criteria used	that is not possible, the criteria used	
to determine that period;	to determine that period;	to determine that period;	
(b) the existence of the right to	(b) the existence of the right to	(b) the existence of the right to	
request from the controller access to	request from the controller access to	request from the controller access to	
and rectification or erasure of	and rectification or erasure of	and rectification or erasure of	
personal data or restriction of	personal data or restriction of	personal data or restriction of	
processing concerning the data	processing concerning the data	processing concerning the data	
subject or, where applicable, the	subject or, where applicable, the	subject or, where applicable, the	
right to object to processing or the	right to object to processing or the	right to object to processing or the	
right to data portability;	right to data portability;	right to data portability;	
 (c) where the processing is based	 (c) where the processing is based	 (c) where the processing is based	
on point (d) of Article 5(1) or point (a) of Article 10(2), the existence of	on point (d) of Article 5(1) or point (a) of Article 10(2), the existence of	on point (d) of Article 5(1) or point (a) of Article 10(2), the existence of	
the right to withdraw consent at any	the right to withdraw consent at any	the right to withdraw consent at any	
time, without affecting the	time, without affecting the	time, without affecting the	
lawfulness of processing based on	lawfulness of processing based on	lawfulness of processing based on	
consent before its withdrawal;	consent before its withdrawal;	consent before its withdrawal;	
(d) the right to lodge a complaint	(d) the right to lodge a complaint	(d) the right to lodge a complaint	
with the European Data Protection	with the European Data Protection	with the European Data Protection	
Supervisor;	Supervisor;	Supervisor;	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(e) from which source the	(e) from which source the	(e) from which source the	
personal data originate, and if	personal data originate, and if	personal data originate, and if	
applicable, whether it came from	applicable, whether it came from	applicable, whether it came from	
publicly accessible sources;	publicly accessible sources;	publicly accessible sources;	
(f) the existence of automated	(f) the existence of automated	(f) the existence of automated	
decision-making, including	decision-making, including	decision-making, including	
profiling, referred to in Article 24	profiling, referred to in Article 24	profiling, referred to in Article 24	
(1) and (4) and, at least in those	(1) and (4) and, at least in those	(1) and (4) and, at least in those	
cases, meaningful information about	cases, meaningful information about	cases, meaningful information about	
the logic involved, as well as the	the logic involved, as well as the	the logic involved, as well as the	
significance and the envisaged	significance and the envisaged	significance and the envisaged	
consequences of such processing for	consequences of such processing for	consequences of such processing for	
the data subject.	the data subject.	the data subject.	
3. The controller shall provide	3. The controller shall provide	3. The controller shall provide	
the information referred to in	the information referred to in	the information referred to in	
paragraphs 1 and 2;	paragraphs 1 and 2;	paragraphs 1 and 2;	
(a) within a reasonable period	(a) within a reasonable period	(a) within a reasonable period	
after obtaining the personal data,	after obtaining the personal data,	after obtaining the personal data,	
but at the latest within one month,	but at the latest within one month,	but at the latest within one month,	
having regard to the specific	having regard to the specific	having regard to the specific	
circumstances in which the personal	circumstances in which the personal	circumstances in which the personal	
data are processed;	data are processed;	data are processed;	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(b) if the personal data are to be	(b) if the personal data are to be	(b) if the personal data are to be	
used for communication with the	used for communication with the	used for communication with the	
data subject, at the latest at the time	data subject, at the latest at the time	data subject, at the latest at the time	
of the first communication to that	of the first communication to that	of the first communication to that	
data subject; or	data subject; or	data subject; or	
(c) if a disclosure to another	(c) if a disclosure to another	(c) if a disclosure to another	
recipient is envisaged, at the latest	recipient is envisaged, at the latest	recipient is envisaged, at the latest	
when the personal data are first	when the personal data are first	when the personal data are first	
disclosed.	disclosed.	disclosed.	
4. Where the controller intends	4. Where the controller intends	4. Where the controller intends	
to further process the personal data	to further process the personal data	to further process the personal data	
for a purpose other than that for	for a purpose other than that for	for a purpose other than that for	
which the personal data were	which the personal data were	which the personal data were	
obtained, the controller shall	obtained, the controller shall	obtained, the controller shall	
provide the data subject prior to that	provide the data subject prior to that	provide the data subject prior to that	
further processing with information	further processing with information	further processing with information	
on that other purpose and with any	on that other purpose and with any	on that other purpose and with any	
relevant further information as	relevant further information as	relevant further information as	
referred to in paragraph 2.	referred to in paragraph 2.	referred to in paragraph 2.	
5. Paragraphs 1 to 4 shall not apply where and insofar as:	5. Paragraphs 1 to 4 shall not apply where and insofar as:	5. Paragraphs 1 to 4 shall not apply where and insofar as:	
(a) the data subject already has the information;	(a) the data subject already has the information;	(a) the data subject already has the information;	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(b) the provision of such	(b) the provision of such	(b) the provision of such	
information proves impossible or	information proves impossible or	information proves impossible or	
would involve a disproportionate	would involve a disproportionate	would involve a disproportionate	
effort, in particular for processing	effort, in particular for processing	effort, in particular for processing	
for archiving purposes in the public	for archiving purposes in the public	for archiving purposes in the public	
interest, scientific or historical	interest, scientific or historical	interest, scientific or historical	
research purposes or statistical	research purposes or statistical	research purposes or statistical	
purposes or in so far as the	purposes or in so far as the	purposes or in so far as the	
obligation referred to in paragraph 1	obligation referred to in paragraph 1	obligation referred to in paragraph 1	
of this Article is likely to render	of this Article is likely to render	of this Article is likely to render	
impossible or seriously impair the	impossible or seriously impair the	impossible or seriously impair the	
achievement of the objectives of	achievement of the objectives of	achievement of the objectives of	
that processing;	that processing.	that processing;	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(c) obtaining or disclosure is expressly laid down by Union law; or	AM 42 (c) obtaining or disclosure is expressly laid down by Union law to which the controller is subject and which provides appropriate measures to protect the data subject's legitimate interest; or	 (c) obtaining or disclosure is expressly laid down by Union law, which provides appropriate measures to protect the data subject's legitimate interests; or 	Tentative agreement CNS text: (c) obtaining or disclosure is expressly laid down by Union law, which provides appropriate measures to protect the data subject's legitimate interests; or
(d) where the personal data must remain confidential subject to an obligation of professional secrecy regulated by Union law.	AM 43 (d) where the personal data must remain confidential subject to an obligation of professional secrecy regulated by Union law, <i>including a</i> <i>statutory obligation of secrecy</i> .	(d) where the personal data must remain confidential subject to an obligation of professional secrecy regulated by Union law.	Tentative agreement EP text: (d) where the personal data must remain confidential subject to an obligation of professional secrecy regulated by Union law, including a statutory obligation of secrecy.
	AM 44 5a. In the cases referred to in paragraph 5(b) the controller shall take appropriate measures to protect the data subject's rights and freedoms and legitimate interest, including making the information publicly available.		Tentatively agreement EP text: 5a. In the cases referred to in paragraph 5(b) the controller shall take appropriate measures to protect the data subject's rights and freedoms and legitimate interest, including making the information publicly available.

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 17	Article 17	Article 17	
Right of access by the data subject	Right of access by the data subject	Right of access by the data subject	
1. The data subject shall have the right to obtain from the controller confirmation as to whether or not personal data concerning him or her are being processed, and, where that is the case, access to the personal data and the following information:	1. The data subject shall have the right to obtain from the controller confirmation as to whether or not personal data concerning him or her are being processed, and, where that is the case, access to the personal data and the following information:	1. The data subject shall have the right to obtain from the controller confirmation as to whether or not personal data concerning him or her are being processed, and, where that is the case, access to the personal data and the following information:	
(a) the purposes of the processing;	(a) the purposes of the processing;	(a) the purposes of the processing;	
(b) the categories of personal data concerned;	(b) the categories of personal data concerned;	(b) the categories of personal data concerned;	
(c) the recipients or categories of recipient to whom the personal data have been or will be disclosed, in particular recipients in third countries or international organisations;	(c) the recipients or categories of recipient to whom the personal data have been or will be disclosed, in particular recipients in third countries or international organisations;	(c) the recipients or categories of recipient to whom the personal data have been or will be disclosed, in particular recipients in third countries or international organisations;	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(d) where possible, the envisaged	(d) where possible, the envisaged	(d) where possible, the envisaged	
period for which the personal data	period for which the personal data	period for which the personal data	
will be stored, or, if not possible,	will be stored, or, if not possible,	will be stored, or, if not possible,	
the criteria used to determine that	the criteria used to determine that	the criteria used to determine that	
period;	period;	period;	
(e) the existence of the right to	(e) the existence of the right to	(e) the existence of the right to	
request from the controller	request from the controller	request from the controller	
rectification or erasure of personal	rectification or erasure of personal	rectification or erasure of personal	
data or restriction of processing of	data or restriction of processing of	data or restriction of processing of	
personal data concerning the data	personal data concerning the data	personal data concerning the data	
subject or to object to such	subject or to object to such	subject or to object to such	
processing;	processing;	processing;	
(f) the right to lodge a complaint	(f) the right to lodge a complaint	(f) the right to lodge a complaint	
with the European Data Protection	with the European Data Protection	with the European Data Protection	
Supervisor;	Supervisor;	Supervisor;	
(g) where the personal data are	(g) where the personal data are	(g) where the personal data are	
not collected from the data subject,	not collected from the data subject,	not collected from the data subject,	
any available information as to their	any available information as to their	any available information as to their	
source;	source;	source;	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(h) the existence of automated	(h) the existence of automated	(h) the existence of automated	
decision-making, including	decision-making, including	decision-making, including	
profiling, referred to in	profiling, referred to in	profiling, referred to in	
Article 24(1) and (4) and, at least in	Article 24(1) and (4) and, at least in	Article 24(1) and (4) and, at least in	
those cases, meaningful information	those cases, meaningful information	those cases, meaningful information	
about the logic involved, as well as	about the logic involved, as well as	about the logic involved, as well as	
the significance and the envisaged	the significance and the envisaged	the significance and the envisaged	
consequences of such processing for	consequences of such processing for	consequences of such processing for	
the data subject.	the data subject.	the data subject.	
2. Where personal data are	2. Where personal data are	2. Where personal data are	
transferred to a third country or to	transferred to a third country or to	transferred to a third country or to	
an international organisation, the	an international organisation, the	an international organisation, the	
data subject shall have the right to	data subject shall have the right to	data subject shall have the right to	
be informed of the appropriate	be informed of the appropriate	be informed of the appropriate	
safeguards pursuant to Article 49	safeguards pursuant to Article 49	safeguards pursuant to Article 49	
relating to the transfer.	relating to the transfer.	relating to the transfer.	
3. The controller shall provide a copy of the personal data undergoing processing. Where the data subject makes the request by electronic means, and unless otherwise requested by the data subject, the information shall be provided in a commonly used electronic form.	3. The controller shall provide a copy of the personal data undergoing processing. Where the data subject makes the request by electronic means, and unless otherwise requested by the data subject, the information shall be provided in a commonly used electronic form.	3. The controller shall provide a copy of the personal data undergoing processing. Where the data subject makes the request by electronic means, and unless otherwise requested by the data subject, the information shall be provided in a commonly used electronic form.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
4. The right to obtain a copy referred to in paragraph 3 shall not adversely affect the rights and freedoms of others.	4. The right to obtain a copy referred to in paragraph 3 shall not adversely affect the rights and freedoms of others.	4. The right to obtain a copy referred to in paragraph 3 shall not adversely affect the rights and freedoms of others.	
SECTION 3	SECTION 3	SECTION 3	
RECTIFICATION AND ERASURE	RECTIFICATION AND ERASURE	RECTIFICATION AND ERASURE	
Article 18	Article 18	Article 18	
Right to rectification	Right to rectification	Right to rectification	
The data subject shall have the right to obtain from the controller without undue delay the rectification of inaccurate personal data concerning him or her. Taking into account the purposes of the processing, the data subject shall have the right to have incomplete personal data completed, including by means of providing a supplementary statement.	The data subject shall have the right to obtain from the controller without undue delay the rectification of inaccurate personal data concerning him or her. Taking into account the purposes of the processing, the data subject shall have the right to have incomplete personal data completed, including by means of providing a supplementary statement.	The data subject shall have the right to obtain from the controller without undue delay the rectification of inaccurate personal data concerning him or her. Taking into account the purposes of the processing, the data subject shall have the right to have incomplete personal data completed, including by means of providing a supplementary statement.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 19	Article 19	Article 19	
Right to erasure ('right to be	Right to erasure ('right to be	Right to erasure ('right to be	
forgotten')	forgotten')	forgotten')	
1. The data subject shall have	1. The data subject shall have	1. The data subject shall have	
the right to obtain from the	the right to obtain from the	the right to obtain from the	
controller the erasure of personal	controller the erasure of personal	controller the erasure of personal	
data concerning him or her without	data concerning him or her without	data concerning him or her without	
undue delay and the controller shall	undue delay and the controller shall	undue delay and the controller shall	
have the obligation to erase personal	have the obligation to erase personal	have the obligation to erase personal	
data without undue delay where one	data without undue delay where one	data without undue delay where one	
of the following grounds applies:	of the following grounds applies:	of the following grounds applies:	
(a) the personal data are no	(a) the personal data are no	(a) the personal data are no	
longer necessary in relation to the	longer necessary in relation to the	longer necessary in relation to the	
purposes for which they were	purposes for which they were	purposes for which they were	
collected or otherwise processed;	collected or otherwise processed;	collected or otherwise processed;	
(b) the data subject withdraws	(b) the data subject withdraws	(b) the data subject withdraws	
consent on which the processing is	consent on which the processing is	consent on which the processing is	
based according to point (d) of	based according to point (d) of	based according to point (d) of	
Article 5(1), or point (a) of Article	Article 5(1), or point (a) of Article	Article 5(1), or point (a) of Article	
10(2), and where there is no other	10(2), and where there is no other	10(2), and where there is no other	
legal ground for the processing;	legal ground for the processing;	legal ground for the processing;	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(c) the data subject objects to the	(c) the data subject objects to the	(c) the data subject objects to the	
processing pursuant to Article 23(1)	processing pursuant to Article 23(1)	processing pursuant to Article 23(1)	
and there are no overriding	and there are no overriding	and there are no overriding	
legitimate grounds for the	legitimate grounds for the	legitimate grounds for the	
processing;	processing;	processing;	
(d) the personal data have been unlawfully processed;	(d) the personal data have been unlawfully processed;	(d) the personal data have been unlawfully processed;	
(e) the personal data have to be	(e) the personal data have to be	(e) the personal data have to be	
erased for compliance with a legal	erased for compliance with a legal	erased for compliance with a legal	
obligation to which the controller is	obligation to which the controller is	obligation to which the controller is	
subject;	subject;	subject;	
(f) the personal data have been	(f) the personal data have been	(f) the personal data have been	
collected in relation to the offer of	collected in relation to the offer of	collected in relation to the offer of	
information society services	information society services	information society services	
referred to in Article 8(1).	referred to in Article 8(1).	referred to in Article 8(1).	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
2. Where the controller has made the personal data public and is obliged pursuant to paragraph 1 to erase the personal data, the controller, taking account of available technology and the cost of implementation, shall take reasonable steps, including technical measures, to inform controllers which are processing the personal data that the data subject has requested the erasure by such controllers of any links to, or copy or replication of, those personal data.	2. Where the controller has made the personal data public and is obliged pursuant to paragraph 1 to erase the personal data, the controller, taking account of available technology and the cost of implementation, shall take reasonable steps, including technical measures, to inform controllers which are processing the personal data that the data subject has requested the erasure by such controllers of any links to, or copy or replication of, those personal data.	2. Where the controller has made the personal data public and is obliged pursuant to paragraph 1 to erase the personal data, the controller, taking account of available technology and the cost of implementation, shall take reasonable steps, including technical measures, to inform controllers, or controllers other than Union institutions and bodies, which are processing the personal data that the data subject has requested the erasure by such controllers of any links to, or copy or replication of, those personal data.	Tentative agreement CNS text: 2. Where the controller has made the personal data public and is obliged pursuant to paragraph 1 to erase the personal data, the controller, taking account of available technology and the cost of implementation, shall take reasonable steps, including technical measures, to inform controllers, or controllers other than Union institutions and bodies, which are processing the personal data that the data subject has requested the erasure by such controllers of any links to, or copy or replication of, those personal data.
3. Paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply to the extent that processing is necessary:	3. Paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply to the extent that processing is necessary:	3. Paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply to the extent that processing is necessary:	
(a) for exercising the right of freedom of expression and information;	(a) for exercising the right of freedom of expression and information;	(a) for exercising the right of freedom of expression and information;	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(b) for compliance with a legal	(b) for compliance with a legal	(b) for compliance with a legal	
obligation to which the controller is	obligation to which the controller is	obligation to which the controller is	
subject or for the performance of a	subject or for the performance of a	subject or for the performance of a	
task carried out in the public interest	task carried out in the public interest	task carried out in the public interest	
or in the exercise of official	or in the exercise of official	or in the exercise of official	
authority vested in the controller;	authority vested in the controller;	authority vested in the controller;	
(c) for reasons of public interest	(c) for reasons of public interest	(c) for reasons of public interest	
in the area of public health in	in the area of public health in	in the area of public health in	
accordance with points (h) and (i) of	accordance with points (h) and (i) of	accordance with points (h) and (i) of	
Article 10(2) as well as Article	Article 10(2) as well as Article	Article 10(2) as well as Article	
10(3);	10(3);	10(3);	
(d) for archiving purposes in the	(d) for archiving purposes in the	(d) for archiving purposes in the	
public interest, scientific or	public interest, scientific or	public interest, scientific or	
historical research purposes or	historical research purposes or	historical research purposes or	
statistical purposes, in so far as the	statistical purposes, in so far as the	statistical purposes, in so far as the	
right referred to in paragraph 1 is	right referred to in paragraph 1 is	right referred to in paragraph 1 is	
likely to render impossible or	likely to render impossible or	likely to render impossible or	
seriously impair the achievement of	seriously impair the achievement of	seriously impair the achievement of	
the objectives of that processing; or	the objectives of that processing; or	the objectives of that processing; or	
(e) for the establishment, exercise or defence of legal claims.	(e) for the establishment, exercise or defence of legal claims.	(e) for the establishment, exercise or defence of legal claims.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 20	Article 20	Article 20	
Right to restriction of processing	Right to restriction of processing	Right to restriction of processing	
1. The data subject shall have the right to obtain from the controller restriction of processing where one of the following applies:	1. The data subject shall have the right to obtain from the controller restriction of processing where one of the following applies:	1. The data subject shall have the right to obtain from the controller restriction of processing where one of the following applies:	
(a) the accuracy of the personal data is contested by the data subject, for a period enabling the controller to verify the accuracy, including the completeness, of the personal data;	(a) the accuracy of the personal data is contested by the data subject, for a period enabling the controller to verify the accuracy, including the completeness, of the personal data;	(a) the accuracy of the personal data is contested by the data subject, for a period enabling the controller to verify the accuracy, including the completeness, of the personal data;	
(b) the processing is unlawful and the data subject opposes their erasure and requests the restriction of their use instead;	AM 45 (b) the processing is unlawful and the data subject opposes their the erasure of the personal data and requests the restriction of their use instead;	(b) the processing is unlawful and the data subject opposes the ir erasure of the personal data and requests the restriction of their use instead;	Tentative agreement (b) the processing is unlawful and the data subject opposes their the erasure of the personal data and requests the restriction of their use instead;
(c) the controller no longer needs the personal data for the purposes of the processing, but they are required by the data subject for the establishment, exercise or defence of legal claims;	(c) the controller no longer needs the personal data for the purposes of the processing, but they are required by the data subject for the establishment, exercise or defence of legal claims;	(c) the controller no longer needs the personal data for the purposes of the processing, but they are required by the data subject for the establishment, exercise or defence of legal claims;	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
 (d) the data subject has objected to processing pursuant to Article 23(1) pending the verification whether the legitimate grounds of the controller override those of the data subject. 	 (d) the data subject has objected to processing pursuant to Article 23(1) pending the verification whether the legitimate grounds of the controller override those of the data subject. 	 (d) the data subject has objected to processing pursuant to Article 23(1) pending the verification whether the legitimate grounds of the controller override those of the data subject. 	
2. Where processing has been restricted under paragraph 1, such personal data shall, with the exception of storage, only be processed with the data subject's consent or for the establishment, exercise or defence of legal claims or for the protection of the rights of another natural or legal person or for reasons of important public interest of the Union or of a Member State.	2. Where processing has been restricted under paragraph 1, such personal data shall, with the exception of storage, only be processed with the data subject's consent or for the establishment, exercise or defence of legal claims or for the protection of the rights of another natural or legal person or for reasons of important public interest of the Union or of a Member State.	2. Where processing has been restricted under paragraph 1, such personal data shall, with the exception of storage, only be processed with the data subject's consent or for the establishment, exercise or defence of legal claims or for the protection of the rights of another natural or legal person or for reasons of important public interest of the Union or of a Member State.	
3. A data subject who has obtained restriction of processing pursuant to paragraph 1 shall be informed by the controller before the restriction of processing is lifted.	3. A data subject who has obtained restriction of processing pursuant to paragraph 1 shall be informed by the controller before the restriction of processing is lifted.	3. A data subject who has obtained restriction of processing pursuant to paragraph 1 shall be informed by the controller before the restriction of processing is lifted.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
4. In automated filing systems	4. In automated filing systems	4. In automated filing systems	
restriction of processing shall in	restriction of processing shall in	restriction of processing shall in	
principle be ensured by technical	principle be ensured by technical	principle be ensured by technical	
means. The fact that the personal	means. The fact that the personal	means. The fact that the personal	
data are restricted shall be indicated	data are restricted shall be indicated	data are restricted shall be indicated	
in the system in such a way that it	in the system in such a way that it	in the system in such a way that it	
becomes clear that the personal data	becomes clear that the personal data	becomes clear that the personal data	
may not be used.	may not be used.	may not be used.	
Article 21	Article 21	Article 21	
Notification obligation regarding	Notification obligation regarding	Notification obligation regarding	
rectification or erasure of personal	rectification or erasure of personal	rectification or erasure of personal	
data or restriction of processing	data or restriction of processing	data or restriction of processing	
The controller shall communicate	The controller shall communicate	The controller shall communicate	
any rectification or erasure of	any rectification or erasure of	any rectification or erasure of	
personal data or restriction of	personal data or restriction of	personal data or restriction of	
processing carried out in accordance	processing carried out in accordance	processing carried out in accordance	
with Article 18, Article 19(1) and	with Article 18, Article 19(1) and	with Article 18, Article 19(1) and	
Article 20 to each recipient to	Article 20 to each recipient to	Article 20 to each recipient to	
whom the personal data have been	whom the personal data have been	whom the personal data have been	
disclosed, unless this proves	disclosed, unless this proves	disclosed, unless this proves	
impossible or involves	impossible or involves	impossible or involves	
disproportionate effort. The	disproportionate effort. The	disproportionate effort. The	
controller shall inform the data	controller shall inform the data	controller shall inform the data	
subject about those recipients if the	subject about those recipients if the	subject about those recipients if the	
data subject requests it.	data subject requests it.	data subject requests it.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 22	Article 22	Article 22	
Right to data portability	Right to data portability	Right to data portability	
1. The data subject shall have the right to receive the personal data concerning him or her, which he or she has provided to a controller, in a structured, commonly used and machine-readable format and have the right to transmit those data to another controller without hindrance from the controller to which the personal data have been provided, where:	1. The data subject shall have the right to receive the personal data concerning him or her, which he or she has provided to a controller, in a structured, commonly used and machine-readable format and have the right to transmit those data to another controller without hindrance from the controller to which the personal data have been provided, where:	1. The data subject shall have the right to receive the personal data concerning him or her, which he or she has provided to a controller, in a structured, commonly used and machine-readable format and have the right to transmit those data to another controller without hindrance from the controller to which the personal data have been provided, where:	
 (a) the processing is based on consent pursuant to point (d) of Article 5(1) or point (a) of Article 10(2) or on a contract pursuant to point (c) of Article 5(1); and 	 (a) the processing is based on consent pursuant to point (d) of Article 5(1) or point (a) of Article 10(2) or on a contract pursuant to point (c) of Article 5(1); and 	 (a) the processing is based on consent pursuant to point (d) of Article 5(1) or point (a) of Article 10(2) or on a contract pursuant to point (c) of Article 5(1); and 	
(b) the processing is carried out by automated means.	(b) the processing is carried out by automated means.	(b) the processing is carried out by automated means.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
2. In exercising his or her right to data portability pursuant to paragraph 1, the data subject shall have the right to have the personal data transmitted directly from one controller to another, where technically feasible.	2. In exercising his or her right to data portability pursuant to paragraph 1, the data subject shall have the right to have the personal data transmitted directly from one controller to another, where technically feasible.	2. In exercising his or her right to data portability pursuant to paragraph 1, the data subject shall have the right to have the personal data transmitted directly from one controller to another or to controllers other than Union institutions and bodies, where technically feasible.	Tentative agreement CNS text 2. In exercising his or her right to data portability pursuant to paragraph 1, the data subject shall have the right to have the personal data transmitted directly from one controller to another or to controllers other than Union institutions and bodies, where technically feasible.
3. The exercise of the right referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article shall be without prejudice to Article 19. That right shall not apply to processing necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller.	3. The exercise of the right referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article shall be without prejudice to Article 19. That right shall not apply to processing necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller.	3. The exercise of the right referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article shall be without prejudice to Article 19. That right shall not apply to processing necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller.	
4. The right referred to in paragraph 1 shall not adversely affect the rights and freedoms of others.	4. The right referred to in paragraph 1 shall not adversely affect the rights and freedoms of others.	4. The right referred to in paragraph 1 shall not adversely affect the rights and freedoms of others.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
SECTION 4	SECTION 4	SECTION 4	
RIGHT TO OBJECT AND AUTOMATED INDIVIDUAL DECISION-MAKING	RIGHT TO OBJECT AND AUTOMATED INDIVIDUAL DECISION-MAKING	RIGHT TO OBJECT AND AUTOMATED INDIVIDUAL DECISION-MAKING	
Article 23	Article 23	Article 23	
Right to object	Right to object	Right to object	
1. The data subject shall have the right to object, on grounds relating to his or her particular situation, at any time to processing of personal data concerning him or her which is based on point (a) of Article 5(1), including profiling based on that provision. The controller shall no longer process the personal data unless the controller demonstrates compelling legitimate grounds for the processing which override the interests, rights and freedoms of the data subject or for the establishment, exercise or defence of legal claims.	1. The data subject shall have the right to object, on grounds relating to his or her particular situation, at any time to processing of personal data concerning him or her which is based on point (a) of Article 5(1), including profiling based on that provision. The controller shall no longer process the personal data unless the controller demonstrates compelling legitimate grounds for the processing which override the interests, rights and freedoms of the data subject or for the establishment, exercise or defence of legal claims.	1. The data subject shall have the right to object, on grounds relating to his or her particular situation, at any time to processing of personal data concerning him or her which is based on point (a) of Article 5(1), including profiling based on that provision. The controller shall no longer process the personal data unless the controller demonstrates compelling legitimate grounds for the processing which override the interests, rights and freedoms of the data subject or for the establishment, exercise or defence of legal claims.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
2. At the latest at the time of the first communication with the data subject, the right referred to in paragraph 1 shall be explicitly brought to the attention of the data subject and shall be presented clearly and separately from any other information.	2. At the latest at the time of the first communication with the data subject, the right referred to in paragraph 1 shall be explicitly brought to the attention of the data subject and shall be presented clearly and separately from any other information.	2. At the latest at the time of the first communication with the data subject, the right referred to in paragraph 1 shall be explicitly brought to the attention of the data subject and shall be presented clearly and separately from any other information.	
3. Without prejudice to Articles	3. Without prejudice to Articles	3. Without prejudice to Articles	
34 and 35, in the context of the use	34 and 35, in the context of the use	34 and 35, in the context of the use	
of information society services the	of information society services the	of information society services the	
data subject may exercise his or her	data subject may exercise his or her	data subject may exercise his or her	
right to object by automated means	right to object by automated means	right to object by automated means	
using technical specifications.	using technical specifications.	using technical specifications.	
4. Where personal data are	4. Where personal data are	4. Where personal data are	
processed for scientific or historical	processed for scientific or historical	processed for scientific or historical	
research purposes or statistical	research purposes or statistical	research purposes or statistical	
purposes, the data subject, on	purposes, the data subject, on	purposes, the data subject, on	
grounds relating to his or her	grounds relating to his or her	grounds relating to his or her	
particular situation, shall have the	particular situation, shall have the	particular situation, shall have the	
right to object to processing of	right to object to processing of	right to object to processing of	
personal data concerning him or	personal data concerning him or	personal data concerning him or	
her, unless the processing is	her, unless the processing is	her, unless the processing is	
necessary for the performance of a	necessary for the performance of a	necessary for the performance of a	
task carried out for reasons of	task carried out for reasons of	task carried out for reasons of	
public interest.	public interest.	public interest.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 24	Article 24	Article 24	
Automated individual decision-	Automated individual decision-	Automated individual decision-	
making, including profiling	making, including profiling	making, including profiling	
1. The data subject shall have	1. The data subject shall have	1. The data subject shall have	
the right not to be subject to a	the right not to be subject to a	the right not to be subject to a	
decision based solely on automated	decision based solely on automated	decision based solely on automated	
processing, including profiling,	processing, including profiling,	processing, including profiling,	
which produces legal effects	which produces legal effects	which produces legal effects	
concerning him or her or similarly	concerning him or her or similarly	concerning him or her or similarly	
significantly affects him or her.	significantly affects him or her.	significantly affects him or her.	
2. Paragraph 1 shall not apply if the decision:	2. Paragraph 1 shall not apply if the decision:	2. Paragraph 1 shall not apply if the decision:	
(a) is necessary for entering into,	(a) is necessary for entering into,	(a) is necessary for entering into,	
or performance of, a contract	or performance of, a contract	or performance of, a contract	
between the data subject and the	between the data subject and the	between the data subject and the	
controller;	controller;	controller;	
(b) is authorised by Union law,	(b) is authorised by Union law,	(b) is authorised by Union law,	
which also lays down suitable	which also lays down suitable	which also lays down suitable	
measures to safeguard the data	measures to safeguard the data	measures to safeguard the data	
subject's rights and freedoms and	subject's rights and freedoms and	subject's rights and freedoms and	
legitimate interests; or	legitimate interests; or	legitimate interests; or	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(c) is based on the data subject's explicit consent.	(c) is based on the data subject's explicit consent.	(c) is based on the data subject's explicit consent.	
3. In the cases referred to in	3. In the cases referred to in	3. In the cases referred to in	
points (a) and (c) of paragraph 2,	points (a) and (c) of paragraph 2,	points (a) and (c) of paragraph 2,	
the data controller shall implement	the data controller shall implement	the data controller shall implement	
suitable measures to safeguard the	suitable measures to safeguard the	suitable measures to safeguard the	
data subject's rights and freedoms	data subject's rights and freedoms	data subject's rights and freedoms	
and legitimate interests, at least the	and legitimate interests, at least the	and legitimate interests, at least the	
right to obtain human intervention	right to obtain human intervention	right to obtain human intervention	
on the part of the controller, to	on the part of the controller, to	on the part of the controller, to	
express his or her point of view and	express his or her point of view and	express his or her point of view and	
to contest the decision.	to contest the decision.	to contest the decision.	
4. Decisions referred to in	4. Decisions referred to in	4. Decisions referred to in	
paragraph 2 shall not be based on	paragraph 2 shall not be based on	paragraph 2 shall not be based on	
special categories of personal data	special categories of personal data	special categories of personal data	
referred to in Article 10(1), unless	referred to in Article 10(1), unless	referred to in Article 10(1), unless	
point (a) or (g) of Article 10(2)	point (a) or (g) of Article 10(2)	point (a) or (g) of Article 10(2)	
applies and suitable measures to	applies and suitable measures to	applies and suitable measures to	
safeguard the data subject's rights	safeguard the data subject's rights	safeguard the data subject's rights	
and freedoms and legitimate	and freedoms and legitimate	and freedoms and legitimate	
interests are in place.	interests are in place.	interests are in place.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
SECTION 5	SECTION 5	SECTION 5	
RESTRICTIONS	RESTRICTIONS	RESTRICTIONS	
Article 25	Article 25	Article 25	
Restrictions	Restrictions	Restrictions	
1. Legal acts adopted on the basis of the Treaties or, in matters relating to the operation of the Union institutions and bodies, internal rules laid down by the latter may restrict the application of Articles 14 to 22, 34 and 38, as well as Article 4 in so far as its provisions correspond to the rights and obligations provided for in Articles 14 to 22, when such a restriction respects the essence of the fundamental rights and freedoms and is a necessary and proportionate measure in a democratic society to safeguard:	AM 46 1. Legal acts adopted on the basis of the Treaties or, in matters relating to the operation of the Union institutions and bodies, internal rules laid down by the latter may restrict the application of Articles 14 to 22, 34 and 38, as well as Article 4 in so far as its provisions correspond to the rights and obligations provided for in Articles 14 to 22, when such a restriction respects the essence of the fundamental rights and freedoms and is a necessary and proportionate measure in a democratic society to safeguard:	1. Legal acts adopted on the basis of the Treaties or, in matters relating to the operation of the Union institutions and bodies, internal rules laid down by the latter may restrict the application of Articles 14 to 22, 34 and 38, as well as Article 4 in so far as its provisions correspond to the rights and obligations provided for in Articles 14 to 22, when such a restriction respects the essence of the fundamental rights and freedoms and is a necessary and proportionate measure in a democratic society to safeguard:	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(a) the national security, public	(a) the national security, public	(a) the national security, public	
security or defence of the Member	security or defence of the Member	security or defence of the Member	
States;	States;	States;	
(b) the prevention, investigation,	(b) the prevention, investigation,	(b) the prevention, investigation,	
detection and prosecution of	detection and prosecution of	detection and prosecution of	
criminal offences or the execution	criminal offences or the execution	criminal offences or the execution	
of criminal penalties, including the	of criminal penalties, including the	of criminal penalties, including the	
safeguarding against and the	safeguarding against and the	safeguarding against and the	
prevention of threats to public	prevention of threats to public	prevention of threats to public	
security;	security;	security;	
(c) other important objectives of general public interest of the Union or of a Member State, in particular an important economic or financial interest of the Union or of a Member State, including monetary, budgetary and taxation matters, public health and social security;	(c) other important objectives of general public interest of the Union or of a Member State, in particular an important economic or financial interest of the Union or of a Member State, including monetary, budgetary and taxation matters, public health and social security;	(c) other important objectives of general public interest of the Union or of a Member State, in particular the objectives of the common foreign and security policy of the Union or an important economic or financial interest of the Union or of a Member State, including monetary, budgetary and taxation matters, public health and social security;	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(d) the internal security of Union	(d) the internal security of Union	(d) the internal security of Union	
institutions and bodies, including of	institutions and bodies, including of	institutions and bodies, including of	
their electronic communication	their electronic communication	their electronic communications	
networks;	networks;	networks;	
(e) the protection of judicial	(e) the protection of judicial	(e) the protection of judicial	
independence and judicial	independence and judicial	independence and judicial	
proceedings;	proceedings;	proceedings;	
(f) the prevention, investigation,	(f) the prevention, investigation,	(f) the prevention, investigation,	
detection and prosecution of	detection and prosecution of	detection and prosecution of	
breaches of ethics for regulated	breaches of ethics for regulated	breaches of ethics for regulated	
professions;	professions;	professions;	
(g) a monitoring, inspection or	(g) a monitoring, inspection or	(g) a monitoring, inspection or	
regulatory function connected, even	regulatory function connected, even	regulatory function connected, even	
occasionally, to the exercise of	occasionally, to the exercise of	occasionally, to the exercise of	
official authority in the cases	official authority in the cases	official authority in the cases	
referred to in points (a) to (c).	referred to in points (a) to (c).	referred to in points (a) to (c).	
(h) the protection of the data	(h) the protection of the data	(h) the protection of the data	
subject or the rights and freedoms	subject or the rights and freedoms	subject or the rights and freedoms	
of others;	of others;	of others;	
(i) the enforcement of civil law claims.	(i) the enforcement of civil law claims.	(i) the enforcement of civil law claims.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	AM 47		
	1a. Acts adopted under paragraph 1 shall be clear and precise. Their application shall be foreseeable to persons subject to it.		
	AM 48		
	1b. In particular, any legal act adopted under paragraph 1 shall contain specific provisions at least, where relevant, as to:		
	(a) the purposes of the processing or categories of processing;		
	(b) the categories of personal data;		
	(c) the scope of the restriction introduced;		
	(d) the safeguards to prevent abuse or unlawful access or transfer;		
	(e) the specification of the controller or categories of controllers;		
	(f) the storage periods and the		



