

# European Council Conclusions

A Rolling Check-List of Commitments to Date

# **STUDY**

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## **European Council Oversight Unit**

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# EUROPEAN COUNCIL CONCLUSIONS: A ROLLING CHECK-LIST OF COMMITMENTS TO DATE

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### Introduction

This thirteenth edition of the overview of European Council conclusions, presented in the form of a *Rolling Check-List of Commitments to Date*, is a publication by the European Council Oversight Unit within the European Parliamentary Research Service (EPRS), the European Parliament's in-house research service and think-tank. As part of its work, the unit maintains a rolling database of all the European Council's commitments and responsibilities, which is updated and published regularly, with an indication of the follow-up given to date.

The European Council became a formal Union institution, with a full-time President, under the Treaty of Lisbon. Although it does not exercise legislative functions, the European Council's role – to 'provide the Union with the necessary impetus for its development' and to define its 'general political directions and priorities' – has developed rapidly over the past seven and a half years. As an example of setting overall priorities for the Union, on 26-27 June 2014, the European Council adopted a Strategic Agenda to 'guide the institutions in annual and multiannual programming, as well as in legislative planning' in the 2014-2019 institutional cycle.

The European Parliament is strongly committed to the principle of Better Law-Making, and particularly to the effective use of impact assessment and evaluation throughout the legislative cycle. It is in this spirit that enhanced powers for stronger executive bodies can and should be balanced by greater scrutiny and oversight, especially in respect of the implementation of EU law and policies.

The Parliament's administrative capacity to support parliamentary committees and individual Members in exercising *ex-post* scrutiny and oversight of the executive has accordingly been enhanced to provide stronger and deeper analysis of the transposition, implementation and enforcement of EU secondary law, and more generally, of the impact, operation, effectiveness and delivery of EU law and policy in practice.

In this context, since June 2014, the European Council Oversight Unit has been monitoring and analysing the delivery on commitments made by the European Council in the conclusions of its meetings, as well as its various responsibilities, either in law or on the basis of intergovernmental agreements. This regularly updated check-list is designed to assist the Parliament in exercising its important oversight role in the months and years ahead.

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#### How to use this Check-List

The structure and contents of this Check-List derive from the conclusions of the European Council, running from January 2010 to the present. The Check-List covers eight broad policy areas, each addressed in a separate chapter: i) Economic and Financial Affairs; ii) Employment and Social Policies; iii) Competitiveness; iv) Energy and Climate Policy; v) Freedom, Security and Justice; vi) External Policies; vii) International Trade; and viii) Development Policy. It is updated four times a year ahead of the European Council meetings in March, June, October and December. At the beginning of each chapter, there is a concise analysis of the main developments in that particular policy area.

A 'traffic light' system helps readers to identify, at a glance, progress achieved at EU level on any issue of interest: green for decisions that have been carried out in full; orange for those being implemented but not yet finalised; red where the situation is blocked or where there is no evolution; and striped red where there is no progress because a decision has been taken not to proceed.

The information is displayed in columns. The 'Commitment' column displays all relevant conclusions of the European Council on a specific policy area. The 'State of Play' column shows the steps undertaken by the different institutions – European Commission, European Parliament, and Council – in implementing the European Council conclusions. Finally, the 'Remarks' column contains useful additional information of relevance to the issue.

### Legend:

■ No progress -- 

No progress /- 

Some progress -- 

Essentially complete

The Rolling Check-List covers European Council conclusions from January 2010 onwards.

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## The European Council

Established as an informal summit in 1975, the European Council became a formal European Union institution, with a full-time President, in 2009 upon entry into force of the Treaty of Lisbon. It consists of the Heads of State or Government of the 28 EU Member States, the European Council President and the President of the European Commission (Article 15(2) TEU). The latter two have no voting rights. Meetings of the European Council are normally also attended by the High Representative of the Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy. The President of the European Parliament is 'invited to speak' (Article 235(2) TFEU) as the first item on the European Council's agenda, followed by an exchange of views. At its formal meetings, normally four per year, the European Council adopts 'conclusions' which aim at identifying issues of concern and actions to be taken.

The European Council's role is to 'provide the Union with the necessary impetus for its development and define the general political directions and priorities' (Article 15(1) TEU). It cannot exercise legislative functions. In June 2014, the European Council adopted a 'strategic agenda' of priority areas, which will guide the work of the European Union until 2019. The five overarching priorities are: 'stronger economies with more jobs; societies enabled to empower and protect; a secure energy and climate future; a trusted area of fundamental freedoms; [and] effective joint action in the world.'

The European Council is also tasked with identifying the Union's strategic interests, determining the objectives of, and defining general guidelines for common foreign and security policy (Article 26 TEU). The following foreign policy priorities are viewed as of key importance in the years ahead: improving coordination and coherence between the main fields of EU external action; promoting stability, prosperity and democracy in the EU neighbourhood; engaging the EU's global strategic partners; and developing security and defence cooperation.

The European Council furthermore defines the strategic guidelines for legislative and operational planning in the area of freedom, security and justice (Article 68 TFEU). For the period until 2019, the <u>priorities for the European Union in the area of Freedom, Security and Justice</u>, are to 'better manage migration in all aspects; prevent and combat crime and terrorism; [and] improve judicial cooperation among EU countries'. The European Council has also to 'consider each year the employment situation in the Union and adopt conclusions thereon, on the basis of a joint annual report by the Council and the Commission' (Article 148 TFEU).

Its decisions are mostly taken by consensus, but in certain cases the European Council can also decide by qualified majority. For example, the President of the European Council is <u>elected</u> by qualified majority vote for a once-renewable term of two and a half years. The President's role is 'to ensure the preparation and continuity of the work of the European Council in cooperation with the President of the Commission', chair its meetings, 'facilitate cohesion and consensus within the European Council', and to ensure 'the external representation of the Union on issues concerning its common foreign and security policy, without prejudice to the powers of the High Representative of the Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy' (Article 15(5) TEU).

While not directly accountable to the European Parliament, the President of the European Council presents a report to Parliament after each meeting of the Heads of State or Government (<u>Article 15.6(d) TEU</u>). Usually this takes the form of a declaration, followed by a plenary debate.

# I. Economic and Financial Affairs Analytical Summary

#### Main commitments

When the sovereign debt crisis began in 2010, the European Council targeted an in-depth reform of European economic governance. The reforms aimed to reinforce EU budgetary and fiscal rules and surveillance as well as establish a robust crisis resolution framework. This led to both the institutionalisation of the European Semester from 2011 onwards and the creation of <u>crisis management</u> mechanisms such as the European Stability Mechanism (ESM).

At the height of the sovereign debt crisis in the summer of 2012, euro-area leaders made a commitment to establish a fully-fledged <u>Banking Union</u>, the most ambitious project since the introduction of the single currency. Based on the <u>Four Presidents' Report</u> of December 2012, the Banking Union is meant to be comprised of a Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM), a Single Resolution Mechanism (SRM), a common Deposit Guarantee Scheme (EDIS), and an ESM Direct Recapitalisation Instrument (DRI). Additionally, a single rule book - essentially focused on the <u>Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive</u> (BRRD), the Capital Requirements <u>Regulation</u> and <u>Directive</u> and the <u>Deposit Guarantee Scheme Directive</u> (DGSD) - intends to provide harmonised prudential rules for the financial sector. Ultimately, it aims to ensure a level playing field for all EU banks. Since 2012, the European Council has regularly called for progress towards an integrated financial framework and has closely monitored this work.

The Four and Five Presidents' Reports (2015) provided a roadmap towards the completion of the Economic and Monetary Union (EMU) and guidance on how to increase its functionality. Both reports identify a series of economic, financial, fiscal, and political measures to be implemented in the short, medium, and long term. Such reforms, alongside structural reforms by the Member States, would help boost growth, competitiveness, and employment across the EU.

## State of play

### Future of the Economic and Monetary Union

The first stage of the Five Presidents' Report, called 'deepening by doing', covered the period from July 2015 to June 2017 and consisted of actions undertaken in the framework of existing instruments and treaties. It included a wide range of initiatives, such as revamping the European Semester, completing the Banking Union, and launching the Capital Markets Union. The European Council has regularly assessed the progress achieved towards completing EMU, calling for the work to be taken forward.

In line with the Five Presidents' Report, the Commission published a reflection paper on the <u>future of the Economic and Monetary Union</u> on 31 May 2017. It outlines a timeline and a roadmap of possible actions to deepen all aspects of the EMU: the completion of the financial union; further convergence in the area of economic and fiscal union; deeper political integration. Steps that could be taken before the end of 2019, the year of the European Parliament elections, include actions already under discussion, such as completing the Banking Union and the Capital Markets Union, as well as new initiatives, such as better economic and social convergence standards. More far-reaching options are proposed for the following years in terms of completing the EMU architecture by 2025. This reflection paper, which is the third out of five in a series accompanying the Commission's White Paper on the Future of Europe invites all stakeholders to participate in the debate on strengthening and completing the EMU. In accordance with <u>previous</u> European Council conclusions and the process envisaged in the White Paper, EU leaders are likely to discuss the deepening of the EMU in the second half of 2017. In order to advance this agenda, President Tusk has called a Euro Summit for December 2017, bringing together the Heads of State or Government of the euro-area countries.

The renewed European Semester – the annual cycle to coordinate and monitor the economic and employment policies of EU Member States – is aimed at enhancing efficiency, increasing national ownership, and reinforcing economic policy coordination. The recently established National Productivity Boards and the new European Fiscal Board provide analysis and advice for the European Semester monitoring process. In accordance with the 2017 European Semester, the country-specific recommendations were endorsed by the June European Council, and subsequently approved by the Ecofin Council.

#### **Banking Union**

As regards the Banking Union, the first pillar - namely the SSM - has been fully operational since November 2014, whereas both the SRM and the bail-in rules (set by the BRRD) entered into force on 1 January 2016. At the same time, after ratification of the intergovernmental treaty establishing a Single Resolution Fund by all euro-area Member States, the Fund became fully operational on 1 January 2016. The Commission has also presented a proposal for a European Deposit Insurance Scheme (EDIS), currently under discussion in the Council and the Parliament under the ordinary legislative procedure. The European Council has highlighted the need to reduce and share risks in the financial sector in line with the June 2016 Council conclusions on a roadmap to complete the Banking Union. In November 2016, the Commission presented a package of measures on risk sharing and reduction with the objective of improving the resilience of the European banking system. This package includes proposals, currently being discussed by the co-legislators, to amend the Capital Requirements Directive and Regulation (CRR/CRD IV), the Bank Recovery and Resolutions Directive (BRRD) and the Single Resolution Mechanism Regulation (SRM).

#### Capital Markets Union

The Commission's September 2015 <u>Capital Markets Union</u> Action Plan (CMU), which should help fund new investments across the EU by integrating the capital markets more effectively, is part of the third pillar of the <u>Investment Plan for Europe</u>. EU leaders have <u>repeatedly</u> called for <u>swift and determined</u> action in moving forward with the CMU. The recently published <u>mid-term review</u> of the CMU reports that around two thirds of the planned actions have been initiated and, at the same time, outlines new action to be proposed by the first half of 2018.

#### Tax avoidance and tax evasion

Having <u>identified</u> the fight against tax avoidance and tax evasion as a priority, at both EU and international level, the European Council has voiced its support for the Commission's <u>initiatives</u> to combat corporate tax evasion and tax fraud. These include: the tax transparency package of March 2015; an action plan for fair and efficient corporate taxation tabled in June 2015, including the renewed proposal on a common consolidated corporate tax base presented in October 2015; the anti-tax-avoidance package of January 2016; the VAT action plan of April 2016; and the digital single market VAT package in December 2016. EU leaders have more specifically <u>supported</u> the adoption of the Anti-Tax-Avoidance Directive, the Directive on mandatory automatic exchange of information in the field of taxation and the VAT action plan. The Parliament has taken an active role with regard to combatting tax evasion and tax fraud, notably through the work of its two <u>special committees</u> on <u>taxation</u> and its <u>inquiry committee</u> on the Panama Papers.

## Outlook and main challenges

Economic and financial affairs are likely to continue to feature prominently on the European Council agenda in the closing months of 2017. EU leaders are expected to continue to follow up and provide guidance on economic governance, completion of the Banking Union, progress towards completing the EMU in line with the Five Presidents' report, and combating tax avoidance in various forms. These objectives can also be found among the key economic and financial priorities in the letter of intent, accompanying the 2017 State of the Union speech, and the programme of the Estonian Presidency of the Council of the European Union for the second half of 2017. In his letter to the EU Heads of State or Government ahead of their informal dinner in Tallinn in September, European Council President Donald Tusk highlighted the need to discuss further development of EMU, mentioning in particular the completion of the Banking Union and the possible evolution of the ESM towards a European Monetary Fund. He also called a Euro Summit in December 2017 and anticipated concrete decisions being taken in June 2018.

Economic and financial affairs are at the heart of the broad ongoing discussion on the future of the EU, including contributions from EU institutions, Member States, and other stakeholders. Following the outcome of the UK referendum in June 2016, deciding to leave the European Union, the Heads of State or Government adopted the Bratislava Declaration and Roadmap on the common future of the EU-27, and launched a <u>reflection period</u> of six months, which led to the <u>Declaration of Rome</u> on 25 March 2017. In this declaration, which presented a vision for the next 10 years, EU leaders committed to working towards more economic convergence and completing EMU under the objective of 'a prosperous and sustainable Europe'.

The European Commission's <u>White Paper on the Future of Europe</u> launched a debate on five scenarios for Europe in 2025. It envisages a process for the EU to decide on the future of the Union, with the first conclusions expected to be drawn in the December 2017 European Council meeting. In terms of economic and financial affairs, the focus will be on the reflection paper on <u>the deepening of the EMU</u> and the areas of possible future action as proposed in the 2017 <u>State of the Union</u> with a package of Commission <u>proposals</u> anticipated for December 2017.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
I.1 Financial A	ffairs		
Banking Union - Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM)	24 October 2014: Welcomed the launch of the Single Supervisory Mechanism on 4 November 2014.  24 October 2013: - Comprehensive assessment of the credit institutions of the Member States participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism to be launched in November 2013, in line with the Regulation conferring specific tasks on the European Central Bank To be followed by a test of banks across the EU The European Council asks the Council to develop this approach as a matter of urgency and to communicate it by the end of November, in line with the goal that the ECB completes the comprehensive assessment of credit institutions in a timely manner.  14 March 2013: Legislative process on the SSM to be concluded within the coming weeks.  13 December 2012: Agreement reached on the SSM within the Council on 13 December. The European Council calls on the co-legislators to rapidly agree so as to allow its implementation as soon as possible.  18 October 2012: European Council calls to proceed with work on legislative proposals for the SSM with the objective of agreeing on the legislative framework by 1 January 2013. Work on the operational implementation will take place in the course of 2013.	Council Regulation (EU) No 1024/2013 of 15 October 2013 conferring specific tasks on the European Central Bank concerning policies relating to the prudential supervision of credit institutions (OJ L 287, 29.10.2013, p. 63).  Regulation (EU) No 1022/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 October 2013 amending Regulation (EU) No 1093/2010 establishing a European Supervisory Authority (European Banking Authority) as regards the conferral of specific tasks on the European Central Bank pursuant to Council Regulation (EU) No 1024/2013 (OJ L 287, 29.10.2013, p. 5).	The ECB assumes responsibility of the supervision of Euro area banks, press release, 4.11.2014.  Aggregate report by the ECB on the Comprehensive Assessment, 26.10.2014.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Banking Union -	9 March 2017:	Proposal for a Regulation COM(2016)0851 of	EU Banking Reform: Strong banks
Single Resolution	The European Council reiterates the need to complete the	23 November 2016 amending Regulation (EU)	to support growth and restore
Mechanism (SRM)	Banking Union in terms of reducing and sharing risks in the	No 806/2014 as regards loss-absorbing and	confidence, press release of 23
	financial sector, in the appropriate order, as set out in the Council	Recapitalisation Capacity for credit	November 2016.
	conclusions of 17 June 2016. It recalls the importance of	institutions and investment firms.	
	international cooperation on the design of common prudential	Procedure: 2016/0361 (COD).	The Single Resolution Mechanism
	and supervisory standards for financial services.		becomes fully operational and
		Ecofin Council of 17 June 2016 conclusions on	implements the EU-wide Bank
	<u>15 December 2016:</u>	a roadmap to complete the Banking Union.	Recovery and Resolution Directive
	The European Council underlines the need to complete the		(BRRD) in the euro area, press
	Banking Union in terms of reducing and sharing risks in the	Communication COM(2015)0587 of 24	release 31.12.2015.
	financial sector, in the appropriate order, as set out in the Council	November 2015 "Towards the completion of	
	conclusions of 17 June 2016 on a roadmap to this effect. In that	the Banking Union".	
	context, the European Council calls on the Council to rapidly		
	examine the recent Commission proposals to increase resilience	Council Implementing Regulation (EU)	
	in the financial sector.	2015/81 of 19 December 2014 specifying	
		uniform conditions of application of	
	28 June 2016:	Regulation (EU) No 806/2014 of the European	
	The European Council takes stock of the progress achieved in the	Parliament and of the Council with regard to	
	work towards completing the Economic and Monetary Union,	ex ante contributions to the Single Resolution	
	including the roadmap to complete the Banking Union, and calls	Fund.	
	for work to be taken forward.		
		Regulation (EU) No 806/2014 of the European	
	20 March 2014:	Parliament and of the Council of 15 July 2014	
	Congratulates the negotiators of the European Parliament and	establishing uniform rules and a uniform	
	the Council on the agreement reached on the Single Resolution	procedure for the resolution of credit	
	Mechanism Regulation as this is a major achievement that will	institutions and certain investment firms in	
	open the way to the completion of the Banking Union. It is	the framework of a Single Resolution	
	important now to formally adopt the Regulation before the end	Mechanism and a Single Resolution Fund and	
	of the current legislature. Together with the Intergovernmental	amending Regulation (EU) No 1093/2010 (OJ	
	Agreement on the Transfer and Mutualisation of Contributions	L 225, 30.07.2014, p. 1).	
	to the Single Resolution Fund, this represents another crucial		
	step towards a stronger and more resilient Economic and	Commission Delegated Regulation <u>C(2015)</u>	
	Monetary Union.	<u>9016 final</u> of 17 December 2015	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	19 December 2013: Adopt the SRM before the end of the current legislative period.	supplementing Regulation No (EU) 806/2014 of the European Parliament and the Council with regard to the criteria relating to the	
	<ul> <li>24 October 2013:         <ul> <li>Comprehensive assessment of the credit institutions of the Member States participating in the Single Supervisory Mechanism to be launched in November 2013, in line with the Regulation conferring specific tasks on the European Central Bank.</li> <li>To be followed by a stress test of banks across the EU.</li> <li>The Council shall reach a general agreement on the Commission's proposal for a Single Resolution Mechanism by the end of 2013 in order to allow for its adoption before the end of</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	calculation of ex-ante contributions, and on the circumstances and conditions under which the payment of extraordinary ex post contributions may be partially or entirely deferred.	
	the current legislative period.  14 March 2013: Commission to submit a proposal on the SRM by June 2013.		
	13 December 2012: The SRM should safeguard financial stability and ensure an effective framework for resolving financial institutions while protecting taxpayers in the context of banking crises. The single resolution mechanism should be based on contributions by the financial sector itself and include appropriate and effective backstop arrangements.  - This backstop should be fiscally neutral over the medium term, by ensuring that public assistance is recouped by means of ex post levies on the financial industry.		
	18 October 2012: Notes Commission's intention to propose a Single Resolution Mechanism for MS participating in the SSM once the proposals for a Recovery and Resolution Directive and for a Deposit Guarantee Scheme have been adopted.		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Banking Union - Single Resolution Fund (SRF)	20 March 2014: Congratulates the negotiators of the European Parliament and the Council on the agreement reached on the Single Resolution Mechanism Regulation as this is a major achievement that will open the way to the completion of the Banking Union. It is important now to formally adopt the Regulation before the end of the current legislature. Together with the Intergovernmental Agreement on the Transfer and Mutualisation of Contributions to the Single Resolution Fund, this represents another crucial	Regulation (EU) 2015/81 of 19 December 2014 specifying uniform conditions of application of Regulation (EU) No 806/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to ex ante contributions to the Single Resolution Fund (OJ L 15, 22.1.2015).  26 Member States signed the intergovernmental agreement on the transfer	Banking Union and bridge financing arrangements for the Single Resolution Fund, Council statement 8.12.2015.  Banking union: Single resolution fund on schedule for 1 January 2016, press release, 30.11.2015.
	step towards a stronger and more resilient Economic and Monetary Union.	of contribution to the SRF on 21 May 2014. Ratification procedures are ongoing.	
European Deposit Insurance Scheme (EDIS)	9 March 2017: The European Council reiterates the need to complete the Banking Union in terms of reducing and sharing risks in the financial sector, in the appropriate order, as set out in the Council conclusions of 17 June 2016. It recalls the importance of international cooperation on the design of common prudential and supervisory standards for financial services.  15 December 2016: The European Council underlines the need to complete the Banking Union in terms of reducing and sharing risks in the financial sector, in the appropriate order, as set out in the Council conclusions of 17 June 2016 on a roadmap to this effect. In that context, the European Council calls on the Council to rapidly examine the recent Commission proposals to increase resilience in the financial sector.  28 June 2016: The European Council takes stock of the progress achieved in the work towards completing the Economic and Monetary Union, including the roadmap to complete the Banking Union, and calls for work to be taken forward.	Ecofin Council of 17 June 2016 conclusions on a roadmap to complete the Banking Union.  Communication COM(2015)0587 of 24 November 2015 "Towards the completion of the Banking Union".  Proposal COM(2015)0586 of 24 November 2015 for a Regulation amending Regulation (EU) 806/2014 in order to establish a European Deposit Insurance Scheme.  Procedure: 2015/0270(COD).	

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Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	<ul> <li>18 December 2015:</li> <li>Asks the Council to swiftly examine the proposals put forward by the Commission as a follow-up to the report. In particular, work should rapidly advance as regards:</li> <li>the Banking Union, to enhance financial stability in the euro area.</li> <li>The legal, economic and political aspects of the more long-term measures contained in the report need to be further explored. Further to additional work to be undertaken by the Commission and the Council, the European Council will come back to those measures at the latest by the end of 2017.</li> </ul>		
Banking Union / Financial Affairs - Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive (BRRD)	9 March 2017: The European Council reiterates the need to complete the Banking Union in terms of reducing and sharing risks in the financial sector, in the appropriate order, as set out in the Council conclusions of 17 June 2016. It recalls the importance of international cooperation on the design of common prudential and supervisory standards for financial services.  15 December 2016: The European Council underlines the need to complete the Banking Union in terms of reducing and sharing risks in the financial sector, in the appropriate order, as set out in the Council conclusions of 17 June 2016 on a roadmap to this effect. In that context, the European Council calls on the Council to rapidly examine the recent Commission proposals to increase resilience in the financial sector.  28 June 2016: The European Council takes stock of the progress achieved in the work towards completing the Economic and Monetary Union, including the roadmap to complete the Banking Union, and calls for work to be taken forward.	Proposal for a Directive COM(2016)0852 of 23 November 2016 amending Directive 2014/59/EU on loss-absorbing and recapitalisation capacity of credit institutions and investment firms and amending Directive 98/26/EC, Directive 2002/47/EC, Directive 2012/30/EU, Directive 2011/35/EU, Directive 2005/56/EC, Directive 2004/25/EC and Directive 2007/36/EC.  Procedure: 2016/0362 (COD).  Proposal for a Directive COM(2016)0853 of 23 November 2016 amending Directive 2014/59/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the ranking of unsecured debt instruments in insolvency hierarchy Procedure: 2016/0363 (COD).  Proposal for a Directive COM(2016)0723 of 22 November 2016 on preventive restructuring frameworks, second chance and measures to increase the efficiency of restructuring,	EU Banking Reform: Strong banks to support growth and restore confidence, press release of 23 November 2016.  A single rulebook for the resolution of failing banks will apply in the EU as of 1 January 2015, press release 31.12.2014.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	<u>15 December 2016:</u>	insolvency and discharge procedures and	
	The European Council underlines the need to complete the	amending Directive 2012/30/EU.	
	Banking Union in terms of reducing and sharing risks in the	Procedure: <u>2016/0359 (COD)</u> .	
	financial sector, in the appropriate order, as set out in the Council		
	conclusions of 17 June 2016 on a roadmap to this effect. In that	Ecofin Council of 17 June 2016 conclusions on	
	context, the European Council calls on the Council to rapidly	a roadmap to complete the Banking Union.	
	examine the recent Commission proposals to increase resilience	6	
	in the financial sector.	Communication COM(2015)0587 of 24	
	24 O-t-h 2042:	November 2015 "Towards the completion of	
	24 October 2013:	the Banking Union".	
	Called on the legislators to adopt the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive by the end of the year.	2011/20/201	
	Resolution Directive by the end of the year.	<u>Directive 2014/59/EU</u> of the European	
	27 June 2013:	Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014	
	Invited the Council and Parliament to start negotiations with the	establishing a framework for the recovery and	
	aim of adopting the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive	resolution of credit institutions and	
	before the end of 2013 as well as the proposal for a Deposit	investment firms and amending Council Directive 82/891/EEC, and Directives	
	Guarantee Scheme.	2001/24/EC, 2002/47/EC, 2004/25/EC,	
	Guarantee Scheme.	2001/24/EC, 2002/47/EC, 2004/25/EC, 2005/56/EC, 2007/36/EC, 2011/35/EU,	
	14 March 2013:	2012/30/EU and 2013/36/EU, and	
	An agreement must be reached on the Bank Recovery and	Regulations (EU) No 1093/2010 and (EU) No	
	Resolution Directive and the Deposit and Guarantee Scheme	648/2012, of the European Parliament and of	
	before June 2013, ensuring a fair balance between home and	the Council (OJ L 173, 12.06.2014, p. 190).	
	host countries.	the council (65 £ 17 5) 12.00.1201 !) pt 150).	
	<u>13 December 2012:</u>		
	Urges the co-legislators to agree on the proposals for a Recovery		
	and Resolution Directive and for a Deposit Guarantee Scheme		
	Directive before June 2013.		
Banking Union /	27 June 2013:	Communication from the Commission on the	
Financial Affairs -	The Commission intends to adopt revised state aid rules for the	application, from 1 August 2013, of State aid	
State-aid rules for	financial sector in the summer of 2013 with a view to ensuring a	rules to support measures in favour of banks	
financial	level playing-field in resolution decisions involving public	in the context of the financial crisis (OJ C 216,	
institutions	support.	30.07.2013, pp. 1–15).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Banking Union /	9 March 2017:	Proposal for a Regulation COM(2016)0850 of	EU Banking Reform: Strong banks
Financial Affairs	The European Council reiterates the need to complete the	23 November 2016 amending Regulation (EU)	to support growth and restore
Capital	Banking Union in terms of reducing and sharing risks in the	No 575/2013 as regards the leverage ratio,	confidence, press release of 23
Requirements	financial sector, in the appropriate order, as set out in the Council	the net stable funding ratio, requirements for	November 2016.
Regulation and	conclusions of 17 June 2016. It recalls the importance of	own funds and eligible liabilities, counterparty	
Directive (CRR/CRD	international cooperation on the design of common prudential	credit risk, market risk, exposures to central	A single rulebook for the resolution
IV)	and supervisory standards for financial services.	counterparties, exposures to collective	of failing banks will apply in the EU
		investment undertakings, large exposures,	as of 1 January 2015, press release
	<u>15 December 2016:</u>	reporting and disclosure requirements and	31.12.2014.
	The European Council underlines the need to complete the	amending Regulation (EU) No 648/2012.	
	Banking Union in terms of reducing and sharing risks in the	Procedure: <u>2016/0360 (COD)</u> .	
	financial sector, in the appropriate order, as set out in the Council		
	conclusions of 17 June 2016 on a roadmap to this effect. In that	Proposal for a Directive COM(2016)0854 of 23	
	context, the European Council calls on the Council to rapidly	November 2016 amending Directive	
	examine the recent Commission proposals to increase resilience	2013/36/EU as regards exempted entities,	
	in the financial sector.	financial holding companies, mixed financial	
		holding companies, remuneration,	
	28 June 2016:	supervisory measures and powers and capital	
	The European Council takes stock of the progress achieved in the	conservation measures.	
	work towards completing the Economic and Monetary Union,	Procedure: <u>2016/0364 (COD)</u> .	
	including the roadmap to complete the Banking Union, and calls		
	for work to be taken forward.	Ecofin Council of 17 June 2016 conclusions on	
		a roadmap to complete the Banking Union.	
	<u>14 March 2013:</u>		
	Further to the progress achieved on the new banks' capital	Communication COM(2015)0587 of 24	
	requirements, the remaining technical issues must be rapidly	November 2015 "Towards the completion of	
	finalised in order to allow final agreement to be reached by the	the Banking Union".	
	end of the month.		
		<u>Directive 2013/36/EU</u> of the European	
	13 December 2012:	Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013	
	Reiterates the importance of the new rules on capital	on access to the activity of credit institutions	
	requirements for banks (CRR/CRD), which are of the utmost	and the prudential supervision of credit	
	priority so as to develop a single rule book, and calls on all parties	institutions and investment firms, amending	
	to work towards their agreement and rapid adoption.		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	18 October 2012: Calls for the rapid conclusion of the single rule book, including agreement on the proposals on bank capital requirements (CRR/CRD IV) by the end of the year.  1 March 2012: The proposals relating to bank capital requirements and to markets in financial instruments should be agreed, respectively, by June and December 2012, bearing in mind the objective of having a single rule book, and of ensuring timely and consistent implementation of Basel  23 October 2011: Welcomes the agreement reached on short selling and calls for the speedy adoption of other important legislative proposals such as those relating to OTC derivatives and deposit guarantee schemes by the end of this year, and those on capital requirements by summer 2012.	Directive 2002/87/EC and repealing Directives 2006/48/EC and 2006/49/EC.  Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms and amending Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 (OJ L 176, 27.06.2013 p. 1).	
Banking Union - Deposit Guarantee Scheme	27 June 2013: Invited Council and Parliament to start negotiations with the aim of adopting the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive before the end of 2013 as well as the proposal for a Deposit Guarantee Scheme.  14 March 2013: Agreement must be reached on the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive and the Deposit and Guarantee Scheme before June 2013, ensuring a fair balance between home and host countries.  13 December 2012: Urges the co-legislators to agree on the proposals for a Recovery and Resolution Directive and for a Deposit Guarantee Scheme Directive before June 2013.	Directive 2014/49/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014 on deposit guarantee scheme (OJ L 173, 12.06.2014, p.149).	

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Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	24 October 2012: Calls for the rapid adoption of the provisions relating to the harmonisation of national resolution and deposit guarantee frameworks based on the Commission's legislative proposals on bank recovery and resolution and on national deposit guarantee schemes.		
	23 October 2011: Welcomes the agreement reached on short selling and calls for the speedy adoption of other important legislative proposals such as those relating to OTC derivatives and deposit guarantee schemes by the end of this year, and those on capital requirements by summer 2012.		
EMU / Banking Union - ESM direct bank recapitalisation instrument	25 October 2013: Calls on the Eurogroup to finalise the guidelines for European Stability Mechanism recapitalisation so that the ESM can have a possibility to recapitalise banks directly, following the establishment of the Single Supervisory Mechanism.  28 June 2013: The Eurogroup has agreed on the main features of the operational framework for direct bank recapitalisation by the ESM. Work should continue so that, when an effective single supervisory mechanism is established, the ESM will, following a regular decision, have the possibility to recapitalise banks directly.	completion by all 18 Euro area Member States of their own national procedures.	
	15 March 2013: As agreed in December 2012, an operational framework, including the definition of legacy assets, should be agreed as soon as possible in the first semester of 2013, so that when an effective single supervisory mechanism is established, the ESM will, following a regular decision, have the possibility to recapitalise banks directly.	recapitalisation ilisti unient.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	14 December 2012: Further to the June 2012 Euro area Summit statement and the October 2012 European Council conclusions, an operational framework, including the definition of legacy assets, should be agreed as soon as possible in the first semester of 2013, so that when an effective single supervisory mechanism is established, the European Stability Mechanism will, following a regular decision, have the possibility to recapitalise banks directly.		
	19 October 2012: The Eurogroup will draw up the exact operational criteria that will guide direct bank recapitalisations by the European Stability Mechanism (ESM), in full respect of the 29 June 2012 Euro area Summit statement. It is imperative to break the vicious circle between banks and sovereigns. When an effective single supervisory mechanism is established, involving the ECB, for banks in the Euro area the ESM could, following a regular decision, have the possibility to recapitalise banks directly.		
EMU / Financial Stability - European Stability Mechanism (ESM)	24 March 2011:  - Amends the TFEU with regard to the setting up of the ESM.  - Calls for the rapid launch of national approval procedures with a view to its entry into force on 1 January 2013.  - Welcomes the decisions taken by the Euro Area Heads of State or government on 11 March and endorses the features of the ESM (see Annex II). The preparation of the ESM treaty and the amendments to the EFSF agreement, to ensure its €440 billion effective lending capacity, will be finalised so as to allow signature of both agreements at the same time before the end of June 2011.  16 December 2010:  - Treaty to be amended for a mechanism to be established by the	Treaty Establishing the European Stability Mechanism, signed on 2 February 2012.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	European Financial Stability Facility (EFSF) and the European Financial Stabilisation Mechanism (EFSM), which will remain in force until June 2013. Article 122(2) TFEU will no longer be needed to safeguard the financial stability of euro area, MS agreed.  - Formal adoption of the Decision in March 2011, completion of national approval procedures by the end of 2012, and entry into force on 1 January 2013. The overall effectiveness of this framework will be evaluated in 2016 by Commission in liaison with the ECB.		
Financial Affairs - Capital Markets Union	22-23 June 2017:  - Co-legislators have made it possible to achieve significant progress towards the shared objective of completing and implementing the various strategies by 2018. There are nevertheless still gaps which require further attention. The European Council therefore emphasises that further efforts are needed from the EU and its Member States to achieve the level of ambition as reflected in the June 2016 conclusions for the Single Market, including on services, the Digital Single Market, the Capital Markets Union and the Energy Union, including interconnections. In this context it welcomes the Commission's mid-term review of the Digital Single Market and of the Capital Markets Union Action Plan. Timely implementation and better enforcement of existing legislation are also key to reaping the benefits of Europe's Single Market. The Council will report to the June 2018 European Council on progress in deepening, implementing and enforcing the Single Market in all its aspects. In order to look beyond the finalisation of the different Single Market strategies and evolve towards a future-proof and fair Single Market, the European Council calls on the Commission to pursue its reflections on innovative ways to address new opportunities, challenges and remaining barriers.	Communication COM(2017)542 of 20 September 2017 on reinforcing integrated supervision to strengthen Capital Markets Union and financial integration in a changing environment.  Proposal COM(2017)536 of 20 September 2017 for a regulation amending Regulation (EU) No 1093/2010 establishing a European Supervisory Authority (European Banking Authority); Regulation (EU) No 1094/2010 establishing a European Supervisory Authority (European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority); Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010 establishing a European Supervisory Authority (European Securities and Markets Authority); Regulation (EU) No 345/2013 on European venture capital funds; Regulation (EU) No 346/2013 on European social entrepreneurship funds; Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 on markets in financial instruments; Regulation (EU) 2015/760 on European long-term investment funds;	See also chapter III, Competitiveness, on the European Investment Plan.  Capital Markets Union: EU reaches agreement on reviving securitisation market, press release 30 May 2017.  Capital Markets Union: EU agrees to more support for venture capital and social enterprises, press release 30 May 2017.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	20-21 October 2016:	Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 on indices used as	
	- Reconfirms previous conclusions, in which it called for the	benchmarks in financial instruments and	
	different Single Market strategies (Digital Single Market, Capital	financial contracts or to measure the	
	Markets Union, Energy Union and Single Market Agenda) to be	performance of investment funds; and	
	completed and implemented by 2018. In this context, work	Regulation(EU) 2017/1129 on the prospectus	
	should be taken up promptly on the recent proposals made by	to be published when securities are offered to	
	the Commission, including () on the completion of the Capital	the public or admitted to trading on a regulated market.	
	Markets Union, notably by swiftly reaching an agreement with the European Parliament on prospectus rules to improve access	Procedure: 2017/0230 (COD).	
	to finance for companies and on securitisation.	Frocedure. 2017/0230 (COD).	
	to mance for companies and on securitisation.	Proposal COM(2017)0537 of 20 September	
	16 September 2016 (informal EU27):	2017 for a directive amending Directive	
	- Objective: Create a promising economic future for all, safeguard	2014/65/EU on markets in financial	
	our way of life and provide better opportunities for youth.	instruments and Directive 2009/138/EC on	
	Concrete measures: ()	the taking-up and pursuit of the business of	
	b) Spring 2017 European Council: review progress as regards	Insurance and Reinsurance (Solvency II).	
	delivering on the different Single Market strategies (including	Procedure: 2017/0231 (COD).	
	Digital Single Market, Capital Markets Union, Energy Union). ()		
		Proposal COM(2017)0538 of 20 September	
	28 June 2016:	2017 for a regulation amending Regulation	
	- In terms of delivering a deeper and fairer Single Market, the	(EU) No 1092/2010 on European Union	
	European Council calls for the different Single Market strategies,	macro-prudential oversight of the financial	
	including on energy, and action plans proposed by the	system and establishing a European Systemic	
	Commission to be completed and implemented by 2018. The	Risk Board.	
	European Council today adopted an agenda calling for swift and determined progress: () to ensure easier access to finance for	Procedure: 2017/0232 (COD).	
	businesses and to support investment in the real economy by	Amendment COM(2017)0539 of 20	
	moving forward with the Capital Markets Union agenda. In	September 2017 on pending proposal for a	
	particular, swift progress should be made on the proposal for	Regulation amending Regulation (EU) No	
	the simplification of prospectus requirements and the proposals	1095/2010 establishing a European	
	for simple, standardised and transparent securitisation, to be	Supervisory Authority (European Securities	
	agreed by the end of 2016.	and Markets Authority) and amending	
		Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 as regards the	
		procedures and authorities involved for the	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	<u>18 December 2015:</u>	authorisation of CCPs and requirements for	
	- Further to the Action Plan on Capital Markets Union, calls on	the recognition of third-country CCPs (EMIR II Commission proposal).	
	the Parliament and Council to reach rapid agreement on the early actions, including securitisation.	Procedure: 2017/0136(COD).	
	curry actions, including securitisation.	110ccdure. 2017/0130(COD).	
	<u>18 December 2014:</u>	Ecofin Council of 11 July 2017 adopted	
	- Invites the Commission and the Union legislators to step up	conclusions on the Commission's review of	
	work on key measures to increase the Union's attractiveness for	the EU's capital markets union action plan.	
	production, investment and innovation, and to improve the	Dunneral COM/2017/02/42 of 2C lune 2017 for	
	regulatory environment for investments, including moves towards better integrated capital markets, while at the same	Proposal COM(2017)0343 of 26 June 2017 for a regulation on a pan-European Personal	
	time robustly pursuing the better regulation agenda aimed at	Pension Product (PEPP).	
	transparent and simple regulation achieved at a minimum cost,	Procedure: 2017/0143(COD).	
	consistent with the Council conclusions of 4 December 2014.		
		Communication COM(2017)292 of 8 June	
	- The European Council will take regular stock of the	2017 on the Mid-Term Review of the Capital	
	implementation of the above-mentioned orientations.	Markets Union Action Plan.	
		Communication COM(2016)733 of 22	
		November 2016 Europe's next leaders: the	
		Start-up and Scale-up Initiative.	
		European Parliament resolution of 15	
		September 2016 on access to finance for SMEs and increasing the diversity of SME	
		funding in a Capital Markets Union	
		(2016/2032(INI)).	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		COM(2016)601 of 14 September 2016 Capital	
		Markets Union - Accelerating Reform.	
		Dranged for a Dogulation of the Current	
		Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and the Council COM(2016)461 of	
		14 July 2016 on amending Regulation (EU) No	

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Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		345/2013 on European venture capital funds and Regulation (EU) No 346/2013 on	
		European social entrepreneurship funds. Procedure: 2016/0221 (COD).	
		COM(2016)361 of 1 June 2016 on Delivering the Single Market Agenda for Jobs, Growth and Investment.	
		European Parliament resolution of 19 January 2016 on stocktaking and challenges of the EU Financial Services Regulation: impact and the way forward towards a more efficient and	
		effective EU framework for Financial Regulation and a Capital Markets Union (2015/2106(INI)).	
		Ecofin Council conclusions of 8 December 2015 endorsing an agreement reached on the development of a securitisation market in Europe.	
		Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 June 2017 on the prospectus to be published when securities are offered to the public or	
		admitted to trading on a regulated market, and repealing Directive 2003/71/EC (OJ L 168, 30.6.2017, pp. 12–82).  Procedure: 2015/0268/COD.	
		Ecofin Council conclusions of 10 November 2015 on the Commission Action Plan on building a Capital Markets Union.	

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Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Proposal COM/2015/472 of 30 September	
		2015 for a Regulation laying down common	
		rules on securitisation and creating a	
		European framework for simple, transparent and standardised securitisation.	
		Procedure: 2015/0226(COD).	
		110ccuure. <u>2013/0220(COD)</u> .	
		COM(2015)468 of 30 September 2015 on	
		Action Plan on Building a Capital Markets	
		Union.	
		European Parliament resolution of 9 July 2015	
		on Building a Capital Markets Union	
		( <u>2015/2634(RSP)</u> ).	
		Ecofin Council conclusions of 19 June 2015 on	
		a Capital Markets Union.	
		·	
		COM(2015)63 of 18 February green paper on	
		Building a Capital Markets Union.	
Regulation of	<u>17 June 2010:</u>	1.European Systemic Risk Board	
financial services –	Calls for work on the European supervisory framework needs to	Regulation (EU) No 1092/2010 of the	
Supervisory	be concluded in time for the Systemic Risk Board and the three	European Parliament and of the Council of 24	
framework	European Supervisory Authorities to begin work in early 2011.	November 2010 on European Union macro- prudential oversight of the financial system	
	26 March 2010:	and establishing a European Systemic Risk	
	Rapid progress is required on the strengthening of financial	Board (OJ L 331, 15.12.2010, pp. 1–11).	
	regulation and supervision both within the EU and in	2.European Banking Authority	
	international fora such as the G20, while ensuring a level-playing	Regulation (EU) No 1093/2010 of the	
	field at the global level.	European Parliament and of the Council of 24	
		November 2010 establishing a European	
		Supervisory Authority (European Banking	
		Authority), amending Decision No	
		716/2009/EC and repealing Commission	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Financial Affairs - Credit rating	2 March 2012: The amendments to the Regulation on Credit Rating Agencies	Decision 2009/78/EC (OJ L 331, 15.12.2010, pp. 12–47).  3.European Securities and Markets Authority Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 24 November 2010 establishing a European Supervisory Authority (European Securities and Markets Authority), amending Decision No 716/2009/EC and repealing Commission Decision 2009/77/EC (OJ L 331, 15.12.2010, pp. 84–119).  4.European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority Regulation (EU) No 1094/2010 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 24 November 2010 establishing a European Supervisory Authority (European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority), amending Decision No 716/2009/EC and repealing Commission Decision 2009/79/EC (OJ L 331, 15.12.2010, pp. 48–83).  Regulation (EU) No 462/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 May 2013	
agencies	should be adopted as soon as possible. Looks forward to the outcome of the Commission's ongoing review of mandatory references to the ratings from credit rating agencies in EU legislation.  23 October 2011:  Looks forward to the proposals the Commission will make on credit rating agencies and bank crisis management and resolution.		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	17 June 2010: Asks for the swift examination of the Commission's proposal on the improvement of the EU's supervision of credit rating agencies.		
Financial Affairs - Investment fund managers	17 June 2010: Calls for agreement on the legislative proposal on alternative investment fund managers before the summer.	Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2011 on Alternative Investment Fund Managers and amending Directives 2003/41/EC and 2009/65/EC and Regulations (EC) No 1060/2009 and (EU) No 1095/2010 (OJ L 174, 01/07/2011, pp. 1–73).  Procedure: 2009/0064/COD.	
Financial Affairs - Short-selling and OTC derivatives	23 October 2011: Welcomes the agreement reached on short selling and calls for the speedy adoption of other important legislative proposals such as those relating to OTC derivatives and deposit guarantee schemes by the end of this year, and those on capital requirements by summer 2012.  17 June 2010: Looks forward to proposals announced by the Commission on derivative markets and in particular appropriate measures on short selling (including naked short selling) and credit default swaps.  26March 2010: Progress is particularly needed on issues such as capital requirements; systemic institutions; financing instruments for crisis management; increasing transparency on derivative markets and considering specific measures in relation to sovereign credit default swaps; and implementation of internationally agreed principles for bonuses in the financial services sector.	Regulation (EU) No 236/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 March 2012 on short selling and certain aspects of credit default swaps (OJ L 86/1, 24.03.2012, pp. 1-24).  Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 on OTC derivatives, central counterparties and trade repositories (OJ L 201 27.07.2012, pp. 1-59).  COM(2013)885 of 13 December 2013 report on the evaluation of the Regulation (EU) No 236/2012 on short selling and certain aspects of credit default swaps.	
Corporate Governance -	2 March 2012:	<u>Directive (EU) 2017/828</u> of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 May 2017	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Executive pay / Shareholder Right	The Commission is invited to consider the possible strengthening of the current framework relative to executive pay.  26 March 2010: Progress is particularly needed on issues such as capital requirements; systemic institutions; financing instruments for crisis management; increasing transparency on derivative markets and considering specific measures in relation to sovereign credit default swaps; and implementation of internationally agreed principles for bonuses in the financial services sector.	amending Directive 2007/36/EC as regards the encouragement of long-term shareholder engagement (OJ L 132, 20.5.2017, pp. 1–25). Procedure: 2014/0121(COD).	
I.2 Economic p	olicies and governance		
Strategic Agenda for the Union in Times of Change (EUCO five year plan, annex to EUCO conclusions 26-27.6.2014). A Union of jobs, growth and competitiveness	17 June 2014: Highlights the need to continue structural reforms. It notes that the Union needs bold steps to foster growth, increase investments, create more and better jobs and encourage reforms for competitiveness, and that his requires making best use of the flexibility that is built into the existing Stability and Growth Pact rules.  - The upcoming review of the EU2020 strategy will be a good occasion to bring it fully in line with this strategic agenda.  - Priorities for the Union for the next five years:  - promote a climate of entrepreneurship and job creation, not least for SMEs: by facilitating access to finance and investment; by ensuring more resilient financial regulation; by improving the functioning of labour markets and by shifting taxes away from labour; by reducing unnecessary administrative burdens and compliance costs in a targeted manner, respecting consumer and employees protection as well as health and environment concerns; invest and prepare our economies for the future: by addressing overdue investment needs in transport, energy and	General Affairs Council 29 September 2014 stock of the EUCO strategic agenda Presidency report focussing on chapter on jobs, growth and competitiveness (13244/14).  A New Start for Europe: My Agenda for Jobs, Growth, Fairness and Democratic Change Political Guidelines for the next European Commission: Opening Statement in the European Parliament Plenary Session Candidate for President of the European Commission, Strasbourg, 15 July 2014/ Jean-Claude Juncker. (pp. 4-8: A New Boost for Jobs, Growth and Investment; A Deeper and Fairer Internal Market with Strengthened Industrial Base; A Deeper and Fairer EMU).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	of EU structural funds; by mobilising the right mix of private and public funding and facilitating long-term investments; by using and developing financial instruments, such as those of the European Investment Bank, in particular for long-term projects; by providing the right regulatory framework for long-term investments;  - make the Economic and Monetary Union a more solid and resilient factor of stability and growth: with stronger Euro area governance and stronger economic policy coordination, convergence and solidarity, while respecting the integrity of the internal market and preserving		
Strengthened economic and policy coordination	transparency and openness towards non-euro EU countries.  28 June 2016:  The European Council takes stock of the progress achieved in the work towards completing the Economic and Monetary Union, including the roadmap to complete the Banking Union, and calls for work to be taken forward. It endorses the recommendation on National Productivity Boards.  17-18 March 2016:  At its June meeting, the European Council will discuss the progress achieved in the work towards completing the Economic and Monetary Union.  18 December 2015:  Asks the Council to swiftly examine the proposals put forward by the Commission as a follow-up to the report. In particular, work should rapidly advance as regards:  a) more effective economic and fiscal governance, to boost competitiveness, convergence and sustainability; b) the euro area's external representation, to better reflect its weight in the world economy; c) the Banking Union, to enhance financial stability in the euro area.  The Council will report on the progress achieved by June 2016.	Council Recommendation of 20 September 2016 on the establishment of National Productivity Boards OJ C 349, 24.9.2016, pp. 1–4.  Ecofin Council of on 8 March 2016 conclusions on the fiscal sustainability report.  COM(2016)321 of 18 May 2016 on 2016 European Semester: Country-specific recommendations.  European Parliament resolution of 25 February 2016 on the European Semester for economic policy coordination: Annual Growth Survey 2016 (2015/2285(INI)).  European Parliament resolution of 25 February 2016 on European Semester for economic policy coordination: Employment and Social Aspects in the Annual Growth Survey 2016 (2015/2330(INI)).	Excessive deficit procedure: Council agrees to zero fines and new deadlines for Portugal and Spain, Council press release, 8.8.2016.  Fiscal Sustainability Report 2015, European Commission, 10.1.2016.  Expert Group publishes final report on debt redemption fund and eurobills, Commission, press release, 31.3.2014.  An Expert Group on a debt redemption fund and eurobills (chaired by Gertrude Tumpel-Gugerell) was set up by the Commission in July 2013.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- The legal, economic and political aspects of the more long-term	European Parliament resolution of 17	
	measures contained in the report need to be further explored.	December 2015 on completing Europe's	
	Further to additional work to be undertaken by the Commission	Economic and Monetary Union	
	and the Council, the European Council will come back to those measures at the latest by the end of 2017.	( <u>2015/2936(RSP)</u> ).	
		Communication COM(2015)600 of 21 October	
	<u>15 October 2015:</u>	2015 on steps towards Completing Economic	
	- Took stock of the discussions on the Presidents' report on	and Monetary Union.	
	completing Europe's Economic and Monetary Union. The	Commission decision of 21 October 2015	
	European Council reiterates that the process of completing the	establishing an independent advisory	
	Economic and Monetary Union must be taken forward in full	European Fiscal Board ( <u>C(2015) 8000 final</u> ).	
	respect of the single market and in an open and transparent		
	manner. The European Council will revert to these issues at its	<u>COM(2015)601</u> of 21 October 2015	
	December meeting.	Recommendation for a Council	
		recommendation on the establishment of	
	<u>26 June 2014:</u>	National Competitiveness Boards within the	
	Took note of the report on the Economic and Monetary Union	Euro Area.	
	requested by the December 2014 European Council and asked		
	the Council to rapidly examine it.	COM(2015)602 of 21 October 2015 on a	
		roadmap for moving towards a more	
	18 December 2014:	consistent external representation of the euro	
	Closer coordination of economic policies is essential to ensure	area in international fora.	
	the smooth functioning of the Economic and Monetary Union.		
	Following a discussion on this issue on the basis of an analytical	Proposal for a Council decision laying down	
	note at the informal meeting of the Heads of State or	measures in view of progressively establishing	
	Government in February, the President of the Commission, in	unified representation of the euro area in the	
	close cooperation with the President of the Euro Summit, the	International Monetary Fund (2015/0250	
	President of the Eurogroup and the President of the European	(NLE)).	
	Central Bank, will report at the latest to the June 2015 European	1.6 1.5 6 0 11.42.6 1 1 22.45	
	Council. The Member States will be closely involved in the	Informal Ecofin Council 12 September 2015	
	preparatory work.	discussed the next steps for the further	
	24 Octob or 2044	development of the EU's economic and	
	24 October 2014:	monetary union, on the basis of Five	
		Presidents' report.	