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	applicable safeguards taking into account the nature, scope and purposes of the processing or categories of processing;		
	(g) the risks to the rights and freedoms of data subjects; and		
	(h) the right of data subjects to be informed about the restriction, unless that may be prejudicial to the purpose of the restriction.		



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
2. Where a restriction is not provided for by a legal act adopted on the basis of the Treaties or by an internal rule in accordance with paragraph 1, the Union institutions and bodies may restrict the application of Articles 14 to 22, 34 and 38, as well as Article 4 in so far as its provisions correspond to the rights and obligations provided for in Articles 14 to 22, if such a restriction respects the essence of the fundamental rights and freedoms, in relation to a specific processing operation, and is a necessary and proportionate measure in a democratic society to safeguard one or more of the objectives referred to in paragraph 1. The restriction shall be notified to the competent data protection officer.	AM 49 2. Where a restriction is not provided for by a legal act adopted on the basis of the Treaties or by an internal rule in accordance with paragraph 1, the Union institutions and bodies may restrict the application of Articles 14 to 22, 34 and 38, as well as Article 4 in so far as its provisions correspond to the rights and obligations provided for in Articles 14 to 22, if such a restriction respects the essence of the fundamental rights and freedoms, in relation to a specific processing operation, and is a necessary and proportionate measure in a democratic society to safeguard one or more of the objectives referred to in paragraph 1. The restriction shall be notified to the competent data protection officer.	2. Where a restriction is not provided for by a legal act adopted on the basis of the Treaties or by an internal rule in accordance with paragraph 1, the Union institutions and bodies may restrict the application of Articles 14 to 22, 34 and 38, as well as Article 4 in so far as its provisions correspond to the rights and obligations provided for in Articles 14 to 22, if such a restriction respects the essence of the fundamental rights and freedoms, in relation to a specific processing operation, and is a necessary and proportionate measure in a democratic society to safeguard one or more of the objectives referred to in paragraph 1. The restriction shall be notified to the competent data protection officer.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
		2a In particular, any legal act or internal rule referred to in paragraph 1 shall contain specific provisions, where relevant, as to:	
		(a) the purposes of the processing or categories of processing;	
		(b) the categories of personal data;	
		(c) the scope of the restrictions introduced;	
		(d) the safeguards to prevent abuse or unlawful access or transfer;	
		(e) the specifications of the controller or categories of controllers;	
		(f) the storage periods and the applicable safeguards taking into account the nature, scope and purposes of the processing or categories of processing; and	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
		(g) the risks to the rights and freedoms of data subjects.	
3. Where personal data are processed for scientific or historical research purposes or statistical purposes, Union law, which may include internal rules, may provide for derogations from the rights referred to in Articles 17, 18, 20 and 23 subject to the conditions and safeguards referred to in Article 13 in so far as such rights are likely to render impossible or seriously impair the achievement of the specific purposes, and such derogations are necessary for the fulfilment of those purposes.	AM 50 3. Where personal data are processed for scientific or historical research purposes or statistical purposes, Union law , which may include internal rules, may provide for derogations from the rights referred to in Articles 17, 18, 20 and 23 subject to the conditions and safeguards referred to in Article 13 in so far as such rights are likely to render impossible or seriously impair the achievement of the specific purposes, and such derogations are necessary for the fulfilment of those purposes.	3. Where personal data are processed for scientific or historical research purposes or statistical purposes, Union law, which may include internal-rules adopted by Union institutions and bodies in matters relating to their operation , may provide for derogations from the rights referred to in Articles 17, 18, 20 and 23 subject to the conditions and safeguards referred to in Article 13 in so far as such rights are likely to render impossible or seriously impair the achievement of the specific purposes, and such derogations are necessary for the fulfilment of those purposes.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
4. Where personal data are processed for archiving purposes in the public interest, Union law, which may include internal rules, may provide for derogations from the rights referred to in Articles 17, 18, 20, 21, 22 and 23 subject to the conditions and safeguards referred to in Article 13 in so far as such rights are likely to render impossible or seriously impair the achievement of the specific purposes, and such derogations are necessary for the fulfilment of those purposes.	 AM 51 4. Where personal data are processed for archiving purposes in the public interest, Union law, which may include internal rules, may provide for derogations from the rights referred to in Articles 17, 18, 20, 21, 22 and 23 subject to the conditions and safeguards referred to in Article 13 in so far as such rights are likely to render impossible or seriously impair the achievement of the specific purposes, and such derogations are necessary for the fulfilment of those purposes. 	4. Where personal data are processed for archiving purposes in the public interest, Union law, which may include internal rules adopted by Union institutions and bodies in matters relating to their operation , may provide for derogations from the rights referred to in Articles 17, 18, 20, 21, 22 and 23 subject to the conditions and safeguards referred to in Article 13 in so far as such rights are likely to render impossible or seriously impair the achievement of the specific purposes, and such derogations are necessary for the fulfilment of those purposes.	
5. Internal rules referred to in paragraphs 1, 3 and 4 shall be sufficiently clear and precise and subject to appropriate publication.	AM 52 5. Internal rules referred to in paragraphs 1, 3 and 4 shall be sufficiently clear and precise and subject to appropriate publication.	5. Internal rules referred to in paragraphs 1, 3 and 4 shall be sufficiently clear and precise acts of general application, intended to produce legal effects vis-a-vis data subjects, adopted at the highest level of management of the Union institutions and bodies and subject to appropriate publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
6. If a restriction is imposed pursuant to paragraphs 1 or 2, the data subject shall be informed, in accordance with Union law, of the principal reasons on which the application of the restriction is based and of his or her right to lodge a complaint with the European Data Protection Supervisor.	AM 53 6. If a restriction is imposed pursuant to paragraphs 1 or 2, the data subject shall be informed, in accordance with Union law, of the principal reasons on which the application of the restriction is based and of his or her right to lodge a complaint with the European Data Protection Supervisor.	6. If a restriction is imposed pursuant to paragraphs 1 or 2, the data subject shall be informed, in accordance with Union law, of the principal reasons on which the application of the restriction is based and of his or her right to lodge a complaint with the European Data Protection Supervisor.	Tentative agreement + reference to para 2 of Council text should be removed
7. If a restriction imposed pursuant to paragraphs 1 or 2 is relied upon to deny access to the data subject, the European Data Protection Supervisor shall, when investigating the complaint, only inform him or her of whether the data have been processed correctly and, if not, whether any necessary corrections have been made.	AM 54 7. If a restriction imposed pursuant to paragraphs 1 or 2 is relied upon to deny access to the data subject, the European Data Protection Supervisor shall, when investigating the complaint, only inform him or her of whether the data have been processed correctly and, if not, whether any necessary corrections have been made.	7. If a restriction imposed pursuant to paragraphs 1 or 2 is relied upon to deny access to the data subject, the European Data Protection Supervisor shall, when investigating the complaint, only inform him or her of whether the data have been processed correctly and, if not, whether any necessary corrections have been made.	Tentative agreement + reference to para 2 of Council text should be removed

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
8. Provision of the information referred to in paragraphs 6 and 7 and in Article 46(2) may be deferred, omitted or denied if it would cancel the effect of the restriction imposed pursuant to paragraph 1 or 2.	AM 55 8. Provision of the information referred to in paragraphs 6 and 7 and in Article 46(2) may be deferred, omitted or denied if it would cancel the effect of the restriction imposed pursuant to paragraph 1 or 2.	8. Provision of the information referred to in paragraphs 6 and 7 and in Article 46(2) may be deferred, omitted or denied if it would cancel the effect of the restriction imposed pursuant to paragraph 1 or 2.	Tentative agreement + reference to para 2 of Council text should be removed



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
CHAPTER IV	CHAPTER IV	CHAPTER IV	
CONTROLLER AND PROCESSOR	CONTROLLER AND PROCESSOR	CONTROLLER AND PROCESSOR	
SECTION 1	SECTION 1	SECTION 1	
GENERAL OBLIGATIONS	GENERAL OBLIGATIONS	GENERAL OBLIGATIONS	
Article 26	Article 26	Article 26	
Responsibility of the controller	Responsibility of the controller	Responsibility of the controller	
1. Taking into account the nature, scope, context and purposes of processing as well as the risks of varying likelihood and severity for the rights and freedoms of natural persons, the controller shall implement appropriate technical and organisational measures to ensure and to be able to demonstrate that processing is performed in accordance with this Regulation. Those measures shall be reviewed and updated where necessary.	1. Taking into account the nature, scope, context and purposes of processing as well as the risks of varying likelihood and severity for the rights and freedoms of natural persons, the controller shall implement appropriate technical and organisational measures to ensure and to be able to demonstrate that processing is performed in accordance with this Regulation. Those measures shall be reviewed and updated where necessary.	1. Taking into account the nature, scope, context and purposes of processing as well as the risks of varying likelihood and severity for the rights and freedoms of natural persons, the controller shall implement appropriate technical and organisational measures to ensure and to be able to demonstrate that processing is performed in accordance with this Regulation. Those measures shall be reviewed and updated where necessary.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
2. Where proportionate in relation to processing activities, the measures referred to in paragraph 1 shall include the implementation of appropriate data protection policies by the controller.	2. Where proportionate in relation to processing activities, the measures referred to in paragraph 1 shall include the implementation of appropriate data protection policies by the controller.	2. Where proportionate in relation to processing activities, the measures referred to in paragraph 1 shall include the implementation of appropriate data protection policies by the controller.	
	AM 56 2a. Adherence to approved certification mechanisms as referred to in Article 42 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 may be used as an element by which to demonstrate compliance with the obligations of the controller.		Tentative agreement EP text: 2a. Adherence to approved certification mechanisms as referred to in Article 42 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 may be used as an element by which to demonstrate compliance with the obligations of the controller.

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 27	Article 27	Article 27	
Data protection by design and by default	Data protection by design and by default	Data protection by design and by default	
1. Taking into account the state of the art, the cost of implementation and the nature, scope, context and purposes of processing as well as the risks of varying likelihood and severity for rights and freedoms of natural persons posed by the processing, the controller shall, both at the time of the determination of the means for processing and at the time of the processing itself, implement appropriate technical and organisational measures, such as pseudonymisation, which are designed to implement data protection principles, such as data minimisation, in an effective manner and to integrate the necessary safeguards into the processing in order to meet the requirements of this Regulation and protect the rights of data subjects.	1. Taking into account the state of the art, the cost of implementation and the nature, scope, context and purposes of processing as well as the risks of varying likelihood and severity for rights and freedoms of natural persons posed by the processing, the controller shall, both at the time of the determination of the means for processing and at the time of the processing itself, implement appropriate technical and organisational measures, such as pseudonymisation, which are designed to implement data protection principles, such as data minimisation, in an effective manner and to integrate the necessary safeguards into the processing in order to meet the requirements of this Regulation and protect the rights of data subjects.	1. Taking into account the state of the art, the cost of implementation and the nature, scope, context and purposes of processing as well as the risks of varying likelihood and severity for rights and freedoms of natural persons posed by the processing, the controller shall, both at the time of the determination of the means for processing and at the time of the processing itself, implement appropriate technical and organisational measures, such as pseudonymisation, which are designed to implement data protection principles, such as data minimisation, in an effective manner and to integrate the necessary safeguards into the processing in order to meet the requirements of this Regulation and protect the rights of data subjects.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
2. The controller shall implement appropriate technical and organisational measures for ensuring that, by default, only personal data which are necessary for each specific purpose of the processing are processed. That obligation applies to the amount of personal data collected, the extent of their processing, the period of their storage and their accessibility. In particular, such measures shall ensure that by default personal data are not made accessible without the individual's intervention to an indefinite number of natural persons.	2. The controller shall implement appropriate technical and organisational measures for ensuring that, by default, only personal data which are necessary for each specific purpose of the processing are processed. That obligation applies to the amount of personal data collected, the extent of their processing, the period of their storage and their accessibility. In particular, such measures shall ensure that by default personal data are not made accessible without the individual's intervention to an indefinite number of natural persons.	2. The controller shall implement appropriate technical and organisational measures for ensuring that, by default, only personal data which are necessary for each specific purpose of the processing are processed. That obligation applies to the amount of personal data collected, the extent of their processing, the period of their storage and their accessibility. In particular, such measures shall ensure that by default personal data are not made accessible without the individual's intervention to an indefinite number of natural persons.	
	AM 57 2a. An approved certification mechanism pursuant to Article 42 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 may be used as an element to demonstrate compliance with the requirements set out in paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Article.		Tentative agreement EP text: 2a. An approved certification mechanism pursuant to Article 42 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 may be used as an element to demonstrate compliance with the requirements set out in paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Article.



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 28	Article 28	Article 28	
Joint controllers	Joint controllers	Joint controllers	
1. Where a Union institution or body together with one or more controllers, which may be Union institutions or bodies or not, jointly determine the purposes and means of processing, they shall be joint controllers. They shall in a transparent manner determine their respective responsibilities for compliance with their data protection obligations, in particular as regards the exercising of the rights of the data subject and their respective duties to provide the information referred to in Articles 15 and 16, by means of an arrangement between them unless, and in so far as, the respective responsibilities of the controllers are determined by Union or Member State law to which the controllers are subject. The arrangement may designate a contact point for data subjects.	1. Where a Union institution or body together with one or more controllers, which may be Union institutions or bodies or not, jointly determine the purposes and means of processing, they shall be joint controllers. They shall in a transparent manner determine their respective responsibilities for compliance with their data protection obligations, in particular as regards the exercising of the rights of the data subject and their respective duties to provide the information referred to in Articles 15 and 16, by means of an arrangement between them unless, and in so far as, the respective responsibilities of the controllers are determined by Union or Member State law to which the controllers are subject. The arrangement may designate a contact point for data subjects.	1. Where a controller, jointly with one or more controllers or controllers other than Union institutions and bodies, Union institution or body together with one or more controllers, which may be Union institutions or bodies or not, jointly determine the purposes and means of processing, they shall be joint controllers. They shall in a transparent manner determine their respective responsibilities for compliance with their data protection obligations, in particular as regards the exercising of the rights of the data subject and their respective duties to provide the information referred to in Articles 15 and 16, by means of an arrangement between them unless, and in so far as, the respective responsibilities of the joint controllers are determined by Union or Member State law to which the joint controllers are subject. The arrangement may designate a	Tentative agreement CNS text 1. Where a controller, jointly with one or more controllers or controllers other than Union institutions and bodies, Union institution or body together with one or more controllers, which may be Union institutions or bodies or not, jointly determine the purposes and means of processing, they shall be joint controllers. They shall in a transparent manner determine their respective responsibilities for compliance with their data protection obligations, in particular as regards the exercising of the rights of the data subject and their respective duties to provide the information referred to in Articles 15 and 16, by means of an arrangement between them unless, and in so far as, the respective responsibilities of the joint controllers are determined by

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
		contact point for data subjects.	Union or Member State law to which the joint controllers are subject. The arrangement may designate a contact point for data subjects.
2. The arrangement referred to in paragraph 1 shall duly reflect the respective roles and relationships of the joint controllers vis-à-vis the data subjects. The essence of the arrangement shall be made available to the data subject.	2. The arrangement referred to in paragraph 1 shall duly reflect the respective roles and relationships of the joint controllers vis-à-vis the data subjects. The essence of the arrangement shall be made available to the data subject.	2. The arrangement referred to in paragraph 1 shall duly reflect the respective roles and relationships of the joint controllers vis-à-vis the data subjects. The essence of the arrangement shall be made available to the data subject.	
3. The data subject may exercise his or her rights under this Regulation in respect of and against one or more of the joint controllers, taking into account their roles as determined in the terms of the arrangement referred to in paragraph 1.	AM 58 3. Irrespective of the terms of the arrangement referred to in paragraph 1, the data subject may exercise his or her rights under this Regulation in respect of and against one or more each of the joint controllers, taking into account their roles as determined in the terms of the arrangement referred to in paragraph 1.	3. The data subject may exercise his or her rights under this Regulation in respect of and against one or more of the joint controllers, taking into account their roles as determined in the terms of the arrangement referred to in paragraph 1.	 Tentative agreement EP text: 3. Irrespective of the terms of the arrangement referred to in paragraph 1, the data subject may exercise his or her rights under this Regulation in respect of and against each of the controllers.