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Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Underlines the urgency of the prompt implementation of		
	measures to boost jobs, growth, competitiveness and of those	Europe's Economic and Monetary Union.	
	aimed at empowering and protecting its citizens as set out in the Strategic Agenda for the Union in Times of Change. Structural	Analytical note by the Commission on	
	reforms and sound public finances are key conditions for	Preparing for Next Steps on Better Economic	
	investment.	Governance in the Euro Area.	
	Invited the Commission, the Council and the Member States to	Governance in the Edio Airea.	
	translate these orientations into concrete policy actions without	COM(2015)12 13 January 2015 on Making the	
	delay.	best use of the flexibility within the existing	
	·	rules of the Stability and Growth Pact.	
	<u>27 June 2014:</u>		
	Conclusion of the 2014 European Semester and endorsement of		
	Council report of 24 June 2014 on the 2014 Country Specific	European Semester: Country-specific	
	Recommendations. The Council and the Commission will further	recommendations.	
	monitor CSR implementation and take action as required.		
	40 D	European Parliament resolution of 11 March	
	19 December 2013:	2015 on the European Semester for economic	
	- In the Euro area, the coordination of economic policies needs	policy coordination: Annual Growth Survey	
	to be further strengthened to ensure both convergence within the EMU and higher levels of sustainable growth. Closer	2015 ( <u>2014/2221(INI)</u> ).	
	coordination of economic policies will help detect economic	COM(2014)400 of 2 June 2014 on 2014	
	vulnerabilities at an early stage, and allow for their timely	European Semester: Country-specific	
	correction	Recommendations: Building Growth.	
	- It is crucial to facilitate and support Member States' reforms in		
	areas which are key for growth, competitiveness and jobs and	COM(2013)166 of 20 March 2013 Towards a	
	which are essential for the smooth functioning of the EMU as a	Deep and Genuine Economic and Monetary	
	whole. Partnerships based on a system of mutually agreed	Union: Ex ante coordination of plans for major	
	contractual arrangements and associated solidarity mechanisms	economic policy reforms.	
	would contribute to facilitate and support sound policies before		
	countries face severe economic difficulties.	COM(2013)165 of 20 March 2013 Towards a	
	- The President of the European Council, in close cooperation	Deep and Genuine Economic and Monetary	
	with the President of the Commission, is to carry work forward	Union: Introduction of convergence and	
	on a system of mutually agreed contractual agreements and	competitiveness instruments.	
	associated solidarity mechanisms and to report to the October		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	2014 European Council with a view to reaching an overall agreement on both of these elements. The Member States will	European Parliament resolution of 25 February 2014 on the European Semester for	
	be closely associated to this work.	economic policy coordination: Employment and Social Aspects in the Annual Growth	
	24 October 2013: - Underlines that closer coordination of economic policies should	Survey 2014 ( <u>2013/2158(INI)</u> ).	
	be focused on policy areas where positive effects on	COM(2012)777 final/2 of 30 November 2012	
	competitiveness, employment and the functioning of the EMU	A blueprint for a deep and genuine economic	
	are most prominent As a first step, the European Council will make a shared analysis	and monetary union Launching a European Debate.	
	of the economic situation in the Member States and in the Euro		
	area as such. To this end, it will already hold a discussion in December following the publication of the Commission's Annual		
	Growth Survey and the Alert Mechanism Report with the aim to		
	agree, on the basis of the relevant indicators, on the main areas		
	for coordination of economic policies and reforms.  - This shared analysis will be based on an assessment of growth		
	and job-enhancing policies and measures, including the		
	performance of labour and product markets, the efficiency of the public sector, as well as research and innovation, education and		
	vocational training, employment and social inclusion in the Euro		
	area.		
	- The Commission will also provide a first overview of the implementation of country-specific recommendations that will		
	be a basis for the further monitoring of their implementation.		
	Work will be carried forward to strengthen economic policy coordination, with the objective of taking decisions in December		
	on the main features of contractual arrangements and of		
	associated solidarity mechanisms.		
	<u>27 June 2013:</u>		
	- It is necessary to put into place a more effective framework for		
	the coordination of economic policies in line with Article 11 of the Treaty on Stability, Coordination and Governance and with		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	the principle of subsidiarity. Following its communication of 20		
	March, the Commission intends to present a proposal on the ex		
	ante coordination of major economic reforms in the autumn.		
	Further work is required on the issues of mutually agreed contracts and associated solidarity mechanisms in the coming		
	months, drawing in particular on the forthcoming Commission		
	communication on economic policy coordination.		
	13 December 2012:		
	- The President of the European Council, in close cooperation		
	with the President of the Commission, after a process of		
	consultations with the Member States, will present to the June		
	2013 European Council possible measures and a time-bound		
	roadmap on the coordination of national reforms:		
	- The coordination of national reforms the participating Member		
	States will be invited to ensure, in line with Article 11 of the TSCG,		
	that all major economic policy reforms that they plan to		
	undertake will be discussed ex ante and, where appropriate,		
	coordinated among themselves. Such coordination shall involve		
	the institutions of the EU as required by EU law to this end. The		
	Commission has announced its intention to make a proposal for a framework for ex ante coordination of major economic policy		
	reforms in the context of the European Semester;		
	- the social dimension of the EMU, including social dialogue;		
	- the feasibility and modalities of mutually agreed contracts for		
	competitiveness and growth: individual arrangements of a		
	contractual nature with EU institutions could enhance ownership		
	and effectiveness. Such arrangements should be differentiated		
	depending on Member States' specific situations. This would		
	engage all Euro area Member States, but non euro Member		
	States may also choose to enter into similar arrangements;		
	- Solidarity mechanisms that can enhance the efforts made by		
	the Member States that enter into such contractual		
	arrangements for competitiveness and growth.		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	28 June 2012:		
	The report 'Towards a Genuine Economic and Monetary Union'		
	presented by the President of the European Council, in		
	cooperation with the Presidents of the Commission, Eurogroup		
	and ECB, sets out 'four essential building blocks' for the future		
	EMU: an integrated financial framework, an integrated		
	budgetary framework, an integrated economic policy framework		
	and strengthened democratic legitimacy and accountability.		
Economic	27 June 2014:	COM(2015)600 of 21 October 2015 on steps	
Governance -	The Commission will report to the European Parliament and to	towards Completing Economic and Monetary	
'Two pack'	the Council on the application of the EU governance framework	Union.	
	by 14 December 2014, as foreseen in EU law ('six-Pack' and 'two-		
	Pack').	European Parliament resolution of 24 June	
		2015 on the review of the economic	
	15 March 2013:	governance framework: stocktaking and	
	It is urgent to complete and implement the framework for better	challenges ( <u>2014/2145(INI)</u> ).	
	economic governance. The new legislation on fiscal and		
	macroeconomic surveillance (the 'six-pack', the 'two-pack' and	<u>COM(2014)905</u> of 28 November 2014 on	
	the TSCG) must be used to the full. In particular, all necessary	Economic Governance Review.	
	preparatory work must be carried out to ensure that these new		
	rules are effectively applied from the beginning of the national	Regulation(EU) No 472/2013 on the	
	budgetary cycles in 2013.	strengthening of economic and budgetary	
		surveillance of Member States in the Euro	
	14 December 2012:	area experiencing or threatened with serious	
	The immediate priority is to complete and implement the	difficulties with respect to their financial	
	framework for stronger economic governance, including the 'six-	stability (OJ L 140, 27.05.2013, pp. 1-10.)	
	pack', the Treaty on Stability, Coordination and Governance		
	(TSCG) and the 'two-pack'. Following the decisive progress	Regulation(EU) No 473/2013 on common	
	achieved on the key elements of the 'two-pack', the European	provisions for monitoring and assessing draft	
	Council calls for its rapid adoption by the co-legislators.	budgetary plans and ensuring the correction	
	10 Octob or 2012	of excessive deficit of the Member States in	
	19 October 2012:	the Euro area (OJ L 140, 27.05.2013, pp. 11-	
	Invites the legislators to find an agreement with a view to	23).	
	adopting the 'two-pack' by the end of 2012 at the latest. This is a		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	key piece of legislation necessary for the reinforcement of the new economic governance in the EU, alongside the reinforced		
	Stability and Growth Pact, the Treaty on Stability, Coordination and Governance (TSCG) and the 'six-pack'. It calls on national authorities and European institutions to implement all of these		
	fully in accordance with their roles under the EU Treaties.		
Economic	27 June 2014:	COM(2015)600 of 21 October 2015 on steps	
Governance -	The Commission will report to the European Parliament and to	towards Completing Economic and Monetary	
'Six pack'	the Council on the application of the EU governance framework	Union.	
	by 14 December 2014, as envisaged in EU law ('six-Pack' and 'two-Pack').	European Parliament resolution of 24 June	
	two rack j.	2015 on the review of the economic	
	24 June 2011:	governance framework: stocktaking and	
	The legislative work on the package for the strengthening of	challenges (2014/2145(INI)).	
	economic governance has progressed substantially and its		
	adoption at first reading is within reach.	COM(2015)85 of 26 February 2015 on 2015	
	25.44   2044	European Semester: Assessment of growth challenges, prevention and correction of	
	25 March 2011: Welcomes the general approach reached on the proposals in the	macroeconomic imbalances, and results of in-	
	Council, opening the way for negotiations with the European	depth reviews under Regulation (EU) No	
	Parliament. It called for work to be taken forward with a view to	1176/2011.	
	their adoption in June 2011.		
		COM(2014)905 of 28 November 2014 on	
	4 February 2011:	Economic Governance Review.	
	Called on the Council to reach in March a general approach on the Commission's legislative proposals on economic governance,	Regulation (EU) No1173/2011 on the effective	
	ensuring full implementation of the recommendations of the	enforcement of budgetary surveillance in the	
	Task Force, so as to reach a final agreement with the EP by the	Euro area (OJ L 306 23.11.2011, pp. 1-7).	
	end of June. This will allow strengthening the Stability and		
	Growth Pact and implementing a new macroeconomic	Regulation (EU) No 1174/2011 on	
	framework.	enforcement measures to correct excessive macroeconomic imbalances in the Euro area	
	<u>17 December 2010:</u>	(OJ L 306, 23.11.2011, pp. 8-11).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Called for the acceleration of the work on the six legislative proposals on economic governance, building on the	Regulation (EU) No 1175/2011 amending Council Regulation (EC) No 1466/97 on the	
	recommendations of the Task Force endorsed last October and	strengthening of the surveillance of budgetary	
	keeping a high level of ambition, so that they can be adopted by	positions and the surveillance and	
	June 2011. It welcomed the Council's report on the treatment of	coordination of economic policies (OJ L 306,	
	systemic pension reform under the Stability and Growth Pact and	23.11.2011, pp. 12-24).	
	called for the report to be reflected in the specifications on the implementation of the reformed SGP.	Regulation (EU) No 1176/2011 on the	
	implementation of the reformed 3GF.	prevention and correction of macroeconomic	
	29 October 2010:	imbalances (OJ L 306, 23.11.2011, pp. 25-32.	
	- Endorses the report of the Task Force on economic governance.		
	Its implementation will allow us to increase fiscal discipline,	Council Regulation (EU) No 1177/2011	
	broaden economic surveillance, deepen coordination, and set up	amending Regulation (EC) No 1467/97 on	
	a robust framework for crisis management and stronger institutions. The European Council calls for a 'fast track' approach	speeding up and clarifying the implementation of the excessive deficit	
	to be followed on the adoption of secondary legislation needed	procedure (OJ L 306, 23.11.2011, pp. 33-40).	
	for the implementation of many of the recommendations. The	procedure (03 £ 300, £3.11.2011, pp. 33 40).	
	objective is for the Council and the European Parliament to reach	Council Directive 85/2011/EU on	
	agreement by summer 2011 on the Commission's legislative	requirements for budgetary frameworks of	
	proposals, noting that the Task Force report does not cover all	the Member States (OJ L 306, 23.11.2011, pp.	
	issues addressed in these proposals and vice-versa. This will	41-47).	
	ensure the effective implementation of the new surveillance arrangements as soon as possible. The result will be a substantial		
	strengthening of the economic pillar of EMU, enhancing		
	confidence and thus contributing to sustainable growth,		
	employment and competitiveness.		
	- Invites the Council to speed up work on how the impact of		
	pension reform is accounted for in the implementation of the		
	Stability and Growth Pact and report back to the European		
	Council in December. Acknowledging the importance of systemic pension reforms, a level playing field within the SGP should be		
	ensured.		
	<u>16 September 2010:</u>		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Underlines the need to maintain momentum on the reform of European economic governance, and looks forward to receiving for its October 2010 meeting the final report of the Task Force, encompassing all aspects of the mandate given by the European Council of March 2010 and presenting a comprehensive package of measures which will guide legislative work.		
	17 June 2010: The present rules on budgetary discipline must be fully implemented. As regards their strengthening, the European Council agrees on the following orientations:  a) Strengthening both the preventive and corrective arms of the Stability and Growth Pact, with sanctions attached to the consolidation path towards the medium term objective; these will be reviewed so as to have a coherent and progressive system, ensuring a level playing field across Member States. Due account will be taken of the particular situation of Member States which are members of the Euro area and Member States' respective obligations under the Treaties will be fully respected; b) Giving, in budgetary surveillance, a much more prominent role to levels and evolutions of debt and overall sustainability, as originally foreseen in the Stability and Growth Pact; c) from 2011 onwards, in the context of a 'European semester', presenting to the Commission in the spring Stability and Convergence Programmes for the upcoming years, taking account of national budgetary procedures; d) ensuring that all Member States have national budgetary rules and medium term budgetary frameworks in line with the Stability and Growth Pact; their effects should be		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	e) ensuring the quality of statistical data, essential for a sound budgetary policy and budgetary surveillance; statistical		
	offices should be fully independent for data provision.		
	As regards macro-economic surveillance, it agrees on the		
	following orientations:		
	a) developing a scoreboard to better assess competitiveness		
	developments and imbalances and allow for an early		
	detection of unsustainable or dangerous trends;		
	b) developing an effective surveillance framework, reflecting the particular situation of Euro area Member States.		
	Invites the Task Force and the Commission to rapidly develop		
	further and make operational these orientations. It looks forward		
	to the final report of the Task Force, covering the full scope of its		
	mandate, for its meeting in October 2010.		
	26 March 2010:		
	Asks the President of the European Council to establish, in		
	cooperation with the Commission, a task force with representatives of the Member States, the rotating presidency		
	and the ECB, to present to the Council, before the end of this		
	year, the measures needed to reach the objective of an improved		
	crisis resolution framework and better budgetary discipline,		
	exploring all options to reinforce the legal framework.		
Euro Plus Pact	24 March 2011:	Annex I of the Conclusions of the Heads of	
	- The Euro Plus Pact will strengthen the economic pillar of EMU	State or Government of the Euro area of 11	
	and achieve a new quality of economic policy coordination, with	March 2011 ( <u>PCE 67/11</u> ).	
	the objective of improving competitiveness and thereby leading to a higher degree of convergence reinforcing our social market		
	economy.		
	- The Member States to announce a set of concrete actions to be		
	achieved within the next twelve months; all participating		
	Member States will present their commitments as soon as		
	possible and in any event in time for their inclusion in their		
	Stability or Convergence Programmes and National Reform		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Programmes to be submitted in April and for their assessment at the June European Council.		
European Semester 2017	22-23 June 2017:  The European Council generally endorses the integrated country-specific recommendations as discussed by the Council, thus allowing the conclusion of the 2017 European Semester.  9 March 2017:  The European Council endorses the policy priority areas of the Annual Growth Survey, and invites Member States to reflect them in their forthcoming National Reform Programmes and Stability or Convergence Programmes. The European Council also endorses the draft Council recommendation on the economic policy of the euro area.	Ecofin Council of 16 June 2017 approved, under the 2017 'European Semester', draft recommendations to 27 Member States on their economic and fiscal policies.  Ecofin Council of 23 May 2017 adopted conclusions on the in-depth reviews of macroeconomic imbalances in 13 Member States.  Ecofin Council of 21 March 2017 discussed how to boost implementation of country-specific recommendations under the European Semester and adopted a recommendation on the economic policies of the euro area.  Annual report on single market governance within the European semester 2017, 15 February 2017(2016/2248(INI)).  European Semester for economic policy coordination: annual growth survey 2017, 15 February 2017 (2016/2306(INI)).  European Semester for economic policy coordination: employment and social Aspects in the annual growth survey 2017, 15 February 2017 (2016/2307(INI)).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Council conclusions of 27 January 2017 on the 2017 alert mechanism report.	
		Council conclusions of 27 January 2017 on macroeconomic and fiscal guidance to the Member States (annual growth survey).	
		Communication COM(2016)0727 of 16 November 2016, Towards a positive fiscal stance for the Euro area.	
		Communication COM(2016)0725 of 16 November 2016, Annual Growth Survey 2017.	
		Report COM(2016)0728 of 16 November 2016, Alert Mechanism Report 2017 (prepared in accordance with Articles 3 and 4 of Regulation (EU) No 1176/2011 on the prevention and correction of macroeconomic imbalances).	
		Recommendation COM(2016)0726 of 16 November 2016 for a Council Recommendation on the economic policy of the euro area. SWD(2016) 391.	
		Draft report COM(2016)0729 of 16 November 2016 accompanying the communication from the Commission on the Annual Growth Survey 2017.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Communication COM(2016)0730 of 16	
		November 2016 on the 2017 Draft Budgetary Plans: Overall Assessment.	
European Semester	28 June 2016:	Ecofin Council conclusions on the	European Semester Autumn
2016	- The European Council generally endorsed the country-specific	implementation of its 2016 country-specific	Package: Working for a stronger
	recommendations as discussed by the Council, thus allowing	recommendations on economic and fiscal	and more inclusive economic
	the conclusion of the 2016 European Semester.	policies.	recovery, press release,
			<u>16.11.2016</u> .
	<u>17-18 March 2016:</u>	European Parliament resolution of	
	- To steer the Council's discussions on the 2016 European	26 October 2016 on the European Semester	Excessive deficit procedure:
	Semester, the European Council endorsed the policy priority	for economic policy coordination:	Council agrees to zero fines and
	areas of the Annual Growth Survey: re-launching investment,	implementation of 2016 priorities	new deadlines for Portugal and
	pursuing structural reforms to modernise our economies, and	( <u>2016/2101(INI)</u> ).	Spain, Council press release,
	conducting responsible fiscal policies. Member States will reflect these priorities in their forthcoming National Reform	Ecofin Council of 25 May 2016 adopted	8.8.2016.
	Programmes and Stability or Convergence Programmes. Such	conclusions on in-depth reviews of	
	policies will contribute to placing the current recovery on a	macroeconomic imbalances and	
	more sustainable basis and to fostering growth and	implementation of country-specific	
	employment. The European Council notes the Commission	recommendations.	
	consultation on social issues and stresses the importance of		
	well-functioning labour markets and welfare systems.	COM(2016)0321 on the 2016 European	
		Semester: Country-specific	
	<u>18-19 February 2016:</u>	recommendations.	
	- Endorsed the recommendation on the economic policy of the		
	euro area.	COM(2016)095 final/2 on the 2016 European	
		Semester: Assessment of progress on	
		structural reforms, prevention and correction of macroeconomic imbalances, and results of	
		in-depth reviews under Regulation (EU) No	
		1176/2011.	
		Economic and Financial Affairs Council of	
		8 March 2016 <u>recommendation</u> for a Council	
		recommendation on the economic policy of	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		the euro area accompanied by an <u>explanatory</u> <u>note</u> .	
		European Parliament resolution of 25 February 2016 on the European Semester for economic policy coordination: Annual Growth Survey 2016 (2015/2285(INI)).	
		European Parliament resolution of 25 February 2016 on European Semester for economic policy coordination: Employment and Social Aspects in the Annual Growth Survey 2016 (2015/2330(INI)).	
		Ecofin Council conclusions of 15 January 2016 on draft recommendation for the euro area.	
		COM(2015)692 of 26 November 2015 Recommendation on the economic policy of the euro area.	
		Ecofin Council of 15 January 2016 adopted conclusions on the Annual Growth Survey 2016.	
		COM(2015)690 of 26 November 2015 the Annual Growth Survey 2016.	
		Ecofin Council of 15 January 2016 conclusions on the Alert Mechanism Report 2016.	
		Report COM(2015) 691 final on Alert Mechanism Report 2016.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
European Semester 2015	26 June 2015: Concluded the 2015 European Semester by generally endorsing the Country Specific Recommendations and calling for their implementation.  20 March 2015: Endorsed the main pillars of the Annual Growth Survey (investment, structural reforms and growth-friendly fiscal consolidation) and invited Member States to reflect these priorities in their forthcoming National Reform Programmes and Stability or Convergence Programmes.  18 December 2014: Fostering investment and addressing market failure in Europe is a key policy challenge. The new focus on investment, coupled with Member States' commitment to intensifying structural reforms and to pursuing growth-friendly fiscal consolidation, will provide the foundation for growth and jobs in Europe.	European Semester for economic policy coordination: implementation of 2015 priorities (2015/2210(INI)).  Ecofin Council 14 July 2015 issued recommendations and opinions on economic, employment and fiscal policies planned by the Member States.  European Parliament resolution of 24 June 2015 on the review of the economic governance framework: stocktaking and challenges (2014/2145(INI)).  Ecofin Council 19 June 2015 approved recommendations and opinions on economic and fiscal policies planned by the Member States.  COM(2015)250 13 May 2015 on the 2015 European Semester: Country-specific recommendations.  Ecofin Council of 12 May 2015 adopted conclusions on in-depth reviews.  European Parliament resolution of 11 March 2015 on the European Semester for economic policy coordination: Annual Growth Survey 2015 (2014/2221(INI)).  Ecofin Council 17 February 2015 adopted conclusions on the European Semester 2015 - Annual Growth Survey: macroeconomic and	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		fiscal guidance to Member States and Alert Mechanism Report.  COM(2015)85 of 26 February 2015 on the	
		2015 European Semester: Assessment of growth challenges, prevention and correction of macroeconomic imbalances, and results of in-depth reviews under Regulation (EU) No 1176/2011.	
		COM(2014)902 from the Commission on the Annual Growth Survey 2015.	
		<u>Draft</u> <u>joint</u> <u>employment</u> <u>report</u> <u>COM(2014)906</u> of 22 November 2014 from the Commission and the Council.	
		COM(2014) 904 report of 28 November 2014 on Alert Mechanism Report 2015.	
European Semester 2014	27 June 2014: Generally endorsed the country-specific recommendations (CSR) and thus concluded the 2014 European Semester. Their implementation is key to accelerate growth. Based on the principles of national ownership and social dialogue, Member	Ecofin Council 8 July 2014 issued recommendations and opinions on economic, employment and fiscal policies planned by the Member States.	
	States should respect the recommendations in their forthcoming decisions on budgets, structural reforms and employment and social policies. The Council and the Commission will further monitor CSR implementation and take action as required.	COM(2014)400 of 2 June 2014 on the 2014 European Semester: Country-specific recommendations.	
	21 March 2014: Endorsed the five broad policy priorities for the European Union and its Member States set out in the 2014 Annual Growth Survey	COM(2013)800 13 November 2013 from the Commission on the Annual Growth Survey 2014.	
	(AGS): pursuing differentiated, growth-friendly fiscal consolidation, restoring normal lending to the economy,	Report COM(2013)790 of 13 November 2013 on Alert Mechanism Report 2014.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Specific issue	promoting growth and competitiveness, tackling unemployment and the social consequences of the crisis, while modernising public administration. To steer the Council's discussions on the 2014 European Semester, the European Council put particular emphasis on policies enhancing competitiveness, supporting job creation and fighting unemployment, particularly youth unemployment, and on the follow-up to reforms to improve the functioning of labour markets. The National Reform Programmes and the Stability and Convergence Programmes should address the issues identified in last year's Country-Specific Recommendations and in the Commission's recent analysis in the context of the integrated surveillance of macroeconomic and fiscal imbalances, including its in-depth reviews and the Stability and Growth Pact, while taking full account of the discussions held in the Council in the framework of the European Semester.  19 December 2013:  Welcomed the Alert Mechanism Report and endorsed the five broad policy priorities for the European Union and its Member States set out in the 2014 Annual Growth Survey (AGS):  - pursuing differentiated, growth-friendly fiscal consolidation;  - restoring normal lending to the economy;  - promoting growth and competitiveness;  - tackling unemployment and the social consequences of the crisis while modernising public administration.  Policies should focus in particular on:  - reinforcing tax and other incentives for job creation, including shifting taxes away from labour;  - extending working lives, increasing labour market participation, stepping up active labour;	European Parliament resolution of 25 February 2014 on the European Semester for economic policy coordination: Annual Growth Survey 2014 (2013/2157(INI)).	
	<ul> <li>market measures and continuing to modernise education and training systems, including life-long learning and vocational training;</li> </ul>		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	<ul> <li>ensuring that labour cost developments are consistent with productivity gain addressing skills mismatches;</li> <li>increasing labour mobility.</li> <li>Policies fostering innovation and leading to productivity gains remain crucial.</li> </ul>		
European Semester 2013	June 2013: Concluded the 2013 European semester by generally endorsing the country-specific recommendations. Member States will now translate the recommendations into their forthcoming decisions on budgets, structural reforms and employment and social policies, while promoting full national ownership and preserving social dialogue. The Council and the Commission will closely monitor their implementation. The Council will regularly discuss and assess the economic situation in Europe.  13 December 2012: - Welcomes the timely submission of the Annual Growth Survey (AGS) by the Commission, which launches the 2013 European semester The Commission is invited to include in its next Annual Growth Survey an assessment of the performance of labour and product markets with a view to promoting jobs and growth.	Ecofin Council 9 July 2013 issued recommendations to 23 member states on the economic and employment policies set out in their national reform programmes, and opinions on their fiscal policies, as presented in their stability/convergence programmes. It also issued a specific recommendation on the economic policies of the member states of the euro area.  COM(2013)350 of 29 May 2013 on 2013 European Semester: Country-specific recommendations.  COM(2012)750 28 November 2012 on the Annual Growth Survey 2013.  European Parliament resolution of 7 February 2013 on the European Semester for Economic Policy Coordination: Annual Growth Survey	
Financing the economy	20-21 October 2016  - Calls on the Council to agree its negotiating position on the Commission's new EFSI proposal at its meeting on 6 December, taking into account the independent external evaluation that will be delivered in November.  20 March 2014:	2013 (2012/2256(INI)).  Decision No 562/2014/EU on the participation of the European Union in the capital increase of the European Investment Fund (OJ L 156, 24.05.2014, pp. 1-4).  Regulation (EU) No 1287/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 December 2013 establishing a Programme for	See also section IV. Competitiveness on the European Investment Plan, COSME and Horizon 2020 instruments.  EFSI independent external evaluation, EC website, 14.11.2016.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Efforts must continue to foster entrepreneurship. Particular	the Competitiveness of Enterprises and small	
	attention should be paid to encouraging the creation and growth of SMEs, including facilitating access to finance across the EU.	and medium-sized enterprises (COSME) (2014 - 2020) and repealing Decision No	
	- The best possible use should be made of EU instruments such	1639/2006/EC, OJ L 347, 20.12.2013, pp. 33–	
	as Horizon 2020, the Connecting Europe Facility, the European	49	
	Structural and Investment Funds and COSME as well as market-	Procedure: 2011/0394(COD).	
	based and other innovative financial instruments to support		
	competitiveness and access of SMEs to finance.	Joint Commission-EIB <u>report</u> to the European	
	40.0	Council, 27-28 June 2013: 'Increasing lending	
	19 December 2013:	to the economy: implementing the EIB capital	
	- Welcomes the implementation of EIB capital increase enabling the bank to step up its lending across the EU by 38%, to	increase and joint Commission-EIB initiatives'.	
	€62 billion this year.	European Parliament resolution of 5 February	
	- Welcomes the support by the EIB Group in 2013 of €23.1 billion	2013 on improving access to finance for SMEs	
	for SME businesses and mid-cap companies throughout the EU	( <u>2012/2134(INI)</u> )	
	28.		
	- Reiterates its call to launch the SME initiative in January 2014,	<u>COM(2012)795</u> of 9 January 2013	
	in line with its October 2013 conclusions, while work should	Entrepreneurship 2020 Action Plan: Reigniting	
	continue on further developing tools for the future Calls on the Member States participating in the SME initiative	the entrepreneurial spirit in Europe.	
	to inform the Commission and the EIB about their contributions	European Parliament resolution of 11	
	by the end of the year.	December 2012 on financing EU SMEs' trade	
	- Welcomes the EIB's new mandate to the European Investment	and investment: facilitated access to credit in	
	Fund (EIF) of up to €4 billion.	support of internationalisation	
	- Calls on the Commission and the EIB to further enhance the EIF	( <u>2012/2114(INI)</u> ).	
	capacity through an increase in its capital with a view to reaching		
	final agreement by May 2014.	Joint EIB-European Commission report:	
	24 October 2013:	'Supporting small and medium-sized enterprises in 2012'.	
	- The programming negotiations of the European Structural and	enterprises in 2012.	
	Investment Funds (ESIF) to be used to significantly increase the	COM(2011)870 of 7 December 2011 on an	
	overall EU support from these funds to leverage based financial	action plan to improve access to finance for	
	instruments for SMEs in 2014-2020, while at least doubling	SMEs.	
	support in countries where conditions remain tight.		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- These instruments should be designed in a way which limits market fragmentation, ensures high leverage effects and quick	<u>Decision</u> of the Board of Governors of 31 December 2012 on the increase in the capital	
	uptake by the SMEs. This will help concentrate the funds	of the European Investment Bank (OJ C 100,	
	adequately and expand the volume of new loans to SMEs.	6.4.2013, pp. 7–9).	
	- It reiterates its call to expand joint risk-sharing financial	, , ,	
	instruments between the Commission and the European		
	Investment Bank (EIB) to leverage private sector and capital		
	market investments in SMEs, with the aim of expanding the		
	volume of new loans to SMEs across the EU. Work should be		
	finalised to amend the Common Provisions Regulation to enable the use of guarantees.		
	- The new instruments should achieve high leverage effects and		
	be attractive for private sector and capital markets investment.		
	The EIB should start implementing them while work should start		
	immediately on further developing tools for the future,		
	especially on securitisation.		
	- Calls for the greatest possible participation by Member States.		
	Participating Member States will inform the Commission and the		
	EIB about their contributions by the end of the year. The new instruments should begin operating in January 2014 to		
	accompany recovery, fight unemployment and reduce		
	fragmentation in the initial years of the financial framework.		
	- Welcomes the agreement on the COSME and Horizon 2020		
	programmes and points out that their implementation is a		
	matter of priority.		
	- Encourages the legislator to work swiftly on the proposed		
	legislation on long-term investment funds with a view to its		
	adoption before the end of the legislative period.		
	27 June 2013:		
	- Agrees on the following measures to be implemented as a		
	matter of priority, with report on implementation by October		
	2013:		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Specific issue	<ul> <li>a) Stepping up efforts by the EIB to support lending to the economy by making full use of the increase of €10 billion in its capital. The European Council calls on the EIB to implement its plan to increase its lending activity in the EU by at least 40% over 2013-2015; to this effect, the EIB has already identified new lending opportunities of more than €150 billion across a set of critical priorities such as innovation and skills, SME access to finance, resources efficiency and strategic infrastructures;</li> <li>b) Expansion of joint risk-sharing financial instruments between the European Commission and the EIB to leverage private sector and capital markets investments in SMEs. These initiatives should ensure that the volume of new loans to SMEs across the EU is expanded, respecting the principles of financial soundness and transparency as well as the MFF ceilings. The Council, in consultation with the Commission and the EIB, will specify without delay the parameters for the design of such instruments co-financed by the Structural Funds, aiming at high leverage effects. The necessary preparations should be made to allow these instruments to begin operating in January 2014;</li> <li>c) Increasing the EIF's credit enhancement capacity;</li> <li>d) Gradually expansion the EIB's trade finance schemes to favour SME business across the Union, especially in programme countries;</li> <li>e) Strengthening the cooperation between national</li> </ul>	State of play	Remarks
	development banks and the EIB to increase opportunities for co-lending and exchanges of best practices;  f) developing alternative sources of financing in close cooperation with Member States.		
	-Given the importance of SMEs for the economy, especially as regar ds job creation, measures to support SME financing will be a priority. This is particularly important in countries with high youth unemployment and where new investments are needed to		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	promote growth and jobs. It is also important to promote entrepreneurship and self-employment. The European Council accordingly agreed on the launch of a new 'Investment Plan'.		
	14 March 2013: The recent increase in the EIB capital by €10 billion will allow the Bank to lend an additional €60 billion in support to growth and jobs, and together with the European Investment Fund, this will help catalyse projects worth up to €180 billion in 2013-2015.		
	18 October 2012:  - The EIB is expected to adopt its €10 billion capital increase with the aim of strengthening its capital basis as well as increasing its overall lending capacity by €60 billion.  - This should in turn lead to additional investment of up to €180 billion over the next three years. Work is under way to ensure that the €55 billion of Structural Funds are mobilised quickly and efficiently; the Commission will continue to help Member States to re-programme the Structural Funds to focus them better on growth and jobs.		
	28 June 2012:  - €120 billion to be mobilised for fast-acting growth measures  - The EIB's paid-in capital to be increased by €10 billion.  - To increase EIB overall lending capacity by €60 billion, and thus unlock up to €180 billion of additional investment, spread across the whole EU.  - This decision to enter into force no later than 31 December 2012.  - Structural Funds: a further €55 billion to be devoted to growth enhancing measures (innovation/research, SMEs and youth employment).		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Economic Policy - Investment EU co-financing rates	23 October 2011:  - Calls for the adoption before the end of the year of the proposals to temporarily increase co-financing rates for EU funds, accompanied by a targeting of those funds on growth, competitiveness and employment.  - The EIB is invited to examine in close cooperation with the Commission the possibilities of further contributing to boosting investment in Europe, including for countries implementing an adjustment programme.	Regulation (EU) No 1311/2011 amending Council Regulation (EC) No 1083/2006 as regards certain provisions relating to financial management for certain Member States experiencing or threatened with serious difficulties with respect to their financial stability (OJ L 337, 20/12/2011, pp. 5–8).	
Compact for Growth and Jobs	28 June 2012: The Compact encompasses action to be taken by the MS and the EU with the aim of re-launching growth, investment and employment as well as making Europe more competitive.	The Compact for Growth and Jobs agreed by Heads of State or Government at the European Council of June 2012 (EUCO 76/12).	
Compact for Growth and Jobs (follow-up)	19-20 December 2013  - The Compact for Growth and Jobs agreed in June 2012 remains one of the EU's major tools aimed at re-launching growth, investment and employment as well as making Europe more competitive. The implementation of the Compact remains the key element to fulfil these objectives. While substantial progress has been achieved in a number of areas, efforts should continue to ensure that the potential of the Compact is used to its fullest extent. This should be kept under regular review by the Council.  27 June 2013  Looks forward to an updated progress report on the Compact in December 2013 building on a regular review by the Council.	Ecofin Council of 28 January 2014 discussed the follow-up to the European Council's meeting in December as regards implementation of the Compact for Jobs and Growth.  General Affairs Council of 29 September 2014 discussed progress achieved in the past two years since the Compact for Growth and Jobs was adopted. The discussion was based on a presidency report.	The Commission presented two progress reports on the implementation of the Compact for Growth and Jobs on 18 October 2012 and 27 June 2013, respectively.
I.3 Tax polici	es		
Corporate Tax Avoidance - Automatic	28 June 2016:  - The fight against tax fraud, evasion and avoidance, and against money laundering remains a priority, both within the EU and internationally. This is illustrated by the recent adoption of	Ecofin Council of 11 October 2016 adopted conclusions on Tax Transparency	Taxation: Council agrees criteria for the screening of third country jurisdictions, press release 8.11.2016.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
exchange of information (EU)	relevant EU legislation to take up this challenge, in particular in the area of exchange of information on tax rulings and country-by-country reporting, as well as the agreement reached on the Anti Tax-Avoidance Directive.  18 December 2014:  There is an urgent need to advance efforts in the fight against tax avoidance and aggressive tax planning, both at the global and EU levels.  Looks forward to the Commission's proposal on the automatic exchange of information on tax rulings in the EU. The Council will discuss how to make progress on all these issues and report back to the June 2015 European Council.  20 March 2014:  Invites the Council to ensure that, with the adoption of the Directive on administrative cooperation by the end of 2014, EU law is fully aligned with the new global standard.  19 December 2013:  Calls on the Council to reach unanimous political agreement on the Directive on administrative cooperation in early 2014.  22 May 2013:  Calls for rapid progress on the following issues:  Efforts to extend the automatic exchange of information at the EU and global levels.  The Commission to propose amendments to the Directive on administrative cooperation in June 2013 in order for the automatic exchange of information to cover a full range of income.	Council Directive (EU) 2016/1164 of 12 July 2016 laying down rules against tax avoidance practices that directly affect the functioning of the internal market.  Procedure: 2016/11(CNS).  Proposal COM(2016)198 of 12 April 2016 for a directive of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Directive 2013/34/EU as regards disclosure of income tax information by certain undertakings and branches.  Procedure: 2016/0107 (COD).  Ecofin Council conclusions of 12 February 2015 on Tax Avoidance.  COM(2016)023 of 28 January 2016 on the Anti-Tax Avoidance Package: next steps towards delivering effective taxation and greater tax transparency in the EU.  Council Directive (EU) 2016/881 of 25 May 2016 amending Directive 2011/16/EU as regards mandatory automatic exchange of information in the field of taxation (OJ L 146, 3.6.2016, pp. 8–21).  Procedure: 2016/010 (CNS).  Recommendation C(2016)271final on the implementation of measures against tax treaty abuse.	Fair Taxation: Commission launches work to create first common EU list of non-cooperative tax jurisdictions, European Commission press release 15 September 2016.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		COM(2016)24 of 28 January 2016 on an External Strategy for Effective Taxation.	
		Council Directive (EU) 2015/2376 of 8 December 2015 amending Directive 2011/16/EU as regards mandatory automatic exchange of information in the field of taxation. Procedure: 2015/0068/CNS.	
		Ecofin Council conclusions of 8 December 2015 on corporate taxation.	
		EP resolution with recommendations to the Commission on bringing transparency, coordination and convergence to corporate tax policies in the Union (2015/2010(INL)).	
		EP resolution on tax rulings and other measures similar in nature or effect (2015/2066(INI)).	
		COM(2015)302 of 17 June 2015 'A Fair and Efficient Corporate Tax System in the European Union: 5 Key Areas for Action'.	
		Directive 2014/107 of 9 December 2014 amending Directive 2011/16/EU as regards mandatory automatic exchange of information in the field of taxation (OJ L 359,	
		16.12.2014, p. 1–29). Procedure: <u>2013/0188/CNS</u> .	
		Council Directive 2011/16/EU of 15 February 2015 on administrative cooperation in the	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		field of taxation and repealing Directive 77/799/EEC (OJ L 64, 11/03/2011, pp. 1–12). Procedure: 2009/0004/CNS.	
Common consolidated corporate tax base (CCCTB)	14 March 2013: Work should advance on pending tax files such as the proposals on energy taxation, on the common consolidated corporate tax base and on the revision of the Savings Tax Directive.	Council directive amending Directive (EU) 2016/1164 as regards hybrid mismatches with third countries.  Procedure: 2016/0339 (CNS).	
	18 October 2012: Called for progress on the common consolidated corporate tax base.	Ecofin Council agreement on a new system for resolving double taxation disputes between Member States and discussed the proposal for CCCTB.	
	1 March 2012: Work and discussions should be carried forward on the Commission proposals on energy taxation, on the common consolidated corporate tax base, on the financial transactions tax and on the revision of the Savings Tax Directive.	Ecofin Council of 21 February agreed its position on rules 'hybrid mismatches' with third countries.	
	23 October 2011: Legislative work on the Commission proposals for a common consolidated corporate tax base is ongoing.	Council Conclusions of 6 December 2016 on building a fair, competitive and stable corporate tax system for the EU.  Proposal COM(2016)0686 of 25 October 2016	
	23 June 2011: In line with the Euro Plus Pact, the Commission has made a proposal on a common consolidated corporate tax base.	for a Council Directive on Double Taxation Dispute Resolution Mechanisms in the European Union. Procedure: 2016/0338 (CNS).	
	24 March 2011:  Developing a common corporate tax base could be a revenue neutral way forward to ensure consistency among national tax systems while respecting national tax strategies, and to contribute to fiscal sustainability and the competitiveness of European businesses. The Commission has presented a	Proposal <u>COM(2016) 685</u> of 25 October 2016 for a Council Directive on a Common Corporate Tax Base.  Procedure: <u>2016/0336(CNS)</u> .	
	legislative proposal on a common consolidated corporate tax base.		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Proposal <u>COM(2016) 683</u> of 25 October 2016 for a Council Directive on a Common	
		Consolidated Corporate Tax Base (CCCTB).	
		Procedure: <u>2016/0337(CNS).</u>	
		COM(2016)682 of 25 October 2016 on	
		building a fair, competitive and stable	
		corporate tax system for the EU.	
		COM(2015) 302 of 22 May 2015 entitled 'A	
		Fair and Efficient Corporate Tax System in the European Union: 5 Key Areas for Action'.	
		Luropean officit. 5 key Areas for Action .	
		<u>Proposal COM(2011)0121</u> of 6 March 2011 for	
		a Council Directive on a Common Consolidated Corporate Tax Base (CCCTB).	
		Procedure: 2011/0058(CNS).	
Base Erosion and	28 June 2016:	Ecofin Council of 16 June 2017 adopted	
Profit Shifting (BEPS), automatic	- The fight against tax fraud, evasion and avoidance, and against money laundering remains a priority, both within the EU and	conclusions on the code of conduct on business taxation.	
exchange of	internationally. This is illustrated by the recent adoption of		
information	relevant EU legislation to take up this challenge, in particular in	Ecofin Council of 21 February discussed the	
(global) and harmful tax	the area of exchange of information on tax rulings and country- by-country reporting, as well as the agreement reached on the	EU list of non-cooperative third-country jurisdictions in taxation matters.	
measures	AntiTax-Avoidance Directive. ()	jurisdictions in taxation matters.	
	10 December 2014.	Ecofin Council of 8 November 2016	
	18 December 2014: - There is an urgent need to advance efforts in the fight against	conclusions on the criteria and the process leading to the establishment of an EU list of	
	tax avoidance and aggressive tax planning, both at the global and	non-cooperative jurisdictions for tax	
	EU levels.	purposes.	
	- Looks forward to the Commission's proposal on the automatic exchange of information on tax rulings in the EU. The Council will	Council Directive (EU) 2016/881 of 25 May	
	discuss how to make progress on all these issues and report back	2016 amending Directive 2011/16/EU as	
	to the June 2015 European Council.	regards mandatory automatic exchange of	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	22 May 2013:	information in the field of taxation (OJ L 146,	
	- The EU will play a key role in promoting the automatic exchange	3.6.2016, pp. 8–21).	
	of information as the new international standard, taking account	Procedure: <u>2016/0010(CNS)</u> .	
	of existing EU arrangements. The European Council welcomes	5 6 6 11 6 95 14 9946 1 1 1	
	ongoing efforts made in the G8, G20 and OECD to develop a	Ecofin Council of 25 May 2016 adopted	
	global standard.  - Continue work within the EU on the elimination of harmful tax	conclusions on corporate tax avoidance – anti-avoidance rules.	
	measures: strengthening of the Code of Conduct on business	anti-avoidance rules.	
	taxation on the basis of the existing mandate.	Ecofin Council of 8 March 2016 adopted	
	- Work on Commission's recommendations on aggressive tax	conclusions on the code of conduct on	
	planning and profit shifting.	business taxation.	
	- Looks forward to the OECD's forthcoming report on base		
	erosion and profit shifting	Recommendation <u>C(2016)271</u> on the	
	- Efforts taken against base erosion, profit shifting, lack of	implementation of measures against tax	
	transparency and harmful tax measures also need to be pursued	treaty abuse.	
	globally, with third countries and within relevant international fora, such as the OECD, so as to ensure a level-playing field, on	COM(2016)024 of 28 January 2016 on an	
	the basis of coordinated EU positions.	External Strategy for Effective Taxation.	
	the basis of coordinated to positions.	External strategy for Effective Taxation.	
	14 March 2013:	Ecofin Council of 8 December 2015 adopted	
	- Ensure close coordination with the OECD and the GDP to	conclusions on corporate taxation and BEPS.	
	develop internationally agreed standards for the prevention of		
	base erosion and profit shifting.	Ecofin Council of 8 December 2015 adopted	
		conclusions on business taxation – future of	
		the code of conduct.	
		Commission Decision C(2015) 4095	
		establishing the Commission Expert Group	
		'Platform for Tax Good Governance,	
		Aggressive Tax Planning and Double Taxation'	
		and replacing Decision (2013)2236.	
		On 10 October 2015, G20 finance ministers	
		<u>endorsed</u> reforms to the international tax	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		system for curbing avoidance by multinational enterprises.	
		On 5 October 2015, the OECD <u>presented</u> the Final BEPS package for reform of the international tax system to tackle tax avoidance.	
		Luxembourg Presidency: EU-BEPS roadmap on future work (10649/15).	
		COM(2015)302 of 17 June 2015 'A Fair and Efficient Corporate Tax System in the European Union: 5 Key Areas for Action'.	
		On 16 November 2014, the OECD <u>presented</u> 7 of the 15 elements of the Action Plan to the G20 Leaders Summit in Brisbane, Australia.	
		On 29 October 2014, 51 jurisdictions, 39 of which were represented at ministerial level, signed a multilateral competent authority agreement to automatically exchange information based on Article 6 of the Multilateral Convention. This agreement specifies the details of what information will be exchanged and when, as set out in the Standard.	
		The full Standard for Automatic Exchange of Financial Information in Tax Matters was endorsed by the G20 Finance Ministers at their meeting in Cairns in September 2014.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		On 6 May 2014, the OECD Declaration on Automatic Exchange of Information in Tax	
		Matters was endorsed by all 34 member	
		countries along with several non-member	
		countries.	
		On 23 February 2014, the G20 Finance	
		Ministers endorsed the Common Reporting	
		Standard for automatic exchange of tax	
		information, now contained in Part II of the full version of the Standard.	
		G20 Leaders at their meeting fully endorsed in	
		September 2013 fully endorsed the OECD	
		proposal for a truly global model for automatic exchange of information.	
		automatic exchange of information.	
		On 9 July 2013, the EOCD published the Action	
		Plan on Base Erosion and Profit Shifting.	
		On 19 June 2013, the G8 Leaders welcomed	
		the OECD Secretary General report 'A step	
		change in tax transparency' which set out the concrete steps that needed to be undertaken	
		to put a global model of automatic exchange	
		in practice.	
Savings taxation	20 March 2014	Council press release 53/16 of 12 February	
agreements with	- Welcomes the Commission's report on the state of play of negotiations on savings taxation with European third countries	2016 on EU and Andorra sign deal on automatic exchange of tax data.	
tima countries	(Switzerland, Liechtenstein, Monaco, Andorra and San Marino)	automatic exchange of tax data.	
	and calls on those countries to commit fully to implementing the	Recommendation C(2016) 271/F1 of 28	
	new single global standard for automatic exchange of	January 2016 on the implementation of	
	information, developed by the OECD and endorsed by the G20, and to the early adopters initiative.	measures against tax treaty abuse.	
	and to the early adopters initiative.		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Calls on the Commission to carry forth the negotiations with	COM/2016/024 OF 28 January 2016 on an	
	those countries swiftly with a view to concluding them by the end	External Strategy for Effective Taxation.	
	of the year, and invites the Commission to report on the state of	Council processed and 11/15 of 0 December	
	play at its December meeting. If sufficient progress is not made, the Commission's report should explore possible options to	Council <u>press release 911/15</u> of 8 December 2015 EU-San Marino taxation agreement	
	ensure compliance with the new global standard.	signed in joint effort to improve tax	
	chaire compliance with the new global standard.	compliance.	
	22 May 2013:	- Compilation	
	Negotiations to begin as soon as possible with Switzerland,	Council <u>press release 906/15</u> of 8 December	
	Liechtenstein, Monaco, Andorra and San Marino to ensure that	2015 Liechtenstein, Switzerland taxation	
	these countries continue to apply measures equivalent to those	agreements approved by EU.	
	in the EU.		
		Council press Release 765/15 of 28 October	
	14 March 2013:	2015 EU and Liechtenstein sign deal on	
	Renewed efforts are needed to improve the efficiency of tax collection and to tackled tax evasion, including through savings	automatic exchange of tax data.	
	taxations agreements with third countries and rapid progress in	European Parliament legislative resolution of	
	tackling the VAT fraud.	27 October 2015 on the draft Council decision	
		on the conclusion, on behalf of the European	
		Union, of the Amending Protocol to the	
		Agreement between the European	
		Community and the Swiss Confederation	
		providing for measures equivalent to those	
		laid down in Council Directive 2003/48/EC on	
		taxation of savings income in the form of interest payments (2015/0076(NLE))	
		interest payments (2015/0076(NLE)) (Consultation).	
		(Consultation).	
		Council press Release 367/15 of 27 May 2015	
		EU-Switzerland taxation agreement signed in	
		a joint effort to improve tax compliance.	
		Council Decision (EU) 2015/2400 of 8	
		December 2015 on the conclusion, on behalf	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Specific Issue		of the European Union, of the Amending Protocol to the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation providing for measures equivalent to those laid down in Council Directive 2003/48/EC on taxation of savings income in the form of interest payments (OJ L 333, 19.12.2015, pp. 10–11).  Report (Ares(2014)574281) on the state of play on EU savings taxation rules and savings agreements with European third countries.  Ecofin Council of 14 May 2013 adopted a mandate for the Commission to negotiate amendments to the EU's agreements with	
		Switzerland, Liechtenstein, Monaco, Andorra and San Marino on the taxation of savings income.	
Financial Transaction Tax	14 March 2013: Notes that the work on the enhanced cooperation on a financial transaction tax is advancing.  18 October 2012: Notes the requests from a number of Member States for enhanced cooperation to be launched on a Financial Transactions Tax, which the Commission intends to examine quickly with a view to making its proposal as soon as the conditions have been met.  28 June 2012: - The proposal for a FTT will not be adopted by the Council within a reasonable period.	, ·	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
_	- Several Member States to launch a request for an enhanced cooperation in this area, with a view to its adoption by December 2012.  23 October 2011:  - Takes note of the Commission proposal for a financial transaction tax.  24 March 2011:  - As agreed in June 2010, the introduction of a global financial transaction tax should be explored and developed further. The European Council notes the intention of the Commission to produce a report on taxation of the financial sector by autumn 2011 at the latest.  17 June 2010:  - The EU should lead efforts to set a global approach for introducing systems for levies and taxes on financial institutions with a view to maintaining a world-wide level playing field and will strongly defend this position with its G20 partners. The introduction of a global financial transaction tax should be explored and developed further in that context.  26 March 2010:  - Progress is particularly needed on issues such as capital requirements; systemic institutions; financing instruments for	COM(2013)71 of 14 February 2013 for a Council Directive implementing enhanced cooperation in the area of financial transaction tax.	Remarks
	crisis management; increasing transparency on derivative markets and considering specific measures in relation to sovereign credit default swaps; and implementation of internationally agreed principles for bonuses in the financial services sector. The Commission will shortly present a report on possible innovative sources of financing such as a global levy on financial transactions.		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Savings Tax Directive	20 March 2014: Council to adopt the Directive on taxation of savings income at its next March 2014 meeting.	Ecofin Council of 10 November 2015 adopted conclusions on savings taxation directive 2003/48/EC repealed.	
	19 December 2013: Revised Directive on taxation of savings income to be adopted by March 2014 meeting.  22 May 2013: Called for the adoption of the revised Directive on the taxation of savings income before the end of the year.	Council Directive 2014/48/EU of 24 March 2014 amending Directive 2003/48/EC on taxation of savings income in the form of interest payments (OJ L 155 of 15.4.2014, pp. 50-78).	
	14 March 2013: Work to advance on pending tax files such as the proposals on energy taxation, on the common consolidated corporate tax base and on the revision of the Savings Tax Directive.  18 October 2012, 28 June 2012 and 1 March 2012: Work and discussions to be carried forward on the revision of the savings tax Directive.		
Parent/Subsidiary Directive	19 December 2013: Progress should also be made quickly towards agreement on amending the Parent-Subsidiary Directive.  22 May 2013: Work on Commission's recommendations on aggressive tax planning and profit shifting. The Commission to present a proposal before the end of 2013 for the revision of the 'parent/subsidiary' Directive and review the anti-abuse provisions in the relevant legislation.	Council Directive (EU) 2015/121 of 27 January 2015 amending Directive 2011/96/EU on the common system of taxation applicable in the case of parent companies and subsidiaries of different Member States.  Council Directive 2014/86/EU of 8 July 2014 amending Directive 2011/96/EU on the common system of taxation applicable in the case of parent companies and subsidiaries of different Member States (OJ L 219, 25.7.2014, pp. 40–41).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		EP legislative resolution on the proposal for a Council directive amending Directive 2011/96/EU on the common system of taxation applicable in the case of parent companies and subsidiaries of different Member States (2013/0400(CNS)).  Proposal COM(2013)814 of 25 November 2013 amending Directive 2011/96/EU on the common system of taxation applicable in the	
		case of parent companies and subsidiaries of different Member States.	
Taxation of financial system – System of levies	28 October 2010:  - Further work is necessary on levies and taxes on financial institutions, at both the international and internal levels. In line with the Council's report, there should be further coordination between the different levy schemes in place in order to avoid double-charging.  - The Council is invited to report back to the European Council in December 2010. The different options regarding the taxation of the financial sector should also be examined, as well as good practices aimed at impeding tax havens and tax evasion.  17 June 2010:  - The EU should lead efforts to set a global approach for	Council Draft Report 9918/11 to the Ecofin on financial levies and taxes - State of play. Ten Member States have introduced systems of levies and taxes (DE, UK, FR, SE, PT, LV, DK, AT, HU and CY) whose parameters (base, rate and scope) differ considerably. Four more countries in the process of introducing systems of levies and taxes (SK, PL, IE, SI).	
	introducing systems for levies and taxes on financial institutions with a view to maintaining a world-wide level playing field and will strongly defend this position with its G20 partners. The introduction of a global financial transaction tax should be explored and developed further in that context.  - Agrees that Member States should introduce systems of levies and taxes on financial institutions to ensure fair burden-sharing and to set incentives to contain systemic risk. Such levies or taxes should be part of a credible resolution framework.		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Invites the Council and the Commission to take this work forward and report back in October 2010.		
Tax Evasion	27 June 2014:  - The EUCO five year Strategic Agenda for the Union in Times of Change (Annex to EUCO conclusions 26-27/6/2014) states that while respecting the competences of member states, who are responsible for their welfare systems, on of the priorities set for the Union in this field for the next five years is to guarantee fairness by combatting tax evasion and tax fraud so that all contribute their fair share.  19 December 2013: Calls for further progress at the global and EU level in the fight against tax fraud and evasion, aggressive tax planning base erosion and profit shifting (BEPS) and money laundering.  22 May 2013: - Member States will give priority to the concrete follow-up to the Action Plan on strengthening the fight against tax fraud and tax evasion Deal with tax evasion and fraud and fight money laundering within the internal market and vis-à-vis non-cooperative third countries and jurisdictions in a comprehensive manner The revision of the third anti-money laundering Directive should be adopted by the end of the year.  14 March 2013: Renewed efforts are needed to improve the efficiency of tax collection and to tackled tax evasion, including through savings taxations agreements with third countries and rapid progress in tackling the VAT fraud.	Council Directive (EU) 2016/2258 of 6 December 2016 amending Directive 2011/16/EU as regards access to anti-money- laundering information by tax authorities, OJ L 342, 16 December 2016. Procedure: 2016/0209 (CNS).  COM(2016)451 of 5 July 2016 on further measures to enhance transparency and the fight against tax evasion and avoidance.  Proposal COM(2016)0450 of 5 July 2016 for a Directive of the Parliament and the Council amending Directive (EU) 2015/849 on the prevention of the use of the financial system for the purposes of money laundering or terrorist financing and amending Directive 2009/101/EC. Procedure: 2016/0208 (COD).  Ecofin Council of 25 May 2016 adopted conclusions on an external taxation strategy and measures against tax treaty abuse.  Decision (EU) 2016/344 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2016 on establishing a European Platform to enhance cooperation in tackling undeclared work (OJ L 65, 11.3.2016, p. 12–20). Procedure: 2014/0124(COD).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Ecofin Council of 10 November 2015 adopted conclusions on savings taxation directive 2003/48/EC repealed.	
		Regulation (EU) 2015/847 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2015 on information accompanying transfers of funds and repealing Regulation (EC) No 1781/2006 (OJ L 141, 5.6.2015, pp. 1–18).	
		Directive (EU) 2015/849 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2015 on the prevention of the use of the financial system for the purposes of money laundering or terrorist financing, amending Regulation	
		(EU) No 648/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council, and repealing Directive 2005/60/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and Commission Directive 2006/70/EC (OJ L 141, 5.6.2015, pp. 73–117).	
Directives on disclosure of non-financial and diversity information by large companies	19 December 2013: Calls for further progress on the disclosure of non-financial information by large groups.  22 May 2013: Examine the proposal amending the Directives on disclosure of non-financial and diversity information by large companies and groups with a view to ensure country-by-country reporting by large companies and groups.	Directive 2014/95/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 October 2014 amending Directive 2013/34/EU as regards disclosure of non-financial and diversity information by certain large undertakings and groups OJ L 330, 15.11.2014.  Procedure 2013/0110(COD).	
Energy taxation	14 March 2013: Work should advance on pending tax files such as the proposals on energy taxation, on the common consolidated corporate tax base and on the revision of the Savings Tax Directive.  18 October 2012:	There is no follow up on this issue. No progress made in the Council.  European Parliament legislative resolution of 19 April 2012 on the proposal for a Council	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Work and discussions should be carried forward on the proposals on energy taxation, on the common consolidated corporate tax base and on the revision of the savings tax Directive, and to reaching rapid agreement on the negotiating directives for savings taxation agreements with third countries.  28 June 2012:  Work and discussions should be carried forward on the Commission proposals on energy taxation, on the common consolidated corporate tax base and on the revision of the Savings Tax Directive.  1 March 2012: Work and discussions should be carried forward on the Commission proposals on energy taxation, on the common consolidated corporate tax base, on the financial transactions tax and on the revision of the Savings Tax Directive.	Directive amending Directive 2003/96/EC restructuring the Community framework for the taxation of energy products and electricity (2011/0092(CNS)).  Proposal COM(2011)169 of 13 April 2011 for a Council Directive amending Directive 2003/96/EC restructuring the Community framework for the taxation of energy products and electricity.	
Taxation of digital economy	19 December 2013: Welcomes the establishment by the Commission of the High Level Expert Group on Taxation of the Digital Economy and invites the Commission to propose effective solutions compatible with the functioning of the Internal Market, taking into account the work of the OECD, and to report back to the Council as soon as possible.  22 May 2013: Efforts to respond to challenges of taxation in the digital economy. The Commission to assess these issues further in advance of the European Council discussion on the digital agenda.	Communication COM(2017)547 of 21 September 2017 on a Fair and Efficient Tax System in the European Union for the Digital Single Market.  COM(2016)148 of 7 April 2016 on an action plan on VAT.  Ecofin Council of 8 December 2015 adopted conclusions on corporate taxation and BEPS.	Expert Group on Taxation of the Digital Economy, report 28.5.2014
Value Added Tax (VAT)	28 June 2016: The fight against tax fraud, evasion and avoidance, and against money laundering remains a priority, both within the EU and internationally. () The publication by the Commission of an	Ecofin Council of 21 March 2017 discussed: a proposal that would allow Member States to apply non-standard VAT rates to electronically supplied publications and a proposal that	'Tackling intra-Community VAT fraud: More action needed', European Court of Auditors Special report No 24/2015, 3.3.2016.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Action Plan aiming at the creation of a modernised and fraud- proof single VAT area is also an important element of the overall approach.	would allow Member States to apply a generalised but temporary reversal of VAT liability as a means of preventing VAT fraud.	
	18 March 2016: Notes that the Commission intends to publish shortly a communication on an action plan on VAT. It welcomes the intention of the Commission to include proposals for increased	cross-border transactions.	
	flexibility for Member States with respect to reduced rates of VAT, which would provide the option to Member States of VAT zero rating for sanitary products.	Council Directive (EU) 2016/856 of 25 May 2016 amending Directive 2006/112/EC on the common system of value added tax, as regards the duration of the obligation to respect a minimum standard rate (OJ L 142, 31.5.2016, p. 12–13).	
		Procedure: 2015/0296/CNS.  Ecofin Council of 25 May 2016 adopted conclusions on the VAT Action Plan.	
		COM (2016)148 of 7 April 2016 on an action plan on VAT.	

# II. Employment and Social Policies Analytical Summary

#### Main commitments

The strategic framework for employment and social policies is informed by the Strategic Agenda for the Union in Times of Change, the Europe 2020 strategy, and the Country-Specific Recommendations. Some of the initiatives have led to permanent processes with annual exercises, in which all European institutions contribute.

# State of play

# **Employment policy**

The degree of European Council attention for employment and social policies in recent years has been limited, in sharp contrast to 2012 and 2013, when Heads of State or Government devoted considerable attention to employment policies during the peak of the economic crisis, and when particular attention was given to tackling youth unemployment. Examples of high-profile initiatives launched or endorsed by the European Council, rapidly adopted by the other European institutions at that time, were: the <a href="Youth Employment Package">Youth Employment Package</a>; the <a href="Youth European Alliance for Apprenticeships">Youth Employment Package</a>; the <a href="Youth Employment European Alliance for Apprenticeships">Youth Employment Emitiative</a>. Overall, a substantial number of the commitments made and initiatives launched by the European Council have been implemented at European level, including: the <a href="European Professional Card">European Professional Card</a>; the <a href="European Skills Passport">European Skills Passport</a> and the

# Social policy

Social policy has received even less attention in the European Council than employment policy. The main commitment and achievement has been to integrate a <u>scoreboard on employment and social indicators</u> into the European Semester from 2014 onwards, thus strengthening the social dimension of European Monetary Union (EMU). Heads of State or Government might also address the Commission's <u>Reflection Paper</u> on the Social Dimension of Europe presented by the European Commission to complement the <u>White Paper on the Future of Europe</u>. First conclusions are expected to be drawn at the December 2017 European Council meeting.

# Main challenges

The 20-21 October 2016 European Council addressed, albeit briefly, the issue of youth unemployment, ending a period of over two years (June 2014 to September 2016) where no reference was made to employment and social policies in European Council conclusions. This was despite the fact that many Member States continue to face a challenging labour market situation, with high unemployment and low growth rates. This can perhaps be explained by the fact that numerous crises (e.g. Ukraine, Greece and migration) occupied the European Council's attention both in 2015 and 2016. In addition, many previously launched strategic initiatives on employment and social policies still have to be implemented at national level. Numerous reports, such as the European Commission's report on 'Integrated support for the long-term unemployed in Europe', note that the quality of implementation varies significantly between different policy initiatives and also between Member States.

#### Outlook

Following the UK vote to leave the European Union, the Bratislava Declaration and Roadmap launched a process which led to the <u>Rome Declaration</u>. The <u>Bratislava Declaration and Roadmap</u> identify economic, social and youth issues as priorities for the European Union, including the objective to 'Create a promising economic future for all, safeguard our way of life and provide better opportunities for youth'. Heads of State or Government also committed to working towards 'a social Europe' as one of the four priority areas in the Rome Declaration Consequently, social and employment issues may feature more prominently on upcoming European Council agendas.

Moreover, considering the progress achieved in shaping the European Pillar of Social Rights based on the Commission communication, EU leaders <u>could</u> also endorse the European Pillar when meeting at the 'Social Summit for Fair Jobs and Growth' to be held in Gothenburg, Sweden on 17 November 2017, along with the social partners and other key players.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks				
II.1 Emplo	II.1 Employment and Social Policies						
Strategic	<u>15 December 2016</u>	COM(2017) 206 of 26 April 2017 Reflection	The Commission held an				
Agenda for	16. The European Council welcomes the agreement reached in	Paper on the Social Dimension of Europe.	orientation debate on 9 June 2015				
the Union in	the Council on the extension of the European Fund for Strategic		to discuss how EU policy can best				
Times of	Investment (EFSI), which should be adopted by the co-legislators	COM(2016) 940 of 7 December 2016 Investing	address social and employment				
Change (EUCO	in the first half of 2017.	in Europe's Youth.	challenges in Europe.				
five year plan,							
annex to	16 September 2016 Bratislava	COM(2016) 942 of 7 December 2016 A					
EUCO	Objective	European Solidarity Corps.					
conclusions	Create a promising economic future for all, safeguard						
26-27/6/2014)	our way of life and provide better opportunities for	European Parliament legislative resolution of					
Employment	youth.	15 September 2016 on the proposal for a					
and social	Concrete measures	Council decision on guidelines for the					
policies	a) in December: decision on extension of the European Fund for	employment policies of the Member States					
	Strategic Investment in light of evaluation	(COM(2016)0071 - C8-0098/2016 -					
A Union that		2016/0043(NLE)).					
empowers	d) in December - decisions on EU support for Member States in	- Programme of the Netherlands Presidency					
and protects	fighting youth unemployment and on enhanced EU	of the Council of the European Union 1					
all citizens	programmes dedicated to youth.	January - 30 June 2016.					
		- The programme of the Latvian Presidency					
	<u>17-18 March 2016</u>	of the Council of the European Union 1					
	The European Council notes the Commission consultation on	January - 30 June 2015, chapter 2.					
	social issues and stresses the importance of well-functioning	Integrating Europe: The programme for					
	labour markets and welfare systems.	Council configurations, E. Employment,					
		Social Policy, Health and Consumer Affairs,					
	<u>26-27 June 2014:</u>	pp.19-21.					
		- <u>Communication COM(2014)910</u> on					
	While respecting the competences of member states, who are	Commission Work Programme 2015, A New					
	responsible for their welfare systems, the priorities we set for the	Start. See in particular 1. A New Boost <u>for</u>					
	Union in this field for the next five years are to:	Jobs, Growth and Investment.					
	- help develop skills and unlock talents and life chances for all: by	Annex I: New Initiatives					
	stepping up the fight against youth unemployment, in particular	Annex II: List of withdrawals or					
	for young people who have dropped out from education,	modifications of pending proposals					
	employment or training; by promoting the right skills for the	Annex III: REFIT Actions					

	modern economy and life-long learning; by facilitating mobility	Annex IV: Legislation that becomes	
	of workers, in fields with persistent vacancies or skills	applicable in 2015.	
	mismatches; by protecting one of the Union's four fundamental	·	
	freedoms, the right of all EU citizens to move freely and reside	- <u>A New Start for Europe</u> : My Agenda for Jobs, Growth, Fairness and Democratic	
	=		
	and work in other member states, including from possible	Change - Political Guidelines for the next	
	misuse or fraudulent claims;	European Commission: Opening Statement	
	- help ensure all our societies have their safety nets in place to	in the European Parliament Plenary Session	
	accompany change and reverse inequalities, with social	Candidate for President of the European	
	protection systems that are efficient, fair and fit for the future;	Commission, Strasbourg, 15 July 2014/	
	indeed, investing into human capital and the social fabric is also	<u>Jean-Claude Juncker</u> .	
	key to the long-term prosperity prospects for the European	- Europe a Fresh Start - Programme of the	
	economy;	Italian Presidency of the Council of the EU,	
	- while respecting the competences of member states, who are	pp.43-47: Employment, Social Policy,	
	responsible for their welfare systems, on of the three priorities	Health and Consumer Affairs.	
	set for the Union in this field for the next five years are to		
	guarantee fairness by combatting tax evasion and tax fraud so		
	that all contribute their fair share.		
Europe 2020:	<u>26-27 June 2014:</u>	COM(2016) 581 of 14 September 2016	Employment, Social Policy, Health
A New	Generally endorsed the country-specific recommendations	Strengthening European Investments for jobs	and Consumer Affairs Council
European	(CSR).	and growth: Towards a second phase of the	conclusions on inclusive labour
Strategy for		European Fund for Strategic Investments and	markets 09.03.2015.
Jobs and	<u>20-21 March 2014:</u>	a new European External Investment Plan.	
Growth	- Assessed the implementation of the Europe 2020 Strategy on		
Europe 2020:	the basis of the Commission communication.	The Employment, Social Policy, Health and	
A New	- Calls for stepping up efforts to reach the Europe 2020 targets	Consumer Affairs Council of 16-17 June 2016	
European	and looks forward to the planned review of the EU 2020 Strategy	on Combating Poverty and Social Exclusion.	
Strategy for	in 2015.		
Jobs and		Europe 2020:	
Growth	<u>19-20 December 2013:</u>		
	- Work must continue speedily on the use of social and	Proposal COM(2016) 71 for a Council	
Flagship	employment indicators along the lines proposed by the	decision	
initiatives:	Commission with the objective of using these new instruments	on guidelines for the employment policies of	
Agenda for	in the 2014 European Semester. The use of these wider	the Member States.	
New Skills	indicators will have the sole purpose of allowing a broader	Procedure: <u>2016/0043 (NLE)</u> .	
and Jobs,	understanding of social developments.		
Youth on the	- Reiterates the importance of employment and social	European Parliament <u>legislative resolution</u> of	
Move and	developments within the European Semester and confirms the	8 July 2015 on the proposal for a Council	
European		decision on guidelines for the employment	

Platform Against Poverty and Social Exclusion relevance of the use of a scoreboard of key employment and social indicators as described in the Joint Employment Report.

#### 24-25 October 2013:

The use of an employment and social scoreboard in the Joint Employment Report and the use of employment and social indicators should be pursued as proposed by Commission.

#### 1-2 March 2012:

Bringing the employment rate to 75% by 2020 requires resolute action. The guidelines set by the Heads of State or Government on 30 January provide further specific guidance to Member States, particularly on youth unemployment and the development of their National Job Plans in the framework of their NRPs. In line with the Council conclusions of 17 February 2012, and respecting the role of social partners and national systems for wage-formation, Member States should:

- increase efforts to make it easier and more attractive for employers to hire people, where necessary by improving wage-setting mechanisms;
- remove barriers to the creation of new jobs;
- and implement active labour market policies, notably with a view to strengthening the participation of young people, women and older workers.

#### 25-26 March 2010:

- Agreed on the following elements of this new strategy, which will be formally adopted in June; the new strategy will focus on the key areas where action is needed: knowledge and innovation, a more sustainable economy, high employment and social inclusion.
- Agreed on the following headline targets, which constitute shared objectives guiding the action of the Member States and of the Union:
- 1.aiming to bring to 75% the employment rate for women and men aged 20-64;
- 2. improving the conditions for research and development, in particular with the aim of bringing combined public and private

policies of the Member States. 2015/0051(NLE).

The Employment, Social Policy, Health and Consumer Affairs Council reached a political agreement at its meeting of 18 and 19 June 2015 on four guidelines for the employment policies of the Member States.

Employment, Social Policy, Health and Consumer Affairs Council of 16 October 2014 - Took stock of the Europe 2020 strategy in the context of mid-term review. A Presidency report will be presented to European Council in December.

European Parliament resolution of 22 October 2014 on the European Semester for economic policy coordination: implementation of 2014 priorities (2014/2059(INI)).

Communication <u>COM(2014)</u> 400 on 2014 European Semester: Country-specific recommendations Building Growth.

Public consultation on the Europe 2020 strategy 5/5 - 31/10/2014.

COM(2014) 130 on taking stock of the Europe 2020 strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive growth.

European Parliament resolution of 17 February 2011 on Europe 2020 (2010/3013(RSP)).

European Parliament resolution of 7 September 2010 on developing the job

investment levels in this sector to 3% of GDP; the Commission will elaborate an indicator reflecting R&D and innovation intensity;

3. (...)

4. improving education levels, in particular by aiming to reduce school drop-out rates and by increasing the share of the population having completed tertiary or equivalent education; the European Council will set the numerical rates of these targets in June 2010;

5. promoting social inclusion, in particular through the reduction of poverty. Further work is needed on appropriate indicators. The European Council will revert to this issue at its June 2010 meeting.

Monitoring of Strategy: the European Council will once a year make an overall assessment of progress achieved both at EU and at national level in implementing the strategy.

potential of a new sustainable economy (2010/2010(INI)).

Communication <u>COM(2010)2020</u> EUROPE 2020 A strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive growth.

2010/707/EU: Council Decision of 21 October 2010 on guidelines for the employment policies of the Member States (OJ L 308, 24.11.2010, p. 46).

Procedure: <u>2010/0115(NLE)</u>.

#### Agenda for New Skills and Jobs:

European Parliament resolution of 26 October 2011 on the Agenda for New Skills and Jobs (2011/2067(INI)).

<u>Communication COM(2010)682</u> An Agenda for new skills and jobs: A European contribution towards full employment.

#### Youth on the Move:

European Parliament resolution of 24 May 2012 on the Youth Opportunities Initiative (2012/2617(RSP)).

Communication <u>COM(2011)933</u> Youth Opportunities Initiative.

European Parliament resolution of 12 May 2011 on Youth on the Move: - a framework for improving Europe's education and training systems (2010/2307(INI)).

European Parliament resolution of 12 May 2011 on Youth on the Move: - a framework for

II. Employment and Social Policies

improving Europe's education and training systems 2010/2307(INI).

Communication COM(2010)477 Youth on the Move An initiative to unleash the potential of young people to achieve smart, sustainable and inclusive growth in the European Union.

# European Platform Against Poverty and Social Exclusion:

European Parliament resolution of 15 November 2011 on the European Platform against poverty and social exclusion (2011/2052(INI)).

Communication COM(2010)758 The European Platform against Poverty and Social Exclusion: A European framework for social and territorial cohesion.

# **II.2** Employment Policy

# Employment Employment Package

#### 14-15 March 2013:

Work must continue further to the Employment package, including as regards bringing significantly more women into work, reducing long term unemployment and ensuring full participation of older workers.

#### 18-19 October 2012:

Invites Council to pursue its work on the different elements of the Employment Package.

#### 28-29 June 2012:

The Council will swiftly examine and decide on the proposals contained in the Commission's 'Employment package', putting emphasis on quality job creation, structural reform of labour markets and investment in human capital.

#### 1-2 March 2012:

Looks forward to the Commission's forthcoming 'employment package', focusing on strengthening growth through the

Employment, Social Policy, Health and Consumer Affairs Council of 3 March 2016 adopted the 2017 annual growth survey and the 2017 Joint Employment Report.

European Parliament <u>resolution</u> of 15 February 2017 on the European Semester for economic policy coordination: Employment and Social Aspects in the Annual Growth Survey 2017.

Procedure: <u>2016/2307(INI)</u>.

Employment, Social Policy, Health and Consumer Affairs Council of 7 December 2015 reached political agreement on a recommendation on the integration of the long-term unemployed into the labour market.

Publication of the European Commission's 2015 <u>'Employment</u> and Social Developments in Europe' Report 21.01.2016.

mobilisation of Europe's workforce, promoting job creation in key sectors of the economy, improving management of skill European Parliament resolution of 29 October requirements, promoting labour market transitions and 2015 on a Council recommendation on the improving geographic mobility. integration of the long-term unemployed into the labour market. P8 TA-PROV(2015)0389. Procedure: 2015/2820(RSP) Commission proposal for a Council Recommendation on the integration of the long-term unemployed into the labour market (COM(2015)462). Procedure: 2015/0219 (NLE). Public consultation on service provision to long-term unemployed 19.02.2015. European Parliament resolution of 14 June 2012 on 'Towards a job-rich recovery' (2012/2647(RSP)). Communication COM(2012)173 Towards a iob-rich recovery. SWD(2012)90, SWD(2012)92, SWD(2012)93, SWD(2012)95, SWD(2012)96, SWD(2012)97, SWD(2012)97, SWD(2012)98, SWD(2012)99, SWD(2012)100. **Employment** 15 December 2016 2.6.2017 European Court of Youth employment in general: Youth 18. The European Council calls for the continuation of the Youth Employment, Social Policy, Health and Auditors' Special Report No 5/2017 Guarantee and welcomes the increased support for the Youth Consumer Affairs Council of 15 June 2017 - 'Youth unemployment - have EU employment: Employment Initiative. It also calls for work to be taken forward adopted conclusions on the European Court policies made a difference?'. Youth on the recent Commission initiatives dedicated to youth, of Auditors' Special Report No 5/2017 - 'Youth **Employment** including those on mobility, education, skills development and unemployment - have EU policies made a 6.02.2017 European Commission launches Public consultation on the **Package** the European Solidarity Corps. difference?'. European Solidarity Corps. Youth 20-21 October 2016 European Parliament resolution of 19 January **Employment** - The European Council restates the importance of achieving 2016 on skills policies for fighting youth 7.12.2016 European Commission Initiative tangible results by December on EU support for Member unemployment. launches the European Solidarity States in fighting youth unemployment and on enhancing EU 2015/2088(INI). Corps. Youth youth programmes. Guarantee

#### 20-21 March 2014:

Urges the Commission and the Member States to address shortages in the area of science, technology, engineering and mathematics (STEM skills) as a matter of priority, with increased involvement of industry. Further efforts by the public and private sectors should be directed to promoting mobility, education and vocational training. All available instruments should be used to this end, such as the European Structural and Investment Funds (ESIF), the new generation of Erasmus+, the Grand Coalition for Digital Jobs, the European Alliance for Apprenticeships or the Youth Employment Initiative and the Youth Guarantee. Industry should be more involved in forecasting future skills needs.

#### 19-20 December 2013:

The Annual Growth Survey identifies areas where important challenges prevail and where further progress is needed. Specific attention should be given to (...), particularly youth unemployment including through the full implementation of the youth guarantee, and to the follow-up of reforms regarding the functioning of labour markets.

#### 24-25 October 2013:

The Youth Employment Initiative to be fully operational by January 2014.

- Calls for rapid implementation by the Member States of the Youth Guarantee and the Council declaration on the European Alliance for Apprenticeships.
- Member States benefiting from the Youth Employment Initiative need to adopt plans to tackle youth unemployment, including through the implementation of the 'Youth Guarantee', before the end of 2013 in order to benefit rapidly from the initiative.
- European Structural and Investment Funds (2014-2020) should be used for ICT education, support for retraining, and vocational education and training in ICT, including through digital tools and content, in the context of the Youth Employment Initiative; (...)

#### 27-28 June 2013:

Agrees on a comprehensive approach based on the following concrete measures:

Meeting of the Employment, Social Policy, Health and Consumer Affairs Council of 11 December 2014, press release: 'The Council held an exchange of views on youth employment together with the ministers of education from the Trio (IT-LV-LU); it called upon Member States to step up their on-going efforts to tackle the problem of youth unemployment and to continue to follow up this matter as a matter of urgency (15949/14)'.

Draft Joint Employment Report COM(2013) 801 accompanying the Communication from the Commission on Annual Growth Survey 2014.

European Parliament resolution of 12 June 2013 on preparations for the European Council meeting (27-28 June 2013) – European action to combat youth unemployment (2013/2673(RSP)).

European Parliament resolution of 11 September 2013 on tackling youth unemployment: possible ways out (2013/2045(INI)).

European Parliament resolution of 11 September 2013 on implementation of the EU Youth Strategy 2010-2012 (2013/2073(INI)).

European Parliament resolution of 11 September 2013 on implementation of the EU Youth Strategy 2010-2012 (2013/2073(INI)).

Communication <u>COM(2012)0727</u> Moving Youth into Employment. SWD(2012)406.

17.11.2015 European Commission together with companies launched the European Pact for Youth.

Commission report on integrated support for the long-term unemployed, published on 7 September 2015.

Commission report 20.05.2015
The Youth Guarantee - First
Successes - The Youth Guarantee
on the Ground.

Commission report Piloting Youth Guarantee partnerships on the ground - A summary report of key achievements and lessons from the European Parliament Preparatory Action on the Youth Guarantee, 15.04.2015.

European Court of Auditors Special report no 3/2015: EU Youth Guarantee: first steps taken but implementation risks ahead, 24.03.2015.

European Court of Auditors report on the Youth Guarantee – comment from the Commission, 24.03.2015.

See: <u>National Youth Guarantee</u> <u>Implementation Plans</u> / EC website.

For European Social Fund ESF, please see the entry on

- a) reprogramming unspent funds to youth employment from the Structural Funds:
  - all possibilities offered by the European Social Fund should be explored supporting the creation of new jobs;
  - MS to improve administrative capacity by using technical assistance from Commission.
- b) all the necessary preparations to be made for the Youth Employment Initiative (YEI) to be fully operational by January 2014, allowing the first disbursements to beneficiaries in EU regions experiencing youth unemployment rates above 25% to be made:
  - the disbursement of the €6 billion allocated to it to take place during the first two years of the next Multiannual Financial Framework.
  - margins left available below the MFF ceilings for the years 2014-2017 to constitute a 'global margin for commitments' to fund in particular measures to fight youth unemployment.
  - Member States benefitting from the YEI should adopt a plan to tackle youth unemployment, including through the implementation of the 'Youth Guarantee', before the end of the year.
  - the Commission will report in 2016 on the implementation of the 'Youth Guarantee' and on the operation of the YEI;
- c) EIB to contribute through Jobs for Youth Initiative and Investment in Skills programme;
- d) strengthening the EURES programme:
  - MS to use part of ESF allocations to support crossborder mobility schemes;
  - the 'Erasmus+' programme to be fully operational from January 2014;
  - the Commission proposals leading to the creation of a network of public employment services to be rapidly examined;
  - more efforts are required, notably on the proposal relating to the preservation of supplementary pension

European Parliament resolution of 24 May 2012 on the Youth Opportunities Initiative (2012/2617(RSP)).

Communication COM(2012)495 Joint Report of the Council and the Commission on the implementation of the renewed framework for European cooperation in the youth field (EU Youth Strategy 2010-2018).

<u>Communication COM(2011)933</u> Youth Opportunities Initiative.

European Parliament resolution of 12 May 2011 on Youth on the Move: - a framework for improving Europe's education and training systems (2010/2307(INI)).

#### Youth Employment Package:

Regulation (EU) No 2015/779 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2015 amending Regulation (EU) No 1304/2013, as regards an additional initial pre-financing amount paid to operational programmes supported by the Youth Employment Initiative, OJ L 126, 21.5.2015.

European Parliament Resolution of 29 April 2015 on the Youth Employment Initiative: increase of the initial pre-financing amount paid to operational programmes Amending Regulation (EU) No 1304/2013

Procedure: <u>2011/0268(COD)</u>. See also 2015/2554(RSP).

<u>Proposal COM(2015) 46</u> for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Regulation (EU) No <u>1304/2013</u> of Employment/Funding - Financial instruments .

rights, which is to be adopted during the current parliamentary term;

- e) high quality apprenticeships and work-based learning will be promoted, notably through the European Alliance for Apprenticeships to be launched in July. The Quality Framework for Traineeships should be put into place in early 2014;
- f) the social partners need to be fully involved and actively engaged in these efforts. The European Council welcomes the 'Framework of Actions on Youth Employment' agreed by the social partners on 11 June 2013.

#### 14-15 March 2013:

- Welcomes the agreement reached on the Youth Guarantee
- Calls for the Youth Employment Initiative to be operational by January 1st, 2014;

the European Parliament and the Council on the European Social Fund, as regards an increase of the initial pre-financing amount paid to operational programmes supported by the Youth Employment Initiative. Procedure 2015/0026 (COD).

Communication <u>COM(2013)</u> 447 Working together for Europe's young people: A call to action on youth unemployment.

#### Youth Employment Initiative YEI:

<u>COM(2016) 646</u> of 4 October 2016 the Youth Guarantee and Youth Employment Initiative three years on.

European Parliament <u>legislative resolution</u> of 29 April 2015 on the proposal for a regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Regulation (EU) No 1304/2013 of the European Parliament and the Council on the European Social Fund, as regards an increase of the initial pre-financing amount paid to operational programmes supported by the Youth Employment Initiative. 2015/0051(NLE).

Communication <u>COM(2013) 144</u> Youth Employment Initiative.

#### **Youth Guarantee:**

At its meeting of 18 and 19 June 2015, the Employment, Social Policy, Health and Consumer Affairs Council adopted conclusions on the European Court of Auditors' special report on the EU Youth Guarantee scheme and took stock of the implementation thereof at EU level, including the Youth Guarantee and the European Alliance for Apprenticeships.

Employment Alliance for Apprenticeshi ps	27-28 June 2013: High quality apprenticeships and work-based learning will be promoted, notably through the European Alliance for Apprenticeships to be launched in July. The Quality Framework for Traineeships should be put into place in early 2014.  13-14 December 2012: Called for the Commission to establish the Alliance for Apprenticeships.	European Parliament resolution of 17 July 2014 on Youth Employment (2014/2713(RSP)).  Council Recommendation of 22 April 2013 on establishing a Youth Guarantee OJ C 120/01 26.4.2013 p. 6.  Procedure: 2012/0351(NLE). European Parliament resolution of 16 January 2013 on a Youth Guarantee (2012/2901(RSP)).  ADOPTED  The European Alliance for Apprenticeships was launched on 2.7.2013.  Communication COM(2013)447 Working together for Europe's young people A call to action on youth unemployment.  Communication COM(2012)669 Rethinking Education: Investing in skills for better socioeconomic outcomes.	European Alliance for Apprenticeships Declaration of the European Social Partners, the European Commission and the Lithuanian Presidency of the Council of the European Union / European Commission website.  FYI: Launch of European Alliance for Apprenticeships / EC Press release, 02.07.2013
Employment	13-14 December 2012:	Communication COM(2012)0727 Moving Youth into Employment.  ADOPTED	
Quality framework for traineeships	The Commission to rapidly finalise the quality framework for traineeships.	Council Recommendation of 10 March 2014 on a Quality Framework for Traineeships (OJ C 88, 27/03/2014).	
·		Communication COM(2012)728 Towards a Quality Framework on Traineeships Second-stage consultation of the social partners at European level under Article 154 TFEU.	
Employment Skills	20-21 March 2014: - Urges the Commission and the Member States to address shortages in the area of science, technology, engineering and	Employment, Social Policy, Health and Consumer Affairs Council of 3 March 2016	

mathematics (STEM skills) as a matter of priority, with increased involvement of industry. Further efforts by the public and private sectors should be directed to promoting mobility, education and vocational training. All available instruments should be used to this end, such as the European Structural and Investment Funds (ESIF), the new generation of Erasmus +, the Grand Coalition for Digital Jobs, the European Alliance for Apprenticeships or the Youth Employment Initiative and the Youth Guarantee. Industry should be more involved in forecasting future skills needs.

#### 24-25 October 2013:

Concrete steps should be taken in order to redress skills mismatch:

- a) part of the European Structural and Investment Funds (2014-2020) should be used for ICT education, support for retraining, and vocational education and training in ICT, including through digital tools and content, in the context of the Youth Employment Initiative;
  - a higher degree of integration of digital skills in education, from the earliest stages of school to higher education, vocational education and training and lifelong learning should be ensured;
  - the Grand Coalition for Digital Jobs should be strengthened to address skills mismatches by supporting targeted labour mobility schemes and the use of the newly developed classification of European Skills/Competences, Qualifications and Occupations (ESCO);
- d) the Commission will further intensify work on the basis of the EU Skills Panorama for digital jobs in order to accelerate progress on pan-European competences frameworks for digital skills.

adopted conclusions on enhancing the skills of women and men in the EU labour market.

#### **New Skills Agenda**

COM(2016) 625 of 4 October 2016 Proposal for a decision of the European Parliament and of the Council on a common framework for the provision of better services for skills and qualifications (Europass) and repealing Decision No 2241/2004/EC.

<u>COM(2016) 382</u> of 10 June 2016 Proposal for a Council recommendation on establishing a Skills Guarantee

<u>COM(2016) 381</u> of 10 June 2016 A New Skills Agenda For Europe.

Communication <u>COM(2013)</u> 654 Opening up Education: Innovative teaching and learning for all through new Technologies and Open Educational Resources.

Grand Coalition for Digital jobs: The Commission is leading a multi-stakeholder partnership to tackle the lack of digital skills in Europe and the thousands of unfilled ICT-related vacancies across all industry sectors. FYI: EC website.

# Employment Supplementar y Pension Rights

#### 30 January 2012:

More efforts are required on the proposal relating to the preservation of supplementary pension rights, which is to be adopted during the current parliamentary term.

#### ADOPTED

<u>Directive 2014/50/EU</u> of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014 on minimum requirements for enhancing worker mobility between Member States by

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		improving the acquisition and preservation of	
		supplementary pension rights (OJ L 128,	
		30.4.2014, p. 1).	
		Procedure: <u>2005/2014(COD)</u> .	
Employment	<u>18-19 October 2012:</u>	Proposal for a directive COM(2016) 128 of 8	13/7/2017 Commission refers
Labour	The Council is invited to pursue its work on the different	March amending Directive 96/71/EC of the	Croatia to the Court for failing to
Mobility:	elements of the Employment Package and to ensure rapid	European Parliament and of the Council of 16	communicate national measures
	progress on the proposals relating to the acquisition and	December 1996 concerning the posting of	transposing EU rules to enforce the
Posted	preservation of cross-border pension rights for EU workers and	workers in the framework of the provision of	Posting of Workers Directive.
workers	the enforcement of the posted workers Directive.	services.	
		Procedure: <u>2016/070 (COD)</u>	The revision of the Posting of
			Workers Directive is still ongoing
		ADOPTED	(as the yellow card procedure was
		<u>Directive 2014/67</u> of the European Parliament	triggered).
		and of the Council of 15 May 2014 on the	
		enforcement of Directive 96/71/EC	The Posting of Workers
		concerning the posting of workers in the	Enforcement Directive had been
		framework of the provision of services and	implemented by 15 Member States
		amending Regulation (EU) No 1024/2012 on	by the deadline of 18 June 2016.
		administrative cooperation through the	By 28 September, 27 Member
		Internal Market Information System ('the IMI	States had implemented the
		Regulation') (OJ L 159 28.05.2014, p. 11).	directive.
		Procedure: 2012/0061 (COD).	an ostive.
		110000010. <u>2012/0001 (000)</u> .	
		Proposal for COM(2012) 130 Regulation on	
		the exercise of the right to take collective	
		action within the context of the economic	
		freedoms of the single market, 21/3/2012,	
		2012/0064 (APP), withdrawn by the	
		Commission.	
		Commission Staff Document: Impact	
		Assessment, Revision of the legislative	
		framework concerning the posting of workers	
		in the context of the provision of services -	
		SWD(2012) 63 - Part I, SWD(2012) 63 Part II	
		and SWD(2012) 64.	

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European Parliament legislative resolution of **Employment** 13-14 December 2012: **02.12.2015** the Permanent Labour Calls on the Commission to propose the new EURES Regulation. 25 February 2016 on the proposal for a **Representatives Committee** regulation of the European Parliament and of Mobility: approved an agreement reached the Council on a European network of 28-29 June 2012: with the European Parliament for **EURES** The EURES portal to be developed into a true European Employment Services workers' access to the re-establishment and replacement and recruitment tool; the possibility of extending it to mobility services and the further integration organisation of the existing EURES apprenticeships and traineeships should be examined as should of labour markets P8 TA(2016)0055 network. further support for the preparatory 'Your first EURES job' action. Procedure 2014/0002(COD) See: Case C-65/13 European Meeting of the Employment, Social Policy, Parliament v. European Health and Consumer Affairs Council of 11 Commission, 2013/C 108/36, December 2014 press release: 'The Council 07.12.2013. reached a general approach on a regulation which establishes new rules improving the efficiency of EURES as well as the cooperation among member states (16333/14 + 16333/14COR1).' EP resolution of 16 January 2014 on respect for the fundamental right of free movement in the EU 2013/2960(RSP). Proposal COM(2014) 6 for a Regulation of the EP and of the Council on a European network of Employment Services, workers' access to mobility services and the further integration of labour markets, SWD (2014) 9, SWD (2014) 10. Procedure: 2014/0002(COD). 2012/733/EU: Commission Implementing Decision of 26 November 2012 implementing Regulation (EU) No 492/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the clearance of vacancies and applications for employment and the re-establishment of EURES (OJ L 328 28.11.2012 p. 21). Regulation (EU) No 492/2011 of the European

Parliament and of the Council of 5 April 2011

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		on freedom of movement for workers within	
		the Union, OJ L 141, 27.05.2011, p. 1.	
		FYI:	
		93/569/EEC: Commission Decision of 22	
		October 1993 on the implementing of Council	
		Regulation (EEC) No 1612/68 on freedom of	
		movement for workers within the Community	
		as regards, in particular, a network entitled	
		EURES (European Employment Services), OJ L	
		274, 06.11.1993, p. 32.	
Employment	<u>30 January 2012:</u>	ADOPTED	
Labour	Enhance cross-border labour mobility, through the revision of	<u>Directive 2013/55/EU</u> of the European	
Mobility:	the European Professional Card and the European Skills Passport.	Parliament and of the Council of 20 November	
		2013 amending Directive 2005/36/EC on the	
European		recognition of professional qualifications and	
Professional		Regulation (EU) No 1024/2012 on administrative	
Card		cooperation through the Internal Market	
and European		Information System ('the IMI Regulation') (OJ L	
Skills Passport		354, 28.12.2013, p. 132).	
•		Procedure: <u>COD 2011/0435</u> .	
Employment /	27-28 June 2013:	Employment and Social Innovation	Commission's Performance
Funding	- Agreement on COSME, Horizon 2020 and on the Employment	Programme EaSI	Monitoring Report of the
Financial	and Social Innovation programme.		European Union Programme for
instruments:	1) The Commission and the Member States will exploit all	ADOPTED	Employment and Social Innovation
	possibilities offered by the European Social Fund (ESF), which	Regulation (EU) No 1296/2013 of the	(EaSI) 2014, published on 9
Employment	is one of the main financial tools at EU level for supporting the	European Parliament and of the Council of 11	September 2015.
and Social	creation of new jobs for young workers.	December 2013 on a European Union	
Innovation		Programme for Employment and Social	ESF rules and regulations / EC
Programme	14-15 March 2013:	Innovation ('EaSI') and amending Decision No	website.
EaSI	- Following the agreement reached at the February 2013	283/2010/EU establishing a European	
	European Council on the Youth Employment Initiative, the	Progress Microfinance Facility for	Other EU Funds supporting
European	Commission has put forward proposals, in the context of the	employment and social inclusion (OJ L 347,	employment / EC website.
Social Fund	ongoing negotiations on the European Social Fund Regulation,	20.12.2013, p. 238).	
	for the technical adjustments which will enable the Initiative to	Procedure: <u>2011/0270(COD)</u> .	FYI: European Globalisation
	become fully operational as of 1 January 2014.		Adjustment Fund (EGF)/ EC
		European Social Fund	website
		SWD(2016) 452 of 12 December 2016 Ex-post	FYI: Fund for European Aid to the
		evaluation of the 2007-2013 ESF Programmes.	Most Deprived (FEAD)/ EC website

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European Parliament <u>legislative resolution</u> of the 29 April 2015 on Youth Employment Initiative: increase of the initial pre-financing amount paid to operational programmes.

Procedure: <u>2015/0026(COD)</u>.

General Affairs Council of 21 April 2015 adopted general approach on Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and the Council amending Regulation (EU) No 1304/2013 of the European Parliament and the Council on the European Social Fund, as regards an increase of the initial pre-financing amount paid to operational programmes supported by the Youth Employment Initiative.

European Parliament resolutions of 10 February 2015 on topical subjects European Youth Initiative (modification of the ESF regulation) 2015/2554(RSP).

#### Commission proposal COM(2015)46

Amending Regulation (EU) No 1304/2013 of the European Parliament and the Council on the European Social Fund, as regards an increase of the initial pre-financing amount paid to operational programmes supported by the Youth Employment Initiative.

Procedure: <u>2015/0026(COD)</u>.

European Parliament resolution on the Commission Communication 'Towards Social Investment for Growth and Cohesion – including implementing the European Social Fund 2014-2020' (2013/2607(RSP)).

**ADOPTED** 

Regulation (EU) No 1304/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 on the European Social Fund and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No 1081/2006 (OJ L 347, 20.12.2013, p. 470). Procedure: 2011/268(COD).

Regulation (EU) No 1303/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 laying down common provisions on the European Regional Development Fund, the European Social Fund, the Cohesion Fund, the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development and the European Maritime and Fisheries Fund and laying down general provisions on the European Regional Development Fund, the European Social Fund, the Cohesion Fund and the European Maritime and Fisheries Fund and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No 1083/2006 (OJ L 347, 20.12.2013, p. 320). Procedure: 2011/0276/COD.

# II.3 Social Policy

# Social Policy EMU - Social dimension

#### 19-20 December 2013:

- Mutually agreed contractual arrangements would reflect the economic policy priorities identified by the European Council's shared analysis of the economic situation in the MS and take into account country-specific recommendations.
- The system to include associated solidarity mechanisms offering support to MS thus helping investment in growth and job-enhancing policies.
- Any financial support agreement associated with mutually agreed contractual arrangements will have a legally binding nature.
- On the associated solidarity mechanisms, work will be carried forward to further explore all options regarding the exact nature (e.g. loans, grants, guarantees), institutional form and volume of

Employment, Social Policy, Health and Consumer Affairs Council of 15-16 June 2017 endorsed the joint SPC and EMCO opinion on the European Pillar of Social Rights.

COM(2017) 250 26 of April 2017 Establishing a European Pillar of Social Rights.

European Parliament resolution of 13 March 2014 on Employment and social aspects of the role and operations of the Troika (ECB, Commission launched a <u>public</u> <u>consultation</u> on the European Pillar of Social Rights, 08.03.2016.

Commission report on Labour
Market and Wage Developments
in Europe 2015, 17.07.2015.
Towards a genuine
Economic and
Monetary Union - Towards an
integrated
economic policy framework:
state of play of consultations,

support while ensuring that these mechanisms do not entail obligations for the Member States not participating in the system of mutually agreed contractual arrangements and associated solidarity mechanisms.

- Work must also continue speedily on the use of employment and social indicators along the lines proposed by the Commission with the objective of using these new instruments in the 2014 European Semester.

#### 24-25 October 2013:

The use of an employment and social scoreboard in the Joint Employment Report and the use of employment and social indicators should be pursued as proposed by Commission.

#### 27-28 June 2013:

- As a first step, it is important to better monitor and take into account the social and labour market situation within EMU, notably by using appropriate social and employment indicators within the European semester.
- It is also important to ensure better coordination of employment and social policies, while fully respecting national competences. The role of the social partners and social dialogue, including at national level, is also key. The Commission will present a communication on the social dimension of the EMU shortly.

#### 13-14 December 2012:

President of the European Council, in close cooperation with President of the Commission, after a process of consultations with the Member States, will present to the June 2013 European Council possible measures and a time-bound roadmap on the following issues:

I. coordination of national reforms the participating Member States will be invited to ensure, in line with Article 11 of the TSCG, that all major economic policy reforms that they plan to undertake will be discussed ex ante and, where appropriate, coordinated among themselves. Such coordination shall involve the institutions of the EU as required by EU law to this end. The Commission has

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Commission and IMF) with regard to euro area programme countries (2014/2007(INI)).

European Parliament resolution of 25 February 2014 on the European Semester for economic policy coordination: Employment and Social Aspects in the Annual Growth Survey 2014 (2013/2158(INI)).

European Parliament resolution of 21 November 2013 on the Commission communication entitled 'Strengthening the social dimension of the Economic and Monetary Union (EMU)' (2013/2841(RSP)).

Commission Communication COM(2013) 690 Strengthening the social dimension of the economic and monetary union.

EP resolution of 20 November 2012 'Towards a genuine Economic and Monetary Union' (2012/2151(INL)).

Communication COM(2012) 777 'A Blueprint for a deep and genuine economic and monetary union. Launching a European debate'.

European Parliament resolution of 14 June 2012 on 'Towards a job-rich recovery' (2012/2647(RSP)).

<u>Communication COM(2012)0173</u> Towards a job-rich recovery.

European Parliament resolution of 20 October 2010 on the role of minimum income in combating poverty and promoting an inclusive society in Europe (2010/2039(INI)).

Presentation by President Herman Van Rompuy the European Council, 28.6.2013.

Joint Statement of France and Germany <u>Together for a Stronger</u> <u>Europe of Stability and Growth</u>, 29.5.2013.

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Investment for Growth and Cohesion – including implementing the European Social Fund 2014-2020' (2013/2607(RSP)). European Parliament resolution of 15 November 2011 on the European Platform

against poverty and social exclusion

(2011/2052(INI)).

Communication COM(2010)758 The European Platform against Poverty and Social Exclusion: A European framework for social and territorial cohesion. SEC(2010)1564. European Parliament resolution of 20 October 2010 on the role of minimum income in combating poverty and promoting an inclusive society in Europe (2010/2039(INI)).

Social Investment Package / European Commission, Sept. 2014, 11 p.

European Platform Against
Poverty and Social Exclusion:
Platform actions ongoing as of July
16, 2013/ European Commission,
9 p.

European Platform Against
Poverty and Social Exclusion:
platform actions completed as of
July 16, 2013/ European
Commission, 4 p.

# II.4 Macro-Regional Strategies

Adriatic and Ionian Region

#### 24 October 2014:

- Endorsed the European Union Strategy for the Adriatic and Ionian Region (EUSAIR) and called on all relevant actors to implement it without delay, as outlined in the Council conclusions of 29 September 2014.

#### 14 December 2012:

- Recalling its June 2011 conclusions, and subject to the evaluation of the concept of macro-regional strategies as foreseen in the Council conclusions of 13 April 2011, the European Council looks forward to the presentation by the Commission of a new EU Strategy for the Adriatic and Ionian region before the end of 2014. It also calls for the prompt implementation of the revised EU strategy for the Baltic Sea. In order to enhance co-operation with the neighbouring countries the European Council encourages the Council to take further action to make full use of the Northern Dimension and its partnerships.

29 September 2011:

<u>COM(2016) 805</u> of 16 December 2016 on the implementation of EU macro-regional strategies.

SWD(2016) 443 of 16 December 2016 on the implementation of EU macro-regional strategies.

General Affairs Council of 21 October 2014 on the governance of macro-regional strategies. General Affairs Council of 29 September 2014 on the European Union Strategy for the Adriatic and Ionian Region (EUSAIR).

<u>COM(2014) 357</u> of 17 June 2014 on the European Union Strategy for the Adriatic and Ionian Region.

SWD(2014) 190 of 17 June 2014 concerning the European Union Strategy for the Adriatic and Ionian Region, accompanying the

Interact's publication is the first ever to comprise all four EU macro-regional strategies, 04.11.2016.

First brainstorming meeting on the white book on governance and participation in EU macro-regional strategies, press release, 10.10.2016.

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	<ul> <li>Endorsed the EU Strategy for the Danube Region and called on all relevant actors to implement it without delay, as outlined in the Council's conclusions of 13 April 2011; Member States are invited to continue work in cooperation with the Commission on possible future macro-regional strategies, in particular as regards the Adriatic and Ionian region.</li> </ul>	Commission Communication COM(2014) 357 final.  SWD(2014) 191 of 17 June 2014 Supportive Analytical Document accompanying the COM (2014) 357 final.	
	<ul> <li>24 June 2011:</li> <li>Endorsed the EU Strategy for the Danube Region and called on all relevant actors to implement it without delay, as outlined in the Council's conclusions of 13 April 2011; Member States are invited to continue work in cooperation with the Commission on possible future macro-regional strategies, in particular as regards the Adriatic and Ionian region.</li> </ul>	COM(2014) 284 of 20 May 2014 concerning the governance of macro-regional strategies.  COM(2013) 468 of 27 June 2013 concerning the added value of macro-regional strategies.  SWD(2013) 233 of 27 June 2013 concerning the added value of macro-regional strategies.	
		COM(2012)0713 of 30 November 2012 on maritime strategy for the Adriatic and Ionian Seas.  European Parliament resolution of 27 June 2012 on the evolution of EU macro-regional strategies: present practice and future	
Alpine Region	20 December 2013: Recalling its conclusions of June 2011 and the Council Conclusions on the added value of macro-regional strategies of October 2013, the European Council invites the Commission, in cooperation with Member States, to elaborate an EU Strategy for the Alpine Region by June 2015.	prospects, especially in the Mediterranean (2011/2179(INI)).  COM(2016) 805 of 16 December 2016 on the implementation of EU macro-regional strategies.  SWD(2016) 443 of 16 December 2016 on the implementation of EU macro-regional strategies.	Draft minutes of European Council meeting of 28 June 2016, 13.07.2016.
		European Parliament resolution of 13 September 2016 on an EU Strategy for the Alpine region (2015/2324(INI))  On June 28 2016, the European Council endorsed the European Union Strategy for the	

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Alpine Region as outlined in the Council conclusions adopted on 27 November 2015 (doc. 14613/15).

# General Secretariat of the Council of 13 June 2016

The Council to request for the EU Strategy for the Alpine Region to be endorsed at the next meeting of the European Council. The Council invites the European Council to reflect the endorsement of this Strategy in its minutes on that meeting.

# <u>General Secretariat of the Council of 27</u> <u>November 2015</u>

Conclusions on the European Union Strategy for the Alpine Region.

<u>Foreign Affairs Council of 27 November 2015</u> Conclusions on the European Union Strategy for the Alpine Region.

<u>COM(2015) 366</u> of 28 July 2015 concerning a European Union Strategy for the Alpine Region.

SWD(2015) 147 of 28 July 2015 concerning the European Union Strategy for the Alpine Region.

<u>General Affairs Council</u> of 21 October 2014 on the governance of macro-regional strategies.

CCOM(2014) 284 of 20 May 2014 concerning the governance of macro-regional strategies.

<u>COM(2013) 468</u> of 27 June 2013 concerning the added value of macro-regional strategies.

		<u>SWD(2013) 233</u> of 27 June 2013 concerning
		the added value of macro-regional strategies.
		European Parliament resolution of 23 May
		2013 on a macro-regional strategy for the Alps
		(2013/2549(RSP)).
Baltic Sea	14 December 2012:	COM(2016) 805 of 16 December 2016 on the
Region	Recalling its June 2011 conclusions, and subject to the evaluation	implementation of EU macro-regional
Region	of the concept of macro-regional strategies as foreseen in the	'
	Council conclusions of 13 April 2011, the European Council looks	strategies.
	forward to the presentation by the Commission of a new EU	SWD(2016) 443 of 16 December 2016 on the
	Strategy for the Adriatic and Ionian region before the end of	implementation of EU macro-regional
	2014. It also calls for the prompt implementation of the revised	strategies.
	EU strategy for the Baltic Sea. In order to enhance co-operation	
	with the neighbouring countries the European Council	SWD (2015) 177 of 10 September 2015 on
	encourages the Council to take further action to make full use of	
	the Northern Dimension and its partnerships.	Region (revised Action Plan).
		Annex to the Action Plan: ongoing and
		completed flagships, July 2016.
		Annex to the Action Plan for the EU Strategy
		for the Baltic Sea Region, September 2015.
		General Affairs Council of 21 October 2014 on
		the governance of macro-regional strategies.
		and governments of mission regional strategies.
		COM (2014) 284 of 20 May 2014 concerning
		the governance of macro-regional strategies.
		the governance of macro regional strategies.
		COM (2013) 468 of 27 June 2013 concerning
		the added value of macro-regional strategies.
		the added value of macro-regional strategies.
		SWD (2013) 233 of 27 June 2013 concerning
		the added value of macro-regional strategies.
		the added value of filacio-regional strategies.
		(550/2000) 742
		SEC(2009) 712 concerning the European
		Union Strategy for the Baltic Sea Region,

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			accompanying the Commission Communication COM(2009) 248 final (February 2013 version).	
			General Affairs Council of 26 June 2012 on the completion of the review of the European Union Strategy for the Baltic Sea Region.	
			COM (2012) 128 of 23 March 2012 concerning the European Union Strategy for the Baltic Sea Region.	
			European Parliament resolution of 6 July 2010 on the European Union Strategy for the Baltic Sea Region and the role of macro-regions in the future cohesion policy (2009/2230(INI)).	
			COM (2009) 248 of 10 June 2009 concerning the European Union Strategy for the Baltic Sea Region.	
			SEC(2009) 712 of 10 June 2009 concerning the European Union Strategy for the Baltic Sea Region, accompanying the Commission Communication COM(2009) 248 final.	
	Danube Region	29 September 2011: Endorsed the EU Strategy for the Danube Region and called on all relevant actors to implement it without delay, as outlined in the Council's conclusions of 13 April 2011; Member States are	COM(2016) 805 of 16 December 2016 on the implementation of EU macro-regional strategies.	
		invited to continue work in cooperation with the Commission on possible future macro-regional strategies, in particular as regards the Adriatic and Ionian region.	SWD(2016) 443 of 16 December 2016 on the implementation of EU macro-regional strategies.	
		24 June 2011: Endorsed the EU Strategy for the Danube Region and called on all relevant actors to implement it without delay, as outlined in the Council's conclusions of 13 April 2011; Member States are	General Affairs Council of 21 October 2014 on the governance of macro-regional strategies.  COM (2010) 715 of 8 December 2010	
		invited to continue work in cooperation with the Commission on	concerning the European Union Strategy for the Danube Region.	

possible future macro-regional strategies, in particular as regards		
the Adriatic and Ionian region.	COM (2014) 284 of 20 May 2014 concerning	
	the governance of macro-regional strategies.	
	COM (2013) 468 of 27 June 2013 concerning	
	the added value of macro-regional strategies.	
	SWD (2013) 233 of 27 June 2013 concerning	
	the added value of macro-regional strategies.	
	General Affairs Council of 13 April 2011 on the	
	European Union Strategy for the Danube	
	Region.	
	<u>SEC (2010) 1489</u> of 8 December 2010	
	concerning the European Union Strategy for	
	the Danube Region, accompanying the	
	Commission Communication COM(2010) 175.	
	European Parliament resolution of 21 January	
	2010 on a European Strategy for the Danube	
	Region ( <u>2009/2812(RSP)</u> ).	

# III. Competitiveness Analytical Summary

#### Main commitments

# **Strategies**

Following the global economic and financial crisis, the need to boost growth and create jobs has featured high on the European agenda, guided by the Europe 2020 strategy. Endorsed by the European Council in June 2010, it aims to stimulate growth, employment, and confidence in the EU's internal market and is implemented throughout the European Semester. The European Council has regularly monitored the strategy's rate of implementation. Strengthening competitiveness —set as a priority in the European Council's June 2014 Strategic Agenda — also features prominently across the ten priorities of the Juncker Commission. Key policy areas, which aim to achieve a more integrated single market and create a level playing field for European businesses, include the Single Market, the Digital Single Market, and investment. These are intertwined with several other policy areas and initiatives, such as labour mobility, the Skills Agenda, the Circular Economy, and the Energy Union.

## Investment Plan for Europe

In response to a dearth of investment activity across the EU, in November 2014 the Commission proposed an Investment Plan for Europe. It includes three pillars: mobilising finance for investment, supporting investment in the real economy, and improving the investment environment. In 2015, the European Council endorsed the European Commission's initiative, giving priority to setting up the European Fund for Strategic Investment (EFSI). The EFSI, the main component of the first pillar, aims to boost growth and increase employment by combining public funds and private capital in order to mobilise €315 billion in additional investment over a three-year period. Through risk sharing, it encourages private investors to contribute to new investment projects focusing, in particular, on infrastructure and innovation and support for small and medium-sized enterprises. European leaders followed the adoption of the EFSI closely and later welcomed the tangible results achieved during its first year of operation. The European Council has also repeatedly encouraged the creation of the Capital Markets Union (CMU), which constitutes an essential element in the third pillar of the Investment Plan.

# Single Market and Digital Single Market

EU leaders have emphasised the importance of deeper integration of the Single Market on a number of occasions. Reducing the current fragmentation of the

European market and unlocking the full potential by notably embracing new technologies and adapting to new forms of business, including collaborative and digital economies, are core priorities for the European Council.

In May 2015, the Commission's <u>Digital Single Market Strategy</u> was launched and subsequently endorsed by the European Council in June 2015. The strategy aims for better online access to digital goods and services, seeks to build an environment where digital networks and services can prosper, and aims to stimulate growth through digitalisation and the development of the digital economy.

In October 2015, the Commission launched a Single Market Strategy '<u>Upgrading</u> the Single Market: more opportunities for people and business'. It focuses on creating additional opportunities for consumers, professionals and businesses; encouraging modernisation and innovation; and ensuring practical benefits for people in their daily lives.