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 29	Article 29	Article 29	
Processor	Processor	Processor	
1. Where processing is to be carried out on behalf of a controller, the controller shall use only processors providing sufficient guarantees to implement appropriate technical and organisational measures in such a manner that processing will meet the requirements of this Regulation and ensure the protection of the rights of the data subject.	1. Where processing is to be carried out on behalf of a controller, the controller shall use only processors providing sufficient guarantees to implement appropriate technical and organisational measures in such a manner that processing will meet the requirements of this Regulation and ensure the protection of the rights of the data subject.	1. Where processing is to be carried out on behalf of a controller, the controller shall use only processors providing sufficient guarantees to implement appropriate technical and organisational measures in such a manner that processing will meet the requirements of this Regulation and ensure the protection of the rights of the data subject.	
2. The processor shall not engage another processor without prior specific or general written authorisation of the controller. In the case of general written authorisation, the processor shall inform the controller of any intended changes concerning the addition or replacement of other processors, thereby giving the controller the opportunity to object to such changes.	2. The processor shall not engage another processor without prior specific or general written authorisation of the controller. In the case of general written authorisation, the processor shall inform the controller of any intended changes concerning the addition or replacement of other processors, thereby giving the controller the opportunity to object to such changes.	2. The processor shall not engage another processor without prior specific or general written authorisation of the controller. In the case of general written authorisation, the processor shall inform the controller of any intended changes concerning the addition or replacement of other processors, thereby giving the controller the opportunity to object to such changes.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
3. Processing by a processor	3. Processing by a processor	3. Processing by a processor	
shall be governed by a contract or	shall be governed by a contract or	shall be governed by a contract or	
other legal act under Union or	other legal act under Union or	other legal act under Union or	
Member State law, that is binding	Member State law, that is binding	Member State law, that is binding	
on the processor with regard to the	on the processor with regard to the	on the processor with regard to the	
controller and that sets out the	controller and that sets out the	controller and that sets out the	
subject-matter and duration of the	subject-matter and duration of the	subject-matter and duration of the	
processing, the nature and purpose	processing, the nature and purpose	processing, the nature and purpose	
of the processing, the type of	of the processing, the type of	of the processing, the type of	
personal data and categories of data	personal data and categories of data	personal data and categories of data	
subjects and the obligations and	subjects and the obligations and	subjects and the obligations and	
rights of the controller. That	rights of the controller. That	rights of the controller. That	
contract or other legal act shall	contract or other legal act shall	contract or other legal act shall	
stipulate, in particular, that the	stipulate, in particular, that the	stipulate, in particular, that the	
processor:	processor:	processor:	
(a) processes the personal data	(a) processes the personal data	(a) processes the personal data	
only on documented instructions from	only on documented instructions from	only on documented instructions from	
the controller, including with regard	the controller, including with regard	the controller, including with regard	
to transfers of personal data to a third	to transfers of personal data to a third	to transfers of personal data to a third	
country or an international	country or an international	country or an international	
organisation, unless required to do so	organisation, unless required to do so	organisation, unless required to do so	
by Union or Member State law to	by Union or Member State law to	by Union or Member State law to	
which the processor is subject; in	which the processor is subject; in	which the processor is subject; in	
such a case, the processor shall	such a case, the processor shall	such a case, the processor shall	
inform the controller of that legal	inform the controller of that legal	inform the controller of that legal	
requirement before processing, unless	requirement before processing, unless	requirement before processing, unless	
that law prohibits such information	that law prohibits such information	that law prohibits such information	
on important grounds of public	on important grounds of public	on important grounds of public	
interest;	interest;	interest;	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(b) ensures that persons	(b) ensures that persons	(b) ensures that persons	
authorised to process the personal	authorised to process the personal	authorised to process the personal	
data have committed themselves to	data have committed themselves to	data have committed themselves to	
confidentiality or are under an	confidentiality or are under an	confidentiality or are under an	
appropriate statutory obligation of	appropriate statutory obligation of	appropriate statutory obligation of	
confidentiality;	confidentiality;	confidentiality;	
(c) takes all measures required pursuant to Article 33;	(c) takes all measures required pursuant to Article 33;	(c) takes all measures required pursuant to Article 33;	
(d) respects the conditions	(d) respects the conditions	(d) respects the conditions	
referred to in paragraphs 2 and 4 for	referred to in paragraphs 2 and 4 for	referred to in paragraphs 2 and 4 for	
engaging another processor;	engaging another processor;	engaging another processor;	
(e) taking into account the nature	(e) taking into account the nature	(e) taking into account the nature	
of the processing, assists the	of the processing, assists the	of the processing, assists the	
controller by appropriate technical	controller by appropriate technical	controller by appropriate technical	
and organisational measures, insofar	and organisational measures, insofar	and organisational measures, insofar	
as this is possible, for the fulfilment	as this is possible, for the fulfilment	as this is possible, for the fulfilment	
of the controller's obligation to	of the controller's obligation to	of the controller's obligation to	
respond to requests for exercising	respond to requests for exercising	respond to requests for exercising	
the data subject's rights laid down in	the data subject's rights laid down in	the data subject's rights laid down in	
Chapter III;	Chapter III;	Chapter III;	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(f) assists the controller in	(f) assists the controller in	(f) assists the controller in	
ensuring compliance with the	ensuring compliance with the	ensuring compliance with the	
obligations pursuant to Articles 33	obligations pursuant to Articles 33	obligations pursuant to Articles 33	
to 40 taking into account the nature	to 40 taking into account the nature	to 40 taking into account the nature	
of processing and the information	of processing and the information	of processing and the information	
available to the processor;	available to the processor;	available to the processor;	
(g) at the choice of the controller,	(g) at the choice of the controller,	(g) at the choice of the controller,	
deletes or returns all the personal	deletes or returns all the personal	deletes or returns all the personal	
data to the controller after the end of	data to the controller after the end of	data to the controller after the end of	
the provision of services relating to	the provision of services relating to	the provision of services relating to	
processing, and deletes existing	processing, and deletes existing	processing, and deletes existing	
copies unless Union or Member	copies unless Union or Member	copies unless Union or Member	
State law requires storage of the	State law requires storage of the	State law requires storage of the	
personal data;	personal data;	personal data;	
(h) makes available to the	(h) makes available to the	(h) makes available to the	
controller all information necessary	controller all information necessary	controller all information necessary	
to demonstrate compliance with the	to demonstrate compliance with the	to demonstrate compliance with the	
obligations laid down in this Article	obligations laid down in this Article	obligations laid down in this Article	
and allow for and contribute to	and allow for and contribute to	and allow for and contribute to	
audits, including inspections,	audits, including inspections,	audits, including inspections,	
conducted by the controller or	conducted by the controller or	conducted by the controller or	
another auditor mandated by the	another auditor mandated by the	another auditor mandated by the	
controller.	controller.	controller.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
With regard to point (h) of the first	With regard to point (h) of the first	With regard to point (h) of the first	
subparagraph, the processor shall	subparagraph, the processor shall	subparagraph, the processor shall	
immediately inform the controller	immediately inform the controller	immediately inform the controller	
if, in its opinion, an instruction	if, in its opinion, an instruction	if, in its opinion, an instruction	
infringes this Regulation or other	infringes this Regulation or other	infringes this Regulation or other	
Union or Member State data	Union or Member State data	Union or Member State data	
protection provisions.	protection provisions.	protection provisions.	
4. Where a processor engages	4. Where a processor engages	4. Where a processor engages	
another processor for carrying out	another processor for carrying out	another processor for carrying out	
specific processing activities on	specific processing activities on	specific processing activities on	
behalf of the controller, the same	behalf of the controller, the same	behalf of the controller, the same	
data protection obligations as set out	data protection obligations as set out	data protection obligations as set out	
in the contract or other legal act	in the contract or other legal act	in the contract or other legal act	
between the controller and the	between the controller and the	between the controller and the	
processor as referred to in paragraph	processor as referred to in paragraph	processor as referred to in paragraph	
3 shall be imposed on that other	3 shall be imposed on that other	3 shall be imposed on that other	
processor by way of a contract or	processor by way of a contract or	processor by way of a contract or	
other legal act under Union or	other legal act under Union or	other legal act under Union or	
Member State law, in particular	Member State law, in particular	Member State law, in particular	
providing sufficient guarantees to	providing sufficient guarantees to	providing sufficient guarantees to	
implement appropriate technical and	implement appropriate technical and	implement appropriate technical and	
organisational measures in such a	organisational measures in such a	organisational measures in such a	
manner that the processing will	manner that the processing will	manner that the processing will	
meet the requirements of this	meet the requirements of this	meet the requirements of this	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Regulation. Where that other	Regulation. Where that other	Regulation. Where that other	
processor fails to fulfil its data	processor fails to fulfil its data	processor fails to fulfil its data	
protection obligations, the initial	protection obligations, the initial	protection obligations, the initial	
processor shall remain fully liable to	processor shall remain fully liable to	processor shall remain fully liable to	
the controller for the performance of	the controller for the performance of	the controller for the performance of	
that other processor's obligations.	that other processor's obligations.	that other processor's obligations.	
5. When a processor is not a	5. When a processor is not a	5. When a processor is not a	
Union institution or body, its	Union institution or body, its	Union institution or body, its	
adherence to an approved code of	adherence to an approved code of	adherence to an approved code of	
conduct referred to in Article 40(5)	conduct referred to in Article 40(5)	conduct referred to in Article 40(5)	
of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or an	of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or an	of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or an	
approved certification mechanism	approved certification mechanism	approved certification mechanism	
referred to in Article 42 of	referred to in Article 42 of	referred to in Article 42 of	
Regulation (EU) 2016/679 may be	Regulation (EU) 2016/679 may be	Regulation (EU) 2016/679 may be	
used as an element by which to	used as an element by which to	used as an element by which to	
demonstrate sufficient guarantees as	demonstrate sufficient guarantees as	demonstrate sufficient guarantees as	
referred to in paragraphs 1 and 4 of	referred to in paragraphs 1 and 4 of	referred to in paragraphs 1 and 4 of	
this Article.	this Article.	this Article.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
6. Without prejudice to any individual contract between the controller and the processor, the contract or the other legal act referred to in paragraphs 3 and 4 of this Article may be based, in whole or in part, on standard contractual clauses referred to in paragraphs 7 and 8 of this Article, including when they are part of a certification granted to the processor other than a Union institution or body pursuant to Article 42 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	6. Without prejudice to any individual contract between the controller and the processor, the contract or the other legal act referred to in paragraphs 3 and 4 of this Article may be based, in whole or in part, on standard contractual clauses referred to in paragraphs 7 and 8 of this Article, including when they are part of a certification granted to the processor other than a Union institution or body pursuant to Article 42 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	6. Without prejudice to any individual contract between the controller and the processor, the contract or the other legal act referred to in paragraphs 3 and 4 of this Article may be based, in whole or in part, on standard contractual clauses referred to in paragraphs 7 and 8 of this Article, including when they are part of a certification granted to the processor other than a Union institution or body pursuant to Article 42 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	
7. The Commission may lay down standard contractual clauses for the matters referred to in paragraph 3 and 4 of this Article and in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 70(2).	7. The Commission may lay down standard contractual clauses for the matters referred to in paragraph 3 and 4 of this Article and in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 70(2).	7. The Commission may lay down standard contractual clauses for the matters referred to in paragraph 3 and 4 of this Article and in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 70(2).	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
8. The European Data Protection	8. The European Data Protection	8. The European Data Protection	
Supervisor may adopt standard	Supervisor may adopt standard	Supervisor may adopt standard	
contractual clauses for the matters	contractual clauses for the matters	contractual clauses for the matters	
referred to in paragraphs 3 and 4.	referred to in paragraphs 3 and 4.	referred to in paragraphs 3 and 4.	
9. The contract or the other legal act referred to in paragraphs 3 and 4 shall be in writing, including in electronic form.	9. The contract or the other legal act referred to in paragraphs 3 and 4 shall be in writing, including in electronic form.	9. The contract or the other legal act referred to in paragraphs 3 and 4 shall be in writing, including in electronic form.	
10. Without prejudice to Articles	10. Without prejudice to Articles	10. Without prejudice to Articles	
65 and 66, if a processor infringes	65 and 66, if a processor infringes	65 and 66, if a processor infringes	
this Regulation by determining the	this Regulation by determining the	this Regulation by determining the	
purposes and means of processing,	purposes and means of processing,	purposes and means of processing,	
the processor shall be considered to	the processor shall be considered to	the processor shall be considered to	
be a controller in respect of that	be a controller in respect of that	be a controller in respect of that	
processing.	processing.	processing.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 30	Article 30	Article 30	
Processing under the authority of the controller and processor	Processing under the authority of the controller and processor	Processing under the authority of the controller and processor	
The processor and any person acting under the authority of the controller or of the processor, who has access to personal data, shall not process those data except on instructions from the controller, unless required to do so by Union or Member State law.	The processor and any person acting under the authority of the controller or of the processor, who has access to personal data, shall not process those data except on instructions from the controller, unless required to do so by Union or Member State law.	The processor and any person acting under the authority of the controller or of the processor, who has access to personal data, shall not process those data except on instructions from the controller, unless required to do so by Union or Member State law.	
Article 31	Article 31	Article 31	
Records of processing activities	Records of processing activities	Records of processing activities	
1. Each controller shall maintain a record of processing activities under its responsibility. That record shall contain all of the following information:	1. Each controller shall maintain a record of processing activities under its responsibility. That record shall contain all of the following information:	1. Each controller shall maintain a record of processing activities under its responsibility. That record shall contain all of the following information:	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(a) the name and contact details	(a) the name and contact details	(a) the name and contact details	
of the controller, the data protection	of the controller, the data protection	of the controller, the data protection	
officer and, where applicable, the	officer and, where applicable, the	officer and, where applicable, the	
processor and the joint controller;	processor and the joint controller;	processor and the joint controller;	
(b) the purposes of the processing;	(b) the purposes of the processing;	(b) the purposes of the processing;	
(c) a description of the categories	(c) a description of the categories	(c) a description of the categories	
of data subjects and of the	of data subjects and of the	of data subjects and of the	
categories of personal data;	categories of personal data;	categories of personal data;	
(d) the categories of recipients to	(d) the categories of recipients to	(d) the categories of recipients to	
whom the personal data have been	whom the personal data have been	whom the personal data have been	
or will be disclosed including	or will be disclosed including	or will be disclosed including	
recipients in Member States, third	recipients in Member States, third	recipients in Member States, third	
countries or international	countries or international	countries or international	
organisations;	organisations;	organisations;	
(e) where applicable, transfers of	(e) where applicable, transfers of	(e) where applicable, transfers of	
personal data to a third country or	personal data to a third country or	personal data to a third country or	
an international organisation,	an international organisation,	an international organisation,	
including the identification of that	including the identification of that	including the identification of that	
third country or international	third country or international	third country or international	
organisation and the documentation	organisation and the documentation	organisation and the documentation	
of suitable safeguards;	of suitable safeguards;	of suitable safeguards;	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(f) where possible, the envisaged	(f) where possible, the envisaged	(f) where possible, the envisaged	
time limits for erasure of the	time limits for erasure of the	time limits for erasure of the	
different categories of data;	different categories of data;	different categories of data;	
(g) where possible, a general description of the technical and organisational security measures referred to in Article 33.	(g) where possible, a general description of the technical and organisational security measures referred to in Article 33.	(g) where possible, a general description of the technical and organisational security measures referred to in Article 33.	
2. Each processor shall maintain	2. Each processor shall maintain	2. Each processor shall maintain	
a record of all categories of	a record of all categories of	a record of all categories of	
processing activities carried out on	processing activities carried out on	processing activities carried out on	
behalf of a controller, containing:	behalf of a controller, containing:	behalf of a controller, containing:	
(a) the name and contact details	(a) the name and contact details	(a) the name and contact details	
of the processor or processors and	of the processor or processors and	of the processor or processors and	
of each controller on behalf of	of each controller on behalf of	of each controller on behalf of	
which the processor is acting, and of	which the processor is acting, and of	which the processor is acting, and of	
the data protection officer;	the data protection officer;	the data protection officer;	
(b) the categories of processing	(b) the categories of processing	(b) the categories of processing	
carried out on behalf of each	carried out on behalf of each	carried out on behalf of each	
controller;	controller;	controller;	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(c) where applicable, transfers of personal data to a third country or an international organisation, including the identification of that third country or international organisation and the documentation of suitable safeguards;	(c) where applicable, transfers of personal data to a third country or an international organisation, including the identification of that third country or international organisation and the documentation of suitable safeguards;	(c) where applicable, transfers of personal data to a third country or an international organisation, including the identification of that third country or international organisation and the documentation of suitable safeguards;	
(d) where possible, a general description of the technical and organisational security measures referred to in Article 33.	(d) where possible, a general description of the technical and organisational security measures referred to in Article 33.	(d) where possible, a general description of the technical and organisational security measures referred to in Article 33.	
3. The records referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be in writing, including in electronic form.	3. The records referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be in writing, including in electronic form.	3. The records referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be in writing, including in electronic form.	
4. Union institutions and bodies shall make the record available to the European Data Protection Supervisor on request.	4. Union institutions and bodies shall make the record available to the European Data Protection Supervisor on request.	4. Union institutions and bodies shall make the record available to the European Data Protection Supervisor on request.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
5. Union institutions and bodies may decide to keep their records of processing activities in a central register. In this case, they may also decide to make the register publicly accessible.	AM 59 5. Union institutions and bodies may decide to <i>shall</i> keep their records of processing activities in a central register. In this case, they may also decide to <i>and</i> make the register publicly accessible.	5. Union institutions and bodies may decide to keep their records of processing activities in a central register. In this case, they may also decide to make the register publicly accessible.	Linked to Recitals (42) and (47)
Article 32	Article 32	Article 32	
Co-operation with the European Data Protection Supervisor	Co-operation with the European Data Protection Supervisor	Co-operation with the European Data Protection Supervisor	
Union institutions and bodies shall cooperate, on request, with the European Data Protection Supervisor in the performance of its tasks.	Union institutions and bodies shall cooperate, on request, with the European Data Protection Supervisor in the performance of its tasks.	Union institutions and bodies shall cooperate, on request, with the European Data Protection Supervisor in the performance of its tasks.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
SECTION 2 SECURITY OF PERSONAL DATA AND CONFIDENTIALITY OF ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS	AM 60 SECTION 2 SECURITY OF PERSONAL DATA AND CONFIDENTIALITY OF ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS	SECTION 2 SECURITY OF PERSONAL DATA AND CONFIDENTIALITY OF ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS	
Article 33	Article 33	Article 33	
Security of processing	Security of processing	Security of processing	
1. Taking into account the state of the art, the costs of implementation and the nature, scope, context and purposes of processing as well as the risk of varying likelihood and severity for the rights and freedoms of natural persons, the controller and the processor shall implement appropriate technical and organisational measures to ensure a level of security appropriate to the risk, including inter alia as appropriate:	1. Taking into account the state of the art, the costs of implementation and the nature, scope, context and purposes of processing as well as the risk of varying likelihood and severity for the rights and freedoms of natural persons, the controller and the processor shall implement appropriate technical and organisational measures to ensure a level of security appropriate to the risk, including inter alia as appropriate:	1. Taking into account the state of the art, the costs of implementation and the nature, scope, context and purposes of processing as well as the risk of varying likelihood and severity for the rights and freedoms of natural persons, the controller and the processor shall implement appropriate technical and organisational measures to ensure a level of security appropriate to the risk, including inter alia as appropriate:	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(a) the pseudonymisation and encryption of personal data;	(a) the pseudonymisation and encryption of personal data;	(a) the pseudonymisation and encryption of personal data;	
(b) the ability to ensure the	(b) the ability to ensure the	(b) the ability to ensure the	
ongoing confidentiality, integrity,	ongoing confidentiality, integrity,	ongoing confidentiality, integrity,	
availability and resilience of	availability and resilience of	availability and resilience of	
processing systems and services;	processing systems and services;	processing systems and services;	
(c) the ability to restore the	(c) the ability to restore the	(c) the ability to restore the	
availability and access to personal	availability and access to personal	availability and access to personal	
data in a timely manner in the event	data in a timely manner in the event	data in a timely manner in the event	
of a physical or technical incident;	of a physical or technical incident;	of a physical or technical incident;	
(d) a process for regularly testing,	(d) a process for regularly testing,	(d) a process for regularly testing,	
assessing and evaluating the	assessing and evaluating the	assessing and evaluating the	
effectiveness of technical and	effectiveness of technical and	effectiveness of technical and	
organisational measures for	organisational measures for	organisational measures for	
ensuring the security of the	ensuring the security of the	ensuring the security of the	
processing.	processing.	processing.	
2. In assessing the appropriate	2. In assessing the appropriate	2. In assessing the appropriate	
level of security account shall be	level of security account shall be	level of security account shall be	
taken in particular of the risks that are	taken in particular of the risks that are	taken in particular of the risks that are	
presented by processing, in particular	presented by processing, in particular	presented by processing, in particular	
from accidental or unlawful	from accidental or unlawful	from accidental or unlawful	
destruction, loss, alteration,	destruction, loss, alteration,	destruction, loss, alteration,	
unauthorised disclosure of, or access	unauthorised disclosure of, or access	unauthorised disclosure of, or access	
to personal data transmitted, stored or	to personal data transmitted, stored or	to personal data transmitted, stored or	
otherwise processed.	otherwise processed.	otherwise processed.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
3. The controller and processor shall take steps to ensure that any natural person acting under the authority of the controller or the processor who has access to personal data does not process them except on instructions from the controller, unless he or she is required to do so by Union law.	3. The controller and processor shall take steps to ensure that any natural person acting under the authority of the controller or the processor who has access to personal data does not process them except on instructions from the controller, unless he or she is required to do so by Union law.	3. The controller and processor shall take steps to ensure that any natural person acting under the authority of the controller or the processor who has access to personal data does not process them except on instructions from the controller, unless he or she is required to do so by Union law.	
	AM 61 3a. Adherence to an approved certification mechanism as referred to in Article 42 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 may be used as an element by which to demonstrate compliance with the requirements set out in paragraph 1 of this Article.		Tentative agreement EP text: 3a. Adherence to an approved certification mechanism as referred to in Article 42 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 may be used as an element by which to demonstrate compliance with the requirements set out in paragraph 1 of this Article.

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	AM 62 Article 33 a		
	Adherence to an approved code of conduct as pursuant to Article 42 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 may be used as an element by which to demonstrate compliance with the requirements set out in paragraph 1 and 2.		Tentative agreement EP withdraws AM 62



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 34	AM 63	Article 34	Related to AM 66
	Article 34		
Confidentiality of electronic communications	Confidentiality of electronic communications	Confidentiality of electronic communications data	Tentative Agreement to move the article down to the new Chapter on confidentiality. See below Article 38a
Union institutions and bodies shall ensure the confidentiality of electronic communications, in particular by securing their electronic communication networks.	Union institutions and bodies shall ensure the confidentiality of electronic communications, in particular by securing their electronic communication networks in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/XXXX.	Union institutions and bodies shall ensure the confidentiality of electronic communications data , in particular by securing their electronic communications networks.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	Article 35 Protection of information related to end-users' terminal equipment		
	moved from Section 2 to Section 2a		



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 36	AM 64	Article 36	
	Article 36		
Directories of users	Directories of users	Directories of users	
1. Personal data contained in directories of users and access to such directories shall be limited to what is strictly necessary for the specific purposes of the directory.	1. Personal data contained in directories of users and access to such directories shall be limited to what is strictly necessary for the specific purposes of the directory.	1. Personal data contained in directories of users and access to such directories shall be limited to what is strictly necessary for the specific purposes of the directory.	
2. Union institutions and bodies shall take all the necessary measures to prevent personal data contained in those directories, regardless of whether they are accessible to the public or not, from being used for direct marketing purposes.	2. Union institutions and bodies shall take all the necessary measures to prevent personal data contained in those directories, regardless of whether they are accessible to the public or not, from being used for direct marketing purposes.	2. Union institutions and bodies shall take all the necessary measures to prevent personal data contained in those directories, regardless of whether they are accessible to the public or not, from being used for direct marketing purposes.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 37	Article 37	Article 37	
Notification of a personal data breach to the European Data Protection Supervisor	Notification of a personal data breach to the European Data Protection Supervisor	Notification of a personal data breach to the European Data Protection Supervisor	
1. In the case of a personal data breach, the controller shall without undue delay and, where feasible, not later than 72 hours after having become aware of it, notify the personal data breach to the European Data Protection Supervisor, unless the personal data breach is unlikely to result in a risk to the rights and freedoms of natural persons. Where the notification to the European Data Protection Supervisor is not made within 72 hours, it shall be accompanied by reasons for the delay.	1. In the case of a personal data breach, the controller shall without undue delay and, where feasible, not later than 72 hours after having become aware of it, notify the personal data breach to the European Data Protection Supervisor, unless the personal data breach is unlikely to result in a risk to the rights and freedoms of natural persons. Where the notification to the European Data Protection Supervisor is not made within 72 hours, it shall be accompanied by reasons for the delay.	1. In the case of a personal data breach, the controller shall without undue delay and, where feasible, not later than 72 hours after having become aware of it, notify the personal data breach to the European Data Protection Supervisor, unless the personal data breach is unlikely to result in a risk to the rights and freedoms of natural persons. Where the notification to the European Data Protection Supervisor is not made within 72 hours, it shall be accompanied by reasons for the delay.	
2. The processor shall notify the controller without undue delay after becoming aware of a personal data breach.	2. The processor shall notify the controller without undue delay after becoming aware of a personal data breach.	2. The processor shall notify the controller without undue delay after becoming aware of a personal data breach.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
3. The notification referred to in paragraph 1 shall at least:	3. The notification referred to in paragraph 1 shall at least:	3. The notification referred to in paragraph 1 shall at least:	
(a) describe the nature of the	(a) describe the nature of the	(a) describe the nature of the	
personal data breach including	personal data breach including	personal data breach including	
where possible, the categories and	where possible, the categories and	where possible, the categories and	
approximate number of data	approximate number of data	approximate number of data	
subjects concerned and the	subjects concerned and the	subjects concerned and the	
categories and approximate number	categories and approximate number	categories and approximate number	
of personal data records concerned;	of personal data records concerned;	of personal data records concerned;	
(b) communicate the name and contact details of the data protection officer;	(b) communicate the name and contact details of the data protection officer;	(b) communicate the name and contact details of the data protection officer;	
(c) describe the likely	(c) describe the likely	(c) describe the likely	
consequences of the personal data	consequences of the personal data	consequences of the personal data	
breach;	breach;	breach;	
(d) describe the measures taken or	(d) describe the measures taken or	(d) describe the measures taken or	
proposed to be taken by the	proposed to be taken by the	proposed to be taken by the	
controller to address the personal	controller to address the personal	controller to address the personal	
data breach, including, where	data breach, including, where	data breach, including, where	
appropriate, measures to mitigate its	appropriate, measures to mitigate its	appropriate, measures to mitigate its	
possible adverse effects.	possible adverse effects.	possible adverse effects.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
4. Where, and in so far as, it is	4. Where, and in so far as, it is	4. Where, and in so far as, it is	
not possible to provide the	not possible to provide the	not possible to provide the	
information at the same time, the	information at the same time, the	information at the same time, the	
information may be provided in	information may be provided in	information may be provided in	
phases without undue further delay.	phases without undue further delay.	phases without undue further delay.	
5. The controller shall inform the data protection officer about the personal data breach.	5. The controller shall inform the data protection officer about the personal data breach.	5. The controller shall inform the data protection officer about the personal data breach.	
6. The controller shall document	6. The controller shall document	6. The controller shall document	
any personal data breaches,	any personal data breaches,	any personal data breaches,	
comprising the facts relating to the	comprising the facts relating to the	comprising the facts relating to the	
personal data breach, its effects and	personal data breach, its effects and	personal data breach, its effects and	
the remedial action taken. That	the remedial action taken. That	the remedial action taken. That	
documentation shall enable the	documentation shall enable the	documentation shall enable the	
European Data Protection	European Data Protection	European Data Protection	
Supervisor to verify compliance	Supervisor to verify compliance	Supervisor to verify compliance	
with this Article.	with this Article.	with this Article.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 38	Article 38	Article 38	
Communication of a personal data breach to the data subject	Communication of a personal data breach to the data subject	Communication of a personal data breach to the data subject	
1. When the personal data breach is likely to result in a high risk to the rights and freedoms of natural persons, the controller shall communicate the personal data breach to the data subject without undue delay.	1. When the personal data breach is likely to result in a high risk to the rights and freedoms of natural persons, the controller shall communicate the personal data breach to the data subject without undue delay.	1. When the personal data breach is likely to result in a high risk to the rights and freedoms of natural persons, the controller shall communicate the personal data breach to the data subject without undue delay.	
2. The communication to the data subject referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article shall describe in clear and plain language the nature of the personal data breach and contain at least the information and measures referred to in points (b), (c) and (d) of Article 37(3).	2. The communication to the data subject referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article shall describe in clear and plain language the nature of the personal data breach and contain at least the information and measures referred to in points (b), (c) and (d) of Article 37(3).	2. The communication to the data subject referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article shall describe in clear and plain language the nature of the personal data breach and contain at least the information and measures referred to in points (b), (c) and (d) of Article 37(3).	
3. The communication to the data subject referred to in paragraph 1 shall not be required if any of the following conditions are met:	3. The communication to the data subject referred to in paragraph 1 shall not be required if any of the following conditions are met:	3. The communication to the data subject referred to in paragraph 1 shall not be required if any of the following conditions are met:	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(a) the controller has	(a) the controller has	(a) the controller has	
implemented appropriate technical	implemented appropriate technical	implemented appropriate technical	
and organisational protection	and organisational protection	and organisational protection	
measures, and those measures were	measures, and those measures were	measures, and those measures were	
applied to the personal data affected	applied to the personal data affected	applied to the personal data affected	
by the personal data breach, in	by the personal data breach, in	by the personal data breach, in	
particular those that render the	particular those that render the	particular those that render the	
personal data unintelligible to any	personal data unintelligible to any	personal data unintelligible to any	
person who is not authorised to	person who is not authorised to	person who is not authorised to	
access it, such as encryption;	access it, such as encryption;	access it, such as encryption;	
(b) the controller has taken	(b) the controller has taken	(b) the controller has taken	
subsequent measures which ensure	subsequent measures which ensure	subsequent measures which ensure	
that the high risk to the rights and	that the high risk to the rights and	that the high risk to the rights and	
freedoms of data subjects referred to	freedoms of data subjects referred to	freedoms of data subjects referred to	
in paragraph 1 is no longer likely to	in paragraph 1 is no longer likely to	in paragraph 1 is no longer likely to	
materialise;	materialise;	materialise;	
(c) it would involve	(c) it would involve	(c) it would involve	
disproportionate effort. In such a	disproportionate effort. In such a	disproportionate effort. In such a	
case, there shall instead be a public	case, there shall instead be a public	case, there shall instead be a public	
communication or similar measure	communication or similar measure	communication or similar measure	
whereby the data subjects are	whereby the data subjects are	whereby the data subjects are	
informed in an equally effective	informed in an equally effective	informed in an equally effective	
manner.	manner.	manner.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
4. If the controller has not already communicated the personal data breach to the data subject, the European Data Protection Supervisor, having considered the likelihood of the personal data breach resulting in a high risk, may require it to do so or may decide that any of the conditions referred to in paragraph 3 are met.	4. If the controller has not already communicated the personal data breach to the data subject, the European Data Protection Supervisor, having considered the likelihood of the personal data breach resulting in a high risk, may require it to do so or may decide that any of the conditions referred to in paragraph 3 are met.	4. If the controller has not already communicated the personal data breach to the data subject, the European Data Protection Supervisor, having considered the likelihood of the personal data breach resulting in a high risk, may require it to do so or may decide that any of the conditions referred to in paragraph 3 are met.	
	AM 65 SECTION 2a CONFIDENTIALITY OF ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS		SECTION 2a CONFIDENTIALITY OF ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS
	AM 66 Article 38a		Tentative agreement on title (see AM 63) Article 38a
	Confidentiality of electronic communications		Confidentiality of electronic communications



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	Union institutions and bodies shall ensure the confidentiality of electronic communications, in particular by securing their electronic communication networks.		Tentative agreement EP text: Union institutions and bodies shall ensure the confidentiality of electronic communications, in particular by securing their electronic communication networks.
Article 35	Article 35	Article 35	Tentative agreement:
	Moved down to Section 2a (new) from Section 2		Article 38aa
Protection of information related to end-users' terminal equipment	Protection of information related to end-users' terminal equipment	Protection of information stored in and related to end-users' terminal equipment	Tentative agreement CNS proposal: Protection of information <i>transmitted to, stored in,</i> related to, <i>processed by and collected</i> <i>from</i> users' terminal equipment



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Union institutions and bodies shall protect the information related to end–users' terminal equipment accessing their publicly available websites and mobile applications in accordance with Regulation (EU) XX/XXXX [new ePrivacy Regulation], in particular Article 8 thereof.	Union institutions and bodies shall protect the information related to end–users' terminal equipment accessing their publicly available websites and mobile applications in accordance with Regulation (EU) XX/XXXX [new ePrivacy Regulation], in particular Article 8 thereof.	Union institutions and bodies shall protect the information stored in and related to end–users' terminal equipment accessing their publicly available websites and mobile applications in accordance with Regulation (EU) XX/XXXX [new ePrivacy Regulation], in particular Article 8 thereof.	Tentative agreement CNS proposal: Union institutions and bodies shall protect the information <i>transmitted to, stored in,</i> related to, <i>processed by and collected</i> <i>from</i> users' terminal equipment accessing their publicly available websites and mobile applications in accordance with <i>Article 5(3) of</i> <i>Directive 2002/58/EC of the</i> <i>European Parliament and of the</i> <i>Council of 12 July 2002</i> <i>concerning the processing of</i> <i>personal data and the protection</i> <i>of privacy in the electronic</i> <i>communications sector (Directive</i> <i>on privacy and electronic</i> <i>communications).</i>

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	AM 67 Article 38b		Tentative agreement EP text:
			Article 38b
	Directories of users		Directories of users
	1. Personal data contained in directories of users and access to such directories shall be limited to what is strictly necessary for the specific purposes of the directory.		Tentative agreement EP text: 1. Personal data contained in directories of users and access to such directories shall be limited to what is strictly necessary for the specific purposes of the directory.
	2. Union institutions and bodies shall take all the necessary measures to prevent personal data contained in those directories from being used for direct marketing purposes, regardless of whether they are accessible to the public or not.		Tentative agreement EP text: 2. Union institutions and bodies shall take all the necessary measures to prevent personal data contained in those directories from being used for direct marketing purposes regardless of whether they are accessible to the public or not.



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
SECTION 3 DATA PROTECTION IMPACT ASSESSMENT AND PRIOR CONSULTATION	SECTION 3 DATA PROTECTION IMPACT ASSESSMENT AND PRIOR CONSULTATION	SECTION 3 DATA PROTECTION IMPACT ASSESSMENT AND PRIOR CONSULTATION	
Article 39 Data protection impact assessment	Article 39 Data protection impact assessment	Article 39 Data protection impact assessment	
1. Where a type of processing in particular using new technologies, and taking into account the nature, scope, context and purposes of the processing, is likely to result in a high risk to the rights and freedoms of natural persons, the controller shall, prior to the processing, carry out an assessment of the impact of the envisaged processing operations on the protection of personal data. A single assessment may address a set of similar processing operations that present similar high risks.	1. Where a type of processing in particular using new technologies, and taking into account the nature, scope, context and purposes of the processing, is likely to result in a high risk to the rights and freedoms of natural persons, the controller shall, prior to the processing, carry out an assessment of the impact of the envisaged processing operations on the protection of personal data. A single assessment may address a set of similar processing operations that present similar high risks.	1. Where a type of processing in particular using new technologies, and taking into account the nature, scope, context and purposes of the processing, is likely to result in a high risk to the rights and freedoms of natural persons, the controller shall, prior to the processing, carry out an assessment of the impact of the envisaged processing operations on the protection of personal data. A single assessment may address a set of similar processing operations that present similar high risks.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
2. The controller shall seek the advice of the data protection officer when carrying out a data protection impact assessment.	2. The controller shall seek the advice of the data protection officer when carrying out a data protection impact assessment.	2. The controller shall seek the advice of the data protection officer when carrying out a data protection impact assessment.	
3. A data protection impact	3. A data protection impact	3. A data protection impact	
assessment referred to in paragraph	assessment referred to in paragraph	assessment referred to in paragraph	
1 shall in particular be required in	1 shall in particular be required in	1 shall in particular be required in	
the case of:	the case of:	the case of:	
(a) a systematic and extensive	(a) a systematic and extensive	(a) a systematic and extensive	
evaluation of personal aspects	evaluation of personal aspects	evaluation of personal aspects	
relating to natural persons which is	relating to natural persons which is	relating to natural persons which is	
based on automated processing,	based on automated processing,	based on automated processing,	
including profiling, and on which	including profiling, and on which	including profiling, and on which	
decisions are based that produce	decisions are based that produce	decisions are based that produce	
legal effects concerning the natural	legal effects concerning the natural	legal effects concerning the natural	
person or similarly significantly	person or similarly significantly	person or similarly significantly	
affect the natural person;	affect the natural person;	affect the natural person;	
(b) processing on a large scale of	(b) processing on a large scale of	(b) processing on a large scale of	
special categories of data referred to	special categories of data referred to	special categories of data referred to	
in Article 10, or of personal data	in Article 10, or of personal data	in Article 10, or of personal data	
relating to criminal convictions and	relating to criminal convictions and	relating to criminal convictions and	
offences referred to in Article 11; or	offences referred to in Article 11; or	offences referred to in Article 11; or	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(c) a systematic monitoring of a publicly accessible area on a large scale.	(c) a systematic monitoring of a publicly accessible area on a large scale.	(c) a systematic monitoring of a publicly accessible area on a large scale.	
4. The European Data Protection	4. The European Data Protection	4. The European Data Protection	
Supervisor shall establish and make	Supervisor shall establish and make	Supervisor shall establish and make	
public a list of the kind of	public a list of the kind of	public a list of the kind of	
processing operations which are	processing operations which are	processing operations which are	
subject to the requirement for a data	subject to the requirement for a data	subject to the requirement for a data	
protection impact assessment	protection impact assessment	protection impact assessment	
pursuant to paragraph 1.	pursuant to paragraph 1.	pursuant to paragraph 1.	
5. The European Data Protection	5. The European Data Protection	5. The European Data Protection	
Supervisor may also establish and	Supervisor may also establish and	Supervisor may also establish and	
make public a list of the kind of	make public a list of the kind of	make public a list of the kind of	
processing operations for which no	processing operations for which no	processing operations for which no	
data protection impact assessment is	data protection impact assessment is	data protection impact assessment is	
required.	required.	required.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
		5a. Prior to the adoption of the lists referred to in paragraphs 4 and 5, the European Data Protection Supervisor shall request the European Data Protection Board to examine such lists in accordance with Article 70(1)(e) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, where such lists may affect the free movement of personal data within the Union, in particular where they refer to processing operations by a controller acting jointly with one or more controllers other than Union institutions and bodies.	Tentative agreement CNS text minus "in particular where such lists may affect the free movement of personal data within the Union" 5a. Prior to the adoption of the lists referred to in paragraphs 4 and 5, the European Data Protection Supervisor shall request the European Data Protection Board to examine such lists in accordance with Article 70(1)(e) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 where they refer to processing operations by a controller acting jointly with one or more controllers other than Union institutions and bodies.
6. The assessment shall contain at least:	6. The assessment shall contain at least:	6. The assessment shall contain at least:	
(a) a systematic description of the envisaged processing operations and the purposes of the processing;	(a) a systematic description of the envisaged processing operations and the purposes of the processing;	(a) a systematic description of the envisaged processing operations and the purposes of the processing;	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(b) an assessment of the necessity	(b) an assessment of the necessity	(b) an assessment of the necessity	
and proportionality of the	and proportionality of the	and proportionality of the	
processing operations in relation to	processing operations in relation to	processing operations in relation to	
the purposes;	the purposes;	the purposes;	
(c) an assessment of the risks to	(c) an assessment of the risks to	(c) an assessment of the risks to	
the rights and freedoms of data	the rights and freedoms of data	the rights and freedoms of data	
subjects referred to in paragraph 1;	subjects referred to in paragraph 1;	subjects referred to in paragraph 1;	
and	and	and	
(d) the measures envisaged to	(d) the measures envisaged to	(d) the measures envisaged to	
address the risks, including	address the risks, including	address the risks, including	
safeguards, security measures and	safeguards, security measures and	safeguards, security measures and	
mechanisms to ensure the protection	mechanisms to ensure the protection	mechanisms to ensure the protection	
of personal data and to demonstrate	of personal data and to demonstrate	of personal data and to demonstrate	
compliance with this Regulation	compliance with this Regulation	compliance with this Regulation	
taking into account the rights and	taking into account the rights and	taking into account the rights and	
legitimate interests of data subjects	legitimate interests of data subjects	legitimate interests of data subjects	
and other persons concerned.	and other persons concerned.	and other persons concerned.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
7. Compliance with approved codes of conduct referred to in Article 40 of the Regulation (EU) 2016/679 by the relevant processors other than Union institutions and bodies shall be taken into due account in assessing the impact of the processing operations performed by such processors, in particular for the purposes of a data protection impact assessment.	7. Compliance with approved codes of conduct referred to in Article 40 of the Regulation (EU) 2016/679 by the relevant processors other than Union institutions and bodies shall be taken into due account in assessing the impact of the processing operations performed by such processors, in particular for the purposes of a data protection impact assessment.	7. Compliance with approved codes of conduct referred to in Article 40 of the Regulation (EU) 2016/679 by the relevant processors other than Union institutions and bodies shall be taken into due account in assessing the impact of the processing operations performed by such processors, in particular for the purposes of a data protection impact assessment.	
8. Where appropriate, the controller shall seek the views of data subjects or their representatives on the intended processing, without prejudice to the protection of public interests or the security of processing operations.	8. Where appropriate, the controller shall seek the views of data subjects or their representatives on the intended processing, without prejudice to the protection of public interests or the security of processing operations.	8. Where appropriate, the controller shall seek the views of data subjects or their representatives on the intended processing, without prejudice to the protection of public interests or the security of processing operations.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
9. Where processing pursuant to point (a) or (b) of Article 5(1) has a legal basis in a legal act adopted on the basis of the Treaties, which regulates the specific processing operation or set of operations in question, and where a data protection impact assessment has already been carried out as part of a general impact assessment preceding the adoption of that legal act, paragraphs 1 to 6 shall not apply unless the Union law provides otherwise.	9. Where processing pursuant to point (a) or (b) of Article 5(1) has a legal basis in a legal act adopted on the basis of the Treaties, which regulates the specific processing operation or set of operations in question, and where a data protection impact assessment has already been carried out as part of a general impact assessment preceding the adoption of that legal act, paragraphs 1 to 6 shall not apply unless the Union law provides otherwise.	9. Where processing pursuant to point (a) or (b) of Article 5(1) has a legal basis in a legal act adopted on the basis of the Treaties, which regulates the specific processing operation or set of operations in question, and where a data protection impact assessment has already been carried out as part of a general impact assessment preceding the adoption of that legal act, paragraphs 1 to 6 shall not apply unless the Union law provides otherwise.	
10. Where necessary, the controller shall carry out a review to assess if processing is performed in accordance with the data protection impact assessment at least when there is a change of the risk represented by processing operations.	10. Where necessary, the controller shall carry out a review to assess if processing is performed in accordance with the data protection impact assessment at least when there is a change of the risk represented by processing operations.	10. Where necessary, the controller shall carry out a review to assess if processing is performed in accordance with the data protection impact assessment at least when there is a change of the risk represented by processing operations.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 40	Article 40	Article 40	
Prior consultation	Prior consultation	Prior consultation	
1. The controller shall consult the European Data Protection Supervisor prior to processing where a data protection impact assessment under Article 39 indicates that the processing would, in the absence of safeguards, security measures and mechanisms to mitigate the risk, result in a high risk to the rights and freedoms of natural persons and the controller is of the opinion that the risk cannot be mitigated by reasonable means in terms of available technologies and costs of implementation. The controller shall seek the advice of the data protection officer about the need for prior consultation.	1. The controller shall consult the European Data Protection Supervisor prior to processing where a data protection impact assessment under Article 39 indicates that the processing would, in the absence of safeguards, security measures and mechanisms to mitigate the risk, result in a high risk to the rights and freedoms of natural persons and the controller is of the opinion that the risk cannot be mitigated by reasonable means in terms of available technologies and costs of implementation. The controller shall seek the advice of the data protection officer about the need for prior consultation.	1. The controller shall consult the European Data Protection Supervisor prior to processing where a data protection impact assessment under Article 39 indicates that the processing would, in the absence of safeguards, security measures and mechanisms to mitigate the risk, result in a high risk to the rights and freedoms of natural persons and the controller is of the opinion that the risk cannot be mitigated by reasonable means in terms of available technologies and costs of implementation. The controller shall seek the advice of the data protection officer about the need for prior consultation.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
2. Where the European Data	2. Where the European Data	2. Where the European Data	
Protection Supervisor is of the	Protection Supervisor is of the	Protection Supervisor is of the	
opinion that the intended processing	opinion that the intended processing	opinion that the intended processing	
referred to in paragraph 1 would	referred to in paragraph 1 would	referred to in paragraph 1 would	
infringe this Regulation, in	infringe this Regulation, in	infringe this Regulation, in	
particular where the controller has	particular where the controller has	particular where the controller has	
insufficiently identified or mitigated	insufficiently identified or mitigated	insufficiently identified or mitigated	
the risk, the European Data	the risk, the European Data	the risk, the European Data	
Protection Supervisor shall, within	Protection Supervisor shall, within	Protection Supervisor shall, within	
period of up to eight weeks of	period of up to eight weeks of	period of up to eight weeks of	
receipt of the request for	receipt of the request for	receipt of the request for	
consultation, provide written advice	consultation, provide written advice	consultation, provide written advice	
to the controller and, where	to the controller and, where	to the controller and, where	
applicable to the processor, and may	applicable to the processor, and may	applicable to the processor, and may	
use any of its powers referred to in	use any of its powers referred to in	use any of its powers referred to in	
Article 59. That period may be	Article 59. That period may be	Article 59. That period may be	
extended by six weeks, taking into	extended by six weeks, taking into	extended by six weeks, taking into	
account the complexity of the	account the complexity of the	account the complexity of the	
intended processing. The European	intended processing. The European	intended processing. The European	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Data Protection Supervisor shall	Data Protection Supervisor shall	Data Protection Supervisor shall	
inform the controller and, where	inform the controller and, where	inform the controller and, where	
applicable, the processor, of any	applicable, the processor, of any	applicable, the processor, of any	
such extension within one month of	such extension within one month of	such extension within one month of	
receipt of the request for	receipt of the request for	receipt of the request for	
consultation together with the	consultation together with the	consultation together with the	
reasons for the delay. Those periods	reasons for the delay. Those periods	reasons for the delay. Those periods	
may be suspended until the	may be suspended until the	may be suspended until the	
European Data Protection	European Data Protection	European Data Protection	
Supervisor has obtained information	Supervisor has obtained information	Supervisor has obtained information	
it has requested for the purposes of	it has requested for the purposes of	it has requested for the purposes of	
the consultation.	the consultation.	the consultation.	
3. When consulting the	3. When consulting the	3. When consulting the	
European Data Protection	European Data Protection	European Data Protection	
Supervisor pursuant to paragraph 1,	Supervisor pursuant to paragraph 1,	Supervisor pursuant to paragraph 1,	
the controller shall provide the	the controller shall provide the	the controller shall provide the	
European Data Protection	European Data Protection	European Data Protection	
Supervisor with:	Supervisor with:	Supervisor with:	
(a) where applicable, the	(a) where applicable, the	(a) where applicable, the	
respective responsibilities of the	respective responsibilities of the	respective responsibilities of the	
controller, joint controllers and	controller, joint controllers and	controller, joint controllers and	
processors involved in the	processors involved in the	processors involved in the	
processing;	processing;	processing;	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(b) the purposes and means of the intended processing;	(b) the purposes and means of the intended processing;	(b) the purposes and means of the intended processing;	
(c) the measures and safeguards	(c) the measures and safeguards	(c) the measures and safeguards	
provided to protect the rights and	provided to protect the rights and	provided to protect the rights and	
freedoms of data subjects pursuant	freedoms of data subjects pursuant	freedoms of data subjects pursuant	
to this Regulation;	to this Regulation;	to this Regulation;	
(d) the contact details of the data protection officer;	(d) the contact details of the data protection officer;	(d) the contact details of the data protection officer;	
(e) the data protection impact	(e) the data protection impact	(e) the data protection impact	
assessment provided for in	assessment provided for in	assessment provided for in	
Article 39; and	Article 39; and	Article 39; and	
(f) any other information	(f) any other information	(f) any other information	
requested by the European Data	requested by the European Data	requested by the European Data	
Protection Supervisor.	Protection Supervisor.	Protection Supervisor.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
4. The Commission may, by	4. The Commission may, by	4. The Commission may, by	
means of implementing act,	means of implementing act,	means of implementing act,	
determine a list of cases in which	determine a list of cases in which	determine a list of cases in which	
the controllers shall consult with,	the controllers shall consult with,	the controllers shall consult with,	
and obtain prior authorisation from,	and obtain prior authorisation from,	and obtain prior authorisation from,	
the European Data Protection	the European Data Protection	the European Data Protection	
Supervisor in relation to processing	Supervisor in relation to processing	Supervisor in relation to processing	
for the performance of a task carried	for the performance of a task carried	for the performance of a task carried	
out by the controller in the public	out by the controller in the public	out by the controller in the public	
interest, including the processing of	interest, including the processing of	interest, including the processing of	
such data in relation to social	such data in relation to social	such data in relation to social	
protection and public health.	protection and public health.	protection and public health.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
SECTION 4	SECTION 4	SECTION 4	
INFORMATION AND LEGISLATIVE CONSULTATION	INFORMATION AND LEGISLATIVE CONSULTATION	INFORMATION AND LEGISLATIVE CONSULTATION	
Article 41	Article 41	Article 41	
Information	Information	Information and consultation	
The Union institutions and bodies shall inform the European Data Protection Supervisor when drawing up administrative measures and internal rules relating to the processing of personal data involving a Union institution or body alone or jointly with others.	AM 68 The Union institutions and bodies shall inform the European Data Protection Supervisor when drawing up administrative measures and internal rules relating to the processing of personal data involving a Union institution or body alone or jointly with others.	1. The Union institutions and bodies shall inform the European Data Protection Supervisor when drawing up administrative measures and internal rules relating to the processing of personal data involving a Union institution or body alone or jointly with others.	
		2. The Union institutions and bodies shall consult the European Data Protection Supervisor when drawing up the internal rules referred to in Article 25(5).	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 42	Article 42	Article 42	
Legislative consultation	Legislative consultation	Legislative consultation	
1. Following the adoption of proposals for a legislative act and of recommendations or proposals to the Council pursuant to Article 218 TFEU and when preparing delegated acts or implementing acts, which have an impact on the protection of individuals' rights and freedoms with regard to the processing of personal data, the Commission shall consult the European Data Protection Supervisor.	AM 69 1. Following the adoption of When adopting proposals for a legislative act and of recommendations or proposals to the Council pursuant to Article 218 TFEU and when preparing delegated acts or implementing acts, which have an impact on relating to the protection of individuals' natural persons' rights and freedoms with regard to the processing of personal data, the Commission shall consult the European Data Protection Supervisor.	1. Following the adoption of proposals for a legislative act and of recommendations or proposals to the Council pursuant to Article 218 TFEU and when preparing delegated acts or implementing acts, which have an impact on the protection of individuals' rights and freedoms with regard to the processing of personal data, the Commission shall consult the European Data Protection Supervisor.	 CNS proposal. EP to consider 1. Following the adoption of proposals for a legislative act and of recommendations or proposals to the Council pursuant to Article 218 TFEU and when preparing delegated acts or implementing acts, which have an impact on the protection of individuals' rights and freedoms with regard to the processing of personal data, the Commission shall consult the European Data Protection Supervisor. Linked to Recital 50.

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
2. Where an act referred to in	2. Where an act referred to in	2. Where an act referred to in	
paragraph 1 is of particular	paragraph 1 is of particular	paragraph 1 is of particular	
importance for the protection of	importance for the protection of	importance for the protection of	
individuals' rights and freedoms	individuals' rights and freedoms	individuals' rights and freedoms	
with regard to the processing of	with regard to the processing of	with regard to the processing of	
personal data, the Commission may	personal data, the Commission may	personal data, the Commission may	
also consult the European Data	also consult the European Data	also consult the European Data	
Protection Board. In such cases the	Protection Board. In such cases the	Protection Board. In such cases the	
European Data Protection	European Data Protection	European Data Protection	
Supervisor and the European Data	Supervisor and the European Data	Supervisor and the European Data	
Protection Board shall coordinate	Protection Board shall coordinate	Protection Board shall coordinate	
their work with a view to issue a	their work with a view to issue a	their work with a view to issue a	
joint opinion.	joint opinion.	joint opinion.	
3. The advice referred to in	3. The advice referred to in	3. The advice referred to in	
paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be	paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be	paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be	
provided in writing within a period	provided in writing within a period	provided in writing within a period	
of up to eight weeks of receipt of	of up to eight weeks of receipt of	of up to eight weeks of receipt of	
the request for consultation referred	the request for consultation referred	the request for consultation referred	
to in paragraphs 1 and 2. In urgent	to in paragraphs 1 and 2. In urgent	to in paragraphs 1 and 2. In urgent	
cases, or otherwise appropriate, the	cases, or otherwise appropriate, the	cases, or otherwise appropriate, the	
Commission may shorten the	Commission may shorten the	Commission may shorten the	
deadline.	deadline.	deadline.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
4. This Article shall not apply	4. This Article shall not apply	4. This Article shall not apply	
where the Commission is required,	where the Commission is required,	where the Commission is required,	
pursuant to Regulation (EU)	pursuant to Regulation (EU)	pursuant to Regulation (EU)	
2016/679, to consult the European	2016/679, to consult the European	2016/679, to consult the European	
Data Protection Board.	Data Protection Board.	Data Protection Board.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
SECTION 5	SECTION 5	SECTION 5	
OBLIGATION TO REACT TO ALLEGATIONS	OBLIGATION TO REACT TO ALLEGATIONS	OBLIGATION TO REACT TO ALLEGATIONS	
Article 43	Article 43	Article 43	
Obligation to react to allegations	Obligation to react to allegations	Obligation to react to allegations	
Where the European Data Protection Supervisor exercises the powers provided for in points (a), (b) and (c) of Article 59(2), the controller or processor concerned shall inform the European Data Protection Supervisor of its views within a reasonable period to be specified by the European Data Protection Supervisor, taking into account the circumstances of each case. The reply shall also include a description of the measures taken, if any, in response to the remarks of the European Data Protection Supervisor.	Where the European Data Protection Supervisor exercises the powers provided for in points (a), (b) and (c) of Article 59(2), the controller or processor concerned shall inform the European Data Protection Supervisor of its views within a reasonable period to be specified by the European Data Protection Supervisor, taking into account the circumstances of each case. The reply shall also include a description of the measures taken, if any, in response to the remarks of the European Data Protection Supervisor.	Where the European Data Protection Supervisor exercises the powers provided for in points (a), (b) and (c) of Article 59(2), the controller or processor concerned shall inform the European Data Protection Supervisor of its views within a reasonable period to be specified by the European Data Protection Supervisor, taking into account the circumstances of each case. The reply shall also include a description of the measures taken, if any, in response to the remarks of the European Data Protection Supervisor.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
SECTION 6	SECTION 6	SECTION 6	
DATA PROTECTION	DATA PROTECTION	DATA PROTECTION	
OFFICER	OFFICER	OFFICER	
Article 44	Article 44	Article 44	
Designation of the data protection	Designation of the data protection	Designation of the data protection	
officer	officer	officer	
1. Each Union institution or	1. Each Union institution or	1. Each Union institution or	
body shall designate a data	body shall designate a data	body shall designate a data	
protection officer.	protection officer.	protection officer.	
2. Union institutions and bodies	2. Union institutions and bodies	2. Union institutions and bodies	
may designate a single data	may designate a single data	may designate a single data	
protection officer for several of	protection officer for several of	protection officer for several of	
them, taking into account their	them, taking into account their	them, taking into account their	
organisational structure and size.	organisational structure and size.	organisational structure and size.	
3. The data protection officer	3. The data protection officer	3. The data protection officer	
shall be designated on the basis of	shall be designated on the basis of	shall be designated on the basis of	
professional qualities and, in	professional qualities and, in	professional qualities and, in	
particular, expert knowledge of data	particular, expert knowledge of data	particular, expert knowledge of data	
protection law and practices and the	protection law and practices and the	protection law and practices and the	
ability to fulfil the tasks referred to	ability to fulfil the tasks referred to	ability to fulfil the tasks referred to	
in Article 46.	in Article 46.	in Article 46.	

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ANNEX



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
4. The data protection officer may be a staff member of the Union institution or body, or fulfil the tasks on the basis of a service contract.	AM 70 4. The data protection officer may shall be a staff member of the Union institution or body., or fulfil the In exceptional circumstances, taking into account their size and if the conditions set out in paragraph 2 are not met, Union institutions and bodies may designate a data protection officer who fulfils his or her tasks on the basis of a service contract.	4. The data protection officer may be a staff member of the Union institution or body, or fulfil the tasks on the basis of a service contract.	 Proposed EP text minus "in exceptional circumstances" but final wording to be checked to be more precise. 4. The data protection officer shall be a staff member of the Union institution or body. Taking into account their size and if the conditions set out in paragraph 2 are not met, Union institutions and bodies may designate a data protection officer who fulfils his or her tasks on the basis of a service contract.
5. The Union institutions and bodies shall publish the contact details of the data protection officer and communicate them to the European Data Protection Supervisor.	5. The Union institutions and bodies shall publish the contact details of the data protection officer and communicate them to the European Data Protection Supervisor.	5. The Union institutions and bodies shall publish the contact details of the data protection officer and communicate them to the European Data Protection Supervisor.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 45	Article 45	Article 45	
Position of the data protection	Position of the data protection	Position of the data protection	
officer	officer	officer	
1. The Union institutions and	1. The Union institutions and	1. The Union institutions and	
bodies shall ensure that the data	bodies shall ensure that the data	bodies shall ensure that the data	
protection officer is involved,	protection officer is involved,	protection officer is involved,	
properly and in a timely manner, in	properly and in a timely manner, in	properly and in a timely manner, in	
all issues which relate to the	all issues which relate to the	all issues which relate to the	
protection of personal data.	protection of personal data.	protection of personal data.	
2. The Union institutions and	2. The Union institutions and	2. The Union institutions and	
bodies shall support the data	bodies shall support the data	bodies shall support the data	
protection officer in performing the	protection officer in performing the	protection officer in performing the	
tasks referred to in Article 46 by	tasks referred to in Article 46 by	tasks referred to in Article 46 by	
providing resources necessary to	providing resources necessary to	providing resources necessary to	
carry out those tasks and access to	carry out those tasks and access to	carry out those tasks and access to	
personal data and processing	personal data and processing	personal data and processing	
operations, and to maintain his or	operations, and to maintain his or	operations, and to maintain his or	
her expert knowledge.	her expert knowledge.	her expert knowledge.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
3. The Union institutions and	3. The Union institutions and	3. The Union institutions and	
bodies shall ensure that the data	bodies shall ensure that the data	bodies shall ensure that the data	
protection officer does not receive	protection officer does not receive	protection officer does not receive	
any instructions regarding the	any instructions regarding the	any instructions regarding the	
exercise of his or her tasks. He or	exercise of his or her tasks. He or	exercise of his or her tasks. He or	
she shall not be dismissed or	she shall not be dismissed or	she shall not be dismissed or	
penalised by the controller or the	penalised by the controller or the	penalised by the controller or the	
processor for performing his or her	processor for performing his or her	processor for performing his or her	
tasks. The data protection officer	tasks. The data protection officer	tasks. The data protection officer	
shall directly report to the highest	shall directly report to the highest	shall directly report to the highest	
management level of the controller	management level of the controller	management level of the controller	
or the processor.	or the processor.	or the processor.	
4. Data subjects may contact the data protection officer with regard to all issues related to processing of their personal data and to the exercise of their rights under this Regulation.	4. Data subjects may contact the data protection officer with regard to all issues related to processing of their personal data and to the exercise of their rights under this Regulation.	4. Data subjects may contact the data protection officer with regard to all issues related to processing of their personal data and to the exercise of their rights under this Regulation.	
5. The data protection officer	 AM 71 5. The data protection officer and his or her staff shall be bound by secrecy or confidentiality concerning the performance of his or her tasks, in accordance with Union law. 	5. The data protection officer	 Tentative agreement COMM text: 5. The data protection officer
and his or her staff shall be bound		and his or her staff shall be bound	and his or her staff shall be bound
by secrecy or confidentiality		by secrecy or confidentiality	by secrecy or confidentiality
concerning the performance of his		concerning the performance of his	concerning the performance of his
or her tasks, in accordance with		or her tasks, in accordance with	or her tasks, in accordance with
Union law.		Union law.	Union law