The new key strategies presented by the Commission in 2015 were both endorsed by the European Council, which welcomed their ambitious implementation. It also called for specific actions in key areas to be carried out by the EU institutions or the Member States.

In June 2016, EU leaders pledged continued efforts to modernise the Single Market by adopting the agenda on delivering a deeper and fairer Single Market and by setting priority areas for action. In this agenda, EU leaders called for the delivery and implementation of all aspects of the Single Market by 2018, with a specific focus on encouraging digitalisation, reducing barriers to cross-border activities, and stimulating the free movement of capital.

### Better law-making

EU leaders have systematically supported action by both European institutions and Member States towards better law-making, which is a horizontal priority strongly related to competitiveness. In addition to improving the quality of legislation generally, it plays an important role in ensuring that EU rules provide citizens and business with added value. In May 2015, the Commission submitted a <a href="Better Regulation Package">Better Regulation Package</a> covering the full policy cycle from planning and consultation in the preparatory phase to review and revision in the latter stages. This included a proposal for a new <a href="Interinstitutional Agreement on Better Law-Making">Interinstitutional Agreement on Better Law-Making</a>, which entered into force in April 2016. Closer cooperation between the institutions, in particular during the legislative planning phase, improved use of impact assessment, and increased transparency in the policy cycle are important elements of the agreement.

# State of play

# Investment Plan for Europe

Encouraged by the positive performance of its first years of activity, the European Council acknowledged the results of EFSI and endorsed the Commission proposal to extend its duration and financial capacity. The European Council called upon the co-legislators to adopt the proposal, which aims at further stimulating investment in the real economy by mobilising at least €500 billion in investments by 2020. An agreement, which still has to be formally adopted, was reached in September 2017.

In December 2015, EU leaders endorsed the <u>Capital Markets Union</u> Action Plan, which facilitates the financing of the economy by removing barriers to investment, and called for swift progress in this area. In particular, they urged the co-legislators to agree by the end of 2016 on proposals on <u>securitisation</u> and the simplification of <u>prospectus</u> requirements. The regulation on prospectus requirements was <u>adopted in May 2017</u>. The same month, the European Parliament and Council also reached a <u>political agreement</u> on the regulation on simple, transparent, and standardised securitisation, which is still subject to formal adoption. The <u>mid-term review</u> of the CMU reports on progress achieved so far, by highlighting that around two thirds of the planned measures have been initiated since the launch of the Action Plan in 2015. The mid-term review also presents new actions to be proposed by the first half of 2018.

### (Digital) Single Market

In <u>June 2017</u>, the European Council took stock of progress made in implementing the initiatives relating to the Single Market and the Digital Single Market, emphasised that further efforts from the EU and the Member States are necessary, and tasked the Council to report back to the European Council again in one year's time, in June 2018.

In May 2017, the Commission published a <u>mid-term review</u> on the Digital Single Market strategy. It highlighted the delivery of all key initiatives, took stock of progress achieved, and called for political agreement on the ongoing legislative and non-legislative files. In addition, the Commission identified further action in light of both the opportunities opened up by new technologies and the challenges of digitalisation, focusing in particular on the data economy, cybersecurity, and online platforms.

In June 2017, the European Council <u>endorsed</u> the DSM mid-term review, and welcomed the Commission's intention to review the cybersecurity strategy. Based

on its previous conclusions, EU leaders also called for an industrial policy strategy, which would strengthen the industrial base of the Single Market. A cybersecurity package, including a reviewed strategy, was introduced in parallel with the State of the Union address on 13 September 2017. Similarly, the Commission presented a communication on a <u>renewed</u> EU Industrial Policy Strategy.

# **Intellectual Property Rights in the Single Market**

The European Council has repeatedly called for the modernisation of the EU copyright and audio-visual frameworks. It has also invited the Commission to ensure portability and facilitate cross-border access to online material protected by copyright. The Commission has presented several plans to adapt EU copyright rules to the demands of the digital economy. The directives on orphan works and the collective management of copyright were adopted in 2012 and 2014 respectively. Following this, in December 2015 the Commission presented a communication 'Towards a modern, more European copyright framework', which includes a detailed action plan and outlines a long-term vision for copyright in the EU. A legislative proposal on the cross-border portability of online content was presented as a first step in December 2015, and adopted in May 2017. In May 2016, a revision of the Audiovisual Media Services Directive was proposed. A package of measures promoting a fair, efficient and competitive European copyright-based economy was announced in September 2016, including a new directive on copyright in the Digital Single Market.

The European Council has encouraged the creation of a Unitary Patent and a Unified Patent Court on several occasions. It has also urged the Member States concerned to <a href="ratify">ratify</a> the agreement on the Unified Patent Court. After lengthy negotiations, an agreement was reached in December 2012 on the two regulations for a Unitary Patent. This was followed by an international agreement on a Unified Patent Court in February 2013, using the possibility of enhanced co-operation between Member States (Article 20 TEU and Articles 326-334 TFEU). Once it is in force, it <a href="will establish">will establish</a> a pan-European patent system valid in participating Member States.

# Main challenges and outlook

EU leaders have highlighted the importance of a fully functioning internal market for increasing the EU's competitiveness and building a promising economic future for all. The main challenges in this field are related to unlocking the potential benefits of a more integrated single market (including energy) adapted to the global and digitalised economy. The delivery and implementation of the strategies on the Capital Markets Union, Digital Single Market and Single Market are at the

heart of this commitment. The European Council has engaged with assessing the progress achieved and giving further guidance where necessary. Continuous efforts to improve the EU economy, including its digital dimension, feature prominently in the letter from the European Council President to EU leaders, ahead of their informal meeting in Tallinn on 28 September 2017. The Digital Summit of EU Heads of State or Government on the following day, 29 September 2017, addressed the challenges and opportunities of digitalisation, which will also be on the agenda of the European Council meeting on 19-20 October 2017.

Stimulating growth and boosting job creation by upgrading the single market also features prominently in the <u>letter of intent</u> published in the context of the <u>State of the Union 2017</u>. Similarly, the Estonian Presidency of the Council of the European Union highlights the need to advance the EU internal market in all aspects during the second half of 2017, including the <u>Single Market</u>, the Digital Single Market and the <u>Capital Markets Union</u>, with an emphasis on <u>digital Europe</u> and free movement of data.

In September 2016, EU leaders adopted the Bratislava Declaration and Roadmap on the common future of EU-27 without the UK and called for a period of reflection, until the 60th anniversary of the Rome Treaties, which resulted in the Declaration of Rome on 25 March 2017. A competitive single market embracing digitalisation is a key element of two of the main objectives included in the Rome Declaration: 'a prosperous and sustainable Europe' and 'a social Europe'. Consequently, ensuring long-term competitiveness and the fair distribution of wealth is likely to feature prominently in the discussion on the future of the European project at EU leaders' meetings. The Commission's White Paper on the future of Europe presented five scenarios for the EU, accompanied by five reflection papers, and a process for moving forward, with the first conclusions of the European Council envisaged in December 2017.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks				
III.1 Competitiveness							
European Council strategic agenda  Strategic Agenda for the Union in Times of Change (EUCO five year plan, annex to conclusions 27.06.2014)  A Union of Jobs, Growth and Competitiveness	23-24 October 2014:  Invited the Commission, the Council and the Member States to translate the orientations set out in the Strategic Agenda for the Union in Times of Change into concrete policy actions without delay.  26-27 June 2014:  The Union needs bold steps to foster growth, increase investments, create more and better jobs and encourage reforms for competitiveness. This also requires making best use of the flexibility that is built into the existing Stability and Growth Pact rules. The upcoming review of the EU2020 strategy will be a good occasion to bring it fully in line with this strategic agenda.  Therefore the priorities we set for the Union for the next five years are to:  fully exploit the potential of the single market in all its dimensions: by completing the internal market in products and services; by completing the digital single market by 2015;  promote a climate of entrepreneurship and job creation, not least for SMEs: by facilitating access to finance and investment; by ensuring more resilient financial regulation; by improving the functioning of labour markets and by shifting taxes away from labour; by reducing unnecessary administrative burdens and compliance costs in a targeted manner, respecting consumer and employees protection as well as health and environment concerns;  - ().	Presidency report, focussing on chapter on jobs, growth and competitiveness (13244/14).  A New Start for Europe: My Agenda for Jobs, Growth, Fairness and Democratic Change Political Guidelines for the next European Commission: Opening Statement in the European Parliament Plenary Session Candidate for President of the European Commission, Strasbourg, 15 July 2014/ Jean-Claude Juncker. (pp.4-7) A New Boost for Jobs, Growth and Investment; Connected Digital Single Market; A Deeper and Fairer Internal Market with Strengthened Industrial Base).					
Investment Plan	22-23 June 2017:  - The European Council takes stock of the progress made	European Parliament resolution of 15 June 2017 on the implementation of the European	Investment Plan, EC website.				
European Fund for Strategic Investment	on the European Fund for Strategic Investments and calls		See also chapter I. Economic and Financial Affairs section on Capital				

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	on the legislators to rapidly agree on the extension and	Proposal COM(2016)597 Of 14 September	Markets Union (CMU) and
	reinforcement of the Fund.	2016 amending Regulations (EU) No	financing the economy.
	9 March 2017:	1316/2013 and (EU) 2015/1017 as regards the extension of the duration of the European	MEPs want future-oriented
	- Uncertainties persist, however, and it is therefore	Fund for Strategic Investments as well as the	investments in neediest EU
	important to ensure the sustainability of the recovery. To	introduction of technical enhancements for	economies, press release, 15 May
	this end, () investment are being promoted, including	that Fund and the European Investment	2017.
	through the swift extension of the European Fund for	Advisory Hub.	
	Strategic Investments.	Annual report SWD SWD(2016) 297 and	
	45.0	SWD(2016) 298.	
	15 December 2016: - The European Council welcomes the agreement reached	Procedure: <u>2016/0276 (COD).</u>	
	in the Council on the extension of the European Fund for	COM(2016)0581 14 September 2016 on	
	Strategic Investment (EFSI), which should be adopted by	Strengthening European Investments for jobs	
	the co-legislators in the first half of 2017.	and growth: Towards a second phase of the	
	_	European Fund for Strategic Investments and	
	20-21 October 2016:	a new European External Investment Plan.	
	- The European Council calls on the Council to agree its		
	negotiating position on the Commission's new EFSI	Regulation(EU)2015/1017 of the European	
	proposal at its meeting on 6 December, taking into account the independent external evaluation that will be	Parliament and of the Council of 25 June 2015	
	delivered in November.	on the European Fund for Strategic Investments, the European Investment	
	delivered in November.	Advisory Hub and the European Investment	
	16 September 2016 (informal EU27):	Project Portal and amending Regulations (EU)	
	- Objective: Create a promising economic future for all,	No 1291/2013 and (EU) No 1316/2013 — the	
	safeguard our way of life and provide better	European Fund for Strategic Investments	
	opportunities for youth.	Procedure: <u>2015/0009(COD)</u> .	
	Concrete measures:	COM/2044)002 [26]	
	a) In December: decision on extension of the European	COM(2014)903 of 26 November 2014	
	Fund for Strategic Investment in light of evaluation. ()	An Investment Plan for Europe.	
	28 June 2016:	Economic and Financial Affairs Council 14	
	- The Investment Plan for Europe, in particular the	October 2014_conclusions on measures to	
	European Fund for Strategic Investments (EFSI), has	support investment as part of the EU's	
	already delivered concrete results and is a major step to	response in promoting competitiveness and	
DE (10.004	100	growth.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	help mobilise private investment while making smart use of scarce budgetary resources.  - The Commission intends to soon put forward proposals on the future of the EFSI, which should be examined as a matter of urgency by the European Parliament and the Council.		
	25-26 June 2015:  - The European Council welcomed the agreement reached on the European Fund for Strategic Investments (EFSI) and called for its rapid implementation.		
	19-20 March 2015:  The general approach reached by the Council on the European Fund for Strategic Investments (EFSI) is an important step towards an agreement by the colegislators on the legislative act by June, so that the EFSI can be fully deployed from mid-2015. Cooperation between the EIB Group and national promotional banks needs to be strengthened and the EFSI should complement and be additional to ongoing EU programmes and traditional EIB Group activities.		
	19-20 December 2014:  - The European Council:  a) calls for setting up of a European Fund for Strategic Investments (EFSI) in the EIB Group with the aim of mobilising €315 billion in new investments between 2015 and 2017. The Commission will present a proposal in January 2015, which the Union legislators are invited to agree on by June, so that the new investments can be activated as early as mid-2015. The EIB Group is invited to start activities by using its own funds as of		
	January 2015. EFSI will be open to contributions from Member States, directly or through national promotional banks. The European Council takes note of the favourable position the Commission has indicated		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	towards such capital contributions in the context of the assessment of public finances under the Stability and Growth Pact, necessarily in line with the flexibility that is built into its existing rules; b) supports the Commission's and EIB's intention to strengthen technical assistance to projects at European level and to create an investment advisory hub to be operational as of mid-2015; c) underlines that EFSI will complement and be additional to ongoing EU programmes and traditional EIB activities. In this context the full use of all existing and allocated EU resources needs to be encouraged. The Commission will work closely with the Member States concerned to find solutions to maximise the use of commitments under the 2007-2013 MFF period and recognises the desirability of delivering long-term projects in the years ahead using the flexibility of the existing rules.  The European Council will take regular stock of the implementation of the above-mentioned orientations.		
	<ul> <li>24-25 October 2014:</li> <li>Support for the incoming Commission's intention to launch an initiative mobilising €300 billion of additional investment from public and private sources over the period 2015-2017.</li> <li>Welcomed establishment of a Task Force, led by the Commission and the European Investment Bank to identify concrete actions to boost investment, including a pipeline of potentially viable projects of European relevance to be realised in the short and medium term.</li> <li>Invited Commission and Council, in close cooperation in particular with the EIB, to take this investment initiative forward and to report to the Euco in December.</li> </ul>		
Better law-making	28 June2016: - The European Council adopts an agenda on delivering a	Communication COM(2016)710 of 25 October 2016 Commission Work Programme 2017	Judgment of the Court (Grand Chamber) of 14 April 2015,
Better regulation	deeper and fairer Single Market. It calls for swift and	2020 30111110011111111111111111111111111	Council of the European Union v

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Smart Regulation	determined progress: () to vigorously pursue efforts towards better regulation.	Delivering a Europe that protects, empowers and defends.	European Commission, C-409/13, ECLI:EU:C:2015:217.
Regulatory Fitness	18 December 2014:  - Invites the Commission and the Union legislators to step up work on key measures to increase the Union's attractiveness for production, investment and innovation, and to improve the regulatory environment for investments, including moves towards better integrated capital markets, while at the same time robustly pursuing the better regulation agenda aimed at transparent and simple regulation achieved at a minimum cost, consistent with the Council conclusions of 4 December 2014.  - The European Council will take regular stock of the implementation of the above-mentioned orientations.  26-27 June 2014:  - Review of progress made in the area of regulatory fitness and performance on the basis of the Commission Communication. The European Council considers that regulatory fitness should remain a priority in the work of the institutions. This requires a strong commitment to regulatory simplification and burden reduction in legislative work and better use of impact assessment and ex-post evaluation throughout the legislative cycle, at the EU and national level.  - Calls on the Council to proceed to a detailed examination of the Commission Communication. The Commission, the other EU institutions and the Member States are invited to continue the implementation of the REFIT programme in an ambitious way, taking into account consumer and employees protection as well as health and environment concerns.  19-20 December 2013:  - Calls for further actions to reduce the burden on regulation through the implementation and further development of the REFIT programme.	COM(2016)615 of 14 September 2016 on Better Regulation: Delivering better results for a stronger Union  Competitiveness Council 25-26 May 2016 adopted conclusions on better regulation to strengthen competitiveness and conclusions on research and innovation friendly regulation.  Inter-institutional Agreement between the European Parliament, the Council of the European Union and the European Commission on Better Law-Making, Interinstitutional Agreement of 23 April 2016, OJ L 123, 12.5.2016.  Statement of the European Parliament and of the Commission on the occasion of the adoption of the Interinstitutional Agreement on Better Law-Making of 13 April 2016, OJ L 124, 13.5.201.  European Parliament resolution of 12 April 2016 on Regulatory Fitness and Performance Programme (REFIT): State of Play and Outlook (2014/2150(INI)).  General Affairs Council 15 March 2016 adopted the Inter-institutional Agreement on Better Law-Making.	Cutting Red Tape in Europe: Legacy and outlook - final report, High Level Group on Administrative Burdens, 24.7.2014.  High Level Group on Administrative Burdens/ website.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Looks forward to agreeing on further steps at its June	European Parliament decision of 9 March	
	meeting.	2016 on the conclusion of an Inter-	
		institutional Agreement on Better Law-Making	
	<u>24-25 October 2013:</u>	between the European Parliament, the	
	- Calls on the Commission to make further substantial	Council of the European Union and the	
	proposals in this field.	European Commission (2016/2005(ACI)).	
	- Calls for simplification of existing EU law, by withdrawing		
	proposals that are no longer needed and by repealing	<u>Provisional text of the proposed Inter-</u>	
	legislation that is out of date.	<u>institutional</u> Agreement on Better Law-	
	- Underlines the need to monitor progress by means of a	Making, 16 December 2015.	
	comprehensive scoreboard to track progress at the		
	European and national level and facilitate dialogue on	Commission Decision C(2015) 9063 of 16	
	regulatory fitness.	December 2015 Appointment of Members of	
	- Looks forward to agreeing further steps in this direction	the Stakeholder group of the REFIT Platform.	
	at its June meeting and will return to the issue annually as		
	part of the European Semester.	General Affairs Council 15 December 2015	
	27 20 1 2042	approved of the text of the Interinstitutional	
	27-28 June 2013:	Agreement on Better Law-making	
	- Calls for a detailed work programme comprising further	provisionally agreed with the European	
	and, where appropriate, new concrete proposals to reduce	Parliament and the Commission on 8	
	the overall burden of regulation and foster	December 2015.	
	competitiveness, while always taking account of the need for the proper protection of consumers and employees	COM(2015)0610 of 27 October 2015	
	(before the October 2013 meeting).	Commission Work Programme 2016 No time	
	(before the October 2013 meeting).	for business as usual.	
	14-15 March 2013:	ioi pusitiess as usual.	
	- Further action is required to reduce the overall burden of	COM(2015) 215 of 19 May 2015 on better	
	regulation at EU and national levels, while always taking	regulation for better results - An EU agenda.	
	account of the need for proper protection of consumers	SWD(2015) 110 Regulatory Fitness and	
	and employees.	Performance Programme (REFIT): State of Play	
	- Welcomed the Commission's report on the most	and Outlook. SWD(2015) 111 Better	
	burdensome regulations for SMEs and looks forward to	Regulation Guidelines.	
	receiving initial concrete proposals to implement its		
	findings by June 2013.	Commission Decision C(2015) 3261 of 9 May	
		2015 establishing the REFIT Platform.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	<ul> <li>Looks forward to receiving the first proposals for simplification and reducing the regulatory burden in the autumn.</li> <li>Encourages the Commission to use the REFIT programme to identify and propose in the autumn the withdrawal of regulations that are no longer of use and to pursue the consolidation of existing legislation as part of its simplification work.</li> </ul>	Communication to the Commission C(2015) 3260 of 19 May 2015 the REFIT Platform: Structure and Functioning.  Decision of the President of the European Commission C(2015) 3263 of 19 May 2015 on the establishment of an independent Regulatory Scrutiny Board.	
	18-19 October 2012:  - To reduce the overall regulatory burden at EU and national levels, with a specific focus on SMEs and microenterprises, including by facilitating their access to funding.  - Looks forward to the Commission communication expected in December, which will take stock of progress and signal further action to be taken by the end of the current parliamentary cycle at the latest, including the follow up on the top 10 most burdensome pieces of legislation for SMEs.	Communication to the Commission C(2015) 3262 19 May 2015 Regulatory Scrutiny Board: Mission, tasks and staff.  COM(2014)910 of 16 December 2014 on Commission Work Programme 2015, A New Start.  Annex III: REFIT Actions.  Competitiveness Council 4-5 December 2014 adopted conclusions on Smart Regulation.	
	28-29 June 2012: Further efforts to reduce the overall regulatory burden at EU and national level; Commission to submit report on smart regulation by end of 2012.	COM(2014)368 of 18 June 2014 European Commission Communication on Regulatory Fitness and Performance Programme (REFIT): State of Play and Outlook.	
	1-2 March 2012:  To reduce the administrative and regulatory burdens at EU and national level; the European Council welcomes the Commission's intention to present a communication on	European Parliament resolution of 17 April 2014 on the 'top ten' consultation process and lightening the burden of EU regulation on SMEs (2013/2711(RSP)).	
	further steps towards minimising regulatory burdens, including measures to support microenterprises. It invites the Commission to consider sectoral targets.  9 December 2011: Endorses the actions proposed by the Commission in its report on minimising regulatory burdens for SMEs.	European Parliament resolution of 4 February 2014 on EU Regulatory Fitness and Subsidiarity and Proportionality - 19th report on Better Law-making covering the year 2011 2013/2077(INI).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	23 October 2011: The Commission is invited to make further efforts to reduce the overall regulatory burden, in particular for SMEs, including by proposing concrete working methods within the context of the Smart Regulation agenda. It has committed to assess the impact of future regulations on micro-enterprises and to screen the acquis to identify existing obligations from which micro-enterprises could be exempted. The European Council looks forward to the Commission's forthcoming report in order to return to these issues at its December 2011 meeting.  24-25 March 2011: The over regulatory burden, in particular for SMEs, should be reduced at both European and national levels; the Commission will report on issue by summer.	COM(2013)685 of 2 October 2013 European Commission Communication on the Regulatory Fitness and Performance Programme (REFIT): Results and next steps.  COM(2013)446 of 18 June 2013 follow-up to the 'TOP TEN' Consultation of SMEs on EU Regulation.  SWD(2013) 401 of 1 August 2013 Regulatory Fitness and Performance Programme (REFIT): Initial Results of the Mapping of the Acquis.  COM(2012)746 of 12 December 2012 EU Regulatory Fitness.  European Parliament resolution of 14 September 2011 on better legislation, subsidiarity and proportionality and smart regulation (2011/2029(INI)).  COM(2010)543 of 8 October 2010 Smart Regulation in the European Union.	
Europe 2020: A New European Strategy for	15 December 2016: - The European Council calls on the Council and the	Europe 2020 <u>COM(2015)100</u> of 2 March 2015 on results of	See chapter I. Economic and Financial Affairs for information
Jobs and Growth	Commission to evaluate the impact of mainstreaming industrial policy into the EU strategic initiatives and to	the public consultation on the Europe 2020 strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive	on the European Semester, Annual Growth Surveys and the
Flagship initiative: An integrated	consider concrete action to strengthen and modernise the industrial base of the Single Market.	growth.	Compact on Jobs and Growth.
industrial policy for		COM(2014) 130 of 19 March 2014 Taking	Summary of Industrial Indicators,
the globalisation era	20-21 March 2014:	stock of the Europe 2020 strategy for smart,	EC website.
	- Assessed the implementation of the Europe 2020 Strategy on the basis of the Commission communication.	sustainable and inclusive growth.	
	- Calls for stepping up efforts to reach the Europe 2020	European Parliament resolution of 17	
	targets and looks forward to the planned review of the EU	February 2011 on Europe 2020	
	2020 Strategy in 2015. ()	(2010/3013(RSP)).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	27-28 June 2013: Calls for a broad horizontal and coherent approach for a modern European industrial policy accompanying structural change and economic renewal. The incoming Presidency is invited to take preparatory work forward within the Council.  14-15 March 2013: Industrial competitiveness and policy: stressing the importance of making Europe more competitive as a place of production and investment, the European Council looks forward (June 2013 and February 2014) to the follow up to the Commission's recent communications on industrial policy and on specific industrial sectors as well as to the timely presentation of the Commission's further input for this discussion: the report on European competitiveness, the report on the implementation of industrial policy priorities and the conclusions of the review of the single market for industrial products.	COM(2010)2020 of 3 March 2010 EUROPE 2020 A strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive growth.  An integrated industrial policy for the globalisation era:  Competitiveness Council 4-5 December 2014 conclusions on Industrial Competitiveness: agenda for growth and jobs.  Competitiveness Council 25-26 September 2014 conclusions on the mainstreaming of industrial competitiveness (13617/14).  COM(2014)14 of 22 January 2014 for a European Industrial Renaissance.  European Parliament resolution of 15 January 2014 on reindustrialising Europe to promote competitiveness and sustainability (2013/2006(INI)).	
	18-19 October 2012: The Commission communication on a new EU industrial policy stresses the importance of developing an integrated approach in order to strengthen industrial competitiveness to underpin growth and jobs, whilst improving energy and resource efficiency. It is particularly important for European industries to maintain and develop their technological lead and to facilitate investment in new key technologies in the early stages and for close-to-the-market actions.  17 June 2010: Adopted 'Europe 2020' strategy for jobs and smart, sustainable and inclusive growth. It constitutes a coherent framework for the Union to mobilise all of its instruments	European Parliament resolution of 9 March 2011 on an Industrial Policy for the Globalised Era (2010/2095(INI)).  COM(2012)582 10 October 2012 A Stronger European Industry for Growth and Economic Recovery Industrial Policy Communication Update.  COM(2010)614 of 28 October 2010 An Integrated Industrial Policy for the Globalisation Era Putting Competitiveness and Sustainability at Centre Stage.	

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Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	and policies and for the Member States to take enhanced coordinated action. It will promote the delivery of structural reforms. The emphasis must now be on		
	implementation, and we will guide and monitor this process. Will discuss further, over the coming months,		
	how specific policies can be mobilised to unlock the EU's growth potential, starting with innovation and energy policies. ()		
	25-26 March 2010: - The EU needs a new strategy, based on an enhanced		
	coordination of economic policies, in order to deliver more growth and jobs. Following the Commission's		
	communication 'Europe 2020: a strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive growth' and the discussions held		
	in the Council, the European Council agreed on the		
	following elements of this new strategy, which will be formally adopted in June. ()		
	- The Commission will further develop and submit to the Council the actions it proposes to take at the EU level,		
	notably through the flagship initiatives.		
Europe 2020: A New	14-15 March 2013:	Europe 2020:	See chapter I. Economic and
European Strategy for	- Will hold, over the coming months, a series of thematic	COM(2015)100 of 2 March 2015 on results of	Financial Affairs for information
Jobs and Growth	discussions on sectoral and structural aspects that are key	the public consultation on the Europe 2020	on the European Semester,
	to economic growth and European competitiveness. Such	strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive	Annual Growth Surveys and the
Flagship initiative: Digital Agenda	discussions will also feed into a debate next year on the	growth.	Compact on Jobs and Growth.
Digital Agenua	Europe 2020 Strategy and the review of progress towards its headline targets. With a view to these discussions, it	COM(2014) 130 of 5 March 2014 on taking	For latest developments under
	calls for preparatory work to be conducted giving priority	stock of the Europe 2020 strategy for smart,	the Commission priority: Digital
	to the following issues: ()	sustainable and inclusive growth.	Single Market, please see the
	(c) digital agenda and other services (October 2013): the		relevant chapter here below.
	European Council notes the Commission's intention to	European Parliament resolution of 17	
	report well before October on the state of play and the	February 2011 on Europe 2020	<u>Digital Agenda scorecard,</u>
	remaining obstacles to be tackled so as to ensure the	(2010/3013(RSP)).	European Commission website.
	completion of a fully functioning Digital Single Market		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	by 2015, as well as concrete measures to establish the single market in Information and Communications	COM(2010)2020 of 3 March 2010 EUROPE 2020 A strategy for smart, sustainable and	
	Technology as early as possible.	inclusive growth.	
	1-2 March 2012: Complete the Digital Single Market by 2015, in particular by adopting measures to boost confidence in on-line trade and by providing better broadband coverage, including by	Digital Agenda:  COM(2015)192 of 6 May 2015 A Digital Single Market strategy for Europe European Parliament resolution of 4 July 2013	
	reducing the cost of high-speed broadband infrastructure; the European Council looks forward to the forthcoming Commission proposals on copyright.	on completing the digital single market (2013/2655(RSP)).	
	23 October 2011:	European Parliament resolution of 12 September 2013 on the Digital Agenda for	
	Invites the Commission to swiftly present the roadmap on the completion of the Digital Single Market by 2015, giving priority to proposals aimed at promoting a fully integrated	Growth, Mobility and Employment: time to move up a gear (2013/2593(RSP)).	
	Digital Single Market through the facilitation of ecommerce and cross-border use of online services.	COM(2012)784 of 26 August 2010 The Digital Agenda for Europe - Driving European growth digitally.	
	17 June 2011: The Commission is also invited to prepare a roadmap on the completion of the digital Single Market by 2015. The	European Parliament resolution of 11 December 2012 on completing the Digital	
	Commission is invited to report in October 2011 on these growth-enhancing areas with a view to progress being achieved by the time of the spring 2012 European Council.	Single Market (2012/2030(INI)).  COM(2010)245 of 26 August 2010 A Digital	
	4 February 2011: The Commission is invited to make rapid progress in key areas of the digital economy to ensure the creation of the	Agenda for Europe.	
Europo 2020:	Digital Single Market by 2015.	Europa 2020:	Soo shantar I Esanomic and
Europe 2020: A New European	24-25 October 2013: The 2010 Innovation Union flagship initiative provides a	Europe 2020: COM(2015)100 of 2 March 2015 on results of	See chapter I. Economic and Financial Affairs for information
Strategy for Jobs and	number of valuable instruments which, combined with	the public consultation on the Europe 2020	on the European Semester,
Growth	financing programmes, such as Competitiveness of	strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive	Annual Growth Surveys and the
	Enterprises and SMEs (COSME) and Horizon 2020,	growth.	Compact on Jobs and Growth.
	including the Risk-Sharing Finance Facility, can support		
	innovation and its impact on the market.		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Flagship initiative: European Innovation Union	14-15 March 2013:  Will hold, over the coming months, a series of thematic discussions on sectoral and structural aspects that are key to economic growth and European competitiveness. Such discussions will also feed into a debate next year on the Europe 2020 Strategy and the review of progress towards its headline targets. ()	COM(2014)0130 19 March 2014 taking stock of the Europe 2020 strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive growth.  European Parliament resolution of 17 February 2011 on Europe 2020 (2010/3013(RSP)).  COM(2010)2020 3 March 2010 EUROPE 2020 A strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive growth.  European Innovation Union: Competitiveness Council 4-5 December 2014 adopted conclusions on research and innovation as source of renewed growth.  COM(2014)339 10 June 2014 on research and innovation as sources of renewed growth, 10.06.2014.  SWD(2014)0181 State of the Innovation Union - Taking Stock 2010-2014, 10.06.2014.  COM(2010) 546 of 6 October 2010 Europe 2020 Flagship Initiative Innovation Union.	Innovation Union Scoreboard 2014, European Commission.
III.2 Single Market			
Single Market Strategy	22-23 June 2017:  - The European Council discussed how to best use the potential of the Single Market and of trade and industry to that effect, while ensuring that these developments benefit all parts of society. ()The European Council reiterates the importance of a well-functioning Single Market with its four freedoms in fostering growth, creating	European Parliament resolution of 5 July 2017 on building an ambitious EU industrial strategy as a strategic priority for growth, employment and innovation in Europe (2017/2732(RSP)).  Competitiveness Council of 29 and 30 May 2017 examined the progress made on the	See also the sections on Single Market and Digital Single Market.  See also Chapter I, Economic and Financial Affairs section on Capital Markets Union (CMU) and financing the economy.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
The state of the s	jobs and promoting investments and innovation. Colegislators have made it possible to achieve significant progress towards the shared objective of completing and implementing the various strategies by 2018. There are nevertheless still gaps which require further attention. The European Council therefore emphasises that further efforts are needed from the EU and its Member States to achieve the level of ambition as reflected in the June 2016 conclusions for the Single Market, including on services, the Digital Single Market, the Capital Markets Union and the Energy Union, including interconnections. () Timely implementation and better enforcement of existing legislation are also key to reaping the benefits of Europe's Single Market. The Council will report to the June 2018 European Council on progress in deepening, implementing and enforcing the Single Market in all its aspects. In order to look beyond the finalisation of the different Single Market strategies and evolve towards a future-proof and fair Single Market, the European Council calls on the Commission to pursue its reflections on innovative ways to address new opportunities, challenges and remaining barriers.  9 March 2017:  - () Decisions already taken must be implemented effectively and existing gaps closed through swift progress on legislative proposals, in line with the June 2016 European Council conclusions and the Joint Declaration of 13 December 2016 on the EU's legislative priorities for 2017. () The EU needs concrete action to ensure a strong and competitive industrial base, as set out in its December	implementation of the digital single market strategy and the single market strategy.  Proposal COM(2017)0256 of 2 May 2017 for a Regulation on establishing a single digital gateway to provide information, procedures, assistance and problem solving services and amending Regulation (EU) No 1024/2012.  Procedure: 2017/086 (COD).  Proposal COM(2017)0257 of 2 May 2017 for a Regulation setting out the conditions and procedure by which the Commission may request undertakings and associations of undertakings to provide information in relation to the internal market and related areas.  Proposal: 2017/087 (COD).  Communication COM(2017)0255 of 2 May 2017, Action plan on the Reinforcement of SOLVIT: Bringing the benefits of the Single Market to citizens and businesses.  Communication COM(2016)733 of 22 November 2016, Europe's next leaders: the Start-up and Scale-up Initiative  Proposal for a Directive COM(2016)0723 of 22 November 2016 on preventive restructuring frameworks, second chance and measures to increase the efficiency of restructuring,	Commission takes new steps to enhance compliance and practical functioning of the EU Single Market, press release, 2 May 2017.
	2016 conclusions, a fully functioning and interconnected energy market and a flourishing services sector. All will benefit from a stronger Single Market. Completing and implementing the various Single Market strategies by 2018 therefore remains our shared objective. The European Council will review progress in June.	insolvency and discharge procedures and amending Directive 2012/30/EU. Procedure: 2016/0359 (COD).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	15 December 2016: - Reiterates the importance of the various Single Market	Public consultation on the Start-up Initiative from 31.3.2016 to 31.7.2016.	
	strategies and the Energy Union, which should be completed and implemented by 2018. By then, certain key	Communication COM(2016)710 of 25 October 2016 Commission Work Programme 2017	
	issues need to be resolved. It welcomes the progress achieved so far and urges all Institutions to build on this	Delivering a Europe that protects, empowers and defends.	
	momentum and further increase the level of ambition notably in the vital areas of services and the Digital Single Market, ahead of the March 2017 European Council. It	COM(2016)0361 of 1 June 2016 on Delivering the Single Market Agenda for Jobs, Growth	
	calls for removing remaining obstacles within the Single Market, including those hampering the free flow of data.	and Investment.  Public consultation from 2 August to 7  November 2016 on Single Market Information	
	20-21 October 2016:	Tool.	
	<ul> <li>The European Council reconfirms previous conclusions, in which it called for the different Single Market strategies (Digital Single Market, Capital Markets Union, Energy Union and Single Market Agenda) to be completed and implemented by 2018.</li> </ul>	European Parliament resolution of 26 May 2016 on the Single Market Strategy (2015/2354(INI)).	
	16 September 2016 (informal EU27):  - Objective: Create a promising economic future for all, safeguard our way of life and provide better	European Parliament resolution of 26 May 2016 on Non-Tariff Barriers in the Single Market (2015/2346(INI)).	
	opportunities for youth. Concrete measures: ()	European Parliament resolution of 12 April 2016 on towards improved single market	
	b) Spring 2017 European Council: review progress as regards delivering on the different Single Market	regulation (2015/2089(INI)).	
	strategies (including Digital Single Market, Capital Markets Union, Energy Union). ()	Competitiveness Council 29 February 2016 conclusions on the Single Market Strategy.	
	<ul> <li>28 June 2016:</li> <li>Delivering a deeper and fairer Single Market will be instrumental in creating new jobs, promoting productivity and ensuring an attractive climate for</li> </ul>	COM(2015)550 of 28 October 2015 on upgrading the Single Market: more opportunities for people and business.	
DF (10.004)	investment and innovation. This requires a renewed focus across Europe. The European Council calls for the		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	different Single Market strategies, including on energy,	COM(2015)0610 of 27 October 2015	
	and action plans proposed by the Commission to be completed and implemented by 2018.	Commission Work Programme 2016 No time	
	- The European Council adopted an agenda calling for swift	for business as usual.	
	and determined progress:	Competitiveness Council 2 and 3 March 2015	
	• to bring the full benefits of the Digital Single Market to	adopted <u>c</u> onclusions on single market policy.	
	all stakeholders through:	<u>=</u> ,	
	o cross-border portability, which will allow EU residents to	COM(2014)910 16 December 2014 on	
	travel with the digital content they have purchased or	Commission Work Programme 2015, A New	
	subscribed to at home;	Start.	
	o removing barriers to e-commerce, including unjustified		
	geo-blocking which prevents online customers from		
	accessing and purchasing a product or service from a		
	website based in another Member State. Reducing the		
	costs of parcel delivery and modernising VAT systems will further facilitate cross-border selling of goods and		
	services;		
	• the review of the wholesale roaming market in view of		
	abolishing roaming surcharges by June 2017;		
	o the invitation to governments and EU institutions to		
	meet the targets of the eGovernment Action Plan;		
	o reforms of the copyright and		
	audiovisual frameworks;		
	to create the right conditions for stimulating new		
	business opportunities by:		
	oensuring very high-capacity fixed and wireless		
	broadband connectivity across Europe, which is a precondition for future competitiveness. The review of		
	the telecoms regulatory framework should aim to		
	incentivise major network investments while promoting		
	effective competition and consumer rights;		
	obetter coordinating spectrum assignment modalities		
	together with the timely release of the 700 MHz band so		
	as to help ensure Europe's leadership in the roll-out of		
	5G networks;		
	o coordinating EU efforts on high-performance computing.		
	In this context the European Council looks forward to the		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Specific issue	launch of an important project of common European interest in this field;  • to support service providers seeking to expand across borders. A services passport, in line with the Council conclusions of 29 February 2016, will enable entrepreneurs in key sectors to offer their services in other Member States without going through unnecessary procedures and will contribute to promoting innovation;  • to ensure easier access to finance for businesses and to support investment in the real economy by moving forward with the Capital Markets Union agenda. In particular, swift progress should be made on the proposal for the simplification of prospectus requirements and the proposals for simple, standardised and transparent securitisation, to be agreed by the end of 2016;  • to vigorously pursue efforts towards better regulation.  - The Council will report annually to the June European Council on progress in deepening the Single Market in all its aspects. Better implementation and enforcement of existing legislation will further help to reap the benefits of Europe's Single Market ambitions.  17-18 March 2016:  - At its June meeting, the European Council will adopt an Agenda for the implementation of all aspects of the		
	Agenda for the implementation of all aspects of the Single Market, including delivery of the Commission's Single Market, Digital Single Market and Capital Markets Union strategies, with a view to exploiting in full its untapped growth and productivity potential.  17-18 December 2015:		
	<ul> <li>The internal market is Europe's main engine for growth and job creation and a key to investment and increasing European competitiveness. To reap all its benefits it is</li> </ul>		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	crucial for its legislation to be transparent, simple and based on the most efficient tools, such as harmonisation and mutual recognition. It should also be effectively and fully applied and enforced in practice, while adapting it to emerging challenges and minimising burdens on economic actors. Further to the Commission's initiatives to strengthen and deepen the Single Market, the European Council:  a) calls for ambition in the implementation of the roadmap to delivering on the Single Market Strategy to achieve a deeper and fairer Single Market for goods and services in all key areas. ()  18 December 2014: Call to speed up adoption, transposition and implementation of Union legislation in the Single Market area and enhance efforts to remove barriers and complete the internal market in product services.		
Single Market governance	18 December 2014:  - Calls for speeding up adoption, transposition and implementation of Union legislation in the Single Market area and enhancing efforts to remove barriers and complete the internal market in products and services.  - The European Council will take regular stock of the implementation of the above-mentioned orientations.  1-2 March 2012:  -In particular, efforts will continue in order to: bring the Single Market to a new stage of development by strengthening its governance and improving its implementation and enforcement; ()  - Considers that enhanced 'peer pressure' can help raise ownership and responsibility at the level of Heads of State or Government as regards the Council's and individual Member States' role in developing the Single Market and complying with its rules. To that end, the European Council	European Parliament resolution of 12 April 2016 on Towards improved single market regulation (2015/2089(INI)).  European Parliament resolution of 25 February 2016 on the Single Market governance within the European Semester 2016 (2015/2256(INI)).  European Parliament resolution of 25 February 2014 on Single Market governance within the European Semester 2014 (2013/2194(INI)).  European Parliament resolution of 27 February 2014 on SOLVIT (2013/2154(INI)).	See also Single Market Strategy in the section of competitiveness strategies.  Single Market Governance - scoreboard, EC website.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	<ul> <li>- the Commission to provide transparent scoreboards as a basis for appropriate benchmarking;</li> <li>- the President of the European Council to promote regular monitoring by the European Council of progress achieved on key Single Market proposals in the various Council formations.</li> </ul>	European Parliament resolution of 7 February 2013 with recommendations to the Commission on the governance of the Single Market, (2012/2260(INL)).	
	Tormations.	European Parliament resolution of 22 May 2012 on the Internal Market Scoreboard (2011/2155(INI)).	
		Governance and Partnership in the Single Market (2010/2289(INI)).	
		European Parliament resolution of 9 March 2010 on the Internal Market Scoreboard (2009/2141(INI)).	
Single Market	<u>28 June 2016:</u>	Proposal <u>COM(2016)0824</u> of 10 January 2017	State of implementation of the
Comicos	- () A services passport, in line with the Council	for a regulation introducing a European	Services Directive, EC website.
Services	conclusions of 29 February 2016, will enable entrepreneurs in key sectors to offer their services in	services e-card and related administrative facilities.	
	other Member States without going through	Procedure: 2016/0403 (COD).	
	unnecessary procedures and will contribute to	1100cdd1c. <u>2010/0103 (000/</u> .	
	promoting innovation. ()	Proposal <u>COM(2016)0823</u> of 10 January 2017	
		for a directive on the legal and operational	
	<u>14-15 March 2013:</u>	framework of the European services e-card	
	Calls for urgent improvement of implementation of all	introduced by Regulation	
	Single Market legislation, including the Services Directive,	Procedure: <u>2016/0402 (COD)</u> .	
	in particular through rigorous peer review and swift action to remove unjustified barriers.	Proposal COM(2016)0822 final/2 of 20	
	to remove unjustified burflers.	January 2017 for a directive on a	
	24-25 October 2013:	proportionality test before adoption of new	
	- Services are a fundamental part of the Single Market.	regulation of professions.	
	Member States urgently need to improve implementation	Procedure: <u>2016/0404 (COD)</u> .	
	of the Services Directive and thus speed up the opening of		

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Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Specific issue	services markets. All opportunities should be seized in this respect.  - Invites the Commission and the Council to provide yearly progress reports on national reforms on services, including in individual sectors, and invites the Commission to make proposals by March 2014.  - Welcomes the peer review of the Services Directive presented by the Commission. It agrees that all Member States should ensure systematic, thorough and robust proportionality assessments of their regulatory requirements. In particular, Member States should address disproportionate barriers. The European Council invites the Commission to provide additional guidance to Member States on the concept of proportionality and invites Member States to take full account of best practices.  27-28 June 2013:  - Looking to its thematic discussions in October 2013 to give renewed impulse in the fields of innovation, digital single market and services, the European Council invited the Commission to present its report on the peer review of the Services Directive as well as on the Licenses for Europe process ahead of that meeting.  13-14 December 2012:  - It is important to take urgent action in line with the Commission's communications on implementation of the Services Directive and on Single Market governance. The European Council will keep progress on all single market	Proposal COM(2016)0821 of 10 January 2016 for a directive on the enforcement of the Directive 2006/123/EC on services in the internal market, laying down a notification procedure for authorisation schemes and requirements related to services, and amending Directive 2006/123/EC and Regulation (EU) No 1024/2012 on administrative cooperation through the Internal Market Information System.  Procedure: 2016/0398 (COD).  Communication COM(2016)0820 of 10 January 2017 on reform recommendations for regulation in professional services.  Competitiveness Council 26-27 May 2016 adopted conclusions on the European Court of Auditors' report 5/2016 on the implementation by the Commission of the Services Directive.  Public consultation from 2 May to 26 July 2016 on proposal to introduce a Services Passport and address regulatory barriers in the construction and business services sectors.  Public consultation from 26 January to 19 April 2016 on proposal to reform notifications of new regulatory requirements for services providers.	Remarks
	proposals under close review.  18-19 October 2012: - It is important to take urgent action in line with the Commission's communications on implementation of the Services Directive.	COM(2013)0676 of 2 October 2013 on Evaluating national regulations on access to professions.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	23 October 2011:  - The full implementation of the Services Directive will also deliver significant economic gains; Member States should complete its implementation by the end of this year and ensure that the single points of contact are fully operational and that economic operators are fully informed of the new opportunities it offers. The Commission will report on this issue by the end of 2011.  23-24 June 2011:  - Calls on Member States to fully implement the services Directive and on the Commission and Member States to take further actions where necessary to improve the internal market for services.	COM(2012/261) 8 June 2012 on the implementation of the Services Directive. A partnership for new growth in services 2012-2015.  European Parliament resolution of 11 September 2013 on the Internal Market for Services: State of Play and Next Steps, (2012/2144(INI)).  European Parliament resolution of 25 October 2011 on the Mutual Evaluation Process of the Services Directive (2011/2085(INI)).  FYI Services Directive:  Directive 2006/123/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 December 2006 on carriage in the internal market (OLL)	
Single Moulest	22 22 June 2017:	2006 on services in the internal market (OJ L 376, 27.12.2006, p. 36).  Communication COM(2017)479 of 13	
Single Market Industry	<ul> <li>22-23 June 2017:</li> <li>Building on the Council conclusions of May 2017, which call for a future industrial policy strategy, the European Council underlines the essential role of industry as a major driver for growth, employment and innovation in Europe. In line with its own earlier conclusions, it calls for concrete action to ensure a strong and competitive industrial base of the Single Market.</li> </ul>	Communication COM(2017)479 of 13 September 2017 on investing in a smart, innovative and sustainable Industry – A renewed EU Industrial Policy Strategy.  European Parliament resolution of 5 July 2017 on building an ambitious EU industrial strategy as a strategic priority for growth, employment and innovation in Europe (2017/2732(RSP)).	
	17-18 March 2016: In the light of the difficult situation of the European steel sector, in a context of overcapacity at global level, the European Council calls on the Council to rapidly examine the Commission's communication with a view to taking strong action in response to this challenge.  27-28 June 2013:	Competitiveness Council of 29 and 30 May 2017 adopted conclusions on a future EU industrial policy strategy.  COM(2016) 155 of 16 March 2016 Steel: Preserving sustainable jobs and growth in Europe.	

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Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Welcomed the Commission Action Plan for a competitive and sustainable steel industry and looked forward (in preparation of the February 2014 meeting) to further inputs from the Commission in line with the March and May 2013 European Council conclusions.	Competitiveness Council 29 February 2016 presidency conclusions on the European Steel Industry.  European Parliament resolution of 16 December 2015 on developing a sustainable European industry of base metals 2014/2211(INI).  Competitiveness Council 9 November 2015 presidency conclusions on the European steel industry.  COM(2013)0407 of 11 June 2013 Action Plan for a competitive and sustainable steel industry in Europe.	
Single Market  Professional qualifications	14-15 March 2013: The rapid conclusion of the work on all Single Market Act I proposals is an essential priority, particularly as regards key files such as accounting, professional qualifications.  24-25 October 2013: Stresses the importance of the mutual evaluation of regulated professions launched by the Commission and calls for swift progress. This exercise should identify the remaining barriers to access to professions in the Member States, assess the cumulative effect of all restrictions imposed on the same profession, and suggest appropriate action.	Public consultation from 27 May to 21 August 2016 on the regulation of professions: Member States' National Action Plans and proportionality in regulation.  Directive 2013/55/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 November 2013 amending Directive 2005/36/EC on the recognition of professional qualifications and Regulation (EU) No 1024/2012 on administrative cooperation through the Internal Market Information System ( 'the IMI Regulation') (OJ L 354, 28.12.2013, p. 132). Procedure: 2011/0435(COD).  COM(2013)676 of 2 October 2013 on Evaluating national regulations on access to professions.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		European Parliament resolution of 15 November 2011 on the implementation of the	
		Professional Qualifications Directive	
		(2005/36/EC) ( <u>2011/2024(INI)</u> ).	
Single Market	9 December 2011:	Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012 of the	
	Notes that MS commit to reaching an agreement on	European Parliament and of the Council of 25	
Business Environment	standardisation by the end of June 2012.	October 2012 on European standardisation,	
		amending Council Directives 89/686/EEC and	
Standardisation	4 February 2011:	93/15/EEC and Directives 94/9/EC, 94/25/EC,	
	Private investment in innovative products and services to	95/16/EC, 97/23/EC, 98/34/EC, 2004/22/EC,	
	be encouraged, in particular by improving framework	2007/23/EC, 2009/23/EC and 2009/105/EC of	
	conditions. In this regard, the Commission to make	the European Parliament and of the Council	
	proposals to accelerate, simplify and modernise	and repealing Council Decision 87/95/EEC and	
	standardisation procedures, notably to allow standards	Decision No 1673/2006/EC of the European	
	developed by industry to be turned into European standards under certain conditions.	Parliament and of the Council (OJ L 316, 14.11.2012, p. 12).	
	Standards under Certain Conditions.	Procedure: 2011/0105(COD).	
Single Market	9 December 2011: :	Directive 2013/34/EU of the European	
og.oa.	Notes that MS commit to reach an agreement on the	Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013	
Business Environment	simplification of accounting requirements by the end of	on the annual financial statements,	
	July 2012.	consolidated financial statements and related	
Accounting		reports of certain types of undertakings,	
requirements		amending Directive 2006/43/EC of the	
		European Parliament and of the Council and	
		repealing Council Directives 78/660/EEC and	
		83/349/EEC (OJ L 182, 29.6.2013, p. 19).	
		Procedure: 2011/0308(COD).	
Single Market	19-20 December 2013:	Single Market Act II:	Single Market Governance -
Cinale Manhot Ast I	Calls for enhanced efforts in particular as regards the swift	COM(2012)573 3 October 2012 Single Market	scoreboard, EC website.
Single Market Act I	adoption of remaining legislation under the Single Market	Act II Together for new growth.	
Single Market Act II	Acts I and II, and the swift implementation of the measures they contain.		
Siligie Warket Act II	tiley contain.	European Parliament resolution of 14 June	
	14-15 March 2013:	2012 on 'Single Market Act: The Next Steps to	
	17 13 Midi Cii 2013.	Growth' (2012/2663(RSP)).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- The rapid conclusion of the work on all Single Market Act I proposals is an essential priority. The Commission will present the remaining Single Market Act II proposals without delay with a view to their rapid examination so that they can be adopted before the end of this legislature.  - It is also urgent to improve implementation of all Single Market legislation, in particular through rigorous peer review and swift action to remove unjustified barriers. The European Council will continue to keep all these issues under regular review.  13-14 December 2012:  - Took stock of the state of play as regards the priority proposals of the Single Market Act I. () It calls on the colegislators to conclude the remaining SMA I files as a matter of urgency.  - As regards the Single Market Act II, calls on the Commission to present all key proposals by the spring of 2013. It invites the Council and the European Parliament to give these proposals the highest priority with a view to their adoption by the end of the current parliamentary cycle at the latest.  - Take urgent action in line with the Commission's communications on implementation of the Services Directive and on Single Market governance. The European Council will keep progress on all single market proposals under close review.  18-19 October 2012:  - Deepening the Single Market: progress has been made on the Single Market Act I, but more efforts are required to complete work on the outstanding proposals.  - Welcomes the Commission's intention to present all key SMA II proposals by spring 2013 and calls for their rapid examination in order to allow their adoption by the end of the current parliamentary cycle at the latest.	Single Market Act I:  SWD(2012) 21 of 15 February 2012 Delivering the Single Market Act: State of Play.  European Parliament resolution of 25 October 2012 on the 20 main concerns of European citizens and business with the functioning of the Single Market (2012/2044(INI)).  European Parliament resolution of 20 May 2010 on delivering a single market to consumers and citizens (2010/2011(INI)).  COM(2011)206 of 3 October 2012 Single Market Act Twelve levers to boost growth and strengthen confidence 'Working together to create new growth'.  EP resolution of 20 May 2010 on delivering a single market to consumers and citizens (2010/2011(INI)).  European Parliament resolution of 6 April 2011 on a Single Market for Europeans (2010/2278(INI)).  European Parliament resolution of 6 April 2011 on a Single Market for Enterprises and Growth (2010/2277(INI)).  COM(2010)608 27 October 2010 Towards a Single Market Act For a highly competitive social market economy 50 proposals for improving our work, business and exchanges with one another.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	23 October 2011:	A New Strategy for the Single Market at the	
	All efforts should be made to ensure agreement by the end	Service of Europe's Economy and Society:	
	of 2012 on the 12 priority proposals set out in the Single Market Act, giving utmost priority to those which can bring	Report to the President of the European Commission José Manuel Barroso/ Mario	
	the most benefits to growth and jobs.	Monti 2010.	
	23-24 June 2011:		
	Work should accelerate to deliver the Europe 2020		
	flagship initiatives and the Single Market Act, focusing on		
	the priorities identified by the Council on 30 May 2011.		
	24-25 March 2011:		
	Welcomes the Commission's intention to present the		
	Single Market Act and invites the European Parliament and		
	the Council to adopt by the end of 2012 a first set of		
	priority measures to bring a new impetus to the Single Market.		
Public Procurement	20-21 March 2014:	<u>Directive 2014/55 EU</u> of the European	This is a selection of relevant rules
	The rapid conclusion of the work on all Single Market Act I	Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014	on public procurement. Overview
	proposals is an essential priority, particularly as regards	on electronic invoicing in public procurement	of public procurement legislation,
	key files such as public procurement.	(OJ L 133 06.05.2014, p. 1).	rules and guidelines: The EU
	9 December 2011:	Procedure: <u>2013/0213(COD)</u> .	<u>Single Market - Public</u> <u>Procurement, EC website.</u>
	Notes that MS commit to reach an agreement on the	<u>Directive 2014/24 EU</u> of the European	<u>Procurement</u> , EC website.
	simplification of public procurement rules by the end of	Parliament and of the Council of 26 February	
	2012.	2014 on public procurement and repealing	
		Directive 2004/18/EC on public procurement	
	4 February 2011:	(OJ L 094 28.03.2014, p. 65).	
	Private investment in innovative products and services to	Procedure: <u>2011/0438(COD)</u> .	
	be encouraged, in particular by improving framework		
	conditions. In this regard, the Commission is invited to	<u>Directive 2014/25/EU</u> of the European	
	provide guidance on the application of the Directives on	Parliament and of the Council of 26 February	
	public procurement; more generally public procurement	2014 on procurement by entities operating in	
	should be better geared to creating greater demand for	the water, energy, transport and postal	
	innovative goods and services.	services sectors and repealing Directive	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Competition Policy State Aid Modernisation	20-21 March 2014:  - Welcomes the Commission's plans to modernise the state aid rules which will enter into force in June 2014.  - Welcomes the Commission's intention to facilitate the implementation of wider EU policies and programmes, including EU Structural and Investment Funds by extending the scope of the General Block Exemption Regulation, while maintaining a level playing field among the Member States.  4 February 2011:  - Private investment in innovative products and services to be encouraged, in particular by improving framework conditions.  - Invites the Commission to conduct a mid-term review of the relevant State aid frameworks during 2011.	2004/17/EC on procurement by entities operating in the water, energy, transport and postal services sectors (OJ L 094 28.03.2014, p. 243).  Procedure: 2011/0439(COD).  Directive 2014/23 EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the award of concession contracts (OJ L 094 28.03.2014, p. 1).  Procedure: 2011/0437(COD).  COM(2013)453 26 June 2013 End-to-end e-procurement to modernise public administration.  COM(2012)0179 of 20 April 2012 A strategy for e-procurement.  Commission Regulation (EU) No 651/2014 of 17 June 2014 on declaring certain categories of aid compatible with the internal market in application of Articles 107 and 108 of the Treaty.  C(2014)3282 21 May 2014 Framework for state aid for research and development and innovation.  COM(2012)209 of 8 May 2012 EU State Aid Modernisation (SAM).	This presents only a selection of relevant acts and measures. Overview of State Aid legislation: State Aid Modernisation, EC website.
Consumer Protection	13-14 December 2012:	Alternative Dispute Resolution:	Online dispute resolution platform, EC website.

Policy Field Specific issue		Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Online Dispute Resolution and Alternative Dispute Resolution	t	Welcomes the agreement on Alternative Dispute Resolution and Online Dispute Resolution for consumer disputes.  9 December 2011::  Notes that MS commit to reach an agreement on rules on online dispute resolution by June 2012.	Directive 2013/11/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 May 2013 on alternative dispute resolution for consumer disputes and amending Regulation (EC) No 2006/2004 and Directive 2009/22/EC (Directive on consumer ADR) (OJ L 165, 18.6.2013, p. 63)  Procedure: 2011/0373(COD).  Online Dispute Resolution: Regulation (EU) No 524/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 May 2013	
			on online dispute resolution for consumer disputes and amending Regulation (EC) No 2006/2004 and Directive 2009/22/EC (Regulation on consumer ODR) (OJ L 165, 18.6.2013, p. 1) Procedure: 2011/0374(COD).	
Intellectual Policy		20-21 March 2014: - Intellectual property and patenting are key drivers for	Unitary patent: Council Regulation (EU) No 1260/2012 of 17	
Unitary patent and Unified Patent Court		growth and innovation. Despite its leading role in a number of technology industries, the European Union is lagging behind in patenting. The European Council therefore calls for enhancing support to these high-growth sectors, in order to preserve the European Union's technology lead. The concerned Parties should ratify, in accordance with their constitutional provisions, the agreement on the Unified Patent Court and make the necessary legal and administrative arrangements so that the EU patent regime can enter into force by the end of 2014.  14-15 March 2013:	December 2012 implementing enhanced cooperation in the area of the creation of unitary patent protection with regard to the applicable translation arrangements.  Procedure: 2011/0094(CNS).  Regulation (EU) No 1257/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2012 implementing enhanced cooperation in the area of the creation of unitary patent protection.  Procedure: 2011/0093(COD).	
		- Intellectual property and patenting are key drivers for growth and innovation. Despite its leading role in a	2011/167/EU: Council Decision of 10 March 2011 authorising enhanced cooperation in the	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	number of technology industries, the European Union is	area of the creation of unitary patent	
	lagging behind in patenting. The European Council	protection.	
	therefore calls for enhancing support to these high-growth	Procedure: <u>2010/0384(NLE)</u> .	
	sectors, in order to preserve the European Union's	0 1135.14 204.4	
	technology lead. The concerned Parties should ratify, in	Competitiveness Council 26 May 2014	
	accordance with their constitutional provisions, the	Unitary patent protection system: Council took note of a report (9563/14) on the	
	agreement on the Unified Patent Court and make the necessary legal and administrative arrangements so that the	state of play in the implementation of the	
	EU patent regime can enter into force by the end of 2014.	unitary patent protection system by the two	
	Lo patent regime can enter into force by the end of 2014.	committees in charge of preparations for the	
	13-14 December 2012:	establishment of the system and of the	
	- Welcomes the agreement reached among participating	Unified Patent Court.	
	Member States on the Unitary Patent.	omica i atent court	
	The mast states on the similary rate in	Unified Patent Court:	
	28-29 June 2012:	Regulation (EU) No 542/2014 of the European	
	- Heads of State or Government of the participating	Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014	
	Member States agreed on the solution for the last	amending Regulation (EU) No 1215/2012 as	
	outstanding issue of the patents package, namely the seat	regards the rules to be applied with respect to	
	of the Central Division of the Court of First Instance of the	the Unified Patent Court and the Benelux	
	Unified Patent Court (UPC).	Court of Justice.	
	4.2.44   2.242	Procedure: 2013/0268 (COD).	
	1-2 March 2012:		
	- Innovation and research are at the heart of the Europe	Agreement on a Unified Patent Court 2013/C	
	2020 strategy. Europe has a strong science base but the ability to transform research into new innovations	<u>175/01</u> . Ratification table.	
	targeted at market demands needs to be improved. On the		
	basis of a report presented by the Presidency, the	Competitiveness Council 20 February 2014 -	
	European Council took stock of the progress achieved in	Unified Patent Court Agreement: The Council	
	implementing its conclusions of February 2011 and agreed	took note of updated information from the	
	that efforts must be stepped up with a view to:	Commission concerning the state of	
	()	preparations for the establishment of a Unified Patent Court.	
	ensuring that the participating Member States reach a	onned ratent court.	
	final agreement in June 2012 at the latest on the last	European Parliament resolution of 11	
	outstanding issue in the patent package.	December 2012 on jurisdictional system for	
		patent disputes (2011/2176(INI)).	
	9 December 2011:	paterit disputes (2011/21/0(iiii)).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Notes that MS commit to reach a final agreement on the last outstanding issues in the patent package at the latest in June 2012.		
Intellectual Property	20-21 March 2014:	Regulation (EU) No 608/2013 of the European	<u>European</u> <u>Observatory</u> <u>on</u>
Anti-counterfeiting	Taking forward an ambitious trade and investment agenda and promoting European and international standards and regulations, including the fight against counterfeiting, are important elements contributing to enhancing the EU's industrial competitiveness globally.	Parliament and of the Council of 12 June 2013 concerning customs enforcement of intellectual property rights and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No 1383/2003 (OJ L 165, 18.6.2013, p.15).  Procedure: 2011/0137(COD).	Infringements of Intellectual Property Rights, OHIM website.
		Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 1352/2013 of 4 December 2013 establishing the forms provided for in Regulation (EU) No 608/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning customs enforcement of intellectual property rights (OJ L 341, 18.12.2013, p. 10).	
		Regulation (EU) No 386/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 April 2012 on entrusting the Office for Harmonisation in the Internal Market (Trade Marks and Designs) with tasks related to the enforcement of intellectual property rights, including the assembling of public and private-sector representatives as a European Observatory on Infringements of Intellectual Property Rights (OJ L 129, 16.5.2012, p. 1).	
III.3 Digital Single	Market		
Digital Single Market Strategy	22-23 June 2017:  - Co-legislators have made it possible to achieve significant progress towards the shared objective of completing and implementing the various strategies by 2018. There are	European Parliament resolution of 1 June 2017 on digitising European industry (2016/2271(INI)).	See also the sections on Digital Single Market and Single Market.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	nevertheless still gaps which require further attention. The European Council therefore emphasises that further efforts are needed from the EU and its Member States to achieve the level of ambition as reflected in the June 2016 conclusions for the Single Market, including on services, the Digital Single Market, the Capital Markets Union and the Energy Union, including interconnections. In this context it welcomes the Commission's mid-term review of	Competitiveness Council of 29 and 30 May 2017 examined the progress made on the implementation of the digital single market strategy and the single market strategy.  Communication COM(2017)0228 of 10 May 2017 on the Mid-Term Review on the implementation of the Digital Single Market	See also chapter I. Economic and Financial Affairs section on Capital Markets Union (CMU) and financing the economy.  End of roaming charges in the EU: Joint statement by 3 EU institutions, 14 June 2017.
	the Digital Single Market and of the Capital Markets Union Action Plan. Timely implementation and better enforcement of existing legislation are also key to reaping the benefits of Europe's Single Market. The Council will report to the June 2018 European Council on progress in deepening, implementing and enforcing the Single Market in all its aspects. In order to look beyond the finalisation of the different Single Market strategies and evolve towards a future-proof and fair Single Market, the European Council calls on the Commission to pursue its reflections on innovative ways to address new opportunities,	Strategy – A Connected Digital Single Market for All.  Communication COM(2016) 710 of 25 October 2016 Commission Work Programme 2017 Delivering a Europe that protects, empowers and defends.  COM(2016)0361 1 June 2016 on Delivering the Single Market Agenda for Jobs, Growth and	European Digital Progress Report: unequal progress towards the Digital Single Market, European Commission report, 23.5.2016.  The Digital Economy and Society Index (DESI), March 2017, European Commission.
	challenges and remaining barriers.  - Looking ahead at the work programme for the second half of the year, and in particular the Digital Summit in Tallinn on 29 September 2017, the European Council highlights the overarching importance of an ambitious digital vision for Europe, its society and economy. A holistic approach to digital is necessary to face up to the challenges of and use the opportunities flowing from the 4th industrial revolution. This requires the implementation	Investment.  Public consultation on Single Digital Gateway from 26 July to 21 November 2016.  Competitiveness Council 26 May 2016 adopted conclusions on digital single market technologies and the modernisation of public services.	
	of the Digital Single Market strategy in all its elements. At the same time, we should take a broader look at markets, infrastructure, connectivity, societal and cultural aspects, including the digital divide, norms and standards, content and data, investment, cybersecurity, e-government and research & development.  9 March 2017:	COM(2016)0180 19 April 2016 Digitising European Industry Reaping the full benefits of a Digital Single Market.  European Parliament resolution of 19 January 2016 on Towards a Digital Single Market Act (2015/2147(INI)).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Determined action on the digital agenda will make it	COM(2015)0610 27 October 2015	
	possible to reap the benefits of the digital era and will benefit innovation. Decisions already taken must be	Commission Work Programme 2016 No time for business as usual.	
	implemented effectively and existing gaps closed through	ioi business as usuai.	
	swift progress on legislative proposals, in line with the June	Competitiveness Council 28 May 2015	
	2016 European Council conclusions and the Joint	adopted conclusions on the digital	
	Declaration of 13 December 2016 on the EU's legislative	transformation of European industry.	
	priorities for 2017. () Completing and implementing the		
	various Single Market strategies by 2018 therefore	COM(2015)192 of 6 May 2015 on A Digital	
	remains our shared objective. The European Council will	Single Market Strategy for Europe.	
	review progress in June.	COM(2014)910 of 16 December 2014 on	
	15 December 2016:	Commission Work Programme 2015, A New	
	- It reiterates the importance of the various Single Market	Start.	
	strategies and the Energy Union, which should be		
	completed and implemented by 2018. By then, certain key		
	issues need to be resolved.2 It welcomes the progress		
	achieved so far and urges all Institutions to build on this		
	momentum and further increase the level of ambition		
	notably in the vital areas of services and the Digital Single		
	Market, ahead of the March 2017 European Council. 20-21 October 2016:		
	- The European Council reconfirms previous conclusions, in		
	which it called for the different Single Market strategies		
	(Digital Single Market, Capital Markets Union, Energy		
	Union and Single Market Agenda) to be completed and		
	implemented by 2018.		
	16 September 2016 (informal EU 27):		
	- Objective: Create a promising economic future for all,		
	safeguard our way of life and provide better opportunities for youth		
	Concrete measures: ()		
	b) Spring 2017 European Council: review progress as		
	regards delivering on the different Single Market		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	strategies (including Digital Single Market, Capital Markets Union, Energy Union). ()		
	28 June 2016:  Delivering a deeper and fairer Single Market will be instrumental in creating new jobs, promoting productivity and ensuring an attractive climate for investment and innovation. This requires a renewed focus across Europe. The European Council calls for the different Single Market strategies, including on energy, and action plans proposed by the Commission to be completed and implemented by 2018.  The European Council adopted an agenda calling for swift and determined progress:  to bring the full benefits of the Digital Single Market to all stakeholders through:  cross-border portability, which will allow EU residents to travel with the digital content they have purchased or subscribed to at home;  removing barriers to e-commerce, including unjustified geo-blocking which prevents online customers from accessing and purchasing a product or service from a website based in another Member State. Reducing the costs of parcel delivery and modernising VAT systems will further facilitate cross-border selling of goods and services;  the review of the wholesale roaming market in view of abolishing roaming surcharges by June 2017;  the invitation to governments and EU institutions to meet the targets of the eGovernment Action Plan;		
	()  - The Council will report annually to the June European Council on progress in deepening the Single Market in all its aspects.		
	<u>17-18 March 2016:</u>		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- At its June meeting the European Council will adopt an Agenda for the implementation of all aspects of the Single Market, including delivery of the Commission's Single Market, Digital Single Market and Capital Markets Union strategies, with a view to exploiting in full its untapped growth and productivity potential.		
	17-18 December 2015: - () b) in the interest of consumers and industry alike, invites the EU institutions to accelerate implementation of the Digital Single Market Strategy. ()		
	25-26 June 2015:  () The Digital Single Market should be used as a vehicle for inclusive growth in all regions within the EU. While emphasising the importance of all dimensions of the Commission's strategy, the European Council agreed that: ()		
	18 December 2014:  - Calls on the Union legislators to give new momentum to the work on the pending proposals regarding the Digital Single Market and on the Commission to submit an ambitious communication in this area well before the June 2015 European Council.  - The European Council will take regular stock of the implementation of the above-mentioned orientations.		
	23 October 2011: - Invites the Commission to swiftly present the roadmap on the completion of the Digital Single Market by 2015, giving priority to proposals aimed at promoting a fully integrated Digital Single Market through the facilitation of ecommerce and cross-border use of online services Particular attention should be paid to ensuring rapid progress in achieving the broadband coverage objectives		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	set out in the Digital Agenda, facilitating secure electronic identification and authentication and modernising Europe's copyright regime with a view to ensuring the EU's competitive edge and unleashing possibilities for new business models, while ensuring a high level of protection of intellectual property rights and taking into account cultural diversity. The European Council calls for swift agreement on the Radio Spectrum Policy programme.		
	4 February 2011:  - The Commission is invited to make rapid progress in key areas of the digital economy to ensure the creation of the Digital Single Market by 2015, including the development of e-commerce.		
Digital Single Market	20-21 October 2016: - () Work should be taken up promptly on the recent	European Parliament resolution of 1 June 2017 on internet connectivity for growth,	See also Digital Single Market Strategy in the section of
European Single Market for Electronic Communication	proposals made by the Commission, including as regards the reform of EU telecoms and copyright rules and the use of the 700 MHz band for mobile services ().	competitiveness and cohesion: European gigabit society and 5G (2016/2305(INI)).	competitiveness strategies.  End of roaming charges in the EU:
Telecommunication	28 June 2016:	<u>Decision (EU) 2017/899</u> of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 May 2017	Joint statement by 3 EU institutions, 14 June 2017.
Broadband	<ul> <li>The European Council today adopted an agenda calling for swift and determined progress:</li> <li>to bring the full benefits of the Digital Single Market to all stakeholders through: ()</li> <li>the review of the wholesale roaming market in view of</li> </ul>	on the use of the 470-790 MHz frequency band in the Union (OJ L 138, 25.5.2017, p. 131–137) Procedure: 2016/027(COD).	More transparent cross-border parcel delivery services – Council agrees its stance, Council press release 9 June 2017.
	<ul> <li>abolishing roaming surcharges by June 2017;</li> <li>to create the right conditions for stimulating new business opportunities by:</li> <li>ensuring very high-capacity fixed and wireless</li> </ul>	Public Consultation from 27 March 2017 to 26 June 2017 on the Review of the Significant Market Power (SMP) Guidelines.	WiFi4EU: EP and Council strike a deal on an EU scheme for free internet access, press release 29
	broadband connectivity across Europe, which is a precondition for future competitiveness. The review of the telecoms regulatory framework should aim to incentivise major network investments while promoting effective competition and consumer rights;	Proposal COM(2016)0591 14 September 2016 establishing the Body of European Regulators for Electronic Communications.  Procedure: 2016/0286 (COD).	May 2017.  Roaming, Commission website.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	obetter coordinating spectrum assignment modalities	Proposal for a Directive of the Parliament and	BEREC Guidelines on the
	together with the timely release of the 700 MHz band so	of the Council COM(2016)0590 of 12 October	Implementation by National
	as to help ensure Europe's leadership in the roll-out of 5G networks;	2016 on establishing the European Electronic Communications Code (Recast).	Regulators of European Net Neutrality Rules, 30.8.2016.
	o coordinating EU efforts on high-performance computing.	Procedure: 2016/0288 (COD).	Neutrality rules, 30.8.2010.
	In this context the European Council looks forward to the	110ccdd1c. <u>2010/0200 (COD)</u> .	
	launch of an important project of common European	COM(2016)0588 of 14 September 2016 5G for	
	interest in this field. ()	Europe: An Action Plan.	
	` ,	·	
	<u>25-26 June 2015:</u>	Public consultation from 13 June to 11 July	
	- The Digital Single Market should be used as a vehicle for	2016 on the co-ordinated introduction of 5G	
	inclusive growth in all regions within the EU. While	networks in Europe.	
	emphasising the importance of all dimensions of the		
	Commission's strategy, the European Council agreed that:	Proposal COM(2016)0589 of 14 September	
	the Telecommunications Single Market Regulation,	2016 amending Regulations (EU) No	
	including roaming, and the Directive on Network and Information Security must be rapidly adopted; the Data	1316/2013 and (EU) No 283/2014 as regards the promotion of Internet connectivity in local	
	Protection Package must be adopted by the end of this	communities.	
	year. ()	Procedure: 2016/0287 (COD).	
	year. ()	110ccdd1c. <u>2010/0207 (COD/</u> .	
	<u>20-21 March 2014:</u>	COM(2016)0587 14 September 2016	
	- The timely adoption of the 'Connected Continent'	Connectivity for a Competitive Digital Single	
	package will contribute to fully exploit the potential of the	Market - Towards a European Gigabit Society.	
	internal market in goods and services, including in the	Regulation (EU) 2017/920 of the European	
	digital economy. Infrastructure networks, including digital	Parliament and of the Council of 17 May 2017	
	networks, need to be developed and updated with	amending Regulation (EU) No 531/2012 as	
	intelligent and innovative technologies.	regards rules for wholesale roaming markets	
	24-25 October 2013:	(OJ L 147, 9.6.2017, p. 1–8). Procedure: 2016/0185(COD).	
	- Welcomes the presentation by the Commission of the	110cedule. <u>2010/0103(COD)</u> .	
	'Connected Continent' package and encourages the	Proposal COM(2016)287 of 25 May 2016 for a	
	legislator to carry out an intensive examination with a view	Directive of the European Parliament and of	
	to its timely adoption. It underlines the importance of	the Council amending Directive 2010/13/EU	
	better coordinating the timing and conditions of spectrum	on the coordination of certain provisions laid	
	assignment, while respecting national competences in this	down by law, regulation or administrative	,
DE (10.004	area.	action in Member States concerning the	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
The state of the s	18-19 October 2012: Looks forward to the forthcoming proposals on reducing the cost of the deployment of high speed broadband.  30 January 2012: Notes that MS commit to reach an agreement on roaming by June 2012.  23 October 2011: - Particular attention to be paid to ensuring rapid progress in achieving the broadband coverage objectives set out in the Digital Agenda, facilitating secure electronic identification and authentication and modernising Europe's copyright regime with a view to ensuring the EU's competitive edge and unleashing possibilities for new business modelsCalls for swift agreement on the Radio Spectrum Policy programme.	provision of audiovisual media services in view of changing market realities.  Procedure: 2016/0151 (COD).  Public consultation on the review of national wholesale roaming markets, fair use policy and the sustainability mechanism referred to in Roaming Regulation 531/2012 as amended by Regulation 2015/2120 from 26/11/2015 to 18/02/2016.  Public consultation on the evaluation and the review of the regulatory framework for electronic communications networks and services from 11 September to 7 December 2015.  Public consultation from 6 July to 30 September 2016 on Directive 2010/13/EU on Audiovisual Media Services (AVMSD) - A media framework for the 21st century.  Public Consultation on the Needs for Internet Speed and Quality Beyond 2020 from 11 September to 7 December 2015.  Public consultation on the Lamy Report: the future use of the UHF TV broadcasting band from 12 January to 12 April 2015.  Regulation (EU) 2017/1128 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 June 2017 on cross-border portability of online content services in the internal market (OJ L 168, 30.6.2017, pp. 1–11).	Remarks
		<u>Corrigendum</u> (OJ L 198, 28.7.2017, p. 42). Procedure: <u>2015/0284(COD).</u>	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Regulation (EU) 2015/2120 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 November 2015 laying down measures concerning open internet access and amending Directive 2002/22/EC on universal service and users' rights relating to electronic communications networks and services and Regulation (EU) No 531/2012 on roaming on public mobile communications networks within the Union, OJ L 310, 26.11.2015, pp. 1–18. Procedure: 2013/0309 (COD).  Commission Recommendation C(2013) 5761 of 11 September 2013 on consistent non-discrimination obligations and costing methodologies to promote competition and enhance the broadband investment	
		Directive 2014/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 on measures to reduce the cost of deploying high-speed electronic communications networks (OJ L 155, 23.5.2014, p. 1). Procedure: 2013/80(COD).  Regulation (EU) No 283/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 March 2014 on guidelines for trans-European networks in the area of telecommunications infrastructure and repealing Decision No 1336/97/EC (OJ L 86, 21.3.2014, p. 14). Procedure: 2011/0299(COD).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		COM(2013)634 of 11 September 2013 on the Telecommunications Single Market.	
		Regulation (EU) No 531/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 June 2012 on roaming on public mobile communications networks within the Union (OJ L 172, 30.6.2012, p. 10).  Procedure: 2011/0187(COD).	
		Decision No 243/2012/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 March 2012 establishing a multiannual radio spectrum policy programme (OJ L 81, 21.3.2012, p. 7).  Procedure: 2010/0252(COD).	
		COM(2011)222 of 11 April 2011 The open internet and net neutrality in Europe.	
		European Parliament resolution of 6 July 2011 on European Broadband: investing in digitally driven growth (2010/2304(INI)).	
		COM(2010)472 of 20 September 2010 European Broadband: investing in digitally driven growth.	
Digital Single Market	23 October 2013: - EU action should provide the right framework conditions	European Cloud Initiative of 16 February 2017( 2016/2145(INI)).	
Cloud Computing	for a single market for Big Data and Cloud computing, in particular by promoting high standards for secure, high-quality and reliable cloud services.  - The European Commission and the Member States, with the support of the 'European Cloud Partnership', should continue to make every effort to put Europe at the forefront of cloud adoption.	COM(2016)180 of 19 April 2016 Digitising European Industry Reaping the full benefits of a Digital Single Market.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Calls for the establishment of a strong network of national digital coordinators which could play a strategic role in Cloud, Big Data and Open Data development.	COM(2016)0178 of 19 April 2016 European Cloud Initiative – Building a competitive data and knowledge economy in Europe.	
		Public consultation on the regulatory environment for platforms, online intermediaries, data and cloud computing and the collaborative economy from 24 September 2015 to 30 December 2015.	
		COM(2014)442 of 2 July 2014 Towards a thriving data-driven economy.	
		European Parliament resolution of 10 December 2013 on unleashing the potential of cloud computing in Europe, 2013/2063(INI).	
		COM(2012)529 of 27 September 2012 Unleashing the Potential of Cloud Computing in Europe. SWD(2012)0271.	
Digital Single Market	28 June 2016:	<u>Public consultation</u> from 28 June to 31	
e-Commerce	<ul> <li>Adopted an agenda calling for swift and determined progress:</li> <li>to bring the full benefits of the Digital Single Market to</li> </ul>	October 2016 on the Internal Market for goods - enforcement and compliance.	<u>services:</u> <u>EU Presidency-</u> <u>Parliament agreement</u> , press release 7.2.2017.
e-Services	all stakeholders through: ocross-border portability, which will allow EU residents to travel with the digital content they have purchased or subscribed to at home; oremoving barriers to e-commerce, including unjustified	Public consultation from 1 June to 30 September 2016 on possible revision of the Mutual Recognition Regulation (EC) No 764/2008.	
	geo-blocking which prevents online customers from accessing and purchasing a product or service from a website based in another Member State. Reducing the costs of parcel delivery and modernising VAT systems will further facilitate cross-border selling of goods and services. ()	COM(2016)320 of 25 May 2016 on a comprehensive approach to stimulating cross-border e-Commerce for Europe's citizens and businesses.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	25-26 June 2015:  The Digital Single Market should be used as a vehicle for inclusive growth in all regions within the EU. While emphasising the importance of all dimensions of the Commission's strategy, the European Council agreed that action must be taken on key components of the Commission communication, notably to:  remove the remaining barriers to the free circulation of goods and services sold online and tackle unjustified discrimination on the grounds of geographic location.  guarantee the portability and facilitate cross-border access to online material protected by copyright, while ensuring a high level of protection of intellectual property rights and taking into account cultural diversity, and help creative industries to thrive in a digital context.()	SWD(2016) 163 final guidance on the implementation/application of Directive 2005/29/EC on unfair commercial practices.  Proposal COM(2016) 289 of 25 May 2016 for a Regulation on addressing geo-blocking and other forms of discrimination based on customers' nationality, place of residence or place of establishment within the internal market and amending Regulation (EC) No 2006/2004 and Directive 2009/22/EC. Procedure: 2016/0152(COD).  Proposal COM(2016) 285 of 25 May 2016 for a Regulation on cross-border parcel delivery services.  Procedure: 2016/0149(COD).  Proposal COM(2016)283 of 25 May 2016 for a Regulation on cooperation between national authorities responsible for the enforcement of consumer protection laws.  Procedure: 2016/0148 (COD).  Proposal COM(2015)635 of 9 December 2015 for a Directive on certain aspects concerning contracts for the online and other distance sales of goods.  Procedure: 2015/0288(COD).  Regulation (EU) 2017/1128 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 June 2017 on cross-border portability of online content services in the internal market (OJ L 168, 30.6.2017, pp. 1–11).  (corrigendum: OJ L 198, 28.7.2017, p. 42).  Procedure: 2015/0284(COD).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Public consultation on Geo-Blocking and Other geographically based restrictions when	
		shopping and accessing information in the EU	
		from 24 September 2015 to 28 December	
		2015.	
		Public consultation on modernising VAT for	
		cross border e-Commerce.	
		Public consultation from 6 May to 5 August	
		2015 on cross-border parcel delivery.	
Digital Single Market	20-21 March 2014:	Public consultation from 6 April to 29 June	
	- The rapid conclusion of the work on all Single Market Act	2016 on revision of the European	
	I proposals is an essential priority, particularly as regards	Interoperability Framework.	
e-Identification	key files such as e-identification / e-signature.	Deculation (ELI) No 040/2014 of the European	
e-Invoice	23 October 2013:	Regulation (EU) No 910/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 July 2014	
e-invoice	- The proposals on e-identification and trust services and	on electronic identification and trust services	
e-Signature	on e-invoicing and payment Services to be adopted by the	for electronic transactions in the internal	
	end of the legislative period.	market and repealing Directive 1999/93/EC,	
	- An open and non-discriminatory framework must be put	(OJ L 257, 28.8.2014, p. 73).	
	in place to ensure interoperability and portability of	Procedure: <u>2012/0146(COD).</u>	
	content and data.		
	- The modernisation of public administrations should	<u>Directive 2014/55 EU</u> on electronic invoicing in	
	continue through the swift implementation of services such as e-government, e-health, e-invoicing and e-	public procurement (OJ L 133 06.05.2014, p.	
	procurement.	1).	
	procurement.		
	<u>18-19 October 2012:</u>		
	- Calls for work to be accelerated on the proposals on e-		
	signature and collective rights management and looks		
	forward to the forthcoming proposals on reducing the cost		
	of the deployment of high speed broadband and on e-invoicing.		
	ilivolenig.		
	28-29 June 2012:		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Priority should be given to measures aimed at further developing cross-border online trade, including by facilitating the transition to e-invoicing, and promoting the cross-border use of e-identification and other e-services.  30 January 2012:		
	- Notes that MS commit to submit a new proposal on esignature before June 2012.		
Digital Single Market	25-26 June 2015:	European Parliament resolution of 15 June	
Online platforms	- The Digital Single Market should be used as a vehicle for inclusive growth in all regions within the EU. While	2017 on online platforms and the digital single market (2016/2276(INI)).	
Omine placionis	emphasising the importance of all dimensions of the	Market ( <u>2010/2270(MII)</u> ).	
	Commission's strategy, the European Council agreed that	European Parliament resolution of 15 June	
	action must be taken on key components of the Commission communication:	2017 on a European Agenda for the collaborative economy (2017/2003(INI)).	
	- assess the role of on-line platforms and	conductive economy ( <u>2017/2005(mm</u> ).	
	intermediaries. ()	COM(2016)356 of 2 June 2016 on a European	
		agenda for the collaborative economy.	
		COM(2016)288 of 25 May 2016 Online	
		Platforms and the Digital Single Market	
		Opportunities and Challenges for Europe.	
		Public consultation on the regulatory	
		environment for platforms, online	
		intermediaries, data and cloud computing and	
		the collaborative economy from 24 September 2015 to 6 January 2016.	
Digital Single Market	15 December 2016:	Proposal COM(2017)495 of 13 September	Synopsis <u>report</u> of the public
Free flow of data	- Calls for removing remaining obstacles within the Single	2017 for a regulation on a framework for the	consultation on building a
riee now of data	Market, including those hampering the free flow of data.	free flow of non-personal data in the European Union.	European data economy.
	<u>25-26 June 2015:</u>	Procedure: 2017/0228 (COD).	
	- The Digital Single Market should be used as a vehicle for		
	inclusive growth in all regions within the EU. While emphasising the importance of all dimensions of the	Communication COM(2017)9 of 10 January	
	emphasisms the importance of all allichsions of the	2017 on Building a European Data Economy.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Commission's strategy, the European Council agreed that		
	action must be taken on key components of the		
	Commission communication:		
	- ensure free flow of data. ()		
Digital Single Market	17-18 December 2015:	Public Consultation on the Evaluation and	Judgment of the Court (Grand
	- The European Council () Further to the Commission's	Review of the ePrivacy Directive from 12 April	Chamber) of 13 May 2014, Google
Data protection	initiatives to strengthen and deepen the Single Market, the	2016 to 05 July 2016.	Spain SL and Google Inc. v Agencia
	European Council: () b) in the interest of consumers and industry alike, invites	<u>Directive (EU) 2016/680</u> of the European	Española de Protección de Datos (AEPD) and Mario Costeja
	the EU institutions to accelerate implementation of the	Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016	González, C-131/12,
	Digital Single Market Strategy; welcomes the	on the protection of natural persons with	ECLI:EU:C:2014:317.
	agreement reached on the data protection package as	regard to the processing of personal data by	LCLI.LO.C.2014.317.
	a major step forward. ()	competent authorities for the purposes of the	
	2	prevention, investigation, detection or	
	25-26 June 2015:	prosecution of criminal offences or the	
	- The Digital Single Market should be used as a vehicle for	execution of criminal penalties, and on the	
	inclusive growth in all regions within the EU. While	free movement of such data, and repealing	
	emphasising the importance of all dimensions of the	Council Framework Decision 2008/977/JHA OJ	
	Commission's strategy, the European Council agreed that	L 119, 4.5.2016, pp. 89-131.	
	action must be taken on key components of the	Procedure: <u>2012/0010 (COD)</u> .	
	Commission communication:		
	- the Data Protection Package must be adopted by the end	Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European	
	of this year; ()	Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016	
		on the protection of natural persons with	
	<u>24-25 October 2013:</u>	regard to the processing of personal data and	
	The timely adoption of a strong EU General Data	on the free movement of such data, and	
	Protection framework and the Cyber-security Directive is	repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data	
	essential for the completion of the Digital Single Market	Protection Regulation) OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, pp.	
	by 2015.	1–88. Procedure: 2012/0011 (COD).	
		Procedure: <u>2012/0011 (COD)</u> .	
		European Parliament resolution of 20	
		November 2012 on protecting children in the	
		digital world (2012/2068(INI)).	
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Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		European Parliament resolution of 6 July 2011 on a comprehensive approach on personal data protection in the European Union (2011/2025(INI)).	
Digital Single Market	22-23 June 2017:	Joint Communication JOIN(2017) 450 of 13	Report COM(2017)0474 assessing
Cyber-security	- In order to meet current and future cyber-security challenges, the European Council welcomes the Commission's intention to review the Cybersecurity Strategy in September and to propose further targeted actions before the end of the year.  24-25 October 2013:  The timely adoption of a strong EU General Data Protection framework and the Cyber-security Directive is essential for the completion of the Digital Single Market by 2015.	September 2017 on Resilience, Deterrence and Defence: Building strong cybersecurity for the EU.  Proposal COM(2017) 477 of 13 September 2017 for a regulation on ENISA, the 'EU Cybersecurity Agency', and repealing Regulation (EU) 526/2013, and on Information and Communication Technology cybersecurity certification ('Cybersecurity Act').  Annex - COM(2017)477/948192.  Procedure: 2017/0225 (COD).  Commission recommendation C(2017)6100 of 13 September 2017 on Coordinated Response to Large-Scale Cybersecurity Incidents and Crises.  Communication COM(2017) 476 of 13 September 2017 on making the most of NIS – towards the effective implementation of Directive (EU) 2016/1148 concerning measures for a high common level of security of network and information systems across the Union.  Directive (EU) 2016/1148 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 6 July 2016	the extent to which the Member States have taken the necessary measures in order to comply with Directive 2013/40/EU on attacks against information systems and replacing Council Framework Decision 2005/222/JHA.
		concerning measures for a high common level of security of network and information systems across the Union (OJ L 194, 19.7.2016, p. 1–30).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Procedure: <u>2013/0027(COD)</u> .	
		Commission Decision C(2016) 4400 of 5 July 2016 on the signing of a contractual arrangement on a public-private partnership for cybersecurity industrial research and innovation between the European Union, represented by the Commission, and the stakeholder organisation.	
		COM(2016)410 of 5 July 2016 on Strengthening Europe's Cyber Resilience System and Fostering a Competitive and Innovative Cybersecurity Industry.	
		JOIN(2016)018 of 6 April 2016 on a framework on countering hybrid threats a European Union response.  Public consultation on the public-private partnership on cybersecurity and possible accompanying measures from 18 December 2015 to 11 March 2016.	
		COM(2015)0633 of 9 December 2015 on Digital contracts for Europe - Unleashing the potential of e-commerce.	
		Proposal COM(2015) 634 of 9 December 2015 for a Directive on certain aspects concerning contracts for the supply of digital content Procedure: 2015/0287 (COD).  Regulation (EU) No 910/2014 of the European	
		Parliament and of the Council of 23 July 2014 on electronic identification and trust services for electronic transactions in the internal	

market and repealing Directive 1999/93/EC (OJ L 257, 28.8.2014, p. 73). Procedure: 2012/0146(COD).    JOIN(2013]1 of 7 February 2013 on Cybersecurity Steategy of the European Union: An Open, Safe and Secure Cyberspace.   The Digital Single Market Should be used as a vehicle for inclusive growth in all regions within the EU. While emphasising the importance of all dimensions of the Commission Strategy, the European Council agreed that action must be taken on key components of the Commission or strategy, the European Council agreed that action must be taken on key components of the Commission or nomunication: - improve digital skills ()    20-21 March 2014: - Fostering the Union's industrial growth requires the right skills. The European Council urges the Commission and the Member States to address shortages in the area of science, technology, engineering and mathematics (STEM skills) as a matter of priority, with increased involvement of industry. Further efforts by the public and private sectors should be directed to promoting mobility, education and vocational training. All available instruments should be used to this end, such as the European Structural and Investment Funds (ESIF), the new generation of Erasmus + the Grand Coalition for Digital lobs, the European Structural and Investment Funds (ESIF), the new generation of Erasmus + the Grand Coalition for Digital lobs, the European Structural and Investment Funds to be used for ICT education;    24-25 October 2013:	Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Digital Single Market  Digital Single Market  Digital Single Market  Digital Skills  25-26 June 2015:  - The Digital Single Market should be used as a vehicle for inclusive growth in all regions within the EU. While emphasising the importance of all dimensions of the Commission's strategy, the European Industry. Reaping the full benefits of a Digital Skills  Commission's strategy, the European Council agreed that action must be taken on key components of the Commission strategy, the European Industry.  - improve digital skills ()  - improve digital skills ()  - Fostering the Union's industrial growth requires the right skills. The European Council urges the Commission and the Member States to address shortages in the area of science, technology, engineering and mathematics (STEM skills) as a matter of priority, with increased involvement of industry. Further efforts by the public and private sectors should be directed to promoting mobility, education and vocational training. All available instruments should be used to this end, such as the European Structural and Investment Funds (ESIF), the new generation of Erasmus +, the Grand Coalition for Digital Jobs, EC website.  24-25 October 2013:  - Part of the European Structural and Investment Funds to be used for ICT education;  - A higher degree of integration of digital skills in			<u> </u>	
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be used for ICT education; - A higher degree of integration of digital skills in		24-25 October 2013:		
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education to be ensured:				