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
6. The data protection officer	6. The data protection officer	6. The data protection officer	
may fulfil other tasks and duties.	may fulfil other tasks and duties.	may fulfil other tasks and duties.	
The controller or processor shall	The controller or processor shall	The controller or processor shall	
ensure that any such tasks and	ensure that any such tasks and	ensure that any such tasks and	
duties do not result in a conflict of	duties do not result in a conflict of	duties do not result in a conflict of	
interests.	interests.	interests.	
7. The data protection officer	7. The data protection officer	7. The data protection officer	
may be consulted by the controller	may be consulted by the controller	may be consulted by the controller	
and the processor, by the Staff	and the processor, by the Staff	and the processor, by the Staff	
Committee concerned and by any	Committee concerned and by any	Committee concerned and by any	
individual, without going through	individual, without going through	individual, without going through	
the official channels, on any matter	the official channels, on any matter	the official channels, on any matter	
concerning the interpretation or	concerning the interpretation or	concerning the interpretation or	
application of this Regulation. No	application of this Regulation. No	application of this Regulation. No	
one shall suffer prejudice on	one shall suffer prejudice on	one shall suffer prejudice on	
account of a matter brought to the	account of a matter brought to the	account of a matter brought to the	
attention of the competent data	attention of the competent data	attention of the competent data	
protection officer alleging that a	protection officer alleging that a	protection officer alleging that a	
breach of the provisions of this	breach of the provisions of this	breach of the provisions of this	
Regulation has taken place.	Regulation has taken place.	Regulation has taken place.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
8. The data protection officer	8. The data protection officer	8. The data protection officer	
shall be designated for a term of	shall be designated for a term of	shall be designated for a term of	
three to five years and shall be	three to five years and shall be	three to five years and shall be	
eligible for reappointment. The data	eligible for reappointment. The data	eligible for reappointment. The data	
protection officer may be dismissed	protection officer may be dismissed	protection officer may be dismissed	
from the post by the Union	from the post by the Union	from the post by the Union	
institution or body which designated	institution or body which designated	institution or body which designated	
him or her only with the consent of	him or her only with the consent of	him or her only with the consent of	
the European Data Protection	the European Data Protection	the European Data Protection	
Supervisor, if he or she no longer	Supervisor, if he or she no longer	Supervisor, if he or she no longer	
fulfils the conditions required for	fulfils the conditions required for	fulfils the conditions required for	
the performance of his or her duties.	the performance of his or her duties.	the performance of his or her duties.	
9. After his or her designation	9. After his or her designation	9. After his or her designation	
the data protection officer shall be	the data protection officer shall be	the data protection officer shall be	
registered with the European Data	registered with the European Data	registered with the European Data	
Protection Supervisor by the Union	Protection Supervisor by the Union	Protection Supervisor by the Union	
institution or body which designated	institution or body which designated	institution or body which designated	
him or her.	him or her.	him or her.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 46	Article 46	Article 46	
Tasks of the data protection officer	Tasks of the data protection officer	Tasks of the data protection officer	
1. The data protection officer shall have the following tasks:	1. The data protection officer shall have the following tasks:	1. The data protection officer shall have the following tasks:	
 (a) inform and advise the controller or the processor and the employees who carry out processing of their obligations pursuant to this Regulation and to other Union data protection provisions; 	(a) inform and advise the controller or the processor and the employees who carry out processing of their obligations pursuant to this Regulation and to other Union data protection provisions;	 (a) inform and advise the controller or the processor and the employees who carry out processing of their obligations pursuant to this Regulation and to other Union data protection provisions; 	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(b) ensure in an independent	(b) ensure in an independent	(b) ensure in an independent	
manner the internal application of	manner the internal application of	manner the internal application of	
this Regulation and to monitor	this Regulation and to monitor	this Regulation and to monitor	
compliance with this Regulation,	compliance with this Regulation,	compliance with this Regulation,	
with other applicable Union law	with other applicable Union law	with other applicable Union law	
containing data protection	containing data protection	containing data protection	
provisions and with the policies of	provisions and with the policies of	provisions and with the policies of	
the controller or processor in	the controller or processor in	the controller or processor in	
relation to the protection of personal	relation to the protection of personal	relation to the protection of personal	
data, including the assignment of	data, including the assignment of	data, including the assignment of	
responsibilities, the raising of	responsibilities, the raising of	responsibilities, the raising of	
awareness and training of staff	awareness and training of staff	awareness and training of staff	
involved in processing operations,	involved in processing operations,	involved in processing operations,	
and the related audits;	and the related audits;	and the related audits;	
(c) ensure that data subjects are	(c) ensure that data subjects are	(c) ensure that data subjects are	
informed of their rights and	informed of their rights and	informed of their rights and	
obligations pursuant to this	obligations pursuant to this	obligations pursuant to this	
Regulation;	Regulation;	Regulation;	
(d) provide advice where	(d) provide advice where	(d) provide advice where	
requested as regards the necessity	requested as regards the necessity	requested as regards the necessity	
for a notification or a	for a notification or a	for a notification or a	
communication of personal data	communication of personal data	communication of personal data	
breach pursuant to Articles 37 and	breach pursuant to Articles 37 and	breach pursuant to Articles 37 and	
38;	38;	38;	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(e) provide advice where	(e) provide advice where	(e) provide advice where	
requested as regards the data	requested as regards the data	requested as regards the data	
protection impact assessment and	protection impact assessment and	protection impact assessment and	
monitor its performance pursuant to	monitor its performance pursuant to	monitor its performance pursuant to	
Article 39 and to consult the	Article 39 and to consult the	Article 39 and to consult the	
European Data Protection	European Data Protection	European Data Protection	
Supervisor in case of doubt as to the	Supervisor in case of doubt as to the	Supervisor in case of doubt as to the	
need for a data protection impact	need for a data protection impact	need for a data protection impact	
assessment;	assessment;	assessment;	
(f) provide advice where	(f) provide advice where	(f) provide advice where	
requested as regards the need for	requested as regards the need for	requested as regards the need for	
prior consultation of the European	prior consultation of the European	prior consultation of the European	
Data Protection Supervisor pursuant	Data Protection Supervisor pursuant	Data Protection Supervisor pursuant	
to Article 40 and to consult the	to Article 40 and to consult the	to Article 40 and to consult the	
European Data Protection	European Data Protection	European Data Protection	
Supervisor in case of doubt as to the	Supervisor in case of doubt as to the	Supervisor in case of doubt as to the	
need for a prior consultation;	need for a prior consultation;	need for a prior consultation;	
(g) respond to requests from the	(g) respond to requests from the	(g) respond to requests from the	
European Data Protection	European Data Protection	European Data Protection	
Supervisor and, within the sphere of	Supervisor and, within the sphere of	Supervisor and, within the sphere of	
his or her competence, to cooperate	his or her competence, to cooperate	his or her competence, to cooperate	
and consult with the European Data	and consult with the European Data	and consult with the European Data	
Protection Supervisor at the latter's	Protection Supervisor at the latter's	Protection Supervisor at the latter's	
request or on his or her own	request or on his or her own	request or on his or her own	
initiative.	initiative.	initiative.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	AM 72		Tentative agreement EP text
	(ga) ensure that the rights and freedoms of data subjects are not adversely affected by processing operations.		(ga) ensure that the rights and freedoms of data subjects are not adversely affected by processing operations.
2. The data protection officer may make recommendations for the practical improvement of data protection to the controller and the processor and advise them on matters concerning the application of data protection provisions. Furthermore he or she may, on his or her own initiative or at the request of the controller or the processor, the Staff Committee concerned or any individual, investigate matters and occurrences directly relating to his or her tasks and which come to his or her notice, and report back to the person who commissioned the investigation or to the controller or the processor.	2. The data protection officer may make recommendations for the practical improvement of data protection to the controller and the processor and advise them on matters concerning the application of data protection provisions. Furthermore he or she may, on his or her own initiative or at the request of the controller or the processor, the Staff Committee concerned or any individual, investigate matters and occurrences directly relating to his or her tasks and which come to his or her notice, and report back to the person who commissioned the investigation or to the controller or the processor.	2. The data protection officer may make recommendations for the practical improvement of data protection to the controller and the processor and advise them on matters concerning the application of data protection provisions. Furthermore he or she may, on his or her own initiative or at the request of the controller or the processor, the Staff Committee concerned or any individual, investigate matters and occurrences directly relating to his or her tasks and which come to his or her notice, and report back to the person who commissioned the investigation or to the controller or the processor.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
3. Further implementing rules concerning the data protection officer shall be adopted by each Union institution or body. The implementing rules shall in particular concern the tasks, duties and powers of the data protection officer.	3. Further implementing rules concerning the data protection officer shall be adopted by each Union institution or body. The implementing rules shall in particular concern the tasks, duties and powers of the data protection officer.	3. Further implementing rules concerning the data protection officer shall be adopted by each Union institution or body. The implementing rules shall in particular concern the tasks, duties and powers of the data protection officer.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
CHAPTER V	CHAPTER V	CHAPTER V	
Transfers of personal	Transfers of personal	Transfers of personal	
data to third countries or	data to third countries or	data to third countries or	
international	international	international	
organisations	organisations	organisations	
Article 47	Article 47	Article 47	
General principle for transfers	General principle for transfers	General principle for transfers	
Any transfer of personal data which	Any transfer of personal data which	Any transfer of personal data which	
are undergoing processing or are	are undergoing processing or are	are undergoing processing or are	
intended for processing after	intended for processing after	intended for processing after	
transfer to a third country or to an	transfer to a third country or to an	transfer to a third country or to an	
international organisation shall take	international organisation shall take	international organisation shall take	
place only if, subject to the other	place only if, subject to the other	place only if, subject to the other	
provisions of this Regulation, the	provisions of this Regulation, the	provisions of this Regulation, the	
conditions laid down in this Chapter	conditions laid down in this Chapter	conditions laid down in this Chapter	
are complied with by the controller	are complied with by the controller	are complied with by the controller	
and processor, including for onward	and processor, including for onward	and processor, including for onward	
transfers of personal data from the	transfers of personal data from the	transfers of personal data from the	
third country or an international	third country or an international	third country or an international	
organisation to	organisation to	organisation to	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
another third country or to another international organisation. All provisions in this Chapter shall be applied in order to ensure that the level of protection of natural persons guaranteed by this Regulation is not undermined.	another third country or to another international organisation. All provisions in this Chapter shall be applied in order to ensure that the level of protection of natural persons guaranteed by this Regulation is not undermined.	another third country or to another international organisation. All provisions in this Chapter shall be applied in order to ensure that the level of protection of natural persons guaranteed by this Regulation is not undermined.	
Article 48	Article 48	Article 48	
Transfers on the basis of an adequacy decision	Transfers on the basis of an adequacy decision	Transfers on the basis of an adequacy decision	
1. A transfer of personal data to a third country or international organisation may take place where the Commission has decided pursuant to Article 45(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 that an adequate level of protection is ensured in the third country, a territory or one or more specified sectors within that third country, or within the international organisation and the personal data are transferred solely to allow tasks covered by the competence of the controller to be carried out.	AM 73 1. A transfer of personal data to a third country or international organisation may take place where the Commission has decided pursuant to Article 45(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or to Article 36 of Directive (EU) 2016/680, that an adequate level of protection is ensured in the third country, a territory or one or more specified sectors within that third country, or within the international organisation and the personal data are transferred solely to allow tasks covered by the competence of the	1. A transfer of personal data to a third country or international organisation may take place where the Commission has decided pursuant to Article 45(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 that an adequate level of protection is ensured in the third country, a territory or one or more specified sectors within that third country, or within the international organisation and the personal data are transferred solely to allow tasks covered by the competence of the controller to be carried out.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	controller to be carried out. Such a transfer shall not require any specific authorisation.		
2. The Union institutions and	2. The Union institutions and	2. The Union institutions and	
bodies shall inform the Commission	bodies shall inform the Commission	bodies shall inform the Commission	
and the European Data Protection	and the European Data Protection	and the European Data Protection	
Supervisor of cases where they	Supervisor of cases where they	Supervisor of cases where they	
consider the third country or	consider the third country or	consider the third country or	
international organisation in	international organisation in	international organisation in	
question does not ensure an	question does not ensure an	question does not ensure an	
adequate level of protection within	adequate level of protection within	adequate level of protection within	
the meaning of paragraph 1.	the meaning of paragraph 1.	the meaning of paragraph 1.	
3. The Union institutions and	3. The Union institutions and	3. The Union institutions and	
bodies shall take the necessary	bodies shall take the necessary	bodies shall take the necessary	
measures to comply with decisions	measures to comply with decisions	measures to comply with decisions	
taken by the Commission when it	taken by the Commission when it	taken by the Commission when it	
establishes, pursuant to Article	establishes, pursuant to Article	establishes, pursuant to Article	
45(3) and (5) of Regulation (EU)	45(3) and (5) of Regulation (EU)	45(3) and (5) of Regulation (EU)	
2016/679, that a third country or an	2016/679, that a third country or an	2016/679, that a third country or an	
international organisation ensures or	international organisation ensures or	international organisation ensures or	
no longer ensures an adequate level	no longer ensures an adequate level	no longer ensures an adequate level	
of protection.	of protection.	of protection.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 49	Article 49	Article 49	
Transfers subject to appropriate safeguards	Transfers subject to appropriate safeguards	Transfers subject to appropriate safeguards	
1. In the absence of a decision pursuant to Article 45(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, a controller or processor may transfer personal data to a third country or an international organisation only if the controller or processor has provided appropriate safeguards, and on condition that enforceable data subject rights and effective legal remedies for data subjects are available.	AM 74 1. In the absence of a decision pursuant to Article 45(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or to Article 36(3) of Directive (EU) 2016/680, within the respective scope of those legislative acts, a controller or processor may transfer personal data to a third country or an international organisation only if the controller or processor has provided appropriate safeguards, and on condition that enforceable data subject rights and effective legal remedies for data subjects are available.	1. In the absence of a decision pursuant to Article 45(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, a controller or processor may transfer personal data to a third country or an international organisation only if the controller or processor has provided appropriate safeguards, and on condition that enforceable data subject rights and effective legal remedies for data subjects are available.	
2. The appropriate safeguards referred to in paragraph 1 may be provided for, without requiring any specific authorisation from the European Data Protection Supervisor, by:	2. The appropriate safeguards referred to in paragraph 1 may be provided for, without requiring any specific authorisation from the European Data Protection Supervisor, by:	2. The appropriate safeguards referred to in paragraph 1 may be provided for, without requiring any specific authorisation from the European Data Protection Supervisor, by:	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(a) a legally binding and	(a) a legally binding and	(a) a legally binding and	
enforceable instrument between	enforceable instrument between	enforceable instrument between	
public authorities or bodies;	public authorities or bodies;	public authorities or bodies;	
(b) standard data protection	(b) standard data protection	(b) standard data protection	
clauses adopted by the Commission	clauses adopted by the Commission	clauses adopted by the Commission	
in accordance with the examination	in accordance with the examination	in accordance with the examination	
procedure referred to in Article	procedure referred to in Article	procedure referred to in Article	
70(2);	70(2);	70(2);	
(c) standard data protection	(c) standard data protection	(c) standard data protection	
clauses adopted by the European	clauses adopted by the European	clauses adopted by the European	
Data Protection Supervisor and	Data Protection Supervisor and	Data Protection Supervisor and	
approved by the Commission	approved by the Commission	approved by the Commission	
pursuant to the examination	pursuant to the examination	pursuant to the examination	
procedure referred to in	procedure referred to in	procedure referred to in	
Article 70(2);	Article 70(2);	Article 70(2);	
 (d) binding corporate rules, codes of conduct and certification mechanism pursuant to points (b), (e) and (f) of Article 46(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, where the processor is not a Union institution or body. 	 (d) binding corporate rules, codes of conduct and certification mechanism pursuant to points (b), (e) and (f) of Article 46(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, where the processor is not a Union institution or body. 	 (d) binding corporate rules, codes of conduct and certification mechanism pursuant to points (b), (e) and (f) of Article 46(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, where the processor is not a Union institution or body. 	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
3. Subject to the authorisation	3. Subject to the authorisation	3. Subject to the authorisation	
from the European Data Protection	from the European Data Protection	from the European Data Protection	
Supervisor, the appropriate	Supervisor, the appropriate	Supervisor, the appropriate	
safeguards referred to in	safeguards referred to in	safeguards referred to in	
paragraph 1 may also be provided	paragraph 1 may also be provided	paragraph 1 may also be provided	
for, in particular, by:	for, in particular, by:	for, in particular, by:	
(a) contractual clauses between	(a) contractual clauses between	(a) contractual clauses between	
the controller or processor and the	the controller or processor and the	the controller or processor and the	
controller, processor or the recipient	controller, processor or the recipient	controller, processor or the recipient	
of the personal data in the third	of the personal data in the third	of the personal data in the third	
country or international	country or international	country or international	
organisation; or	organisation; or	organisation; or	
(b) provisions to be inserted into	(b) provisions to be inserted into	(b) provisions to be inserted into	
administrative arrangements	administrative arrangements	administrative arrangements	
between public authorities or bodies	between public authorities or bodies	between public authorities or bodies	
which include enforceable and	which include enforceable and	which include enforceable and	
effective data subject rights.	effective data subject rights.	effective data subject rights.	
4. The Union institutions and	4. The Union institutions and	4. The Union institutions and	
bodies shall inform the European	bodies shall inform the European	bodies shall inform the European	
Data Protection Supervisor of	Data Protection Supervisor of	Data Protection Supervisor of	
categories of cases where this	categories of cases where this	categories of cases where this	
Article has been applied.	Article has been applied.	Article has been applied.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
5. Authorisations by the European Data Protection Supervisor on the basis of Article 9(7) of Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 shall remain valid until amended, replaced or repealed, if necessary, by the European Data Protection Supervisor.	5. Authorisations by the European Data Protection Supervisor on the basis of Article 9(7) of Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 shall remain valid until amended, replaced or repealed, if necessary, by the European Data Protection Supervisor.	 Authorisations by the European Data Protection Supervisor on the basis of Article 9(7) of Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 shall remain valid until amended, replaced or repealed, if necessary, by the European Data Protection Supervisor. 	
Article 50	Article 50	Article 50	
Transfers or disclosures not authorised by Union law	Transfers or disclosures not authorised by Union law	Transfers or disclosures not authorised by Union law	
Any judgment of a court or tribunal and any decision of an administrative authority of a third country requiring a controller or processor to transfer or disclose personal data may only be recognised or enforceable in any manner if based on an international agreement, such as a mutual legal assistance treaty, in force between the requesting third country and the Union, without prejudice to other grounds for transfer pursuant to this Chapter.	Any judgment of a court or tribunal and any decision of an administrative authority of a third country requiring a controller or processor to transfer or disclose personal data may only be recognised or enforceable in any manner if based on an international agreement, such as a mutual legal assistance treaty, in force between the requesting third country and the Union, without prejudice to other grounds for transfer pursuant to this Chapter.	Any judgment of a court or tribunal and any decision of an administrative authority of a third country requiring a controller or processor to transfer or disclose personal data may only be recognised or enforceable in any manner if based on an international agreement, such as a mutual legal assistance treaty, in force between the requesting third country and the Union, without prejudice to other grounds for transfer pursuant to this Chapter.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 51	Article 51	Article 51	
Derogations for specific situations	Derogations for specific situations	Derogations for specific situations	
1. In the absence of a decision pursuant to Article 45(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, or of appropriate safeguards pursuant to Article 49, a transfer or a set of transfers of personal data to a third country or an international organisation shall take place only on one of the following conditions:	AM 75 1. In the absence of a decision pursuant to Article 45(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or to Article 36(3) of Directive (EU) 2016/680, within the respective scope of those legislative acts, or of appropriate safeguards pursuant to Article 49, a transfer or a set of transfers of personal data to a third country or an international organisation shall take place only on one of the following conditions:	1. In the absence of a decision pursuant to Article 45(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, or of appropriate safeguards pursuant to Article 49, a transfer or a set of transfers of personal data to a third country or an international organisation shall take place only on one of the following conditions:	
(a) the data subject has explicitly consented to the proposed transfer, after having been informed of the possible risks of such transfers for the data subject due to the absence of an adequacy decision and appropriate safeguards;	(a) the data subject has explicitly consented to the proposed transfer, after having been informed of the possible risks of such transfers for the data subject due to the absence of an adequacy decision and appropriate safeguards;	(a) the data subject has explicitly consented to the proposed transfer, after having been informed of the possible risks of such transfers for the data subject due to the absence of an adequacy decision and appropriate safeguards;	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(b) the transfer is necessary for	(b) the transfer is necessary for	(b) the transfer is necessary for	
the performance of a contract	the performance of a contract	the performance of a contract	
between the data subject and the	between the data subject and the	between the data subject and the	
controller or the implementation of	controller or the implementation of	controller or the implementation of	
pre-contractual measures taken at	pre-contractual measures taken at	pre-contractual measures taken at	
the data subject's request;	the data subject's request;	the data subject's request;	
(c) the transfer is necessary for	(c) the transfer is necessary for	(c) the transfer is necessary for	
the conclusion or performance of a	the conclusion or performance of a	the conclusion or performance of a	
contract concluded in the interest of	contract concluded in the interest of	contract concluded in the interest of	
the data subject between the	the data subject between the	the data subject between the	
controller and another natural or	controller and another natural or	controller and another natural or	
legal person;	legal person;	legal person;	
(d) the transfer is necessary for important reasons of public interest;	(d) the transfer is necessary for important reasons of public interest;	(d) the transfer is necessary for important reasons of public interest;	
(e) the transfer is necessary for	(e) the transfer is necessary for	(e) the transfer is necessary for	
the establishment, exercise or	the establishment, exercise or	the establishment, exercise or	
defence of legal claims; or	defence of legal claims; or	defence of legal claims; or	
(f) the transfer is necessary in	(f) the transfer is necessary in	(f) the transfer is necessary in	
order to protect the vital interests of	order to protect the vital interests of	order to protect the vital interests of	
the data subject or of other persons,	the data subject or of other persons,	the data subject or of other persons,	
where the data subject is physically	where the data subject is physically	where the data subject is physically	
or legally incapable of giving	or legally incapable of giving	or legally incapable of giving	
consent; or	consent; or	consent; or	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(g) the transfer is made from a register which, according to Union law, is intended to provide information to the public and which is open to consultation either by the public in general or by any person who can demonstrate a legitimate interest, but only to the extent that the conditions laid down in Union law for consultation are fulfilled in the particular case.	(g) the transfer is made from a register which, according to Union law, is intended to provide information to the public and which is open to consultation either by the public in general or by any person who can demonstrate a legitimate interest, but only to the extent that the conditions laid down in Union law for consultation are fulfilled in the particular case.	(g) the transfer is made from a register which, according to Union law, is intended to provide information to the public and which is open to consultation either by the public in general or by any person who can demonstrate a legitimate interest, but only to the extent that the conditions laid down in Union law for consultation are fulfilled in the particular case.	
		1a. Points (a), (b) and (c) of paragraph 1 shall not apply to activities carried out by Union institutions and bodies in the exercise of their public powers.	Tentative agreement CNS text: 1a. Points (a), (b) and (c) of paragraph 1 shall not apply to activities carried out by Union institutions and bodies in the exercise of their public powers.

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
2. A transfer pursuant to point (g) of paragraph 1 shall not involve the entirety of the personal data or entire categories of the personal data contained in the register, unless authorised by Union law. Where the register is intended for consultation by persons having a legitimate interest, the transfer shall be made only at the request of those persons or if they are to be the recipients.	2. A transfer pursuant to point (g) of paragraph 1 shall not involve the entirety of the personal data or entire categories of the personal data contained in the register, unless authorised by Union law. Where the register is intended for consultation by persons having a legitimate interest, the transfer shall be made only at the request of those persons or if they are to be the recipients.	2. A transfer pursuant to point (g) of paragraph 1 shall not involve the entirety of the personal data or entire categories of the personal data contained in the register, unless authorised by Union law. Where the register is intended for consultation by persons having a legitimate interest, the transfer shall be made only at the request of those persons or if they are to be the recipients.	
3. The public interest referred to in point (d) of paragraph 1 shall be recognised in Union law.	3. The public interest referred to in point (d) of paragraph 1 shall be recognised in Union law.	3. The public interest referred to in point (d) of paragraph 1 shall be recognised in Union law.	
4. In the absence of an adequacy decision, Union law may, for important reasons of public interest, expressly set limits to the transfer of specific categories of personal data to a third country or an international organisation.	4. In the absence of an adequacy decision, Union law may, for important reasons of public interest, expressly set limits to the transfer of specific categories of personal data to a third country or an international organisation.	4. In the absence of an adequacy decision, Union law may, for important reasons of public interest, expressly set limits to the transfer of specific categories of personal data to a third country or an international organisation.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
5. The Union institutions and	5. The Union institutions and	5. The Union institutions and	
bodies shall inform the European	bodies shall inform the European	bodies shall inform the European	
Data Protection Supervisor of	Data Protection Supervisor of	Data Protection Supervisor of	
categories of cases where this	categories of cases where this	categories of cases where this	
Article has been applied.	Article has been applied.	Article has been applied.	
Article 52	Article 52	Article 52	
International cooperation for the protection of personal data	International cooperation for the protection of personal data	International cooperation for the protection of personal data	
In relation to third countries and	In relation to third countries and	In relation to third countries and	
international organisations, the	international organisations, the	international organisations, the	
European Data Protection	European Data Protection	European Data Protection	
Supervisor, in cooperation with the	Supervisor, in cooperation with the	Supervisor, in cooperation with the	
Commission and the European Data	Commission and the European Data	Commission and the European Data	
Protection Board, shall take	Protection Board, shall take	Protection Board, shall take	
appropriate steps to:	appropriate steps to:	appropriate steps to:	
(a) develop international	(a) develop international	(a) develop international	
cooperation mechanisms to	cooperation mechanisms to	cooperation mechanisms to	
facilitate the effective enforcement	facilitate the effective enforcement	facilitate the effective enforcement	
of legislation for the protection of	of legislation for the protection of	of legislation for the protection of	
personal data;	personal data;	personal data;	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(b) provide international mutual	(b) provide international mutual	(b) provide international mutual	
assistance in the enforcement of	assistance in the enforcement of	assistance in the enforcement of	
legislation for the protection of	legislation for the protection of	legislation for the protection of	
personal data, including through	personal data, including through	personal data, including through	
notification, complaint referral,	notification, complaint referral,	notification, complaint referral,	
investigative assistance and	investigative assistance and	investigative assistance and	
information exchange, subject to	information exchange, subject to	information exchange, subject to	
appropriate safeguards for the	appropriate safeguards for the	appropriate safeguards for the	
protection of personal data and	protection of personal data and	protection of personal data and	
other fundamental rights and	other fundamental rights and	other fundamental rights and	
freedoms;	freedoms;	freedoms;	
(c) engage relevant stakeholders	(c) engage relevant stakeholders	(c) engage relevant stakeholders	
in discussion and activities aimed at	in discussion and activities aimed at	in discussion and activities aimed at	
furthering international cooperation	furthering international cooperation	furthering international cooperation	
in the enforcement of legislation for	in the enforcement of legislation for	in the enforcement of legislation for	
the protection of personal data;	the protection of personal data;	the protection of personal data;	
(d) promote the exchange and	(d) promote the exchange and	(d) promote the exchange and	
documentation of personal data	documentation of personal data	documentation of personal data	
protection legislation and practice,	protection legislation and practice,	protection legislation and practice,	
including on jurisdictional conflicts	including on jurisdictional conflicts	including on jurisdictional conflicts	
with third countries.	with third countries.	with third countries.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
CHAPTER VI	CHAPTER VI	CHAPTER VI	
THE EUROPEAN DATA PROTECTION SUPERVISOR	THE EUROPEAN DATA PROTECTION SUPERVISOR	THE EUROPEAN DATA PROTECTION SUPERVISOR	
Article 53	Article 53	Article 53	
European Data Protection Supervisor	European Data Protection Supervisor	European Data Protection Supervisor	
1. The European Data Protection Supervisor is hereby established.	1. The European Data Protection Supervisor is hereby established.	1. The European Data Protection Supervisor is hereby established.	
2. With respect to the processing of personal data, the European Data Protection Supervisor shall be responsible for ensuring that the fundamental rights and freedoms of natural persons, and in particular their right to data protection, is respected by the Union institutions and bodies.	2. With respect to the processing of personal data, the European Data Protection Supervisor shall be responsible for ensuring that the fundamental rights and freedoms of natural persons, and in particular their right to data protection, is respected by the Union institutions and bodies.	2. With respect to the processing of personal data, the European Data Protection Supervisor shall be responsible for ensuring that the fundamental rights and freedoms of natural persons, and in particular their right to data protection, is respected by the Union institutions and bodies.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
3. The European Data Protection	3. The European Data Protection	3. The European Data Protection	
Supervisor shall be responsible for	Supervisor shall be responsible for	Supervisor shall be responsible for	
monitoring and ensuring the	monitoring and ensuring the	monitoring and ensuring the	
application of the provisions of this	application of the provisions of this	application of the provisions of this	
Regulation and any other Union act	Regulation and any other Union act	Regulation and any other Union act	
relating to the protection of the	relating to the protection of the	relating to the protection of the	
fundamental rights and freedoms of	fundamental rights and freedoms of	fundamental rights and freedoms of	
natural persons with regard to the	natural persons with regard to the	natural persons with regard to the	
processing of personal data by a	processing of personal data by a	processing of personal data by a	
Union institution or body, and for	Union institution or body, and for	Union institution or body, and for	
advising Union institutions and	advising Union institutions and	advising Union institutions and	
bodies and data subjects on all	bodies and data subjects on all	bodies and data subjects on all	
matters concerning the processing	matters concerning the processing	matters concerning the processing	
of personal data. To those ends the	of personal data. To those ends the	of personal data. To those ends the	
European Data Protection	European Data Protection	European Data Protection	
Supervisor shall fulfil the tasks	Supervisor shall fulfil the tasks	Supervisor shall fulfil the tasks	
provided for in Article 58 and	provided for in Article 58 and	provided for in Article 58 and	
exercise the powers granted in	exercise the powers granted in	exercise the powers granted in	
Article 59.	Article 59.	Article 59.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
		3a. Regulation (EC) No 1049/2001 shall apply to documents held by the European Data Protection Supervisor. The European Data Protection Supervisor shall adopt detailed rules for applying Regulation (EC) No 1049/2001 with regard to those documents.	Tentative agreement CNS text: 3a. Regulation (EC) No 1049/2001 shall apply to documents held by the European Data Protection Supervisor. The European Data Protection Supervisor shall adopt detailed rules for applying Regulation (EC) No 1049/2001 with regard to those documents.