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	<ul> <li>The Grand Coalition for Digital Jobs to address skills mismatches by supporting targeted labour mobility schemes and the use of the new ESCO qualification;</li> <li>The Commission to intensify work on the basis of the EU Skills Panorama for digital jobs in order to accelerate progress on pan-European competences frameworks for digital skills;</li> <li>It will return to these matters in the course of 2014.</li> </ul>		
Digital Single Market	25-26 June 2015:	Public consultation on Next Generation	Rolling Plan for ICT
іст	- The Digital Single Market should be used as a vehicle for inclusive growth in all regions within the EU. While emphasising the importance of all dimensions of the	Internet from 10 November 2016 to 09 January 2017.	Standardisation 2017/ European Commission.
Standards	Commission's strategy, the European Council agreed that action must be taken on key components of the Commission communication, notably to: - identify and deliver rapidly on the key ICT standardisation priorities. ()	COM(2016)358 of 1 June 2016 European Standards for the 21st Century.  COM(2016)357 1 June 2016 The annual Union work programme for European standardisation for 2017.  COM(2016)212 of 1 June 2016 report on the implementation of Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012 from 2013 to 2015.  COM(2016)180 of 19 April 2016 Digitising European Industry – Reaping the full benefits of a Digital Single Market.  COM(2016)0176 of 19 April 2016 ICT Standardisation Priorities for the Digital Single Market  Public consultation on Standards for the Digital Single Market (DSM) from 23	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Public Consultation on the Needs for Internet Speed and Quality Beyond 2020 from 11 September 2015 to 07 December 2015.	
Digital Single Market	28 June 2016: - Adopted an agenda calling for swift and determined	COM(2017)134 of 23 March 2017 New European interoperability framework.	
e-Government	progress: • to bring the full benefits of the Digital Single Market to all stakeholders through: () • the invitation to governments and EU institutions to meet the targets of the eGovernment Action Plan. ()  25-26 June 2015: - The Digital Single Market should be used as a vehicle for inclusive growth in all regions within the EU. While emphasising the importance of all dimensions of the Commission's strategy, the European Council agreed that action must be taken on key components of the Commission communication, notably to: - encourage e-Government. ()	COM(2016)180 of 19 April 2016 Digitising European Industry – Reaping the full benefits of a Digital Single Market.  COM(2016)0179 of 19 April 2016 EU eGovernment Action Plan 2016-2020 – Accelerating the digital transformation of government.  Public consultation on the next eGovernment Action Plan 2016-2020 as proposed in the Digital Single Market (DSM) strategy from 30 October 2015 to 22 January 2016.	
Intellectual Property  Copyright Framework in the Digital Environment	<ul> <li>20-21 October 2016:         <ul> <li>() Work should be taken up promptly on the recent proposals made by the Commission, including as regards the reform of the EU telecoms and copyright rules and the use of the 700 MHz band for mobile services ().</li> </ul> </li> <li>28 June 2016:         <ul> <li>Adopted an agenda calling for swift and determined progress:</li> <li>to bring the full benefits of the Digital Single Market to all stakeholders through: ()</li> <li>reforms of the copyright and audiovisual frameworks. ()</li> </ul> </li> <li>25-26 June 2015:</li> </ul>	COM(2016)592 of 14 September 2016 promoting a fair, efficient and competitive European copyright-based economy in the Digital Single Market.  Proposal COM(2016)594 14 September 2016 laying down rules on the exercise of copyright and related rights applicable to certain online transmissions of broadcasting organisations and retransmissions of television and radio programmes.  Procedure: 2016/0284 (COD).  Proposal COM(2016)593 of 14 September 2016 for a Directive of the European	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- The Digital Single Market should be used as a vehicle for	Parliament and of the Council on copyright in	
	inclusive growth in all regions within the EU. While emphasising the importance of all dimensions of the	the Digital Single Market.  Procedure 2016/0280(COD).	
	Commission's strategy, the European Council agreed	Procedure <u>2016/0280(COD)</u> .	
	that action must be taken on key components of the	Regulation (EU) 2017/1563 of the European	
	Commission communication:	Parliament and of the Council of 13 September	
	- guarantee the portability and facilitate cross-border	2017 on the cross-border exchange between	
	access to online material protected by copyright, while	the Union and third countries of accessible	
	ensuring a high level of protection of intellectual	format copies of certain works and other	
	property rights and taking into account cultural diversity,	subject matter protected by copyright and	
	and help creative industries to thrive in a digital	related rights for the benefit of persons who	
	context.()	are blind, visually impaired or otherwise print-	
	22 Octobor 2012	disabled (OJ L 242, 20.9.2017, pp. 1–5).	
	23 October 2013:  - Commission to complete the review of the EU copyright	Procedure: <u>2016/0279 (COD)</u> .	
	framework by spring 2014. It is important to modernise	Directive (EU) 2017/1564 of the European	
	Europe's copyright regime and facilitate licensing, while	Parliament and of the Council of 13 September	
	ensuring a high level of protection of intellectual property	2017 on certain permitted uses of certain	
	rights and taking into account cultural diversity.	works and other subject matter protected by	
		copyright and related rights for the benefit of	
	<u>18-19 October 2012:</u>	persons who are blind, visually impaired or	
	- The forthcoming midterm review of the Digital Agenda	otherwise print-disabled and amending	
	should be used to identify areas where more work needs	Directive 2001/29/EC on the harmonisation of	
	to be done. It is necessary to modernise Europe's copyright	certain aspects of copyright and related rights	
	regime to facilitate access to content while upholding	in the information society (OJ L 242,	
	intellectual property rights and encouraging creativity and cultural diversity.	20.9.2017, pp. 6–13). Procedure: <u>2016/0278 (COD)</u> .	
	Cultural diversity.	110cedule. <u>2010/02/0 (COD)</u> .	
	28-29 June 2012:	Public consultation on due diligence and	
	- It is crucial to modernise Europe's copyright regime and	supply chain integrity for intellectual property	
	facilitate licensing, while ensuring a high level of	protection from 17 December 2015 to 13 May	
	protection of intellectual property rights and taking into	2016.	
	account cultural diversity.		
	23 October 2011:	<u>Public consultation</u> on the role of publishers in	
	- To modernise Europe's copyright regime so as to insure	the copyright value chain and on the	
	EU's competitive edge and unleash possibilities for new		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	business models, while ensuring a high level of protection of intellectual property rights and taking into account cultural diversity.	'panorama exception' From 23 March 2016 to 15 June 2016 .	
	cultural diversity.	COM(2015)626 9 December 2015 Towards a modern, more European copyright framework.	
		Regulation (EU) 2017/1128 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 June 2017 on cross-border portability of online content services in the internal market (OJ L 168, 30.6.2017, pp. 1–11). (corrigendum: OJ L 198, 28.7.2017, p. 42). Procedure: 2015/0284(COD).	
		European Parliament resolution of 9 July 2015 on implementation of Directive 2001/29/EC on the harmonisation of certain aspects of copyright and related rights in the information society (2014/2256(INI)).	
		European Parliament resolution of 27 February 2014 on private copying levies (2013/2114(INI)).	
		European Parliament resolution of 12 March 2014 on Preparing for a Fully Converged Audiovisual World (2013/2180(INI)).	
		<u>Directive 2014/26/EU</u> of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on collective management of copyright	
		and related rights and multi-territorial licensing of rights in musical works for online use in the internal market (OJ L 084 20.03.2014, p. 72.)  Procedure: 2012/0180(COD).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		European Parliament resolution of 12 September 2013 on promoting the European	
		cultural and creative sectors as sources of economic growth and jobs (2012/2302(INI)).	
		<u>Public Consultation</u> on the review of EU	
		copyright rules from 5 December 2013 to 5 March 2014.	
		European Parliament resolution of 20 November 2012 on the Report on the	
		Implementation and Effect of the	
		Resale Right Directive (2001/84/EC) (2012/2038(INI)).	
		European Parliament resolution of 11	
		September 2012 on the online distribution of	
		audiovisual works in the European Union (2011/2313(INI)).	
		<u>Directive 2012/28/EU</u> of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 October	
		2012 on certain permitted uses of orphan works (OJ L 299, 27.10.2012, p. 5).	
		Procedure: 2011/0136(COD).	
		COM(2011)878 14 December 2011 report on	
		the Implementation and Effect of the Resale	
		Right Directive (2001/84/EC).	
		COM(2012)789 of 18 December 2012 on	
		content in the Digital Single Market.	
		COM(2011)287 of 24 May 2011 A Single Market for Intellectual Property Rights	
		Boosting creativity and innovation to provide	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		economic growth, high quality jobs and first class products and services in Europe European Parliament resolution of 22 September 2010 on enforcement of intellectual property rights in the internal market (2009/2178(INI)).	
III.4 Research ar	nd Innovation		
Innovation / Innovation Union  Public sector innovation	19-20 December 2013: Partnerships for Growth, Jobs and Competitiveness: - Mutually agreed contractual arrangements would cover a broad range of growth and job enhancing policies and measures, including the performance of labour and product markets, the efficiency of the public sector, as well as research and innovation, education and vocational training, employment and social inclusion. They would reflect the economic policy priorities identified in the European Council's shared analysis of the economic situation in the Member States and the euro area as such, and take into account the country-specific recommendations.  24-25 October 2013: - Interoperability and the re-use of public sector information shall be promoted actively. EU legislation should be designed to facilitate digital interaction between citizens and businesses and the public authorities. Efforts should be made to apply the principle that information is collected from citizens only once, in due respect of data	Directive 2013/37/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 amending Directive 2003/98/EC on the re-use of public sector information (OJ L 175, 27.6.2013, p. 1).  Procedure: 2011/430(COD).	See also public procurement under the title Single Market (e-procurement, e-invoicing).
Innovation / European Research Area (ERA)	protection rules.  24-25 October 2013:  - Europe needs a better-coordinated use of tools such as grants, pre-commercial public procurement and venture capital, and an integrated approach from research and	Competitiveness Council 30 November and 1 December 2015 adopted conclusions on research integrity, conclusions on advancing gender equality in the European Research	European Research Area Roadmap 2015-2020, ERAC opinion, 20.4.2015.
European Research Area (ERA)	innovation to market deployment.	Area and <u>c</u> onclusions on the review of ERA advisory structure.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	<ul> <li>In order to obtain a full European Research Area by the end of 2014, it is important to accelerate structural reforms of national systems and to strengthen progress monitoring based on robust data provided by Member States.</li> <li>The progress report submitted by the Commission identifies some areas which require more efforts; in particular, we must improve the mobility and career prospects of researchers through adequate pensions solutions, transnational access to research infrastructures and open access to publicly funded research results and knowledge transfer as part of innovation strategies at</li> </ul>	Competitiveness Council 28-29 May 2015 adopted conclusions on the ERA advisory structure and conclusions on open data-intensive and networked research.  Competitiveness Council 4-5 December 2014 adopted conclusions on progress made towards the achievement of the European Research Area ERA.  COM(2014) 575 of 15 September 2014	
	national and European levels.  14-15 March 2013: - Looks forward to the presentation by the Commission of its European Research Area progress report as well as its communication on the 'State of the Innovation Union 2012'.	European Research Area Progress Report 2014.  COM(2014)339 of 10 June 2014 on research and innovation as sources of renewed growth.  SWD(2014)0181 State of the Innovation Union - Taking Stock 2010-2014, 10.06.2014.	
	18-19 October 2012: Calls for rapid progress on the proposed new programmes for research and innovation (Horizon 2020) and for the competitiveness of enterprises and SMEs (COSME), stressing the importance of excellence in EU research and innovation policies while promoting broad access to participants in all Member States.  It reiterates the need to finalise the European Research	Competitiveness Council 5 December 2014 adopted conclusions on the progress towards the European Research Area (ERA).  COM(2013) 637 of 20 September 2013 European Research Area Progress Report 2013.  COM(2012)392 of 17 July 2012 A Reinforced	
	Area by the end of 2014 and stresses the importance of an integrated approach to key enabling technologies.  28-29 June 2012:  The European Research Area must be strengthened, in particular by improving support to R&D and investment opportunities for innovative start-ups and SMEs.	European Research Area Partnership for Excellence and Growth.  Competitiveness Council 21 February 2014 adopted conclusions on the progress made towards the realisation of the European Research Area (ERA).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
The second secon	1-2 March 2012: Completing the European Research Area by 2014; in this connection the European Council welcomed the Commission's intention to propose an ERA framework in June 2012.  4 February 2011: - Europe needs a unified research area to attract talent and investment Remaining gaps must therefore be addressed rapidly and the European Research Area completed by 2014 to create a genuine single market for knowledge, research and innovation.  24-25 October 2013: Improve the mobility and career prospects of researchers through adequate pensions solutions, transnational access to research infrastructures and open access to publicly funded research results and knowledge transfer as part of innovation strategies at national and European levels.  1-2 March 2012: Improve the mobility and career prospects of researchers, the mobility of graduate students and the attractiveness of Europe for foreign researchers.  4 February 2011: - Improve the mobility of graduate students and the attractiveness of researchers, the mobility of graduate students and the attractiveness of Europe for foreign researchers.	COM (2013) 637 of 20 September 2013 European Research Area Progress Report 2013. Scientific Visa Directive: Directive (EU) 2016/801 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 May 2016 on the conditions of entry and residence of third-country nationals for the purposes of research, studies, training, voluntary service, pupil exchange schemes or educational projects and au pairing, OJ L 132, 21.5.2016, p. 21–57 Procedure: 2013/0081 (COD).  FYI: COM(2008)0317 of 23 May 2008 on better careers and more mobility: a European partnership for researchers,	Remarks
		23.05.2008,SEC(2008)1911 and SEC(2008)1912.  European Parliament resolution of 12 March 2009 on better careers and more mobility: a	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		European partnership for researchers (2008/2213(INI)).	
Innovation / European Research Area (ERA)	24-25 October 2013: As requested, the Commission recently proposed a single Indicator of Innovation Output which should allow for better monitoring.	COM(2013)624 of 13 September 2013 measuring innovation output in Europe: towards a new indicator.	
Innovation Indicator	14-15 March 2013: Looked forward to the presentation by the Commission of its European Research Area progress report as well as its communication on the 'State of the Innovation Union 2012', including the single innovation indicator, in time for the October meeting.		
	<ul> <li>4 February 2011:         <ul> <li>Called for the implementation of a strategic and integrated approach to boosting innovation and taking full advantage of Europe's intellectual capital, to the benefit of citizens, companies - in particular SMEs - and researchers.</li> <li>It invited the Commission to quickly develop a single integrated indicator to allow a better monitoring of progress in innovation.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
Innovation	4 February 2011: - Europe's expertise and resources must be mobilised in a	COM(2010)2020 3 March 2010 EUROPE 2020 A strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive	Outriders of European competitiveness: European
European Innovation Partnership	coherent manner and synergies between the EU and the Member States must be fostered in order to ensure that innovations with a societal benefit get to the market quicker. Joint programming should be developed. The launch of the pilot Innovation Partnership on active and healthy ageing is an important step in that context. Regular monitoring by the Council will be necessary in order to reach long term objectives as well as concrete goals to be fixed year by year. The Council will take the necessary political decisions on future Innovation Partnerships before they are launched.	growth.  COM(2010)546 of 6 October 2010 Europe 2020 Flagship Initiative Innovation Union.  EP Resolution 11 November 2010 on European Innovation Partnerships within the Innovation Union flagship initiative (2010/2927(RSP)).	Innovation Partnerships (EIPs) as a Tool for Systemic Change, report of the Independent Expert Group, EC, 2014.  For more information: European Commission > Innovation Union > European Innovation Partnership.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Intellectual Property/ European Research Area (ERA)  Intellectual property rights valorisation	4 February 2011: - Private investment in innovative products and services to be encouraged, in particular by improving framework conditions In this regard, the Commission to explore options for setting up an intellectual property rights valorisation	The Commission has launched a comprehensive analysis including an expert group and a feasibility study:  1. The study Creating a financial marketplace for IPR in Europe, 2011;  2. The expert group's report on Options	
instrument	instrument at the European level, in particular to ease SMEs' access to the knowledge market and to report back to the Council by the end of 2011.	for an EU instrument for patent valorisation, 2012.  SWD(2012)458 final Towards enhanced patent valorisation for growth and jobs, 21/12/2012.	
Innovation	24-25 October 2013: In order to obtain a full European Research Area by the	Competitiveness Council 26-27 May 2016 adopted conclusions on the Transition	Research & Innovation - Open science, EC website.
Research infrastructures	end of 2014, it is important to accelerate structural reforms of national systems and to strengthen progress monitoring based on robust data provided by Member States. The progress report submitted by the Commission identifies some areas which require more efforts. In	towards an Open Science system. <u>European Commission Decision C (2014) 4995</u> Horizon 2020 Work Programme: European research infrastructures (including e-Infrastructures), Revised, 22 July 2014.	European Strategy Forum on Research Infrastructures, ESFRI website.
	particular, we must improve the mobility and career prospects of researchers through adequate pensions solutions, transnational access to research infrastructures and open access to publicly funded research results and knowledge transfer as part of innovation strategies at national and European levels.	Competitiveness Council 26 May 2014 adopted conclusions in support of the implementation of the roadmap for the European Strategy Forum on Research Infrastructures (ESFRI) (10257/14).	See also the chapter on CSDP.  EU sets path for ambitious European cooperation in defence and security, press release, 8.5.2015.
		Prioritisation of Support to ESFRI Projects for Implementation / The European Strategy Forum on Research Infrastructures ESFRI 07.04.2014.	A high-level group of personalities on defence research to advise the Commission was established by the Commission, EC, 30.3.2015.
Innovation / Funding	20-21 March 2014: Through its budget, the European Union contributes to	Horizon 2020:	Official Documents related to H2020, EC website.
Horizon 2020 EU Research and Innovation Programme	industrial competitiveness. The best possible use should be made of EU instruments such as Horizon 2020, the Connecting Europe Facility, the European Structural and Investment Funds and COSME as well as market-based and	European Commission Decision C (2014) 4995 of 22 July 2014 on Horizon 2020 Work Programme: European research	COSME, European Commission website.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
COSME	other innovative financial instruments to support competitiveness and access of SMEs to finance. In this	infrastructures (including e-Infrastructures), Revised.	
COSINE	context, smart specialisation should be promoted at all	nevised.	
	levels, including through the efficient use of public	COM (2013)0494 of 10 July 2013 on public-	
	investment in research. This will facilitate contacts	private partnerships in Horizon 2020: a	
	between firms and clusters and improve access to	powerful tool to deliver on innovation and	
	innovative technologies.	growth in Europe.	
	<u>19-20 December 2013:</u>	Regulation (EU) No 1291/2013 of the	
	Welcomes the Commission's intention to evaluate how	European Parliament and of the Council of 11	
	the results under Horizon 2020 could also benefit defence	December 2013 establishing Horizon 2020 -	
	and security industrial capabilities. It invites the	the Framework Programme for Research and	
	Commission and the European Defence Agency to work	Innovation (2014-2020) and repealing	
	closely with Member States to develop proposals to	Decision No 1982/2006/EC	
	stimulate further dual use research. A Preparatory Action	<u>Procedure: 2011/0401(COD)</u> .	
	on CSDP-related research will be set up, while seeking		
	synergies with national research programmes whenever	Council Regulation (Euratom) No 1314/2013	
	possible.	of 16 December 2013 on the Research and	
	24-25 October 2013:	Training Programme of the European Atomic Energy Community (2014-2018)	
	- The 2010 Innovation Union flagship initiative provides a	complementing the Horizon 2020 Framework	
	number of valuable instruments which, combined with	Programme for Research and Innovation.	
	financing programmes, such as Competitiveness of	Procedure: 2011/0400(NLE).	
	Enterprises and SMEs (COSME) and Horizon 2020,		
	including the Risk-Sharing Finance Facility, can support	Regulation (EU) No 1290/2013 of the	
	innovation and its impact on the market.	European Parliament and of the Council of 11	
	- The role of the Union's budget in providing opportunities	December 2013 laying down the rules for	
	to SMEs is crucial. In this context, the European Council	participation and dissemination in 'Horizon	
	welcomes the agreement on the COSME and Horizon 2020	2020 - the Framework Programme for	
	programmes and points out that their implementation is a	Research and Innovation (2014-2020)' and	
	matter of priority. It also encourages the legislator to work	repealing Regulation (EC) No 1906/2006.	
	swiftly on the proposed legislation on long-term	Procedure: <u>2011/0399(COD)</u> .	
	investment funds with a view to its adoption before the		
	end of the legislative period.	Council decision 2013/743/EU of 3 December	
	27.20 / 2042	2013 establishing the specific programme	
DE (10.004	<u>27-28 June 2013:</u>	implementing Horizon 2020 - the Framework	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- The MFF will play a crucial role in supporting the	Programme for Research and Innovation	
	economy, by acting as a catalyst for growth and jobs across	(2014-2020) and repealing Decisions	
	Europe and leveraging productive and human capital	2006/971/EC, 2006/972/EC, 2006/973/EC,	
	investments. The European Council called for the rapid	2006/974/EC and 2006/975/.	
	formal adoption of the MFF Regulation and the associated	Procedure: 2011/0402(CNS).	
	Interinstitutional Agreement. In this connection the		
	European Council also welcomed the agreements reached	Regulation (EU) No 1292/2013 of the	
	on new programmes such as ERASMUS, COSME, Horizon	European Parliament and of the Council of 11	
	2020 and the Employment and Social Innovation	December 2013 amending Regulation (EC) No	
	programme. The European Council stressed the	294/2008 establishing the European Institute	
	importance of: ()	of Innovation and Technology.	
	- rapidly implementing the Structural Funds as well as the	Procedure: <u>2011/0384(COD)</u> .	
	programmes for the competitiveness of enterprises and		
	SMEs (COSME) and for research and innovation (Horizon	<u>Decision No 1312/2013/EU</u> of the European	
	2020), which have a particular importance in the context	Parliament and of the Council of 11 December	
	of supporting SMEs.	2013 on the Strategic Innovation Agenda of	
		the European Institute of Innovation and	
	<u>18-19 October 2012:</u>	Technology (EIT): the contribution of the EIT to	
	- Promoting research and innovation: it is important to	a more innovative Europe.	
	ensure that research and innovation are translated into	<u>Procedure: 2011/0387(COD)</u> .	
	competitive gains. The European Council calls for rapid	COM (2011)000 20 N	
	progress on the proposed new programmes for research	COM (2011)808 30 November 2011 on	
	and innovation (Horizon 2020) and for the	Horizon 2020 - The Framework Programme for	
	competitiveness of enterprises and SMEs (COSME),	Research and Innovation.	
	stressing the importance of excellence in EU research and	COSME:	
	innovation policies while promoting broad access to participants in all Member States. It reiterates the need to	Regulation (EU) No 1287/2013 of the	
	finalise the European Research Area by the end of 2014	European Parliament and of the Council of 11	
	and stresses the importance of an integrated approach to	December 2013 establishing a Programme for	
	key enabling technologies.	the Competitiveness of Enterprises and small	
	key chabing technologies.	and medium-sized enterprises (COSME) (2014	
	28-29 June 2012:	- 2020) and repealing Decision No	
	- Efforts must continue in order to ensure that research	1639/2006/EC, OJ L 347, 20.12.2013, p. 33–49.	
	efforts are swiftly translated into innovations meeting	Procedure: 2011/0394/COD.	
	market demands and thus strengthen Europe's		
	competitiveness and help respond to societal challenges.		
	The European Research Area must be strengthened, in		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	particular by improving support to R&D and investment		
	opportunities for innovative start-ups and SMEs. The future programme for the competitiveness of enterprises		
	and SMEs (COSME) and the Horizon 2020 programme will		
	help innovative SMEs access financing.		
	4 Fabruary 2011.		
	4 February 2011: - Information about publicly financed R&D should be		
	better disseminated, whilst respecting intellectual		
	property rights, notably through the establishment of an		
	inventory of EU-funded R&D, linked to similar inventories		
	of R&D programmes funded at national level.		
	- At national level, Member States recall their willingness		
	to devote at least 50% of ETS revenue to finance climate-		
	related action, including innovative projects. They should also improve the use of existing Structural Funds allocated		
	to research and innovation projects.		
	- It is crucial that EU instruments aimed at fostering R&D&I		
	be simplified in order to facilitate their take-up by the best		
	scientists and the most innovative companies, in particular		
	by agreeing between the relevant institutions a new		
	balance between trust and control and between risk taking		
	and risk avoidance.		
	-The Commission is invited to make proposals by the end of the year, ensuring that the full range of research and		
	innovation financing instruments work together within a		
	common strategic framework.		
	- The development of financing mechanisms adequate for		
	the financing of major European projects that are		
	important drivers for research and innovation should be		
to a continue / From die	explored.	Daniel for a Daniel tion COM/2045/454 f.4	
Innovation / Funding	24-25 October 2013: - Europe needs a better-coordinated use of tools such as	Proposal for a Regulation COM(2016)461 of 4 July 2016 on amending Regulation (EU) No	
Venture Capital	grants, pre-commercial public procurement and venture	345/2013 on European venture capital funds	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
_	capital, and an integrated approach from research and innovation to market deployment.  18-19 October 2012:  Progress has been made on the Single Market Act I, but more efforts are required to complete work on the outstanding proposals including on accounting, professional qualifications, public procurement and venture capital funds.  28-29 June 2012:  Acknowledges the important progress that has already been achieved on the measures which are part of the first Single Market Act, including the adoption of the proposal on standardisation and the agreement reached in the Council on the proposals on accounting, venture capital and social entrepreneurship funds and alternative dispute resolution and online dispute resolution.  The action of the European Investment Fund should be developed, particularly as regards its venture capital activity, in liaison with existing national structures.  1-2 March 2012:  Calls for further progress in creating an effective EU-wide venture capital regime, including an 'EU passport', a financing scheme in support of innovative SMEs, considering a 'fund of funds' to provide cross-border risk capital and making more effective use of pre-commercial public procurement to support innovative and high-tech businesses.  4 February 2011: Every effort should be pursued to lift remaining legal and administrative obstacles to the cross-border operation of	and Regulation (EU) No 346/2013 on European social entrepreneurship funds. Procedure: 2016/0221 (COD).  Regulation (EU) No 345/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 April 2013 on European venture capital funds OJ L 115 25.04.2013, p. 1. Impact Assessment SWD(2011)1515 Procedure 2011/417(COD).  Regulation (EU) No 346/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 April 2013 on European social entrepreneurship funds OJ L 115, 25.4.2013, p. 18–38	Remarks
	venture capital. The Commission is invited to present proposals by the end of 2011 on:		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	a) putting in place an EU-wide venture capital scheme		
	building on the European Investment Fund and other		
	relevant financial institutions and in cooperation with		
	national operators;		
	b) scaling up the Risk Sharing Finance Facility;		
	c) assessing how best to meet the needs of fast growing		
	innovative companies through a market-based approach.		
	In this connection the Commission is also invited to		
	explore the feasibility of a Small Business Innovation		
	Research Scheme.		

# IV. European Energy and Climate Policy Analytical Summary

#### Main commitments

The <u>Paris Agreement</u>, which establishes a new global climate regime from 2020 onwards, aims to limit global warming to well below 2 degrees Celsius and to pursue efforts to hold the temperature rise to 1.5 degrees above pre-industrial levels. The EU and its Member States played a crucial role in its adoption. At the <u>June 2017</u> European Council, following the United States' decision to withdraw from the Paris Agreement, EU leaders reaffirmed their commitment to lead the fight against climate change

In response to the challenges posed by climate change, EU Heads of State or Government have currently committed to a long-term reduction in EU greenhouse gas emissions by 80-95 per cent by 2050 compared with 1990 levels. The current targets to reduce greenhouse gas emissions, enhance energy efficiency, and increase the share of renewable energy consumed are all part of the <u>EU2020 strategy</u>, which was endorsed by the European Council in June 2010. The objectives applicable from 2020 onwards are set in the <u>2030 European climate and energy policy framework</u>, and were agreed by the European Council in October 2014.

The creation of a resilient European Energy Union, with a holistic approach to the challenges facing EU climate and energy policy, was one of the key priorities of the European Council Strategic Agenda adopted in June 2014. The European Commission subsequently declared the establishment of an Energy Union with a forward-looking climate change policy to be one of its core priorities. In February 2015, the Energy Union framework strategy was launched, including three Commission communications: a framework strategy, a communication on the Paris Protocol, and a communication on achieving the 10% electricity interconnection target. The European Council has committed to building a European Energy Union based on the Commission's strategy. The Energy Union, which is aimed at secure, affordable and sustainable energy, has five inter-related and mutually reinforcing dimensions: energy security, solidarity, and trust; a fully integrated European energy market; energy efficiency contributing to the moderation of demand; decarbonising the economy; and research, innovation and competitiveness.

# State of play

EU leaders have addressed issues of energy and climate policy on a regular basis. The European Council has also committed to providing guidance, and to monitoring the implementation of the Energy Union. Its broad strategic statements on the Energy Union and its implementation have been accompanied by more specific objectives and operational goals, which focus on concrete policy issues.

The Commission has tabled a number of proposals on all five dimensions, and had originally taken 2016 as reference 'year of delivery' in the <u>first report</u> on the <u>State of the Energy Union</u>. The second <u>State of the Energy Union</u> report refers to 2017 as the 'year of implementation'. The European Parliament has expressed its position on all aspects of the Energy Union as a co-legislator and in other roles, in particular through own-initiative resolutions. The resolution of 15 December 2015, <u>'Towards a European Energy Union'</u>, <u>for example</u>, takes a positive stance on the framework strategy as a whole.

## Energy security solidarity and trust

Over the years, issues related to energy security have been a matter of priority for EU leaders. The <u>European Energy Security Strategy (EESS)</u>, which forms an essential component of the 2030 climate and energy framework and of the Energy Union, advances solidarity and cooperation between Member States in managing energy security challenges.

In line with European Council priorities, the Commission presented an energy security package in February 2016, which included the following four initiatives: a revision of the regulation on the Security of Gas Supply, a revision of the Intergovernmental Agreement (IGA) Decision, a strategy for liquefied natural gas (LNG) and storage, and a strategy for heating and cooling. Subsequently, the European Council endorsed the package and invited the co-legislators to advance rapidly on the proposals. Following this, in November 2016, the Commission introduced a proposal on risk preparedness in the electricity sector. The revised decision on establishing an information exchange mechanism in the field of energy with regard to intergovernmental agreements and non-binding instruments between Member States and third countries was adopted in April 2017. Moreover, the revised security of gas supply regulation was adopted in September 2017.

Energy security and energy supply are also at the heart of the external dimension of the EU's energy policy, even more so following changes in the geopolitical environment affecting the stability of energy producing countries in the EU's neighbourhood. In the context of the Energy Union, the European Council has

highlighted the link between internal and external energy markets, as well as the potential for cooperation between Member States to create a more coordinated EU external energy policy. It has underlined the links between neighbourhood countries and the EU's concerns over <u>security of supply</u>, and highlighted the usage of foreign policy instruments in order to establish strategic energy partnerships with important producing and transit countries. The Foreign Affairs Council laid the cornerstones for <u>energy diplomacy</u> in July 2015, issued conclusions on climate diplomacy in <u>February 2016</u>, and conclusions on strengthening synergies in climate and energy diplomacy in <u>March 2017</u>.

#### Internal energy market

A long-term goal of the European Council has been to complete the internal energy market. The challenge of building an effective internal energy market is at the core of the Energy Union framework strategy. One of the main objectives has been to end the energy isolation of certain Member States by increasing interconnectivity. A target of 10 % electricity interconnections by 2020 has been set as part of the Energy Union. To this end, the Commission has set a list of 195 projects of common interest (PCIs) in 2015, to be revised in 2017. A number of initiatives have already connected previously isolated energy markets and created new opportunities for regional co-operation in both gas and electricity markets.

Following the entry into force of the Paris Agreement, EU leaders set the implementation of the 2030 climate and energy policy framework as a priority. In this context, in November 2016 the Commission published a large 'Clean Energy for All Europeans' <u>package</u>. It includes, among others, <u>proposals</u> on a new electricity market design and a <u>proposal</u> for a revised directive on <u>renewable energy</u>. The goal of the package is to facilitate integration of renewable energies; to increase energy efficiency; and to create a wider choice and a more active role for <u>consumers</u>.

The European Council has also addressed <u>energy pricing</u> by highlighting the importance of effective and flexible market design in providing affordable energy for households and industry. A <u>regulation</u> ensuring the transparency and comparability of statistics on natural gas and electricity prices throughout the EU, related to the Commission <u>initiative</u> to deliver a new deal for energy consumers, was adopted in October 2016.

## Energy efficiency contributing to moderation of demand

EU leaders have urged Member States to implement the existing measures on energy efficiency to meet the 2020 target, paving the way for the EU level target of

at least 27 % improvement in energy efficiency by 2030. This objective was agreed in the European Council of October 2014, with a review envisaged by 2020, with a 30 % target in mind. In the recent <u>proposal</u> for a revised energy efficiency directive, the Commission took a step towards reviewing that objective by proposing a 30 % energy efficiency target for 2030, which would be binding at EU level.

According to the Energy Union framework strategy, energy efficiency, which contributes to all five dimensions of the Energy Union and represents the value of energy saved, should be treated as an energy source in its own right. In November 2016, the Commission launched proposals to revise the energy efficiency directive and the directive on the energy performance of buildings. In addition to these key measures, energy efficiency features in many other initiatives concerning the Energy Union, such as the measures on ecodesign, energy efficiency labelling (adopted in July 2017), and the heating and cooling strategy.

#### Decarbonisation of the economy

The European Council <u>welcomed</u> the EU's ratification of the Paris Agreement in October 2016. Following their respective national parliamentary procedures, most EU Member States have already <u>ratified</u> the agreement. As indicated in the European Council conclusions of <u>March 2016</u> and <u>October 2016</u> the implementation of the 2030 climate and energy policy framework is a matter of priority in order to implement the Paris Agreement. The Commission communications, 'The Road from Paris' and 'Accelerating Europe's transition to a <u>low-carbon economy</u>' assess and outline the implications of the Paris agreement on EU policies. A <u>report</u> published in November 2016 takes stock of progress achieved.

The two most important European instruments for achieving the binding EU target of a reduction of at least 40 % in greenhouse gas emissions by 2030 compared to 1990 levels are the EU Emission Trading System (ETS), covering the industry and power sectors; and the proposed 'Effort Sharing Regulation' for the non-ETS sectors such as buildings, transport, and waste.

A Commission <u>proposal</u> to review the EU ETS system was presented in July 2015. This was followed by two proposals presented in July 2016 on <u>binding annual</u> greenhouse gas emissions reductions from 2021 to 2030 by Member States, and the <u>inclusion</u> of greenhouse gas emissions and removals from land use, land use change, and forestry in the 2030 climate and energy framework. All three proposals are currently being considered by the co-legislators under the ordinary legislative procedure. The strategy on low-emission mobility, also published in

July 2016, and the 'Clean Energy for all Europeans' <u>package</u> of several legislative and non-legislative initiatives, launched in November 2016, also contribute to the implementation of the 2030 climate and energy policy framework.

#### Research, innovation and competitiveness

The European Council has emphasised the role of research and innovation in all five dimensions of the Energy Union framework. The further development and deployment of new technology has the potential to increase competitiveness, create new business opportunities, foster growth, and bring benefits to consumers. The European Council has called <u>several times</u> for the <u>development</u> of an integrated energy and climate-related strategy for research, innovation and competitiveness as provided for by the Energy Union framework. The <u>Integrated Strategic Energy Technology Plan</u> (SET-Plan), published in September 2015, focused on the development and deployment of low-carbon technologies with a view to accelerating the energy transformation. A Commission communication on accelerating clean energy innovation was introduced as part of the 'Clean Energy for All Europeans' package in November 2016.

# Main challenges and outlook

Medium- to long-term challenges in the field of energy and climate policies include continued action to reach the decarbonisation objectives under the Paris Agreement, which is at the heart of the global fight against climate change. Together with the international approach to reduce emissions in the aviation (ICAO) and maritime sectors (IMO), as well as the efforts to phase out fluorinated greenhouse gases under the Montreal Protocol, the Paris Agreement contributes to an international movement towards a low-emission economy.

In June 2017, following the decision of the United States to withdraw from the Paris Agreement, the European Council <u>reaffirmed</u> the EU's and the Member States' commitment to lead the fight against climate change together with international partners. This <u>was underlined</u> also in the address of the European Council President at the United Nations General Assembly in September 2017. Making this transition while simultaneously trying to foster growth and ensure social fairness is a major challenge for the European Union, governments, cities, and local authorities. The European Union has set an example by managing to simultaneously decrease CO<sub>2</sub> emissions and increase GDP since 1990.

The European Council has <u>highlighted</u> the <u>implementation</u> of the 2030 Climate and Energy Policy framework and the implementation and governance of the Energy Union as core priorities. EU leaders have notably committed to <u>keep regular track</u>

and give further guidance on both the Energy Union and the 2030 climate and energy policy framework. Thus, energy and climate issues will continue to appear on the European Council agenda. The manifold and divergent national interests at stake are likely to continue to play a role in the delivery of the Energy Union. Both the letter of intent, published alongside the 2017 State of the Union speech, and the Priorities of the Estonian Presidency of the Council of the European Union for the second half of 2017 set the implementation of the Energy Union and the fulfilment of the Paris Agreement amongst their main priorities. Following the introduction of numerous Commission proposals, many of them legislative, in 2015 and 2016, many of the key initiatives are currently in the hands of the Parliament and the Council.

Safe and affordable energy as well as a clean environment are key strategic objectives for the EU. As such, they feature prominently amongst the priorities highlighted in the <u>Rome Declaration</u>, adopted on 25 March 2017 and in the European Commission <u>White Paper on the Future of Europe</u>, which is likely to be discussed in the European Council of December 2017.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
IV.1 Climate and Ene	ergy		
European Council strategic agenda  Strategic Agenda for the Union in Times of Change (Annex to EUCO conclusions 26-27.06.2014)  Towards an Energy Union with a forward-looking climate policy	<ul> <li>26-27 June 2014: <ul> <li>To ensure our energy future is under full control, we want to build an Energy Union aiming at affordable, secure and sustainable energy. Energy efficiency is essential.</li> <li>Energy and climate policies for the upcoming five years must focus on: <ul> <li>affordable energy for companies and citizens: by moderating energy demand thanks to enhanced energy efficiency; by completing our integrated energy market; by finding ways to increase the Union's bargaining power; by increasing transparency on the gas market; by stimulating research, development and the industrial European base in the energy field;</li> <li>secure energy for all our countries: by speeding up the diversification of energy supply and routes, including through renewable, safe and sustainable and other indigenous energy sources, as a means to reduce energy dependency, notably on a single source or supplier; by developing the necessary infrastructure such as interconnections; by providing private and public actors with the right planning framework so they can take midto long-term investment decisions;</li> <li>green energy: by continuing to lead the fight against global warming ahead of the United Nations COP 2015 meeting in Paris and beyond, including by setting ambitious 2030 targets that are fully in line with the</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>	A New Start for Europe: My Agenda for Jobs, Growth, Fairness and Democratic Change Political Guidelines for the next European Commission: Opening Statement in the European Parliament Plenary Session, Candidate for President of the European Commission, Strasbourg, 15 July 2014/ Jean-Claude Juncker (pp. 5-6, A Resilient Energy Union with a Forward-Looking Climate Change Policy).	See also the section on Energy Union.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Europe 2020  Flagship initiative: A resource-efficient Europe	20-21 March 2014:  - The European Council assessed the implementation of the Europe 2020 Strategy on the basis of the Commission communication.  The European Council calls for stepping up efforts to reach the Europe 2020 targets and looks forward to the planned review of the EU 2020 Strategy in 2015.  28-29 June 2012: Calls for rapid progress on the low carbon 2050 strategy and of the implementation of the roadmap towards a resource-efficient Europe.	adopted conclusions on Greening the European Semester and the Europe 2020 Strategy - mid-term review.  Greening the Europe 2020 Strategy - mid-term review.  Greening the Europe 2020 Strategy - mid-term review.  Greening the Europe 2020 Strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive growth.  Greening the Europe 2020 Strategy for smart, sustainable and strategy for smart, sustainable and	
	25-26 March 2010:  The EU needs a new strategy, based on an enhance coordination of economic policies, in order to deliver more growth and jobs. Following the Commission's communication 'Europe 2020: a strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusing growth' and the discussions held in the Council, the Europea Council agreed on the following elements of this new strategy which will be formally adopted in June. ()  The Commission will further develop and submit to the Council the actions it proposes to take at the EU level, notably through the flagship initiatives.	European Parliament resolution of 24 May 2012 on a resource-efficient Europe (2011/2068(INI)).  COM (2011)21 26 January 2011 A resource-efficient Europe – Flagship initiative under the Europe 2020 Strategy.	
Climate and Energy Policy Framework 2030 Low Carbon Strategy 2050	22-23 June 2017:  - The European Council strongly reaffirms the commitment of the EU and its Member States to swiftly and fully implement the Par Agreement, to contribute to the fulfilment of the climate financing goals, and to continue to lead in the fight against climate change	2003/87/EC to continue current limitations of scope for aviation activities and to prepare to	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	The Agreement remains a cornerstone of global efforts to effectively tackle climate change, and cannot be renegotiated.	implement a global market-based measure from 2021.	
	The Agreement is a key element for the modernisation of the	Procedure: 2017/017(COD).	
	European industry and economy. It is also key to implementing		
	the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development; the recent	Report COM(2017)048 of 1 February 2017 on	
	adoption of the new European Consensus on Development, while pursuing a broader agenda, will also contribute to this	the functioning of the European carbon market.	
	objective. The EU and its Member States will enhance	market.	
	cooperation with international partners under the Paris	Report COM(2017)037 of 1 February 2017 on	
	Agreement, in particular with the most vulnerable countries,	Implementation of Directive 2009/31/EC on	
	thereby demonstrating solidarity with future generations and responsibility for the whole planet. The European Council calls on	the Geological Storage of Carbon Dioxide.	
	the Council and the Commission to examine all means to achieve	Report <u>COM(2016)049</u> of 1 February 2017 on	
	these goals. The EU will continue to work closely with all non-	quality of petrol and diesel fuel used for road	
	State actors, building on the successful example provided by the	transport in the European Union (Reporting	
	Global Climate Action Agenda.	year 2014 and 2015).	
	<u>20-21 October 2016:</u>	Council of 8 November 2016 amended its 11	
	- European Council will keep under review the Energy Union,	October 2016 conclusions on climate change,	
	including all the elements of the 2030 climate and energy framework. Recalling its previous conclusions and the	specifying the €17.6 billion contribution made by the EU and its Member States in 2015 to	
	agreement reached in the Council on 30 September 2016, the	help developing countries reduce their	
	European Council will continue to give strategic orientations on	greenhouse gas emissions and cope with the	
	the related legislative proposals.	impact of climate change (13157/16 ADD 1).	
	17-18 March 2016:	Council of 11 October 2016 conclusions on	
	- The European Council welcomes the Communication 'Road	climate change.	
	from Paris'. Based on the Climate Communication, it underlines	. 5-	
	the EU's commitment to reduce greenhouse gas emissions		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	domestically and to increase the share of renewable energies	European Parliament resolution of	
	and improve energy efficiency as agreed by the European	6 October 2016 on the implementation of the	
	Council in October 2014. Adapting the legislation in order to	Paris Agreement and the 2016 UN Climate	
	implement this framework remains a priority. The European	Change Conference in Marrakesh, Morocco	
	Council invites the Commission to rapidly present all the	(COP 22) ( <u>2016/2814(RSP)</u> ).	
	remaining relevant proposals to this end so as to swiftly engage		
	the legislative process. ()	COM(2016)500 of 20 July 2016 Accelerating	
		Europe's transition to a low-carbon economy	
	<u>17-18 December 2015:</u>	- communication accompanying measures	
	- The European Council welcomes the historic outcome reached	under the Energy Union Framework Strategy:	
	in Paris where the world adopted the first-ever global and legally-	legislative proposal on binding annual	
	binding climate agreement with the aim of keeping the global	greenhouse gas emissions reductions by	
	warming well below 2°C and continuing efforts to limit it to 1.5°C.	Member States from 2021 to 2030, legislative	
	It invites the Commission and the Council to assess the results of	proposal on the inclusion of greenhouse gas	
	COP21 by March 2016, in particular in view of the 2030 climate	emissions and removals from land use, land	
	and energy framework and to prepare the next steps.	use change and forestry into the 2030 climate	
		and energy framework and communication	
	23-24 October 2014:	on a European Strategy for low-emission	
	- 2030 climate and energy policy framework for the EU was	mobility.	
	agreed.	SWD(2016)247, SWD(2016)248.	
	Targets in brief:		
	- Binding EU level target of at least 40 % domestic reduction	COM(2016)501 of 20 July 2016 on a European	
	in greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions by 2030 compared to	Strategy for Low-Emission Mobility	
	1990.	SWD (2016)244.	
	- Binding EU level target for the share of renewable energy		
	is set to at least 27 % of energy consumed in EU in 2030.	Commission report COM(2016)483 of 20 July	
	<ul> <li>Indicative EU level target of improving energy efficiency is</li> </ul>	2016 on evaluating the implementation of	
	set to at least 27 % in 2030 compared to projections of	Decision No. 406/2009/EC pursuant to its	
	future consumption based on current criteria.	Article 14.SWD(2016)251.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Completion of internal energy market: accomplishing the	Proposal for a Regulation of the European	
	electricity interconnection target (10%) and connecting so	Parliament and the Council COM(2016) 482 of	
	called energy islands to rest of the internal energy market.	20 July 2016 on binding annual greenhouse	
	- EU will submit its contribution, at the latest by the first quarter	gas emission reductions by Member States	
	of 2015, in line with the timeline agreed by the UNFCCC in	from 2021 to 2030 for a resilient Energy Union	
	Warsaw for the conclusion of a global climate agreement.	and to meet commitments under the Paris	
	- All countries are called to come forward with ambitious targets	Agreement and amending Regulation No	
	and policies well in advance of the Conference of the Parties	525/2013 of the European Parliament and the	
	(COP21) in Paris. EUCO will revert to this issue after the Paris	Council on a mechanism for monitoring and	
	Conference.	reporting greenhouse gas emissions and	
	- All elements of the framework will be kept under review and	other information relevant to climate change.	
	EUCO will continue to give strategic orientations as appropriate,	Procedure: <u>2016/0231 (COD)</u> .	
	notably with respect to consensus on ETS, non-ETS,	Decreased for a Decreation of the Frances	
	interconnections and energy efficiency.	Proposal for a Regulation of the European	
	- Commission will continue to have a regular dialogue with	Parliament and the Council COM(2016)0479	
	stakeholders.	of 20 July on the inclusion of greenhouse gas	
	GHG emissions reduction target:	emissions and removals from land use, land	
	- Binding EU target of an at least 40% domestic reduction in	use change and forestry into the 2030 climate	
	greenhouse gas emissions by 2030 compared to 1990 was endorsed. Target will be delivered collectively by the EU in the	and energy framework and amending	
	most cost-effective manner possible, with the reductions in the	Regulation No 525/2013 of the European Parliament and the Council on a mechanism	
	ETS and non-ETS sectors amounting to 43% and 30% by 2030	for monitoring and reporting greenhouse gas	
	compared to 2005, respectively.	emissions and other information relevant to	
	- Reformed ETS system will be the main tool to achieve this	climate change	
	target.	Procedure: 2016/0230 (COD).	
	- In order to prevent risk of carbon leakage and to maintain	110cedule. <u>2010/0230 (COD)</u> .	
	international competitiveness existing measures for free	Public consultation from 20 July 2016 to 28	
	allocation of emission allowances will continue after 2020, as	October 2016 on the Revision of Regulation	
	long as no comparable efforts are undertaken in other major	(EU) No 443/2009 and Regulation (EU) No	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	economies. Benchmarks for free allocations will be periodically reviewed.  - Member States with GDP per capita below 60% of the average may opt to continue free allocation to the energy sector up to 2030.  - NER300 facility will be renewed with the scope extended to low carbon innovation in industrial sectors and the initial endowment increased to 400 million allowances (NER400).  - New reserve of 2% of the EU ETS allowances will be set aside to address particularly high additional investment needs in low income Member States.  - 10% of the EU ETS allowances to be auctioned by the Member States will be distributed among those countries whose GDP per capita did not exceed 90% of the EU average (in 2013). The rest of allowances will be distributed among all Member States on the basis of verified emissions, without reducing the share of allowances to be auctioned.  - Methodology to set the national reduction targets for the non-ETS sectors, with all the elements as applied in the Effort Sharing Decision for 2020, will be continued until 2030, with efforts distributed on the basis of relative GDP per capita. All Member States will contribute to the overall EU reduction in 2030 with the targets spanning from 0% to -40% compared to 2005.  - European Council invites Commission to further examine instruments and measures for a comprehensive and technology neutral approach for the promotion of emissions reduction and energy efficiency in transport, for electric transportation and for renewable energy sources in transport also after 2020.	510/2011 setting CO2 emission performance standards for light duty vehicles.  Pubic consultation from 20 July 2016 to 28 October 2016 on the preparation of legislation on monitoring / reporting of Heavy-Duty Vehicle fuel consumption and CO2 emissions.  Communication COM(2016) 110 of 2 March 2016, The Road from Paris: assessing the implications of the Paris Agreement and accompanying the proposal for a Council decision on the signing, on behalf of the European Union, of the Paris Agreement adopted under the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change.  General Affairs Council of 17-18 December 2015 adopted conclusions on_the shift towards a low-carbon economy: the contribution of Cohesion Policy and more generally of the European Structural and Investment Funds (13701/15).  The annual reports on the state of the Energy Union of 18 November 2015 include progress reports on climate action:	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	<ul> <li>Calls for a rapid adoption of the Directive laying down calculation methods and reporting requirements pursuant to Directive 98/70/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council relating to the quality of petrol and diesel fuels.</li> <li>Invites Commission to examine the best means of encouraging the sustainable intensification of food production, while optimising the sector's contribution to greenhouse gas mitigation and sequestration, including through afforestation. Policy on how to include Land Use, Land Use Change and Forestry into the 2030 greenhouse gas mitigation framework will be established as soon as technical conditions allow and in any case before 2020.</li> </ul>	COM(2015) 576 Climate action progress report, including the report on the functioning of the European carbon market and the report on the review of Directive 2009/31/EC on the geological storage of carbon dioxide. SWD (2015) 246.  Proposal COM(2015)0337 final/2 for a Directive amending Directive 2003/87/EC to enhance cost-effective emission reductions and low-carbon investments.  Procedure: 2015/0148 (COD).	
	26-27 June 2014:  - The European Council took stock of progress made towards a final decision in October on the 2030 climate and energy framework in line with its March 2014 conclusions.	European Parliament resolution of 14 October 'Towards a new international climate agreement in Paris' (2015/2112(INI)).	
	<ul> <li>20-21 March 2014:         <ul> <li>Further improve coherence between greenhouse gas emissions reduction, energy efficiency and the use of renewables and deliver the objectives for 2030 in a cost-effective manner, with a reformed Emissions Trading System playing a central role in this regard;</li> <li>Develop a supportive EU framework for advancing renewable energies and ensure international competitiveness;</li> <li>Ensure security of energy supply for households and businesses at affordable and competitive prices;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Economic and Financial Affairs Council 10 November 2015 adopted conclusions on climate finance.  Decision (EU) 2015/1814 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 6 October 2015 concerning the establishment and operation of a market stability reserve for the Union greenhouse gas emission trading scheme and amending Directive 2003/87/EC, OJ L 264, 9.10.2015, p. 1.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Provide flexibility for the Member States as to how they	Procedure: <u>2014/0011(COD)</u> .	
	deliver their commitments in order to reflect national		
	circumstances and respect their freedom to determine	Environment Council 18 September 2015	
	their energy mix.	adopted conclusions establishing the EU's	
	- With a view to an early agreement on a new policy framework	position for the UN climate change	
	for energy and climate in the period 2020 to 2030, the European	conference in Paris in December 2015.	
	Council invites the Council and the Commission to continue work		
	and rapidly develop the following elements:	COM(2015)81 of 25 February 2015 on the	
	- analyse the implications for individual Member States of	Paris Protocol – A blueprint for tackling global	
	the Commission's proposals for EU-wide targets for	climate change beyond 2020.	
	emission reductions and renewable energy;	SWD(2015) 17 final.	
	- elaborate mechanisms which will result in an overall fair	Anna 1. Dadrana und infamation au Elland	
	effort sharing and foster the modernisation of the energy	Annex 1: Background information on EU and	
	sector;	emission profiles largest global emitters.	
	<ul> <li>develop measures to prevent potential carbon leakage and call for long-term planning security for industrial</li> </ul>	Environment Council 28 October 2014	
	investment in order to ensure the competitiveness of	adopted conclusions on Greening the	
	Europe's energy-intensive industries;	European Semester and the Europe 2020	
	<ul> <li>review the Energy Efficiency Directive in a timely manner</li> </ul>	Strategy - mid-term review.	
	and develop an energy efficiency framework;	Strategy - mid-term review.	
	- The European Council will take stock of progress made on these	Public consultation on post-2020 carbon	
	issues at its meeting in June with a view to take a final decision	leakage provisions 8 May 2014 - 31 July 2014.	
	no later than October 2014.	100.000 p. 01.000 0 11.00 p. 01.100	
		Communication COM(2014)285 of 25 May	
	22 May 2013:	2014 Strategy for reducing Heavy-Duty	
	- Important to have a well-functioning carbon market and a	Vehicles' fuel consumption and CO2	
	predictable climate and energy policy framework post-2020	emissions.	
	which is conducive to mobilising private capital and to bringing		
	down costs for energy investment.		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Welcomes the Commission's Green Paper on a 2030 framework	Regulation (EU) No 517/2014 of the European	
	for climate and energy policies and will return to this issue in	Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014	
	March 2014, after the Commission comes forward with more	on fluorinated greenhouse gases and	
	concrete proposals, to discuss policy options in that regard,	repealing Regulation (EC) No 842/2006 (OJ L	
	bearing in mind the objectives set for the COP 21 in 2015.	150, 20.5.2014, p. 195).	
		Procedure: <u>2012/0305(COD</u> ).	
	28-29 June 2012:	- 1 ()	
	- Calls for rapid progress on the low carbon 2050 strategy and on	Regulation (EU) No 333/2014 of the European	
	the implementation of the roadmap towards a resource-efficient	Parliament and of the Council of 11 March	
	Europe.	2014 amending Regulation (EC) No 443/2009	
	0 Danambar 2011	to define the modalities for reaching the 2020	
	9 December 2011:	target to reduce CO 2 emissions from new	
	- Calls for an agreement on the low-carbon 2050 strategy and	passenger cars (OJ L 103, 5.4.2014, p. 15).	
	thorough consideration of the forthcoming energy roadmap to	Procedure: <u>2012/0190(COD).</u>	
	2050 which will provide a detailed analysis on long-term action in the energy sector and other related sectors.	Commission Regulation (EU) No 206/2014 of	
	in the energy sector and other related sectors.	4 March 2014 amending Regulation (EU) No	
	4 February 2011:	601/2012 as regards global warming	
	- The EU and MS will promote investment in renewables and safe	potentials for non-CO 2 greenhouse gases (OJ	
	and sustainable low carbon technologies and focus on	L 65, 5.3.2014, p. 27).	
	implementing the technology priorities established in the	ε 03, 3.3.2014, β. 27 μ.	
	European Strategic Energy Technology Plan.	Commission Regulation (EU) No 176/2014 of	
	- The Commission is invited to table new initiatives on smart	25 February 2014 amending Regulation (EU)	
	grids, including those linked to the development of clean	No 1031/2010 in particular to determine the	
	vehicles, energy storage, sustainable bio fuels and energy saving	volumes of greenhouse gas emission	
	solutions for cities.	allowances to be auctioned in 2013-20 (OJ L	
	- Looks forward to the elaboration of a low carbon 2050 strategy	56, 26.2.2014, p. 11).	
	providing the framework for the longer term action in the energy		
	and other related sectors.		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Reaching the EU objective, in the context of necessary reductions according to the IPCC by developed countries as a group, of reducing greenhouse gas emissions by 80-95% by 2050 compared to 1990 as agreed in October 2009 will require a revolution in energy systems, which must start now.  - Due consideration should be given to fixing intermediary stages towards reaching the 2050 objective; the European Council calls for rapid progress on the Low Carbon strategy and on the implementation of the roadmap towards a resource efficient Europe.	Resolution of EP of 5 February 2014 on a 2030 framework for climate and energy policies (2013/2135(INI)).  European Parliament resolution of 14 January 2014 on implementation report 2013: developing and applying carbon capture and storage technology in Europe (2013/2079(INI)).  COM(2014)15 of 22 January 2014 A policy framework for climate and energy in the period from 2020 to 2030.  2014/70/EU: Commission Recommendation of 22 January 2014 on minimum principles for the exploration and production of hydrocarbons (such as shale gas) using high-volume hydraulic fracturing (OJ L 39, 8.2.2014, p. 72).  COM(2014)23 17 March 2014 on the exploration and production of hydrocarbons (such as shale gas) using high volume hydraulic fracturing in the EU. SWD(2014)21, SWD(2014)22.  Decision No 1359/2013/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		2013 amending Directive 2003/87/EC clarifying provisions on the timing of auctions of greenhouse gas allowances (OJ L 343, 19.12.2013, p. 1).	
		Regulation (EU) No 525/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 May 2013 on a mechanism for monitoring and reporting greenhouse gas emissions and for reporting other information at national and Union level relevant to climate change and repealing Decision No 280/2004/EC (OJ L 165, 18.6.2013, p. 13).  Procedure: 2011/0372(COD).	
		COM(2013)216 of 16 April 2013 An EU Strategy on adaptation to climate change.  COM(2013)169 27 March 2013 A 2030 framework for climate and energy policies.	
		COM(2013) 180 27 March 2013 on the Future of Carbon Capture and Storage in Europe.  European Parliament resolution of 14 March 2013 on the Energy roadmap 2050, a future with energy (2012/2103(INI)).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Communication COM(2011)885 Energy Roadmap 2050. SEC (2011)1565, SEC (2011)1569.	
		COM(2011)112 25 May 2011 A Roadmap for moving to a competitive low carbon economy in 2050. SEC (2011)287, SEC (2011)288, SEC (2011)289.	
		Resolution of 15 March 2012 of the Parliament on moving to a competitive low carbon economy in 2050 (2011/2095(INI)).	
IV.2 Climate			
Biodiversity	25-26 March 2010:  - The European Council is committed to the long term biodiversity 2050 vision and the 2020 target set out in the Council's conclusions of 15 March 2010.	Environment Council of 17 October 2016 adopted conclusions on the Convention on Biological Diversity.	The Nagoya Protocol on The Nagoya Protocol on Access to Genetic Resources and the Fair Equitable Sharing of Benefits
		Environment Council 16 December 2015 adopted conclusions on the mid-term review of the EU Biodiversity Strategy to 2020.	Arising from their Utilisation, of the Convention on Biodiversity (CBD) entered into force 12 October 2014.
		European Parliament resolution of 2 February 2016 on the mid-term review of the EU's Biodiversity Strategy 2015/2137(INI).	
		Commission report COM(2015)0478 of 2 October 2015 on the mid-term review of the EU Biodiversity Strategy to 2020.	

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Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	Environment Council of 12 June 2014 adopted conclusions on the Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD) with a view to preparing for the three CBD related international meetings to be held in Pyeongchang (Republic of Korea) in September and October 2014 (11075/14).  Regulation (EU) No 511/2014 of 16 April 2014 on compliance measures for users from the Nagoya Protocol on Access to Genetic Resources and the Fair and Equitable Sharing of Benefits Arising from their Utilisation in the Union (OJ L 150, 20/05/2014, p. 59).  Council Decision 2014/283/EU of 14 April 2014 of the Nagoya Protocol on Access to Genetic Resources and the Fair and Equitable Sharing of Benefits Arising from their Utilisation to the Convention on Biological Diversity (OJ L 150, 20/05/2014, p. 231).  Regulation (EU) No 1143/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22	Remarks
		October 2014 on the prevention and management of the introduction and spread of invasive alien species (OJ L 317, 4.11.2014, p.35) Procedure: 2013/0307 (COD).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		European Parliament resolution of 20 April	
		2012 on our life insurance, our natural capital:	
		an EU biodiversity strategy to 2020	
		( <u>2011/2307(INI)</u> ).	
		Communication COM(2011)244 Our life	
		insurance, our natural capital: an EU	
		biodiversity strategy to 2020.	
	20-21 October 2016:	Council of 8 November 2016 amended its 11	Ratification rate of the Paris
International	- The European Council welcomes the Union's ratification of the	October 2016 conclusions on climate change,	Agreement / UNFCCC website.
negotiation process –	Paris Agreement on climate change, which triggered the	specifying the €17.6 billion contribution made	
	Agreement's entry into force.	by the EU and its member states in 2015 to	
Paris	,	help developing countries reduce their	
Lima	<u>17-18 March 2016:</u>	greenhouse gas emissions and cope with the	
Warsaw	- The European Council looks forward to the signature of the	impact of climate change (13157/16 ADD 1).	
Doha	Paris Agreement in New York on 22 April and underlines the		
Durban	need for the European Union and its Member States to be able	Council of 11 October 2016 conclusions on	
Cancún	to ratify the Paris Agreement as soon as possible and on time	climate change.	
Copenhagen	so as to be Parties as of its entry into force.		
		European Parliament resolution of	
	<u>17-18 December 2015:</u>	6 October 2016 on the implementation of the	
	- The European Council welcomes the historic outcome reached	Paris Agreement and the 2016 UN Climate	
	in Paris where the world adopted the first ever global and legally-	Change Conference in Marrakesh, Morocco	
	binding climate agreement with the aim of keeping the global	(COP 22) ( <u>2016/2814(RSP)</u> ).	
	warming well below 2°C and continuing efforts to limit it to 1.5°C.	Council Desision (EU) 2016 (1941 of E October	
	It invites the Commission and the Council to assess the results of	Council Decision (EU) 2016/1841 of 5 October	
	COP21 by March 2016, in particular in view of the 2030 climate and energy framework and to prepare the next steps.	2016 on the conclusion, on behalf of the	
	and energy framework and to prepare the next steps.	European Union, of the Paris Agreement adopted under the United Nations	
		adopted under the United Nations	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	<u>19 -20 March 2015:</u>	Framework Convention on Climate	
	- The European Council supports a strong coordinated action	Change.(OJ L 282 19.10.2016)	
	through an active European climate diplomacy ahead of the	Procedure: <u>2016/0184 (NLE)</u> .	
	COP21 in Paris, in line with the ambitious objective fixed by the		
	October 2014 European Council, as reflected in the contribution	European Parliament legislative resolution of	
	submitted recently by the EU and its Member States. It urges all	4 October 2016 on the draft Council decision	
	parties in a position to do so, including major economies, to	on the conclusion, on behalf of the European	
	submit their contributions by the end of March. It is also	Union, of the Paris Agreement adopted under	
	necessary to intensify work on solutions for financing,	the United Nations Framework Convention on	
	technology transfer and capacity-building, which are key in	Climate Change (12256/2016 – C8-0401/2016	
	reaching an ambitious agreement in Paris.	- <u>2016/0184(NLE)</u> ) (Consent)	
	23-24 October 2014:	Environment Council of 30 September agreed	
	- 2030 climate and energy policy framework for the EU was	to speed up the process of ratification of the	
	agreed.	Paris Agreement and adopted conclusions on	
		the preparations for the Marrakesh climate	
	Targets in brief:	change conference.	
	- Binding EU level target of at least 40 % domestic reduction	Facility and Council 20 Items 2016 Council	
	in greenhouse gas emissions by 2030 compared to 1990.	Environment Council 20 June 2016 Council	
	- Binding EU level target for the share of renewable energy	statement on the ratification of the Paris	
		Agreement.	
		Communication COM/2016\0110 of 2 March	
	•		
	; =:		
	caned energy islands to rest of the internal energy market.	G G.	
	<ul> <li>is set to at least 27 % of energy consumed in EU in 2030.</li> <li>Indicative EU level target of improving energy efficiency is set to at least 27 % in 2030 compared to projections of future consumption based on current criteria.</li> <li>Completion of internal energy market: accomplishing the electricity interconnection target (10%) and connecting so called energy islands to rest of the internal energy market.</li> </ul>	Agreement.  Communication COM(2016)0110 of 2 March 2016 The Road from Paris: assessing the implications of the Paris Agreement and accompanying the proposal for a Council decision on the signing, on behalf of the European Union, of the Paris agreement	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- EU will submit its contribution, at the latest by the first quarter	adopted under the United Nations	
	of 2015, in line with the timeline agreed by the UNFCCC in Warsaw for the conclusion of a global climate agreement.	Framework Convention on Climate Change.	
	- All countries are called to come forward with ambitious targets	Foreign Affairs Council 15 February 2015	
	and policies well in advance of the Conference of the Parties 21	conclusions on European climate diplomacy	
	in Paris. EUCO will revert to this issue after the Paris Conference.	after COP21.	
	- All elements of the framework will be kept under review and		
	EUCO will continue to give strategic orientations as appropriate,	European Parliament resolution of 14 October	
	notably with respect to consensus on ETS, non-ETS, interconnections and energy efficiency.	'Towards a new international climate	
	- Commission will continue to have a regular dialogue with	agreement in Paris' (2015/2112(INI)).	
	stakeholders.	( <u>2013/2112(IMI)</u> ).	
		Environment Council 18 September 2015	
	26-27 June 2014:	conclusions establishing the EU's position for	
	- Reaffirmation of the importance of the UN Climate Summit in	the UN climate change conference in Paris in	
	September 2014 and confirmation of the specific EU target for	December 2015.	
	2030 for greenhouse gas emission reductions will be fully in line	Foreign Affaire Council 20 Iuly 2015	
	with the agreed ambitious EU objective for 2050 Support to the Rome G7 energy initiative which serves to	Foreign Affairs Council 20 July 2015 conclusions on climate diplomacy and on the	
	implement policies to build a more competitive, diversified and	Energy Diplomacy Action Plan.	
	resilient energy system with reduced greenhouse gas emissions	<u> </u>	
	by promoting the use of safe and sustainable technologies.	Environmental Council 6 March 2015 adopted	
		the Intended Nationally Determined	
	20-21 March 2014:	Contribution (INDC) of the EU and its Member	
	- To confirm that the European Union will submit its contribution	States in preparation of the UN Climate	
	at the Conference of the Parties in 2015 at the latest by the first quarter of 2015.	Change Conference in Paris 2015. The INDC was submitted to the UNFCCC.	
	- In the light of the UN Climate Summit in September 2014 the	was submitted to the onfece.	
	specific EU target for 2030 for greenhouse gas emission		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	reductions will be fully in line with the agreed ambitious EU	COM(2015)81 of 25 February 2015 on the	
	objective for 2050.	Paris Protocol – A blueprint for tackling global	
		climate change beyond 2020.	
	22 May 2013:	SWD(2015) 17 final Includes EU's intended	
	- Welcomes the Commission's Green Paper on a 2030 framework	contribution (INDC).	
	for climate and energy policies and will return to this issue in	Annex 1: Background information on EU and	
	March 2014, after the Commission comes forward with more	emission profiles largest global emitters.	
	concrete proposals, to discuss policy options in that regard,		
	bearing in mind the objectives set for the COP 21 in 2015.	Foreign Affairs Council 19 January 2015	
		endorsement of an action plan for climate	
	23 October 2011:	diplomacy in 2015.	
	- Endorses the conclusions of the Council of 4 and 10 October		
	2011, which outline the EU position for the Durban conference	Environment Council 17 December 2014	
	on climate change in detail.	decision on the conclusion, on behalf of the	
	- It is urgent to agree on a process towards a comprehensive	European Union, of the Doha Amendment to	
	legally binding framework and a clear time line, ensuring global	the Kyoto Protocol to the United Nations	
	participation, including from major economies.	Framework Convention on Climate Change	
		(UNFCCC) and the joint fulfilment of	
	28-29 October 2010:	commitments thereunder.	
	- Confirms the willingness of the European Union to consider a		
	second commitment period under the Kyoto Protocol provided	European Parliament resolution of 26	
	the conditions set out in these conclusions are met.	November 2014 on the 2014 UN Climate	
	- The European Union will submit a comprehensive and	Change Conference – COP 20 in Lima, Peru (1-	
	transparent report on the implementation of its commitment on	12 December 2014) ( <u>2014/2777(RSP)</u> ).	
	fast-start financing in Cancún and yearly thereafter and will		
	underline the importance of further increasing transparency of	Environment Council 28 October 2014	
	climate change financing.	conclusions on preparations for the 20th	
	- The European Union will reassess the situation after the Cancún	session of the Conference of the Parties to the	
	Conference, including the examination of options to move	United Nations Framework Convention on	

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Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	beyond 20% greenhouse gas emission reductions to be prepared	Climate Change and the 10th session of the	
	to react to the ongoing international climate negotiations; the	Meeting of the Parties to the Kyoto Protocol	
	Council is invited to report back on this issue by spring 2011.	(Lima, 1 - 12 December 2014).	
	- In parallel with seeking an international agreement, the EU will		
	also develop a more diversified approach to engaging with key	Regulation (EU) No 662/2014 of the European	
	partners in areas of mutual interest that help them reduce their	Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014	
	emissions. In this context, the EU encourages regional initiatives	amending Regulation (EU) No 525/2013 as	
	to tackle climate change and promote green growth such as the	regards the technical implementation of the	
	recent Mediterranean Initiative on Climate Change.	Kyoto Protocol to the United Nations	
		Framework Convention on Climate Change	
	<u>17 June 2010:</u>	(OJ L 189, 27.6.2014, p. 155)	
	- Takes note of the Commission's communication analysing	Procedure: <u>2013/0377(COD)</u> .	
	options to move beyond 20% greenhouse gas emission		
	reductions and assessing the risk of carbon leakage.	<u>Proposal</u> for a Council <u>Decision</u>	
	- In line with the conclusions of the Council of 11 June, the	COM(2013)768 of 16 November 2013 on the	
	Commission will undertake further analyses, including	conclusion of the Doha Amendment to the	
	consequences for each Member State, and the Council will	Kyoto Protocol to the United Nations	
	examine further the issues raised in the communication.	Framework Convention on Climate Change	
		and the joint fulfilment of commitments	
	<u>25-26 March 2010:</u>	thereunder, 6/11/2013 and annexes,	
	A stepwise approach should be followed, building on the	procedure <u>2013/0376(NLE)</u> .	
	Copenhagen Accord to be swiftly implemented:		
	a) as a first step, the next meetings in Bonn should set the	Regulation (EU) No 525/2013 of the European	
	roadmap for taking the negotiations forward; the focus	Parliament and of the Council of 21 May 2013	
	should be on integrating the political guidance of the	on a mechanism for monitoring and reporting	
	Copenhagen Accord into the various negotiating texts;	greenhouse gas emissions and for reporting	
	b) the COP-16 in Cancun to provide concrete decisions	other information at national and Union level	
	anchoring the Copenhagen Accord to the UN negotiating	relevant to climate change and repealing	
	process and addressing remaining gaps, including as regards		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	adaptation, forestry, technology and monitoring, reporting and verification.	Decision No 280/2004/EC (OJ L 165, 18.6.2013, p. 13). Procedure: 2011/0372(COD).	
	The EU is prepared to play its part in this process:  a) the EU and its Member States to implement their commitment to provide €2.4 billion annually over the 2010-2012 period for fast-start financing. To that end, the EU will initiate consultations on practical ways to implement fast start funding in specific areas; the EU and its Member States to present a preliminary state of play of their commitments at the May/June 2010 UNFCCC session and submit coordinated reports on implementation in Cancun and thereafter on an annual basis; b) the EU and other developed countries have committed to jointly mobilise US\$100 billion per year by 2020 to help developing countries fight climate change; c) the European Council remains firmly committed to the UNFCCC process; d) the EU to strengthen its outreach to third countries; it will do so by addressing climate change at all regional and bilateral meetings, including at summit level, as well as other fora such as the G20; e) the Presidency and the Commission will engage in active		
	consultations with other partners and rapidly report back to the Council.		
IV.3 Energy			
Energy Union framework strategy	22-23 June 2017:	The <u>Transport, telecommunications and energy Council</u> of 27 February gave initial	

- Co-legislators have made it possible to achieve significant		
	reactions to the Commission package 'Clean	
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· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	second state of the Energy Officin report.	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Communication COM(2017)53 of 1 February	
·	•	
of ambition as reflected in the June 2016 conclusions for the	Energy Union.	
Single Market, including on services, the Digital Single Market,	Annex 1 - updated roadmap.	
the Capital Markets Union and the Energy Union, including	Annex 2 - Energy Union five dimensions.	
interconnections. () Timely implementation and better	The State of the Energy Union report includes	
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	corresponding sections of this table.	
	Communication COM/2016/060 of 20	
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	Luropeuris.	
•	Communication COM(2016)710 of 25 October	
opportunities, challenges and remaining barriers.		
	Delivering a Europe that protects, empowers	
<u>9 March 2017:</u>	and defends.	
- The EU needs concrete action to ensure a strong and	European Parliament resolution of 15	
•	December 2015 on Towards a European	
	Energy Union <u>2015/2113(INI)</u> .	
<u>-</u>	T	
Stronger Single Market.		
15 December 2016:		
15 Becember 2010.		
	Single Market, including on services, the Digital Single Market, the Capital Markets Union and the Energy Union, including interconnections. () Timely implementation and better enforcement of existing legislation are also key to reaping the benefits of Europe's Single Market. The Council will report to the June 2018 European Council on progress in deepening, implementing and enforcing the Single Market in all its aspects. In order to look beyond the finalisation of the different Single Market strategies and evolve towards a future-proof and fair Single Market, the European Council calls on the Commission to pursue its reflections on innovative ways to address new opportunities, challenges and remaining barriers.  9 March 2017:	implementing the various strategies by 2018. There are nevertheless still gaps which require further attention. The European Council therefore emphasises that further efforts are needed from the EU and its Member States to achieve the level of ambition as reflected in the June 2016 conclusions for the Single Market, including on services, the Digital Single Market, the Capital Markets Union and the Energy Union, including interconnections. () Timely implementation and better enforcement of existing legislation are also key to reaping the benefits of Europe's Single Market. The Council will report to the June 2018 European Council on progress in deepening, implementing and enforcing the Single Market in all its aspects. In order to look beyond the finalisation of the different Single Market strategies and evolve towards a future-proof and fair Single Market, the European Council calls on the Commission to pursue its reflections on innovative ways to address new opportunities, challenges and remaining barriers.  9 March 2017:  - The EU needs concrete action to ensure a strong and competitive industrial base, as set out in its December 2016 on Towards a European Councilsions, a fully functioning and interconnected energy market and a flourishing services sector. All will benefit from a stronger Single Market.  The annual reports on the Energy Union report.  Communication COM(2017)53 of 1 February 2017 Second Report on the State of the Energy Union. Annex 1 - updated roadmap.  Annex 2 - Energy Union five dimensions. The State of the Energy Union.  Annex 2 - Energy Union five dimensions.  The State of the Energy Union five dimensions.

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Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Reiterates the importance of the various Single Market	18 November 2015 State of the Energy Union	
	strategies and the Energy Union, which should be completed and	2015	
	implemented by 2018. By then, certain key issues need to be	SWD (2015) 208, SWD (2015) 209, SWD (2015)	
	resolved. (footnote: For Poland, this means i.a. freedom to	217 à 243.	
	determine its energy mix and ensuring security of energy supply.)	SWD (2015) 249 Energy Consumer Trends 2010 - 2015.	
	<u>20-21 October 2016:</u>		
	- The European Council reconfirms previous conclusions, in	COM(2015)0610 final of 27 October 2015	
	which it called for the different Single Market strategies	Commission Work Programme 2016 No time	
	(Digital Single Market, Capital Markets Union, Energy Union	for business as usual.	
	and Single Market Agenda) to be completed and implemented		
	by 2018.	Transport, Telecommunications and Energy	
		Council of 8 June 2015 adopted conclusions	
	16 September 2016:	on the implementation of the energy union.	
	- Economic and social development, youth	0014(0015)00	
	Objective: Create a promising economic future for all, safeguard	COM(2015)80 of 25 February 2015 a	
	our way of life and provide better opportunities for youth.	Framework Strategy for a Resilient Energy	
	Concrete measures ()	Union with a Forward-Looking Climate	
	b) Spring 2017 European Council: review progress as regards	Change Policy.	
	delivering on the different Single Market strategies (including Digital Single Market, Capital Markets Union, Energy Union).	Annex 1: Roadmap for the Energy Union, COM(205)80	
	()	COM(203)80	
	\···/	COM(2015)81 of 25 February 2015 on the	
	28 June 2016:	Paris Protocol – A blueprint for tackling global	
	- Delivering a deeper and fairer Single Market will be	climate change beyond 2020.	
	instrumental in creating new jobs, promoting productivity and	SWD(2015) 17 final.	
	ensuring an attractive climate for investment and innovation.	Annex 1: Background information on EU and	
	This requires a renewed focus across Europe. The European	emission profiles largest global emitters.	
	Council calls for the different Single Market strategies,		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	including on energy, and action plans proposed by the Commission to be completed and implemented by 2018.	COM(2015) 82 on achieving the 10% electricity interconnection target: making	
	<u>17-18 March 2016:</u>	Europe's electricity grid fit for 2020.  Annexes 1 and 2: Projects co-funded by the	
	- The European Council welcomes the submission by the Commission of the package on energy security as well as of the	European Energy Programme for Recovery (EEPR) and PCI's increasing capacity in the	
	Communication 'Road from Paris'. It encourages the legislators to proceed with work on the proposals to reinforce	Member States below 10%.	
	the EU energy security as a matter of priority on the basis of its previous conclusions and the relevant strategies endorsed	COM(2014)910 of 16 December 2014 Commission Work Programme 2015, A New	
	by the European Council. It also recalled the importance of a	Start.	
	fully-functioning and interconnected energy market. Based on the Climate Communication, it underlines the EU's		
	commitment to reduce greenhouse gas emissions domestically and to increase the share of renewable energies		
	and improve energy efficiency as agreed by the European Council in October 2014. Adapting the legislation in order to		
	implement this framework remains a priority. The European Council invites the Commission to rapidly present all the		
	remaining relevant proposals to this end so as to swiftly		
	engage the legislative process. The European Council looks forward to the signature of the Paris Agreement in New York		
	on 22 April and underlines the need for the European Union and its Member States to be able to ratify the Paris Agreement		
	as soon as possible and on time so as to be Parties as of its entry into force.		
	17-18 December 2015:		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	<ul> <li>- The European Council assessed progress in building the Energy Union with a forward-looking climate policy in all its dimensions. In this context, it calls for: <ul> <li>a) swift submission of the relevant legislative proposals in line with its previous guidance;</li> <li>b) full implementation of the legislation on renewable energy, energy-efficiency and other measures, such as improved investment opportunities, in order to meet the 2020 target;</li> <li>c) preparation of an integrated strategy for research, innovation and competitiveness;</li> <li>d) swift implementation of projects of common interest and optimal use of infrastructure for the benefit of a fully-functioning and interconnected market and energy security. Any new infrastructure should entirely comply with the Third Energy Package and other applicable EU legislation as well as with the objectives of the Energy Union.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
	19 -20 March 2015:  - The EU is committed to building an Energy Union with a forward-looking climate policy on the basis of the Commission's framework strategy, whose five dimensions are closely interrelated and mutually reinforcing (energy security, solidarity and trust; a fully integrated European energy market; energy efficiency contributing to moderation of demand; decarbonising the economy; and research, innovation and competitiveness). The EU institutions and the Member States will take work forward and the Council will report to the European Council		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Specific issue	before December. The European Council will continue to give guidance.  - While emphasising the importance of all dimensions of the Energy Union, today, the European Council focused on some of the aspects and called for:  e) accelerating infrastructure projects, including interconnections in particular to peripheral regions, for electricity and gas to ensure energy security and a well-functioning internal energy market;  f) fully implementing and rigorously enforcing existing energy legislation;  g) reinforcing the legislative framework for the security of supply for electricity and gas; energy security can also be strengthened by robust grids, increased energy efficiency and having recourse to indigenous resources as well as safe and sustainable low carbon technologies;  h) ensuring full compliance with EU law of all agreements related to the buying of gas from external suppliers, notably by reinforcing transparency of such agreements and compatibility with EU energy security provisions. As regards commercial gas supply contracts, the confidentiality of commercially sensitive information needs to be guaranteed; i) assessing options for voluntary demand aggregation mechanisms in full compliance with WTO and EU competition rules; j) developing a more effective, flexible market design which should go together with enhanced regional cooperation, including with neighbouring countries, and		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Specific issue	help integrate renewables, while ensuring that public intervention is compatible with the internal market and that the right of Member States to decide on their own energy mix is respected. This will help provide affordable energy to households and industry;  k) reviewing and developing legislation related to emissions reduction, energy-efficiency and renewables to underpin the agreed 2030 targets; developing a reliable and transparent governance system;  l) developing an energy and climate-related technology and innovation strategy, including for example on the next generation of renewables, on electricity storage and carbon capture and storage, on improving energy efficiency in the housing sector as well as on sustainable transport;  m) using all external policy instruments to establish strategic energy partnerships with increasingly important producing and transit countries, notably with a view to promoting energy security, while ensuring that the sovereignty and sovereign rights of Member States to explore and develop their natural resources are safeguarded.  - The European Council supports a strong coordinated action through an active European climate diplomacy ahead of the COP21 in Paris, in line with the ambitious objective fixed by the October 2014 European Council, as reflected in the contribution submitted recently by the EU and its Member States. It urges all parties in a position to do so, including major economies, to		
	submit their contributions by the end of March. It is also		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	necessary to intensify work on solutions for financing, technology transfer and capacity-building, which are key issues in view of an ambitious agreement in Paris.  18 December 2014:  - Calls on the Commission to present a comprehensive Energy Union proposal well ahead of the March 2015 European Council.  - The European Council will take regular stock of the		
Energy Union governance	implementation of the above-mentioned orientations.  19 -20 March 2015:  - While emphasising the importance of all dimensions of the Energy Union, today, the European Council focused on some of the aspects and called for: ()  g) developing a reliable and transparent governance system. ()	The <u>Transport</u> , <u>telecommunications</u> and <u>energy Council</u> of 27 February gave initial reactions to the Commission package 'Clean energy for all Europeans'.	See also the Energy Union framework strategy.
	18 December 2014:  - Calls on the Commission to present a comprehensive Energy Union proposal well ahead of the March 2015 European Council.  - The European Council will take regular stock of the implementation of the above-mentioned orientations.	Proposal COM(2016)0759 for a Regulation on the Governance of the Energy Union, amending Directive 94/22/EC, Directive 98/70/EC, Directive 2009/31/EC, Regulation (EC) No 663/2009, Regulation (EC) No 715/2009, Directive 2009/73/EC, Council	
	23-24 October 2014:  - An agreement to develop a reliable and transparent governance system without any unnecessary administrative burden to help ensure EU meets its energy policy goals, with the necessary flexibility for Member States and fully respecting their freedom	Directive 2009/119/EC, Directive 2010/31/EU, Directive 2012/27/EU, Directive 2013/30/EU and Council Directive (EU) 2015/652 and repealing Regulation (EU) No 525/2013.  Procedure: 2016/0375 (COD).	
	to determine their energy mix.  This governance system will:  - build on the existing building blocks, such as national climate programmes, national plans for renewable energy	Transport, Telecommunication and Energy Council 26 November 2015 conclusions on Energy Union governance (14459/15).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	and energy efficiency. Separate planning and reporting strands will be streamlined and brought together;  - step up the role and rights of consumers, transparency and predictability for investors;  - facilitate coordination of national energy policies and foster regional cooperation between Member states.  - The goal to build an Energy Union as stated in EUCO Strategic Agenda will be kept under regular review.	The annual reports on the state of the Energy Union of 18 November 2015 include:  - Commission Communication COM(2015)  572 on the State of the Energy Union 2015, annexes 1 and 2.  - SWD(2015) 243 Monitoring progress towards the Energy Union objectives - Concept and first analysis of key indicators.  Commission Communication COM(2015)80 of 25 February 2015 a Framework Strategy for a Resilient Energy Union with a Forward-Looking Climate Change Policy.  Annex 1: Roadmap for the Energy Union, COM(205)80.  Transport, Telecommunication and Energy Council 9 December 2014 conclusions on the completion of the internal energy market (16037/14).	
Electricity Market  Electricity interconnections	<ul> <li>19-20 March 2015:</li> <li>While emphasising the importance of all dimensions of the Energy Union, today, the European Council focused on some of the aspects and called for: ()</li> <li>c) reinforcing the legislative framework for the security of supply</li> </ul>	Public consultation from 3 April 2017 to 26 June 2017 on the list of proposed projects of common interest in energy infrastructure - Additional projects in oil and smart grids.	See also the Energy Union framework strategy.
	for electricity and gas. ()  23-24 October 2014 and corrigendum 10 March 2015:	Public consultation from 27 March 2017 to 19 June 2017 on the list of proposed Projects of Common Interest in energy infrastructure.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- All efforts must be mobilised to achieve a fully functioning and connected internal energy market urgently. Preventing	The <u>Transport</u> , <u>telecommunications</u> and energy Council of 27 February gave its initial	
	inadequate interconnections of Member States with the	reaction to the Commission package 'Clean	
	European gas and electricity networks and ensuring synchronous	energy for all Europeans'.	
	operation of Member States within the European Continental		
	Networks as foreseen in the European Energy Security Strategy	Energy Union Strategy includes a fully	
	remain a priority after 2020.	integrated European Energy Market as one of	
	EUCO decided that:	its five dimensions.	
	- The European Commission supported by the Member States	Proposal COM(2016)861 of 30 November	
	will take urgent measures in order to ensure the achievement of	2016 for a Regulation on the internal market	
	a minimum target of 10% of electricity interconnections, as a	for electricity (recast).	
	matter of urgency, and no later than 2020 at least for Member	Procedure: <u>2016/0379 (COD).</u>	
	States which have not yet attained a minimum level of		
	integration in the internal energy market, which are the Baltic	Proposal COM(2016)0864 of 30 November	
	States, Portugal and Spain, and for Member States which	2016 for a Directive on common rules for the	
	constitute their main point of access to the internal energy market.	internal market in electricity (recast).  Procedure: 2016/0380 (COD).	
	- The Commission will monitor progress and will report to the	Procedure. <u>2016/0380 (COD)</u> .	
	European Council on all possible sources of financing including	Proposal COM(2016)0863 of 30 November	
	on the possibilities of EU financing in order to achieve the 10%	2016 for a Regulation establishing a European	
	target. Commission will also report regularly to the European	Union Agency for the Cooperation of Energy	
	Council with the objective of arriving at a 15% target by 2030.	Regulators (recast).	
	Both targets will be attained via the implementation of PCIs;	Procedure: <u>2016/0378(COD)</u> .	
	- Member States and the Commission will facilitate the	Description (2014/2014) (2015) at 20 New 1	
	implementation of projects of common interest including those	Proposal COM(2016)0862 of 30 November for a Regulation on risk-preparedness in the	
	identified in the European Energy Security Strategy and to ensure that they have the highest priority and will be completed by	electricity sector and repealing Directive	
	2020. Special attention will be paid to the more remote and/or	2005/89/EC.	

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Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	less well connected parts of the single market. where the	Procedure: <u>2016/0377(COD)</u> .	
	implementation of these projects will not suffice to reach the		
	10% target, new projects will be identified. EU co-financing	<u>Public consultation</u> on the establishment of	
	should be made available for these projects.	the annual priority list for the development of	
	- The Commission is invited to present a communication ahead	network codes and guidelines for 2017 and	
	of the March 2015 European Council on the best courses of action to effectively achieve the target mentioned above.	beyond from 18 July to 14 October 2016.	
	action to discussed, acting the talket mentioned according	European Parliament resolution of 13	
	<u>26-27 June 2014:</u>	September 2016 on Towards a New Energy	
	- Final decision on the new climate and energy policy framework,	Market Design 2015/2322(INI).	
	including on further measures aimed at enhancing Europe's		
	energy security and on specific 2030 interconnection objectives	European Parliament resolution of 15	
	will be taken no later than October 2014.	December 2015 on achieving the 10 %	
		electricity interconnection target – Making	
	<u>20-21 March 2014:</u>	Europe's electricity grid fit for 2020	
	- Calls for speedy implementation of all the measures to meet the	( <u>2015/2108(INI)</u> .	
	target of achieving interconnection of at least 10 % of their		
	installed electricity production capacity for all Member States.	The annual reports on the state of the Energy	
	- Invites the Commission to propose by June specific	Union of 18 November 2015 include:	
	interconnection objectives to be attained until 2030 with a view	- C(2015) 8052: Commission Delegated	
	to taking a decision at the latest by October 2014.	Regulation of amending Regulation (EU) No	
	- Special attention should be paid to improving interconnections	347/2013 of the European Parliament and	
	with the more remote and/or less well connected parts of the	of the Council as regards the Union list of	
	single market, including through the improvement and creation	projects of common interest.	
	of reverse flows and integrating Member States into the	- Annex 1 An Updated Union list of projects	
	European continental networks.	of common Interest, <u>C(2015)</u> 8052	
	- Calls for effective and consistent implementation of the Third	November 2015.	
	Energy Package by all players in the European energy market.		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Calls for effective application and enforcement of EU rules	- <u>SWD(2015)</u> 247 Projects of common	
	regarding market integration and energy efficiency, and striving	interest – their implementation and	
	for a level playing field for companies operating within the EU.	contribution to energy policy objectives.	
	14-15 March 2013:	COM(2015)340 of 15 July 2015 on launching	
	- The European Council will hold, over the coming months, a	the public consultation process on a new	
	series of thematic discussions on sectoral and structural aspects	energy market design. SWD(2015)142	
	that are key to economic growth and European competitiveness.		
	Such discussions will also feed into a debate next year on the	<u>Public consultation</u> on a new Energy Market	
	Europe 2020 Strategy and the review of progress towards its	Design 15 July - 8 October 2015.	
	headline targets. With a view to these discussions, it calls for	Dublic consultation on the catablishment of	
	preparatory work to be conducted giving priority to the following	Public consultation on the establishment of	
	issues: - energy: work is ongoing on the completion of the Internal	the annual priority list for the development of network codes and guidelines for 2016 and	
	Energy Market and on interconnections with European energy	beyond from 13 May to 10 August 2015.	
	markets. No EU Member State should remain isolated from the	seyona nom 13 may to 10 magast 2013.	
	European gas and electricity networks after 2015. Europe needs	Commission Communication COM(2015)80 of	
	investment in modern energy infrastructure and the challenge of	25 February 2015 a Framework Strategy for a	
	high energy prices which hamper competitiveness needs to be	Resilient Energy Union with a Forward-	
	tackled. ()	Looking Climate Change Policy.	
		Annex 1: Roadmap for the Energy Union,	
	22 May 2013:	COM(205)80.	
	- Reaffirms the objectives of completing the internal energy		
	market by 2014 and developing interconnections so as to put an	Commission Communication COM(2015) 82	
	end to any isolation of Member States from European gas and electricity networks by 2015.	of 25 February 2015 on achieving the 10% electricity interconnection target: making	
	- Calls for effective and consistent implementation of the third	Europe's electricity grid fit for 2020.	
	'energy package', as well as speeding up the adoption and	Annexes 1 and 2: Projects co-funded by the	
	implementation of remaining network codes. Member States	European Energy Programme for Recovery	

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Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	which have not yet completed transposition are invited to do so	(EEPR) and PCI's increasing capacity in the	
	as a matter of urgency.  - More determined action on the demand side as well as the	Member States below 10%.	
	development of related technologies, including the drawing up	COM(2014)634 of 13 October 2014 Progress	
	of national plans for the swift deployment of smart grids and	towards completing the Internal Energy	
	smart meters in line with existing legislation.	Market. SWD (2014)310, SWD(2014)311,	
		SWD(2013)312, SWD(2013)314,	
	<u>18-19 October 2012:</u>	SWD(2013)315.	
	- The European Council calls for rapid agreement on the proposal		
	on energy TENs and looks forward to the forthcoming	COM(2014)15 22 January 2014 A policy	
	Commission communication and Action Plan to address the	framework for climate and energy in the	
	prevailing challenges.	period from 2020 to 2030.	
	9 December 2011:	C(2013)7243 of 15 November 2013 Delivering	
	- No EU Member State should remain isolated from the European	the internal electricity market and making the	
	gas and electricity networks after 2015 or see its energy security	most of public intervention, SWD(2013)438,	
	jeopardised by lack of the appropriate connections.	SWD(2013)439, SWD(2013)440,	
		SWD(2013)441, SWD(2013)442.	
	4 February 2011:		
	- Calls for the internal market to be completed by 2014 so as to	Resolution of EP of 5 February 2014 on a 2030	
	allow gas and electricity to flow freely.  - This requires in particular that in cooperation with ACER	framework for climate and energy policies	
	national regulators and transmission systems operators step up	(2013/2135(INI)).	
	their work on market coupling and guidelines and on network	COM(2013)169 27 March 2013 A 2030	
	codes applicable across European networks.	framework for climate and energy policies.	
	- Member States, in liaison with European standardisation bodies	3, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	
	and industry, are invited to accelerate work with a view to	Directive 2014/94/EU of the European	
	adopting technical standards for electric vehicle charging	Parliament and of the Council of 22 October	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	systems by mid-2011 and for smart grids and meters by the end of 2012.  - To ensure that solidarity between Member States will become operational, that alternative supply/transit routes and sources of energy will materialise and that renewables will develop and compete with traditional sources.  - Looks forward to the forthcoming proposal from the Commission in that respect.	2014 on the deployment of alternative fuels infrastructure (OJ L 307, 28.10.2014, p. 1). Procedure: 2013/0012(COD).  European Parliament resolution of 10 September 2013 on making the internal energy market work (2013/2005(INI)).  COM(2012)663 15 November 2012 Making the internal energy market work.  Commission Recommendation 2012/148/EU of 9 March 2012 on preparations for the rollout of smart metering systems (OJ L 73, 13/03/2012).	
		COM(2012)271 of 6 June 2012 Renewable Energy: a major player in the European energy market.  European Parliament resolution of 21 May 2013 current challenges and opportunities for renewable energy in the European internal energy market 2012/2259(INI).  European Parliament resolution of 14 March 2013 on the Energy roadmap 2050, a future with energy 2012/2103(INI).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		COM(2011)885 of 15 December 2011 Energy Roadmap 2050.	
		COM(2010)639 10 November 2010 Energy	
		2020: A strategy for competitive, sustainable	
		and secure energy.	
		European Parliament resolution of 2 February	
		2012 on EU development cooperation in	
		support of the objective of universal energy access by 2030 2011/2112(INI).	
	17-18 March 2016:	The annual reports on the state of the Energy	
Trans-European energy	- European Council recalled the importance of a fully-functioning	Union of 18 November 2015 include among	
infrastructure	and interconnected energy market.	others:	
	17-18 December 2015:	- <u>C(2015)</u> 8052 Commission Delegated	
	- The European Council assessed progress in building the Energy	Regulation of amending Regulation (EU) No	
	Union with a forward-looking climate policy in all its dimensions.	347/2013 of the European Parliament and of	
	In this context, it calls for: - () d) swift implementation of projects of common interest and	the Council as regards the Union list of projects of common interest.	
	optimal use of infrastructure for the benefit of a fully-functioning	- Annex 1 An Updated Union list of projects of	
	and interconnected market and energy security. Any new	common Interest, <u>C(2015)</u> 8052 November	
	infrastructure should entirely comply with the Third Energy	2015.	
	Package and other applicable EU legislation as well as with the		
	objectives of the Energy Union.	- SWD(2015) 247 Projects of common interest	
	19-20 March 2015:	<ul> <li>their implementation and contribution to energy policy objectives.</li> </ul>	
	- While emphasising the importance of all dimensions of the	chergy poncy objectives.	
	Energy Union, today, the European Council focused on some of	Public consultation on the list of proposed	
	the aspects and called for:	Projects of Common Interest – Additional	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	a) accelerating infrastructure projects, including interconnections in particular to peripheral regions, for	projects in oil, gas and electricity 29 July 2015 - 22 October 2015.	
	electricity and gas to ensure energy security and a well-		
	functioning internal energy market; ()	Public consultation on the list of proposed	
	c) reinforcing the legislative framework for the security of supply	Projects of Common Interest in the field of	
	for electricity and gas; energy security can also be strengthened by robust grids. ()	Smart Grids from 5 March to 15 April 2015.	
		Commission Communication COM(2015) 82	
	<u>22 May 2013:</u>	of 25 February 2015 on achieving the 10%	
	- Significant investments in new and intelligent energy	electricity interconnection target: making	
	infrastructure are needed to secure the uninterrupted supply of energy at affordable prices.	Europe's electricity grid fit for 2020.	
	- As regards action taken to facilitate investments, priority will be	Annexes 1 and 2: Projects co-funded by the	
	given to: () national and EU measures, such as the structural	European Energy Programme for Recovery	
	funds, project bonds and enhanced EIB support, to boost the	(EEPR) and PCI's increasing capacity in the	
	financing of energy and resource efficiency, energy	Member States below 10%.	
	infrastructure and renewables and promote the development of		
	Europe's technological and industrial basis.	Public consultation from 22 December 2014	
		to 31 March 2015 on the list of proposed	
	18-19 October 2012:	Projects of Common Interest.	
	- Connecting Europe: the future Connecting Europe Facility will	COM/2014)CC0 28 October 2014 October	
	constitute an important instrument to promote growth through	COM(2014)669 28 October 2014 On the	
	investment in transport, energy and ICT links. In the field of transport, eliminating regulatory barriers and tackling	implementation of the European Energy Programme for Recovery.	
	bottlenecks and missing cross-border links is essential in order to	riogramme for necovery.	
	guarantee the efficient operation of the Single Market and	Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013 of the	
	promote competitiveness and growth. Digital technologies and	European Parliament and of the Council of 11	
	infrastructures are also an essential prerequisite. Recalling the	December 2013 on Union guidelines for the	
	need to complete the internal energy market fully by 2014 in	development of the trans-European transport	

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Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Specific issue	accordance with the agreed deadlines and to ensure that no Member State remains isolated from the European gas and electricity networks after 2015, the European Council calls for rapid agreement on the proposal on energy TENs and looks forward to the forthcoming Commission communication and Action Plan to address the prevailing challenges.  28-29 June 2012: Called for an agreement on trans-European energy infrastructures.	network and repealing Decision No 661/2010/EU, (OJ L 348, 20.12.2013, p. 1).  Procedure: 2011/0294(COD).  Regulation (EU) No 1316/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 December 2013 establishing the Connecting Europe Facility, amending Regulation (EU) No 913/2010 and repealing Regulations (EC) No 680/2007 and (EC) No 67/2010 (OJ L 348, 20.12.2013, p. 129).  Procedure: 2011/0302(COD).  Regulation (EU) No 347/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 April 2013 on guidelines for trans-European energy infrastructure and repealing Decision No	
		1364/2006/EC and amending Regulations (EC) No 713/2009, (EC) No 714/2009 and (EC) No 715/2009 (OJ L 115, 25.4.2013, p. 39). Procedure: 2011/0300(COD).  European Parliament resolution of 5 July 2011 on energy infrastructure priorities for 2020 and beyond (2011/2034(INI)).  COM(2010)677 17 November 2010 Energy infrastructure priorities for 2020 and beyond -	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		A Blueprint for an integrated European energy network.	
Energy Security	17-18 March 2016:  - The European Council welcomes the submission by the Commission of the package on energy security as well as of the Communication 'Road from Paris'. It encourages the legislators to proceed with work on the proposals to reinforce the EU energy security as a matter of priority on the basis of its previous conclusions and the relevant strategies endorsed by the European Council.  17-18 December 2015:  - The European Council assessed progress in building the Energy Union with a forward-looking climate policy in all its dimension. It calls for swift implementation of projects of common interest and optimal use of infrastructure for the benefit of a fully-	Energy Union Strategy includes Energy security, solidarity and trust as one of its five dimensions.  Decision (EU) 2017/684 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 April 2017 on establishing an information exchange mechanism with regard to intergovernmental agreements and non-binding instruments between Member States and third countries in the field of energy, and repealing Decision No 994/2012/EU OJ L 99, 12.4.2017, p. 1–9 Procedure: 2016/031(COD).	New rules to secure gas supplies in Europe bring more solidarity, European Commission, press release, 12 September 2017.
	functioning and interconnected market and energy security.  19-20 March 2015:  - While emphasising the importance of all dimensions of the Energy Union, today, the European Council focused on some of the aspects and called for: () c) reinforcing the legislative framework for the security of supply for electricity and gas. ()  23-24 October 2014:  - Endorsed further actions to reduce the EU's energy dependence and increase its energy security for both electricity and gas, took note of the Presidency report on energy security and welcomed the Commission report on	European Parliament resolution of 25 October 2016 on EU strategy for liquefied natural gas and gas storage (2016/2059(INI)).  Public consultation from 10 August to 11 November 2016 on the evaluation of Directive 2009/119/EC imposing an obligation on Member States to maintain minimum stocks of crude oil and/or petroleum products.  Proposal COM(2016)052 of 16 February 2016 for a Regulation concerning measures to	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	immediate action to increase the EU's resilience to a possible	safeguard the security of gas supply and	
	major disruption in the upcoming winter. It recognised that	repealing Regulation (EU) No 994/2010.	
	EU's energy security can be increased by having recourse to	Annexes 1 to 8.	
	indigenous resources as well as safe and sustainable low	SWD(2016)26. SWD(2016)25.	
	carbon technologies. It agreed on the following points:	Procedure: <u>2016/030(COD)</u> .	
	- implement critical projects of common interest in the gas		
	sector, to ensure diversification of energy suppliers and	COM(2016)49 of 16 February 2016 on an EU	
	routes and ensure market functioning;	strategy for liquefied natural gas and gas	
	- improve arrangements for a better use of regasification	storage. SWD(2016)23.	
	and storage capacity in the gas system to tackle		
	emergency situations;	COM(2016)51 of 16 February on an EU	
	- invite the Commission to intensify its support in order to	Strategy on Heating and Cooling.	
	ensure better coordination of efforts to complete critical	SWD(2016)24.	
	projects of common interest; and to develop targeted		
	actions in order to swiftly resolve problems in	The annual reports of the State of the Energy	
	implementation;	Union of 18 November 2015 include:	
	- streamline national administrative procedures in	- <u>SWD(2015) 404</u> State of the Energy Union	
	accordance with the Commission's guidance, and further	2015 on the European Energy Security	
	develop a policy to address the protection of critical	Strategy.	
	energy infrastructure, including against ICT risks;	- <u>SWD(2015) 405</u> State of the Energy Union	
	- make full use of the Decision establishing an information	2015 Overview of Emergency Oil stocks in the	
	exchange mechanism with regard to intergovernmental	EU.	
	agreements between Member States and third countries	Dublic consultation on the costs. (C.1)	
	in the field of energy, in particular as regards standard	Public consultation on the review of the	
	provisions and the Commission's assistance in the	Intergovernmental Agreements Decision from	
	negotiations;	30 July 2015 to 22 October 2015.	
	- encourage that Member States and involved companies		
	provide relevant information to the Commission and seek		
	its support throughout negotiations, including on the ex-		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	ante assessment of the intergovernmental agreements' compatibility with EU legislation and its energy security	<u>Public consultation</u> on risk preparedness in the area of security of electricity supply 15	
	priorities;	July - 8 October 2015.	
	- further strengthen the Energy Community which aims to	_, _ , , , , , , , , ,	
	expand the EU's energy acquis to enlargement and	The European Parliament rejected in the June	
	neighbourhood countries, in the light of the EU's security of supply concerns;	2015 plenary the own-initiative report on the European Energy Security Strategy adopted	
	- use EU and Member States foreign policy instruments to	previously by the Committee on Industry,	
	convey consistent messages related to energy security, in	Research and Energy. Procedure:	
	particular to strategic partners and major energy	<u>2014/2153(INI)</u> .	
	suppliers.	COM/2015\00 of 35 February 2015 o	
	Will revert to the issue of energy security in 2015 to assess progress.	COM(2015)80 of 25 February 2015 a Framework Strategy for a Resilient Energy	
	progress.	Union with a Forward-Looking Climate	
	<u>26-27 June 2014:</u>	Change Policy.	
	- Welcomed the Commission's European Energy Security	Annex 1: Roadmap for the Energy Union,	
	Strategy (EESS) and held a first discussion on that basis. The EESS	COM(205)80.	
	is closely linked to the 2030 policy framework on climate and energy.	Public consultation from 15 January 2015 to 8	
	- Calls for increased efforts to reduce Europe's high energy	April 2015 on the revision of Regulation (EU)	
	dependency and supports the immediate implementation of a	No 994/2010 concerning measures to	
	set of most urgent measures to strengthen Europe's resilience	safeguard security of gas supply.	
	and increase its energy security in the short term, before the		
	winter of 2014/2015. EUCO agrees in particular that:	European energy security strategy 2014/2153(INI).	
	- in the light of assessments of the risk of short-term supply	<u>ZU14/Z133(IIVI)</u> .	
	disruption, existing emergency and solidarity mechanisms,	2014/761/EU: Commission Recommendation	
	including gas storage, emergency infrastructure and reverse	of 29 October 2014 on the application of	
		internal energy market rules between the EU	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	flows, will be reinforced in order to address this risk primarily in	Member States and the Energy Community	
	the most vulnerable Member States;	Contracting Parties (OJ L 311, 31.10.2014, p.	
	- in view of enhancing the EU's energy security, relevant energy	82).	
	infrastructure investments, including those involving third	COM/2014) 654 of 16 October 2014 on the	
	countries, should be pursued in full respect of all the EU's internal	COM(2014) 654 of 16 October 2014 on the	
	market and competition rules, which must be consistently enforced;	short term resilience of the European gas system.	
	- the EU will engage with its international partners to reduce the	Preparedness for a possible disruption of	
	risk of disruption of energy supplies;	supplies from the East during the fall and	
	- the Energy Community, which aims to expand the EU's energy	winter of 2014/2015.	
	acquis to enlargement and neighbourhood countries, should be		
	reinforced so as to ensure the application of the acquis in those	COM(2014)520 of 23 July 2014 Energy	
	countries.	Efficiency and its contribution to energy	
	- In the run-up to the October European Council meeting, the	security and the 2030 Framework for climate	
	European Council asked the Council to further analyse other	and energy policy.	
	medium to long-term measures to enhance the EU's energy		
	security, based on the Commission's EESS.	COM(2014)330 of 28 May 2014 European	
	- Underlined the importance of energy efficiency, further	energy security strategy. SWD(2014) 330 in	
	development of domestic production, further implementing and	depth study on European Energy Security.	
	integrating the European energy market based on a regional	Daniel COM/2012)C20 af 12 Cantauch an 2012	
	approach, increasing transparency on the gas market, and on	Report COM(2013)638 of 13 September 2013	
	fostering missing infrastructure, to put an end to any isolation of	Implementation of the Communication on	
	Member States from European gas and electricity networks by 2015.	Security of Energy Supply and International	
	- In line with the objective of completing the European energy	Cooperation and of the Energy Council Conclusions of November 2011.	
	market by the end of 2014, interconnectivity must be increased,	SWD(2013)334.	
	including through further examination of the new	3000(2013)334.	
	interconnection target proposed by the Commission.	Decision 2012/994 of the European	
		Parliament and of the Council of 25 October	

Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
20-21 March 2014:	2012 establishing an information exchange	
, , ,	mechanism with regard to intergovernmental	
	agreements between Member States and	
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9, 11, 1	Procedure: <u>2011/0238(COD).</u>	
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	SEC(2011)1022, SEC(2011)1023.	
	Description (EU) No 004/2010 of the European	
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financing capacity, should be swiftly mobilised.		
22 May 2012:	=	
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		20-21 March 2014:  - The Commission is to conduct an in-depth study of EU energy security and to present by June 2014 a comprehensive plan for the reduction of EU energy dependence.  - The plan should reflect the fact that the EU needs to accelerate further diversification of its energy supply, increase its bargaining power and energy efficiency, continue to develop renewable and other indigenous energy sources and coordinate the development of the infrastructure to support this diversification in a sustainable manner, including through the development of interconnections; interconnections to include Iberian peninsula and the Mediterranean area; and equally third countries.  - Further action to be taken to support the development of the Southern Corridor, including further spur routes through Eastern Europe, to examine ways to facilitate natural gas exports from North America to the EU and consider how this may best be reflected in TTIP, and increase the transparency of Intergovernmental Agreements in the field of energy.  - In order to pursue the objectives set out above, implementation of relevant projects of common interest should be speeded up and available EU resources, including the CEF, and the EIB financing capacity, should be swiftly mobilised.  22 May 2013:  Diversification of energy supplies:  - The deployment of renewable energy sources will continue, while ensuring their cost effectiveness, further market

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment	and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	energy technologies.  - The Commission to assess a shore and off-shore indigenous their safe, sustainable and orespecting Member States' cho.  - Given the increasing interlinki markets, Member States to enh of the external dimension of EU.  4 February 2011:  - In order to further enhance potential for sustainable extraounconventional (shale gas and be assessed.  - The Commission is invited to commission to assesse and shore and office and office and office assessed.	ng of internal and external energy trance their cooperation in support J energy Policy.  It its security of supply, Europe's extion and use of conventional and oil shale) fossil fuel resources to continue its efforts to facilitate the evidors for the transport of large		
External Energy Policy	Energy Union, today, the Eu of the aspects and called for d) ensuring full compliance with to the buying of gas from reinforcing transparency compatibility with EU energ commercial gas supply co	ortance of all dimensions of the ropean Council focused on some :  n EU law of all agreements related a external suppliers, notably by of such agreements and sy security provisions. As regards ontracts, the confidentiality of mation needs to be guaranteed;	Decision (EU) 2017/684 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 April 2017 on establishing an information exchange mechanism with regard to intergovernmental agreements and non-binding instruments between Member States and third countries in the field of energy, and repealing Decision No 994/2012/EU, OJ L 99, 12.4.2017, p. 1–9 Procedure: 2016/031(COD).	See also the Energy Union framework strategy.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	e) assessing options for voluntary demand aggregation	Foreign Affairs Council 20 July 2015	
	mechanisms in full compliance with WTO and EU competition	conclusions on <u>climate diplomacy</u> and on the	
	rules;	Energy Diplomacy Action Plan	
	i) using all external policy instruments to establish strategic energy partnerships with increasingly important producing	Public consultation on the review of the	
	and transit countries, notably with a view to promoting energy	Intergovernmental Agreements Decision 30	
	security, while ensuring that the sovereignty and sovereign	July - 22 October 2015.	
	rights of Member States to explore and develop their natural		
	resources are safeguarded.	COM(2015)80 of 25 February 2015 a	
	_	Framework Strategy for a Resilient Energy	
	23-24 October 2014:	Union with a Forward-Looking Climate	
	- Make full use of the Decision establishing an information	Change Policy.	
	exchange mechanism with regard to intergovernmental		
	agreements between Member States and third countries in the	Annex 1: Roadmap for the Energy Union,	
	field of energy, in particular as regards standard provisions and	COM(205)80.	
	the Commission's assistance in the negotiations;	001/(010)500 5100	
	- Encourage that Member States and involved companies provide	COM(2013)638 of 13 September 2013 Report	
	relevant information to the Commission and seek its support	Implementation of the Communication on	
	throughout negotiations, including on the ex-ante assessment of the intergovernmental agreements' compatibility with EU	Security of Energy Supply and International Cooperation and of the Energy Council	
	legislation and its energy security priorities;	Conclusions of November 2011.	
	- Further strengthen the Energy Community which aims to	Conclusions of November 2011.	
	expand the EU's energy acquis to enlargement and	Decision 2012/994 of the European	
	neighbourhood countries, in the light of the EU's security of	Parliament and of the Council of 25 October	
	supply concerns;	2012 establishing an information exchange	
	- Use EU and Member States foreign policy instruments to	mechanism with regard to intergovernmental	
	convey consistent messages related to energy security, in	agreements between Member States and	
	particular to strategic partners and major energy suppliers.	third countries in the field of energy (OJ L 299	
		27.10.2012, p. 0013).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Will revert to the issue of energy security in 2015 to assess	Procedure: <u>2011/0238(COD).</u>	
	progress.		
	22 May 2042	European Parliament resolution of 12 June	
	22 May 2013: - Given the increasing interlinking of internal and external energy	2012 on Engaging in energy policy cooperation with partners beyond our	
	markets, Member States will enhance their cooperation in	borders: A strategic approach to secure,	
	support of the external dimension of EU energy policy; before the	sustainable and competitive energy supply	
	end of 2013, the Council will follow up on its conclusions of	(2012/2029(INI)).	
	November 2011 and review developments regarding EU external	COM(2011)539 7 September 2011 on security	
	energy policy, including the need to ensure a level playing-field	of energy supply and international	
	vis-à-vis third country energy producers.	cooperation - 'The EU Energy Policy:	
		Engaging with Partners beyond Our Borders'.	
	<u>9 December 2011:</u>		
	- Called for implementation of the Council conclusions of 24		
	November 2011 for enhanced coherence and coordination of EU		
	external energy policy, ensuring inter alia that agreements with		
	key supplier and transit countries are fully consistent with EU		
	internal market legislation.		
	4 February 2011:		
	- There is a need for better coordination of EU and Member		
	States' activities with a view to ensuring consistency and		
	coherence in the EU's external relations with key producer,		
	transit, and consumer countries.		
	- The Commission is invited to submit by June 2011 a		
	communication on security of supply and international		
	cooperation aimed at further improving the consistency and		
	coherence of the EU's external action in the field of energy.		

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Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	<ul> <li>The Member States are invited to inform from 1 January 2012 the Commission on all their new and existing bilateral energy agreements with third countries.</li> <li>The EU should take initiatives in line with the Treaties in the relevant international fora and develop mutually beneficial energy partnerships with key players and around strategic corridors, covering a wide range of issues including regulatory approaches, on all subjects of common interest, such as: <ul> <li>a) energy security, safe and sustainable low carbon technologies;</li> <li>b) energy efficiency;</li> <li>c) the investment environment and</li> <li>d) maintaining and promoting the highest standards for nuclear safety.</li> </ul> </li> <li>It should encourage neighbouring countries to embrace its relevant internal energy market rules, notably by extending and deepening the Energy Community Treaty and promoting regional cooperation initiatives.</li> <li>In the context of the Energy Strategy 2020 it should also develop measures as necessary to ensure a level playing field for EU power producers vis-à-vis producers outside the European Economic Area.</li> <li>Work should be taken forward as early as possible to develop a reliable, transparent and rules based partnership with Russia in areas of common interest in the field of energy and as part of the negotiations on the post-Partnership and Cooperation Agreement process and in the light of on-going work on the Partnership for Modernisation and the Energy Dialogue.</li> </ul>		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	<ul> <li>The EU will cooperate with third countries in order to address the volatility of energy prices and will take this work forward within the G20.</li> </ul>		
Nuclear Safety	28-29 June 2012:  - Invited Member States to ensure the full and timely implementation of the recommendations presented in the report from ENSREG further to the completion of the nuclear safety stress tests; the Commission and ENSREG have agreed that further work is needed.	Article 40 of the Euratom Treaty for the opinion of the European Economic and Social	Joint Convention on the Safety of Spent Fuel Management and on the Safety of Radioactive Waste Management, IAEA website
	<ul> <li>Noted the Commission's intention to present a comprehensive communication later this year.</li> <li>It called for the rapid implementation of the recommendations of the Ad Hoc Group on Nuclear Security.</li> <li>It called for further efforts to enhance the EU's cooperation with all the EU's neighbours on nuclear safety and security.</li> </ul>	Report COM(2015) 573 in implementation of	
	<ul> <li>9 December 2011:         <ul> <li>Full and timely implementation of the Directives on nuclear safety and on responsible and safe management of spent fuel and radioactive waste.</li> <li>Continued priority to be given to the extensive review of nuclear safety, taking account of the Commission communication of 23</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	SWD(2015) 244 Implementation status of Council Directive 2009/71/Euratom of 25 June 2009 establishing a Community framework for the nuclear safety of nuclear installations.	
	November, and to the delivery of the final report on the stress tests by June 2012.  - Intensified efforts to associate all EU neighbouring countries fully with the safety stress test process and to improve the nuclear safety framework both in the EU and internationally.	<u>Public consultation</u> on revision of the information and procedural requirements under Articles 41 to 44 of the Euratom Treaty from 3 November 2015 to 25 January 2016.	
	- Continued work on nuclear security measures in the EU and its neighbourhood and delivery of the final report by June 2012.	Council Directive 2014/87/Euratom of 8 July 2014 amending Directive 2009/71/Euratom	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	24-25 March 2011:	establishing a Community framework for the	
	Recalling that the energy mix is the competence of Member	nuclear safety of nuclear installations of 8 July	
	States, it calls for work to be taken forward as a matter of priority	2014.	
	on the following aspects:	Procedure: <u>2013/0340 (NLE)</u> .	
	- the safety of all EU nuclear plants to be reviewed, on the basis		
	of a comprehensive and transparent risk and safety assessment	Commission Decision C(2013) 5641 of 5	
	('stress tests'); the European Nuclear Safety Regulatory Group	September 2013 on the conclusion of a	
	(ENSREG) and the Commission are invited to develop as soon as	Memorandum of Understanding for a	
	possible the scope and modalities of these tests; the European	partnership between the European Atomic	
	Council will assess initial findings by the end of 2011, on the basis	Energy Community and the International	
	of a report from the Commission;	Atomic Energy Agency on nuclear safety	
	- intensified efforts to associate EU neighbouring countries fully	cooperation.	
	with the stress tests as the EU will request that similar 'stress		
	tests' be carried out in the neighbouring countries and	European Parliament resolution of 14 March	
	worldwide;	2013 on risk and safety assessments ('stress	
	- the highest standards for nuclear safety should be implemented	tests') of nuclear power plants in the	
	and continuously improved in the EU and promoted	European Union and related activities	
	internationally; - the Commission will review the existing legal and regulatory	( <u>2012/2830(RSP)</u> ).	
	framework for the safety of nuclear installations and will propose	COM(2012)571 of 2 October 2012 on the	
	by the end of 2011 any improvements that may be necessary;	comprehensive risk and safety assessments	
	- Member States should ensure the full implementation of the	('stress tests') of nuclear power plants in the	
	Directive on the safety of nuclear installations. The proposed	European Union and related activities.	
	Directive on the management of spent fuel and radioactive waste	Laropean omon and related activities.	
	should be adopted as soon as possible; the Commission is invited	SWD(2012)287 Technical summary on the	
	to reflect on how to promote nuclear safety in neighbouring	implementation of comprehensive risk and	
	countries;	safety assessments of nuclear power plants in	
		the European Union.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commi	tment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		I and timely implementation of the ented in the report from ENSREG further		
		e nuclear safety stress tests.		
	17/18 March 2016:	•	Energy Union Strategy includes energy	Energy efficient products,
Energy Efficiency		commitment to reduce greenhouse gas	efficiency and contribution to moderation of	Commission website.
	•	y and to increase the share of renewable	demand as one of its five dimensions.	
	· · · ·	the European Council in October 2014.		Increased energy efficiency:
		n in order to implement this framework European Council invites the Commission	The <u>Transport</u> , <u>telecommunications</u> and energy Council of 27 February gave its initial	ensuring progress towards EU's
	•	the remaining relevant proposals to this	reactions to the Commission package 'Clean	climate and energy goals, Council press release 26 June 2017.
		gage the legislative process.	energy for all Europeans'.	press release 20 June 2017.
		Sabe the regionalite process.		Energy efficient buildings:
	17-18 December 2015:		Report <u>COM(2017)56</u> of 1 February 2017 on	increased energy savings and
	The European Council	assessed progress in building the Energy	2016 assessment of the progress made by	better living conditions, Council
		ooking climate policy in all its dimensions.	Member States in 2014 towards the national	press release 26 June 2017.
	In this context, it calls for		energy efficiency targets for 2020 and	
		ation of the legislation on renewable	towards the implementation of the Energy	<u>Clearer</u> <u>energy</u> <u>labelling:</u>
		cy and other measures, such as improved	Efficiency Directive 2012/27/EU as required	improved energy efficiency, press
	investment opportuniti	es, in order to meet the 2020 target. ()	by Article 24 (3) of the Energy Efficiency	release 22 March 2017.
	19-20 March 2015:		Directive 2012/27/EU.	
		he importance of all dimensions of the	Proposal COM(2016)761 of 30 November	
		, the European Council focused on some	2016 for a directive amending Directive	
	of the aspects and ca		2012/27/EU on energy efficiency.	
	-	eloping legislation related to emissions	Procedure: <u>2016/0376 (COD)</u> .	
	reduction, energy-ef	ficiency and renewables to underpin the		
	agreed 2030 targets.	()	Proposal COM(2016)0765 of 30 November	
			2016 for a directive amending Directive	
	23-24 October 2014:			

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Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	<ul> <li>Indicative target at the EU level of at least 27% is set for improving energy efficiency in 2030 compared to projections of future energy consumption based on the current criteria. It will be delivered in a cost-effective manner and it will fully respect the effectiveness of the ETS-system in contributing to the overall climate goals.</li> <li>Review by 2020, having in mind an EU level of 30%.</li> <li>The Commission will propose priority sectors in which significant energy-efficiency gains can be reaped, and ways to address them at EU level, with the EU and the Member States focusing their regulatory and financial efforts on these sectors.</li> <li>Targets will be achieved while fully respecting the Member States' freedom to determine their energy mix. Targets will not be translated into nationally binding targets. Individual Member States are free to set their own higher national targets.</li> <li>26-27 June 2014:</li> <li>Looks forward, in particular, to the Commission presenting by July a review of the Energy Efficiency Directive and how energy efficiency can contribute to the 2030 climate and energy framework.</li> <li>20-21 March 2014:</li> <li>With a view to an early agreement on a new policy framework for energy and climate in the period 2020 to 2030, the European Council invites the Council and the Commission to continue work and rapidly develop the following elements:  ()</li> <li>Review the Energy Efficiency Directive in a timely manner and develop an energy efficiency framework;</li> </ul>	2010/31/EU on the energy performance of buildings. Procedure: 2016/0381 (COD).  Communication COM(2016)0773 of 30 November 2016 Ecodesign Working Plan 2016-2019.  C(2016) 7769 (EU) Commission Regulation of 30 November 2016 implementing Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing a framework for the setting of ecodesign requirements for energy-related products, with regard to ecodesign requirements for air heating products, cooling products, high temperature process chillers and fan coil units. Annexes 1-5.  SWD(2016)421. SWD(2016)422.  C(2016) 7767 Commission Regulation (EU) of 30 November 2016 amending Regulations (EC) No 1275/2008, (EC) No 107/2009, (EC) No 641/2009, (EC) No 642/2009, (EC) No 643/2009, (EC) No 642/2009, (EC) No 1016/2010, (EU) No 327/2011, (EU) No 206/2012, (EU) No 547/2012, (EU) No 932/2012, (EU) No 617/2013, (EU) No	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- The European Council will take stock of progress made on these	666/2013, (EU) No 813/2013, (EU) No	
	issues at its meeting in June with a view to taking a final decision no later than October 2014.	814/2013, (EU) No 66/2014, (EU) No 548/2014, (EU) No 1253/2014, (EU)	
	no later than october 2014.	2015/1095, (EU) 2015/1185, (EU) 2015/1188,	
	22 May 2013:	(EU) 2015/1189 and (EU) 2016/XXX [Air	
	- Energy efficiency measures can make a significant contribution	heating/cooling and chillers Number of the	
	to reversing current trends in energy prices and costs The Commission to review the Directives on eco-design and	Regulation to be inserted before publication in the OJ] with regard to the use of tolerances	
	energy labelling before the end of 2014, in line with technological	in verification procedures. Annexes 1-25.	
	developments.	<u> </u>	
		C(2016) 7770 Commission Recommendation	
	1-2 March 2012:	of 30 November 2016 on guidelines for self-	
	- Calls for agreement to be reached on the Energy Efficiency Directive by June.	regulation measures concluded by industry under Directive 2009/125/EC of the European	
	Sirective sysume.	Parliament and of the Council. Annex.	
	9 December 2011:		
	- The European Council notes that MS commit to reaching an	European Parliament resolution of 13	
	agreement on energy efficiency by the end of June 2012.	September 2016 on an EU Strategy on Heating and Cooling (2016/2058(INI)).	
	4 February 2011:	( <u>====)</u>	
	- Investments in energy efficiency enhance competitiveness and	European Parliament resolution of 23 June	
	support security of energy supply and sustainability at low cost.	2016 on the implementation report on the	
	- The 2020 20% energy efficiency target as agreed by the June 2010 European Council, which is presently not on track, must be	Energy Efficiency Directive (2012/27/EU)	
	delivered.	( <u>2015/2232(INI)</u> ).	
	- This requires determined action to tap the considerable	Communication COM(2016)51 of 16 February	
	potential for higher energy savings of buildings, transport and	2016 an EU Strategy on Heating and Cooling.	
	products and processes.		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	<ul> <li>As of 1 January 2012, all Member States should include energy efficiency standards taking account of the EU headline target in public procurement for relevant public buildings and services.</li> <li>The Council is invited to promptly examine the upcoming Commission proposal for a new Energy Efficiency Plan, setting out in more detail a series of policies and measures across the full energy supply chain; it will review the implementation of the EU energy efficiency target by 2013 and consider further measures if necessary.</li> <li>17 June 2010:</li> <li>Called for moving towards a 20% increase in energy efficiency.</li> </ul>	The annual reports on the State of the Energy Union of 18 November 2015 also include an energy efficiency progress report:  - COM(2015) 574 Assessment of the progress made by Member States towards the national energy efficiency targets for 2020 and towards the implementation of the Energy Efficiency Directive 2012/27/EU as required by Article 24 (3) of Energy Efficiency Directive 2012/27/EU.  Assessment by Member State on energy efficiency part 1 SWD(2015) 245.  Assessment by Member State on energy efficiency part 2 SWD(2015) 245.	
		Public consultation on the review of Directive 2012/27/EU on Energy Efficiency from 4 November 2015 to 29 January 2016.  Regulation (EU) 2017/1369 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2017 setting a framework for energy labelling and repealing Directive 2010/30/EU (OJ L 198, 28.7.2017, pp. 1–23). Procedure: 2015/0149(COD).  Commission Communication COM(2015)80 of 25 February 2015 a Framework Strategy for a	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Resilient Energy Union with a Forward-Looking Climate Change Policy.  Annex 1: Roadmap for the Energy Union, COM(205)80.	
		COM(2014)520 of 23 July 2014 Energy Efficiency and its contribution to energy security and the 2030 Framework for climate and energy policy.	
		COM (2014)15 of 22 January 2014 A policy framework for climate and energy in the period from 2020 to 2030.	
		European Parliament resolution of 5 February 2014 on a 2030 framework for climate and energy policies (2013/2135(INI)).	
		COM(2013)169 27 March 2013 A 2030 framework for climate and energy policies.	
		COM (2013)762 of 6 November 2013 Implementing the Energy Efficiency Directive – Commission Guidance.	
		Directive 2012/27/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 October 2012 on energy efficiency, amending Directives 2009/125/EC and 2010/30/EU and	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		repealing Directives 2004/8/EC and 2006/32/EC (OJ L 315, 14/11/2012, p. 1). Procedure: 2011/0172(COD).	
		COM(2011)109 of 8 March 2011 Energy Efficiency Plan 2011.	
		Directive 2010/31/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 May 2010 on the energy performance of buildings (OJ L 153 18.06.2010, p.13).  Procedure: 2008/0223(COD).	
		Directive 2010/30/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 May 2010 on the indication by labelling and standard product information of the consumption of energy and other resources by energy-related products (OJ L 153, 18.6.2010, p. 1) Procedure: 2008/0222(COD).	
		Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 establishing a framework for the setting of ecodesign requirements for energy-related products (OJ L 285, 31.10.2009, p. 10).	
Renewable Energy	17/18 March 2016: - EUCO underlines EU's commitment to reduce greenhouse gas emissions domestically and to increase the share of renewable energy as agreed by the European Council in October 2014.	Energy Union Strategy mentions decarbonisation of the economy as one of its five dimensions.	See also the Energy Union framework strategy.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Adapting the legislation in order to implement this framework remains a priority. The European Council invites the Commission to rapidly present all the remaining relevant proposals to this end so as to swiftly engage the legislative process.	The <u>Transport</u> , <u>telecommunications</u> and <u>energy Council</u> of 27 February gave its initial reactions to the Commission package 'Clean energy for all Europeans'.	
	17-18 December 2015: - The European Council assessed progress in building the Energy Union with a forward-looking climate policy in all its dimensions.	Report COM(2017)57 of 1 February 2017 renewable energy progress report.	
	In this context, it calls for:  () b) full implementation of the legislation on renewable energy, energy-efficiency and other measures, such as improved investment opportunities, in order to meet the 2020 target. ()	Proposal <u>COM(2016)767</u> of 30 November for a directive on the promotion of the use of energy from renewable sources (recast). Procedure: <u>2016/0382 (COD)</u> .	
	19-20 March 2015: - While emphasising the importance of all dimensions of the Energy Union, today, the European Council focused on some	European Parliament resolution of 23 June 2016 on the renewable energy progress report (2016/2041(INI)).	
	of the aspects and called for: ()  f) developing a more effective, flexible market design which should go together with enhanced regional cooperation, including with neighbouring countries, and help integrate	Public consultation on preparation of a new Renewable Energy Directive for the period after 2020 from 18 November 2015 to 10 February 2016.	
	renewables, while ensuring that public intervention is compatible with the internal market and that the right of Member States to decide on their own energy mix is respected.	Commission report COM(2015)293 of 15 June 2015 renewable energy progress report.	
	g) reviewing and developing legislation related to emissions reduction, energy-efficiency and renewables to underpin the agreed 2030 targets. ()	COM(2015)80 of 25 February 2015 a Framework Strategy for a Resilient Energy Union with a Forward-Looking Climate Change Policy.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	23-24 October 2014:	Annex 1: Roadmap for the Energy Union,	
	- EU target of at least 27% is set for renewable energy consumed	COM(205)80.	
	in the EU in 2030. Target will be binding at EU level. They will not be translated to national binding targets. Targets will be fulfilled	COM(2014)15 22 January 2014 A policy	
	through Member States contributions guided by the need to	framework for climate and energy in the	
	deliver collectively the EU target without preventing Member	period from 2020 to 2030.	
	States from setting their own more ambitious national targets	pensa nem 2020 to 2000.	
	and supporting them, in line with the state aid guidelines, as well	Resolution of EP of 5 February 2014 on a 2030	
	as taking into account their degree of integration in the internal	framework for climate and energy policies	
	energy market. The integration of rising levels of intermittent	(2013/2135(INI)).	
	renewable energy requires a more interconnected internal		
	energy market and appropriate back up, which should be	Report COM(2013)175 Renewable energy	
	coordinated as necessary at regional level.	progress report 2013.	
	- Targets on the share of renewable energy will be achieved while fully respecting the Member States' freedom to determine their	COM(2012)271 of 6 June 2012 Renewable	
	energy mix.	Energy: a major player in the European energy	
	Cherry him	market.	
	20-21 March 2014:		
	- Further improve coherence between greenhouse gas emissions	European Parliament resolution of 21 May	
	reduction, energy efficiency and the use of renewables and	2013 current challenges and opportunities for	
	deliver the objectives for 2030 in a cost-effective manner, with a	renewable energy in the European internal	
	reformed Emissions Trading System playing a central role in this	energy market <u>2012/2259(INI)</u> .	
	regard;	Furance Parliament resolution of 4.4 Manual	
	- Develop a supportive EU framework for advancing renewable energies and ensure international competitiveness; ()	European Parliament resolution of 14 March 2013 on the Energy roadmap 2050, a future	
	- Provide flexibility for the Member States as to how they deliver	with energy (2012/2103(INI)).	
	their commitments in order to reflect national circumstances and	WIGH CHEISY (2012/2103(HVI)).	
	respect their freedom to determine their energy mix.	COM(2011)31 31 January 2013 Renewable	
		Energy: Progressing towards the 2020 target.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- With a view to an early agreement on a new policy framework	COM(2011)885 of 15 December 2011 Energy	
	for energy and climate in the period 2020 to 2030, the European	Roadmap 2050.	
	Council invites the Council and the Commission to continue work	0014/2014)142 ( 25 14 2014 1 5 1	
	and rapidly develop the following elements:	COM(2011)112 of 25 May 2011 A Roadmap	
	<ul> <li>analyse the implications for individual Member States of the Commission's proposals for EU-wide targets for</li> </ul>	for moving to a competitive low carbon economy in 2050. SEC (2011)287, SEC	
	emission reductions and renewable energy;	(2011)288, SEC (2011)289.	
	- elaborate mechanisms which will result in an overall fair	(2011)200, 3EC (2011)203.	
	effort sharing and foster the modernisation of the energy	Resolution of 15 March 2012 of the	
	sector;	Parliament on moving to a competitive low	
	- develop measures to prevent potential carbon leakage	carbon economy in 2050 (2011/2095(INI)).	
	and call for long-term planning security for industrial	,	
	investment in order to ensure the competitiveness of	2009/548/EC: Commission Decision of 30	
	Europe's energy-intensive industries; ()	June 2009 establishing a template for	
	EUCO will take stock of progress made on these issues at its	National Renewable Energy Action Plans	
	meeting in June with a view to take a final decision no later than	under Directive 2009/28/EC of the European	
	October 2014.	Parliament and of the Council (notified under	
	22 May 2012	document number C(2009) 5174) (OJ L 182,	
	22 May 2013:	15.7.2009, p. 33).	
	- Reaffirmed the objectives of completing the internal energy market by 2014 and developing interconnections so as to put an	Dispative 2000/20/FC of the Function	
	end to any isolation of Member States from European gas and	<u>Directive 2009/28/EC</u> of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 April 2009	
	electricity networks by 2015 and called for particular priority to	on the promotion of the use of energy from	
	be given to:	renewable sources and amending and	
	()	subsequently repealing Directives	
	- the implementation of all other related legislation, such	2001/77/EC and 2003/30/EC (OJ L 140,	
	as the Directive on the promotion of renewable energies	5.6.2009, p. 16).	
	- the presentation by the Commission of guidance on	,	
	efficient and cost-effective support schemes for		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	renewable energies and on ensuring adequate generation capacity;  - national and EU measures, such as the structural funds, project bonds and enhanced EIB support, to boost the financing of energy and resource efficiency, energy infrastructure and renewables and promote the development of Europe's technological and industrial basis.  - It remains crucial to further intensify the diversification of Europe's energy supply and develop indigenous energy resources to ensure security of supply, reduce the EU's external energy dependency and stimulate economic growth. To that end:  (a) the deployment of renewable energy sources will continue, while ensuring their cost-effectiveness, further market integration and grid stability and building on the experience in some Member States which have heavily invested in renewable energy technologies; ().  4 February 2011:  - Invites the Commission to strengthen its work with Member States on the implementation of the Renewable Energy Directive, in particular as regards consistent national support schemes and cooperation mechanisms.  The EU and its Member States will promote investment in renewables and safe and sustainable low carbon technologies ().		
Indirect Land Use Change -	23-24 October 2014:	COM(2016)500 of 20 July 2016 Accelerating Europe's transition to a low-carbon economy - communication accompanying measures	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Biofuels	Policy on how to include Land Use and Forestry into the 2030 greenhouse gas mitigation framework will be established as soon as technical conditions allow and in any case before 2020.  22 May 2013:  As regards action taken to facilitate investments, priority will be given to: ()  (d) phasing out environmentally or economically harmful subsidies, including for fossil fuels; (e) the presentation by the Commission of guidance on efficient and cost-effective support schemes for renewable energies and on ensuring adequate generation capacity.	under the Energy Union Framework Strategy: legislative proposal on binding annual greenhouse gas emissions reductions by Member States from 2021 to 2030, legislative proposal on the inclusion of greenhouse gas emissions and removals from land use, land use change and forestry into the 2030 climate and energy framework, and communication on a European Strategy for low-emission mobility.  Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and the Council COM(2016)0479 of 20 July on the inclusion of greenhouse gas emissions and removals from land use, land use change and forestry into the 2030 climate and energy framework and amending Regulation No 525/2013 of the European Parliament and the Council on a mechanism for monitoring and reporting greenhouse gas emissions and other information relevant to climate change  Procedure: 2016/0230 (COD).  Directive 2014/94/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 October 2014 on the deployment of alternative fuels infrastructure (OJ L 307, 28.10.2014, p. 1).  Procedure: 2013/0012(COD).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Directive (EU) 2015/1513 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 September 2015 amending Directive 98/70/EC relating to the quality of petrol and diesel fuels and amending Directive 2009/28/EC on the promotion of the use of energy from renewable sources  Procedure: 2012/0288(COD).  Decision No 529/2013/EU of the European	
		Parliament and of the Council of 21 May 2013 on accounting rules on greenhouse gas emissions and removals resulting from activities relating to land use, land-use change and forestry and on information concerning actions relating to those activities (OJ L 165, 18.6.2013, p. 80).  Procedure: 2012/0042(COD).	
		Directive 2009/28/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 April 2009 on the promotion of the use of energy from renewable sources and amending and subsequently repealing Directives 2001/77/EC and 2003/30/EC (OJ L 140, 5.6.2009, p. 16).	
Addressing High Energy Prices	19-20 March 2015:  - While emphasising the importance of all dimensions of the Energy Union, today, the European Council focused on some of the aspects and called for: () Developing a more effective,	Report COM(2016)0769 of 30 November 2016 on Energy prices and costs in Europe. SWD(2016)420.	See also the Energy Union framework strategy.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	flexible market design will help provide affordable energy to	Regulation (EU) 2016/1952 of 26 October	
	households and industry. ()	2016 on European statistics on natural gas and electricity prices and repealing Directive	
	20-21 March 2014:	2008/92/EC (OJ L 311 17.11.2016).	
	- Calls for sustained efforts to moderate the energy costs borne	Procedure: <u>2015/0239(COD)</u> .	
	by energy end-users, in particular through:		
	- a progressive evolution of support mechanisms for	European Parliament resolution of 26 May	
	renewables to a more cost-effective and market-based	2016 on delivering a new deal for energy	
	system and more convergence of national support schemes beyond 2020;	consumers ( <u>2015/2323(INI)</u> ).	
	- sustained investment in energy efficiency and demand-	COM(2015)339 of 15 July 2015 on delivering a	
	side management all along the value chain and at the R&D	new deal for energy consumers.	
	stage;		
	- fuller use of the electricity generation capacity available	COM(2014)21 of 29 January 2014 Energy	
	on the internal market rather than relying on national capacities alone, while recognising the role of Member	prices and costs in Europe.	
	States in ensuring security of supply;		
	- promotion of domestic resources and of competition on		
	gas supply markets and addressing the issue of the		
	contractual linkage of gas and oil prices.		
	- Coordination between Member States as well as across sectoral		
	policies must be ensured in order to facilitate the achievement		
	of EU level objectives.  - Calls on the Member States to further examine their different		
	national practices on energy policy levies, tax components of		
	prices and network costs, with the objective of minimising		
	negative consequences for energy prices.		
	Member States will continue to regularly exchange information		
	on major national energy decisions which have a possible impact		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	on other Member States, while fully respecting national choices of energy mix.		
	<ul> <li>22 May 2013: <ul> <li>Work should be taken forward on the following aspects:</li> <li>diversification and improved liquidity in the internal energy market also have a particular role to play when addressing energy costs;</li> <li>issue of the contractual linkage of gas and oil prices needs to be looked at in this context;</li> <li>Commission intends to present an analysis of the composition and drivers of energy prices and costs in Member States before the end of 2013, with a particular focus on the impact on households, SMEs and energy intensive industries, and looking more widely at the EU's competitiveness vis-à-vis its global economic counterparts;</li> <li>These issues will be addressed in the context of the discussion scheduled for the February 2014 European Council on industrial competitiveness and policy.</li> <li>Investments in new and intelligent energy infrastructure to secure uninterrupted supply of energy at affordable prices.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
	14-15 March 2013: - Europe needs investment in modern energy infrastructure and the challenge of high energy prices which hamper competitiveness needs to be tackled.		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Research and	17-18 December 2015: - The European Council assessed progress in building the Energy	Communication <u>COM(2016)0763</u> of 30 November 2016 on Accelerating Clean Energy	
innovation in the field of energy	Union with a forward-looking climate policy in all its dimensions. In this context, it calls for:	Innovation.	
5	() c) preparation of an integrated strategy for research, innovation and competitiveness. ()	Communication <u>COM(2016)0766</u> of 30 November 2016 on a European strategy on Cooperative Intelligent Transport Systems, a	
	19-20 March 2015: - While emphasising the importance of all dimensions of the Energy Union, today, the European Council focused on some	milestone towards cooperative, connected and automated mobility.	
	of the aspects and called for: () h) developing an energy and climate-related technology and innovation strategy, including for example on the next generation of renewables, on electricity storage and carbon capture and storage, on improving energy efficiency in the housing sector as well as on sustainable transport. ()	comprehensive, integrated Research, Innovation, and Competitiveness Strategy for	
	nousing sector as well as on sustainable transport. ()	C(2015) 6317 of 15 September 2015 Towards an Integrated Strategic Energy Technology (SET) Plan: Accelerating the European Energy System Transformation	

# V. Freedom, Security and Justice Analytical Summary

#### Main commitments

The priorities for the European Union in the area of Freedom, Security and Justice, as defined by Heads of State or Government at the 26-27 June 2014 European Council meeting, are to 'better manage migration in all aspects; prevent and combat crime and terrorism; [and] improve judicial cooperation among EU countries'.

#### **Migration**

Migration has dominated the European Council agenda since April 2015, when 800 people died off the coast of Libya while trying to reach Europe, and subsequently unprecedented numbers of migrants arrived in Europe, in particular via the Western Balkans route. Since then EU leaders have worked intensively on creating and implementing a comprehensive migration policy for the EU.

Migration was again the main focus of the European Council in 2017. At all of the European Council meetings migration featured high on the agenda, taking up significant parts of the European Council conclusions. After focusing on the eastern Mediterranean for most of 2016, the European Council shifted its attention in late 2016 and 2017 to the central Mediterranean and Libya, with Heads of State or Government issuing the Malta Declaration on the external aspects of migration. They also endorsed the renewed EU Action Plan on Return.

## **Security**

The numerous terrorist attacks across Europe resulted in an increased level of attention paid by the European Council to the issue of security. A case in point was the informal European Council meeting of 12 February 2015, where Heads of State or Government adopted a <u>statement on anti-terrorism measures</u> which vowed to reinforce action against terrorist threats in the coming months, by ensuring the security of citizens, preventing radicalisation and safeguarding values, as well as cooperating with the European Union's international partners.

# State of play

#### Migration

The European Commission, the European Parliament and the Council have continued to work intensively on many legislative proposals relating to European

Council commitments in the area of migration, such as the proposal for a reform of the Common European Asylum System, and several of these have been adopted, notably the revision of the visa suspension mechanism, as well as the European Border and Coast Guard proposal, which was approved by the European Parliament and Council in a record time of just nine months.

However, there is a clear shift from a situation in early to mid-2016, where the majority of European Council discussions on migration were of a strategic nature, to a situation where Heads of State or Government are now mainly reviewing the implementation of their decisions. This also applies to the work of the European Commission: while it previously concentrated its activities on new proposals in the area of migration policy (to implement European Council commitments), the Commission is now mainly producing follow-up reports and only a limited number of new proposals.

#### **Security**

Security related milestones were the adoption of the passenger name record data legislation and the proposal for establishing a security union. New initiatives regarding the European Area of Security include the Commission proposal to establish a centralised system for the identification of Member States holding information on convictions of third-country nationals and stateless persons (TCN) to support the European Criminal Records Information System (ECRIS-TCN system) in order to facilitate the systematic sharing of criminal records. Another earlier request from the European Council, namely to use the new Agency for Large-Scale IT Systems (eu-LISA) to support the EU's Integrated Border Management of external borders, has recently significantly advanced, as the Commission has presented a new communication and the JHA Council has approved the conclusion of a memorandum of understanding between the European agency for the operational management of large-scale IT systems in the area of freedom, security and justice (eu-LISA) and Europust.

# Main challenges

### <u>Migration</u>

So far, the biggest challenge for the European Council has been that Member States' implementation of European Council commitments in the field of migration was often either insufficient or non-existent. European Council President Donald Tusk <a href="identified">identified</a> a 'clear delivery deficit on many fronts, from hotspots and security screening in frontline countries to relocation and returns.'

Another ongoing challenge is bridging the gap between the different Member States on the reform of the <u>Common European Asylum System</u>, with some insisting on 'relocation' while others propose 'effective solidarity'. In this respect, the European Court of Justice's recent ruling dismissing the actions brought by Slovakia and Hungary against the provisional mechanism for the mandatory relocation of asylum-seekers is likely to shape discussions on reform of the asylum system.

The intensely debated visa liberalisation for Turkish citizens has not taken place yet, as in the European Commission's <u>view</u> 'there are still seven benchmarks that remain to be met'.

Since 2012, there have been no substantial developments on Bulgaria's and Romania's potential accession to the Schengen area. However, European Commission President Jean-Claude Juncker called in his 2017 <u>State of the Union address</u> to immediately extend the Schengen area of free movement to Bulgaria and Romania, which might lead to some progress soon.

# **Security**

Rapid exchange of information between law enforcement authorities, and interoperability between databases remains a challenge on which all the actors involved are actively working. The expected agreement on the Entry/Exit System and the European Travel Information and Authorisation System (ETIAS) will contribute to improving the situation.

#### Outlook

# <u>Migration</u>

Migration is likely to continue to constitute a very important part of the European Council's agenda in the autumn of 2017. At numerous European Council meetings, Heads of State or Government had called for consensus to be reached on the EU's asylum policy during the Maltese Presidency of the Council of the EU. This could not be achieved, due to highly divergent <u>positions</u> among the Member States on this issue. Therefore the June 2017 European Council invited 'the Council to continue negotiations on this basis and amend the legislative proposals as necessary, with the active help of the Commission'.