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 54	Article 54	Article 54	
Appointment of the European Data Protection Supervisor	Appointment of the European Data Protection Supervisor	Appointment of the European Data Protection Supervisor	
1. The European Parliament and the Council shall appoint the European Data Protection Supervisor by common accord for a term of five years, on the basis of a list drawn up by the Commission following a public call for candidates. The call for candidates shall enable all interested parties throughout the Union to submit their applications. The list of candidates drawn up by the Commission shall be public. On the basis of the list drawn up by the Commission,-the competent committee of the European Parliament may decide to hold a hearing in order to enable it to express a preference.	AM 76 1. The European Parliament and the Council shall appoint the European Data Protection Supervisor by common accord for a term of five years, on the basis of a list drawn up <i>jointly</i> by the <i>European Parliament, the Council</i> <i>and the</i> Commission following a public call for candidates. The call for candidates shall enable all interested parties throughout the Union to submit their applications. The list of candidates drawn up by the Commission shall be public: <i>and shall consist of at least five</i> <i>candidates.</i> On the basis of the list drawn up by the Commission, The competent committee of the European Parliament may decide to hold a hearing <i>of the listed</i> <i>candidates</i> in order to enable it to express a preference.	1. The European Parliament and the Council shall appoint the European Data Protection Supervisor by common accord for a term of five years, on the basis of a list drawn up by the Commission following a public call for candidates. The call for candidates shall enable all interested parties throughout the Union to submit their applications. The list of candidates drawn up by the Commission shall be public. On the basis of the list drawn up by the Commission, the competent committee of the European Parliament may decide to hold a hearing in order to enable it to express a preference.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
2. The list drawn up by the Commission from which the European Data Protection Supervisor shall be chosen shall be made up of persons whose independence is beyond doubt and who are acknowledged as having the experience and skills required to perform the duties of European Data Protection Supervisor, for example because they belong or have belonged to the supervisory authorities established under Article 41 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	AM 77 2. The list drawn up <i>jointly</i> by the <i>European Parliament, the</i> <i>Council and the</i> Commission from which the European Data Protection Supervisor shall be chosen shall be made up of persons whose independence is beyond doubt and who are acknowledged as having <i>expert knowledge in data</i> <i>protection as well as</i> the experience and skills required to perform the duties of European Data Protection Supervisor, for example because they belong or have belonged to the supervisory authorities established under Article 41 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	2. The list drawn up by the Commission from which the European Data Protection Supervisor shall be chosen shall be made up of persons whose independence is beyond doubt and who are acknowledged as having the experience and skills required to perform the duties of European Data Protection Supervisor , for example because they belong or have belonged to the supervisory authorities established under Article 41 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.	
3. The term of office of the European Data Protection Supervisor shall be renewable once.	3. The term of office of the European Data Protection Supervisor shall be renewable once.	3. The term of office of the European Data Protection Supervisor shall be renewable once.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
4. The duties of the European	4. The duties of the European	4. The duties of the European	
Data Protection Supervisor shall	Data Protection Supervisor shall	Data Protection Supervisor shall	
cease in the following	cease in the following	cease in the following	
circumstances:	circumstances:	circumstances:	
(a) if the European Data	(a) if the European Data	(a) if the European Data	
Protection Supervisor is replaced;	Protection Supervisor is replaced;	Protection Supervisor is replaced;	
(b) if the European Data	(b) if the European Data	(b) if the European Data	
Protection Supervisor resigns;	Protection Supervisor resigns;	Protection Supervisor resigns;	
(c) if the European Data	(c) if the European Data	(c) if the European Data	
Protection Supervisor is dismissed	Protection Supervisor is dismissed	Protection Supervisor is dismissed	
or required to take compulsory	or required to take compulsory	or required to take compulsory	
retirement.	retirement.	retirement.	
5. The European Data Protection	5. The European Data Protection	5. The European Data Protection	
Supervisor may be dismissed or	Supervisor may be dismissed or	Supervisor may be dismissed or	
deprived of his or her right to a	deprived of his or her right to a	deprived of his or her right to a	
pension or other benefits in its stead	pension or other benefits in its stead	pension or other benefits in its stead	
by the Court of Justice of the	by the Court of Justice of the	by the Court of Justice of the	
European Union at the request of	European Union at the request of	European Union at the request of	
the European Parliament, the	the European Parliament, the	the European Parliament, the	
Council or the Commission, if he or	Council or the Commission, if he or	Council or the Commission, if he or	
she no longer fulfils the conditions	she no longer fulfils the conditions	she no longer fulfils the conditions	
required for the performance of his	required for the performance of his	required for the performance of his	
or her duties or if he or she is guilty	or her duties or if he or she is guilty	or her duties or if he or she is guilty	
of serious misconduct.	of serious misconduct.	of serious misconduct.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
6. In the event of normal	6. In the event of normal	6. In the event of normal	
replacement or voluntary	replacement or voluntary	replacement or voluntary	
resignation, the European Data	resignation, the European Data	resignation, the European Data	
Protection Supervisor shall	Protection Supervisor shall	Protection Supervisor shall	
nevertheless remain in office until	nevertheless remain in office until	nevertheless remain in office until	
he or she has been replaced.	he or she has been replaced.	he or she has been replaced.	
7. Articles 11 to 14 and 17 of the	7. Articles 11 to 14 and 17 of the	7. Articles 11 to 14 and 17 of the	
Protocol on the Privileges and	Protocol on the Privileges and	Protocol on the Privileges and	
Immunities of the European Union	Immunities of the European Union	Immunities of the European Union	
shall apply to the European Data	shall apply to the European Data	shall apply to the European Data	
Protection Supervisor.	Protection Supervisor.	Protection Supervisor.	
Article 55	Article 55	Article 55	
Regulations and general conditions	Regulations and general conditions	Regulations and general conditions	
governing the performance of the	governing the performance of the	governing the performance of the	
European Data Protection	European Data Protection	European Data Protection	
Supervisor's duties, staff and	Supervisor's duties, staff and	Supervisor's duties, staff and	
financial resources	financial resources	financial resources	
1. The European Data Protection	1. The European Data Protection	1. The European Data Protection	
Supervisor shall be considered	Supervisor shall be considered	Supervisor shall be considered	
equivalent to a judge of the Court of	equivalent to a judge of the Court of	equivalent to a judge of the Court of	
Justice of the European Union as	Justice of the European Union as	Justice of the European Union as	
regards the determination of	regards the determination of	regards the determination of	
remuneration, allowances, retirement	remuneration, allowances, retirement	remuneration, allowances, retirement	
pension and any other benefit in lieu	pension and any other benefit in lieu	pension and any other benefit in lieu	
of remuneration.	of remuneration.	of remuneration.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
2. The budget authority shall	2. The budget authority shall	2. The budget authority shall	
ensure that the European Data	ensure that the European Data	ensure that the European Data	
Protection Supervisor is provided	Protection Supervisor is provided	Protection Supervisor is provided	
with the human and financial	with the human and financial	with the human and financial	
resources necessary for the	resources necessary for the	resources necessary for the	
performance of his or her tasks.	performance of his or her tasks.	performance of his or her tasks.	
3. The budget of the European	3. The budget of the European	3. The budget of the European	
Data Protection Supervisor shall be	Data Protection Supervisor shall be	Data Protection Supervisor shall be	
shown in a separate budget heading	shown in a separate budget heading	shown in a separate budget heading	
in Section IX of the general budget	in Section IX of the general budget	in Section IX of the general budget	
of the European Union.	of the European Union.	of the European Union.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
4. The European Data Protection Supervisor shall be assisted by a Secretariat. The officials and other staff members of the Secretariat shall be appointed by the European Data Protection Supervisor and their superior shall be the European Data Protection Supervisor. They shall be subject exclusively to his or her direction. Their numbers shall be decided each year as part of the budgetary procedure.	AM 78 4. The European Data Protection Supervisor shall be assisted by a Secretariat. The officials and other staff members of the Secretariat shall be appointed by the European Data Protection Supervisor and their superior shall be the European Data Protection Supervisor. They shall be subject exclusively to his or her direction. Their numbers shall be decided each year as part of the budgetary procedure. <i>Article 75(2)</i> <i>of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 shall</i> <i>apply to the staff of the European</i> <i>Data Protection Supervisor</i> <i>involved in carrying out the tasks</i> <i>conferred on the European Data</i> <i>Protection Board by Union law.</i>	4. The European Data Protection Supervisor shall be assisted by a Secretariat. The officials and other staff members of the Secretariat shall be appointed by the European Data Protection Supervisor and their superior shall be the European Data Protection Supervisor. They shall be subject exclusively to his or her direction, except wherethey are members of the secretariat to the European Data Protection Board in accordance with Article 75 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679. Their numbers shall be decided each year as part of the budgetary procedure.	Tentative agreement EP text: 4. The European Data Protection Supervisor shall be assisted by a Secretariat. The officials and other staff members of the Secretariat shall be appointed by the European Data Protection Supervisor and their superior shall be the European Data Protection Supervisor. They shall be subject exclusively to his or her direction. Their numbers shall be decided each year as part of the budgetary procedure. <i>Article 75(2) of Regulation (EU)</i> 2016/679 shall apply to the staff of the European Data Protection Supervisor involved in carrying out the tasks conferred on the European Data Protection Board by Union law.

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
5. The officials and the other	5. The officials and the other	5. The officials and the other	
staff members of the Secretariat of	staff members of the Secretariat of	staff members of the Secretariat of	
the European Data Protection	the European Data Protection	the European Data Protection	
Supervisor shall be subject to the	Supervisor shall be subject to the	Supervisor shall be subject to the	
rules and regulations applicable to	rules and regulations applicable to	rules and regulations applicable to	
officials and other servants of the	officials and other servants of the	officials and other servants of the	
European Union.	European Union.	European Union.	
6. The European Data Protection	6. The European Data Protection	6. The European Data Protection	
Supervisor shall have its seat in	Supervisor shall have its seat in	Supervisor shall have its seat in	
Brussels.	Brussels.	Brussels.	
Article 56	Article 56	Article 56	
Independence	Independence	Independence	
1. The European Data Protection	1. The European Data Protection	1. The European Data Protection	
Supervisor shall act with complete	Supervisor shall act with complete	Supervisor shall act with complete	
independence in performing his or	independence in performing his or	independence in performing his or	
her tasks and exercising his or her	her tasks and exercising his or her	her tasks and exercising his or her	
powers in accordance with this	powers in accordance with this	powers in accordance with this	
Regulation.	Regulation.	Regulation.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
2. The European Data Protection	2. The European Data Protection	2. The European Data Protection	
Supervisor shall, in the performance	Supervisor shall, in the performance	Supervisor shall, in the performance	
of his or her tasks and exercise of	of his or her tasks and exercise of	of his or her tasks and exercise of	
his or her powers in accordance	his or her powers in accordance	his or her powers in accordance	
with this Regulation, remain free	with this Regulation, remain free	with this Regulation, remain free	
from external influence, whether	from external influence, whether	from external influence, whether	
direct or indirect, and shall neither	direct or indirect, and shall neither	direct or indirect, and shall neither	
seek nor take instructions from	seek nor take instructions from	seek nor take instructions from	
anybody.	anybody.	anybody.	
3. The European Data Protection	3. The European Data Protection	3. The European Data Protection	
Supervisor shall refrain from any	Supervisor shall refrain from any	Supervisor shall refrain from any	
action incompatible with his or her	action incompatible with his or her	action incompatible with his or her	
duties and shall not, during his or	duties and shall not, during his or	duties and shall not, during his or	
her term of office, engage in any	her term of office, engage in any	her term of office, engage in any	
other occupation, whether gainful or	other occupation, whether gainful or	other occupation, whether gainful or	
not.	not.	not.	
4. The European Data Protection	4. The European Data Protection	4. The European Data Protection	
Supervisor shall, after his or her	Supervisor shall, after his or her	Supervisor shall, after his or her	
term of office, behave with integrity	term of office, behave with integrity	term of office, behave with integrity	
and discretion as regards the	and discretion as regards the	and discretion as regards the	
acceptance of appointments and	acceptance of appointments and	acceptance of appointments and	
benefits.	benefits.	benefits.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 57	Article 57	Article 57	
Professional secrecy	Professional secrecy	Professional secrecy	
The European Data Protection Supervisor and his or her staff shall, both during and after their term of office, be subject to a duty of professional secrecy with regard to any confidential information which has come to their knowledge in the course of the performance of their official duties.	The European Data Protection Supervisor and his or her staff shall, both during and after their term of office, be subject to a duty of professional secrecy with regard to any confidential information which has come to their knowledge in the course of the performance of their official duties.	The European Data Protection Supervisor and his or her staff shall, both during and after their term of office, be subject to a duty of professional secrecy with regard to any confidential information which has come to their knowledge in the course of the performance of their official duties.	
Article 58	Article 58	Article 58	
Tasks	Tasks	Tasks	
1. Without prejudice to other tasks set out under this Regulation, the European Data Protection Supervisor shall:	1. Without prejudice to other tasks set out under this Regulation, the European Data Protection Supervisor shall:	1. Without prejudice to other tasks set out under this Regulation, the European Data Protection Supervisor shall:	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(a) monitor and enforce the application of this Regulation and other Union acts relating to the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by a Union institution or body, with the exception of the processing of personal data by the Court of Justice of the European Union acting in its judicial capacity;	(a) monitor and enforce the application of this Regulation and other Union acts relating to the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by a Union institution or body, with the exception of the processing of personal data by the Court of Justice of the European Union acting in its judicial capacity;	(a) monitor and enforce the application of this Regulation and other Union acts relating to the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by a Union institution or body, with the exception of the processing of personal data by the Court of Justice of the European Union acting in its judicial capacity;	Tentative agreement CNS text: (a) monitor and enforce the application of this Regulation and other Union acts relating to the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by a Union institution or body, with the exception of the processing of personal data by the Court of Justice of the European Union acting in its judicial capacity;
(b) promote public awareness and	(b) promote public awareness and	(b) promote public awareness and	
understanding of the risks, rules,	understanding of the risks, rules,	understanding of the risks, rules,	
safeguards and rights in relation to	safeguards and rights in relation to	safeguards and rights in relation to	
processing. Activities addressed	processing. Activities addressed	processing. Activities addressed	
specifically to children shall receive	specifically to children shall receive	specifically to children shall receive	
specific attention;	specific attention;	specific attention;	
(c) promote the awareness of	(c) promote the awareness of	(c) promote the awareness of	
controllers and processors of their	controllers and processors of their	controllers and processors of their	
obligations under this Regulation;	obligations under this Regulation;	obligations under this Regulation;	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(d) upon request, provide information to any data subject concerning the exercise of their rights under this Regulation and, if appropriate, cooperate with the supervisory authorities in Member States to that end;	(d) upon request, provide information to any data subject concerning the exercise of their rights under this Regulation and, if appropriate, cooperate with the supervisory authorities in Member States to that end;	(d) upon request, provide information to any data subject concerning the exercise of their rights under this Regulation and, if appropriate, cooperate with the supervisory authorities in Member States to that end;	
(e) handle complaints lodged by a data subject, or by a body, organisation or association in accordance with Article 67, and investigate, to the extent appropriate, the subject matter of the complaint and inform the complainant of the progress and the outcome of the investigation within a reasonable period, in particular if further investigation or coordination with another supervisory authority is necessary;	(e) handle complaints lodged by a data subject, or by a body, organisation or association in accordance with Article 67, and investigate, to the extent appropriate, the subject matter of the complaint and inform the complainant of the progress and the outcome of the investigation within a reasonable period, in particular if further investigation or coordination with another supervisory authority is necessary;	(e) handle complaints lodged by a data subject, or by a body, organisation or association in accordance with Article 67, and investigate, to the extent appropriate, the subject matter of the complaint and inform the complainant of the progress and the outcome of the investigation within a reasonable period, in particular if further investigation or coordination with another supervisory authority is necessary;	
(f) conduct investigations on the application of this Regulation, including on the basis of information received from another supervisory authority or other public authority;	(f) conduct investigations on the application of this Regulation, including on the basis of information received from another supervisory authority or other public authority;	(f) conduct investigations on the application of this Regulation, including on the basis of information received from another supervisory authority or other public authority;	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(g) advise all Union institutions and bodies on legislative and administrative measures relating to the protection of natural persons' rights and freedoms with regard to the processing of personal data;	(g) advise all Union institutions and bodies on legislative and administrative measures relating to the protection of natural persons' rights and freedoms with regard to the processing of personal data;	(g) advise, on its own initiative or on request, all Union institutions and bodies on legislative and administrative measures relating to the protection of natural persons' rights and freedoms with regard to the processing of personal data;	Tentative agreement CNS text: (g) advise, on its own initiative or on request , all Union institutions and bodies on legislative and administrative measures relating to the protection of natural persons' rights and freedoms with regard to the processing of personal data;
(h) monitor relevant	(h) monitor relevant	(h) monitor relevant	
developments, insofar as they have	developments, insofar as they have	developments, insofar as they have	
an impact on the protection of	an impact on the protection of	an impact on the protection of	
personal data, in particular the	personal data, in particular the	personal data, in particular the	
development of information and	development of information and	development of information and	
communication technologies;	communication technologies;	communication technologies;	
(i) adopt standard contractual	(i) adopt standard contractual	(i) adopt standard contractual	
clauses referred to in Article 29(8)	clauses referred to in Article 29(8)	clauses referred to in Article 29(8)	
and in point (c) of Article 49(2);	and in point (c) of Article 49(2);	and in point (c) of Article 49(2);	
(j) establish and maintain a list in	(j) establish and maintain a list in	(j) establish and maintain a list in	
relation to the requirement for data	relation to the requirement for data	relation to the requirement for data	
protection impact assessment	protection impact assessment	protection impact assessment	
pursuant to Article 39(4);	pursuant to Article 39(4);	pursuant to Article 39(4);	

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 (k) participate in the activities of	 (k) participate in the activities of	 (k) participate in the activities of	
the European Data Protection Board	the European Data Protection Board	the European Data Protection Board	
set up by Article 68 of Regulation	set up by Article 68 of Regulation	set up by Article 68 of Regulation	
(EU) 2016/679;	(EU) 2016/679;	(EU) 2016/679;	
(1) provide the secretariat for the	(1) provide the secretariat for the	(1) provide the secretariat for the	
European Data Protection Board, in	European Data Protection Board, in	European Data Protection Board, in	
accordance with Article 75 of	accordance with Article 75 of	accordance with Article 75 of	
Regulation (EU) 2016/679;	Regulation (EU) 2016/679;	Regulation (EU) 2016/679;	
(m) give advice on the processing referred to in Article 40(2);	(m) give advice on the processing referred to in Article 40(2);	(m) give advice on the processing referred to in Article 40(2);	
(n) authorise contractual clauses	(n) authorise contractual clauses	(n) authorise contractual clauses	
and provisions referred to in	and provisions referred to in	and provisions referred to in	
Article 49(3);	Article 49(3);	Article 49(3);	
(o) keep internal records of	(o) keep internal records of	(o) keep internal records of	
infringements of this Regulation	infringements of this Regulation	infringements of this Regulation	
and of measures taken in	and of measures taken in	and of measures taken in	
accordance with Article 59(2);	accordance with Article 59(2);	accordance with Article 59(2);	
(p) fulfil any other tasks related to the protection of personal data; and	(p) fulfil any other tasks related to the protection of personal data; and	(p) fulfil any other tasks related to the protection of personal data; and	
(q) establish his or her Rules of Procedure.	(q) establish his or her Rules of Procedure.	(q) establish his or her Rules of Procedure.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
2. The European Data Protection	2. The European Data Protection	2. The European Data Protection	
Supervisor shall facilitate the	Supervisor shall facilitate the	Supervisor shall facilitate the	
submission of complaints referred	submission of complaints referred	submission of complaints referred	
to in point (e) of paragraph 1 by a	to in point (e) of paragraph 1 by a	to in point (e) of paragraph 1 by a	
complaint submission form which	complaint submission form which	complaint submission form which	
can also be completed	can also be completed	can also be completed	
electronically, without excluding	electronically, without excluding	electronically, without excluding	
other means of communication.	other means of communication.	other means of communication.	
3. The performance of the tasks	3. The performance of the tasks	3. The performance of the tasks	
of the European Data Protection	of the European Data Protection	of the European Data Protection	
Supervisor shall be free of charge	Supervisor shall be free of charge	Supervisor shall be free of charge	
for the data subject.	for the data subject.	for the data subject.	
4. Where requests are manifestly	4. Where requests are manifestly	4. Where requests are manifestly	
unfounded or excessive, in	unfounded or excessive, in	unfounded or excessive, in	
particular because of their repetitive	particular because of their repetitive	particular because of their repetitive	
character, the European Data	character, the European Data	character, the European Data	
Protection Supervisor may refuse to	Protection Supervisor may refuse to	Protection Supervisor may refuse to	
act on the request. The European	act on the request. The European	act on the request. The European	
Data Protection Supervisor shall	Data Protection Supervisor shall	Data Protection Supervisor shall	
bear the burden of demonstrating	bear the burden of demonstrating	bear the burden of demonstrating	
the manifestly unfounded or	the manifestly unfounded or	the manifestly unfounded or	
excessive character of the request.	excessive character of the request.	excessive character of the request.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 59	Article 59	Article 59	
Powers	Powers	Powers	
1. The European Data Protection Supervisor shall have the following investigative powers:	1. The European Data Protection Supervisor shall have the following investigative powers:	1. The European Data Protection Supervisor shall have the following investigative powers:	
(a) to order the controller and the processor to provide any information it requires for the performance of its tasks;	(a) to order the controller and the processor to provide any information it requires for the performance of its tasks;	(a) to order the controller and the processor to provide any information it requires for the performance of its tasks;	
(b) to carry out investigations in the form of data protection audits;	(b) to carry out investigations in the form of data protection audits;	(b) to carry out investigations in the form of data protection audits;	
(c) to notify the controller or the processor of an alleged infringement of this Regulation;	(c) to notify the controller or the processor of an alleged infringement of this Regulation;	(c) to notify the controller or the processor of an alleged infringement of this Regulation;	
(d) to obtain, from the controller and the processor, access to all personal data and to all information necessary for the performance of its tasks;	(d) to obtain, from the controller and the processor, access to all personal data and to all information necessary for the performance of its tasks;	(d) to obtain, from the controller and the processor, access to all personal data and to all information necessary for the performance of its tasks;	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(e) to obtain access to any premises of the controller and the processor, including to any data processing equipment and means, in accordance with Union or Member State procedural law;	AM 79 (e) to obtain access to any premises of the controller and the processor, including to any data processing equipment and means, in accordance with Union or Member State procedural-law;	(e) to obtain access to any premises of the controller and the processor, including to any data processing equipment and means, in accordance with Union or Member <u>State procedural</u> law;	Tentative agreement: (e) to obtain access to any premises of the controller and the processor, including to any data processing equipment and means, in accordance with Union or <u>Member State procedural law;</u>
2. The European Data Protection	2. The European Data Protection	2. The European Data Protection	
Supervisor shall have the following	Supervisor shall have the following	Supervisor shall have the following	
corrective powers:	corrective powers:	corrective powers:	
(a) to issue warnings to a	(a) to issue warnings to a	(a) to issue warnings to a	
controller or processor that the	controller or processor that the	controller or processor that the	
intended processing operations are	intended processing operations are	intended processing operations are	
likely to infringe provisions of this	likely to infringe provisions of this	likely to infringe provisions of this	
Regulation;	Regulation;	Regulation;	
(b) to issue reprimands to a	(b) to issue reprimands to a	(b) to issue reprimands to a	
controller or a processor where	controller or a processor where	controller or a processor where	
processing operations have	processing operations have	processing operations have	
infringed provisions of this	infringed provisions of this	infringed provisions of this	
Regulation;	Regulation;	Regulation;	
(c) refer the matter to the	(c) refer the matter to the	(c) refer the matter to the	
controller or processor concerned	controller or processor concerned	controller or processor concerned	
and, if necessary, to the European	and, if necessary, to the European	and, if necessary, to the European	
Parliament, the Council and the	Parliament, the Council and the	Parliament, the Council and the	
Commission;	Commission;	Commission;	

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(d) to order the controller or the	(d) to order the controller or the	(d) to order the controller or the	
processor to comply with the data	processor to comply with the data	processor to comply with the data	
subject's requests to exercise his or	subject's requests to exercise his or	subject's requests to exercise his or	
her rights pursuant to this	her rights pursuant to this	her rights pursuant to this	
Regulation;	Regulation;	Regulation;	
(e) to order the controller or	(e) to order the controller or	(e) to order the controller or	
processor to bring processing	processor to bring processing	processor to bring processing	
operations into compliance with the	operations into compliance with the	operations into compliance with the	
provisions of this Regulation, where	provisions of this Regulation, where	provisions of this Regulation, where	
appropriate, in a specified manner	appropriate, in a specified manner	appropriate, in a specified manner	
and within a specified period;	and within a specified period;	and within a specified period;	
(f) to order the controller to	(f) to order the controller to	(f) to order the controller to	
communicate a personal data breach	communicate a personal data breach	communicate a personal data breach	
to the data subject;	to the data subject;	to the data subject;	
(g) to impose a temporary or definitive limitation including a ban on processing;	(g) to impose a temporary or definitive limitation including a ban on processing;	(g) to impose a temporary or definitive limitation including a ban on processing;	
(h) to order the rectification or	(h) to order the rectification or	(h) to order the rectification or	
erasure of personal data or	erasure of personal data or	erasure of personal data or	
restriction of processing pursuant to	restriction of processing pursuant to	restriction of processing pursuant to	
Articles 18, 19 and 20 and the	Articles 18, 19 and 20 and the	Articles 18, 19 and 20 and the	
notification of such actions to	notification of such actions to	notification of such actions to	
recipients to whom the personal	recipients to whom the personal	recipients to whom the personal	
data have been disclosed pursuant to	data have been disclosed pursuant to	data have been disclosed pursuant to	
Article 19(2) and Article 21;	Article 19(2) and Article 21;	Article 19(2) and Article 21;	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(i) to impose an administrative fine pursuant to Article 66, subject to non-compliance by the Union institution or body with one of the measures referred to in this paragraph and depending on the circumstances of each individual case;	(i) to impose an administrative fine pursuant to Article 66, subject to non-compliance by the Union institution or body with one of the measures referred to in this paragraph and depending on the circumstances of each individual case;	 (i) to impose an administrative fine pursuant to Article 66, in the case of subject to non-compliance by the Union institution or body with one of the measures referred to points (d) to (h) and (j) of in this paragraph and depending on the circumstances of each individual case; 	Tentative agreement CNS text: (i) to impose an administrative fine pursuant to Article 66, in the case of subject to non-compliance by the Union institution or body with one of the measures referred to points (d) to (h) and (j) of in this paragraph and depending on the circumstances of each individual case;
(j) to order the suspension of data	(j) to order the suspension of data	(j) to order the suspension of data	
flows to a recipient in a Member	flows to a recipient in a Member	flows to a recipient in a Member	
State, a third country or to an	State, a third country or to an	State, a third country or to an	
international organisation.	international organisation.	international organisation.	
3. The European Data Protection	3. The European Data Protection	3. The European Data Protection	
Supervisor shall have the following	Supervisor shall have the following	Supervisor shall have the following	
authorisation and advisory powers:	authorisation and advisory powers:	authorisation and advisory powers:	
(a) to advise data subjects in the exercise of their rights;	(a) to advise data subjects in the exercise of their rights;	(a) to advise data subjects in the exercise of their rights;	
(b) to advise the controller in	(b) to advise the controller in	(b) to advise the controller in	
accordance with the prior	accordance with the prior	accordance with the prior	
consultation procedure referred to in	consultation procedure referred to in	consultation procedure referred to in	
Article 40;	Article 40;	Article 40;	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	AM 80 (ba) to authorise or not the processing operations as referred to in Article 40(4);		Tentative agreement to delete AM 80 as it is similar to 59 (3) (g) of Council, see below
(c) to issue, on its own initiative	(c) to issue, on its own initiative	(c) to issue, on its own initiative	
or on request, opinions to the Union	or on request, opinions to the Union	or on request, opinions to the Union	
institutions and bodies and to the	institutions and bodies and to the	institutions and bodies and to the	
public on any issue related to the	public on any issue related to the	public on any issue related to the	
protection of personal data;	protection of personal data;	protection of personal data;	
(d) to adopt standard data	(d) to adopt standard data	(d) to adopt standard data	
protection clauses referred to in	protection clauses referred to in	protection clauses referred to in	
Article 29(8) and in point (c) of	Article 29(8) and in point (c) of	Article 29(8) and in point (c) of	
Article 49(2);	Article 49(2);	Article 49(2);	
(e) to authorise contractual	(e) to authorise contractual	(e) to authorise contractual	
clauses referred to in point (a) of	clauses referred to in point (a) of	clauses referred to in point (a) of	
Article 49(3);	Article 49(3);	Article 49(3);	
(f) to authorise administrative	(f) to authorise administrative	(f) to authorise administrative	
arrangements referred to in point (b)	arrangements referred to in point (b)	arrangements referred to in point (b)	
of Article 49(3);	of Article 49(3);	of Article 49(3);	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
		(g) to authorise processing operations pursuant to implementing acts based on Article 40(4).	Tentative agreement CNS text: (g) to authorise processing operations or not pursuant to implementing acts based on Article 40(4);
4. The exercise of the powers	4. The exercise of the powers	4. The exercise of the powers	
conferred on the European Data	conferred on the European Data	conferred on the European Data	
Protection Supervisor pursuant to	Protection Supervisor pursuant to	Protection Supervisor pursuant to	
this Article shall be subject to	this Article shall be subject to	this Article shall be subject to	
appropriate safeguards, including	appropriate safeguards, including	appropriate safeguards, including	
effective judicial remedy and due	effective judicial remedy and due	effective judicial remedy and due	
process, set out in Union law.	process, set out in Union law.	process, set out in Union law.	
5. The European Data Protection	5. The European Data Protection	5. The European Data Protection	
Supervisor shall have the power to	Supervisor shall have the power to	Supervisor shall have the power to	
refer the matter to the Court of	refer the matter to the Court of	refer the matter to the Court of	
Justice of the European Union under	Justice of the European Union under	Justice of the European Union under	
the conditions provided for in the	the conditions provided for in the	the conditions provided for in the	
Treaty and to intervene in actions	Treaty and to intervene in actions	Treaty and to intervene in actions	
brought before the Court of Justice	brought before the Court of Justice	brought before the Court of Justice	
of the European Union.	of the European Union.	of the European Union.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 60	Article 60	Article 60	
Activities report	Activities report	Activities report	
1. The European Data Protection Supervisor shall submit an annual report on its activities to the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission and at the same time make it public.	1. The European Data Protection Supervisor shall submit an annual report on its activities to the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission and at the same time make it public.	1. The European Data Protection Supervisor shall submit an annual report on its activities to the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission and at the same time make it public.	
2. The European Data Protection Supervisor shall forward the activities report to the other Union institutions and bodies, which may submit comments with a view to possible examination of the report in the European Parliament.	2. The European Data Protection Supervisor shall forward the activities report to the other Union institutions and bodies, which may submit comments with a view to possible examination of the report in the European Parliament.	2. The European Data Protection Supervisor shall forward the activities report to the other Union institutions and bodies, which may submit comments with a view to possible examination of the report in the European Parliament.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
CHAPTER VII COOPERATION AND CONSISTENCY	CHAPTER VII COOPERATION AND CONSISTENCY	CHAPTER VII COOPERATION AND CONSISTENCY	
Article 61	Article 61	Article 61	
Cooperation with national supervisory authorities	AM 81 Cooperation with between the European Data Protection Supervisor and national supervisory authorities	Cooperation with national supervisory authorities	Tentative agreement EP text Cooperation between the European Data Protection Supervisor and national supervisory authorities
The European Data Protection Supervisor shall cooperate with supervisory authorities established under Article 41 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and Article 51 of Directive (EU) 2016/680 (hereinafter "national supervisory authorities") and with the joint supervisory authority established under Article 25 of Council Decision 2009/917/JHA ¹² to the extent necessary for the performance of their respective	AM 82 The European Data Protection Supervisor shall cooperate with supervisory authorities established under Article 41 <i>51</i> of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and Article 51 <i>41</i> of Directive (EU) 2016/680 (hereinafter "national supervisory authorities") and with the joint supervisory authority established under Article 25 of Council Decision 2009/917/JHA ¹³ to the	The European Data Protection Supervisor shall cooperate with supervisory authorities established under Article 41 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and Article 51 of Directive (EU) 2016/680 (hereinafter "national supervisory authorities") and with the joint supervisory authority established under Article 25 of Council Decision 2009/917/JHA ¹² to the extent necessary for the performance of their respective	

¹² Council Decision 2009/917/JHA of 30 November 2009 on the use of information technology for customs purposes, OJ L 323, 10.12.2009, p. 20–30.