## Security

On account, not least, of the numerous terrorist attacks across Europe and the commitments made in European Council conclusions, in the September 2016 Bratislava declaration and roadmap, adopted by EU-27 leaders, as well as in the March 2017 Rome declaration, the issue of internal security has received increased attention within the field of freedom, security and justice and is expected to continue doing so. In particular the prevention of radicalisation, including cooperation with industry, and the fight against terrorist financing are seen by the European Council as key elements to focus on in the coming months.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Specific issue	A Security and Justice  26-27 June 2014: Priorities set for the Union for the next five years are to: - better manage migration in all aspects: addressing shortages of specific skills and attracting talent; dealing more robustly with irregular migration through better cooperation with third countries (incl. on readmission); protecting those in need through a strong asylum policy; strengthened, modern management of the Union's external borders; - prevent and combat crime and terrorism: cracking down on organised crime (human trafficking, smuggling and cybercrime); tackling corruption; fighting terrorism and countering radicalisation – while guaranteeing fundamental rights and values (incl. the protection of personal data); - improve judicial cooperation among our countries: building bridges between different justice systems and traditions; strengthening common tools (incl. Eurojust); mutual recognition of judgments so that citizens and companies can more easily exercise their rights across the Union.	COM(2015) 610 Commission Work Programme 2016: No time for business as usual.  Communication COM(2014)910 on Commission Work Programme 2015, A New Start. See especially priority 7. An Area of Justice and Fundamental Rights Based on Mutual Trust and Priority 8. Towards a New Policy on Migration.  A New Start for Europe: My Agenda for Jobs, Growth, Fairness and Democratic Change — Political Guidelines for the next European Commission: Opening Statement in the European Parliament Plenary Session Candidate for President of the European Commission, Strasbourg, 15 July 2014/ Jean-Claude Juncker.  Justice and Home Affairs Council of 5 December 2014 Council approved guidelines for an EU Strategy to Combat Radicalisation and Recruitment to Terrorism, designed to	Justice and Home Affairs Council of 13 March 2015: agreement on a general approach on a regulation on Eurojust.  Justice and Home Affairs Council of 5 December 2014: the new regulation streamlines Eurojust's functioning and structure in line with the Lisbon Treaty and increases its democratic legitimacy; the EP and national parliaments are to become more involved in the evaluation of Eurojust's activities.
		implement the revised EU strategy adopted by the Council in June 2014.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Communication COM(2014)0154 of 11 March 2014 An open and secure Europe: making it happen. SWD(2014)063.	
		Communication COM(2012)0286 of 19 June 2012 The EU Strategy towards the Eradication of Trafficking in Human Beings 2012–2016.	
		Communication COM(2014)0635 of 17 October 2014 on the application of Directive 2004/81 on the residence permit issued to third-country nationals who are victims of trafficking in human beings or who have	
		been the subject of an action to facilitate illegal immigration, who cooperate with the competent authorities. SWD(2014)0318.	
		Communication COM(2013)0941 of 15 January 2014 on preventing radicalisation to terrorism and violent extremism: Commission expected to present report on implementation of actions contained in it -	
		end of 2015.  COM(2013)0535 of 17 July 2013 proposal for a Regulation aimed at providing Eurojust	
		with powers to initiate investigations, making internal structure more efficient, introduce	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
_	Commitment and/or request  26-27 June 2014:  - One key objective of EU: to build an area of freedom, security and justice without internal frontiers, and with full respect for fundamental rights. To this end, coherent policy measures need to be taken with respect to asylum, immigration, borders, and police and judicial cooperation, in accordance with the Treaties and their relevant Protocols.  - Link between the EU's internal and external policies to be improved as all dimensions interlinked in a Europe that protects its citizens and offers effective rights to people inside and outside.  - Building on past programmes, overall priority now is to	specific procedures for evaluation. Procedure: 2013/0256 (COD).  COM(2016) 378 of 7 June 2016 proposal for a directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on the conditions of entry and residence of third-country nationals for the purposes of highly skilled employment.  COM(2016) 377 of 7 June 2016 Action Plan on the integration of third-country nationals.  Adopted  Justice and Home Affairs Council 14 September 2016 approves European Border	The Permanent Representatives Committee (Coreper) confirmed the compromise texts agreed with the European Parliament on data protection reform, 18.12.2015  Justice and Home Affairs Council 9/10/2015: Agreed its negotiating position on the draft data protection directive.  Justice and Home Affairs Council 13/03/2015: agreement on a
	consistently transpose, effectively implement and consolidate legal instruments and policy measures in place. Intensifying operational cooperation while using potential of Information and Communication Technologies' innovations, enhancing role of EU agencies and ensuring strategic use of EU funds will be key.  - In further developing the area of freedom, security and justice over the next years, it will be crucial to ensure protection and promotion of fundamental rights (incl. data protection), whilst addressing security concerns (also in third country relations), and to adopt a strong EU General Data Protection framework by 2015.  - Efficient and well-managed migration, asylum and borders policy, guided by Treaty principles of solidarity and fair sharing of responsibility, in accordance with Article 80 TFEU and its effective implementation needed. Comprehensive approach	and Coast Guard regulation.  European Parliament <u>legislative resolution</u> of 6 July 2016 on the proposal for a regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on the European Border and Coast Guard and repealing Regulation (EC) No 2007/2004, Regulation (EC) No 863/2007 and Council Decision 2005/267/EC (COM(2015)0671 – C8-0408/2015 – 2015/0310(COD))  Adopted Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European	partial general approach for a general EU framework on data protection.  Special report of the European Ombudsman in an own-initiative inquiry concerning Frontex - 2014/2215(INI).  Communication COM(2014) 365 of 20 June 2014 Final implementation report of EU International Security Strategy 2010-2014.  22/10/2014 - European Ombudsman opened investigation

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	required, optimising benefits of legal migration and offering protection to those in need while tackling irregular migration resolutely and managing EU's external borders efficiently.  - To attract talents and skills, strategies must be developed to maximise opportunities of legal migration through coherent and efficient rules, and informed by dialogue with business community and social partners. EU should also support Member States' efforts to pursue active integration policies which foster social cohesion and economic dynamism.  - EU institutions and Member States to ensure appropriate legislative and operational follow-up to guidelines above; midterm review to be held in 2017.  27-28 June 2013:  - Is to hold discussion in June 2014 to define strategic guidelines for legislative and operational planning in the area of freedom, security and justice (pursuant to Article 68 (TFEU).	free movement of such data, and repealing	are subjects to forced returns. See Press Release 20/2014.  1/12/2014 - End of transition period.  10/10/2014 - Justice and Home Affairs Council Conclusions: orientation debate on General Data Protection Regulation - partial agreement on general approach reached. See Presse 505.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Organisation as regards Articles 1 to 4 of the Protocol with regard to matters relating to	
		judicial cooperation in criminal matters.	
		Proposal COM(2014)0559 of 11 September	
		2014 for a Council Decision authorising Member States to ratify, in the interest of the	
		European Union, the Protocol of 2014 to the	
		Forced Labour Convention, 1930, of the International Labour Organisation with regard	
		to matters related to judicial cooperation in	
		criminal matters.	
		1 December 2014 Police and judicial	
		cooperation in criminal matters now fully integrated into EU legal system - Article 10 of	
		Protocol 36 on Transitional Provisions, TEU	
		(OJ L 306, 17.12.2007, p. 1).	
		Justice and Home Affairs Council of 5	
		December 2014: agreement on specific aspects of the draft regulation setting out a	
		general framework for data protection.	
		European Parliament <u>legislative resolution</u> of	
		12 March 2014 on the proposal for a	
		regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on the protection of individuals	
		with regard to the processing of personal data	

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Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		and on the free movement of such data (General Data Protection Regulation).  Procedure 2012/0011(COD).	
		Communication COM(2012/011) on the protection of individuals with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data (General Data Protection Regulation).	
Migration Migration flows	22-23 June 2017:  20. The European Council remains committed to the Union's comprehensive approach to migration, effective control of external borders to stem and prevent illegal flows and the reform of the Common European Asylum System, and the full and non-discriminatory implementation of the EU-Turkey Statement in all its aspects and towards all Member States. Vigilance on all migration routes, including the Western Balkans route, will continue. We will continue to strengthen and make full use of the operational capacities of the European Border and Coast Guard and other agencies. Effective external border controls should allow for the lifting of temporary internal border controls.	COM(2017) 467 of 6 September 2017	06/09/2017 Court of Justice of the European Union dismisses the actions brought by Slovakia and Hungary against the provisional mechanism for the mandatory relocation of asylum-seekers.  26/07/2017 The European Commission has sent reasoned opinions to the Czech Republic, Hungary and Poland for noncompliance with their legal
	21. Loss of life and continuing migratory flows of primarily economic migrants on the Central Mediterranean route is a structural challenge and remains an issue of urgent and serious concern. The EU and its Member States will have to restore control to avoid a worsening humanitarian crisis. To this end they have to act decisively now by stepping up coordination and delivery on all the elements contained in the Malta Declaration,	COM(2017) 470 of 6 September 2017 Seventh Report on the Progress made in the implementation of the EU-Turkey Statement.  SEC(2017) 339 of 4 July 2017 Action plan on measures to support Italy, reduce pressure	obligations on relocation.  The EU and Tunisia start negotiations on visa facilitation and readmission, 12.10.2016.  European Border and Coast Guard was officially launched 06.10.2016.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	the Partnership Framework and the Joint Valletta Action Plan, underpinned by sufficient financial resources. This also implies continued and enhanced cooperation with countries of origin and transit, including strengthening regional cooperation in Search and Rescue activities, which remains a high priority. Training and equipping the Libyan Coast Guard is a key component of the EU approach and should be speeded up. The IOM and the UNHCR will remain important partners, including to facilitate voluntary returns and improve reception conditions. Cooperation with countries of origin and transit shall be reinforced in order to stem the migratory pressure on Libya's and other neighbouring countries' land borders. The European Council underlines in this context the importance of supporting the G5 Sahel Joint force. There, as elsewhere, the disruption of the business models of human smugglers and traffickers remains a key objective, including by better controlling the trade in equipment used by them.  22. Further efforts shall also be made to achieve real progress in return and readmission policy. Building on the Renewed Action Plan on Return, well-functioning readmission agreements and pragmatic arrangements with third countries shall be put in place at EU level without any further delay by using all possible levers, including by reassessing visa policy towards third countries, as needed. Bilateral arrangements of Member States with third countries also contribute to this objective.	along the Central Mediterranean route and increase solidarity.  COM(2017) 323 of 13 June 2017 Sixth Report on the Progress made in the implementation of the EU-Turkey Statement.  COM(2017) 465 of 6 September 2017 Fifteenth report on relocation and resettlement.  COM(2017) 405 of 26 July 2017 - Fourteenth report on relocation and resettlement.  Conclusions of the Justice and Home Affairs Council of 8 June 2017 on the protection of children in migration.  The Justice and Home Affairs Council of 8 June 2017 agreed a general approach on the proposal for a European travel information and authorisation system.  COM(2017) 330 of 13 June 2017 Thirteenth report on relocation and resettlement.  European Parliament resolution of 18 May 2017 on making relocation happen. Procedure: 2017/2685(RSP).	Europol-INTERPOL Report on Migrant Smuggling Networks, 17.05.2016.  Meeting of the EU Heads of State or Government with Turkey of 17-18 March 2016 leading to a statement.  NATO Defence Ministers agree on NATO support to assist with the Refugee and Migrant Crisis, 11.02.2016.  The European Commission issued reasoned opinions against Member States in 9 infringement cases concerning their non-transposition of the Common European Asylum System, 10.02.2016.  European Commission overview of the state of play regarding the measures to Address the Refugee Crisis, 29.01.2016.  Progress following Western Balkans Route Leaders' Meeting: Fourteenth Contact Points Video Conference, 29.01.2016.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	09 March 2017 <sup>1</sup>	COM(2017) 260 of 16 May 2017 – Twelfth	Progress following Western
	- As shown in the report by the Maltese Prime Minister, many	report on relocation and resettlement.	Balkans Route Leaders' Meeting:
	operational measures decided at the informal meeting in Malta		Eleventh video conference,
	on 3 February 2017 are in the process of being implemented. The	COM(2017) 219 of 2 May 2017 Third report	08.01.2016.
	European Council reiterates its determination to deliver on all	on the operationalisation of the European	
	the elements of the Malta Declaration and fully supports the	Border and Coast Guard.	European Commission proposals
	work of the Council Presidency, in close cooperation with the		for Borders Package and Voluntary
	Commission and the High Representative. It also stands behind	COM(2017) 212 of 12 April 2017 – Eleventh	Humanitarian Admission Scheme
	the actions undertaken by individual Member States to support	report on relocation and resettlement.	with Turkey as well as reports on
	the Libyan authorities as well as their North African and southern		migration in Greece, Italy and the
	neighbours in their efforts to address the challenges of illegal	COM(2017) 211 of 12 April 2017 on the	Western Balkans, 15.12.2015.
	migration. UNHCR and IOM are important partners in this	protection of children in migration.	
	respect. The EU will continue to remain vigilant on all major		European Parliament <u>resolution</u> of
	migration routes so as to be able to react rapidly to	European Parliament <u>resolution</u> of 5 April	2 December 2015 on the Special
	developments. The European Council welcomes the Commission	2017 on addressing refugee and migrant	Report of the European
	Communication on a Renewed Action Plan on Return, called for	movements: the role of EU External Action.	Ombudsman in own-initiative
	in the Malta Declaration, as well as the accompanying	Procedure: <u>2015/2342(INI).</u>	inquiry OI/5/2012/BEH-MHZ
	recommendation to Member States, and invites the Council to		concerning Frontex.
	examine them rapidly. It notes the need to pursue work on a	C(2017) 1600 of 7 March 2017 on making	( <u>2014/2215(INI)</u> .
	range of well-functioning EU readmission arrangements with	returns more effective when implementing	
	third countries.	Directive 2008/115/EC of the European	Meeting of the <u>EU heads of state or</u>
	44.6	Parliament and of the Council.	government with Turkey leading to
	11. Concerning the internal dimension, the effective application		a <u>statemen</u> t and the adoption of
	of the principles of responsibility and solidarity remains a shared	COM(2017) 204 of 2 March 2017 - Fifth	the EU-Turkey joint action plan,
	objective. The European Council calls for further effort to deliver	Report on the progress made in the	29.11.2015.
	rapidly on all aspects of the comprehensive migration policy	implementation of the EU-Turkey Statement.	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The <u>9 March 2017 European Council</u> meeting did not adopt formal conclusions but only produced 'Conclusions by the President of the European Council supported by 27 Member States,' owing to a lack of consensus 'for reasons unrelated to its [i.e. the document's] substance'.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	resilient to future crises, including with the aim of achieving consensus on the EU's asylum policy during the current presidency.		European Commission overview of the <u>state of play regarding the</u> measures to Address the Refugee
	12. The European Council will return to these issues in June 2017.	COM(2017) 200 of 2 March 2017 on a More effective return policy in the European Union – a renewed action plan.	Crisis, 17.11.2015.  European Commission overview of
	03 February 2016  1. We welcome and support the Maltese Presidency's efforts to take forward all elements of the EU's comprehensive migration	COM(2017) 201 of 2 March 2017 Second	the state of play regarding the measures to Address the Refugee Crisis, 13.11.2015.
	policy. We reaffirm our determination to act in full respect of human rights, international law and European values, and in conjunction with UNHCR and IOM.	report on the operationalisation of the European Border and Coast Guard.	European Commission overview of the progress following Western
	2. A key element of a sustainable migration policy is to ensure effective control of our external border and stem illegal flows into the EU. In 2016, arrivals decreased to one-third of the levels	COM(2017) 74 8 of February 2017 – Ninth report on relocation and resettlement.	Balkans Route Leaders' Meeting: Third Contact Points Video
	in 2015. On the Eastern Mediterranean route, while pressures remain, arrivals in the last four months of 2016 were down 98% year-on-year. We remain committed to the EU Turkey Statement	JOIN(2017) 4 of 25 January 2017 Migration on the Central Mediterranean route Managing flows, saving lives	Conference, 12.11.2015.  European Commission overview of
	and the full and non- discriminatory implementation of all its aspects, as well as to continued support for the countries along the Western Balkans route.  3. On the Central Mediterranean route, however, over 181,000	COM(2017) 42 of 25 January 2017 on the operationalisation of the European Border and Coast Guard.	the progress following Western Balkans Route Leaders' Meeting: Second Contact Points Video Conference, 5.11.2015.
	arrivals were detected in 2016, while the number of persons dead or missing at sea has reached a new record every year since 2013. With hundreds having already lost their lives in 2017 and spring approaching, we are determined to take additional action	Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and the Council <u>COM(2016) 881</u> of 21 December 2016 on the use of the Schengen Information System for the return	European Commission overview of the state of play regarding the measures to Address the Refugee Crisis, 4.11.2015.
	to significantly reduce migratory flows along the Central Mediterranean route and break the business model of smugglers, while remaining vigilant about the Eastern Mediterranean as well as other routes. We will step up our work	of illegally staying third country nationals.  Procedure: 2016/0407 (COD).	The Luxembourg Presidency decided to trigger the Integrated

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	with Libya as the main country of departure as well as with its	COM(2016) 791 of 8 December 2016 Eighth	Political Crisis Response (IPCR),
	North African and sub-Saharan neighbours.	report on relocation and resettlement.	30.10.2015.
	4. The Partnership Framework and the Valletta Action Plan have		European Commission overview of
	allowed us to deepen long-term cooperation with a number of	COM(2016) 792 of 8 December 2016 Fourth	the Progress following Western
	partner countries, including on root causes of migration, through	Report on the Progress made in the	Balkans Route Leaders' Meeting,
	a solid partnership based on mutual trust. This work is already	implementation of the EU-Turkey Statement.	29.10.2015.
	yielding results and will be intensified. At the same time, the		
	urgency of the situation requires immediate additional	European Parliament <u>resolution</u> of 1	Meeting on the Western Balkans
	operational measures at the regional level, taking a pragmatic,	December 2016 on the proposal for a decision	Migration Route: Leaders Agree on
	flexible and tailor-made approach at each and every point	of the European Parliament and of the Council	17-point plan of action,
	involving all actors along the migratory route. In this context, we	on the mobilisation of the Flexibility	25.10.2015.
	welcome the joint Commission and High Representative	Instrument to finance immediate budgetary	
	Communication "Migration on the Central Mediterranean Route	measures to address the on-going migration,	Draft Action Plan: Stepping up <u>EU-</u>
	- Managing flows, saving lives".	refugee and security crisis.	Turkey cooperation on support of
	5. Efforts to stabilise Libya are now more important than ever,	Procedure: <u>2016/2120(BUD)</u> .	refugees and migration
	and the EU will do its utmost to contribute to that objective. In		management in view of the
	Libya, capacity building is key for the authorities to acquire	Joint Proposal for a Council Decision	situation in Syria and Iraq,
	control over the land and sea borders and to combat transit and	JOIN(2016) 41 of 19 September 2016 on the	6.10.2015.
	smuggling activities. The EU remains committed to an inclusive	Union position within the Association Council	
	political settlement under the framework of the Libyan Political	set up by the Euro-Mediterranean Agreement	European Commission set up an
	Agreement and to supporting the Presidency Council and the	establishing an association between the	Emergency Trust Fund for stability
	Government of National Accord backed by the United Nations.	European Communities and their Member	and addressing root causes of
	Where possible the EU and Member States will also step up	States, of the one part, and the Hashemite	irregular migration and displaced
	cooperation with and assistance to Libyan regional and local	Kingdom of Jordan, of the other part, with	persons in Africa, 9.09.2015.
	communities and with international organisations active in the	regard to the adoption of EU-Jordan	
	country.	Partnership Priorities and annexed Compact	€9 million in <u>emergency funding</u>
	6. Priority will be given to the following elements:		for Austria and Hungary from the
	a) training, equipment and support to the Libyan national coast	Proposal for a regulation COM(2016) 731 of	Asylum, Migration and Integration
	guard and other relevant agencies. Complementary EU training	16 November 2016 establishing a European	Fund (AMIF), 8.09.2015.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Specific issue	programmes must be rapidly stepped up, both in intensity and numbers, starting with those already undertaken by Operation SOPHIA and building on its experience. Funding and planning for these activities needs to be made sustainable and predictable, including through the Seahorse Mediterranean Network; b) further efforts to disrupt the business model of smugglers through enhanced operational action, within an integrated approach involving Libya and other countries on the route and relevant international partners, engaged Member States, CSDP missions and operations, Europol and the European Border and Coast Guard; c) supporting where possible the development of local	Travel Information and Authorisation System (ETIAS) and amending Regulations (EU) No 515/2014, (EU) 2016/399, (EU) 2016/794 and (EU) 2016/1624.  COM(2016) 700 of 18 October 2016 First Progress Report on the Partnership Framework with third countries under the European Agenda on Migration.  COM(2016) 720 of 9 November 2016 Seventh report on relocation and resettlement.	€5.2 million in emergency assistance funding to support France in helping to address the situation in Calais, 31.08.2015.  European Commission approved 23 new multiannual national programmes under the Asylum, Migration and Integration Fund (AMIF) and under the Internal Security Fund (ISF), 10.08.2015.
	communities in Libya, especially in coastal areas and at Libyan land borders on the migratory routes, to improve their socio-economic situation and enhance their resilience as host communities; d) seeking to ensure adequate reception capacities and conditions in Libya for migrants, together with the UNHCR and IOM;	COM(2016) 636 of 28 September 2016 Sixth report on relocation and resettlement.  COM(2016) 635 of 28 September 2016 on the application of Council Implementing Decision of 12 May 2016 setting out a	Revised Operational Plan of Joint Operation Triton, 26.05.2015.  Joint declaration of the Chairmen of the ALDE, EPP and S&D Groups on migration, 22.04.2015.
	e) supporting IOM in significantly stepping up assisted voluntary return activities; f) enhancing information campaigns and outreach addressed at migrants in Libya and countries of origin and transit, in cooperation with local actors and international organisations, particularly to counter the smugglers' business model; g) helping to reduce the pressure on Libya's land borders, working both with the Libyan authorities and all neighbours of Libya, including by supporting projects enhancing their border management capacity;	Recommendation for temporary internal border control in exceptional circumstances putting the overall functioning of the Schengen area at risk.  COM(2016) 634 of 28 September 2016 Third Report on the Progress made in the implementation of the EU-Turkey Statement.	Law enforcement officers with the support of Europol and Eurojust carry out an operation to dismantle a migrant smuggling network, 25.03.2015 .  Launch of joint operational team to combat irregular migration in the Mediterranean, 17.03.2015.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	h) keeping track of alternative routes and possible diversion of	C(2016) 6311 Commission Recommendation	Justice and Home Affairs Council
	smugglers' activities, through cooperative efforts with Libya's	of 28 September 2016 addressed to the	Conclusions on Taking action to
	neighbours and the countries under the Partnership Framework,	Hellenic Republic on the specific urgent	better manage migratory flows:
	with the support of Member States and all relevant EU agencies	measures to be taken by Greece in view of	strategic approach agreed;
	and by making available all necessary surveillance instruments;	the resumption of transfers under Regulation	proposals on responding to
	i) continuing support to efforts and initiatives from individual	(EU) No. 604/2013.	migratory pressures introduced by
	Member States directly engaged with Libya; in this respect, the		Presidency, 9.10.2014. See
	EU welcomes and is ready to support Italy in its implementation	Justice and Home Affairs Council of 13-14	<u>14044/14</u> .
	of the Memorandum of Understanding signed on 2 February	October 2016 adopted a regulation on the	
	2017 by the Italian Authorities and Chairman of the Presidential	establishment of a European travel document	
	Council al-Serraj;	for the return of illegally staying third-country	
	j) deepening dialogue and cooperation on migration with all	nationals, and repealing the Council	
	countries neighbouring Libya, including better operational	Recommendation of 30 November 1994 that	
	cooperation with Member States and the European Border and	establishes a uniform European travel	
	Coast Guard on preventing departures and managing returns.	document for the return of illegally staying	
	7. These objectives shall be underpinned by the necessary	third-country nationals.	
	resources. In line with the Valletta Action Plan, the European		
	Union is strengthening the mainstreaming of migration within its	European Parliament legislative resolution of	
	Official Development Assistance for Africa, which amounts to €31	15 September 2016 on the proposal for a	
	billion during this financial period. Some of the actions referred	Council decision amending Council Decision	
	to above can be funded within projects already under way,	(EU) 2015/1601 of 22 September 2015	
	notably projects funded by the EU Trust Fund for Africa as	establishing provisional measures in the area	
	appropriate, which mobilises €1,8 billion from the EU budget and	of international protection for the benefit of	
	€152 million from Member States' contributions. To cover the	Italy and Greece (COM(2016)0171 – C8-	
	most urgent funding needs now and throughout 2017, we	0133/2016 – 2016/0089(NLE)).	
	welcome the Commission's decision to mobilise as a first step an		
	additional €200 million for the North Africa window of the Fund	European Parliament resolution of 5 July 2016	
	and to give priority to migration-related projects concerning	on refugees: social inclusion and integration	
	Libya.	into the labour market (2015/2321(INI)).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	8. We will further develop our external migration policy in order	European Parliament resolution of 5 July 2016	
	to make it resilient for future crises. We will identify potential	on the fight against trafficking in human	
	barriers, for example in relation to conditions to be met for	beings in the EU's external relations.	
	returns, and reinforce EU return capacities, while respecting		
	international law. We welcome the Commission's intention to	COM(2016) 468 of 13 July 2016 proposal for a	
	rapidly present, as a first step, an updated Action Plan on Returns	Regulation establishing a Union Resettlement	
	and to provide guidance for more operational returns by the EU	Framework and amending Regulation (EU) No	
	and Member States and effective readmission based upon the	516/2014 of the European Parliament and the	
	existing acquis.	Council.	
	9. We agree to act determinedly and speedily to achieve the		
	objectives set out in this Declaration and call upon all actors to	COM(2016) 480 of 13 July 2016 Fifth report on	
	work towards this end. We welcome the intention of the Maltese	relocation and resettlement.	
	Presidency, in close cooperation with the Commission and the	Francisco Badisarant la dislativa acceletica ef	
	High Representative, to present a concrete plan for	European Parliament legislative resolution of	
	implementation to this effect to the Council at the earliest	15 September 2016 on the proposal for a	
	opportunity, to take work forward and to ensure close	regulation of the European Parliament and of	
	monitoring of results. The European Council will review progress	the Council on a European travel document	
	on the overall approach at its meetings in March and in June on the basis of a report from the Maltese Presidency.	for the return of illegally staying third-country nationals (COM(2015)0668 – C8-0405/2015 –	
	15 December 2016	2015/0306(COD)).	
	1. The European Council recalls its October conclusions	2013/0300(CODJ).	
	concerning the Eastern Mediterranean route. It reiterates its	European Parliament legislative resolution of	
	commitment to the EU-Turkey statement and underlines the	26 May 2016 on the proposal for a Council	
	importance of a full and non-discriminatory implementation of	decision establishing provisional measures in	
	all aspects. It also renews its pledge to continue support for the	the area of international protection for the	
	countries along the Western Balkans route. It endorses the Joint	benefit of Sweden in accordance with Article	
	Action Plan on the implementation of the EU-Turkey statement	9 of Council Decision (EU) 2015/1523 and	
	elaborated between Greece and the Commission and welcomes	Article 9 of Council Decision (EU) 2015/1601	
	the fact that Greece has already taken first steps towards its	establishing provisional measures in the area	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Specific issue	implementation. The European Council calls upon all Member States to ensure speedy implementation of the Joint Action Plan.  2. The new Partnership Framework of cooperation is an important tool for addressing illegal migration and its root causes, particularly with regard to the Central Mediterranean route. The European Council welcomes the progress on implementation of the compacts with five African countries of origin or transit and the growing ownership in the partner countries. In the light of this experience, additional compacts or other forms of cooperation could be envisaged, taking into account the resources available. The objectives of the Partnership Framework set out by the European Council last June should be mainstreamed into other external instruments and policies of the EU and its Member States. The European Council calls upon Member States to continue and step up their engagement under the Partnership Framework and will keep progress on stemming the flows and improving return rates under close review.  3. In order to reinforce the implementation of the Valletta Action Plan and the Partnership Framework, the agreement reached in the Council on the European Fund for Sustainable Development and on the EIB External Lending Mandate should be followed by swift adoption of the relevant legislation. In this respect, the European Council welcomes the fact that the EIB has started to implement its Resilience Initiative for the Western Balkans and Southern Neighbourhood.	of international protection for the benefit of Italy and Greece (COM(2015)0677 – C8-0017/2016 – 2015/0314(NLE)) (Consultation). Procedure: 2015/0314(NLE).  COM(2016) 416 of 15 June 2016 Fourth report on relocation and resettlement.  Foreign Affairs Council of 23 May 2016 conclusions on the external aspects of migration.  COM(2016) 267 First Report on progress in the fight against trafficking in human beings.  COM(2016) 360 Third report on relocation and resettlement.  European Parliament resolution of 12 April 2016 on the situation in the Mediterranean and the need for a holistic EU approach to migration.  COM(2016) 205 of 6 April 2016 Stronger and Smarter Information Systems for Borders and Security.  COM(2016) 140 of 4 March 2016 Second Report on progress by Turkey in fulfilling the	Remarks

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	4. The European Council underlines the need to enhance support for the Libyan coastguard, including through EUNAVFOR MED operation Sophia, so as to increase its capacity to prevent the loss of life at sea and break the business model of smugglers. In parallel, initiatives need to be taken to offer assisted voluntary return opportunities to migrants stranded in Libya and curtail dangerous journeys.	requirements of its visa liberalisation roadmap.  COM(2016) 115 of 2 March 2016 proposal for a Council Regulation on the provision of emergency support within the Union.  Procedure: 2016/0069 (NLE).	
	5. The European Council recalls the importance of adequate resources being put at the disposal of the European Asylum Support Office (EASO) and the European Border and Coast Guard. It welcomes the fact that EASO will start recruiting dedicated staff to ensure a stable and sustainable capacity. It also reiterates the need to remain vigilant on other routes, including in the Western Mediterranean, so as to be able to rapidly react to developments.  7. Member States should further intensify their efforts to	European Parliament <u>resolution</u> of 13 April 2016 on the Council position on Draft amending budget No 1/2016 of the European Union for the financial year 2016, New instrument to provide emergency support within the Union Procedure: 2016/2037(BUD).  COM(2016) 152 of 9 March 2016 Draft amending budget No 1 to the general budget	
	accelerate relocation, in particular for unaccompanied minors, and existing resettlement schemes.	2016 New instrument to provide emergency support within the Union.  Procedure: 2016/2037(BUD).	
	20-21 October 2016  2.The entry into force of the European Border and Coast Guard Regulation on 6 October and national efforts are important steps in strengthening control of our external borders and getting 'back to Schengen' by adjusting the temporary internal border controls to reflect the current needs. Member States are now deploying staff and equipment to the European Border and	COM(2016) 231 of 20 April 2016 European Commission's first report on the progress made in the implementation of the EU-Turkey Statement.  COM(2016) 222 of 12 April 2016 Second report on relocation and resettlement.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Coast Guard, so as to reach full capacity for rapid reaction and returns by the end of the year.  3. The European Council calls for a swift adoption of the revised Schengen Borders Code enforcing systematic controls on all travellers crossing EU external borders and calls on the Council to establish its position on an entry/exit system before the end of 2016. It looks forward to the forthcoming Commission proposal for setting up a European Travel Information and Authorisation System (ETIAS), to allow for advance security checks on visa-exempt travellers and deny them entry where necessary.  4. More efforts are needed to stem the flows of irregular migrants, in particular from Africa, and to improve return rates. Recognising the significant contribution, including of financial nature, made by the frontline Member States in recent years, the European Council:  • recalls the importance of continuing to work towards the implementation of a Partnership Framework of cooperation with individual countries of origin or transit, with an initial focus on Africa. Its objective is to pursue specific and measurable results in terms of preventing illegal migration and returning irregular migrants, as well as to create and apply the necessary leverage, by using all relevant EU policies, instruments and tools, including development and trade;  • recalls the need to tackle the root causes of migration in the region, including by supporting displaced persons in the region,	Economic and Financial Affairs Council of 12 February 2016 adopted a recommendation on addressing serious deficiencies identified during an evaluation of Greece's application of the Schengen acquis in the area of external border management.  COM(2016) 85 on the State of Play of Implementation of the Priority Actions under the European Agenda on Migration.  COM(2016) 85 Annex 1 EU-Turkey Joint Action Plan - Implementation Report.  COM(2016) 85 Annex 2 Greece - State of Play Report.  COM(2016) 85 Annex 3 Italy - State of Play Report.  COM(2016) 85 COM(2016) 85 Annex 4 Relocation - State of Play Table.  COM(2016) 85 Annex 5 Follow up to Western Balkans Leaders' Meeting - State of Play report.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	thus helping to prevent illegal migration, and underlines the contribution of the Valletta Action Plan and the proposed External Investment Plan in this context. It welcomes the New York Declaration for Refugees and Migrants and calls on all global actors to shoulder their responsibilities in this respect;  • takes note of the Commission's 'First progress report on the Partnership Framework with third countries under the European Agenda on Migration';  • calls on the High Representative, including in her role as Vice-President of the Commission, to present at the December European Council meeting progress with the five selected African countries and the first results achieved in terms of arrivals and returns. It will set orientations for further work on compacts and consider extending the approach to other countries;  • invites all actors to continue close cooperation on the compacts with a view to intensifying operational delivery, and Member States to reinforce national administrative processes for returns.  5. A lasting stabilisation of the situation on the Eastern Mediterranean route requires the further implementation of the EU-Turkey statement and continued support for countries along the Western Balkans route. The European Council calls for:	COM(2016) 85 Annex 6 Ongoing actions contributing to the protection of children in migration.  COM(2016) 85 Annex 7 Member States' pledging to Trust Funds - State of Play table.  COM(2016) 85 Annex 8 Implementation of EU law - State of Play.  COM(2016) 85 Annex 9 Accepted Member States' Support to Civil Protection Mechanism for Serbia, Slovenia, Croatia and Greece.  C(2016) 871 addressed to the Hellenic Republic on the urgent measures to be taken by Greece in view of the resumption of transfers under Regulation (EU) No. 604/2013.  COM(2016) 80 on the temporary suspension of the relocation of 30% of applicants allocated to Austria under Council Decision (EU) 2015/1601 establishing provisional measures in the area of international protection for the benefit of Italy and Greece.  European Parliament legislative resolution of 2 February 2016 on the proposal for a	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	<ul> <li>further efforts to accelerate returns from the Greek islands to Turkey, in line with the EU-Turkey statement, in particular by enhancing the efficiency and speed of asylum procedures;</li> <li>the rapid appointment of permanent coordinators in the Greek hotspots;</li> </ul>	regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on a Union Code on the rules governing the movement of persons across borders (Schengen Borders Code). 2015/0006(COD).	
	Member States to respond in full to the calls for resources identified by the relevant EU agencies as being necessary to assist Greece;	COM(2015) 677 Proposal for a Council Decision establishing provisional measures in the area of international protection for the benefit of Sweden in accordance with Article	
	• further progress on the full range of commitments vis-à-vis all Member States contained in the EU-Turkey statement, including as regards visa liberalisation. Co-legislators are invited to reach agreement within the next few weeks on the revision of the suspension mechanism applied to visas.	9 of Council Decision (EU) 2015/1523 and Article 9 of Council Decision (EU) 2015/1601 establishing provisional measures in the area of international protection for the benefit of Italy and Greece.	
	6. The European Council welcomes the progress made on developing compacts with Lebanon and Jordan to enhance support for refugees and host communities in both countries, and the signing of the 'EU-Afghanistan Joint Way Forward on	COM(2015) 671 final on the European Border and Coast Guard and repealing Regulation (EC) No 2007/2004, Regulation (EC) No 863/2007 and Council Decision 2005/267/EC.	
	Migration Issues' on 2 October to tackle challenges linked to irregular migration and improve practical cooperation on returns, readmission and reintegration.	COM(2015) 668 final on a European travel document for the return of illegally staying third-country nationals.	
	7. The EU will continue cooperation with other countries and closely monitor flows along other migration routes, including the Western Mediterranean, so as to be able to rapidly react to developments.	COM(2015) 670 final amending Regulation No 562/2006 (EC) as regards the reinforcement of checks against relevant databases at external borders.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	<ul> <li>8. The European Council calls upon:</li> <li>EASO to ensure that the asylum intervention pool becomes operational as soon as possible to support at any time and in sufficient numbers frontline Member States. To that effect, Member States will communicate as soon as possible the necessary experts to EASO and EASO will complement Member States' efforts by providing the necessary training and by contracting as required additional experts or services, with the support of the Commission;</li> <li>Member States to further intensify their efforts to accelerate relocation, in particular for unaccompanied minors, and existing resettlement schemes;</li> <li>the Council to agree before the end of the year on its position on the External Investment Plan, which is aimed at boosting investments and job creation in partner countries, with a view to swift agreement with the European Parliament in the first half of 2017.</li> <li>16 September 2016 Bratislava Objective</li> <li>Never to allow return to uncontrolled flows of last year and further bring down number of irregular migrants.</li> <li>Ensure full control of our external borders and get back to Schengen.</li> </ul>	COM(2015) 673 final A European Border and Coast Guard and effective management of Europe's external borders.  C(2015) 9206 final Commission recommendation of 15.12.2015 adopting the Practical handbook for implementing and managing the European Border Surveillance System (EUROSUR Handbook).  COM(2015) 675 final Eighth biannual report on the functioning of the Schengen area.  COM(2015) 678 final Progress Report on the Implementation of the hotspots in Greece.  COM(2015) 679 final Progress Report on the Implementation of the hotspots in Italy.  COM(2015) 677 final on provisional measures in the area of international protection for the benefit of Sweden in accordance with Article 9 of Council Decision (EU) 2015/1523 and Article 9 of Council Decision (EU) 2015/1601 establishing provisional measures in the area of international protection for the benefit of Italy and Greece.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Broaden EU consensus on long term migration policy and apply the principles of responsibility and solidarity.  Concrete measures  a) full commitment to implementing the EU-Turkey statement as well as continued support to the countries of the Western Balkans  b) commitment today by a number of Member States to offer	C(2015) 9490 Commission recommendation of 15 December 2015 for a voluntary humanitarian admission scheme with Turkey.  Justice and Home Affairs Council of 9  November 2015 conclusions on measures to handle the refugee and migration crisis.	
	<ul> <li>immediate assistance to strengthen the protection of Bulgaria's border with Turkey, and continue support to other frontline States</li> <li>c) before the end of the year, full capacity for rapid reaction of the European Border and Coast Guard, now signed into law</li> <li>d) migration compacts for cooperation and dialogue with third countries to lead to reduced flows of illegal migration and</li> </ul>	Declaration of the 8 October 2015 Eastern Mediterranean - Western Balkans route conference.  Justice and Home Affairs Council 8/10/2015 of 8 October 2015 conclusions on the future of the return policy.	
	increased return rates, to be assessed by the December European Council e) work to be continued to broaden EU consensus in terms of long term migration policy, including on how to apply the principles of responsibility and solidarity in the future.	Justice and Home Affairs Council of 8 October 2015 approved additional financial assistance from the 2015 EU budget in response to the migration crisis.	
	17-18 March 2016  1. The European Council confirms its comprehensive strategy to tackle the migration crisis. Several elements of our common European response are in place today and are yielding results. Work on other elements is being taken forward diligently, so that they can be implemented as soon as possible. Priority will continue to be given to regaining control of our external borders.	COM(2015) 510 Managing the refugee crisis: State of Play of the Implementation of the Priority Actions under the European Agenda on Migration.  European Parliament resolution of 25 November 2015 on the proposal for a decision of the European Parliament and of the Council	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	2. Following the decisions of the Heads of State or Government	on the mobilisation of the Flexibility	
	of 7 March, and in the context of the Joint Action Plan with	Instrument for immediate budgetary	
	Turkey and its expansion, the European Council calls for:	measures to address the refugee crisis.	
	more work to be done on hotspots; much progress has been	<u>2015/2264(BUD)</u> .	
	achieved in making all hotspots fully operational and increasing		
	reception capacities; this effort should be continued, with the	European Parliament <u>resolution</u> of 14 October	
	full assistance of the EU, including support for Greek asylum	2015 on the proposal for a decision of the	
	structures;	European Parliament and of the Council on	
	the use of all means to support the capacity of Greece for the	the mobilisation of the Flexibility Instrument	
	return of irregular migrants to Turkey in the context of the	for immediate budgetary measures under the	
	Greek-Turkish readmission Protocol and the EU-Turkey	European Agenda on Migration.	
	readmission agreement as of 1 June 2016. Member States	<u>2015/2253(BUD).</u>	
	declare their willingness to provide Greece at short notice with		
	the necessary means, including border guards, asylum experts	European Parliament <u>resolution</u> of 14 October	
	and interpreters. The European Council asks the Commission to	2015 on the Council position on Draft	
	coordinate all necessary support for Greece, for the full	amending budget No 7/2015 of the European	
	implementation of the EU-Turkey statement, and to develop an	Union for the financial year 2015, Managing	
	operational plan. The Commission will coordinate and organise	the refugee crisis: immediate budgetary	
	together with Member States and agencies the necessary	measures under the European Agenda on	
	support structures to implement it effectively. The Commission	Migration.	
	will regularly report to the Council on its implementation;	<u>2015/2252(BUD)</u> .	
	emergency support to be provided to help Greece cope with		
	the humanitarian situation. The rapid adoption of the	COM(2015) 490 final/2 Managing the refugee	
	Regulation on emergency support is an important step in that	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	respect. The draft amending budget presented by the	legal measures under the European Agenda	
	Commission should be adopted without delay. Member	on Migration.	
	States are invited to make immediate additional contributions	C(2045) C250 + 11:1:	
	under the Civil Protection Mechanism as well as to provide	C(2015) 6250 establishing a common 'Return	
	bilateral humanitarian assistance;	Handbook' to be used by Member States'	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	<ul> <li>Commitment and/or request</li> <li>accelerated relocation from Greece, which includes conducting the necessary security checks; the number of applications now being larger than the number of offers, as shown in the Commission report of 16 March, Member States should swiftly offer more places, in line with the existing commitments.</li> <li>3. The European Council takes note of the Commission Communication 'Next operational steps in EU-Turkey cooperation in the field of migration', in particular as to how an asylum application from a migrant crossing from Turkey into Greece can be declared inadmissible, based on the concept of 'first country of asylum' or 'safe third country', in accordance with European and international law.</li> <li>4. The EU reiterates that it expects Turkey to respect the highest standards when it comes to democracy, rule of law, respect</li> </ul>	competent authorities when carrying out return related tasks.  European Parliament legislative resolution of 17 September 2015 on provisional measures in the area of international protection for the benefit of Italy, Greece and Hungary.  2015/0209(NLE).  COM(2015) 454 on Public Procurement rules in connection with the current asylum crisis.  COM(2015) 453 EU Action Plan on return.  Justice and Home Affairs Council of 3 September 2015: draft decision establishing	Remarks
	<ul> <li>standards when it comes to democracy, rule of law, respect of fundamental freedoms, including freedom of expression.</li> <li>5. The European Council reaffirms its support to Jordan and Lebanon. It calls for pledges to be disbursed promptly and EU Compacts to be finalised to enhance support to refugees and host communities in both countries.</li> <li>6. The European Council calls for strengthening of cooperation with the Western Balkans countries in tackling the migration crisis and contributing to the objectives of the European Council.</li> </ul>	provisional measures in the area of international protection for the benefit of Italy and of Greece.  Justice and Home Affairs Council of 20 July 2015: conclusions on the agreement on resettling through multilateral and national schemes 22 504 displaced persons in clear need of international protection.  Justice and Home Affairs Council of 20 July 2015: conclusions on the designation of	

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	<ol> <li>7. Further to its February 2016 conclusions, the European Council invites the European Investment Bank to present to its June meeting a specific initiative aimed at rapidly mobilising additional financing in support of sustainable growth, vital infrastructure and social cohesion in Southern neighbourhood and Western Balkans countries.</li> <li>8. The European Council is extremely vigilant as regards possible new routes for irregular migrants and calls for taking any measures that may become necessary in that respect. In this context, the fight against smugglers everywhere and by all appropriate means remains key. The EU stands ready to support the Government of National Accord, as the sole legitimate government of Libya, including, at its request, to restore stability, fight terrorism and manage migration in the central Mediterranean.</li> <li>9. The European Council reaffirms its previous conclusions on the various elements of the comprehensive strategy and is pleased with progress on the European Border and Coast Guard proposal, which should be adopted as soon as possible. Work will also be taken forward on the future architecture of the EU's migration policy, including the Dublin Regulation.</li> <li>18-19 February 2016</li> <li>5. In response to the migration crisis facing the EU, the objective must be to rapidly stem the flows, protect our external borders, reduce illegal migration and safeguard the integrity of the Schengen area. As part of this comprehensive approach, the European Council assessed, on the basis of</li> </ol>	certain third countries as safe countries of origin.  Justice and Home Affairs Council of 17 July 2015: note on the implementation of the Eurodac Regulation as regards the obligation to take fingerprints.  Proposal COM(2015) 452 for a regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing an EU common list of safe countries of origin for the purposes of Directive 2013/32/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on common procedures for granting and withdrawing international protection, and amending Directive 2013/32/EU.  2015/0211(COD).  Proposal COM(2015) 451 for a Council decision establishing provisional measures in the area of international protection for the benefit of Italy, Greece and Hungary.  2015/0209(NLE).  Proposal COM(2015) 0450 for a regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing a crisis relocation mechanism and amending Regulation (EU) No 604/2013 of the	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	<ul> <li>detailed reports from the Presidency and the Commission, the state of implementation of the orientations agreed in December.</li> <li>6. The European Council welcomes NATO's decision to assist in the conduct of reconnaissance, monitoring and surveillance of illegal crossings in the Aegean sea and calls on all members of NATO to support this measure actively. The EU, in particular FRONTEX, should closely cooperate with NATO.</li> </ul>	European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 establishing the criteria and mechanisms for determining the Member State responsible for examining an application for international protection lodged in one of the Member States by a third country national or a stateless person.  2015/0208(COD).	
	7. The full and speedy implementation of the EU-Turkey Action Plan remains a priority, in order to stem migration flows and to tackle traffickers and smugglers networks. Steps have been taken by Turkey to implement the Action Plan, notably as regards access by Syrian refugees to Turkey's labour market and data sharing with the EU. However, the flows of migrants arriving in Greece from Turkey remain much too high. We need to see a substantial and sustainable reduction of the number of illegal entries from Turkey into the EU. This calls for further, decisive efforts also on the Turkish side to ensure effective implementation of the Action Plan. The European	European Parliament resolution of 10 September 2015 on migration and refugees in Europe. 2015/2833(RSP).  European Parliament Non-legislative enactment of 9 September 2015 on the proposal for a Council decision establishing provisional measures in the area of international protection for the benefit of Italy and Greece.  2015/0125(NLE). See also 2015/2126(BUD).	
	Council welcomes the agreement reached on the Facility for Refugees in Turkey and calls on the Commission and the Member States to implement swiftly the priority projects. It also welcomes the progress on preparing a credible voluntary humanitarian admission programme with Turkey.	Foreign Affairs Council 20/07/2015: conclusions on migration.  COM(2015) 3560/2 on a European resettlement scheme.	
	8. In addition, a) regarding relations with relevant third countries, the comprehensive and tailor-made packages of incentives that	Proposal COM(2015) 286 for a Council decision establishing provisional measures in	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	are currently being developed for specific countries to ensure effective returns and readmission require the full support of the EU and the Member States. The European Council also calls on the Commission, the High Representative and the	the area of international protection for the benefit of Italy and Greece.  COM(2015) 285 EU Action Plan against	
	Member States to monitor and address any factors that may prompt migration flows;	migrant smuggling (2015 - 2020).	
	b) implementation and operational follow-up to the Valletta Summit, in particular the agreed list of 16 priority actions, should continue and be stepped up;	SWD(2015) 150 on Implementation of the Eurodac Regulation as regards the obligation to take fingerprints.	
	c) humanitarian assistance should continue to be provided to Syrian refugees and to the countries neighbouring Syria. This is an urgent global responsibility. In this context, the European	Communication COM(2015) 240 European Agenda for Migration.	
	Council welcomes the outcome of the Conference on supporting Syria and the Region in London on 4 February and calls on the Commission, Member States and all other contributing countries to rapidly implement their commitments;	European Parliament <u>resolution</u> of the 9 April 2015 on the latest tragedies in the Mediterranean and EU migration and asylum policies 2015/2660(RSP).	
	d) the continued and sustained irregular migrant flows along the Western Balkans route remain a grave concern that requires further concerted action and an end to the wave-through	20/04/2015 European Commission <u>Ten point</u> action plan on migration <u>IP/15/4813</u> .	
	approach and to uncoordinated measures along the route, taking into account humanitarian consequences for Member States affected. It is also important to remain vigilant about potential developments regarding other routes so as to be	Foreign Affairs Council 12/12/2014: conclusions on migration in EU development cooperation.	
	able to take rapid and concerted action; e) the Council adopted a Recommendation on 12 February 2016. It is important to restore, in a concerted manner, the normal functioning of the Schengen area, with full support for Member States which face difficult circumstances. We need	European Parliament Resolution of 17 December 2014 on the situation in the Mediterranean and the need for a holistic EU approach to migration. 2014/2907(RSP).	

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	to get back to a situation where all Members of the Schengen area apply fully the Schengen Borders Code and refuse entry at external borders to third-country nationals who do not satisfy the entry conditions or who have not made an asylum application despite having had the opportunity to do so, while taking into account the specificities of maritime borders, including by implementing the EU-Turkey agenda;  f) with the help of the EU, the setting up and functioning of hotspots is gradually improving as regards identification, registration, fingerprinting and security checks on persons and travel documents; however, much remains to be done, in particular to make hotspots fully functional, to ensure the full 100% identification and registration of all entries (including systematic security checks against European databases, in particular the Schengen Information System, as required under EU law), to fully implement the relocation process, to stem secondary flows of irregular migrants and asylum-seekers and to provide the significant reception facilities needed to accommodate migrants under humane conditions while their situation is being clarified. Asylum seekers do not have the right to choose the Member State in which they seek asylum;  g) the humanitarian situation of migrants along the Western Balkans route calls for urgent action using all available EU and national means to alleviate it. To this end, the European Council considers it necessary to now put in place the capacity for the EU to provide humanitarian assistance internally, in cooperation with organisations such as the UNHCR, to support countries facing large numbers of refugees and	Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 1048/2014 of 30 July 2014 laying down information and publicity measures for the public and information measures for beneficiaries pursuant to Regulation (EU) No 514/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down general provisions on the Asylum, Migration and Integration Fund and on the instrument for financial support for police cooperation, preventing and combating crime, and crisis management (OJ L 291, 07.10.2014, p. 6).	

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	migrants, building on the experience of the EU Humanitarian Aid and Civil Protection department. The European Council welcomes the Commission's intention to make concrete proposals as soon as possible;		
	h) all the elements agreed last December should be implemented rapidly, including the decisions on relocation and measures to ensure returns and readmissions. As far as the 'European Border and Coast Guard' proposal is concerned, work should be accelerated with a view to reaching a political agreement under the Netherlands Presidency and to make the new system operational as soon as possible;		
	<ul> <li>i) the European Council invites the European Investment Bank to rapidly develop ideas, in cooperation with the Commission, on how it can contribute to the EU response.</li> <li>9. The comprehensive strategy agreed in December will only bring results if all its elements are pursued jointly and if the institutions and the Member States act together and in full coordination. At the same time, progress must be made towards reforming the EU's existing framework so as to ensure a humane and efficient asylum policy. To this end, following today's in-depth discussion, preparations will be stepped up so as to allow for a comprehensive debate at the next European Council, where, on the basis of a more definitive assessment, further orientations have to be fixed and choices made.</li> </ul>		
	17-18 December 2015  1. Over the past months, the European Council has developed a strategy aimed at stemming the unprecedented migratory flows Europe is facing. However, implementation is insufficient		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	and has to be speeded up. For the integrity of Schengen to be safeguarded it is indispensable to regain control over the external borders. Deficiencies, notably as regards hotspots, relocation and returns, must be rapidly addressed. The EU institutions and the Member States must urgently: a) address the shortcomings at the Schengen external borders, notably by ensuring systematic security checks with relevant databases, and prevent document fraud; b) address deficiencies in the functioning of hotspots, including by establishing the necessary reception capacity to achieve their objectives; rapidly agree a precise calendar for further hotspots to become operational; ensure that Frontex and EASO have the necessary expertise and equipment; c) ensure systematic and complete identification, registration and fingerprinting, and take measures to tackle refusal of registration and stem irregular secondary flows; d) implement relocation decisions as well as consider including among the beneficiaries of existing decisions other Member States under high pressure who have requested this; e) take concrete measures to ensure the actual return and readmission of people not authorised to stay and provide support to Member States as regards return operations; f) enhance measures for fighting smuggling and trafficking of human beings; g) ensure implementation and operational follow up to:  • the High Level Conference on the Eastern Mediterranean - Western Balkans route; in this context, it is important to help non EU Member States along the Western Balkans route to accomplish registration according to EU standards;		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	<ul> <li>the Valletta Summit, particularly as regards returns and readmission, and</li> <li>the EU-Turkey Statement of 29 November 2015 and the EU-Turkey Action Plan; in this context COREPER is asked to rapidly conclude its work on how to mobilise the €3 billion for the Turkey Refugee Facility;</li> <li>h) continue implementing the agreed resettlement scheme;</li> <li>i) continue to closely monitor flows along migration routes so as to be able to rapidly react to developments.</li> <li>2. The Council should continue work on the crisis relocation mechanism taking into account experience gained, and rapidly decide on its position on the list of safe countries of origin. The Council is invited to rapidly examine the situation concerning Afghanistan. The Council should rapidly examine the Commission proposals of 15 December on a 'European Border and Coast Guard', the Schengen Borders Code, 'A voluntary humanitarian admission scheme', and travel documents for returns. The Council should adopt its position on the 'European Border and Coast Guard' under the Netherlands Presidency. The Commission will rapidly present the review of the Dublin system; in the meantime, existing rules must be implemented. It will also soon present a revised proposal on Smart Borders.</li> <li>3. The Presidency, the Commission and the High Representative will report back on progress before the February meeting of the European Council.</li> <li>15 October 2015</li> </ul>		
	Cooperating with third countries to stem the flows		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	<ul> <li>a) welcomes the joint Action Plan with Turkey as part of a comprehensive cooperation agenda based on shared responsibility, mutual commitments and delivery. Successful implementation will contribute to accelerating the fulfilment of the visa liberalisation roadmap towards all participating Member States and the full implementation of the readmission agreement. Progress will be assessed in spring 2016. The EU and its Member States stand ready to increase cooperation with Turkey and step up their political and financial engagement substantially within the established framework. The accession process needs to be re-energised with a view to achieving progress in the negotiations in accordance with the negotiating framework and the relevant Council conclusions.</li> <li>b) ensure effective and operational follow up to the High-level Conference on the Eastern Mediterranean/Western Balkans Route, with particular emphasis on the management of migratory flows and the fight against criminal networks;</li> <li>c) achieve concrete operational measures at the forthcoming Valletta Summit with African Heads of State or Government, focusing, in a fair and balanced manner, on effective return and readmission, dismantling of criminal networks and prevention of illegal migration, accompanied by real efforts to tackle root causes and to support the African socioeconomic development together with a commitment concerning continued possibilities for legal migration;</li> <li>d) explore possibilities for developing safe and sustainable reception capacities in the affected regions and providing lasting prospects and adequate procedures for refugees and</li> </ul>		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Specific issue	their families, including through access to education and jobs, until return to their country of origin is possible;  e) ask Member States to further contribute to the efforts made to support UNHCR, World Food Programme and other agencies, as well as to support the EU's Regional Trust Fund responding to the Syria crisis and the EU Trust Fund for Africa.  Strengthening the protection of the EU's external borders (building on the Schengen acquis)  f) work towards the gradual establishment of an integrated management system for external borders;  g) make full use of the existing Frontex mandate, including as regards the deployment of Rapid Border Intervention Teams;  h) in accordance with the distribution of competences under the Treaty, in full respect of the national competence of the Member States, enhance the mandate of Frontex in the context of discussions over the development of a European Border and Coast Guard System, including as regards the deployment of Rapid Border Intervention Teams in cases where Schengen evaluations or risk analysis demonstrate the need for robust and prompt action, in cooperation with the Member State concerned;  i) devise technical solutions to reinforce the control of the EU's external borders to meet both migration and security objectives, without hampering the fluidity of movement;  j) welcome the Commission's intention to rapidly present a package of measures with a view to improving the		
	management of our external borders.		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Responding to the influx of refugees in Europe and ensuring returns  k) in accordance with the decisions taken so far, press ahead with the establishment of further hotspots within the agreed timeframe to ensure the identification, registration, fingerprinting and reception of applicants for international protection and other migrants and at the same time ensure relocation and returns. Member States will support these efforts to the full, in the first place by meeting the calls for expertise from Frontex and EASO for the Migration Management Support Teams to work in hotspot areas and by the provision of necessary resources;  I) further to the first successful relocations, proceed rapidly with the full implementation of the decisions taken so far on relocation as well as our commitments on resettlement and on the functioning of hotspots;  m) at the same time step up implementation by the Member States of the Return Directive and, before the end of the year, create a dedicated return office within Frontex in order to scale up support to Member States;  n) enlarge the Frontex mandate on return to include the right to organise joint return operations on its own initiative, and enhance its role regarding the acquisition of travel documents for returnees;  o) promote the acceptance by third countries of an improved European return laissez-passer as the reference document for return purposes;		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	p) effectively implement all readmission commitments, whether undertaken through formal readmission agreements, the Cotonou Agreement or other arrangements; q) further increase leverage in the fields of return and readmission, using where appropriate the 'more-for-more' principle. In this regard, the Commission and the High Representative will propose, within six months, comprehensive and tailor-made incentives to be used vis-à-vis third countries.  The orientations set out above represent a further important step towards our comprehensive strategy, consistent with the right to seek asylum, fundamental rights and international obligations. There are however other important priority actions that require further discussions in the relevant fora, including the Commission proposals. And there is a need for continuing reflection on the overall migration and asylum policy of the EU. The European Council will keep developments under review.		
	23 September 2015 - respond to the urgent needs of refugees in the region by helping the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, the World Food Programme and other agencies with at least an additional €1 billion; - assist Lebanon, Jordan, Turkey and other countries in dealing with the Syrian refugee crisis, including through a substantial increase of the EU's Regional Trust Fund in response to the Syrian Crisis ('Madad Fund'); - reinforce the dialogue with Turkey at all levels, including at the upcoming visit of the Turkish President (5 October), in order to		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	strengthen our cooperation on stemming and managing the migratory flows; - assist the Western Balkan countries in handling the refugee flows, including through pre-accession instruments, as well as ensure a speedy and solid preparation of the Western Balkans route conference (8 October); - increase the funding of the Emergency Trust Fund for stability and addressing the root causes of irregular migration and displaced persons in Africa through additional contributions by Member States, and ensure an optimal preparation of the Valletta Summit (11-12 November) to achieve maximum progress; - tackle the dramatic situation at our external borders and strengthen controls at those borders, including through additional resources for Frontex, EASO and Europol, and with personnel and equipment from Member States; - meet requests from front-line Member States for assistance by the institutions, the agencies and other Member States in order to ensure identification, registration and fingerprinting of migrants (hotspots) and at the same time ensure relocation and returns, at the latest by November 2015; - enhance the funding of the Emergency Fund for Asylum, Integration and Migration and the Internal Security Fund-Borders The orientations agreed today must be complemented by the transposition and implementation by Member States of the rules of the Common Asylum System. In this context it is important to create the conditions for all Member States to participate fully in the Dublin system.		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- urge institutions, agencies and Member States to accelerate		
	their work on all aspects of the migration crisis. The Commission		
	will present proposals on the mobilisation of the EU budget to		
	support these orientations. Member States will match them with their contributions.		
	- The European Council will revert to the challenge of migration		
	at the October European Council.		
	at the October European Council.		
	25-26 June 2015		
	- Europe needs a balanced and geographically comprehensive		
	approach to migration, based on solidarity and responsibility.		
	Following the decisions taken by the European Council last April,		
	concrete measures have been taken to prevent further loss of life		
	at sea, to find new ways of confronting smugglers and to intensify		
	cooperation with countries of origin and transit, while respecting		
	the right to seek asylum. The launch of the EUNAVFOR MED		
	mission, decided on 22 June by the Council, is an important		
	contribution in this respect. Operational action to tackle the		
	traffickers and smugglers in accordance with international law is		
	an essential part of our comprehensive approach.		
	- Further to the Commission's European Agenda on Migration, work should be taken forward on all dimensions of a		
	comprehensive and systemic approach.		
	- Wider efforts, including the reinforcement of the management		
	of the Union's external borders, are required to better contain		
	the growing flows of illegal migration. Today, the European		
	Council focused on three key dimensions which must be		
	advanced in parallel: relocation/resettlement,		
	return/readmission/reintegration and cooperation with		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	countries of origin and transit. The Council will regularly assess progress in all three strands and report back later in the year.		
	Relocation/resettlement - In the light of the current emergency situation and of our commitment to reinforce solidarity and responsibility, and in line with its April decision in all its regards, including paragraph 3, the European Council agreed on the following interlinked measures to help 60.000 people: - the temporary and exceptional relocation over two years from the frontline Member States Italy and Greece to other Member States of 40.000 persons in clear need of international protection, in which all Member States will participate; - the rapid adoption by the Council of a Decision to this effect; to that end, all Member States will agree by consensus by the end of July on the distribution of such persons, reflecting the specific situations of Member States; - the setting up of reception and first reception facilities in the frontline Member States, with the active support of Member States' experts and of EASO, Frontex and Europol to ensure the		
	swift identification, registration and fingerprinting of migrants ('hotspots'). This will allow to determine those who need international protection and those who do not. The Commission will draw up, in close cooperation with the hosting Member - States, a roadmap by July 2015 on the legal, financial and operational aspects of these facilities; - the immediate provision of enhanced financial assistance to the frontline Member States to help alleviate the costs of receiving and processing applications for international protection;		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- the agreement that all Member States will participate including		
	through multilateral and national schemes in the resettling of		
	20.000 displaced persons in clear need of international		
	protection, reflecting the specific situations of Member States.		
	Return/readmission/reintegration		
	- Effective return, readmission and reintegration policies for		
	those not qualifying for protection are an essential part of		
	combating illegal migration and will help discourage people from		
	risking their lives. All tools shall be mobilised to promote		
	readmission of irregular migrants to countries of origin and		
	transit, building on the ideas presented by the Commission at the		
	Council on 16 June. In particular: - high-level dialogues with the main countries of origin of		
	irregular migrants should be launched by the High		
	Representative as soon as possible, in close cooperation with the		
	Member States. The Council, together with the Commission, will		
	prepare a global package to support the negotiations with the		
	third countries concerned;		
	- the Commission will ensure that readmission commitments are		
	implemented effectively as soon as possible, notably those under		
	the Cotonou Agreement, and that ongoing negotiations on		
	readmission agreements are accelerated and concluded as soon		
	as possible, while new negotiations will be launched with other third countries		
	- building on the 'more-for-more' principle, EU assistance and		
	policies will be used to create incentives for implementing		
	existing readmission agreements and concluding new ones.		
	Commitments set out in trade agreements regarding the		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	temporary presence of persons for the provision of services		
	should be used as an incentive to conclude		
	- readmission agreements; development policy tools should reinforce local capacity building, including for border control,		
	asylum, counter-smuggling and reintegration;		
	- Member States will fully implement the Return Directive,		
	making full use of all measures it provides to ensure the swift		
	return of irregular migrants; return decisions issued by the		
	Member States will be introduced in the Schengen Information		
	System;		
	- the Commission will set out by July 2015 how Frontex will bring		
	immediate support to frontline States on return. The		
	Commission has announced its intention to propose to amend		
	the Frontex Regulation to strengthen the role of Frontex, notably		
	so that it can initiate return missions;		
	- in order to accelerate the treatment of asylum applications, the		
	Commission will set out by July 2015 measures to be taken to use		
	EASO to coordinate the implementation of the 'safe country of		
	origin' provisions in the Asylum Procedures Directive. The		
	Commission - has indicated its intention to strengthen the 'safe country of		
	origin' provisions in the Asylum Procedures Directive, including the		
	possible establishment of a common EU list of safe countries of		
	origin;		
	- adequate means will rapidly be made available in support of an		
	effective EU return policy; furthermore, the Commission is		
	invited to make proposals in this respect in the context of the		
	2016 EU budget, and to set up a dedicated European Return		
	Programme.		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Cooperation with countries of origin and transit  It is crucial to reinforce our overall cooperation with countries of origin and transit, both on stemming the flows of irregular migrants and on tackling the root causes of migration so as to reduce the incentives for illegal migration and to combat the smuggling networks. Development assistance will play an important role in this respect.  A true partnership between European and African countries, working together to tackle illegal migration in an integrated way, is essential. The Valletta Summit will seek in particular to achieve, together with the African partners:  assistance to partner countries in their fight against smugglers;  a strengthened cooperation on an effective return policy;  better targeting of development cooperation and enhancing investments in Africa to address the root causes of migration, as well as providing economic and social opportunities.  The Council will prepare proposals for areas of cooperation with countries of origin and transit for the Valletta Summit.  The EU will also step up its cooperation with Turkey and the relevant countries in the Middle East (notably Iraq, Jordan and Lebanon).  A high-level conference will be organised to address the challenges of the Western Balkans route.		
	23 April 2015 - rapidly reinforce EU Operations Triton and Poseidon by at least tripling the financial resources for this purpose in 2015 and 2016 and reinforcing the number of assets, thus allowing to increase the search and rescue possibilities within the mandate of		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	FRONTEX. We welcome the commitments already made by		
	Member States which will allow to reach this objective in the		
	coming weeks;		
	- disrupt trafficking networks, bring the perpetrators to justice and seize their assets, through swift action by Member State		
	authorities in co-operation with EUROPOL, FRONTEX, the		
	European Asylum Support Office (EASO) and EUROJUST, as well		
	as through increased intelligence and police-cooperation with		
	third countries;		
	- undertake systematic efforts to identify, capture and destroy		
	vessels before they are used by traffickers;		
	- at the same time, the High Representative is invited to		
	immediately begin preparations for a possible CSDP operation to		
	this effect;		
	- use EUROPOL to detect and request removal of internet content		
	used by traffickers to attract migrants and refugees, in		
	accordance with national constitutions;		
	- increase support to Tunisia, Egypt, Sudan, Mali and Niger		
	among others, to monitor and control the land borders and routes, building on current CSDP operations in the region, as well		
	as on regional cooperation frameworks (Rabat and Khartoum		
	processes); step up dialogue with the African Union at all levels		
	on all these issues;		
	- reinforce our political cooperation with African partners at all		
	levels in order to tackle the cause of illegal migration and combat		
	the smuggling and trafficking of human beings. The EU will raise		
	these issues with the African Union and the key countries		
	concerned, with whom it will propose the holding of a summit in		
	Malta in the coming months;		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- step up cooperation with Turkey in view of the situation in Syria		
	and Iraq;		
	- deploy European migration liaison officers in key countries to		
	gather information on migratory flows, co-ordinate with national		
	liaison officers, and co-operate directly with the local authorities;		
	- work with regional partners in building capacity for maritime		
	border management and search and rescue operations;		
	- launch Regional Development and Protection programmes for		
	North Africa and the Horn of Africa;		
	- invite the Commission and the High Representative to mobilise		
	all tools, including through development cooperation and the		
	implementation of EU and national readmission agreements with		
	third countries, to promote readmission of unauthorised		
	economic migrants to countries of origin and transit, working		
	closely with the International Organisation for Migration;		
	- while respecting the right to seek asylum, set up a new return		
	programme for the rapid return of illegal migrants from frontline		
	Member States, coordinated by FRONTEX;		
	- increase emergency aid to frontline Member States and		
	consider options for organising emergency relocation between		
	all Member States on a voluntary basis;		
	- deploy EASO teams in frontline Member States for joint		
	processing of asylum applications, including registration and		
	finger-printing;		
	- set up a first voluntary pilot project on resettlement across the		
	EU, offering places to persons qualifying for protection.		
	- The EU institutions and the Member States will work		
	immediately on the full implementation of these orientations.		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	The Presidency and the Commission will present a roadmap		
	setting out work up to June.		
	- The European Council looks forward to the Commission		
	Communication on a European Agenda for Migration, in order to develop a more systemic and geographically comprehensive		
	approach to migration. The European Council will remain seized		
	of the situation and will closely monitor the implementation of		
	these orientations. The Council and the Commission will report		
	to the European Council in June.		
	<u>19-20 March 2015</u>		
	- The European Council deplores the continuing loss of migrants'		
	lives at sea, greatly increased by organised people smugglers and		
	human traffickers. Implementation of the actions, agreed by the		
	Council in October 2014 to better manage migratory flows,		
	should now be stepped up, including by strengthening Triton, the Frontex Operation in the Central Mediterranean. A more		
	concerted effort is needed to increase the EU's support to the		
	countries of origin and transit. The need to manage migration		
	properly concerns the EU as a whole. Hence the European		
	Council welcomes the Commission's initiative to submit in May a		
	European Agenda for Migration built around the objectives of an		
	effective asylum policy, well-managed regular migration, the		
	fight against and the prevention of illegal migration and securing		
	the external borders.		
	25.27   2044		
	26-27 June 2014:		
	- Addressing root causes of irregular migration flows is essential		
	part of EU migration policy. This, together with the prevention		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	and tackling of irregular migration, will help avoid the loss of lives of migrants undertaking hazardous journeys. A sustainable solution can only be found by intensifying cooperation with countries of origin and transit, including through assistance to strengthen their migration and border management capacity. Migration policies must become a much stronger integral part of the Union's external and development policies, applying the 'more for more' principle and building on the Global Approach to Migration and Mobility.  The focus should be on the following elements: - strengthening and expanding Regional Protection Programmes, in particular close to regions of origin, in close collaboration with UNHCR; increase contributions to global resettlement efforts, notably in view of the current protracted crisis in Syria; addressing smuggling and trafficking in human beings more forcefully, with a focus on priority countries and routes; - establishing an effective common return policy and enforcing readmission obligations in agreements with third countries; - fully implementing the actions identified by the Task Force Mediterranean.		
	19-20 December 2013: - Increase engagement with third countries in order to avoid that migrants embark on hazardous journeys towards EU Important components of comprehensive approach: Information campaigns, regional protection programmes, mobility partnerships and an effective return policy Call for reinforcement of FRONTEX border surveillance operations and actions to fight smuggling and human trafficking.		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- European Council to return to asylum and migration issue in June 2014 in a broader and longer term policy perspective, when strategic guidelines for further legislative and operational planning in the area of freedom, security and justice will be defined.		
	<ul> <li>24-25 October 2013:</li> <li>Appropriate EU development support and effective return policy should be granted.</li> <li>Closer cooperation to be ensured with relevant international organisations (UNHCR, IOM) in third countries concerned.</li> <li>Fight against trafficking and human smuggling stepped up in EU but also in countries of origin and transit.</li> <li>Calls for reinforcement of Frontex activities in Mediterranean and along South eastern borders of EU.</li> <li>Task Force Mediterranean to identify actions for a more efficient short term use of European policies and tools.</li> <li>Is to return to asylum and migration issues in June 2014.</li> </ul>		
Migration Migration flows Mobility partnerships	26-27 June 2014:  - Full implementation of actions identified by Task Force Mediterranean mentioned in EUCO conclusions 27.6.2014.  19-20 December 2013:  - Welcomed Commission communication outlining 38 operational actions and calls for mobilisation of all efforts in order to implement them within a clear timeframe to be indicated by Commission.	Ten mobility partnerships agreed: Ethiopia, Cape Verde, the Republic of Moldova, Georgia, Armenia, Morocco, Azerbaijan, Tunisia, the Kingdom of Jordan and the Republic of Belarus.  SWD(2014)0173 of 23 May 2014 'Implementation of the Communication on the Work of the Task Force Mediterranean'.	The EU has formally launched a Mobility Partnership with the Republic of Belarus 13.10.2016.  President Juncker and High Representative / Vice-President Mogherini signed the Common Agenda for Mobility and Migration (CAMM) with Ethiopia 11.11.2015. Justice and Home Affairs Council 9.11.2015 endorsed the draft Joint

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Increased engagement with third countries in order to avoid	European Parliament resolution of 23 October	Declaration establishing a Mobility
	that migrants embark on hazardous journeys towards EU to be	2013 on migratory flows in the	Partnership between the Republic
	prioritised.	Mediterranean, with particular attention to	of Lebanon and the European
	- Important components of comprehensive approach:	the tragic events off Lampedusa	<u>Union</u> .
	information campaigns, regional protection programmes,	( <u>2013/2827(RSP)</u> ).	
	mobility partnerships and an effective return policy.		Justice and Home Affairs Council
	- Reiterated importance of resettlement for persons in need of	Communication COM(2013)0869 of 4	9.10.2014: follow-up on Task Force
	protection and to contributing to global efforts in this field.	<u>December 2013</u> on the work of the Task Force	Mediterranean (first report to
	- Called for reinforcement of FRONTEX border surveillance	Mediterranean.	come out in December 2014),
	operations and actions to fight smuggling and human trafficking;		introduction of operation TRITON.
	to ensure that appropriate solidarity was shown to all Member	29.09.2014 Council confirmed agreement	See <u>14044/14</u> .
	States under high migration pressure.	regarding the joint declaration on a Common	
	- Invited Council to regularly monitor implementation of actions.	Agenda on Migration and Mobility with the	
	- Is to return to asylum and migration issue in June 2014 with	Federal Republic of Nigeria; signing expected	
	broader and longer term policy perspective; strategic guidelines	in the near future. See Presse 482.	
	for further legislative and operational planning in the area of		
	freedom, security and justice to be defined then.	9.10.2014 Mobility Partnership signed with	
	- invited the Commission to report to Council on implementation	the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan.	
	of actions set out in its communication before June 2014		
	meeting.	3.3.2014 Mobility partnership signed with	
		Tunisia.	
	23-24 June 2011:		
	- Consistent and strategic policy required to manage mobility in	5.12.2013 Mobility partnership signed with	
	a secure environment.	Azerbaijan.	
	- Objective must be to address root causes of migration at		
	structural level. To that end, and in framework of European	7.6.2013 Mobility partnership signed with	
	Neighbourhood Policy, partnerships to be developed with	Morocco.	
	Southern and Eastern Neighbourhood countries.		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Mobility Partnerships to be differentiated according to partner countries' individual merits; to be agreed with each partner country separately; to be conditional on efforts and progress made in all areas (migration, readmission, mobility and security);		
	and to include an efficient monitoring mechanism.		
	11 March 2011: - Council, in cooperation with Commission, invited to submit plan for development of capacities to manage migration and refugee flows before June 2011 European Council EU must respond to mobility challenge and promote people-topeople contacts, using such instruments as mobility partnerships with all partners sufficiently advanced in their reform processes and cooperating in fight against human trafficking and irregular		
	immigration. Commission invited to make proposals to encourage exchanges between European and South Mediterranean youth.		
	- Council should urgently agree on pending proposals on pan- Euro-Mediterranean rules of origin; Commission invited to		
	present proposals on further means to enhance trade and foreign direct investment in the region in short, medium and long term.		
Migration	15 December 2016:	Regulation (EU) 2017/850 of the European	3.5.2017 EU ambassadors
Schengen	9. The European Council welcomes the agreement on the revised	Parliament and of the Council of 17 May 2017	confirmed on behalf of the Council
monitoring system	Schengen Borders Code enforcing systematic controls on all	amending Regulation (EC) No 539/2001 listing	the informal agreement reached
	travellers crossing EU external borders and calls for its swift	the third countries whose nationals must be in possession of visas when crossing the	with the European Parliament on
	implementation by the Member States, while taking into account specific situations of some Member States. The co-legislators	external borders and those whose nationals	the proposal for a regulation amending regulation 1683/1995
	should agree by June 2017 on the Entry/Exit System and by the	are exempt from that requirement (Ukraine).	laying down a uniform format for
	end of 2017 on a European Travel Information and Authorisation	are exemperiori macregariement (ordine).	visas.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	System to ensure that visa-exempt travellers are screened systematically. It also calls for continued delivery on the interoperability of information systems and data bases.  12 February 2015:  - Full use is to be made of the existing Schengen framework to reinforce and modernise external borders' control: agreement to proceed without delay to systematic and coordinated checks on individuals enjoying the right of free movement against databases relevant to the fight against terrorism based on common risk indicators (Commission should rapidly issue operational guidelines to this effect); a targeted amendment to the Schengen Borders Code will also be considered where	Justice and Home Affairs Council of 11 May 2017 adopted a Council Implementing Decision setting out a Recommendation for prolonging temporary internal border control in exceptional circumstances putting the overall functioning of the Schengen area at risk.  European Parliament legislative resolution of 5 April 2017 on the proposal for a Council decision on the application of the provisions of the Schengen acquis in the area of the Schengen Information System in the Republic	2.5.2017 The European Commission recommended that Austria, Germany, Denmark, Sweden and Norway phase out the temporary controls currently in place at some of their internal Schengen borders over the next six months.  29.4.2017 European Commission statement on the management of flows of persons at the borders between Slovenia and Croatia.
	necessary to provide for permanent checks, based on a proposal by the Commission.  26-27 June 2014: - Schengen area and the increasing numbers of people travelling to EU require efficient management of EU's common external borders to ensure strong protection Integrated Border Management of external borders should be modernised in a cost efficient way to ensure smart border management with an entry-exit system and registered travellers programme and supported by new Agency for Large Scale IT Systems (eu-LISA); - Frontex, as an instrument of European solidarity in border management area, should reinforce its operational assistance, particularly to support Member States facing strong pressure at external borders, and increase its reactivity towards rapid	of Croatia.  Procedure: 2017/0011(NLE).  Regulation (EU) 2017/371 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 1 March 2017 amending Council Regulation (EC) No 539/2001 listing the third countries whose nationals must be in possession of visas when crossing the external borders and those whose nationals are exempt from that requirement (revision of the suspension mechanism).  Procedure: 2016/0142(COD).  European Parliament legislative resolution of 16 February 2017 on the proposal for a	2.03.2017 The Permanent Representatives Committee (Coreper) agreed on a negotiating mandate to start negotiations with the European Parliament on a proposal for an entry-exit system.  04.05.2016 The European Commission proposed the lifting of visa requirements for citizens of Turkey.  04.05.2016 European Commission proposed visa-free travel for the people of Kosovo.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	evolutions in migration flows, making full use of new European	regulation of the European Parliament and of	20.04.2016 European Commission
	Border Surveillance System EUROSUR;	the Council amending Regulation (EC) No	<u>proposed</u> visa-free travel for
	- As to long-term development of Frontex, possibility of setting	562/2006 as regards the reinforcement of	citizens of Ukraine.
	up European system of border guards to enhance control and	checks against relevant databases at external	
	surveillance capabilities at external borders should be studied.	borders.	<b>Economic and Financial Affairs</b>
	- Common visa policy needs to be modernised by facilitating	Procedure: <u>2015/0307(COD).</u>	<u>Council</u> 12.02.2016
	legitimate travel and reinforced local Schengen consular		recommendation on addressing
	cooperation while maintaining high level of security and	General Affairs Council of 7 February 2017	serious deficiencies identified
	implementing new Schengen governance system.	adopted an implementing decision setting out	during an evaluation of Greece's
		a recommendation to prolong temporary	application of the Schengen acquis
	1-2 March 2012:	internal border controls in exceptional	in the area of external border
	- Recalled importance of reaching swift agreement on Regulation	circumstances.	management.
	on the establishment of an evaluation and monitoring		
	mechanism to verify the application of the Schengen acquis; this	COM(2017) 40 of 25 January 2017 Proposal	27.01.2016 Commission discusses
	mechanism should also address required functioning of	for a Council implementing decision setting	draft Schengen Evaluation Report
	institutions involved in application of Schengen acquis.	out a Recommendation for prolonging	on Greece.
		temporary internal border control in	
	23-24 June 2011:	exceptional circumstances putting the overall	29.05.2015 – <u>Communication COM</u>
	- Enforcement of common rules, particularly through Schengen	functioning of the Schengen area at risk.	(2015) 236: European Commission
	evaluation system, to be further improved and deepened so as		adopted its 7th bi-annual report
	to be able to give an efficient response to future challenges;	Proposal for a regulation of the European	on the functioning of the
	effective and reliable monitoring and evaluation system	Parliament and the Council COM(2016) 882 of	Schengen area.
	necessary to ensure this is achieved; Commission invited to	21 December 2016 on the establishment,	
	regularly report on evaluation results and where necessary	operation and use of the Schengen	29.07.2015 – European
	propose measures to respond to any identified deficiencies.	Information System (SIS) in the	Commission launched a <u>public</u>
	- Mechanism to be introduced in order to respond to exceptional	field of border checks, amending Regulation	<u>consultation</u> on the Smart Borders
	circumstances putting overall Schengen cooperation functioning	(EU) No 515/2014 and repealing Regulation	Package.
	at risk, without jeopardising principle of free movement of	(EC) No 1987/2006	
	persons.	Procedure: <u>2016/0408 (COD)</u> .	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- It should comprise a series of measures to be applied in a gradual, differentiated and coordinated manner in order to assist	On 7 December 2016 the European Parliament and the Council reached an	C(2014) 7218 Commission report assessing situation of non-
	Member States facing heavy pressure at external borders; these	agreement on a regulation to revise the	reciprocity with certain third
	could include inspection visits and technical and financial	suspension mechanism that can be applied to	countries regarding visa policy.
	support, assistance, coordination and intervention from Frontex As a last resort in this framework: to introduce safeguard clause	all existing visa liberalisation agreements.	
	to allow exceptional reintroduction of internal border controls in	Justice and Home Affairs Council of 20 May	
	truly critical situations where Member State is no longer able to	2016 agreed its negotiating position on the	
	comply with its obligations under Schengen rules; Commission	proposed regulation to revise the suspension	
	invited to submit proposal for such a mechanism in September.  - European Border Surveillance System to be further developed	mechanism which can be applied to all existing visa liberalisation agreements.	
	as a matter of priority in order to become operational by 2013	existing visu insertinsation agreements.	
	and allow Member States' authorities carrying out border	Council adopts on 12 May recommendation	
	surveillance activities to share operational information and	for continuation of internal border controls.	
	improve cooperation.  - Called for work on 'smart borders', to ensure new technologies	COM(2016) 275 of 4 May setting out a	
	are harnessed to meet challenges of border control; in particular,	recommendation for temporary internal	
	entry/exit system and registered travellers' programme are to be	border control in exceptional circumstances	
	introduced.	putting the overall functioning of the	
	- In line with Stockholm Programme, framework for cooperation between national border guards to be further developed,	Schengen area at risk.	
	notably by promoting common training and sharing of capacities	COM(2016) 120 of 4 March Back to Schengen	
	and standards; Commission, in close cooperation with Frontex,	- A Roadmap.	
	invited to present further ideas in that respect by the end of the	Function of	
	year.	European Parliament <u>legislative resolution</u> of 14 October 2015 on the draft Council	
		Implementing Decision fixing the date of	
		effect of Decision 2008/633/JHA concerning	
		access for consultation of the Visa	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Information System (VIS) by designated authorities of Member States and by Europol for the purposes of the prevention, detection and investigation of terrorist offences and of other serious criminal offences.  2015/0807(CNS).	
		Proposal COM (2015) 303 for a regulation amending Regulation (EC) No 1683/1995 of 29 May 1995 laying down a uniform format for visas. 2015/0134 (COD).	
		Proposal COM(2015)0008 for a Regulation on a Union Code on the rules governing the movement of persons across borders (Schengen Borders Code).  Procedure: 2015/0006 (COD).	
		Justice and Home Affairs Council 5.12.2014: conclusions on Legacy of Schengen evaluation within the Council and its future role and responsibilities under the new mechanism.	
		Proposal COM(2014)0382 for a Regulation on International Protection: determining Member State responsible for examining the application of unaccompanied minors amending Regulation (EU) No 604/2013.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Proposal COM(2014)0164 of 1 April 2014 for a Regulation on the Union Code on Visas (Visa Code) (recast). SWD(2014)067 and SWD(2014)068. Procedure: 2014/0094 (COD).	
		Council Regulation (EU) No 1053/2013 of 7 October 2013 establishing an evaluation and monitoring mechanism to verify the application of the Schengen acquis (OJ L 295, 06.11.2013, p. 27).	
		Regulation (EU) No 610/2013 of 26 June 2013 of European Parliament and Council, amending Regulation (EC) No 562/2006 on the rules governing the movement of persons across borders (Schengen Borders Code) (OJ L 182, 29.06.2013, p. 1).	
		Regulation (EU) No 656/2014 of 15 May 2014 of European Parliament and Council establishing rules of surveillance of external sea borders in the context of operational cooperation coordinated by the European Agency for the Management of Operational Cooperation at the External Borders of the Management States of the EU/OLI 189, 27, 06, 2014	
		Member States of the EU (OJ L 189, 27. 06. 2014, p. 93).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Specific issue		Regulation (EU) No 1051/2013 of 22 October 2013 of European Parliament and Council amending Regulation (EC) No. 562/2006 in order to provide for common rules on the temporary reintroduction of border control at internal borders in exceptional circumstances (OJ L 295, 06.11.2013, p. 1).  Regulation (EU) No 1052/2013 of 22 October 2013 of European Parliament and Council establishing the European Border Surveillance System (Eurosur) (OJ L 295, 06.11.2013, p. 11).  Proposal COM(2013)097 of 28 February 2013 for a Regulation establishing a Registered Traveller Programme (RTP) (2013/0059 (RTP)). SWD(2013)050, SWD(2013)051 and SWD(2013)052. Procedure: 2013/0059 (COD).  Proposal COM(2013)095 of 28 February 2013 for a Regulation establishing Entry/Exit System (EES) to register entry and exit data of third country nationals. Procedure: 2013/0057 (COD). SWD(2013)047,	
		SWD(2013)048 and SWD(2013)049.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Proposal COM(2013)096 of 28 February 2013	
		for a Regulation amending Regulation (EC)	
		No 562/2006 as regards the use of the	
		Entry/Exit System (EES) and the Registered Traveller Programme (RTP). Procedure:	
		2013/0060 (COD).	
Migration	1-2 March 2012:	As of 09.06.2016, Bulgaria and Romania are	
Schengen accession	- Reiterated all legal conditions had been met for decision on	still not part of the Schengen area.	
Romania	Bulgaria's and Romania's accession to Schengen area to be taken.	-	
Bulgaria	- Asked Council to return to this issue in order to adopt decision		
	at JHA Council meeting in September 2012.		
	8-9 December 2011:		
	- Noted: all the legal conditions had been met for decision to be		
	taken in favour of accession of Bulgaria and Romania to Schengen		
	area.		
	- Called on Council to adopt this decision as soon as possible. If		
	necessary, European Council would return to this issue at its		
	March 2012 meeting.		
Migration	22-23 June 2017:	Committee of Permanent Representatives	19.07.2017 The Permanent
Common European	23. The European Council reaffirms its previous conclusions on	(Coreper) of 20 December 2016 endorsed, on	Representatives Committee
Asylum System	the reform of the Common European Asylum System (CEAS).	behalf of the Council, a mandate for	(Coreper) endorsed, on behalf of
(CEAS)	Thanks to the progress made under the Maltese Presidency,	negotiations on the regulation on the	the Council, a mandate (partial
	there is a common understanding that the reformed CEAS needs	European Union Agency for Asylum.	general approach) for negotiations
	to strike the right balance between responsibility and solidarity		on a regulation regarding the
	and that it needs to ensure resilience to future crises. The system	Justice and Home Affairs Council of 8-9	qualification standards, status and
	has to be efficient, be able to withstand migratory pressure,	December 2016 endorsed a mandate for	protection granted to refugees and
	eliminate pull factors as well as secondary movements, in	negotiations on the recast of the Eurodac	persons eligible for subsidiary
	compliance with international law, fight abuse and provide	<u>regulation</u> .	protection.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	adequate support to the most affected Member States. The	C(2016) 6311 Commission recommendation	17.05 2017 The European
	Commission is invited to explore possible solutions to alleviate	of 28 September 2016 addressed to the	Commission <u>decided</u> to move
	the burden on frontline Member States. In order to enhance	Hellenic Republic on the specific urgent	forward on the infringement
	cooperation with third countries and prevent new crises, the	measures to be taken by Greece in view of the	procedure against Hungary
	'safe third country' concept should be aligned with the effective	resumption of transfers under Regulation (EU)	concerning its asylum legislation.
	requirements arising from the Geneva Convention and EU	No. 604/2013.	
	primary law, while respecting the competences of the EU and the	COM(2045) 465	Justice and Home Affairs Council
	Member States under the Treaties. In this context, the European	COM(2016) 466 proposal for a regulation of	21.04.2016 conclusions on Asylum
	Council calls for work on an EU list of safe third countries to be	the European Parliament and of the Council	decision practices.
	taken forward. This will be part of a future overall agreement on the CEAS. The European Council invites the Council to continue	on standards for the qualification of third- country nationals or stateless persons as	10.02.2016 The Furences
	negotiations on this basis and amend the legislative proposals as	beneficiaries of international protection, for a	10.02.2016 The European Commission issued reasoned
	necessary, with the active help of the Commission. The European	uniform status for refugees or for persons	opinions against Member States in
	Council will revert to these issues.	eligible for subsidiary protection and for the	9 infringement cases concerning
	Council will revert to these issues.	content of the protection granted and	their non-transposition of the
	15 December 2016	amending Council Directive 2003/109/EC of	Common European Asylum
	6. The effective application of the principles of responsibility and	25 November 2003 concerning the status of	System.
	solidarity remains a shared objective. Sustained efforts over the	third-country nationals who are long-term	Systems
	past months to review the Common European Asylum System	residents.	10.12.2015 The European
	have shown some areas of convergence, while other areas		Commission adopted <u>8</u>
	require further work. Building on this work, the Council is invited	COM(2016) 465 proposal for a directive of the	infringement decisions for failing
	to continue the process with the aim of achieving consensus on	European Parliament and of the Council laying	to fully transpose and implement
	the EU's asylum policy during the incoming Presidency.	down standards for the reception of	the Common European Asylum
		applicants for international protection	System.
	<u>20-21 October 2016</u>	(recast).	
	9. The European Council also calls for work to be continued on		10.12.2015 The European
	the reform of the Common European Asylum System, including	COM(2016) 467 of 13 July proposal for a	Commission opens infringement
	on how to apply the principles of responsibility and solidarity in	regulation establishing a common procedure	procedure against Hungary
			concerning its asylum law.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	the future. The European Council will revert to the issue in December.	for international protection in the Union and repealing Directive 2013/32/EU.	While being completed at the European level, it still needs to be transposed and implemented by
	23 April 2015 The European Council commits to:	COM(2016) 271 of 4 May on the European Union Agency for Asylum and repealing	numerous Member States.
	n) rapid and full transposition and effective implementation of the Common European Asylum System by all participating	Regulation (EU) No 439/2010.	9.10.2014 - Justice and Home Affairs Council: Revised Greek
	Member States, thereby ensuring common European standards under existing legislation;	COM(2016) 272 of 4 May on the establishment of 'Eurodac' for the comparison of fingerprints for the effective application of	Action Plan of Asylum and Migration Management - state of play and implementation. See
	26-27 June 2014: - Full transposition and effective implementation of Common	[Regulation (EU) No 604/2013 establishing the criteria and mechanisms for determining	<u>Presse 505</u> .
	European Asylum System (CEAS) is an absolute priority: high common standards and stronger cooperation, creation of level playing field where asylum seekers are given the same	the Member State responsible for examining an application for international protection lodged in one of the Member States by a	
	procedural guarantees and protection throughout the EU are to be achieved. European Asylum Support Office (EASO) to have	third-country national or a stateless person], for identifying an illegally staying third-	
	reinforced role, particularly in promoting uniform application of acquis.	country national or stateless person and on requests for the comparison with Eurodac	
	28-29 June 2012:	data by Member States' law enforcement authorities and Europol for law enforcement	
	Welcomed progress achieved on Dublin Regulation, Directive on Reception Conditions and Directive on Asylum Procedures, and in relation to resettlement.	purposes (recast).  Procedure: 2016/0132 (COD).	
	23-24 June 2011:	COM(2016) 270 of 4 May establishing the criteria and mechanisms for determining the	
	It is crucial that the Common European Asylum System (CEAS be completed by 2012, based on high protection standards combined with fair and effective procedures capable of	Member State responsible for examining an application for international protection lodged in one of the Member States by a	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	preventing abuses and allowing for rapid examination of asylum applications in order to ensure system sustainability.	third-country national or a stateless person (recast).	
		COM(2016)197 of 6 April Towards a reform of the Common European Asylum System and Enhancing Legal Avenues to Europe.	
		CEAS completed <u>Directive 2013/32/EU of 26 June 2013</u> of European Parliament and Council on common procedures for granting and withdrawing international protection (OJ L 180, 29.06.2013, p. 60).	
		Directive 2013/33/EU of 26 June 2013 of European Parliament and Council laying down standards for the reception of applicants for international protection (OJ L 180, 29.06.2013, p. 96).	
		Directive 2011/95/EU of 13 December 2011 of European Parliament and Council on standards for the qualification of third-country nationals or stateless persons as beneficiaries of international protection, for a uniform status for refugees or for persons	
		eligible for subsidiary protection, and for the content of the protection granted (OJ L 337, 20.12.2011, p. 9).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Regulation (EU) No 604/2013 of 26 June 2013	
		of European Parliament and Council	
		establishing the criteria and mechanisms for	
		determining the Member State responsible	
		for examining application for international	
		protection lodged in one of the Member	
		States by a third-country national or a	
		stateless person (OJ L 180, 29.06.2013 p. 31).	
		Regulation (EU) No 603/2013 of 26 June 2013	
		of European Parliament and Council on the	
		establishment of 'Eurodac' for the comparison	
		of fingerprints for the effective application of	
		Regulation (EU) No 604/2013 establishing the	
		criteria and mechanisms for determining the	
		Member State responsible for examining an	
		application for international protection	
		lodged in one of the Member States by a	
		third-country national or a stateless person	
		and on requests for the comparison with	
		Eurodac data by Member States' law	
		enforcement authorities and Europol for law	
		enforcement purposes, and amending	
		Regulation (EU) No 1077/2011 establishing a	
		European Agency for the operational	
		management of large-scale IT systems in the	
		area of freedom, security and justice (OJ L	
		180, 29.06.2013, p.1).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
European Area of Security Combatting organised crime and terrorism	22-23 June 2017:  1. The European Council strongly condemns the recent terrorist attacks and stands united and firm in the fight against terrorism, hatred and violent extremism. These acts have strengthened our resolve to cooperate at EU level so as to enhance our internal security: we will fight the spread of radicalisation online, coordinate our work on preventing and countering violent extremism and addressing the ideology, thwart the financing of terrorism, facilitate swift and targeted exchanges of information between law enforcement authorities, including with trusted partners, and improve the interoperability between databases.  2. Industry has its own responsibility to help combat terrorism and crime online. Building on the work of the EU Internet Forum, the European Council expects industry to establish an Industry Forum and to develop new technology and tools to improve the automatic detection and removal of content that incites to terrorist acts. This should be complemented by the relevant legislative measures at EU level, if necessary. It calls for addressing the challenges posed by systems that allow terrorists to communicate in ways that competent authorities cannot access, including end-to-end encryption, while safeguarding the benefits these systems bring for the protection of privacy, data and communication. The European Council considers that effective access to electronic evidence is essential to combating serious crime and terrorism and that, subject to appropriate safeguards, the availability of data should be secured.	COM(2017) 489 final of 13 September 2017 – Proposal for a directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on combating fraud and counterfeiting of non-cash means of payment and replacing Council Framework Decision 2001/413/JHA.  COM(2017) 474 final — Report from the Commission to the European Parliament and the Council assessing the extent to which the Member States have taken the necessary measures in order to comply with Directive 2013/40/EU on attacks against information systems and replacing Council Framework Decision 2005/222/JHA.  COM(2017) 466 of 7 September 2017 - Tenth progress report towards an effective and genuine Security Union.  COM(2017) 407 of 26 July 2017 - Ninth progress report towards an effective and genuine Security Union.  COM(2017) 354 of 29 June 2017 — Eighth progress report towards an effective and genuine Security Union.	European Parliament decision of 6 July 2017 on setting up a special committee on terrorism, its responsibilities, numerical strength and term of office.  COM(2017) 354 Annex 1 State of play of implementing the actions set out in the Commission Communication on supporting the prevention of radicalisation leading to violent extremism to the Communication from the Commission to the European Parliament, the European Council and the Council Eighth progress report towards an effective and genuine Security Union.  COM(2017) 354 Annex 2 State of play of implementing the Action Plan for strengthening the fight against terrorist financing to the Communication from the Commission to the European Parliament, the European Council and the Council Eighth progress report towards an effective and genuine Security Union.

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	3. The agreement on the Entry/Exit System, which is expected shortly, and the finalisation before the end of the year of a European Travel Information and Authorisation System (ETIAS) will pave the way for their rapid implementation, thus enhancing external border control and internal security while taking into account specific situations in Member States which still do not fully apply the Schengen <i>acquis</i> . In that context, the European Council invites the Commission to prepare, as soon as possible, draft legislation enacting the proposals made by the High Level	com(2017) 352 of 29 June 2017 – Proposal for a regulation of the European Parliament and the Council on the European Agency for the operational management of large-scale IT systems in the area of freedom, security and justice, and amending Regulation (EC) 1987/2006 and Council Decision 2007/533/JHA and repealing Regulation (EU) 1077/2011.	26/07/2017 The European Court of Justice declares that the agreement envisaged between the European Union and Canada on the transfer of Passenger Name Record data may not be concluded in its current form.  EU-Western Balkans Ministerial
	<ul> <li>Expert Group on interoperability.</li> <li>4. We need to accelerate our collective efforts to share knowledge on foreign terrorist fighters as well as home-grown radicalised individuals and take forward policy and legal measures to manage the threat.</li> <li>5. The European Council underlines the importance of providing support to the victims of terror acts.</li> </ul>	Procedure: 2017/0145 (COD).  The Justice and Home Affairs Council of 14 September 2017 approved the conclusion of a memorandum of understanding between the European agency for the operational management of large-scale IT systems in the area of freedom, security and justice (eu-LISA) and Eurojust.	Forum on Justice and Home Affairs: Statement on Enhancing the Fight Against Illicit Trafficking of Firearms and Ammunition in the Western Balkans, 15-16.12.2016.  Justice and Home Affairs Council: Agreed its negotiating position on strengthening control of firearms, 10.6.2016.
	15 December 2016:  8. The European Council reaffirms its commitment to the implementation of the European Union Internal Security Strategy 2015-2020. The political agreement between the co-legislators on the Counter-Terrorism Directive is an important step and should be followed by swift adoption of the proposals on firearms and on anti-money laundering and implementation of new passenger name record (PNR) legislation. The European Council calls for effective cooperation with electronic service providers based inside and outside the EU.	European Parliament <u>legislative resolution</u> of 5 July 2017 on the draft Council implementing decision approving the conclusion by Eurojust of the Memorandum of Understanding between the European Agency for the operational management of large-scale IT systems in the area of freedom, security and justice and Eurojust.  Procedure: 2017/0804(CNS).	8.9.2016 opinion of the advocate-general of the European Court of Justice on the compatibility of the draft agreement between Canada and the European Union on the transfer and processing of Passenger Name Record data—'Passenger Name Record (PNR)' data—with Article 16 TFEU and

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	16 September 2016 Bratislava	COM(2017) 346 of 29 June 2017 on the	Articles 7 and 8 and Article 52(1) of
	Objective	functioning of the European Agency for the	the Charter of Fundamental Rights
	- Do everything necessary to support Member States in	operational management of large-scale IT	of the European Union.
	ensuring internal security and fighting terrorism  Concrete measures	systems in the area of freedom, security and justice (eu-LISA).	25.1.2016 Europol's new European
	a) intensified cooperation and information-exchange among	SWD(2017) 249 of 29 June 2017 eu-LISA	Counter-Terrorism Centre (ECTC)
	security services of the Member States	evaluation.	was launched.
	b) adoption of the necessary measures to ensure that all persons,		
	including nationals from EU Member States, crossing the	COM(2017) 344 of 29 June 2017 Proposal for	The <u>Justice</u> and Home Affairs
	Union's external borders will be checked against the relevant	a regulation of the European Parliament and	Council 4.12.2015 approved the
	databases, that must be interconnected	of the Council establishing a centralised	compromise text agreed with the
	c) start to set up a Travel Information and Authorisation System	system for the identification of Member	European Parliament on a draft
	(ETIAS) to allow for advance checks and, if necessary, deny	States holding conviction information on third	regulation on the European Agency
	entry of visa-exempt travellers	country nationals and stateless persons (TCN)	for Law Enforcement Cooperation
	d) a systematic effort against radicalisation, including through	to supplement and support the European	and Training (Europol).
	expulsions and entry bans where warranted as well as EU	Criminal Records Information System (ECRIS-	17.11.2015 European Commission
	support to Member States' actions in prevention	TCN system) and amending Regulation (EU)	overview of the state of play of the
	17-18 December 2015	No 1077/2011. Procedure: 2017/0144 (COD). SWD(2017)	European Agenda on Security.
	4. The Paris terrorist attacks of 13 November 2015 have only	248.	14.11.2015 <u>Statement of the EU</u>
	strengthened our resolve to continue our uncompromising fight	240.	heads and EU institutions on
	against terrorism and to make full use of all the tools at our	The conclusions of the Justice and Home	attacks in Paris.
	disposal, including close cooperation with key partners such as	Affairs Council of 18 May 2017 on setting the	detaons in Faria
	the United States. The measures set out in the Statement of the	EU's priorities for the fight against organised	4.9.2015 – <u>EU-wide rules</u> against
	Heads of State or Government of 12 February 2015, including	and serious international crime between 2018	cyber attacks came into force.
	those operationalised by the Council conclusions of 20	and 2021.	,
	November 2015, need to be urgently implemented. The		1.9.2015 – publication by
	European Council will keep the situation regularly under review.		European Commission of

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The state of the s	<ul> <li>Commitment and/or request</li> <li>5. The recent terrorist attacks demonstrate in particular the urgency of enhancing relevant information sharing, notably as regards: <ul> <li>a) ensuring the systematic entry of data on foreign terrorist fighters into the Schengen Information System II;</li> <li>b) ensuring the systematic sharing of criminal records data for people connected to terrorism (and serious and organised crime) and the extension of European Criminal Records Information System (ECRIS) to third country nationals;</li> <li>c) ensuring the interoperability of the relevant databases with regard to security checks;</li> <li>d) improving information exchange between Member States' counter-terrorism authorities, supporting the work of the new Europol CT Centre, and</li> <li>e) increasing Member States' contributions to Europol databases, as well as providing for the access of Europol and Frontex to relevant databases.</li> </ul> </li> <li>6. The agreement between the co-legislators on the proposal for a Directive on the use of passenger name record (PNR) data for the prevention, detection, investigation and prosecution of terrorist offences and serious crime paves the way for its rapid adoption and implementation which will constitute a</li> </ul>	COM(2017) 261 of 16 May 2017 – Seventh progress report towards an effective and genuine Security Union.  European Parliament legislative resolution of 27 April 2017 on the draft Council implementing decision approving the conclusion by the European Police Office (Europol) of the Agreement on Operational and Strategic Cooperation between the Kingdom of Denmark and Europol. Procedure: 2017/0803(CNS).  COM(2017) 213 of 12 April 2017 – Sixth progress report towards an effective and genuine Security Union  The Justice and Home Affairs Council of 27 March 2017 adopted conclusions on the action plan to strengthen the European response to travel document fraud.	Remarks  Radicalisation Awareness Network (RAN) Collection of Approaches and Practices for the prevention of radicalisation.  24.6.2015 Europol supported international operation to tackle organised crime (Operation Blue Amber).  10.6.2015 Follow-up to the statement of the Members of the European Council of 12 February 2015 on counter-terrorism: Report on implementation of measures.  1.7.2015 – Europol launched the European Union Internet Referral Unit (EU IRU) to combat terrorist propaganda and related violent
	crucial step in the fight against terrorism. The European Council recalls the commitment of all Member States to apply the PNR to intra-EU flights, as well as to non air-carriers such as travel agencies and tour operators.  7. The commitment made by the Heads of State or Government last February for deeper cooperation between security services should be further pursued, in full respect of Member	Directive (EU) 2017/541 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 March 2017 on combating terrorism and replacing Council Framework Decision 2002/475/JHA and amending Council Decision 2005/671/JHA.	extremist activities on the internet.  17.02.2015 Updated draft report by EP rapporteur on the use of Passenger Name Record data for the prevention, detection,

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	States' sole responsibility for national security, notably by structuring further their information exchange so that interested Member States can engage in enhanced joint operational threat analysis.  8. It is also crucial that Member States implement systematic and coordinated checks at external borders, including on individuals enjoying the right of free movement.  9. The Council will rapidly examine the Commission proposals on combatting terrorism and on firearms, in particular on high-powered semi-automatic weapons. Member States should fully implement the Regulation on explosives precursors.  10. The Council and the Commission will take rapidly further action against terrorist finance in all domains identified by the Council of 20 November; regarding in particular asset freeze and other restrictive measures, priority should be given to strengthening and, if need be, extending the existing measures to tackle ISIL/Da'esh-related activity throughout the EU.  11. The EU will urgently strengthen counter-terrorism engagement with partners in North Africa, the Middle East, Turkey and the Western Balkans.  12. To support criminal investigations, work will be taken forward on obtaining electronic evidence, especially when located abroad. This will include further engagement with the internet industry.  13. The Commission, the High Representative and the EU Counter-terrorism Coordinator will monitor the situation closely and report to the Council.	European Parliament legislative resolution of 14 March 2017 on the proposal for a directive of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Council Directive 91/477/EEC on control of the acquisition and possession of weapons.  Procedure: 2015/0269(COD).  COM(2017) 203 of 2 March 2017 – Fifth progress report towards an effective and genuine Security Union.  European Parliament legislative resolution of 16 February 2017 on the proposal for a directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on combating terrorism and replacing Council Framework Decision 2002/475/JHA on combating terrorism.  Procedure: 2015/0281(COD).  European Parliament legislative resolution of 14 February 2017 on the draft Council implementing decision amending Decision 2009/935/JHA as regards the list of third States and organisations with which Europol shall conclude agreements.  Procedure: 2016/0823(CNS).	investigation and prosecution of terrorist offences and serious crime. Procedure 2011/0023(COD) 15.01.2015.  11.01.2015 Joint Statement of European interior ministers.  Justice and Home Affairs Council 5.12.2014: ministers agreed to assess the need to update Framework Decision 2002/475/JHA on combating terrorism in light of the recently adopted UN Security Council Resolution 2178(2014).  Justice and Home Affairs Council 9.10.2014 - implementation follow-up on EU priorities in combatting serious and organised international crime; Operation Archimedes results presented.  Justice and Home Affairs Council 5.12.2014: took note of the Presidency's information regarding a proposal for a directive on the use of PNR data for the prevention, detection,

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Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	25-26 June 2015 - further to the Commission's 'European Agenda on Security' and the Council conclusions of 16 June 2015, work will be taken forward on the renewed European Union Internal Security Strategy; full implementation of the orientations on the fight against terrorism agreed at the February 2015 meeting remains a priority;	Council Decision (CFSP) 2017/154 of 27 January 2017 updating the list of persons, groups and entities subject to Articles 2, 3 and 4 of Common Position 2001/931/CFSP on the application of specific measures to combat terrorism, and repealing Decision (CFSP) 2016/1136.	investigation and prosecution of terrorist offences and serious crimes; ministers agreed on the urgency to adopt this directive and called on EP to adopt a position as soon as possible.
	12 February 2015:  - The security of citizens is an immediate necessity; tools we already have must be better implemented and further developed, in particular to detect and disrupt terrorist-related travel, notably foreign terrorist fighters. It is asked that:	COM(2017) 41 of 25 January 2017 – Fourth progress report towards an effective and genuine Security Union.  Proposal for a directive of the European	General Affairs Council 10.2.2015: agreement with EP on strengthened rules to prevent money laundering and terrorist financing approved.
	<ul> <li>EU legislators adopt a strong and effective European Passenger Name Records directive with solid data protection safeguards;</li> <li>Full use is to be made of the existing Schengen framework to reinforce and modernise external borders' control:</li> </ul>	Parliament and the Council COM(2016) 826 of 21 December 2016 on countering money laundering by criminal law.  Procedure: 2016/0414 (COD).	General Affairs Council 10.2.2015: Europol work programme for 2015 endorsed. 5.6.2014 JHA Council: new draft regulation aimed at 'lisbonising'
	agreement to proceed without delay to systematic and coordinated checks on individuals enjoying the right of free movement against databases relevant to the fight against terrorism based on common risk indicators (Commission should rapidly issue operational guidelines to this effect); a	Proposal <u>COM(2016)</u> 7 <u>final</u> for a Directive amending Council Framework Decision 2009/315/JHA, as regards the exchange of information on third country nationals and as regards the European Criminal Records	current Council decision on Europol.
	targeted amendment to the Schengen Borders Code will also be considered where necessary to provide for permanent checks, based on a proposal by the Commission;  - Law enforcement and judicial authorities step up information sharing and operational cooperation including through Europol and Eurojust;	Information System (ECRIS), and replacing Council Decision 2009/316/JHA.  Proposal for a regulation of the European Parliament and the Council COM(2016) 825 of 21 December 2016 on controls on cash	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	<ul> <li>All competent authorities should increase cooperation in the fight against illicit trafficking of firearms, incl. the swift adaptation of relevant legislation;</li> <li>Member States' security services must deepen their cooperation;</li> <li>Members States should quickly implement the strengthened rules to prevent money laundering and terrorist financing, and all competent authorities should step up action to trace financial flows and to freeze effectively assets used for financing terrorism;</li> <li>Work towards the adoption of the Network and Information Security Directive should advance rapidly, given the importance of cyber-security;</li> <li>Preventing radicalisation is a key element of the fight against terrorism so instruments need to be brought together in a comprehensive approach to address this phenomenon. The European Council calls for:</li> <li>Adequate measures to be taken, in accordance with national constitutions, to detect and remove internet content promoting terrorism or extremism, incl. through greater cooperation between public authorities and the private sector at EU level, also working with Europol to establish internet referral capabilities;</li> <li>Communication strategies to promote tolerance, non-discrimination, fundamental freedoms and solidarity throughout the EU, incl. through stepping up inter-faith and other community dialogue, and narratives to counter terrorist ideologies, incl. by giving a voice to victims;</li> </ul>	21 December 2016 on the establishment, operation and use of the Schengen Information System (SIS) in the field of police cooperation and judicial cooperation in criminal matters, amending Regulation (EU) No 515/2014 and repealing Regulation (EC)	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	<ul> <li>Initiatives regarding education, vocational training, job opportunities, social integration and rehabilitation in the judicial context to address factors contributing to radicalisation, incl. in prisons.</li> <li>26-27 June 2014:         <ul> <li>Effective EU counter terrorism policy is needed, whereby all relevant actors work closely together, integrating internal and external aspects of the fight against terrorism. In this context, European Council reaffirms the role of the EU Counter Terrorism Coordinator. In its fight against crime and terrorism, the EU should back national authorities by mobilising all instruments of judicial and police cooperation, with a reinforced coordination role for Europol and Eurojust, including through:</li></ul></li></ul>	progress report towards an effective and genuine Security Union.  20 December 2016 Agreement reached between the European Parliament and the Council on the proposal for a directive on control of the acquisition and possession of weapons, which reviews and completes	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		COM(2016) 670 of 12 October 2016 First progress report towards an effective and genuine Security Union.	
		COM(2016) 602 of 14 September 2016 Enhancing security in a world of mobility: improved information exchange in the fight against terrorism and stronger external borders.	
		General Affairs Council 20/09/2016 adopted a legal framework which allows the EU to apply sanctions autonomously to ISIL/Da'esh and Al-Qaida and persons and entities associated or supporting them.	
		Justice and Home Affairs Council 9/06/2016 conclusions on improving criminal justice in cyberspace.	
		COM(2016) 491 of 7 September proposal for a regulation establishing a Union certification system for aviation security screening equipment.	
		COM(2016) 379 final of 14 June 2016 Communication on supporting the prevention of radicalisation leading to violent extremism.	

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Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Justice and Home Affairs Council 9/06/2016	
		conclusions on the European Judicial Cybercrime Network.	
		Cyclicianic rections.	
		Justice and Home Affairs Council 9/06/2016	
		endorsed a roadmap to enhance information	
		exchange and information management including interoperability solutions in the	
		Justice and Home Affairs area.	
		Adopted	
		Regulation (EU) 2016/794 of the European	
		Parliament and of the Council of 11 May 2016	
		on the European Union Agency for Law Enforcement Cooperation (Europol) and	
		replacing and repealing Council Decisions	
		2009/371/JHA, 2009/934/JHA,	
		2009/935/JHA, 2009/936/JHA and	
		2009/968/JHA. Procedure: <u>2013/0091(COD)</u> .	
		COM(2016) 230 of 20 April delivering on the	
		European Agenda on Security to fight against	
		terrorism and pave the way towards an	
		effective and genuine Security Union.	
		Justice and Home Affairs Council 21/04/2016	
		adopted a directive on the use of passenger	
		name record (PNR) data for the prevention,	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		detection, investigation and prosecution of terrorist offences and serious crime.	
		European Parliament <u>legislative resolution</u> of 14 April 2016 on the proposal for a directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on the use of Passenger Name Record data for the prevention, detection, investigation and prosecution of terrorist offences and serious crime. Procedure: <u>2011/0023(COD)</u> .	
		European Parliament <u>legislative resolution</u> of 14 April 2016 on the Council position at first reading with a view to the adoption of a directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by competent authorities for	
		the purposes of the prevention, investigation, detection or prosecution of criminal offences or the execution of criminal penalties, and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Council Framework Decision 2008/977/JHA. Procedure: 2012/0010(COD).	
		COM(2015) 624 on Implementing the European Agenda on Security: EU action plan against illicit trafficking in and use of firearms and explosives.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		COM/2016/050 on an Action Plan for strengthening the fight against terrorist financing.	
		Economic and Financial Affairs Council 12/02/2016 conclusions on the fight against the financing of terrorism.	
		Justice and Home Affairs Council 04/12/2015 approved the compromise text agreed with the European Parliament on the proposal for a directive on the use of passenger name	
		record (PNR) data for the prevention, detection, investigation and prosecution of terrorist offences and serious crime.	
		European Parliament <u>legislative resolution</u> of 16 December 2015 on the draft Council implementing decision approving the	
		conclusion by the European Police Office (Europol) of the Agreement on Operational and Strategic Cooperation between Bosnia and Herzegovina and Europol.	
		2015/0808(CNS).  European Parliament <u>legislative resolution</u> of 15 December 2015 on the draft Council	
		implementing decision approving the	

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Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		conclusion by the European Police Office	
		(Europol) of the Agreement on Strategic Cooperation in the fight against serious crime	
		and terrorism between the United Arab	
		Emirates and Europol.	
		2015/0809(CNS).	
		European Parliament resolution of 25	
		November 2015 on the prevention of	
		radicalisation and recruitment of European	
		citizens by terrorist organisations.	
		<u>2015/2063(INI).</u>	
		Justice and Home Affairs Council 20/11/2015	
		Conclusions of the Council of the EU and of	
		the Member States meeting within the	
		Council on Counter-Terrorism.	
		Justice and Home Affairs Council 20/11/2015	
		Conclusions of the Council of the European	
		Union and of the Member States meeting	
		within the Council on enhancing the criminal	
		justice response to radicalisation leading to	
		terrorism and violent extremism.	
		Proposal COM (2015)750 for a directive of the	
		European Parliament and of the Council	
		amending Council Directive 91/477/EEC on	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		control of the acquisition and possession of weapons. 2015/0269(COD).	
		Commission regulation C(2015)9100/1 establishing common guidelines on deactivation standards and techniques for ensuring that deactivated firearms are rendered irreversibly inoperable.	
		Report from the Commission COM (2015)751 to the European Parliament and the Council Evaluation of Council Directive 91/477/EC of 18 June 1991, as amended by Directive 2008/51/EC of 21 May 2008, on control of the acquisition and possession of weapons.	
		Proposal COM(2015) 625 on combating terrorism and replacing Council Framework Decision 2002/475/JHA on combating terrorism.	
		COM(2015)285 EU Action Plan against migrant smuggling (2015 - 2020).	
		Justice and Home Affairs Council 15-16/06/2015: conclusions on the Renewed European Union Internal Security Strategy 2015-2020.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		European Parliament <u>resolution</u> of 9 July 2015	
		on the European Agenda on Security. 2015/2697(RSP).	
		Proposal COM (2015)292 for a Council decision on the signing, on behalf of the	
		European Union, of the Council of Europe	
		Convention on the Prevention of Terrorism	
		(CETS No 196).	
		<u>2015/0131 (NLE)</u> .	
		Proposal COM (2015)291 for a Council	
		decision on the signing, on behalf of the	
		European Union, of the Additional Protocol to the Council of Europe Convention on the	
		Prevention of Terrorism (CETS No 196).	
		2015/0130 (NLE).	
		Justice and Home Affairs Council 08/10/2015	
		conclusions on strengthening the use of	
		means of fighting trafficking of firearms.	
		Directive 2015/849 of the European	
		Parliament and the Council of 20 May 2015 on	
		the prevention of the use of the financial	
		system for the purposes of money laundering or terrorist financing, amending Regulation	
		(EU) No 648/2012 of the European Parliament	
		and of the Council, and repealing Directive	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		2005/60/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and Commission Directive 2006/70/EC.	
		Communication COM(2015)185 entitled 'European Agenda on Security: Strengthening EU cooperation in the fight against terrorism, organised crime and cybercrime'.	
		Foreign Affairs Council conclusions 9/2/2015: conclusions on counter-terrorism.  European Parliament Resolution of 11 February 2015 on anti-terrorism measures. 2015/2530(RSP).	
		Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/64 amending for the 224th time Council Regulation (EC) No 881/2002 imposing certain specific restrictive measures directed against	
		certain persons and entities associated with the Al-Qaeda network (OJ L 11, 17.1.2015, p. 65).	
		Justice and Home Affairs Council 5/12/2014 approved guidelines for the EU Strategy for Combating Radicalisation and Recruitment to Terrorism.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Justice and Home Affairs Council 04/12/2014 EU Counter-Terrorism Coordinator report on the implementation of the EU Counter- terrorism strategy December 2012-mid- October 2014. 15799/14.	
		European Parliament <u>legislative resolution</u> of 11 March 2014 on the proposal for a directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on the prevention of the use of the financial system for the purpose of money laundering and terrorist financing. Procedure 2013/0025(COD).	
		Proposal COM(2013)0045 for a Directive on Prevention of the use of the financial system for the purpose of money laundering and terrorist financing. Procedure: 2013/0025 (COD). SWD(2013)0021 and SWD(2013)0022. EP Resolution of 17 December 2014 on reviewing the EU Internal Security Strategy Procedure: 2014/2918(RSP).	
		Justice and Home Affairs Council 4/12/2014 conclusions on the development of a renewed European Union Internal Security Strategy. 15670/2014.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		European Parliament <u>legislative resolution</u> of	
		25 February 2014 on the proposal for a	
		regulation of the European Parliament and of	
		the Council on the European Union Agency for	
		Law Enforcement Cooperation and Training	
		(Europol) and repealing Decisions	
		2009/371/JHA and 2005/681/JHA.	
		Procedure: 2013/0091(COD).	
		Proposal COM(2013)0173 of 27 March 2013	
		for a new Europol Regulation; merger with	
		Cepol so far opposed by Parliament and	
		Council, but revision of original regulation	
		remains a high priority. Procedure: 2013/0091	
		(COD). SWD(2013)098, SWD(2013)099 and	
		SWD(2013)0100.	
		Justice and Home Affairs Council 4/12/2014	
		resolution on creation of an operational	
		network to counter mafia- style serious and	
		organised crime groups.	
		Council Decision 2012/381/EU of 13	
		<u>December 2011</u> on the conclusion of the	
		Agreement between the European Union and	
		Australia on the processing and transfer of	
		Passenger Name Record (PNR) data by air	
		carriers to the Australian Customs and Border	
		Protection Service (OJ L 186, 14.07.2012, p. 3).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
European Area of Justice European Area of Justice	26-27 June 2014:  - Smooth functioning of a true European area of justice with respect to different legal systems and traditions of Member States is vital for the EU: mutual trust in one another's justice systems to be further enhanced. Further action is required to:  - promote consistency and clarity of EU legislation for citizens and businesses;  - simplify access to justice; promote effective remedies and use of technological innovations including use of e-justice;  - continue efforts to strengthen rights of accused and suspect persons in criminal proceedings;  - examine reinforcement of rights of persons, notably children, in proceedings to facilitate enforcement of judgements in family law and in civil and commercial matters with cross-border implications;  - reinforce protection of victims;  - enhance mutual recognition of decisions and judgments in civil and criminal matters;  - reinforce exchanges of information between authorities of Member States;	Proposal COM(2013)0528 of 18 July 2013 for a Council Decision on the conclusion of Agreement with Canada on transfer of PNR data. Procedure: 2013/0250 (NLE).  European Parliament Resolution of 12/09/2013 on implementation of the of the EU Internal Security Strategy Procedure 2013/2636(RSP).  European Parliament resolution of 5 October 2016 on the European Public Prosecutor's Office and Eurojust. 2016/2750(RSP).  Communication COM(2014)0158 of 19 March 2014: 'A New EU Framework to Strengthen Rule of Law'.  Proposal COM(2013)0824 of 27 November 2013 for a Directive on provisional legal aid for suspects or accused persons deprived of liberty and legal aid in European arrest warrant proceedings. Procedure: 2013/0409 (COD). SWD(2013)0476, SWD(2013)0477 and SWD(2013)0499.  Adopted	General Affairs Council of 7 February 2017 registered the absence of unanimity in support of the proposal for a regulation creating a European Public Prosecutor's office. A group of at least nine Member States can refer the text for discussion to the European Council for a final attempt at securing consensus on the proposal. If this does not prove possible, enhanced cooperation can be considered.  Justice and Home Affairs Council 13-14.10.2016 reached a provisional agreement on the last set of articles of the draft regulation establishing the European Public Prosecutor's Office.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- fight fraudulent behaviour and damages to EU budget, including by advancing negotiations on European Public Prosecutor's Office (EPPO); - facilitate cross-border activities and operational cooperation; - enhance training for practitioners; - mobilise expertise of relevant EU agencies such as Eurojust and the Fundamental Rights Agency (FRA).	Directive (EU) 2017/1371 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 July 2017 on the fight against fraud to the Union's financial interests by means of criminal law.  Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on procedural safeguards for children suspected or accused in criminal proceedings.  Proposal COM(2013)0822 of 27 November 2013 for a Directive to establish common minimum standards on procedural safeguards for children suspected or accused in criminal proceedings. Procedure: 2013/0408 (COD).  European Parliament resolution of 29 April 2015 on the proposal for a Council regulation on the establishment of the European Public Prosecutor's Office. Procedure 2013/0091(COD).  Justice and Home Affairs Council 12/02/2016 adopted a directive on the strengthening of certain aspects of the presumption of innocence and the right to be present at trial in criminal proceedings.	15.12.2015 Council and the European Parliament reached an agreement on the proposal for a directive on procedural safeguards for children.  11/2015 EU Agency for Fundamental Rights report on surveillance by intelligence services: fundamental rights safeguards and remedies in the EU.  4.11.2015 Coreper approved a compromise text agreed with the European Parliament on a directive on the strengthening of certain aspects of the presumption of innocence and the right to be present at trial in criminal proceedings.  Justice and Home Affairs Council 13.03.2015: agreement on the right to provisional legal aid for citizens suspected or accused of a crime and for those subject to a European arrest warrant.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Proposal COM(2013)0821 of 27 November 2013 for a Directive to ensure right to a fair trial by setting out common minimum standards on certain aspects of the presumption of innocence and of the right to be present at trial in criminal proceedings. Procedure: 2013/0407 (COD).  SWD(2013)0478, SWD(2013)0479 and	6.6.2014 Justice and Home Affairs Council: agreement on general approach. See Presse 328.  Justice and Home Affairs Council 9.10.2015 provisionally agreed certain articles of the draft regulation establishing the European public prosecutor's
		Proposal COM(2013)0534 of 17 July 2013 for a Council Regulation on the establishment of the European Public Prosecutor's Office (EPPO). Procedure: 2013/0255 (APP).	office.  10.10.2014 Debate in Council: Presidency briefed Council on state of play of proposal.
		SWD(2013)0274 and SWD(2013)0275.	Justice and Home Affairs Council 5.12.2014: proposal debated; main points of debate were how to ensure the independence of decision-making of the EPPO; ministers agreed to discuss Articles 13 and 14 of the proposal in light of suggestions by the Presidency.

# VI. External Policies Analytical Summary

#### Main commitment

In June 2016, the European Council 'welcomed the presentation' of the <u>Global Strategy for the European Union</u> and set its implementation as a main objective in EU external relations. At their <u>December 2016</u>, <u>March 2017</u> and <u>June 2017</u> meetings, the Heads of State or Government took stock of the implementation work carried out so far and recognised the 'significant progress' made in external security and defence. EU leaders will once again <u>discuss</u> European defence cooperation in October 2017.

## State of play

The security landscape has fundamentally changed in recent years, with the EU increasingly facing security challenges in its neighbourhood, both to the east and the south. The European Council has <u>followed crises</u> in the EU's neighbourhood closely, with particular attention over the past three years to Ukraine, Libya and Syria. More recently, at the March 2017 meeting the EU leaders considered the situation in the Western Balkans, <u>defining</u> it as 'fragile'.

#### **Ukraine**

EU leaders have repeatedly confirmed their support for the implementation of the Minsk Agreements. In June 2017, the French President, Emmanuel Macron, and the German Chancellor, Angela Merkel, <u>informed</u> their colleagues in the European Council of the meagre progress made in implementing the agreements. New rounds of talks/negotiations took place in the <u>Normandy format</u> in <u>the summer of 2017</u>. More recently, on 19 September 2017, on the fringe of the UN General Assembly, European Council President Donald Tusk <u>met</u> with the President of Ukraine, Petro Poroshenko to discuss the situation in the Donbas area. The European Council will, most probably, follow up on developments in Ukraine at one of its upcoming meetings in 2017. The European Parliament has voted on nine resolutions concerning Ukraine since 2014.<sup>2</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For a list of European Parliament resolutions on Ukraine, see below.

#### <u>Libya</u>

At its <u>February 2017</u>, <u>March 2017</u> and <u>June 2017</u> meetings, the European Council <u>discussed</u> the situation in Libya as part of the broader debate on migration. EU leaders reiterated their support for the Libyan authorities and called for action to strengthen capacity building efforts, including through the training and equipping of the Libyan coast guard. Prior to this, in 2016, Libya was <u>discussed</u> in some instances as part of the migration debate and in other cases as part of the foreign policy debate.

The destabilisation in Libya is of concern, as the power vacuum has created lawlessness, inducing potential for spillover in neighbouring regions. In recent years the European Council has repeatedly <u>stressed</u> its view that a political solution to reduce instability in Libya is critical, both for Libya and for its neighbours. The European Parliament adopted <u>one</u> resolution on the situation in Libya in 2015 and a <u>second</u> one in 2016.

### <u>Syria</u>

The European Council last discussed Syria at its December 2016 meeting. The main concerns were linked to the political and military situation on the ground, and the high number of displaced persons both in Syria and in neighbouring countries. So far in 2017, Syria has not featured on the agenda of the European Council. The Ministers of Foreign Affairs in the Council have continued to monitor the evolution of the situation closely. The Council has also adopted the EU Strategy on Syria, and renewed by one-year (until May 2018) existing sanctions. The European Parliament has adopted six resolutions on the situation in Syria since 2015.<sup>3</sup>

#### Main challenges and outlook

The main challenge in the coming months continues to be the implementation of the security and defence component of the EU Global Strategy. Based on its <u>June 2017</u> strategic guidelines and timelines, the European Council will principally but not exclusively, focus in the coming months on progress made on <u>setting</u> up Permanent Structured Cooperation (PESCO) on defence. As announced by President Tusk in his <u>letter</u> of September 2017, PESCO will be high on the agenda with the aim of launching it in December. It also remains to be seen to which extent the concept of 'a fully-fledged European Defence Union', evoked by European Commission President Jean-Claude Juncker in his '<u>State of the Union</u>' address, will attract the EU leaders' attention in the autumn of 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> For a list of European Parliament resolutions on Syria, see below.

Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks			
VI.1 Common Security and Defence Policy (CSDP)					
22-23 June 2017 The European Council reiterates its commitment to strengthening EU cooperation on external security and defence so as to protect the Union and its citizens and contribute to peace and stability in its neighbourhood and beyond. Together with all its diplomatic and civil capabilities, the EU brings a unique mix of possibilities to this enterprise. As reflected in the Council conclusions of 18 May and 19 June 2017, significant progress has been achieved in implementing the EU Global Strategy in the area of Security and Defence and the Joint Declaration signed in Warsaw by EU and NATO leaders.()To strengthen Europe's security and defence in today's challenging geopolitical environment and to help reach the level of ambition of the EU expressed in the EU Global Strategy, the European Council agrees on the need to launch an inclusive and ambitious Permanent Structured Cooperation (PESCO). A common list of criteria and binding commitments, fully in line with Articles 42(6) and 46 TEU and Protocol 10 to the Treaty - including with a view to the most demanding missions - will be drawn up by Member States within three months, with a precise timetable and specific assessment mechanisms, in order to enable Member States which are in a position to do so to notify their intentions to participate without delay. This work has to be consistent with Member States' national defence planning and commitments agreed within NATO and the UN by Member States concerned. Concrete collaborative projects and initiatives should also be identified in support of PESCO's common goals, commitments and criteria. To strengthen the EU's rapid response toolbox, the European	Foreign Affairs Council of 17 July 2017 The Council discussed the implementation of the EU Global Strategy.  Foreign Affairs Council of 19 June 2017 discussed the implementation of the EU Global Strategy and adopted a report on its one-year implementation.  One-year report Global Strategy implementation report.  JOIN(2017)450 of 13 September 2017 on resilience, deterrence and defence: building strong cyber-security for the EU.  COM(2017)3015 of 7 June 2017 Reflection Paper on the Future of European Defence.  COM(2017)295 of 7 June 2017 on launching the European Defence Fund.  Foreign Affairs Council (Defence) of 18 May 2017 adopted conclusions on Security and Defence in the context of the EU Global Strategy (9178/17).  Commission Decision C(2017)2262 final of 11 April 2017 on the financing of the 'Preparatory action on Defence research' and	Remarks by HR/VP at the press conference following the informal meeting of EU Ministers of Defence, 7.9.2017.  Remarks by the High Representative/Vice-President Federica Mogherini at the press conference following the Foreign Affairs Council (Defence), 18.5.2017.  EU policy on training for Common Security and Defence Policy, 3.4.2017.  2017 EU crisis management military exercise, 3.4.2017.  EU Security and Defence package, 15.12.2016.  Remarks by President Donald Tusk after the European Council meeting, 15.12.2016.  Taking EU-NATO cooperation to a new level, Joint opinion by			
borne as a common cost by the EU-managed Athena mechanism on a permanent basis. It also urges the Council to speed up its work on greater responsiveness of the civilian crisis	European Parliament resolution of 16 March 2017 on the constitutional, legal and	President of the European Council, Donald Tusk, President of the European Commission, Jean- Claude Juncker and NATO			
	ity and Defence Policy (CSDP)  22-23 June 2017  The European Council reiterates its commitment to strengthening EU cooperation on external security and defence so as to protect the Union and its citizens and contribute to peace and stability in its neighbourhood and beyond. Together with all its diplomatic and civil capabilities, the EU brings a unique mix of possibilities to this enterprise. As reflected in the Council conclusions of 18 May and 19 June 2017, significant progress has been achieved in implementing the EU Global Strategy in the area of Security and Defence and the Joint Declaration signed in Warsaw by EU and NATO leaders.()To strengthen Europe's security and defence in today's challenging geopolitical environment and to help reach the level of ambition of the EU expressed in the EU Global Strategy, the European Council agrees on the need to launch an inclusive and ambitious Permanent Structured Cooperation (PESCO). A common list of criteria and binding commitments, fully in line with Articles 42(6) and 46 TEU and Protocol 10 to the Treaty - including with a view to the most demanding missions - will be drawn up by Member States within three months, with a precise timetable and specific assessment mechanisms, in order to enable Member States which are in a position to do so to notify their intentions to participate without delay. This work has to be consistent with Member States' national defence planning and commitments agreed within NATO and the UN by Member States concerned. Concrete collaborative projects and initiatives should also be identified in support of PESCO's common goals, commitments and criteria. To strengthen the EU's rapid response toolbox, the European Council agrees that the deployment of Battlegroups should be borne as a common cost by the EU-managed Athena mechanism on a permanent basis. It also urges the Council to speed up its	22-23 June 2017  The European Council reiterates its commitment to strengthening EU cooperation on external security and defence so as to protect the Union and its citizens and contribute to peace and stability in its neighbourhood and beyond. Together with all its diplomatic and civil capabilities, the EU brings a unique mix of possibilities to this enterprise. As reflected in the Council conclusions of 18 May and 19 June 2017, significant progress has been achieved in implementing the EU Global Strategy in the area of Security and Defence and the Joint Declaration signed in Warsaw by EU and NATO leaders.()To strengthen Europe's security and defence in today's challenging geopolitical environment and to help reach the level of ambition of the EU expressed in the EU Global Strategy, the European Council agrees on the need to launch an inclusive and ambitious Permanent Structured Cooperation (PESCO). A common list of criteria and binding commitments, fully in line with Articles 42(6) and 46 TEU and Protocol 10 to the Treaty - including with a view to the most demanding missions - will be drawn up by Member States within three months, with a precise timetable and specific assessment mechanisms, in order to enable Member States which are in a position to do so to notify their intentions to participate without delay. This work has to be consistent with Member States' national defence planning and commitments agreed within NATO and the UN by Member States concerned. Concrete collaborative projects and initiatives should also be identified in support of PESCO's common goals, commitments and criteria.  To strengthen the EU's rapid response toolbox, the European Council agrees that the deployment of Battlegroups should be borne as a common cost by the EU-manaaged Athena mechanism on a permanent basis. It also urges the Council to speed up its work on greater responsiveness of the civilian crisis			

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	The European Council will come back to these issues at one of its next meetings.	security and defence policy: possibilities offered by the Lisbon Treaty, (2015/2343(INI)).	Secretary General Jens Stoltenberg, 13.12.2016. Implementation Plan on Security
	9 March 2017 The European Council wants the dynamics set in motion by its December 2016 conclusions on External Security and Defence to be maintained and reinforced, according to the parameters set out therein. In the present international environment, Europe must do more to protect its citizens and contribute to peace and	European Parliament resolution of 5 April 2017 on negotiations with the United Kingdom following its notification that it intends to withdraw from the European Union (2017/2593(RSP)).	and Defence, 15.11.2016.  Remarks by Federica Mogherini at the press conference following the Foreign Affairs Council (Defence), 15.11.2016.
	stability in its neighbourhood and beyond, including by committing sufficient additional resources, while taking into account national circumstances and legal commitments. In this respect, the European Council welcomes the work done by the Council on 6 March, which provides an extensive overview of	Foreign Affairs Council of 6 March 2017 adopted conclusions on progress in implementing the EU Global Strategy in the area of security and defence (7019/17).	Joint declaration by the President of the European Council, the President of the European Commission, and the Secretary General of the North Atlantic
	where we stand on all issues (CSDP crisis management structures, Permanent Structured Cooperation, Coordinated Annual Review on Defence, Developing Civilian Capabilities) and shows real progress in some key areas. It also recalls the need to implement the 'Common set of proposals' for enhanced	European Parliament resolution of 14 December 2016 on the Implementation of the common foreign and security policy 2016/2036(INI).	Treaty Organization, 8.7.2015.  President Jean-Claude Juncker appointed Michel Barnier as
	cooperation with NATO. Building on that momentum, work must be taken further with even greater determination and speed. The European Council welcomes the holding of a high-level conference on security and defence in Prague on 9 June 2017.	Economic and Financial Affairs Council of 6 December 2016 adopted conclusions on the implementation of the EU-NATO Joint Declaration (15283/16).	Special Adviser on European Defence and Security Policy, 17.2.2015.
	The European Council will revert to this issue in June 2017 and provide further strategic guidance.	European Parliament resolution of 23 November 2016 on the implementation of the	Policy Framework for Systematic and Long-Term Defence Cooperation,
	15 December 2016:  Europeans must take greater responsibility for their security. In order to strengthen Europe's security and defence in a challenging geopolitical environment and to better protect its	Common Security and Defence Policy (based on the Annual Report from the Council to the European Parliament on the Common Foreign and Security Policy) (2016/2067(INI)).	18.4.2015.
	citizens, confirming previous commitments in this respect, the European Council stresses the need to do more, including by committing sufficient additional resources, while taking into account national circumstances and legal commitments. For	European Parliament resolution of 22 November 2016 on the European Defence Union (2016/2052(INI)).	
	Member States which are also members of NATO, this is in accordance with NATO guidelines on defence expenditure. The	Foreign Affairs Council of 14 November 2016 adopted conclusions on implementing the EU	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
_	European Council also calls for reinforcing cooperation in the development of required capabilities as well as committing to making such capabilities available when necessary. The European Union and its Member States must be able to contribute decisively to collective efforts, as well as to act autonomously when and where necessary and with partners wherever possible. The European Council looks forward to a comprehensive revision of the Athena mechanism, by the end of 2017.  The European Council endorses the Council conclusions of 14 November and 17 October 2016 on implementing the EU Global Strategy in the area of Security and Defence which sets the level of ambition of the EU. It calls for their comprehensive follow-up by the High Representative and Member States. In particular, further to the Council conclusions, the High Representative will present proposals in the coming months as regards the development of civilian capabilities, the parameters of a Member State-driven Coordinated Annual Review on Defence, the process of developing military capabilities taking into account Research and Technology (R&T) and industrial aspects, the establishment of a permanent operational planning and conduct capability at the strategic level, the strengthening of the relevance, usability and deployability of the EU's rapid response toolbox, elements and options for an inclusive Permanent Structured Cooperation based on a modular approach and outlining possible projects, and the covering of all requirements under the Capacity Building in Security and Development (CBSD). In this context, the European Council calls on the co-legislators to work speedily on the Commission proposal on CBSD with a view to reaching agreement in the first half of 2017.	global strategy in the area of security and defence (14418/16).  Foreign Affairs Council of 17 October 2016 adopted the 2016 Common Foreign and Security Policy Report (13309/16).  Joint Communication (JOIN(2016) 31 final) of 5 July 2016 to the European Parliament and the Council on the 'Elements for an EU-wide strategic framework to support security sector reform'.  European Parliament resolution of 13 April 2016 on the EU in a changing global environment – a more connected, contested and complex world (2015/2272(INI)).  European Parliament resolution of 21 January 2016 on the mutual defence clause (Article 42(7) TEU) (2015/3034(RSP)).  European Parliament resolution of 17 December 2015 on Arms export: implementation of Common Position 2008/944/CFSP (2015/2114(INI)).  Foreign Affairs Council of 17 November 2015 adopted conclusions on the Common Security and Defence Policy (14120/15).	Remarks
	The European Council calls for the work on external security and defence to be taken forward speedily and asks the Council to report back in March so that the European Council can	European Parliament resolution of 16 September 2015 on the Commission Work Programme 2016 (2015/2729(RSP)).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	review progress. It will provide further strategic guidance in	Council Decision 2015/1835/CFSP of 12	
	June.	October 2015 defining the statute, seat and	
	The European Council will keep the issues related to security and defence on the agenda, with a view to regularly assess	operational rules of the European Defence Agency.	
	progress and determine, on that basis, appropriate strategic and political priorities.	European Parliament resolution of 9 July 2015 on the European Agenda on Security	
	16 September 2016 (informal EU27): - External Security and Defence	( <u>2015/2697(RSP)</u> ).	
	Objective	Foreign Affairs Council of 18 May 2015	
	In a challenging geopolitical environment, strengthen EU cooperation on external security and defence	adopted conclusions on the Common Security and Defence Policy (8971/15).	
	Concrete measures	Joint Staff Working Document SWD(2015)085	
	a) December European Council to decide on a concrete	of 14 April 2015 on Taking Forward the EU's	
	implementation plan on security and defence and on how to make better use of the options in the Treaties, especially as regards capabilities	Comprehensive Approach to external conflict and crises - Action Plan 2015.	
	b) start implementing the joint declaration with NATO	European Parliament resolution of 12 March	
	immediately.	2015 on the Annual Report from the High	
		Representative of the European Union for	
	<u>25 - 26 June 2015:</u>	Foreign Affairs and Security Policy to the	
	The High Representative will continue the process of strategic reflection with a view to preparing an EU global strategy on	European Parliament (2014/2219(INI)).	
	foreign and security policy in close cooperation with Member	European Parliament resolution of 21 May	
	States, to be submitted to the European Council by June 2016.  In line with the European Council conclusions of December 2013	2015 on financing the Common Security and Defence Policy (2014/2258(INI)).	
	and the Council conclusions of 18 May 2015, work will continue	Foreign Affairs Council of 18 November 2014	
	on a more effective, visible and result-oriented CSDP, the further development of both civilian and military capabilities, and the	adopted conclusions on the Common Security	
	strengthening of Europe's defence industry, including SMEs.	and Defence Policy (15573/14).	
	The European Council recalls the need for:	COM(2015)0185 of 28 April 2015 on the	
	the Member States to allocate a sufficient level of expenditure	European Agenda on Security.	
	for defence and the need to make the most effective use of the	Laropean Agenda on Security.	
	resources.	Communication JOIN(2015)0017 of 28 April 2015 on Capacity building in support of	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	The European Council will keep security and defence policy	security and development – Enabling partners	
	regularly on its agenda.	to prevent and manage crises.  European Parliament resolution of 21 May	
	12 February 2015:	2015 on the impact of developments in	
	Commission is to present a proposal in April 2015 for a	European defence markets on the security	
	comprehensive European Agenda on Security;	and defence capabilities in Europe	
	Council will report on the detailed implementation of these	( <u>2015/2037(INI)</u> ).	
	orientations by the June European Council.		
	26 27 km2 2014.	European Parliament Resolution of 17	
	26 - 27 June 2014: Develop security and defence cooperation to be able to live up	December 2014 on reviewing the EU Internal Security Strategy (2014/2918(RSP)).	
	to commitments and responsibilities across the world: by	Security Strategy (2014/2518(NSF)).	
	strengthening Common Security and Defence Policy in full	Commission Directive 2014/108/EU of 12	
	complementarity with NATO; by ensuring Member States	December 2014 amending Directive	
	maintain and develop necessary civilian and military capabilities,	2009/43/EC of the European Parliament and	
	incl. through pooling and sharing; with stronger European	of the Council as regards the list of defence-	
	defence industry.	related products (OJ L 359, 16.12.2014, p. 117).	
	13 - 14 December 2012:	Foreign Affairs Council of 12 May 2014	
	Invited the High Representative, notably through the European	adopted conclusions on the EU's	
	External Action Service and the European Defence Agency, as	comprehensive approach.	
	well as the Commission, to develop further proposals and		
	actions to strengthen CSDP and improve the availability of the	Communication JOIN(2013)0030 of 11	
	required civilian and military capabilities, and to report on such	December 2013 on EU's comprehensive	
	initiatives, at the latest by September 2013, with a view to the December 2013 European Council.	approach to external conflict and crises.	
	Becember 2013 Europeum Council.	European Parliament resolution of 23	
	Increase the effectiveness, visibility and impact of CSDP by	November 2010 on civilian-military	
	Further developing the comprehensive approach to conflict	cooperation and development of civilian-	
	prevention, crisis management and stabilisation, including by	military capabilities (2010/2071(INI)).	
	developing ability to respond to emerging security challenges;		
	Strengthening the EU's ability to deploy the right civilian and	European Parliament resolution of 21	
	military capabilities and personnel rapidly and effectively on the whole spectrum of crisis management action.	November 2013 on implementation of Common Security and Defence Policy (based	
	whole speed and of chois management action.	on the Annual Report from Council to	
	Enhance the development of defence capabilities by		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
·	Identifying current redundancies, capabilities, shortfalls and prioritising future requirements for European civilian and military capabilities;	European Parliament on Common Foreign and Security Policy) (2013/2105(INI)).	
	Facilitating more systematic and longer term European defence cooperation, including through 'pooling and sharing' of military capabilities; and in this regard, systematically consider cooperation from the outset in national defence planning by Member States;	European Parliament resolution of 21 November 2013 on European Defence Technological and Industrial Base (2013/2125(INI)).	
	Facilitate synergies between bilateral, sub-regional, European and multilateral initiatives, including EU's 'pooling and sharing' and NATO's 'smart defence'.	European Parliament resolution of 12 September 2013 on EU's military structures: state of play and future prospects (2012/2319(INI)).	
	Strengthen Europe's defence industry by Developing more integrated, sustainable, innovative and competitive European defence technological and industrial base; Developing greater synergies between civilian and military research and development;	COM(2013)0542 of 24 July 2013 Towards a more competitive and efficient defence and security sector. Procedure: SWD(2013)0279.	
	Promoting well-functioning defence market, in particular through effective implementation of public procurement and intra-EU transfers directives, be open to SMEs and benefit from their contributions.	European Parliament resolution of 22 November 2012 on the role of the Common Security and Defence Policy in case of climate driven crises and natural disaster (2012/2095(INI)).	
		European Parliament resolution of 12 September 2012 on the Annual Report on Common Foreign and Security Policy (2012/2050 (INI)).	
		European Parliament resolution of 11 May 2011 on development of common security and defence policy following entry into force of the Lisbon Treaty (2010/2299(INI)).	
CSDP Operations	23 April 2015:  - Committed to undertake systematic efforts to identify capture and destroy vessels before they are used by traffickers. The High Representative is invited to immediately begin preparations for	Council Decision (CFSP) 2017/1385 of 25 July 2017 amending Decision (CFSP) 2015/778 on a European Union military operation in the Southern Central Mediterranean (EUNAVFOR MED operation SOPHIA).	EUNAVFOR Med: EU agrees to start the active phase of the operation against human smugglers and to rename it 'Operation Sophia, 28.09.2015.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Specific issue	a possible CSDP operation to this effect, in accordance with international law; - Invited to build on current CSDP operations in the region, as well as on regional cooperation frameworks (Rabat and Khartoum processes); - Invited to step up dialogue with the African Union.  20 - 21 March 2014: - The European Union will continue to provide operational support through its civilian crisis management missions and military operations, at the request of individual countries and in close cooperation with other regional and international actors Underlined the urgency of mobilising financial and operational support for the African-led International Support Mission to the Central African Republic (MISCA) and reaffirms the Union's commitment to deploy its operation EUFOR RCA in the coming weeks.	Council Decision (CFSP) 2017/1342 of 17 July 2017 amending and extending Decision 2013/233/CFSP on the European Union Integrated Border Management Assistance Mission in Libya (EUBAM Libya).  Council Decision (EU) 2017/971 of 8 June 2017 determining the planning and conduct arrangements for EU non-executive military CSDP missions and amending Decisions 2010/96/CFSP on a European Union military mission to contribute to the training of Somali security forces, 2013/34/CFSP on a European Union military mission to contribute to the training of the Malian armed forces (EUTM Mali) and (CFSP) 2016/610 on a European Union CSDP military training mission in the Central African Republic (EUTM RCA).  European Parliament resolution of 19 January 2017 on the situation in the Central African Republic (2017/2507(RSP)).  European Parliament resolution of 5 July 2016 on the fight against trafficking in human beings in the EU's external relations (2015/2340(INI)).  Foreign Affairs Council of 20 June 2016 adopted conclusions on EUNAVFOR MED	Remarks by High Representative/Vice-President Federica Mogherini at the joint press conference with Etienne Schneider, Luxembourg Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Defence, following the Informal meeting of EU Ministers of Defence, Luxembourg, 03.09.2015.  HR/VP Federica Mogherini's remarks at the UN Security Council, New York, 11.05.2015.  European Commission Factsheet, The European Union's Cooperation with Africa on Migration, 22.05.2015.  EUCAP Sahel to help prevent irregular migration, 13.05.2015.  Statement by President Donald Tusk following the extraordinary European Council meeting, 23.04.2015.
		operation Sophia (10495/16).  Foreign Affairs Council of 23 May 2016 adopted conclusions on EUNAVFOR MED	Completion of <u>EUFOR RCA</u> , 15.03.2015.
		operation Sophia (9300/16).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Foreign Affairs Council of 17 November 2015 adopted conclusions on the Common Security and Defence Policy (14120/15).  Council Decision 2015/594/CFSP of 27 October 2015 amending Decision 2015/778/CFSP on a European Union military operation in the Southern Central Mediterranean (EUNAVFOR MED).	EU financial support to the African-led International Support Mission to the Central African Republic, 06.12.2013.
		European Parliament resolution of 10 September 2015 on migration and refugees in Europe (2015/2833(RSP)).	
		General Affairs Council of 14 September 2015 adopted a positive assessment on the conditions to move to the first step of phase two on the high seas of EUNAVFOR MED.	
		Council Decision 2015/972/CFSP of 22 June 2015 launching the European Union military operation in the southern Central Mediterranean (EUNAVFOR MED).	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 18 May 2015 adopted conclusions on the Common Security and Defence Policy (8971/15).	
		Council Decision 2015/778/CFSP of 18 May 2015 on a European Union military operation in the Southern Central Mediterranean EUNAVFOR MED.	
		European Parliament resolution of 29 April 2015 on the latest tragedies in the Mediterranean and EU migration and asylum Policies (2015/2660(RSP)).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Foreign Affairs Council of 19 April 2016 approved the establishment for two years of the EU military training mission in the Central African Republic (8022/16).	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 14 March 2016 adopted conclusions on the Central African Republic (7042/16).	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 17 November 2015 adopted conclusions on the Central African Republic.	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 20 July 2015 adopted conclusions on the Central African Republic.	
		Council Decision 2015/442/CFSP of 16 March 2015 on the launch of a European Union CSDP military Advisory Mission in the Central African Republic (EUMAM RCA) and amending Decision 2015/78/CFSP.	
		Council Decision 2015/78/CFSP of 19 January 2015 on a European Union CSDP Military Advisory Mission in the Central African Republic.	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 15 December 2014 adopted conclusions on the Central African Republic.	
DE C10 004	210	Foreign Affairs Council of 14 April 2014 adopted conclusions on the Central African Republic (8763/14).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Council Decision 2014/183/CFSP of 1 April 2014 on the launch of a European Union Military Operation in the Central African Republic (EUFOR RCA).	
Defence - Increase the effectiveness, visibility and impact of CSDP	<ul> <li>25 - 26 June 2015:</li> <li>The European Council recalls the need for:</li> <li>mobilising EU instruments to help counter hybrid threats;</li> <li>intensifying partnerships, namely with the UN, NATO, OSCE and AU;</li> <li>empowering and enabling partners to prevent and manage crises, including through concrete projects of capacity building with a flexible geographic scope.</li> </ul>	JOIN(2017)450 of 13 September 2017 on Resilience, deterrence and defence: building strong cyber-security for the EU.  JOIN(2017) 30 of 19 July 2017 Joint report to the European Parliament and the Council on the implementation of the Joint Framework on countering hybrid threats - a European Union response.	Security and defence: Significant progress to enhance Europe's resilience against hybrid threats – more work ahead, press release, 19.7.2017.  EU-wide cybersecurity rules adopted by the Council, 17.5.2016.
	<ul> <li>26 - 27 June 2014:         <ul> <li>To strengthen the Common Security and Defence Policy, in full complementarity with NATO, by ensuring that member states maintain and develop the necessary civilian and military capabilities, including through pooling and sharing; with a stronger European defence industry.</li> <li>Endorsed the European Union Maritime Security Strategy.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Foreign Affairs Council of 19 June 2017 adopted draft Council Conclusions on a Framework for a Joint EU Diplomatic Response to Malicious Cyber Activities (Cyber Diplomacy Toolbox).	Remarks by President Donald Tusk after the European Council meeting, 26.6.2015.  Factsheet on the EU Maritime Strategy and Action Plan, 15.7.2015.
	<ul> <li>19 - 20 December 2013:         <ul> <li>Improve efficiency and effectiveness of EU comprehensive approach, combining policies and tools ranging from diplomacy, security and defence to finance trade, development and justice.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Financial Mechanisms:         <ul> <li>The financial aspects of EU missions and operations should be</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	The Council also adopted conclusions on global maritime security.  Progress report of 14 June 2017 on the implementation of the common set of proposals endorsed by EU and NATO Ministers on 6 December 2016.	The document establishing the basis for future cooperation between EDA and Athena was signed by Jorge Domecq, EDA Chief Executive and Hans-Werner Grenzhäuser, 2.3.2015.
	rapidly examined, including in the context of the Athena mechanism review, with a view to improving the system of their financing, based on a report from the High Representative.  The Commission, the High Representative and the Member States are to ensure that the procedures and rules for civilian missions enable the Union to be more flexible and speed up the deployment of EU civilian missions.	Foreign Affairs Council (Defence) of 18 May 2017 adopted conclusions on Security and Defence in the context of the EU Global Strategy (9178/17).  European Parliament Resolution of 16 March 2017 on the constitutional, legal and institutional implications of a common	Factsheet on Financing of military operations: the Athena Mechanism, 10.1.2014.  Six-Month report on the Implementation of the Cyber Defence

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	New Security Challenges:  - Create EU Cyber Defence Policy Framework in 2014;  - Draw-up EU Maritime Security Strategy by June 2014;  -Increase synergies between CSDP and Freedom/Security/Justice actors tackle horizontal issues such as illegal migration, organised crime and terrorism;  - Achieve progress in developing CSDP support for third states and regions, in order to help them improve border management;  - Further strengthen cooperation to tackle energy security challenges.  - Invited the High Representative, in close cooperation with Commission, to assess impact of changes in global environment, and to report to Council in 2015.	security and defence policy: possibilities offered by the Lisbon Treaty, 2015/2343(INI).  Foreign Affairs Council of 6 March 2017 adopted conclusions on progress in implementing the EU Global Strategy in the area of security and defence (7019/17).  European Parliament resolution of 23 November 2016 on the implementation of the Common Security and Defence Policy (based on the Annual Report from the Council to the European Parliament on the Common Foreign and Security Policy) (2016/2067(INI)).  European Parliament resolution of 22 November 2016 on the European Defence Union (2016/2052(INI)).  Foreign Affairs Council of 14 November 2016 adopted conclusions on EU-wide strategic framework to support Security Sector Reform (13998/16).  Foreign Affairs Council of 17 October 2016 adopted the 2016 Common Foreign and Security Policy Report (13309/16).  Joint Staff Working Document (SWD(2016)0211 final) of 5 July 2016 Lessons drawn from past interventions and stakeholders' views. Accompanying the Joint Communication to the European Parliament and the Council Elements for an EU-wide strategic framework to support security sector reform.	Policy Framework, 26.6.2015.  Report by the HR/VP Federica Mogherini on the EU's activities in Security and Defence since December 2013, Brussels, 8.5.2015.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Joint Communication (JOIN(2016) 31 final) of 5 July 2016 to the European Parliament and the Council on the 'Elements for an EU-wide strategic framework to support security sector reform'.	
		European Parliament resolution of 7 June 2016 on Peace Support Operations – EU engagement with the UN and the African Union (2015/2275(INI))	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 19 April 2016 adopted conclusions on the Mission Support Platform (8022/16).	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 19 April 2016 adopted conclusions on countering hybrid threats (8022/16).	
		Joint Communication (JOIN(2016) 18 final) of 6 April 2016 of the High Representative of the Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy to the European Parliament and the Council on a 'Joint Framework on countering hybrid threats - a European Union response'.	
		Economic and Financial Affairs Council of 12 February 2016, Council conclusions on the fight against the financing of terrorism (5936/16).	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 17 November 2015 adopted conclusions on the Common Security and Defence Policy (14120/15).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		European Parliament resolution of 9 July 2015 on the European Agenda on Security (2015/2697(RSP)).	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 18 May 2015 adopted conclusions on the Common Security and Defence Policy (8971/15).	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 18 November 2014 adopted conclusions on the Common Security and Defence Policy (15573/14).	
		European Parliament resolution of 21 May 2015 on the Implementation of the Common Security and Defence Policy (2014/2220(INI)).	
		COM(2015)0185 of 28 April 2015 on the European Agenda on Security.	
		European Parliament resolution of 12 March 2015 on the Annual Report from the High Representative of the European Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy to the European Parliament (2014/2219(INI)).	
		Council Decision CFSP/2015/528 of 27 March 2015 establishing a mechanism to administer the financing of common costs of European Union operations having military or defence implications (Athena) and replacing Decision 2011/871/CFSP.	
		European Parliament resolution of 30 November 2011 on the impact of the financial crisis on the defence sector in the EU Member States (2011/2177(INI)).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Communication JOIN(2013)01 of 7 February 2013 on the Cybersecurity Strategy of the European Union: An Open, Safe and Secure Cyberspace. European Parliament resolution of 22 November 2012 on Cyber Security and Defence (2012/2096(INI)).  COM(2014)0451 of 8 July 2014 on the Next steps within the Common Information Sharing environment for the EU Maritime Domain.  General Affairs Council of 16 December 2014	
		adopted the EU Maritime Security Strategy (EUMSS) - Action Plan (17002/14).	
		European Parliament resolution of 12 March 2014 on an anti-missile shield for Europe and its political and strategic implications (2013/2170(INI)).	
		European Parliament resolution of 21 November 2013 on the implementation of the Common Security and Defence Policy (2013/2105(INI)).	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 18 November 2014 adopted conclusions on the Common Security and Defence Policy (15573/14).	
		General Affairs Council of 24 June 2014 adopted the EU Maritime Security Strategy (11205/14).	

Policy Field Specific issue Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Defence - EU-NATO cooperation  Defence - EU-NATO cooperation  EU-NATO cooperation  Defence - EU-NATO cooperation  22-23 June 2017  As reflected in the Council conclusions of 18 May and 19 June 2017, significant progress has been achieved in implementing the EU Global Strategy in the area of Security and Defence and the Joint Declaration signed in Warsaw by EU and NATO leaders. The transatlantic relationship and EU-NATO cooperation remain key to our overall security, allowing us to respond to evolving security threats, including cyber, hybrid and terrorism. The European Council welcomes the establishment in Helsinki of a European Counci	ommunication JOIN(2015)0017 of 28 April 2015 'Capacity Building in support of curity and development - Enabling partners support and manage crises'.  Ommunication JOIN(2014)0009 of 6 March 2014 'For an open and secure global aritime domain: elements for a European parliament resolution of 20 excember 2013 on preparations for the propean Council meeting (19 - 20 December 2013) (2013/2626(RSP)).  Oreign Affairs Council of 19 June 2017 escussed EU-NATO cooperation.  Douncil adopted conclusions on the progress port on the implementation of the common at of proposals endorsed by EU and NATO inisters on 6 December 2016.  Oreign Affairs Council (Defence) of 18 May 2017 adopted conclusions on Security and 2017 adopted conclusions on Security and 2017 adopted conclusions on progress in 2018 proposals in 2018 proposals in 2019 proposals i	Progress report on the implementation of the common set of proposals endorsed by NATO and EU Councils on 6 December 2016, 14.7.2017.  Taking EU-NATO cooperation to a new level, Joint op-ed by President of the European Council, Donald Tusk, President of the European Commission, Jean-Claude Juncker and NATO Secretary General Jens Stoltenberg, 13.12.2016.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	NATO, as regards hybrid threats, maritime issues, cyber security, strategic communication, defence capabilities, defence industry and research, exercises, and defence and security capacity-building.	Economic and Financial Affairs Council of 6 December 2016 adopted conclusions on the implementation of the EU-NATO Joint Declaration (15283/16).	
	28 June 2016: EU-NATO cooperation was discussed in the presence of the NATO Secretary General. The European Council called for further enhancement of the relationship, in light of our common aims and values and given unprecedented challenges from the South and East. This new ambition should take the form of accelerated practical cooperation in selected areas. The new impetus in EU-NATO cooperation will take place in the spirit of full openness and in full respect of the decision-making autonomy and procedures of both organisations, be based on the principle of inclusiveness and be without prejudice to the specific character of the security and defence policy of any Member State. The President of the European Council and the President of the	European Parliament resolution of 23 November 2016 on the implementation of the Common Security and Defence Policy (based on the Annual Report from the Council to the European Parliament on the Common Foreign and Security Policy) (2016/2067(INI)).  European Parliament resolution of 22 November 2016 on the European Defence Union (2016/2052(INI)).	
	European Commission will issue a declaration together with the NATO Secretary General in Warsaw in July		
Defence - Developing the European technological industrial base (EDTIB)	22-23 June 2017  The joint development of capability projects commonly agreed by Member States to fill the existing major shortfalls and develop the technologies of the future is crucial to fulfil the level of ambition of the EU approved by the European Council in December 2016. The European Council welcomes the	Foreign Affairs Council of 19 June 2017  Member States' Political Commitment on Security of Supply. Declaration by the Representatives of the Governments of EDA participating Member States.	Preparatory Action for Defence Research, EDA News, 12.9.2016.  Report of the Group of Personalities on the Preparatory Action for CSDP related research,
	Commission's communication on a European Defence Fund, composed of a research window and a capability window, and is looking forward to its swift operationalisation. It calls for rapid agreement on the proposal for a European Defence Industrial Development Programme with a view to its swift implementation, before more comprehensive programmes can be envisaged in the medium term. The European Council calls on	Proposal COM(2017)294 of 7 June 2017 for a Regulation establishing the European Defence Industrial Development Programme aiming at supporting the competitiveness and innovative capacity of the EU.  Procedure: 2017/0125(COD).	23.2.2016.  EU-funded defence research: 2nd meeting of high-level group advising Commissioner Bieńkowska, 17.11.2015.
	Member States to identify suitable capability projects for the European Defence Fund and for the European Defence Industrial Development Programme. The European Council invites the Member States to further work on options for the joint	COM(2017)295 of 7 June 2017 on launching the European Defence Fund.	Contract awarded for the Study on the dual-use potential of key enabling technologies (KETs), 9.7.2015.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Specific issue	procurement of capabilities within the European Defence Fund based on sound financing mechanisms. The objective is to deliver capabilities, ensure a competitive, innovative and balanced basis for Europe's defence industry across the EU, including by cross border cooperation and participation of SMEs, and to contribute to greater European defence cooperation, by exploiting synergies and mobilising EU support in addition to Member States' financing. European defence industrial development will also require EU support for SME and intermediate (mid-cap) investments in the area of security and defence. In this respect, the European Council recalls its invitation to the European Investment Bank to examine steps with a view to supporting investments in defence research and development activities.  15 December 2016:  The European Council welcomes the Commission's proposals on the European Defence Action Plan as its contribution to developing European security and defence policy, stressing the importance of fully involving Member States, and calls on all relevant actors to take work forward. The Council is invited to rapidly examine the related Commission proposals. The EIB is invited to examine steps with a view to supporting investments in defence research and development activities. The Commission is also invited to make proposals in the first semester of 2017 for	Commission Decision C(2017)2262 final of 11 April 2017 on the financing of the 'Preparatory action on Defence research' and the use of unit costs for the year 2017.  COM(2016)0950 final of 30 November 2016 on a European Defence Action Plan. European Parliament resolution of 22 November 2016 on the European Defence Union (2016/2052(INI)).  Foreign Affairs Council of 17 November 2015: Conclusions on the Common Security and Defence Policy (14120/15).  Proposal for a Regulation COM(2016)0616 final of the European Parliament and of the Council of 28 September 2016 setting up a Union regime for the control of exports, transfer, brokering, technical assistance and transit of dual-use items (recast). Procedure: 2016/0295(COD).  European Parliament resolution of 21 May 2015 on the impact of developments in	High-level Expert Group on KETs publishes final recommendations, 24.6.2015.  High-level Group of Personalities on defence research issues statement, 17.6.2015.  Report on the implementation of the European Commission's communication on defence, Brussels, 8.5.2015.  Setting up the High-Level Group of Experts on defence research, 30.3.2015.  European Commission Guide on EU Funding for Dual Use Projects, 10.10.2014.
	the establishment of a European Defence Fund including a window on the joint development of capabilities commonly agreed by the Member States.	European defence markets on the security and defence capabilities in Europe (2015/2037(INI)).	
	25 - 26 June 2015: The EU budget to ensure appropriate funding for the preparatory action on CSDP-related research, paving the way for a possible future defence research and technology programme;	Foreign Affairs Council of 18 May 2015 adopted conclusions on the Common Security and Defence Policy (8971/15).  Commission Delegated Regulation	
	19 - 20 December 2013: Open up the defence market:	C(2014)7567 of 22 October 2014 amending Council Regulation (EC) No 428/2009 setting	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	To ensure full implementation of two Defence Directives of 2009,	up a Community regime for the control of	
	i.e. in view of opening up market to subcontractors from all over	exports, transfer, brokering and transit of	
	Europe, ensuring economies of scale and allowing better circulation of defence products.	dual use items. Procedure: 2014/2926 (DEA).	
		COM(2014)0387 of 24 June 2014: Report on	
	Develop Dual use research:	New Deal for European Defence -	
	- To develop greater synergies between civilian and military	Implementation Roadmap for	
	research and development.	Communication COM(2013)0542 'Towards a	
	- Commission and European Defence Agency invited to develop proposals to stimulate further dual use research; Preparatory	more competitive and efficient defence and security sector'.	
	Action on CSDP-related research to be set up, while seeking	security sector .	
	synergies with national research programmes whenever	Directive 2009/43/EC of the European	
	possible.	Parliament and of the Council of 6 May 2009	
		simplifying terms and conditions of transfers	
	Allow greater access of SMEs to defence and security markets:	of defence-related products within the	
	- Commission to investigate possibilities for additional measures	Community.	
	to open up supply chains to SMEs from all MS.		
	- Welcomed Commission proposals to promote greater access of	<u>Directive 2009/81/EC</u> of the European	
	SMEs to defence and security markets and to encourage strong	Parliament and of the Council of 13 July 2009	
	involvement of SMEs in future EU funding programmes.	on the coordination of procedures for the award of certain works contracts, supply	
	Develop EU-wide Security of Supply:	contracts and service contracts by	
	- Commission to develop roadmap for comprehensive EU-wide	contracts and service contracts by	
	Security of Supply regime which takes account of the globalised	fields of defence and security, and amending	
	nature of critical supply chains.	Directives 2004/17/EC and 2004/18/EC.	
		European Parliament resolution of 20	
		December 2013 on preparations for the	
		European Council meeting (19 - 20 December	
		2013) ( <u>2013/2626(RSP)</u> ).	
Defence -	22-23 June 2017:	One community Clabel St. 1	
Enhancing the	The joint development of capability projects commonly agreed	One-year report Global Strategy implementation report, EEAS, 9 June 2017.	
development of	by Member States to fill the existing major shortfalls and develop	implementation report, EEA3, 9 Julie 2017.	
capabilities	the technologies of the future is crucial to fulfil the level of ambition of the EU approved by the European Council in	COM(2017)295 of 7 June 2017 on launching	
	December 2016. The European Council welcomes the	the European Defence Fund.	
	Commission's communication on a European Defence Fund,		
	Commission 3 communication on a European Defence Fund,		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	composed of a research window and a capability window, and is	COM(2017)315 of 7 June 2017 Reflection	
	looking forward to its swift operationalisation. It calls for rapid agreement on the proposal for a European Defence Industrial Development Programme with a view to its swift implementation, before more comprehensive programmes can be envisaged in the medium term. The European Council calls on Member States to identify suitable capability projects for the European Defence Fund and for the European Defence Industrial Development Programme. The European Council invites the	Paper on the Future of European Defence.  Foreign Affairs Council (Defence) of 18 May 2017 adopted conclusions on Security and Defence in the context of the EU Global Strategy (9178/17).  Foreign Affairs Council of 6 March 2017	
	Member States to further work on options for the joint procurement of capabilities within the European Defence Fund based on sound financing mechanisms. The objective is to deliver	adopted conclusions on progress in implementing the EU Global Strategy in the area of security and defence (7019/17).	
	capabilities, ensure a competitive, innovative and balanced basis for Europe's defence industry across the EU, including by cross border cooperation and participation of SMEs, and to contribute to greater European defence cooperation, by exploiting	European Parliament resolution of 22 November 2016 on the European Defence Union (2016/2052(INI)).	
	synergies and mobilising EU support in addition to Member States' financing. European defence industrial development will also require EU support for SME and intermediate (mid-cap)	COM(2016)0950 final of 30 November 2016 on a European Defence Action Plan.	
	investments in the area of security and defence. In this respect, the European Council recalls its invitation to the European Investment Bank to examine steps with a view to supporting investments in defence research and development activities.	Foreign Affairs Council of 14 November 2016: Conclusions on implementing the EU global strategy in the area of security and defence (14418/16).	
	25 - 26 June 2015: - Fostering greater and more systematic European defence cooperation to deliver key capabilities, including through EU funds;	Foreign Affairs Council of 17 November 2015 adopted conclusions on the Common Security and Defence Policy (14120/15).	
	19 - 20 December 2013: Military capabilities Welcomed:	Foreign Affairs Council of 18 May 2015: adopted conclusions on the Common Security and Defence Policy (8971/15).	
	- Development of <b>Remotely Piloted Aircraft Systems (RPAS)</b> in the 2020-2025 timeframe: preparations for programme of next-generation European Medium Altitude Long Endurance RPAS;	Foreign Affairs Council of 18 November 2014 adopted conclusions on the European Defence Agency - Budget 2015(15573/14).	