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
duties, in particular by providing each other with relevant information, requesting national supervisory authorities to exercise their powers or responding to a request from such authorities.	extent necessary for the performance of their respective duties, in particular by providing each other with relevant information, requesting national supervisory authorities each other to exercise their powers or responding to a request from such authorities each other's requests.	duties, in particular by providing each other with relevant information, requesting national supervisory authorities to exercise their powers or responding to a request from such authorities.	
	¹³ Council Decision 2009/917/JHA of 30 November 2009 on the use of information technology for customs purposes, OJ L 323, 10.12.2009, p. 20–30.		

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	AM 83 1a. The European Data Protection Supervisor and the European Data Protection Board may use the Internal Market Information System established by Regulation (EU) No 1024/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 October 2012 on administrative cooperation through the Internal Market Information System and repealing Commission Decision 2008/49/EC ('the IMI Regulation') for the purposes of administrative cooperation and information exchange pursuant to Articles 60 to 62, 64, 65 and 70 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.		Tentative agreement to delete

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 62	Article 62	Article 62	
Coordinated supervision by the European Data Protection Supervisor and national supervisory authorities	Coordinated supervision by the European Data Protection Supervisor and national supervisory authorities	Coordinated supervision by the European Data Protection Supervisor and national supervisory authorities	
1. Where a Union act refers to this Article, the European Data Protection Supervisor shall cooperate actively with the national supervisory authorities, in order to ensure effective supervision of large IT systems or Union agencies.	AM 84 1. Where a Union act refers to this Article, envisages that the European Data Protection Supervisor shall cooperate actively with the supervises the processing of personal data at Union level and national supervisory authorities supervise the processing of personal data at national level, the European Data Protection Supervisor and the national supervisory authorities, each acting within the scope of their respective competencies, shall cooperate actively in the framework of their responsibilities in order to ensure effective coordinated supervision of ₇ large IT systems or Union bodies, offices or agencies.	1. Where a Union act refers to this Article, the European Data Protection Supervisor shall cooperate actively with the national supervisory authorities, in order to ensure effective supervision of large IT systems or Union bodies , offices and agencies.	Open issues



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
2. The European Data Protection Supervisor shall, acting within the scope of its respective competences and in the framework of its responsibilities, exchange relevant information, assist in carrying out audits and inspections, examine difficulties of interpretation or application of this Regulation and other applicable Union acts, study problems with the exercise of independent supervision or in the exercise of the rights of data subjects, draw up harmonised proposals for solutions to any problems and promote awareness of data protection rights, as necessary, jointly with the national supervisory authorities.	AM 85 2. The European Data Protection Supervisor They shall, each acting within the scope of its their respective competences and in the framework of its their responsibilities, exchange relevant information, assist each other in carrying out audits and inspections, examine difficulties of interpretation or application of this Regulation and other applicable Union acts, study problems with the exercise of independent supervision or in the exercise of the rights of data subjects, draw up harmonised proposals for solutions to any problems and promote awareness of data protection rights, as necessary , jointly with the national supervisory authorities .	2. The European Data Protection Supervisor shall, acting within the scope of its respective competences and in the framework of its responsibilities, exchange relevant information, assist in carrying out audits and inspections, examine difficulties of interpretation or application of this Regulation and other applicable Union acts, study problems with the exercise of independent supervision or in the exercise of the rights of data subjects, draw up harmonised proposals for solutions to any problems and promote awareness of data protection rights, as necessary, jointly with the national supervisory authorities.	Tentative agreement EP text: 2. They shall, each acting within the scope of their respective competences and in the framework of -their responsibilities, exchange relevant information, assist each other in carrying out audits and inspections, examine difficulties of interpretation or application of this Regulation and other applicable Union acts, study problems with the exercise of independent supervision or in the exercise of the rights of data subjects, draw up harmonised proposals for solutions to any problems and promote awareness of data protection rights, as necessary.

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
3. For the purposes laid down in paragraph 2, the European Data Protection Supervisor shall meet <i>with</i> the national supervisory authorities at least twice a year within the framework of the European Data Protection Board. The costs and servicing of those meetings shall be borne by the European Data Protection Board. Rules of procedure shall be adopted at the first meeting. Further working methods shall be developed jointly as necessary.	AM 86 3. For the purposes laid down in paragraph 2, the European Data Protection Supervisor shall meet with and the national supervisory authorities shall meet at least twice a year within the framework of the European Data Protection Board. The costs and servicing of those meetings shall be borne by the European Data Protection Board. Rules of procedure shall be adopted at the first meeting. For these purposes, the European Data Protection Board may develop further working methods shall be developed jointly as necessary.	3. For the purposes laid down in paragraph 2, the European Data Protection Supervisor shall meet with the national supervisory authorities at least twice a year within the framework of the European Data Protection Board. The costs and servicing of those meetings shall be borne by the European Data Protection Board . Rules of procedure shall be adopted at the first meeting. Further working methods shall be developed jointly as necessary.	 Tentative agreement CNS suggested compromise: 3. For the purposes laid down in paragraph 2, the European Data Protection Supervisor and the national supervisory authorities shall meet at least twice a year within the framework of the European Data Protection Board. For these purposes, the European Data Protection Board may develop further working methods as necessary.
4. A joint report of activities as regard coordinated supervision shall be sent by the European Data Protection Board to the European Parliament, the Council, and the Commission every two years.	4. A joint report of activities as regard coordinated supervision shall be sent by the European Data Protection Board to the European Parliament, the Council, and the Commission every two years.	4. A joint report of activities as regard coordinated supervision shall be sent by the European Data Protection Board to the European Parliament, the Council, and the Commission every two years.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
CHAPTER VIII	CHAPTER VIII	CHAPTER VIII	
REMEDIES,	REMEDIES,	REMEDIES,	
LIABILITY AND	LIABILITY AND	LIABILITY AND	
PENALTIES	PENALTIES	PENALTIES	
Article 63	Article 63	Article 63	
Right to lodge a complaint with the	Right to lodge a complaint with the	Right to lodge a complaint with the	
European Data Protection	European Data Protection	European Data Protection	
Supervisor	Supervisor	Supervisor	
1. Without prejudice to any	1. Without prejudice to any	1. Without prejudice to any	
judicial, administrative or non-	judicial, administrative or non-	judicial, administrative or non-	
judicial remedy, every data subject	judicial remedy, every data subject	judicial remedy, every data subject	
shall have the right to lodge a	shall have the right to lodge a	shall have the right to lodge a	
complaint with the European Data	complaint with the European Data	complaint with the European Data	
Protection Supervisor if the data	Protection Supervisor if the data	Protection Supervisor if the data	
subject considers that the processing	subject considers that the processing	subject considers that the processing	
of personal data relating to him or	of personal data relating to him or	of personal data relating to him or	
her infringes this Regulation.	her infringes this Regulation.	her infringes this Regulation.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
2. The European Data Protection Supervisor shall inform the data subject of the progress and the outcome of the complaint, including of the possibility of a judicial remedy pursuant to Article 64.	2. The European Data Protection Supervisor shall inform the data subject of the progress and the outcome of the complaint, including of the possibility of a judicial remedy pursuant to Article 64.	2. The European Data Protection Supervisor shall inform the data subject of the progress and the outcome of the complaint, including of the possibility of a judicial remedy pursuant to Article 64.	
3. If the European Data Protection Supervisor does not handle a complaint or does not inform the data subject within three months on the progress or outcome of the complaint, the complaint shall be deemed to have been rejected.	3. If the European Data Protection Supervisor does not handle a complaint or does not inform the data subject within three months on the progress or outcome of the complaint, the complaint shall be deemed to have been rejected.	3. If the European Data Protection Supervisor does not handle a complaint or does not inform the data subject within three months on the progress or outcome of the complaint, the European Data Protection Supervisor complaint shall be deemed to have adopted a negative decision been rejected .	Tentative agreement CNS text: 3. If the European Data Protection Supervisor does not handle a complaint or does not inform the data subject within three months on the progress or outcome of the complaint, the European Data Protection Supervisor shall be deemed to have adopted a negative decision.

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 64	Article 64	Article 64	
Right to an effective judicial remedy	Right to an effective judicial remedy	Right to an effective judicial remedy	
		1. Actions against decisions of the European Data Protection Supervisor, including decisions referred to in Article 63(3), shall be brought before the Court of Justice of the European Union.	Reordering and Tentative agreement CNS text : 1. The Court of Justice of the European Union shall have jurisdiction to hear all disputes relative to the provisions of this Regulation, including claims for damages.
The Court of Justice of the European Union shall have jurisdiction to hear all disputes relative to the provisions of this Regulation, including claims for damages.	The Court of Justice of the European Union shall have jurisdiction to hear all disputes relative to the provisions of this Regulation, including claims for damages.	2. The Court of Justice of the European Union shall have jurisdiction to hear all disputes relative to the provisions of this Regulation, including claims for damages.	 Reordering and Tentative agreement CNS text: 2. Actions against decisions of the European Data Protection Supervisor, including decisions referred to in Article 63(3), shall be brought before the Court of Justice of the European Union.



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
		3. The Court of Justice of the European Union shall have unlimited jurisdiction to review administrative fines referred to in Article 66. It may cancel, reduce or increase those fines within the limits of Article 66.	 Reordering and Tentative agreement CNS text: 3. The Court of Justice of the European Union shall have unlimited jurisdiction to review administrative fines referred to in Article 66. It may cancel, reduce or increase those fines within the limits of Article 66.



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 65	Article 65	Article 65	
Right to compensation	Right to compensation	Right to compensation	
Any person who has suffered material or non-material damage as a result of an infringement of this Regulation shall have the right to receive compensation from the controller or processor for the damage suffered, subject to the conditions provided for in the Treaties.	Any person who has suffered material or non-material damage as a result of an infringement of this Regulation shall have the right to receive compensation from the controller or processor for the damage suffered, subject to the conditions provided for in the Treaties.	Any person who has suffered material or non-material damage as a result of an infringement of this Regulation shall have the right to receive compensation from the Union institution or body controller or processor for the damage suffered, subject to the conditions provided for in the Treaties.	Tentative agreement CNS text: Any person who has suffered material or non-material damage as a result of an infringement of this Regulation shall have the right to receive compensation from the Union institution or body controller or processor for the damage suffered, subject to the conditions provided for in the Treaties.

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 66	Article 66	Article 66	
Administrative fines	Administrative fines	Administrative fines	
1. The European Data Protection Supervisor may impose administrative fines on Union institutions and bodies, depending on the circumstances of each individual case, where a Union institution or body fails to comply with an order by the European Data Protection Supervisor pursuant to points (d) to (h) and (j) of Article 59(2). When deciding whether to impose an administrative fine and deciding on the amount of the administrative fine in each individual case due regard shall be given to the following:	1. The European Data Protection Supervisor may impose administrative fines on Union institutions and bodies, depending on the circumstances of each individual case, where a Union institution or body fails to comply with an order by the European Data Protection Supervisor pursuant to points (d) to (h) and (j) of Article 59(2). When deciding whether to impose an administrative fine and deciding on the amount of the administrative fine in each individual case due regard shall be given to the following:	1. The European Data Protection Supervisor may impose administrative fines on Union institutions and bodies, depending on the circumstances of each individual case, where a Union institution or body fails to comply with an order by the European Data Protection Supervisor pursuant to points (d) to (h) and (j) of Article 59(2). When deciding whether to impose an administrative fine and deciding on the amount of the administrative fine in each individual case due regard shall be given to the following:	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(a) the nature, gravity and	(a) the nature, gravity and	(a) the nature, gravity and	
duration of the infringement taking	duration of the infringement taking	duration of the infringement taking	
into account the nature scope or	into account the nature scope or	into account the nature scope or	
purpose of the processing concerned	purpose of the processing concerned	purpose of the processing concerned	
as well as the number of data	as well as the number of data	as well as the number of data	
subjects affected and the level of	subjects affected and the level of	subjects affected and the level of	
damage suffered by them;	damage suffered by them;	damage suffered by them;	
(b) any action taken by the Union	(b) any action taken by the Union	(b) any action taken by the Union	
institution or body to mitigate the	institution or body to mitigate the	institution or body to mitigate the	
damage suffered by data subjects;	damage suffered by data subjects;	damage suffered by data subjects;	
(c) the degree of responsibility of	(c) the degree of responsibility of	(c) the degree of responsibility of	
the Union institution or body taking	the Union institution or body taking	the Union institution or body taking	
into account technical and	into account technical and	into account technical and	
organisational measures	organisational measures	organisational measures	
implemented by them pursuant to	implemented by them pursuant to	implemented by them pursuant to	
Articles 27 and 33;	Articles 27 and 33;	Articles 27 and 33;	
(d) any similar previous	(d) any similar previous	(d) any similar previous	
infringements by the Union	infringements by the Union	infringements by the Union	
institution or body;	institution or body;	institution or body;	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
(e) the degree of cooperation with	(e) the degree of cooperation with	(e) the degree of cooperation with	
the European Data Protection	the European Data Protection	the European Data Protection	
Supervisor, in order to remedy the	Supervisor, in order to remedy the	Supervisor, in order to remedy the	
infringement and mitigate the	infringement and mitigate the	infringement and mitigate the	
possible adverse effects of the	possible adverse effects of the	possible adverse effects of the	
infringement;	infringement;	infringement;	
(f) the categories of personal data affected by the infringement;	(f) the categories of personal data affected by the infringement;	(f) the categories of personal data affected by the infringement;	
(g) the manner in which the	(g) the manner in which the	(g) the manner in which the	
infringement became known to the	infringement became known to the	infringement became known to the	
European Data Protection	European Data Protection	European Data Protection	
Supervisor, in particular whether,	Supervisor, in particular whether,	Supervisor, in particular whether,	
and if so to what extent, the Union	and if so to what extent, the Union	and if so to what extent, the Union	
institution or body notified the	institution or body notified the	institution or body notified the	
infringement;	infringement;	infringement;	
(h) where measures referred to in	(h) where measures referred to in	 (h) where measures referred to in	
Article 59 have previously been	Article 59 have previously been	Article 59 have previously been	
ordered against the Union	ordered against the Union	ordered against the Union	
institution or body concerned with	institution or body concerned with	institution or body concerned with	
regard to the same subject-matter,	regard to the same subject-matter,	regard to the same subject-matter,	
compliance with those measures.	compliance with those measures.	compliance with those measures.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
The proceedings leading to the imposition of those fines should be carried out in a reasonable timeframe according to the circumstances of the case and taking into account the relevant actions and proceedings referred to in Article 69.	The proceedings leading to the imposition of those fines should be carried out in a reasonable timeframe according to the circumstances of the case and taking into account the relevant actions and proceedings referred to in Article 69.	The proceedings leading to the imposition of those fines should be carried out in a reasonable timeframe according to the circumstances of the case and taking into account the relevant actions and proceedings referred to in Article 69.	
2. Infringements of the obligations of the Union institution or body pursuant to Articles 8, 12 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 37, 38, 39, 40, 44, 45 and 46 shall, in accordance with paragraph 1, be subject to administrative fines up to 25 000 EUR per infringement and up to a total of 250 000 EUR per year.	 Infringements of the obligations of the Union institution or body pursuant to Articles 8, 12 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 37, 38, 39, 40, 44, 45 and 46 shall, in accordance with paragraph 1, be subject to administrative fines up to 25 000 EUR per infringement and up to a total of 250 000 EUR per year. 	 Infringements of the obligations of the Union institution or body pursuant to Articles 8, 12, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 37, 38, 39, 40, 44, 45 and 46 shall, in accordance with paragraph 1, be subject to administrative fines up to 25 000 EUR per infringement and up to a total of 250 000 EUR per year. 	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
3. Infringements of the following provisions by the Union institution or body shall, in accordance with paragraph 1, be subject to administrative fines up to 50 000 EUR per infringement and up to a total of 500 000 EUR per year:	3. Infringements of the following provisions by the Union institution or body shall, in accordance with paragraph 1, be subject to administrative fines up to 50 000 EUR per infringement and up to a total of 500 000 EUR per year:	3. Infringements of the following provisions by the Union institution or body shall, in accordance with paragraph 1, be subject to administrative fines up to 50 000 EUR per infringement and up to a total of 500 000 EUR per year:	
(a) the basic principles for processing, including conditions for consent, pursuant to Articles 4, 5, 7 and 10;	(a) the basic principles for processing, including conditions for consent, pursuant to Articles 4, 5, 7 and 10;	(a) the basic principles for processing, including conditions for consent, pursuant to Articles 4, 5, 7 and 10;	
(b) the data subjects' rights pursuant to Articles 14 to 24;	(b) the data subjects' rights pursuant to Articles 14 to 24;	(b) the data subjects' rights pursuant to Articles 14 to 24;	
(c) the transfers of personal data to a recipient in a third country or an international organisation pursuant to Articles 47 to 51.	(c) the transfers of personal data to a recipient in a third country or an international organisation pursuant to Articles 47 to 51.	(c) the transfers of personal data to a recipient in a third country or an international organisation pursuant to Articles 47 to 51.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
4. If a Union institution or body,	4. If a Union institution or body,	4. If a Union institution or body,	
for the same or linked or continuous	for the same or linked or continuous	for the same or linked or continuous	
processing operations, infringes	processing operations, infringes	processing operations, infringes	
several provisions of this	several provisions of this	several provisions of this	
Regulation or the same provision of	Regulation or the same provision of	Regulation or the same provision of	
this Regulation several times, the	this Regulation several times, the	this Regulation several times, the	
total amount of the administrative	total amount of the administrative	total amount of the administrative	
fine shall not exceed the amount	fine shall not exceed the amount	fine shall not exceed the amount	
specified for the gravest	specified for the gravest	specified for the gravest	
infringement.	infringement.	infringement.	
5. Before taking decisions	5. Before taking decisions	5. Before taking decisions	
pursuant to this Article, the	pursuant to this Article, the	pursuant to this Article, the	
European Data Protection	European Data Protection	European Data Protection	
Supervisor shall give the Union	Supervisor shall give the Union	Supervisor shall give the Union	
institution or body which is the	institution or body which is the	institution or body which is the	
subject of the proceedings	subject of the proceedings	subject of the proceedings	
conducted by the Supervisor the	conducted by the Supervisor the	conducted by the Supervisor the	
opportunity of being heard on the	opportunity of being heard on the	opportunity of being heard on the	
matters to which the Supervisor has	matters to which the Supervisor has	matters to which the Supervisor has	
taken objection. The European Data	taken objection. The European Data	taken objection. The European Data	
Protection Supervisor shall base its	Protection Supervisor shall base its	Protection Supervisor shall base its	
decisions only on objections on	decisions only on objections on	decisions only on objections on	
which the parties concerned have	which the parties concerned have	which the parties concerned have	
been able to comment.	been able to comment.	been able to comment.	
Complainants shall be associated	Complainants shall be associated	Complainants shall be associated	
closely with the proceedings.	closely with the proceedings.	closely with the proceedings.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
6. The rights of defence of the parties concerned shall be fully respected in the proceedings. They shall be entitled to have access to the European Data Protection Supervisor's file, subject to the legitimate interest of individuals or undertakings in the protection of their personal data or business secrets.	6. The rights of defence of the parties concerned shall be fully respected in the proceedings. They shall be entitled to have access to the European Data Protection Supervisor's file, subject to the legitimate interest of individuals or undertakings in the protection of their personal data or business secrets.	6. The rights of defence of the parties concerned shall be fully respected in the proceedings. They shall be entitled to have access to the European Data Protection Supervisor's file, subject to the legitimate interest of individuals or undertakings in the protection of their personal data or business secrets.	
7. Funds collected by imposition of fines in this Article shall be the income of the general budget of the European Union.	7. Funds collected by imposition of fines in this Article shall be the income of the general budget of the European Union.	7. Funds collected by imposition of fines in this Article shall be the income of the general budget of the European Union.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 67	Article 67	Article 67	
Representation of data subjects	Representation of data subjects	Representation of data subjects	
The data subject shall have the right to mandate a not-for-profit body, organisation or association which has been properly constituted in accordance with Union law or the law of a Member State, has statutory objectives which are in the public interest, and is active in the field of the protection of data subjects' rights and freedoms with regard to the protection of their personal data to lodge the complaint with the European Data Protection Supervisor on his or her behalf, to exercise the rights referred to in Articles 63 on his or her behalf, and to exercise the right to receive compensation referred to in Article 65 on his or her behalf.	The data subject shall have the right to mandate a not-for-profit body, organisation or association which has been properly constituted in accordance with Union law or the law of a Member State, has statutory objectives which are in the public interest, and is active in the field of the protection of data subjects' rights and freedoms with regard to the protection of their personal data to lodge the complaint with the European Data Protection Supervisor on his or her behalf, to exercise the rights referred to in Articles 63 on his or her behalf, and to exercise the right to receive compensation referred to in Article 65 on his or her behalf.	The data subject shall have the right to mandate a not-for-profit body, organisation or association which has been properly constituted in accordance with Union law or the law of a Member State, has statutory objectives which are in the public interest, and is active in the field of the protection of data subjects' rights and freedoms with regard to the protection of their personal data to lodge the complaint with the European Data Protection Supervisor on his or her behalf, to exercise the rights referred to in Articles 63 and 64 on his or her behalf, and to exercise the right to receive compensation referred to in Article 65 on his or her behalf.	Tentative agreement CNS text: The data subject shall have the right to mandate a not-for-profit body, organisation or association which has been properly constituted in accordance with Union law or the law of a Member State, has statutory objectives which are in the public interest, and is active in the field of the protection of data subjects' rights and freedoms with regard to the protection of their personal data to lodge the complaint with the European Data Protection Supervisor on his or her behalf, to exercise the rights referred to in Articles 63 and 64 on his or her behalf, and to exercise the right to receive compensation referred to in Article 65 on his or her behalf.

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 68	Article 68	Article 68	
Complaints by Union staff	Complaints by Union staff	Complaints by Union staff	
Any person employed by a Union institution or body may lodge a complaint with the European Data Protection Supervisor regarding an alleged infringement of the provisions of this Regulation, without acting through official channels. No one shall suffer prejudice on account of a complaint lodged with the European Data Protection Supervisor alleging such an infringement.	Any person employed by a Union institution or body may lodge a complaint with the European Data Protection Supervisor regarding an alleged infringement of the provisions of this Regulation, without acting through official channels. No one shall suffer prejudice on account of a complaint lodged with the European Data Protection Supervisor alleging such an infringement.	Any person employed by a Union institution or body may lodge a complaint with the European Data Protection Supervisor regarding an alleged infringement of the provisions of this Regulation, without acting through official channels. No one shall suffer prejudice on account of a complaint lodged with the European Data Protection Supervisor alleging such an infringement.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 69	Article 69	Article 69	
Sanctions	Sanctions	Sanctions	
Any failure to comply with the obligations laid down in this Regulation, whether intentionally or through negligence on his or her part, shall make an official or other servant of the European Union liable to disciplinary or any other action, in accordance with the rules and procedures laid down in the Staff Regulations of Officials of the European Union or in the Conditions of Employment of Other Servants of the European Union.	Any failure to comply with the obligations laid down in this Regulation, whether intentionally or through negligence on his or her part, shall make an official or other servant of the European Union liable to disciplinary or any other action, in accordance with the rules and procedures laid down in the Staff Regulations of Officials of the European Union or in the Conditions of Employment of Other Servants of the European Union.	Any failure to comply with the obligations laid down in this Regulation, whether intentionally or through negligence on his or her part, shall make an official or other servant of the European Union liable to disciplinary or any other action, in accordance with the rules and procedures laid down in the Staff Regulations of Officials of the European Union or in the Conditions of Employment of Other Servants of the European Union.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	AM 87		Open issue on full Chapter
	CHAPTER VIIIa		
	PROCESSING OF OPERATIONAL PERSONAL DATA		
	AM 88		
	Article 69a		
	Scope		
	By way of derogation from Articles 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 41, 43, 49, 50 and 51, the provisions of this Chapter shall apply to processing of operational data by Union agencies established on the basis of Chapters 4 and 5 of Title V of Part Three TFEU and by missions referred to in Article 42(1) and Articles 43 and 44 TEU.		

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	Provisions relating to specific processing of operational personal data contained in the founding acts of these agencies may particularise and complement the application of this Regulation.		
	AM 89 Article 69b		
	Principles relating to processing of operational personal data		
	1. Operational personal data shall be:		
	(a) processed lawfully and fairly ('lawfulness and fairness');		
	(b) collected for specified, explicit and legitimate purposes and not further processed in a manner incompatible with those purposes; further processing for archiving purposes in the public interest, scientific or historical research purposes or statistical purposes shall not be		

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	(c) adequate, relevant, and limited		
	to what is necessary in relation to		
	the purposes for which they are processed ('data minimisation');		
	(d) accurate and, where necessary,		
	<i>(a) accurate and, where necessary,</i> <i>kept up to date, with every</i>		
	reasonable step being taken to		
	ensure that operational personal		
	data that are inaccurate, having		
	regard to the purposes for which		
	they are processed, are erased or		
	rectified without delay		
	('accuracy');		
	(e) kept in a form which permits		
	identification of data subjects for		
	no longer than is necessary for the		
	purposes for which the operational personal data are processed;		
	(f) processed in a manner that		
	ensures appropriate security of the		
	operational personal data,		
	including protection against		
	unauthorised or unlawful		
	processing and against accidental		
	loss, destruction or damage, using		
	appropriate technical or		
	organisational measures ('integrity		
	and confidentiality').		



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	2. Union agencies or missions shall make publicly available a document setting out in an intelligible form the provisions regarding the processing of operational personal data and the means available for the exercise of the rights of data subjects		
	<i>the rights of data subjects.</i> AM 90 <i>Article 69c</i>		
	Lawfulness of processing		
	Processing shall be lawful only if and to the extent that processing is necessary for the performance of a task carried out by Union agencies and missions and that it is based on Union law. Union law specifying and complementing this Regulation as regards the processing within the scope of this Chapter shall specify the objectives of processing, the operational personal data to be processed and the purposes of the processing.		



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	AM 91 Article 69d		
	Distinction between different categories of data subjects		
	Union agencies or missions shall make a clear distinction between operational personal data of different categories of data subjects, such as:		
	(a) persons who are suspected of having committed or having taken part in a criminal offence in respect of which the Union agencies or missions are competent, or who have been		
	convicted of such an offence;(b) persons regarding whom thereare factual indications orreasonable grounds to believe thatthey will commit criminal offencesin respect of which Union agenciesor missions are competent;		
	(c) persons who have been the victims of one of the offences under consideration		

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	(d) persons who might be called on to testify in investigations in connection with criminal offences or subsequent criminal proceedings;		
	(e) persons who can provide information on criminal offences; and		
	(f) contacts or associates of one of the persons referred to in points (a) and (b).		
	AM 92 <i>Article 69e</i>		
	Distinction between operational personal data and verification of quality of operational personal data		
	Union agencies and missions shall distinguish operational personal data based on facts from operational personal data based on personal assessments. Union agencies and missions shall		
	process operational personal data in such a way that, where applicable, it can be established which authority provided the data or where the data has been		
	or where the data has been retrieved from. Union agencies and missions shall ensure that		



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	operational personal data which		
	are inaccurate, incomplete or no		
	longer up to date are not		
	transmitted or made available. To		
	that end, Union agencies and		
	missions shall verify the quality of		
	operational personal data before		
	they are transmitted or made		
	available. As far as possible, in all		
	transmissions of operational		
	personal data, Union agencies and		
	missions shall add necessary		
	information enabling the recipient		
	to assess the degree of accuracy,		
	completeness and reliability of		
	operational personal data, and the		
	extent to which they are up to date		
	shall be added. If it emerges that incorrect operational personal data		
	have been transmitted or		
	operational personal data have		
	been unlawfully transmitted, the		
	recipient shall be notified without		
	delay. In such a case, the		
	operational personal data shall be		
	rectified or erased or processing		
	shall be restricted.		

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COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	AM 93 Article 69f		
	Specific processing conditions		
	When Union agencies and missions provide for specific conditions for processing, they shall inform the recipient of such operational personal data of those conditions and the requirement to comply with them. Union agencies and missions shall comply with specific processing conditions for processing provided by a national authority in accordance with Article 9 (3) and (4) of Directive (EU) 2016/680.		



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	AM 94		
	Article 69g		
	Transmission of operational		
	personal data to other Union		
	institutions and bodies		
	Union agencies and missions shall		
	only transmit operational personal data to other Union institutions		
	and bodies if the data are		
	necessary for the performance of their tasks or those of the recipient		
	Union agencies and missions.		
	Where operational personal data		
	are transmitted following a request		
	from the other Union institution or		
	body, both the controller and the		
	recipient shall bear the		
	responsibility for the legitimacy of		
	this transfer. Union agencies and		
	missions shall be required to verify		
	the competence of the other Union		
	institution or body and to make a		
	provisional evaluation of the		
	necessity for the transmission. If		
	doubts arise as to this necessity,		
	Union agencies and missions shall		
	seek further information from the		
	recipient. Other Union institutions		
	and bodies shall ensure that the		
	necessity for the transmission can		



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	be subsequently verified. Other Union institutions and bodies shall process the personal data only for		
	the purposes for which they were transmitted.		
	AM 95 Article 69h		
	Processing of special categories of operational personal data		
	Processing of operational personal data revealing racial or ethnic origin, political opinions, religious		
	or philosophical beliefs, or trade- union membership, and the		
	processing of genetic data, biometric data for the purpose of uniquely identifying a natural		
	person, operational personal data concerning health or operational		
	personal data concerning a natural person's sex life or sexual		
	orientation shall be prohibited, unless it is strictly necessary and proportionate for preventing or		
	combating crime that falls within the Union agencies' or missions'		



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	objectives and if those data supplement other personal data processed by the Union agencies and missions. The selection of a particular group of persons solely on the basis of such personal data shall be prohibited. The data protection officer shall be informed immediately of recourse to this Article. Operational personal data as referred to in subparagraph above shall not be transmitted to Member States, Union bodies, third countries or international organisations unless such transmission is strictly necessary and proportionate in individual cases concerning crime that falls within the Union agencies' and missions' objectives and in accordance with Chapter V.		



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	AM 96 Article 69i		
	Automated individual decision- making, including profiling		
	The data subject shall have the right not to be subject to a decision of Union agencies and missions based solely on automated processing, including profiling, which produces adverse legal		
	effects concerning him or her or similarly significantly affects him or her.		
	AM 97 Article 69j		
	Information to be made available or given to the data subject		
	1. Union agencies and missions shall make available to the data subject at least the following information:		
	(a) the identity and the contact details of the Union agency or mission;		
	(b) the contact details of the data protection officer;		

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	(c) the purposes of the processing for which the operational personal		
	data are intended;		
	(d) the right to lodge a complaint		
	with the European Data Protection		
	Supervisor and its contact details;		
	(e) the existence of the right to		
	request from Union agencies and		
	missions access to and rectification		
	or erasure of operational personal		
	data and restriction of processing		
	of the operational personal data		
	concerning the data subject.		
	2. In addition to the information		
	referred to in paragraph 1, Union agencies and missions shall give to		
	the data subject, in specific cases,		
	the following further information		
	to enable the exercise of his or her		
	rights:		
	(a) the legal basis for the		
	processing;		
	(b) the period for which the		
	operational personal data will be		
	stored, or, where that is not		
	possible, the criteria used to		
	determine that period;		



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	(c) the categories of recipients of		
	the operational personal data,		
	including in third countries or		
	international organisations;		
	(d) where necessary, further		
	information, in particular where		
	the operational personal data are		
	collected without the knowledge of the data subject.		
	3. Union agencies and missions		
	may delay, restrict or omit the		
	provision of the information to the		
	data subject pursuant to paragraph		
	2 to the extent that, and for as long		
	as, such a measure is provided for		
	by a legal act adopted on the basis		
	of the Treaties and constitutes a		
	necessary and proportionate		
	measure in a democratic society		
	with due regard for the		
	fundamental rights and the		
	legitimate interests of the natural		
	person concerned, in order to:		
	(a) avoid obstructing official or		
	legal inquiries, investigations or		
	procedures;		

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	(b) avoid prejudicing the prevention, detection, investigation or prosecution of criminal offences or the execution of criminal penalties;		
	(c) protect public security of the Member States;		
	(d) protect national security of the Member States;		
	(e) protect the rights and freedoms of others.		
	AM 98 Article 69k Right of access by the data subject		
	Any data subject shall have the		
	right to obtain from Union agencies and missions confirmation as to whether or not		
	operational personal data concerning him or her are		
	processed, and be given access to the following information:		
	(a) the purposes of and legal basis of the processing operation;		
	(b) the categories of operational personal data concerned;		

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	(c) the recipients or categories of recipients to whom the operational		
	personal data have been disclosed, in particular recipients in third countries or international		
	organisations; (d) the envisaged period for which		
	the operational personal data will be stored;		
	(e) the existence of the right to request from Union agencies and missions rectification or erasure of		
	operational personal data or restriction of processing of operational personal data concerning the data subject;		
	(f) the right to lodge a complaint with the European Data Protection Supervisor and his or her contact details;		
	(g) communication of the operational personal data		
	<i>undergoing processing and of any available information as to their sources.</i>		

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	AM 99 Article 691		
	Limitations to the right of access		
	1. Union agencies and missions may restrict, wholly or partly, the data subject's right of access to the extent that, and for as long as, 		
	(a) avoid obstructing official or legal inquiries, investigations or procedures;		
	(b) avoid prejudicing the prevention, detection, investigation or prosecution of criminal offences or the execution of criminal penalties;		
	(c) protect public security of the <i>Member States</i> ;		

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	(d) protect national security of the Member States;		
	(f) protect the rights and freedoms of others.		EP to check replacement (f) by (e)
	2. In the cases referred to in paragraph 1, Union agencies and missions shall inform the data subject, without undue delay, in writing of any refusal or restriction of access and of the reasons for the refusal or the restriction. Such information may be omitted where its provision would undermine a purpose under paragraph 1. Union agencies and missions shall inform the data subject of the possibility of lodging a complaint with the European Data Protection Supervisor or of seeking a judicial remedy in the Court of Justice of the European Union. Union agencies and missions shall document the factual or legal reasons on which the decision is based. That information shall be made available to the European Data Protection Supervisor on request.		

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COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	AM 100 Right to rectification or erasure of operational personal data and restriction of processing 1. Any data subject shall have the right to obtain from Union agencies and missions without undue delay the rectification of inaccurate operational personal data relating to him or her. Taking into account the purposes of the processing, the data subject shall have the right to have incomplete operational personal data completed, including by means of providing a supplementary statement. Union agencies and missions shall erase operational personal data concerning him or her without undue delay and the data subject shall have the right to obtain from Union agencies and missions the erasure of operational personal data concerning him or her without undue delay where processing infringes Articles 69b, 69c or 69h, or where operational personal data must be erased in order to comply with a legal obligation to which Union agencies and missions are		EP to check erratum missing end of paragraph 1 "Instead of erasure, Union agencies and missions shall restrict processing where:"
	subject.		



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	(a) the accuracy of the personal		
	data is contested by the data		
	subject and their accuracy or inaccuracy cannot be ascertained;		
	or		
	(b) the personal data must be		
	maintained for the purposes of		
	evidence.		
	2. Where processing is restricted		
	pursuant to point (a) of the first		
	subparagraph, Union agencies and		
	missions shall inform the data		
	subject before lifting the restriction		
	of processing. Restricted data shall		
	be processed only for the purpose		
	that prevented their erasure.		

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	3. Union agencies and missions shall inform the data subject in writing of any refusal of rectification or erasure of operational personal data or restrict processing and of the reasons for the refusal. Union agencies and missions may restrict, wholly or partly, the obligation to provide such information to the extent that such a restriction constitutes a necessary and proportionate measure in a democratic society with due regard for the fundamental rights and legitimate interests of the natural person concerned in order to:		EP to check correct drafting of "restriction of processing"
	(a) avoid obstructing official or legal inquiries, investigations or procedures;		
	 (b) avoid prejudicing the prevention, detection, investigation or prosecution of criminal offences or the execution of criminal penalties; (c) protect public security of the Member States; 		



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	(d) protect national security of the Member States;		
	(f) protect the rights and freedoms of others.		EP to check replacement (f) by (e)
	4. Union agencies and missions shall inform the data subject of the possibility of lodging a complaint with the European Data Protection Supervisor or seeking a judicial remedy from the Court of Justice of the European Union.		
	5. Union agencies and missions shall communicate the rectification of inaccurate personal data to the competent authority from which the inaccurate operational personal data originate.		
	6. Union agencies and missions shall, where operational personal data has been rectified or erased or processing has been restricted pursuant to paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, notify the recipients and inform them that they have to rectify or erase the operational personal data or restrict processing of the operational personal data under their responsibility.		

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ANNEX	DGD 2C	LIMITE	EN

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	AM 101 Article 69n		
	Exercise of rights by the data subject and verification by the European Data Protection Supervisor		
	In the cases referred to in Articles 69j(3), 69k and 69m(4), the rights of the data subject may also be exercised through the European		
	Data Protection Supervisor.Union agencies and missions shallinform the data subject of thepossibility of exercising his or herrights through the European DataProtection Supervisor pursuant to		
	paragraph 1.Where the right referred to in paragraph 1 is exercised, the European Data Protection Supervisor shall at least inform the data subject that all necessary verifications or a review by it have taken place. The European Data Protection Supervisor shall also		
	inform the data subject of his or her right to seek a judicial remedy in the Court of Justice of the European Union.		

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	AM 102 Article 690		
	Logging		
	Union agencies and missions shall keep logs for any of the following processing operations in automated processing systems: the collection, alteration, access, consultation, disclosure, including transfers, combination and erasure of		
	operational personal data.The logs of consultation and disclosure shall make it possible to establish the justification for, and the date and time of, such operations, the identification of the person who consulted or disclosed operational personal data, and, as far as possible, the identity of the recipients of such operational personal data. Such logs shall only be used for the control of data protection and for ensuring proper data processing as well as data integrity and security. It shall not be possible to modifying such logs. Such logs shall be deleted after three years, unless they are		



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	Union agencies or missions shall		
	make the logs available to the		
	European Data Protection		
	Supervisor and their respective		
	data protection officers on request.		
	AM 103		
	Article 69p		
	Transfer of operational personal		
	data to third countries and		
	international organisations		
	1 Subject to any possible		
	restrictions pursuant to Article 69l,		
	Union agencies or missions may		
	transfer operational personal data		
	to an authority of a third country		
	or to an international organisation		
	insofar as such transfer is		
	necessary for the performance of		
	the tasks of the Union agencies or		
	missions, on the basis of one of the		
	following:		



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	(a) a decision of the Commission		
	adopted in accordance with Article		
	36 of Directive (EU) 2016/680,		
	finding that the third country or a		
	territory or a processing sector		
	within that third country or the		
	international organisation in		
	question ensures an adequate level		
	of protection ('adequacy		
	decision');		
	(b) an international agreement		
	concluded between the Union and		
	that third country or international		
	organisation pursuant to Article		
	218 TFEU adducing adequate		
	safeguards with respect to the		
	protection of privacy and		
	fundamental rights and freedoms		
	of individuals;		

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	(c) a cooperation agreement allowing for the exchange of		
	operational personal data		
	concluded, before the date of		
	application of the respective funding legal act of the Union		
	agencies, between Union agencies		
	or missions and that third country		
	or international organisation in accordance with Article 23 of		
	Decision 2009/371/JHA. Union		
	agencies and missions may		
	conclude administrative arrangements to implement such		
	agreements or adequacy decisions.		
	2. Where applicable, the Executive		
	Director shall inform the		
	Management Board about exchanges of operational personal		
	data on the basis of adequacy		
	decisions pursuant to point (a) of		
	paragraph 1.		

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	3. Union agencies and missions		
	shall publish on their website and		
	keep up to date a list of adequacy decisions, agreements,		
	administrative arrangements and		
	other instruments relating to the		
	transfer of operational personal		
	data in accordance with paragraph		
	<i>4. By 14 June 2021, the</i>		
	Commission shall assess the		
	provisions contained in the		
	cooperation agreements referred to		
	in point (c) of paragraph 1, in		
	particular those concerning data		
	protection. The Commission shall		
	inform the European Parliament		
	and the Council about the outcome		
	of that assessment and may, if		
	appropriate, submit to the Council a recommendation for a decision		
	a recommendation for a decision authorising the opening of		
	negotiations for the conclusion of		
	an international agreement as		
	referred to in point (b) of		
	paragraph 1.		

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ANNEX	DGD 2C	LIMITE	EN

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	5. By way of derogation from		
	paragraph 1, where applicable, the		
	Executive Director may authorise		
	the transfer of operational		
	personal data to third countries or		
	international organisations on a		
	case-by-case basis if the transfer is:		
	(a) necessary in order to protect the		
	vital interests of the data subject or		
	of another person;		
	(b) necessary to safeguard the		
	legitimate interests of the data		
	subject where the law of the		
	Member State transferring the personal data so provides;		
	(c) essential for the prevention of		
	an immediate and serious threat to		
	the public security of a Member		
	State or a third country;		
	(d) necessary in individual cases		
	for the purposes of the prevention,		
	investigation, detection or		
	prosecution of criminal offences or		
	the execution of criminal		
	sanctions; or		

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	(e) necessary in individual cases for the establishment, exercise or defence of legal claims relating to the prevention, investigation, detection or prosecution of a specific criminal offence or the		
	execution of a specific criminal sanction.		
	Operational personal data shall not be transferred if the Executive Director determines that fundamental rights and freedoms of the data subject concerned override the public interest in the transfer referred to in points (d) and (e).		
	Derogations may not be applicable to systematic, massive or structural transfers.		



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	6. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, where applicable, the Management Board may, in agreement with the EDPS, authorise for a period not exceeding one year, which shall be renewable, a set of transfers in accordance with points (a) to (e) of paragraph 5, taking into account the existence of adequate safeguards with respect to the protection of privacy and fundamental rights and freedoms of individuals. Such authorisation shall be duly justified and documented.		
	 7. The Executive Director shall inform the Management Board and the European Data Protection Supervisor as soon as possible of the cases in which paragraph 5 has been applied. 8. Union agencies and missions shall keep detailed records of all transfers made pursuant to this Article. 		

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
CHAPTER IX	CHAPTER IX	CHAPTER IX	
IMPLEMENTING ACTS	IMPLEMENTING ACTS	IMPLEMENTING ACTS	
Article 70	Article 70	Article 70	
Committee procedure	Committee procedure	Committee procedure	
1. The Commission shall be assisted by the committee established by Article 93 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.	1. The Commission shall be assisted by the committee established by Article 93 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.	1. The Commission shall be assisted by the committee established by Article 93 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.	
2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	AM 104 CHAPTER IXa REVIEW		CHAPTER IXa REVIEW
	AM 105 Article 70a Review clause		
	1. No later than 1 June 2021, and every five years thereafter, the Commission shall present to the European Parliament a report on the application of this Regulation, accompanied, if necessary, by appropriate legislative proposals.		Text to consider: EP text + reference to Council as recipient: 1. No later than 1 June 2021, and every five years thereafter, the Commission shall present to the European Parliament <i>and the</i> <i>Council</i> a report on the application of this Regulation, accompanied, if necessary, by appropriate legislative proposals.
	2. The ex-post evaluation outlined in paragraph 1 shall pay particular attention to the appropriateness of the scope of this Regulation, its consistency with other legislative acts in the field of data protection and assess, in particular, the implementation of Chapter V of this Regulation.		



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	3. No later than 1 June 2021, and		
	every five years thereafter, the		
	Commission shall report to the		
	European Parliament on the		
	application of Chapter VIII of this		
	Regulation and the penalties and		
	sanctions applied.		
	AM 106 Article 70b		
	Review of Union legal acts		
	By 25 May 2021, the Commission		
	shall review other legal acts		
	adopted on the basis of the Treaties		
	which regulate the processing of		
	personal data, in particular by		
	agencies established under		
	Chapters 4 and 5 of Title V of Part		
	Three TFEU, in order to assess the		
	need to align them with this		
	Regulation and to make, where		
	appropriate, the necessary proposal		
	to amend those acts in order to		
	ensure a consistent approach to the		
	protection of personal data within		
	the scope of this Regulation.		

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	AM 107 Article 71 a		
	Amendments to Regulation (EC) No 1987/2006		
	Regulation (EC) No 1987/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council ^{1a} is amended as follows:		
	Article 46 is replaced by the following:		
	"National supervisory authorities and the European Data Protection Supervisor shall, each acting within their respective competences, cooperate with each other in accordance with Article 62		
	of [New Regulation 45/2001]". ^{1a} Regulation (EC) No 1987/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 December 2006 on the establishment, operation and use of the second generation Schengen Information System (SIS II) (OJ L 381, 28.12.2006, p. 4).		

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	AM 108 Article 71 b		
	Amendments to Council Decision 2007/533/JHA		
	Council Decision 007/533/JHA ^{1a} is amended as follows:		
	Article 62 of is replaced by the following:		
	"National supervisory authorities and the European Data Protection Supervisor shall, each acting within their respective competences, cooperate with each other in accordance with Article 62 of [New Regulation 45/2001]".		
	^{1a} Council Decision 2007/533/JHA1b of 12 June 2007 on the establishment, operation and use of the second generation Schengen Information System (SIS II) (OJ L 205, 7.8.2007, p. 63).		
	AM 109 Article 71c		
	Amendments to Regulation (EC) No 767/2008		
	Regulation (EC) No 767/2008 of the European Parliament and the Council ^{1a} is amended as follows:		



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	Article 43 is replaced by the following:		
	"National supervisory authorities and the European Data Protection Supervisor shall, each acting within their respective competences, cooperate with each other in accordance with Article 62 of [New Regulation 45/2001]".		
	^{1a} Regulation (EC) No 767/2008 of the European Parliament and the Council of 9 July 2008 concerning the Visa Information System (VIS) and the exchange of data between Member States on short-stay visas (VIS Regulation) (OJ L 218, 13.8.2008, p. 60).		
	AM 110 Article 71d		
	Amendments to Council Regulation (EC) No 515/97		
	Council Regulation (EC) No 515/97 ^{1a} is amended as follows:		
	In Article 37, paragraph 4 is replaced by the following:		

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	"National supervisory authorities and the European Data Protection Supervisor shall, each acting within their respective competences, cooperate with each other in accordance with Article 62 of [New Regulation 45/2001]".		
	^{1a} Council Regulation (EC) No 515/97 of 13 March 1997 on mutual assistance between the administrative authorities of the Member States and cooperation between the latter and the Commission to ensure the correct application of the law on customs and agricultural matters (OJ L 82, 22.3.1997, p. 1).		
	AM 111 Article 71e		
	Amendments to Council decision 2009/917/JHA		
	Council Decision 2009/917/JHA ^{1a} is amended as follows:		
	(1) Article 25 is deleted.		
	(2) In Article 26, paragraphs 2 and 3 are replaced by the following:		

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	''National supervisory authorities and the European Data Protection Supervisor shall, each acting		
	within their respective competences, cooperate with each other in accordance with Article 62 of [New Regulation 45/2001]''.		
	^{1a} Council Decision 2009/917/JHA of 30 November 2009 on the use of information technology for customs purposes (OJ L		
	323, 10.12.2009, p. 20). AM 112 Article 71f		Tentative agreement to delete Article 71f
	Amendments to Regulation (EU) No 1024/2012		
	Regulation (EU) No 1024/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council ^{1a} is amended as follows:		
	In Article 21, paragraphs 3 and 4 are deleted.		

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	^{1a} Regulation (EU) No 1024/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 October 2012 on administrative cooperation through the Internal Market Information System and repealing Commission Decision 2008/49/EC ('the IMI Regulation') (OJ L 316, 14.11.2012, p. 1). AM 113		
	Article 71g Amendments to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/2447		
	Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/2447 ^{1a} is amended as follows: In Article 83, paragraph 8 is deleted.		
	^{1a} Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/2447 of 24 November 2015 laying down detailed rules for implementing certain provisions of Regulation (EU) No 952/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down the Union Customs Code (OJ L 343, 29.12.2015, p. 558).		



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	AM 114		
	Article 71h		
	Amendments to Regulation (EU) 2016/794		
	Regulation (EU) 2016/794 of the		
	European Parliament and of the		
	Council ^{1a} is amended as follows:		
	(1) Articles 25, 28, 30, 36, 37, 40,		
	41 and 46 are deleted.		
	(2) Article 44 is replaced by the		
	following:		
	"National supervisory authorities		
	and the EDPS shall, each acting		
	within their respective		
	competences, cooperate with each		
	other in accordance with Article 62		
	of [New Regulation 45/2001]".		
	^{1a} Regulation (EU) 2016/794 of the European Parliament and of the Council		
	of 11 May 2016 on the European Union Agency for Law Enforcement Cooperation		
	(Europol) and replacing and repealing		
	Council Decisions 2009/371/JHA,		
	2009/934/JHA, 2009/935/JHA,		
	2009/936/JHA and 2009/968/JHA (OJ L		
	135, 24.5.2016, p. 53).		



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	AM 115 Article 71 i		
	Amendments to Council		
	Regulation (EU) 2017/XXCouncil Regulation (EU) 2017/ ^{1a}		
	<i>is amended as follows:</i> (1) Articles 36e, 36f, 37, 37b, 37c,		
	37cc, 37ccc, 37d, 37e, 37f, 37g, 37h, 37i, 37j, 37k, 37n, 37o, 41,		
	41a, 41b, 43a, 43b, 43c, 43d, 43e and 46 are deleted.		
	(2) Article 45 is replaced by the following:		
	''National supervisory authorities and the European Data Protection Supervisor shall, each acting within their respective		
	competences, cooperate with each other in accordance with Article 62 of [New Regulation 45/2001]''.		
	^{1a} Council Regulation (EU) 2017/ of of implementing enhanced cooperation on the establishment of the European Public Prosecutor's Office ("the EPPO") (OJ L).		

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	AM 116		
	Article 71 j		
	Amendments to Regulation (EU) 2017/XX		
	Regulation (EU) 2017/ of the European Parliament and of the		
	Council ^{1a} is amended as follows:		
	(1) Articles 27, 29, 30, 31, 33, 36		
	and 37 are deleted.		
	(2) Article 35 is replaced by the		
	following:		
	''National supervisory authorities		
	and the European Data Protection		
	Supervisor shall, each acting		
	within their respective		
	competences, cooperate with each		
	other in accordance with Article 62		
	of [New Regulation 45/2001]".		
	^{1a} Regulation (EU) 2017/ of the European Parliament and of the Council on the European Union Agency for Criminal Justice Cooperation (Eurojust) (OJ L).		

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	AM 117		
	Article 71 k		
	Amendments to Eurodac		
	Regulation (EU) 2017/XX		
	Regulation (EU) 2017/ of the		
	European Parliament and of the		
	Council ^{1a} is amended as follows:		
	(1) Articles 29, 30, 31, and 39 are		
	deleted.		
	(2) Article 34 is replaced by the		
	following:		
	"National supervisory authorities		
	and the European Data Protection		
	Supervisor shall, each acting		
	within their respective		
	competences, cooperate with each		
	other in accordance with Article 62		
	of [New Regulation 45/2001]".		

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
	^{1a} Regulation (EU) 2017/ of the European Parliament and of the Council on the establishment of 'Eurodac' for the comparison of fingerprints for the effective application of [Regulation (EU) No 604/2013 establishing the criteria and mechanisms for determining the Member State responsible for examining an application for international protection lodged in one of the Member States by a third-country national or a stateless person], for identifying an illegally staying third-country national or stateless person and on requests for the comparison with Eurodac data by Member States' law enforcement authorities and Europol for law enforcement purposes (OJ L)		



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
CHAPTER X	CHAPTER X	CHAPTER X	
FINAL PROVISIONS	FINAL PROVISIONS	FINAL PROVISIONS	
		Article 70a	
		Processing of personal data and public access to documents	
		Union institutions and bodies shall reconcile the right to the protection of personal data with the right of access to documents in accordance with Union law.	Linked to Rec (22) and Article 9(1)



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 71	Article 71	Article 71	
Repeal of Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 and of Decision No 1247/2002/EC	Repeal of Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 and of Decision No 1247/2002/EC	Repeal of Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 and of Decision No 1247/2002/EC	
Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 ¹³ and Decision No 1247/2002/EC ¹⁴ are repealed with effect from 25 May 2018. References to the repealed Regulation and Decision shall be construed as references to this Regulation.	Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 ¹⁵ and Decision No 1247/2002/EC ¹⁶ are repealed with effect from 25 May 2018. References to the repealed Regulation and Decision shall be construed as references to this Regulation.	1. Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 ¹³ and Decision No 1247/2002/EC ¹⁴ are repealed with effect from 25 May 2018.	
		2. References to the repealed Regulation and Decision shall be construed as references to this Regulation.	



¹³ Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2000 on the protection of individuals with regard to the processing of personal data by the Community institutions and bodies and on the free movement of such data, OJ L 8, 12.1.2001.

¹⁴ Decision No 1247/2002/EC of 1 July 2002 on the regulations and general conditions governing the performance of the European Data protection Supervisor's duties, OJ L 183, 12.07.2002, p. 1

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 72	Article 72	Article 72	
Transitional measures	Transitional measures	Transitional measures	
1. The Decision 2014/886/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹⁵ and the current terms of office of the European Data Protection Supervisor and the Assistant Supervisor shall not be affected by this Regulation.	1. The Decision 2014/886/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹⁷ and the current terms of office of the European Data Protection Supervisor and the Assistant Supervisor shall not be affected by this Regulation.	1. The Decision 2014/886/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹⁵ and the current terms of office of the European Data Protection Supervisor and the Assistant Supervisor shall not be affected by this Regulation.	
2. The Assistant Supervisor shall be considered equivalent to the Registrar of the Court of Justice of the European Union as regards the determination of remuneration, allowances, retirement pension and any other benefit in lieu of remuneration.	2. The Assistant Supervisor shall be considered equivalent to the Registrar of the Court of Justice of the European Union as regards the determination of remuneration, allowances, retirement pension and any other benefit in lieu of remuneration.	2. The Assistant Supervisor shall be considered equivalent to the Registrar of the Court of Justice of the European Union as regards the determination of remuneration, allowances, retirement pension and any other benefit in lieu of remuneration.	



¹⁵ Decision 2014/886/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 December 2014 appointing the European Data Protection Supervisor and the Assistant Supervisor, OJ L 351, 09.12.2014, p.9.

COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
3. Article 54(4), (5) and (7), and	3. Article 54(4), (5) and (7), and	3. Article 54(4), (5) and (7), and	
Articles 56 and 57 of this	Articles 56 and 57 of this	Articles 56 and 57 of this	
Regulation shall apply to the current	Regulation shall apply to the current	Regulation shall apply to the current	
Assistant Supervisor until the end of	Assistant Supervisor until the end of	Assistant Supervisor until the end of	
his term of office on 5 December	his term of office on 5 December	his term of office on 5 December	
2019.	2019.	2019.	
4. The Assistant Supervisor shall	4. The Assistant Supervisor shall	4. The Assistant Supervisor shall	
assist the European Data Protection	assist the European Data Protection	assist the European Data Protection	
Supervisor in all the latter's duties	Supervisor in all the latter's duties	Supervisor in all the latter's duties	
and act as a replacement when the	and act as a replacement when the	and act as a replacement when the	
European Data Protection	European Data Protection	European Data Protection	
Supervisor is absent or prevented	Supervisor is absent or prevented	Supervisor is absent or prevented	
from attending to those duties until	from attending to those duties until	from attending to those duties until	
the end of the Assistant Supervisor's	the end of the Assistant Supervisor's	the end of the Assistant Supervisor's	
term of office on 5 December 2019.	term of office on 5 December 2019.	term of office on 5 December 2019.	



COM (2017) 8	EP Position / First Reading	Council General Approach	Comments
Article 73	Article 73	Article 73	
Entry into force and application	Entry into force and application	Entry into force and application	
1. This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the <i>Official Journal of the European</i> <i>Union</i> .	1. This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the <i>Official Journal of the European</i> <i>Union</i> .	1. This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the <i>Official Journal of the European</i> <i>Union</i> .	
2. It shall apply from 25 May 2018.	2. It shall apply from 25 May 2018.	2. It shall apply from 25 May 2018.	