- Establishment of an RPAS user community among participating Member States; - Close synergies with Commission on regulation (for initial RPAS integration into European Aviation System by 2016): appropriate funding from 2014 for R&D activities; - Development of Air-to-Air refuelling capacity: progress towards increasing overal capacity and reducing fragmentation, especially as regards establishment of Multi-Role Tanker Transport capacity, with synergies in field of certification, qualification, in-service support and training; - Satellite communication: preparations for next generation of Governmental Satellite Communication through close cooperation between Member States, the Commission and the European Dace Agency; a user's group to be set up in 2014; - Cyber developing a roadmap and concrete projects focused on training exercises, improving civil/military cooperation on the basis of the EU Cyber Security Strategy as well as the protection of assets in EU missions and operations.  Defence planning - Invited the High Representative and the European Defence Agency to put forward an appropriate policy framework by the end of 2014, in full coherence with existing NATO planning processes.  Procurement - Welcomes progress achieved in cooperation through the European Defence Agency to the European Defence Agency to the European Council Invites the European Defence Agency to examine ways in which Member States can cooperate more effectively and efficiently in pooled procurement projects, with a view to reporting back to the Council by the end of 2014.  Defence - Certification and Certification	Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
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- Invited the High Representative and the European Defence Agency to put forward an appropriate policy framework by the end of 2014, in full coherence with existing NATO planning processes.  Procurement - Welcomes progress achieved in cooperation through the European Defence Agency Code of Conduct on Pooling and Sharing The European Council Invites the European Defence Agency to examine ways in which Member States can cooperate more effectively and efficiently in pooled procurement projects, with a view to reporting back to the Council by the end of 2014.  Defence - Certification and  - Invited the High Representative and the European Defence Agency by the Agency to put forward an appropriate policy framework by the adopted conclusions on the Common Security and Defence Policy.  EDA Code of Conduct on Pooling and Sharing, adopted on 19 November 2012 by the Ministers of Defence.  European Parliament resolution of 20 December 2013 on preparations for the European Council meeting (19 - 20 December 2013) (2013/2626(RSP)).  Defence - Certification and  The European Defence Agency and the Commission will prepare final on the implementation of the actions		Defence planning	Cyberspace.	
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Certification and - The European Defence Agency and the Commission will prepare final on the implementation of the actions	Defence -	19 - 20 December 2013:	Staff Working Document SDW (2015) 0201	
			-	
I Standardisation are a roadmap for the development of defence industrial standards. I foreseen in the 2015 and 2016 Union work	standardisation	a roadmap for the development of defence industrial standards	foreseen in the 2015 and 2016 Union work	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	by mid-2014, without duplicating existing standards, in particular NATO standards.  - European Defence Agency to develop, together with Commission and Member States, options for lowering costs of military certification, including by mutual recognition between EU Member States. It should report to the Council on both issues by mid 2014.	programmes for European standardisation, including the implementing acts and mandates sent to the European standardisation organisations Accompanying the document Communication from the Commission to the European Parliament, the Council and the European Economic and Social Committee The Annual Union work programme for European standardisation for 2016.  Foreign Affairs Council of 17 November 2015 adopted conclusions on the Common Security and Defence Policy (14120/15).  Foreign Affairs Council of 18 May 2015 adopted conclusions on the Common Security and Defence Policy.  COM(2014)0500 of 30 July 2014 on The annual Union work programme for European standardisation for 2015.  COM(2014)0387 of 24 June 2014: Report on New deal for European Defence - Implementation Roadmap for Communication COM(2013)542 'Towards a more competitive and efficient defence and security sector'.  COM(2013)0542 of 24 July 2013 'Towards a more competitive and efficient defence and security sector'. Procedure: SWD (2013)0279.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Specific issue	gn and Security Policy (CFSP)  28 June 2016: The European Council welcomes the presentation of the Global Strategy for the European Union's Foreign and Security Policy by the High Representative and invites the High Representative, the Commission and the Council to take the work forward.  26 - 27 June 2014: Defend our interests and values and to protect citizens; stronger engagement of EU in world affairs crucial. Following foreign policy priorities to be key in years ahead: Maximise our clout: by ensuring consistency between member states' and EU foreign policy goals and by improving coordination and coherence between main fields of EU external action (e.g. trade, energy, justice and home affairs, development and economic policy); Be a strong partner in neighbourhood: by promoting stability, prosperity and democracy in countries closest to EU, on European continent, in Mediterranean, Africa and Middle East; Engage global strategic partners, in particular transatlantic partners, on wide range of issues – from trade and cyber security to human rights and conflict prevention, to non-proliferation and crisis management – bilaterally and in multilateral fora.  28-29 June 2012: Human rights and democracy: the European Council welcomed the adoption by the Council of the EU Strategic Framework for Human Rights and Democracy and the related Action Plan and underlined the importance of keeping human rights and democracy at the centre of EU foreign policy.	One-year report Global Strategy implementation report, EEAS, 9 June 2017.  European Parliament resolution of 14 December 2016 on the Implementation of the common foreign and security policy 2016/2036(INI).  European Parliament resolution of 23 November 2016 on the implementation of the Common Security and Defence Policy (based on the Annual Report from the Council to the European Parliament on the Common Foreign and Security Policy) (2016/2067(INI)).  European Parliament resolution of 22 November 2016 on the European Defence Union (2016/2052(INI)).  Foreign Affairs Council of 14 November 2016: Conclusions on implementing the EU global strategy in the area of security and defence (14418/16).  Foreign Affairs Council of 17 October 2016 adopted the 2016 Common Foreign and Security Policy Report (13309/16).  Foreign Affairs Council of 17 October 2016 adopted conclusions on the Global Strategy on the European Union's Foreign and Security policy (13309/16).	Shared Vision, Common Action: A Stronger Europe — A Global Strategy for the European Union's Foreign and Security Policy, 26.06.2016.  Address by President Donald Tusk at the annual EU Ambassadors' conference, 03.09.2015. High Representative Federica Mogherini announces the adoption of a modified organisational chart of the EEAS, 27.07.2015.
		European Parliament resolution of 13 April 2016 on the EU in a changing global	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		environment – a more connected, contested and complex world (2015/2272(INI)).	
		European Parliament resolution of 16 September 2015 on the Commission Work Programme 2016 (2015/2729(RSP)).	
		European Parliament resolution of 9 July 2015 on the European Agenda on Security (2015/2697(RSP)).	
		European Parliament resolution of 21 May 2015 on the implementation of the Common Security and Defence Policy (2014/2220(INI)).	
		European Parliament resolution of 12 March 2015 on the Annual Report from the High Representative of the European Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy to the	
		European Parliament (2014/2219(INI)).  COM(2014)0501 of 13 August 2014 Annual Report of EU's development and external assistance policies and their implementation in 2013. Procedure: SWD(2014)0258.	
		European Parliament resolution of 3 April 2014 on EU comprehensive approach and its implications for the coherence of EU external action (2013/2146(INI)).	
		European Parliament resolution of 12 March 2014 on an anti-missile shield for Europe and its political and strategic implications (2013/2170(INI)).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		European Parliament resolution of 21 November 2013 on the implementation of the Common Security and Defence Policy (2013/2105(INI)).  Foreign Affairs Council of 20 July 2015 adopted the EU action plan on human rights and democracy (11095/15).  Foreign Affairs Council of 22 June 2015 adopted the EU annual report on human rights and democracy in the world in 2014 (10185/15).  Foreign Affairs Council of 23 June 2014 adopted the EU's annual report on human rights and democracy in the world in 2013.	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 25 June 2012 adopted conclusions on human rights (11688/12).	
Humanitarian Aid Ebola crisis	<ul> <li>24 October 2014:</li> <li>- Funding from the European Union and its Member States has now reached more than 600 million euro. The recent Foreign Affairs Council and the meeting of EU Ministers for Health have further defined EU action and the European Council urges the swift implementation of their conclusions.</li> <li>- A sustained, coordinated and increased response is required to curb current trends. Additional assistance is needed to scale-up the response on the ground, notably regarding medical care and equipment, as well as reinforced exit screening. The European</li> </ul>	European Parliament resolution of 27 October 2015 on the Ebola crisis: long-term lessons and how to strengthen health systems in developing countries to prevent future crises (2014/2204(INI)).  Foreign Affairs Council of 16 March 2015 Council recalls its invitation to Member States and the Commission to establish a	Ebola outbreak in the northeast of the Democratic Republic of Congo: The European Commission's Emergency response Coordination Centre (ERCC) is making the necessary preparations for a potential EU intervention, press release, 15 May 2017.
	Council welcomed Member States' commitments to increase financial assistance, which will bring total funding to €1 billion.  - Moreover, Member States committed to increase the deployment of medical and support staff in the region. Member States and the Commission also agreed to guarantee appropriate care for international health workers within available resources	pool of health experts on a voluntary basis for rapid and targeted deployment, through the EU Civil Protection Mechanism.  General Secretariat of the Council of 24 November 2014	See <u>ECHO Factsheet</u> of March 2016 for details about the financial aid (close to €2 billion) made available by the EU and Member States.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	to receive the treatment they need, including through medical	The Commission launched on 11 November	EU launched a new European
	evacuation. Furthermore, the use of the Emergency Response	an EU Network of clinicians nominated by	Medical Corps to respond faster
	Coordination Centre as a clearing house mechanism for the	the Health Security Committee.	to emergencies, press release,
	deployment of voluntary health experts is a priority.		15.02.2016.
	- The European Council calls on the High Representative and the	Foreign Affairs Council of 18 November 2014	
	Commission to develop a package of measures addressing the	Together with Member States, Commission is	EU welcomed the end of Ebola in
	wider political, security and economic implications of the Ebola	invited to further explore the establishment	West Africa and the creation of a
	crisis in West Africa.	of a reserve pool of health experts from	European Medical Corps through
	- Helping West Africa to cope with the crisis is the most effective	Member States, on a voluntary basis, for	which medical teams and
	way to prevent a serious outbreak of the disease elsewhere. At	rapid and targeted deployment - detailed	equipment from Member States
	the same time, with the first confirmed cases of Ebola infections	work shall start once the acute phase of the	can be deployed swiftly to deal
	in Europe, the state of preparedness within the European Union	crisis is over.	with future health emergencies,
	and further work to protect European Union countries and their	Foreign Affairs Council of 20 October 2014	press release, 14.01.2016.
	citizens are of utmost importance, in particular precautionary	The Council invites the EEAS and the	
	measures to reduce risks of contagion, including coordinated	Commission to enhance the collective EU	The European Commission is
	preventive actions within the EU such as sharing of information	response to the Ebola crisis, including its	providing <u>€1 million</u> in funding so
	and best practices, training of health professionals and, where	wider political, security and economic	that children orphaned and
	appropriate, entry screening.	implications.	affected by Ebola receive
	- With a view to further reinforcing the EU Ebola response	<u>Draft EU Comprehensive Response</u>	education and psychosocial
	capacity the EU has appointed incoming Commissioner Christos	Framework for the Ebola Virus Outbreak in	support, press release,
	Stylianides as EU Ebola coordinator. Assisted by the Emergency	West Africa (circulated in October 2014).	07.09.2015.
	Response Coordination Centre, he will work with EU institutions,		
	Member States, the UN and other international organisations	European Parliament resolution of 20	The European Commission will
	and stakeholders.	October 2014 on Response to Ebola crisis	pledge approximately
	- The European Council invites the President of the Commission	2014/2896 (RSP).	€450 million to support the
	and the High Representative to report back at its next meeting		recovery of the three countries
	on the measures taken to respond to the Ebola crisis.	European Parliament resolution of 18	most affected by Ebola, press
		September 2014 on EU's response to Ebola	release, 10.07.2015.
	30 August 2014:	outbreak <u>2014/2842 (RSP).</u>	The team of scientists involved in
	- The European Council expresses concern about the crisis caused		the EU-funded EVIDENT project
	by the Ebola virus in Africa, and stresses the importance of the		confirmed that the Ebola virus
	international community as a whole providing substantial		mutations in the recent outbreak
	coordinated support to the countries of the region, to NGOs and		have been fewer than feared,
	to the World Health Organisation (WHO) to help them tackle the		press release, 18.06.2015.
	disease as swiftly and efficiently as possible.		

y Remarks		Commitment and/or request	Policy Field Specific issue
After 42 days without new cases, the World Health Organization (WHO) declared the end of the Ebola outbreak in Liberia, press release, 09.05.2015.  Second report from EU Ebola Coordinator to the European Council 18.03.2015. The total pledged by the EU at 10 March 2015 stands at €1.38 bn (of which €415 m from the EU budget). See also First Report issued on 10.12.2014.  The EU hosted an international conference on 3 March to take stock of the fight against the outbreak, press release, 03.03.2015.  EU funded Ebola treatment delivers encouraging results, press release, 24.02.2015.  EU research projects announced -8 research projects in the fight against Ebola, press release, 16.01.2015.  Member States send additional health personnel to the Ebola-affected region, press release, 6.12.2014.  EU-UNICEF partnership began transporting medical and health	ates man erts orts  llow cries d to lean the uncil	- In this regard the European Council welcomes the additional funds provided by the European Union and its Member State and their efforts to provide further financial and human resources to meet in particular the increased demand for expert on the ground. The European Council pays tribute to the effort of humanitarian and health workers in the front line.  It urges all countries to follow the WHO guidelines and allow continued, if controlled, air links to and from the countrie concerned so as to enable support efforts to be effective and to allow their economies to continue functioning. The European Council calls for increased coordination at EU level of the assistance provided by EU Member States and invites the Councit to adopt a comprehensive EU response framework to address this crisis.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
			equipment by sea to Liberia, Sierra Leone and Guinea, press
			release, 26.11.2014.
			EU's Ebola response coordinator
			was appointed, Christos Stylianides, press release,
			24.10.2014.
			EU to boost Ebola research with
			€24.4 million from Horizon 2020.
			press release, 23.10.2014.
			Agreement reached by Member States to coordinate and check
			the effectiveness of control
			measures at entry points;
			decision to introduce screening
			remains with Member States,
			press release, 16.10.2014.
			The EU scaled up its Ebola
			response with an airlift operation
			to affected countries, press
			release, 7.10.2014.
			The EU supports African Union
			mission to fight Ebola, press
			release, 8.9.2014.
Humanitarian Aid	30 August 2014:	Foreign Affairs Council of 6 February 2017	See ECHO Factsheet for the
Gaza Strip	- The European Council welcomes the cease-fire agreement reached under the auspices of the Egyptian authorities. It urges	Council discussed the Middle East Peace Process.	humanitarian situation in
	both parties to fully respect it and to continue negotiations	1100033.	Palestine.
	leading to a fundamental improvement of the living conditions	C(2017) 1096 Commission Implementing	Joint Declaration by the EU and
	for the Palestinian people in the Gaza Strip through the lifting of	<u>Decision</u> of 20 February 2017 on the Special	UNRWA on European Union
	the Gaza closure regime, and to ending the threat to Israel posed	Measure 2017 in favour of Palestine1 to be	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	by Hamas and other militant groups in Gaza. This should be	financed from the general budget of the	support for UNRWA (2017-2020),
	supported by international monitoring and verification to ensure	Union.	7.6.2017.
	full implementation of a comprehensive agreement. All terrorist		EU renews its support to the
	groups in Gaza must disarm.	Foreign Affairs Council of 16 January 2017	Palestinian Authority and
	- It is therefore urgent that the Palestinian consensus	Council discussed the Middle East Peace	Palestinian refugees with a first
	government exercise its full responsibilities in both the West	process.	2016 assistance package totalling
	Bank and the Gaza Strip including in the field of security and civil		€252.5 million, press release,
	administration.	Foreign Affairs Council of 20 June 2016	1.3.2016.
	- The European Council remains deeply concerned about the	Council conclusions on the Middle East Peace	1.5.2010.
	disastrous humanitarian situation in the Gaza Strip. It calls for	process.	New EU funding was provided for
	immediate and unimpeded humanitarian access in accordance with international law.	C(2016) 1359 Commission Implementing	Palestinian refugees and
		Decision of 29 February 2016 on the Annual	vulnerable Palestinian families
	- The European Council reiterates the readiness of the European Union to contribute to a comprehensive and sustainable solution	Action Programme 2016 part 1 in favour of Palestine to be financed from the general	through UNRWA, press release,
	enhancing the security, welfare and prosperity of Palestinians	budget of the European Union.	23.11.2015.
	and Israelis alike.	budget of the European Officia.	The EU provides €30 million to
	- Only a final agreement based on the two State solution will	C(2016) 1128 Commission Implementing	support Palestinian refugees
	bring durable peace and stability. The European Council	Decision of 19 February 2016 modifying	through UNRWA, press release,
	therefore encourages both parties to re-engage in negotiations	Decision C (2014) 5986 final on the Annual	30.09.2015.
	to this end. The Gaza strip shall be part of a future State of	Action Programme 2014 in favour of	30.03.2013.
	Palestine.	Palestine to be financed from the general	The European Commission is
	. 5.5565	budget of the European Union.	giving an additional €5 million to
	16 July 2014:	suaget of the European Official	support emergency relief
	- The European Council condemns the firing of rockets from Gaza	Foreign Affairs Council of 18 January 2016	operations in the Gaza Strip,
	into Israel and the indiscriminate targeting of civilians. Israel has	Council conclusions on the Middle East Peace	press release, 25.07.2015.
	the right to protect its population from this kind of attacks. In	Process.	The Government of Italy
	doing so, it must act proportionately and ensure the protection		announces a €1.0 million
	of civilians at all times.	C(2015) 7928 Commission Implementing	contribution to support East
	- It deeply deplores the loss of innocent lives and the high	Decision of 10 November 2015 modifying	Jerusalem Hospitals, press release,
	number of wounded civilians in the Gaza Strip as a result of Israeli	Decision C (2015) 690 final on the Annual	27.04.2015.
	military operations and is deeply concerned about the rapid and	Action Programme 2015 part 1 in favour of	27.04.2013.
	dramatic deterioration of the humanitarian situation	Palestine to be financed from the general	The EU contributes €3.5 million to
	- The European Council calls on both sides to de-escalate the	budget of the European Union.	support Palestinians access to
	situation, to end the violence, to end the suffering of the civilian		essential social and public
	populations notably by allowing access to humanitarian	C(2015) 6147 Commission Implementing	infrastructure in Area C of the
	assistance, and return to calm.	<u>Decision</u> of 1 September 2015 on the Annual	
		Action Programme 2015 part 3 in favour of	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- The European Council welcomes on-going efforts by regional	Palestine to be financed from the general	West Bank, press release,
	partners, and in particular the initiative launched by Egypt, to	budget of the European Union.	25.03.2015.
	establish a cease-fire and calls on Hamas to agree on such cease-		
	fire.	C(2015) 5243 Commission Implementing	The EU and the Palestinian
	- The European Union stands ready to provide the necessary	<u>Decision</u> of 22 July 2015 on the Annual	Authority announced a new
	support to this end. The European Union continues to call for the	Action Programme 2015 part 2 in favour of	contribution of €7.3 million to
	full implementation of United Nations Security Council	Palestine to be financed from the general	support the second cycle of the
	Resolution 1860 (2009).	budget of the European Union.	Municipal Development Program
	- The tragic events of the past days highlight the urgent need for		<u>II,</u> press release, 16.03.2015.
	all parties to work towards a resumption of the diplomatic	Foreign Affairs Council of 20 July 2015	
	process and to pursue a two-state solution to the Israeli-	Council conclusions on the Middle East Peace	EU released the first instalment
	Palestinian conflict. The European Union reiterates its offer to	<u>Process</u> .	(€212 million) of its 2015
	both parties of a package of European political and economic		financial support to the
	support and of a Special Privileged Partnership with the	C(2015) 690 Commission Implementing	Palestinian Authority and to the
	European Union in the event of a final peace agreement.	Decision of 10 February 2015 on the Annual	UNRWA, press release,
	24 June 2011:	Action Programme 2015 part 1 in favour of	17.02.2015.
	- The European Council notes that the situation in Gaza remains	Palestine to be financed from the general	Finland provided €2.5 million to
	of concern. Humanitarian assistance delivered to the population	budget of the European Union.	East Jerusalem Hospitals to
	in Gaza should be in accordance with the relevant framework and		sustain patient services for all
	decisions of the UN and should take care not to endanger human	C(2014) 8215 Commission Implementing	<u>Palestinians</u> , press release,
	lives.	Decision of 30 October 2014 on Annual	12.02.2015.
		Action Programme 2014 part 2 in favour of	A. I. C. C. T. C
		Palestine to be financed from the general	Aid of €450 million to Gaza was
		budget of the European Union.	pledged by the EU, press release,
		0/2014) 5000 0	12.10.2014.
		C(2014) 5986 Commission Implementing	
		Decision of 26 August 2014 on the Annual	Commission gave additional
		Action Programme 2014 in favour of	€5 million to support emergency
		Palestine to be financed from the general	relief operations in Gaza Strip,
		budget of the European Union.	press release,_25.07.2014.
		C(2014) 2602 Commission Involution	
		C(2014) 2692 Commission Implementing	
		Decision of 16 April 2014 on the Special measure 2014 in favour of Palestine to be	
		financed from the general budget of the	
		European Union.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		European Parliament resolution of 17 December 2014 on recognition of Palestine statehood (2014/2964(RSP)).	
		Single Support Framework 2014-2015 (SSF): The SSF sets out, for the first time, the EU's priorities for assistance to the Palestinian people on a multiannual basis (signature on 15.10.2014).	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 15 August 2014 The Council called for increased efforts to facilitate humanitarian access to Gaza Strip. Foreign Affairs Council of 22 July 2014 Council Conclusions on the Middle East Peace Process.	
		European Parliament resolution of 18 September 2014 on Israel-Palestine after the Gaza war and the role of the EU (2014/2845(RSP)).	
		C(2013) 5053 Commission Implementing Decision of 7 August 2013 on a Special Measure (Part III) in favour of Palestine, to be financed from the general budget of the European Union.	
		C(2013) 1862 Commission Implementing Decision of 26 March 2013 on Special Measure in favour of the occupied Palestinian territory (West Bank and Gaza Strip) to be financed from the general budget of the European Union.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Humanitarian Aid Iraq	30 August 2014:  The European Council is extremely dismayed by the deterioration of the security and humanitarian situation in Iral and in Syria as a result of the occupation of parts of their territor by the 'Islamic State in Iraq and the Levant (ISIL)'.  The European Council is appalled by and firmly condemns the indiscriminate killings and human rights violations perpetrate by this and other terrorist organisations, in particular against Christian and other religious and ethnic minorities who should be part of a new, democratic Iraq and the most vulnerable group EU remains committed to provide humanitarian assistance.	Foreign Affairs Council 23 May 2016 Council conclusions on the EU regional strategy for Syria and Iraq as well as the Da'esh threat.  The Foreign Affairs Council of 14 December 2015 Council Conclusions on Iraq.	lraq by €25 million as more planes arrive to help Mosul, press release, 16.12.2016.  EU Syria Trust Fund: new package of €139 million for refugees in Lebanon and stabilisation needs
		Foreign Affairs Council of 20 October 2014 Council Conclusions on Iraq / Syria / ISIL.  Foreign Affairs Council of 15 August 2014 Council Conclusions on Iraq.	in Iraq, press release, 6.12.2016.  EU earmarked €104 million in emergency aid for conflict victims, press release, 23.7.2016.  The European Union announced €194 million to support Iraq at an international pledging conference held in Washington, press release, 20.7.2016.  On 1 December 2015, the Commission delivered an additional €200 million, press release, 1.12.2015.  Draft Action Plan: Stepping up EU-Turkey cooperation in

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
			support of refugees and migration management in view of the situation in Syria and Iraq, press release, 6.10.2015.
			The European Commission announced an additional €25 million in aid for the victims of the worsening humanitarian crisis in Iraq following the recent
			launch of the funding appeal, the Iraq Humanitarian Response Plan (HRP), press release, 04.06.2015.
			EU Trust Fund launched the first response programmes for €40 million, helping up to 400,000 people in Lebanon, Turkey, Jordan and Iraq. See IP-15-507429.5.2015.
			Responding to the urgent humanitarian needs outlined in the UN's 'fast-track' appeal for Iraq, the EU is the first donor to contribute an initial €5 million, European Commission website, 10.03.2015.
			The EU increased humanitarian aid to Iraq with additional €3 million going towards assisting displaced populations, press release, 22.10.2014.
			The EU increased humanitarian aid to Iraq by additional

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
			€5 million in response to growing
			needs, bringing overall funding
			for Iraq to €17 million in 2014,
			press release, 12.8.2014.
Humanitarian Aid	25 March 2011:	Foreign Affairs Council of 17 July 2017	See ECHO Factsheet for the
Libya	- The humanitarian situation in Libya and on its borders remains	Council adopted conclusions on Libya.	humanitarian situation in Libya.
	a source of serious concern.		
	- The EU will continue to provide humanitarian assistance to all	Foreign Affairs Council of 3 April 2017	EU Trust Fund for Africa adopted
	those affected, in close cooperation with all the humanitarian	Council discussed the situation in Libya.	€46 million programme to
	agencies and NGOs involved. The EU has stepped up and will		support integrated migration and
	continue its planning on support for humanitarian assistance /	Foreign Affairs Council of 06 February 2017	border management in Libya,
	civil protection operations, including by maritime means.	Council adopted conclusions on Libya.	press release, 28 July 2017.
	- The humanitarian emergency in Libya and at its borders is		
	reaching worrying proportions, aggravated by the massive	Foreign Affairs Council of 18-19 April 2016:	The European Commission
	migration movements resulting from the events. Ensuring the	Council adopted conclusions on Libya.	announced additional emergency
	safe evacuation of EU citizens and other nationals wishing to flee		assistance of €10 million to
	the fighting remains a priority.	European Parliament resolution of 4	respond to increasing
	- The European Union and the Member States have mobilised	February 2016 on the situation in Libya	humanitarian needs in Libya,
	humanitarian aid and are committed to further assist people in	2016/2537(RSP).	press release, 20.7.2017.
	Libya and people crossing its borders, in close cooperation with		
	the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, the Office	Foreign Affairs Council of 18 January 2016	<u>Under the EU Trust Fund for</u>
	for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs, the International	Council adopted conclusions on Libya.	Africa a €90 million programme
	Organisation for Migration, the International Committee of the		has been adopted on protection
	Red Cross / International Federation of Red Cross and Red	Foreign Affairs Council of 14 December 2015	of migrants and improved
	Crescent Societies and non-governmental organisations.	Council adopted conclusions on Libya.	migration management in Libya,
	- The European Union calls on all parties concerned to allow		press release, 12.4.2017
	humanitarian agencies and operators access to any zone where	Foreign Affairs Council of 12 October 2015	
	aid is needed and stands ready to support their work. To this end,	Council adopted conclusions on Libya.	European Union approves
	the European Union will enhance its coordination in order to		projects worth €37 million to
	provide coherent and effective use of assets and capabilities, in	Foreign Affairs Council of 16 March 2015	tackle migration challenges in
	line with humanitarian principles.	Council adopted conclusions on Libya.	North Africa, press release,
			16.12.2016.
	<u>11 March 2011:</u>	Foreign Affairs Council of 9 February 2015	
	The humanitarian emergency in Libya and at its borders is	Council adopted conclusions on Libya.	The EU has increased its
	reaching worrying proportions, aggravated by the massive		humanitarian funding for Libya

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	migration movements resulting from the events. Ensuring the safe evacuation of EU citizens and other nationals wishing to flee the fighting remains a priority. The European Union and the Member States have mobilised humanitarian aid and are committed to further assist people in Libya and people crossing its borders, in close cooperation with the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, the Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs, the International Organisation for Migration, the International Committee of the Red Cross / International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies and non-governmental organisations. The European Union calls on all parties concerned to allow humanitarian agencies and operators access to any zone where aid is needed and stands ready to support their work. To this end, the European Union will enhance its coordination in order to provide coherent and effective use of assets and capabilities, in line with humanitarian	Foreign Affairs Council of 20 October 2014 Council adopted conclusions on Libya.	by €6 million as the conflict endures and needs continue to rise, press release, 3.8.2015.  The European Commission contributed €2 million in emergency funding to assist Libyans, press release, 22.12.2014.
Humanitarian Aid Syria	principles.  15 December 2016:  -The European Council strongly condemns the continued assault on Aleppo by the Syrian regime and its allies, notably Russia and Iran, including the deliberate targeting of civilians and hospitals. The European Council urgently calls on the regime and Russia, as well as all parties in the Syrian conflict to implement immediately the following four emergency measures:  a) the evacuation in safety and dignity of the inhabitants of the eastern part of Aleppo under the supervision and coordination of the United Nations, to a destination of their choosing. Members of the civil defence and civil administration must also be evacuated without obstruction under the supervision of the United Nations. The most seriously injured persons should be evacuated first;  b) immediate and unconditional aid and protection for all inhabitants of the eastern part of Aleppo, without discrimination and in accordance with international humanitarian law, guaranteeing full and unimpeded access for the United Nations and its partners on the ground in supplying essential items and urgent medical assistance, as provided for	The Foreign Affairs Council of 3 April 2017 discussed the situation in Syria.  The Foreign Affairs Council of 16 January 2017 adopted conclusions on Syria.  European Parliament resolution of 24 November 2016 on the situation in Syria (2016/2933(RSP)).  Foreign Affairs Council of 17 October 2016 Council conclusions on Syria.  Foreign Affairs Council of 23 May 2016 Council conclusions on the EU regional strategy for Syria and Iraq as well as the Da'esh threat.  Foreign Affairs Council of 15 February 2016 Council Conclusions on Syria.	See ECHO Factsheet for the current humanitarian situation in Syria.  The EU to host the second Brussels Conference on supporting the future of Syria and the region, European Commission press release ,22.9.2017.  EU strengthens its Syria crisis response through additional funding to UNICEF (€90 million from the EU Regional Trust Fund), press release, 19 September 2017.  The EU Regional Trust Fund in Response to the Syrian Crisis

in United Nations Security Council Resolution 2258, for the whole of Syria; c) genuine protection for all medical personnel and installations throughout the country, in accordance with United Nations Security Council Resolution 2286, and in particular for the border hospitals of Atmeh, Darkoush, Bab Al Hawa and Bab Al	European Parliament resolution of 4 February 2016 on the systematic mass murder of religious minorities by the so-called	adopted new projects totalling €275 million, 20.6.2017.  Brussels Conference 'Supporting
Salamah; d) international humanitarian law needs to be applied in the eastern part of Aleppo but also to the whole country and in particular to all those areas in which civilians have been besieged.  - The EU, as the first provider of humanitarian support to the Syrian population, will continue to work for achieving these goals.  - Hostilities in Syria must cease immediately. The EU will work constructively with all partners, under UN auspices, towards a transition as agreed in United Nations Security Council Resolution 2254. To this end, the European Council invites the High Representative to continue her ongoing direct engagement with all relevant partners. Those responsible for breaches of international law, some of which may amount to war crimes, must be held accountable. The EU is considering all available options. The EU will provide support for Syria's reconstruction only once a credible political transition is firmly under way.  20-21 October 2016:	'ISIS/Da'esh' (2016/2529(RSP)).  C(2015) 9691 of 21 December 2015 amending Decision C(2014) 9615 final on the establishment of a European Union Regional Trust Fund in response to the Syrian crisis, "the Madad Fund".  COM (2015) 510 of 14 October 2015  Managing the refugee crisis: State of Play of the Implementation of the Priority Actions under the European Agenda on Migration.  Annex VII: Member States' humanitarian aid pledges since 23 September 2015.  Foreign Affairs Council of 12 October 2015  Council Conclusions on Syria.  European Parliament Resolution of 30 April 2015 on the situation of the Yarmouk refugee camp in Syria 2015/2664(RSP).  JOIN (2015) 2 of 6 February 2015 Elements for	the Future of Syria and the Region' on 4-5 April 2017.  European Court of Justice Judgment in Case C-638/16 PPU  X and X v État belge, press release, 7.3.2017. See full text of judgment.  Member States are not required, under EU law, to grant a humanitarian visa to persons who wish to enter their territory with a view to applying for asylum, but they remain free to do so on the basis of their national law.  Statement by Commissioner for Humanitarian Aid and Crisis Management on deadly attacks on schools across Syria. 27.10.2016.
- The European Council invites the High Representative to continue, together with the Commission, pursuing the EU humanitarian initiative and medical evacuations in cooperation with the UN; and to reach out to key actors in the region on a political transition and on preparations for post-conflict reconciliation and reconstruction.  18 February 2016: c) humanitarian assistance should continue to be provided to	JOIN (2015) 2 of 6 February 2015 Elements for an EU regional strategy for Syria and Iraq as well as the Da'esh threat.  European Parliament Resolution of 12 February 2015 on the humanitarian crisis in Iraq and Syria, in particular in the IS context 2015/2559(RSP).	27.10.2016.  Statement by the HR/VP and Commissioner for Humanitarian Aid and Crisis Management on « an emergency humanitarian initiative for Aleppo. 2.10.2016.  Statement by Commissioner for Humanitarian Aid and Crisis
	d) international humanitarian law needs to be applied in the eastern part of Aleppo but also to the whole country and in particular to all those areas in which civilians have been besieged.  The EU, as the first provider of humanitarian support to the Syrian population, will continue to work for achieving these goals.  Hostilities in Syria must cease immediately. The EU will work constructively with all partners, under UN auspices, towards a transition as agreed in United Nations Security Council Resolution 2254. To this end, the European Council invites the High Representative to continue her ongoing direct engagement with all relevant partners. Those responsible for breaches of international law, some of which may amount to war crimes, must be held accountable. The EU is considering all available options. The EU will provide support for Syria's reconstruction only once a credible political transition is firmly under way.  20-21 October 2016:  The European Council invites the High Representative to continue, together with the Commission, pursuing the EU humanitarian initiative and medical evacuations in cooperation with the UN; and to reach out to key actors in the region on a political transition and on preparations for post-conflict reconciliation and reconstruction.	d) international humanitarian law needs to be applied in the eastern part of Aleppo but also to the whole country and in particular to all those areas in which civilians have been besieged.  The EU, as the first provider of humanitarian support to the Syrian population, will continue to work for achieving these goals.  Hostilities in Syria must cease immediately. The EU will work constructively with all partners, under UN auspices, towards a transition as agreed in United Nations Security Council Resolution 2254. To this end, the European Council invites the High Representative to continue her ongoing direct engagement with all relevant partners. Those responsible for breaches of international law, some of which may amount to war crimes, must be held accountable. The EU is considering all available options. The EU will provide support for Syria's reconstruction only once a credible political transition is firmly under way.  20-21 October 2016:  The European Council invites the High Representative to continue, together with the Commission, pursuing the EU humanitarian initiative and medical evacuations in cooperation with the UN; and to reach out to key actors in the region on a political transition and on preparations for post-conflict reconciliation and reconstruction.  Becision C(2014) 9615 final on the establishment of a Europeans Union Regional Trust Fund in response to the Syrian crisis, "the Madad Fund".  COM (2015) 510 of 14 October 2015 Managing the refugee crisis: State of Play of the Implementation of the Priority Actions under the European Agenda on Migration.  Annex VII: Member States' humanitarian aid pledges since 23 September 2015.  Council Conclusions on Syria.  European Parliament Resolution of 30 April 2015 on the situation of the Yarmouk refugee camp in Syria 2015/2664(RSP).  10IN (2015) 2 of 6 February 2015 Elements for an EU regional strategy for Syria and Iraq as well as the Da'esh threat.  European Parliament Resolution of 12 February 2015 on the humanitarian risis in Iraq and Syria, in p

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	an urgent global responsibility. In this context, the European Council welcomes the outcome of the Conference on	Council Conclusions on Syria.	Management on the situation in Aleppo. 29.9.2016.
	supporting Syria and the Region in London on 4 February and calls on the Commission, Member States and all other contributing countries to rapidly implement their commitments;  -The European Council welcomes the start of delivery of humanitarian aid within one week to civilians in besieged areas and urges all sides to ensure that this continues and use this as	C(2014) 9615 Commission Decision of 10 December 2014 on the establishment of a European Union Regional Trust Fund in response to the Syrian crisis, 'the Madad Fund'.  Transfer of appropriations No DEC 21/2014	Statement by the HR/VP and Commissioner for Humanitarian aid and Crisis management in support of the latest UN appeal for a ceasefire in Syria. 09.08.2016.
	a first step to full sustained and unimpeded humanitarian access throughout Syria, as agreed in Munich, including Aleppo, and in full compliance with international humanitarian law.	within Section III of the general budget for 2014 through which humanitarian assistance to Syria was increased.	Statement by the HR/VP and Commissioner for Humanitarian aid and Crisis management on the humanitarian situation in
	17 December 2015: - The European Council looks forward to the Syria Conference to	European Parliament resolution of 9 October 2013 on EU and Member State measures to tackle flow of refugees as a result of Syria	A new EU package of more than
	be co-hosted by Germany, Norway, Kuwait, the UK and the UN on 4 February 2016.	conflict ( <u>2013/2837(RSP)</u> ).	€200 million was announced to support one million refugees
	<ul> <li>The European Council notes that the objective of providing an additional €1 billion to respond to the urgent needs of refugees in the region to the United Nations High</li> </ul>	JOIN(2013) 22 of 24 June 2013 of the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee	from Syria in Turkey, Jordan and Lebanon, press release, 22.06.2016.
	Commissioner for Refugees, the World Food Programme and other agencies has been exceeded and that it will remain attentive to the needs of the countries of the region.	and the Committee of Regions: Towards a comprehensive approach to the Syrian crisis.	EU supports UNICEF and WHO with €3 million in humanitarian aid for polio vaccinations in Syria,
	15 October 2015: - Today, the European Council set out the following further		press release, 03.05.2016.  European Commission
	orientations: e) ask Member States to further contribute to the efforts made to support UNHCR, World Food Programme and other		announces €445 million in humanitarian aid, press release, 15.3.2016.
	agencies, as well as to support the EU's Regional Trust Fund responding to the Syria crisis and the EU Trust Fund for Africa.		The EU and its Member States pledged more than €3 billion to
	23 September 2015:  -We ask the EU institutions and our Governments to work speedily on the Priority Actions proposed by the Commission.		assist the Syrian people inside Syria as well as refugees and the communities hosting them in the
	We want operational decisions on the most pressing issues		neighbouring countries for the

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	before the October European Council, along the following orientations:		year 2016, press release, 4.2.2016.
	()  • assist Lebanon, Jordan, Turkey and other countries in		EU contributed humanitarian
	dealing with the Syrian refugee crisis, including through a substantial increase of the EU's Regional Trust Fund in		funding to the first aid convoy which arrived in Madaya, on 11
	response to the Syrian Crisis ('Madad Fund');		<u>January 2015</u> , press release, 12.1.2016.
	30 August 2014: - The European Council is extremely dismayed by the		Joint Statement of the HR/VP Federica Mogherini and EU
	deterioration of the security and humanitarian situation in Iraq		Commissioner for Humanitarian
	and in Syria as a result of the occupation of parts of their territory		aid and Crisis Management
	by the 'Islamic State in Iraq and the Levant (ISIL)'.		Christos Stylianides on the
	- It also remains committed to provide humanitarian assistance to the affected populations.		situation in Syria 8.1.2016.
	20 December 2013:		EU mobilised an additional
	- In view of the Syria pledging conference on 15 January 2014 in		€40 million in support of Syrian population, press release,
	Kuwait, the European Council recalls the lead role of the EU in		21.12.2015.
	spearheading international aid efforts with over €2 billion		
	mobilised since the beginning of the crisis. The EU is supporting		The European Commission
	the work of humanitarian organisations, notably the UN		announced the disbursement of
	agencies.		€350 million (EU Trust Fund) for Syrian refugees. The aid will help
	- Welcomed signature of biggest ever single EU humanitarian financial allocation to Syria; confirmed of the EU to continue to		up to 1.5 million refugees and
	advocate for humanitarian access inside Syria to help those in		their host communities in
	need and to mobilise adequate funding building on a		Lebanon, Turkey, Jordan and
	comprehensive aid strategy, and calls for further measures to		Iraq, press release, 01.12.2015.
	improve the effectiveness of EU support.		The Commission delivered -
	- The European Council also calls on other major international		The Commission delivered a  €200 million humanitarian aid
	donors to step up and assume their responsibilities.		package, press release,
	00.5   2042		1.12.2015.
	08 February 2013:		
	- It will continue to provide humanitarian aid and other civilian support to the Syrian population. In this context and in light of		The European Union provided
	the humanitarian emergency situation, the European Council		€10 million of additional support
	and manifestion emergency situation, the European Council		to Palestine Refugees through

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	welcomes the significant pledges made at the Kuwait donor		the Near East (UNRWA), press
	conference, encourages Member States and the Commission to		release, 23.11.2015.
	further increase their respective contributions and calls on all		Statement of the International
	parties to the conflict to facilitate humanitarian access.		
	- The European Council recalls its tasking to the Council in		Syria Support Group Vienna, 14.11.2015.
	December to work on all options to support and help the		14.11.2015.
	opposition and to enable greater support for the protection of		The European Commission steps
	civilians.		up humanitarian aid to Syria,
			press release, 3.11.2015.
	<u>19 October 2012:</u>		
	- The EU will continue to provide humanitarian assistance and		<u>Draft Action Plan: Stepping up</u>
	calls on all donors to increase their contributions to the latest UN		EU-Turkey cooperation in
	appeals.		support of refugees and
	- The European Council urges all parties to respect international		migration management in view
	humanitarian law (including the inviolability of all medical		of the situation in Syria and Iraq,
	facilities, medical personnel and vehicles). All parties should put		press release, 6.10.2015.
	an end to all forms of violence, take special measures to protect		€133 million in additional
	all vulnerable groups, allow full and safe access for the delivery		humanitarian aid in 2015 will go
	of humanitarian aid in all parts of the country.		to Syria (€62 million), Lebanon
			(€43 million) and Jordan
	29 June 2012:		(€28 million), press release
	- Called for a complete cessation of violence by all parties;		04.11.2015.
	reiterated that the main responsibility for achieving the cease		04.11.2015.
	fire, implementing the Special Envoy Kofi Annan's six-point plan,		The EU has increased its
	allowing full and unhindered humanitarian access and ensuring		humanitarian response to the
	the safety of the United Nations observers in Syria lies with the		Syria crisis with an additional
	regime.		€64 million, press release,
			16.7.2015.
	2 March 2012:		10.7.2013.
	- The European Council reiterates the importance of full and		The EU is providing emergency
	unhindered access for independent humanitarian agencies so		funding of €2.5 million to the
	that assistance may be provided to those in need in line with		UNRWA for Palestinian Refugees
	humanitarian principles.		to deliver life-saving assistance to
	- The Union has already mobilised humanitarian funding and		Palestinian refugees in Syria,
	stands		press release, 7.4.2015.
	ready to step it up as soon as conditions on the ground allow		μι ε ο ο ι ει ε α ο ε , 7.4.2013.
	humanitarian organisations to expand relief operations.		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	25 March 2011:  - Noting that the situation in each country is different, the European Council expressed its utmost concern at the situation in Syria, Yemen and Bahrain, strongly condemned the escalation of violence and the use of force against demonstrators, and urged all parties concerned to engage in meaningful and constructive dialogue without delay or preconditions.  - It endorsed conclusions adopted by Foreign Affairs Council on 21 March.  - Work should be rapidly taken forward to develop a new partnership with the region, in line with the European Council's		Following the Third International Pledging Conference for Syria, the European Commission and Member States pledged close to €1.1 billion, press release, 31.3.2015.  EU increased assistance to Syria by €136 million in humanitarian aid including for host communities in Turkey, Lebanon, Jordan and Iraq, press release,
	declaration of 11 March 2011.  As first steps in the implementation of the 11 March package, and on the basis of the joint Commission/High Representative communication, the European Council calls for rapid progress to be made along the following lines:  The EU and its Member States will step up their humanitarian assistance;		29.1.2015.  EU stepped up assistance for Syrian refugees in Turkey by an additional €10 million in humanitarian aid, press release, 9.12.2014.  The European Commission adopted a package worth €180 million to deal with the
			effects of the Syrian crisis in the country itself, as well as in Lebanon and Jordan, press release, 4.12.2014.  EU increased humanitarian aid by €3.9 million to help Syrians taking refuge in Turkey, press release,
			12.10.2014.  Commission increased aid to Syria and neighbouring countries by €215 million, including

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	10 December 2014	Facility Affairs Council of C.Falanana 2017	€50 million in humanitarian aid and €165 million for long-term development, press release, 23.9.2014.
Humanitarian Aid Ukraine	18 December 2014: Welcomes Commission's readiness to increase humanitarian aid to the suffering people in Ukraine  23-24 October 2014: The European Union and its Member States remain fully engaged in support of a political solution to the Ukrainian crisis, including through contributions to enhance the OSCE monitoring capacity, scaling up their humanitarian assistance, and encouraging and assisting Ukraine in its process of reforms, in particular on decentralisation and protection of rights of persons belonging to national minorities.  30 August 2014: The European Council calls on all parties to support and facilitate without delay the work of international humanitarian law and principles. The humanitarian impact of the conflict on the civilian population should not be exploited for political or military ends. The European Council calls on all contributors, including the Russian Federation, to support the international relief effort led by the United Nations, in full recognition of the Ukrainian Government's role as a first responder.	Foreign Affairs Council of 6 February 2017 Council reviewed the situation in Ukraine.  Foreign Affairs Council of 29 January 2015 Council Conclusions on Ukraine.  European Parliament resolution of 15 January 2015 on the situation in Ukraine (2014/2965(RSP)).  Foreign Affairs Council of 20 October 2014 Council Conclusions on Ukraine.  Foreign Affairs Council of 15 August 2014 Council Conclusions on Ukraine.	See ECHO Factsheet for developments in Ukraine.  EU announces €18 million in humanitarian aid for Ukraine, press release, 20.2.2017.  EU steps up humanitarian assistance for Ukraine by €20 million, press release, 16.03.2016.  €15 million EU aid package for Ukraine, press release, 1.07.2015.  EU increased its humanitarian aid contribution to Ukraine by €15 million as further intensification of violence has deepened the crisis, press release, 26.01.2015.  EU provided an additional €3.3 million to conflict-affected populations in Ukraine and €4.5 million to displaced persons and host communities, press release, 12.11.2014. Commission mobilised €22 million to assist Ukrainian regions suffering from the
			consequences of the conflict, press release, 11.09.2014.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Humanitarian Aid Mali	18 October 2012:  - The European Council endorses the conclusions adopted by the Council on 15 October and expresses its serious concern over the continuing political, security and humanitarian crisis in Mali. This situation poses an immediate threat to the Sahel region as well as to West and North Africa and to Europe. The EU is determined to provide comprehensive support to Mali, in close cooperation with international and regional partners.  - In particular, the EU will support Mali in its efforts to restore the rule of law and re-establish a fully sovereign democratic government with authority throughout Malian territory.  The EU will gradually resume development cooperation as soon as a credible and consensual Roadmap is adopted for the restoration of constitutional order. In the meantime, the EU will step up its humanitarian response.	Foreign Affairs Council of 19 June 2017 Council adopted conclusions on Mali and the Sahel.  Foreign Affairs Council of 20 July 2015 Council Conclusions on Mali.  Foreign Affairs Council of 20 April 2015 The Council adopted the Sahel Regional Action Plan 2015-2020 which provides the overall framework for the implementation of the European Union Strategy for Security and Development in the Sahel.  Foreign Affairs Council of 16 March 2015 Council Conclusions on Mali.  Foreign Affairs Council 9 February 2015 Council Conclusions on Mali.	Humanitarian aid of €2.5 million given to assist the most vulnerable persons affected by continuing fighting in Eastern Ukraine, press release, 12.08.2014.  EU steps up assistance to Mali and the Central African Republic as humanitarian needs grow, press release, 4.8.2017.  EU announces €145 million in humanitarian aid for seven countries in the Sahel, press release, 14.7.2017.  See ECHO Factsheet for humanitarian situation in Mali. European Commission announced €145 million in humanitarian aid for 7 countries in the Sahel, press release, 14.07.2016.  An extra €1 million made available to tackle the humanitarian crisis in the north of the country, press release, 05.08.2015.
External relations - Association Agreement Kosovo	27 - 28 June 2013: Decisions authorising opening of negotiations on Stabilisation and Association Agreement between the EU and Kosovo have been adopted.	Foreign Affairs Council of 17 July 2017 The Council adopted a decision concluding the Framework Agreement on Kosovo's access to EU programmes that was signed on 25 November 2016.	First meeting of the Stabilisation and Association Council between the European Union and Kosovo, 25.11.2016

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		European Parliament legislative resolution of	Dialogue between Belgrade and
		19 January 2017 on the proposal for a	Pristina, 15.6.2016.
		regulation of the European Parliament and of	
		the Council on certain procedures for applying	European Commission proposes
		the Stabilisation and Association Agreement	visa-free travel for the people of
		between the European Union and the	<u>Kosovo</u> , 4.5.2016.
		European Atomic Energy Community, of the	
		one part, and Kosovo (2016/0218(COD)).	Stabilisation and Association
			Agreement with Kosovo enters
		General Affairs Council of 13 December 2016 adopted conclusions on Kosovo (15536/16).	<u>into force</u> , 1.4.2016.
			Statement by HR/VP Federica
		Proposal for a Regulation COM(2016)0460	Mogherini after meeting with
		final of 18 July 2016 of the European	Prime Minister Isa Mustafa of
		Parliament and of the Council on certain	Kosovo, 18.11.2015.
		procedures for applying the Stabilisation and	
		Association Agreement between the	Stabilisation and Association
		European Union and the European Atomic	Agreement negotiations
		Energy Community, of the one part, and	successfully completed,
		Kosovo of the other part. Procedure:	2.5.2015.
		<u>2016/0218(COD)</u> .	<u>Initial draft of the Stabilisation</u>
			and Association Agreement,
		European Parliament resolution of 4	25.7.2014.
		February 2016 on the 2015 report on Kosovo	
		( <u>2015/2893(RSP)</u> ).	Opening of the Stabilisation and
		Function of	Association Agreement (SAA)
		European Parliament legislative resolution of 21 January 2016 on the draft Council decision	negotiations with Kosovo, 28.10.2013.
		on the conclusion, on behalf of the Union, of	28.10.2013.
		the Stabilisation and Association Agreement	
		between the European Union and the	
		European Atomic Energy Community, of the	
		one part, and Kosovo, of the other part	
		(2015/0094(NLE)).	
		COM(2015)0906 of 18 December 2015	
		Progress by Kosovo in fulfilling the	

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		requirements of the visa liberalisation	
		roadmap. Third report.	
		COM(2015)0611 of 10 November 2015 on EU	
		Enlargement Strategy.	
		Staff Working Document SWD/2015/0215 of	
		10 November 2015: Kosovo 2015 Report accompanying the document Communication	
		from the Commission to the European	
		Parliament, the Council, the European	
		Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions: EU Enlargement	
		Strategy.	
		Commission Decision 2015/C 364/04 of 26	
		October 2015 on the conclusion of the	
		Stabilisation and Association Agreement	
		between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community, of the	
		one part, and of Kosovo, of the other part.	
		Council Decision (EU) 2015/1993 of 22	
		October 2015 approving the conclusion, by	
		the European Commission, on behalf of the European Atomic Energy Community, of the	
		Stabilisation and Association Agreement	
		between the European Union and the	
		European Atomic Energy Community, of the one part, and of Kosovo, of the other part.	
		site party and or nessero, or the other part.	
		Council Decision (EU) 2015/1988 of 22	
		October 2015 on the signing, on behalf of the Union, of the Stabilisation and Association	
		Agreement between the European Union and	

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		the European Atomic Energy Community, of the one part, and Kosovo, of the other part.  COM(2015)0181 of 30 April 2015 on the conclusion on behalf of the European Union, of the Stabilisation and Association Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community, of the one part, and of Kosovo, on the other part.  General Affairs Council of 16 December 2014: Council Conclusions on Enlargement and Stabilisation and Association Process.  COM(2014)0700 of 8 October 2014 on Enlargement Strategy and main challenges 2014 - 2015. Procedure: SWD(2014)0306.  COM(2014)0488 of 24 July 2014 Second Report on Progress by Kosovo in fulfilling the requirements of the visa liberalisation	
External Relations - Association Agreement Georgia	26 - 27 June 2014: EU leaders signed Association Agreement with Georgia.	roadmap. Procedure: SWD(2014)0251.  Joint Proposal JOIN(2017) 12 final for a Council Decision on the Union position within the Association Council established by the Association Agreement between the European Union, the European Atomic Energy Community and its Member States, of the one part and Georgia, of the other part with regard to the adoption of the EU-Georgia Association Agenda.  Joint Staff Working Document (SWD(2016)0467) of 15 December 2016 on the Eastern Partnership - Focusing on key priorities and deliverables.	European Commission proposes to lift visa obligations for citizens of Georgia, 09.03.2016.  Joint press release following the second Association Council meeting between the European Union and Georgia, 16.11.2015.  Remarks by President Donald Tusk following his meeting with the Prime Minister of Georgia Irakli Garibashvili, 21.07.2015.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Joint Staff Working Document (SWD(2016)0423) of 25 November 2016 on Association Implementation Report on Georgia.	Remarks by President Donald Tusk following his meeting with the President of Georgia Giorgi Margvelashvili, 20.07.2015.
		Foreign Affairs Council of 14 November 2016 adopted conclusions on the Eastern Partnership (14244/16).	Joint Declaration of the Eastern Partnership Summit, 22.05.2015.
		Council Decision (EU) 2016/1780 of 29 September 2016 establishing the position to be taken on behalf of the European Union within the Joint Committee set up under the	EU to unlock €2 billion worth of investment for small businesses in Georgia, Moldova and Ukraine, 21.05.2015.
		Agreement between the European Union and Georgia on the facilitation of the issuance of visas, with regard to the adoption of common guidelines for the implementation of that Agreement.	Commission assesses the implementation of Visa Liberalisation Action Plans by Ukraine and Georgia, 08.05.2015.
		European Parliament resolution of 21 January 2016 on Association Agreements / Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Areas with Georgia, Moldova and Ukraine	EU awards a grant of €10 million as the second instalment of the Financial Assistance Programme for Georgia, 21.04.2015.
		(2015/3032(RSP)).  COM(2015)0684 of 18 December 2015 Georgia's implementation of the action plan on visa liberalisation. Fourth progress report.	EU awards a grant of €13 million in macro-financial assistance as the first instalment which is part of a larger €46 million Macro-Financial Assistance Programme
		Proposal COM(2015)456 of 16 September 2015 on the Union positions to be taken in the Trade and Sustainable Development Sub-Committee and in the Association Committee in Trade configuration established by the Association Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic	for Georgia, 27.01.2015.  Joint Press Release following first Association Council meeting between EU and Georgia, 17.01.2014.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Energy Community and their Member States, of the one part, and Georgia, of the other part.	
		COM(2015)0103 of 8 May 2015 Third Progress Report on Georgia's implementation of the action plan on visa liberalisation.	
		Joint Staff Working Document SWD(2015)0103 of 8 May 2015 on Georgia's implementation of the action plan on visa liberalisation. Third progress report.	
		Joint Staff Working Document SDW(2015)0066 of 25 March 2015 on the implementation of the European Neighbourhood Policy in Georgia. Progress in 2014 and Recommendations for Actions.	
		European Parliament resolution of 18 December 2014 on the conclusion of EU/Georgia association agreement (2014/2816(INI)).	
		COM(2014) 727 of 11 December 2014 for a Council Decision on the Union position to be taken in the SPS Sub-Committee, the Customs Sub-Committee, and in the Geographical Indications Sub-Committee	
		established by the Association Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community and their Member States, of the one part, and Georgia, of the other part, in relation to the adoption of the rules of procedure of the SPS	
		Sub-Committee, the Customs Sub-	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Committee, and the Geographical Indications Sub-Committee. Procedure: 2014/0348/NLE.	
		COM(2014)0681 of 29 October 2014 Second Progress Report on the implementation by Georgia of the Action Plan on Visa Liberalisation. Procedure: SWD (2014)0334.	
		Proposal COM(2014)0360 of 12 June 2014 for a Council Decision with regard to the adoption of Recommendation on Implementation of the EU-Georgia Association Agenda.	
		Procedure: 2014/0182 (NLE).  Proposal COM(2014)0149 of 10 March 2014 for a Council Decision to conclude Association Agreement between EU and EURATOM and Georgia. Procedure:	
		2014/0086 (NLE).	
External Relations - Association Agreement Republic of Moldova	23 - 24 October 2014: Looks forward to holding of parliamentary elections in Moldova on 30 November as yet another important step on European agenda of Moldova following recent provisional application of Association Agreement.	Joint Staff Working Document (SWD(2016)0467) of 15 December 2016 on the Eastern Partnership – Focusing on key priorities and deliverables.	Joint statement following the third Association Council meeting between the European Union and the Republic of Moldova, 31.3.2017.
	Expects upcoming parliamentary elections to be free and fair; recommends Moldovan authorities to work closely with international electoral observers; all political forces should carry out open and fair electoral campaign.	Foreign Affairs Council of 14 November 2016 adopted conclusions on the Eastern Partnership (14244/16).	Joint Press Release following the second Association Council meeting between the European
	26 - 27 June 2014: EU leaders signed Association agreement with Republic of Moldova.	Council Decision (EU) 2016/1876 of 13 October 2016 on the position to be adopted on behalf of the European Union within the Association Committee in Trade configuration established by the Association Agreement between the European Union and the	Union and the Republic of Moldova, 14.3.2016.  Joint Declaration of the Eastern Partnership Summit, 22.05.2015.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		European Atomic Energy Community and	EU to unlock €2 billion worth of
		their Member States, of the one part, and the	investment for small businesses
		Republic of Moldova, of the other.	in Georgia, Moldova and Ukraine,
			21.05.2015.
		Proposal COM(2016)0649 final of 10 October	
		2016 on the position to be taken on behalf of	Remarks by President Donald
		the European Union within the Association	Tusk after meeting with
		Committee in Trade configuration established	President Nicolae Timofti,
		by the Association Agreement between the	28.04.2015.
		European Union and the European Atomic	
		Energy Community and their Member States,	Remarks by President Donald
		of the one part, and the Republic of Moldova,	Tusk after meeting with Prime
		of the other part.	Minister Chiril Gaburici,
			28.04. 2015.
		Foreign Affairs Council of 15 February 2016	
		adopted conclusions on the Republic of	Joint press release following the
		Moldova (6122/16).	first Association Council meeting
			between the European Union
		European Parliament resolution of 21 January	and the Republic of Moldova,
		2016 on Association Agreements / Deep and	16.03.2015.
		Comprehensive Free Trade Areas with	
		Georgia, Moldova and Ukraine	Signature of the Memorandum of
		( <u>2015/3032(RSP)</u> ).	Understanding on the Single
		D	Support Framework for the EU
		Proposal COM(2015)390 of 5 August 2015 on	support for the Republic of
		the position to be taken on behalf of the	Moldova over the period 2014-
		European Union within the Association Committee in Trade configuration established	2017 during Commissioner Johannes Hahn visit to Moldova,
		_	
		by the Association Agreement between the	Chisinau, 06.11.2014.
		European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community and their Member States,	
		of the one part, and the Republic of Moldova,	
		of the other part.	
		of the other part.	
		Proposal COM(2015)325 of 6 July 2015 for a	
		Council Decision establishing the position to	
		be taken on behalf of the European Union	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		within the Committee on Government Procurement on the Accession of the Republic of Moldova to the Agreement on Government Procurement.	
		Joint Staff Working Document SDW(2015)0069 of 25 March 2015 on the implementation of the European Neighbourhood Policy in the Republic of Moldova. Progress in 2014 and Recommendations for Actions.	
		Proposal COM(2014)0542 of 1 September 2014 for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Council Regulation (EC) No 55/2008 introducing autonomous trade preferences for the Republic of Moldova. Procedure: 2014/0250(COD).	
		Proposal COM(2014) 0729 for a Council Decision on the Union position to be taken in the SPS Sub-Committee, the Customs Sub-Committee, and in the Geographical Indications Sub-Committee established by the Association Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic	
		Energy Community and their Member States, of the one part, and the Republic of Moldova, of the other part, in relation to the adoption of the rules of procedure of the SPS Sub-Committee, the Customs Sub-Committee, and the Geographical Indications Sub-Committee. Procedure 2014/0350/NLE.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Council Decision No 2014/751/CFSP of 30 October 2014 amending Decision	
		2010/573/CFSP concerning restrictive	
		measures against the leadership of the Transnistrian region of the Republic of	
		Moldova.	
		Proposal COM(2014)0587 of 19 September	
		2014 for Council Decision in relation to the	
		adoption of Rules of procedure of Association Council and Association Committee,	
		establishment of two specialised	
		subcommittees, and delegation of certain	
		powers by Association Council to Association	
		Committee in Trade configuration. Procedure: 2014/0273(NLE).	
		2014/02/3(NLL).	
		European Parliament resolution of 9	
		September 2014 on Conclusion of	
		EU/Moldova Association Agreement (2014/2817(INI)).	
		Proposal COM(2014)0359 of 12 June 2014 for	
		a Council Decision on the Union's position in	
		the Cooperation Council established by the	
		Partnership and Cooperation Agreement	
		between the European Community and its Member States on the one hand and the	
		Republic of Moldova on the other, with regard	
		to adopting a Recommendation on	
		implementing EU-Moldova Association	
		Agenda: EU position in the Cooperation	
		Council. Procedure: 2014/0181 (NLE).	
		Proposal COM(2014)0146 of 10 March 2014	
		for Council Decision to conclude Association	
		Agreement between EU, Euratom and their	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Member States, on one part, and Moldova, on other part. Procedure: 2014/0083 (NLE).	
External Relations - Association Agreement Ukraine	15 December 2016: The European Council reconfirms its commitment to international law and the territorial integrity of Ukraine as well as the conclusion of the EU-Ukraine Association Agreement, including the establishment of a Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Area. The aim of association agreements is to support	European Union, of the Association Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community and their Member States, of the one part, and	On Friday 1 September, the association agreement between the European Union and Ukraine entered officially into force, press release, 1.9.2017.
	partner countries on their path to becoming stable and prosperous democracies, and to reflect the strategic and geopolitical importance the European Union attaches to the regional context. Therefore, completing the ratification process remains a crucial EU objective.	country nationals legally employed as workers	Statement by Jean-Claude Juncker, President of the European Commission, on the vote in the Dutch Senate on the ratification of the Association
	After having carefully noted the outcome of the Dutch referendum on 6 April 2016 on the bill approving the Association Agreement and the concerns expressed prior to the referendum as conveyed by the Dutch Prime Minister, the European Council takes note of a <u>Decision</u> of the Heads of State or Government of the 28 Member States of the European Union, meeting within the European Council (Annex), which addresses these concerns in full conformity with the Association Agreement and the EU treaties.	2017 on the conclusion, on behalf of the European Union, of the Association Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community and their Member States, of the one part, and	Agreement between the European Union and Ukraine, 31.5.2017.  Visas: Council adopts regulation on visa liberalisation for Ukrainian citizens, 11.5.2017. Remarks by President Donald Tusk after the European Council
	The European Council notes that the Decision set out in the Annex is legally binding on the 28 Member States of the European Union, and may be amended or repealed only by common accord of their Heads of State or Government. It will take effect once the Kingdom of the Netherlands has ratified the agreement and the Union has concluded it. Should this not be the case, the Decision will cease to exist.	L 181, 12.7.2017, p. 1–3.  Joint Staff Working Document (SWD(2016)0467) of 15 December 2016 on	meeting, 15.12.2016.  EU prolongs sanctions over actions against Ukraine's territorial integrity, 15.12.2016.  Statement by the High
	The European Council welcomes the results of the EU-Ukraine Summit on 24 November 2016 and stresses the Union's continued resolve to deepen and strengthen its relationship with Ukraine in the face of current challenges. It recognises Ukraine's achievements in implementing reforms to meet European	Joint Staff Working Document (SWD(2016)0426) of 9 December 2016 on Association Implementation Report on Ukraine	Representative/Vice-President Federica Mogherini on the situation in Ukraine, 15.08.2016.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	standards and the fact that it has met the conditions for a visa- free regime with the Union. Further to the adoption of a robust suspension mechanism, the co-legislators are invited to complete the procedure leading to the lifting of visa	Foreign Affairs Council of 14 November 2016 adopted conclusions on the Eastern Partnership (14244/16).	Russia: EU prolongs economic sanctions by six months, 01.07.2016.
	requirements for Ukraine and Georgia.  28 June 2016:  The Dutch Prime Minister presented the outcome of the referendum in the Netherlands on the Association Agreement with Ukraine, as well as the concerns expressed in the debate preceding the referendum. The European Council invites the Council to seek a solution addressing these concerns as soon as	European Parliament resolution of 21 January 2016 on Association Agreements / Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Areas with Georgia, Moldova and Ukraine (2015/3032(RSP)).  Proposal for a Council Decision COM(2015)0407 of 26 August 2015	European Commission proposes visa-free travel for citizens of Ukraine, 20.04.2016.  Outcome of the Trilateral Talks on the Implementation of the EU- Ukraine Association Agreement/Deep and
	possible.  23 - 24 October 2014: Reiterated its willingness to support Ukraine as it addresses political and economic reform, incl. in energy sectors, in line with commitments both sides have through Association Agreement. Welcomed upcoming provisional application of Association Agreement.	establishing the position to be taken on behalf of the European Union within the Committee on Government Procurement on the accession of Ukraine to the Agreement on Government Procurement.  European Parliament resolution of 10 June	Comprehensive Free Trade Area, 07.09.2015.  EU Commission disburses €600 million assistance to Ukraine, 22.07.2015.
	26 - 27 June 2014: EU leaders signed Association Agreements with Ukraine. Recalling Statements of Heads of State and Government on Ukraine of 6 March and 27 May, European Council conclusions of 21 March and conclusions of Foreign Affairs Council on Ukraine of 23 June, European Council expresses its support to peace plan announced last week by President Poroshenko.	2015 on the state of EU-Russia relations (2015/2001(INI)).  Joint Staff Working Document SDW(2015)0074 of 25 March 2015 on the implementation of the European Neighbourhood Policy in Ukraine. Progress in 2014 and Recommendations for Actions.	€15 million EU aid package for Ukraine, 01.07.2015.  Ukraine: EU further supports reform agenda and its economic recovery, 18.06.2015.  Joint Declaration of the Eastern Partnership Summit,
	Reconfirms commitment to support economic stabilisation process in Ukraine and welcomes two recent significant Commission disbursements totalling €750 million in framework of State Building Contract and Macro Financial Assistance. European Council looks forward to high level donor coordination meeting on Ukraine to be held in Brussels on 8 July.	Recommendation JOIN(2015)0004 of 18 February 2015 on the implementation of the EU-Ukraine Association Agenda. Procedure 2015/0038/NLE.  Proposal COM(2015)0005 of 8 January 2015 for a Decision on macro-financial assistance to	22.05.2015.  EU to unlock €2 billion worth of investment for small businesses in Georgia, Moldova and Ukraine, 21.05.2015.
	27 May 2014:	Ukraine. Procedure: SWD(2015)0001.	Commission assesses the implementation of Visa

Dedicated Support Group for Ukraine created by Commission to help Ukrainian authorities implement jointly agreed European		
Agenda for Reform, in coordination with Member States, international donors and civil society.  Several measures already deployed, incl. first disbursement of macro-financial assistance totalling now €1.61 billion and signature of State Building contract between Commission and government of Ukraine.  Commission put forward report recommending move to phase 2 of visa liberalisation process with view to granting visa free travel to citizens of Ukraine once visa liberalisation process duly completed.  20 - 21 March 2014:  European Union and its Member States committed to sign remainder of Association Agreement and Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Area.  First meeting in political dialogue as envisaged under Agreement to take place in April.  Urged Council and European Parliament to swiftly adopt proposal for temporarily removing customs duties, so called Autonomous Trade measures, on Ukrainian exports to EU.  Urged Council to rapidly agree on macro-financial assistance and to underline that agreement with IMF is critical to enable this assistance.  Agreement to be promptly reached on OSCE mission to be deployed in Ukraine as soon as possible, in order to help stabilise situation; European Council asks High Representative to urgently draw up plans for EU contribution facilitating work of OSCE	Proposal COM(2014)0609 of 26 September 2014 for a Council Decision amending the Council Decision on the signing and provisional application of Title III (with the exception of the provisions relating to the treatment of third-country nationals legally employed as workers in the territory of the other Party) and Titles IV, V, VI and VII thereof, and related Annexes and Protocols of Association Agreement. Procedure: 2014/0282 (NLE).  Council Decision No 2014/668/EU of 23 June 2014 on the signing, on behalf of EU, and provisional application of the Association Agreement between EU and the European Atomic Energy Community and their Member States, on the one part, and Ukraine, on the other part, as regards Title III (with the exception of the provisions relating to the treatment of third-country nationals legally employed as workers in the territory of the other Party) and Titles IV, V, VI and VII thereof, as well as the related Annexes and Protocols (OJ L 278, 20.9.2014., p. 1).  Proposal COM(2014)0679 of 30 October 2014 for a Council Decision on the facilitation of the	Liberalisation Action Plans by Ukraine and Georgia, 08.05.2015.  Memorandum of Understanding for a €1.8 billion loan as part of the EU Macrofinancial Assistance Programme to Ukraine, 22.05.2015.  Statement by President Donald Tusk following to the Eastern Partnership Summit, 22.05.2015. 17th EU-Ukraine Summit Joint Statement, 27.04.2015.  Commission proposes further €1.8 billion in macro-financial assistance, 08.01.2015.  First Association Council meeting between the European Union and Ukraine, 15.12.2014.  Council launched an Advisory Mission for Civilian Security Sector Reform in Ukraine with an initial mandate of two years.
draw up plans for EU contribution facilitating work of OSCE mission.	for a Council Decision on the facilitation of the issuance of visas, with regard to the adoption of Common Guidelines for the implementation of the Agreement.	initial mandate of two years, 01.12.2014. Further €260 million awarded as
	Procedure: 2014/0315 (NLE).  Communication COM(2014)0336 of 27 May 2014 Fourth report on Implementation by	part of EU Macro-Financial Assistance for Ukraine, 12.11.2014.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Ukraine of the Action Plan on visa liberalisation.	EU-Ukraine Association Agreement to start applying in two phases,
		Foreign Affairs Council of 14 April 2014 approved macro-financial assistance and adopted regulation granting unilateral trade preferences (8763/14).	29.09.2014.  Commission awards €500 million to Ukraine as first loan tranche
		Proposal COM(2014)0182 of 20 March 2014 for a Council Decision on providing macro-	from new EU Macro-Financial Assistance (MFA II) programme. Award of €100 million on 20 May
		financial assistance to Ukraine. Procedure: 2014/0104 (NLE).	2014 from previously agreed MFA programme (MFA I) deployed, 17.06.2014.
		Proposal COM(2013)0290 of 15 May 2013 for a Council Decision to conclude an Association Agreement between the EU and its Member States, of the one part, and Ukraine, of the	Signature of the Association Agreement with Ukraine, 27.06.2014.
		other part. Procedure: 2014/0151 (NLE).	The EU increased its support to the work of the OSCE in Ukraine, 23.05.2014.
			Commission agreed on financial assistance package of at least €11 billion in loans and grants, 05.03.2014.
External relations -	19 - 20 March 2015:	Council Decision (CFSP) 2017/1148 of 28 June	EU prolongs sanctions over
Conflict in Ukraine	Called to swiftly and fully implement the Minsk agreements.	2017 amending Decision 2014/512/CFSP	actions against Ukraine's
	Agreed that the duration of the restrictive measures against the	concerning restrictive measures in view of	territorial integrity until 15 March
	Russian Federation, adopted on 31 July 2014 and enhanced on 8	Russia's actions destabilising the situation in	<u>2018</u> , 14.9.2017.
	September 2014, should be clearly linked to the complete implementation of the Minsk agreements, bearing in mind that	Ukraine.	Statement by the Spokesperson
	this is only foreseen by 31 December 2015.	Council Decision (CFSP) 2017/1087 of 19 June	on the ceasefire violations in
	Continues to condemn the illegal annexation of Crimea and	2017 amending Decision 2014/386/CFSP	eastern Ukraine, 31.1.2017.
	Sevastopol by the Russian Federation and will remain committed	concerning restrictive measures in response	,,
	to fully implement its non-recognition policy.	to the illegal annexation of Crimea and	Remarks by President Donald
	Continues to support Ukraine's reform process together with	Sevastopol.	Tusk after the European Council
	other donors and in line with IMP conditionality.		meeting, 15.12.2016.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Called for a third Macro-Financial Assistance package for Ukraine	European Parliament resolution of 16 March	
	to be adopted as a matter of urgency.	2017 on Ukrainian prisoners in Russia and the	Remarks by HR/VP Federica
	Stressed the need to challenge Russia's ongoing disinformation	situation in Crimea (2017/2596(RSP)).	Mogherini on EU strategic
	campaigns and invited the High Representative, in cooperation		communication to counteract
	with Member States and EU institutions, to prepare by June and	Foreign Affairs Council of 6 February 2017	anti-EU propaganda by third
	action plan on strategic communication. The establishment of a communication team is a first step in this regard.	adopted conclusions on Ukraine (5983/17).	<u>parties</u> , 22.11.2016.
		European Parliament resolution of 23	EU adds six members of the State
	<u>18 December 2014:</u>	November 2016 on EU strategic	Duma from Crimea to sanctions
	Congratulates Ukraine on its new government and welcomes its	communication to counteract propaganda	list over actions against Ukraine's
	determination to carry out political and economic reforms.  EU and Member States stand ready to further facilitate and	against it by third parties (2016/2030(INI)).	territorial integrity, 9.11.2016.
	support Ukraine's reform process, together with other donors	European Parliament resolution of 12 May	Declaration by the HR/VP
	and in line with IMF conditionality.	2016 on the Crimean Tatars	Federica Mogherini on behalf of
	Welcomes Commission's readiness to increase humanitarian aid	(2016/2092(RSP)).	the EU on the alignment of
	to the suffering people in Ukraine.		certain countries concerning
	Further tightens non-recognition of the illegal annexation of	European Parliament resolution of 4	restrictive measures directed
	Crimea and Sevastopol.	February 2016 on the human rights situation	against certain persons, entities
	It is ready to take further steps if necessary; calls for active	in Crimea, in particular of the Crimean Tatars	and bodies in view of the
	engagement in and full implementation of the Minsk Agreements.	( <u>2016/2556(RSP)</u> ).	situation in Ukraine, 10.11.2015.
	Calls for unhindered access to MH17 crash in the interest of	Council Regulation (EU) 2015/1797 of 7	High Representative/Vice-
	ongoing investigations.	October 2015 amending Regulation (EU) No	President Federica Mogherini
		833/2014 concerning restrictive measures in	meets with Foreign Minister of
	<u>23 - 24 October 2014:</u>	view of Russia's actions destabilising the	<u>Ukraine, Pavlo Klimkin</u> ,
	Welcomed Minsk Protocol of 5 September and Minsk	situation in Ukraine.	7.9.2015.
	Memorandum of 19 September as steps towards sustainable		
	political solution of crisis that is to be based on respect for	Council Implementing Regulation (EU)	<u>Declaration</u> by the High
	Ukraine's independence; it expects parties' full engagement and	2015/1777 of 5 October 2015 implementing	Representative on behalf of the
	swift implementation of all commitments under Minsk	Regulation (EU) No 208/2014 concerning	EU on the alignment of certain
	documents, particularly with regard to full implementation of	restrictive measures directed against certain	third countries on concerning
	cease-fire, setting-up of comprehensive border control	persons, entities and bodies in view of the	restrictive measures in respect of
	arrangements and holding of early elections in Donetsk and	situation in Ukraine.	actions undermining or
	Luhansk regions in accordance with Ukrainian law.		threatening the territorial
	Considered holding of 'presidential' and 'parliamentary'	Council Decision 2015/1781/CFSP of 5	integrity, sovereignty and
	elections, called by self-appointed authorities, would run counter	October 2015 amending Decision	independence of Ukraine,

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	to letter and spirit of Minsk Protocol and would not be	2014/119/CFSP concerning restrictive	17.6.2015.
	recognised.	measures directed against certain persons,	
	It reiterates its call for immediate, safe and unrestricted access	entities and bodies in view of the situation in	Action Plan on Strategic
	to MH17 crash site.	Ukraine.	Communication, 22 June 2015.
	EU expects Russian Federation to respect Ukraine's national		
	sovereignty and territorial integrity and to contribute to political	Council Decision 2015/1764/CFSP of 1	Memorandum of Understanding
	stabilisation and economic recovery of Ukraine.	October 2015 amending Decision	for €1.8bn as part of the EU
	Reiterated it would not be recognise illegal annexation of Crimea;	2014/512/CFSP concerning restrictive	<u>Macrofinancial Assistance</u>
	Russian Federation shall assume its responsibilities for full	measures in view of Russia's actions	<u>Programme to Ukraine</u> signed in
	implementation of Minsk agreements, in particular, it shall	destabilising the situation in Ukraine.	Riga, 22.05.2015.
	prevent any movement of military, weapons or fighters from its		
	territory into Ukraine; it should exercise influence to ensure that	General Affairs Council of 14 September	European Commission Factsheet
	separatists implement obligations assumed in Minsk in good	2015 extends the validity of sanctions over	on EU support to Ukraine,
	faith; it should also support OSCE verification efforts.	actions against Ukraine's territorial integrity	22.05.2015.
	Underlined importance for Russian Federation, Ukraine and EU	(11966/15).	EU increased its humanitarian aid
	to strictly abide by commitments reflected in Joint Ministerial		contribution to Ukraine by
	Statement of 12 September.	European Parliament resolution of 11 June	€15 million as further
	Welcomed progress in resolution of Ukrainian energy crisis and	2015 on the strategic military situation in the	intensification of violence has
	looks forward to finalisation of ongoing trilateral negotiations	Black Sea Basin following the illegal	deepened the crisis,
	between Russian Federation, Ukraine and Commission.	annexation of Crimea by Russia	26.01.2015.
	Recalled previous EU decisions on restrictive measures and	( <u>2015/2036(INI)</u> ).	
	remained seized with situation in Ukraine in order to provide		EU provided an additional
	further direction as required.	European Parliament resolution of 10 June	€3.3 million to conflict-affected
	30 August 2014:	2015 on the state of EU-Russia relations	populations in Ukraine and
	Condemned increasing inflows of fighters and weapons from	( <u>2015/2001(INI)</u> ).	€4.5 million to displaced persons
	Russia to Eastern Ukraine as well as aggression by Russian armed		and host communities,
	forces on Ukrainian soil.	Foreign Affairs Council of 22 June 2015	12.11.2014.
	Called upon Russian Federation to withdraw all military assets	adopts the extension of the economic	
	and forces from Ukraine immediately.	sanctions set on Russia (10185/15).	The EU has increased support for
	Requested Commission and EEAS to propose further steps for EU		the Organisation for Security and
	to take in light of situation in Eastern Ukraine.	Economic and Financial Affairs Council of 19	Cooperation in Europe (OSCE) in
	to take in light of situation in Eastern Oktaine.	June 2015 adopts conclusions on the	Ukraine,
	16 July 2014:	extension of sanctions in response to illegal	5.6.2014.
	Decided to further expand list of individuals subject to restrictive	annexation of Crimea and Sevastopol	
	measures and to enhance legal basis for listings.	(10089/15).	Commission mobilised
			€22 million to assist Ukrainian

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Asked EIB and EBRD to suspend signature of new operations in	Foreign Affairs Council of 16 March 2015	regions suffering from the
	Russia and announced that EU would reassess bilateral and	adopts conclusions on Ukraine (7265/15).	consequences of the conflict,
	regional cooperation programmes with Russia with view to		11.9.2014.
	suspension.	Foreign Affairs Council of 9 February 2015	
		adopts conclusions on Ukraine (6044/15).	EU crisis response expert mission
	<u>26 - 27 June 2014:</u>		dispatched to Ukraine to assist
	Recalling Statements of Heads of State and Government on	Foreign Affairs Council of 29 January 2015	authorities in identifying needs
	Ukraine of 6 March and 27 May, European Council conclusions of	adopts conclusions on Ukraine (5755/15).	for support in police reform and
	21 March and conclusions of Foreign Affairs Council on Ukraine		law enforcement, 5.6.2014.
	of 23 June, European Council expresses its support to peace plan	Foreign Affairs Council of 19 January 2015	
	announced last week by President Poroshenko.	held an in-depth debate on EU relations with	Statement of the Heads of State
	Taking note of Russian President's declaration of support in	Russia (5411/15).	or Government on Ukraine,
	principle of peace plan and Federation Council's decision to		27.5.2014.
	revoke authorisation to use Russian forces to intervene militarily	European Parliament resolution of 15	
	in Ukraine.	January 2015 on the situation in Ukraine	Humanitarian aid of €2.5 million
	Regretting that cease-fire, while being respected by Ukrainian	( <u>2014/2965(RSP)</u> ).	given to assist the most
	authorities, has not led to full cessation of military hostilities.		vulnerable persons affected by
	Therefore, European Council calls upon all parties to genuinely	Proposal JOIN(2015)0001 of 22 January 2015	continuing fighting in Eastern
	commit to implementation of peace plan and to cement	for a Council Regulation on restrictive	Ukraine, 12.8.2014.
	cessation of military activities. It urges Russian Federation to	measures directed against certain persons,	
	actively use its influence over illegally armed groups and to stop	entities and bodies in view of the situation in	
	flow of weapons and militants across border to achieve rapid and	Ukraine.	
	tangible results in de-escalation.	Council Regulation (EU) No 1351/2014 of 18	
	Supported OSCE monitoring implementation of peace plan as	December 2014 amending Regulation (EU)	
	well as its role in supporting cease-fire and establishment of	No 692/2014 concerning restrictive measures	
	effective border controls.	in response to the illegal annexation of	
	Following its March conclusions and decision not to recognise	Crimea and Sevastopol (OJ L 365, 19.12.2014,	
	illegal annexation of Crimea and Sevastopol, European Council	p. 46).	
	welcomes work undertaken by Commission to give effect to this		
	policy and decision to prohibit import of goods from Crimea and	Council Decision 2014/933/CFSP of 18	
	Sevastopol which do not have Ukrainian certificate.	December 2014 amending Decision	
	European Council recalls that European Commission, EEAS and	2014/386/CFSP concerning restrictive	
	Member States have been undertaking preparatory work on	measures in response to the illegal	
	targeted measures, as requested in March, so that further steps	annexation of Crimea and Sevastopol (OJ L	
	can be taken without delay. In that respect, European Council	365, 19.12.2014, p. 152).	
VF (10.004	expects following steps to be taken that by 30 June:		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	agreement on verification mechanism, monitored by OSCE, for	Foreign Affairs Council of 15 December 2014	
	cease-fire and effective control of border;	adopts conclusions on Ukraine (16928/14).	
	return to Ukrainian authorities of three border checkpoints		
	(Izvarino, Dolzhanskiy, Krasnopartizansk);	Council Regulation (EU) No 1290/2014 of	
	release hostages including all of OSCE observers;	December 2014 amending Regulation (EU)	
	launch substantial negotiations on implementation of President	No 833/2014 concerning restrictive measures	
	Poroshenko's peace plan.  Council to assess situation and, if required, to adopt necessary	in view of Russia's actions destabilising the situation in Ukraine, and amending	
	decisions. European Council underlines commitment to	Regulation (EU) No 960/2014 amending	
	reconvene at any time for further significant restrictive	Regulation (EU) No 833/2014 (OJ L 349,	
	measures.	5.12.2014, p. 20).	
	measures.	3.12.2014, β. 20 <i>j</i> .	
	Informal 27 May 2014:	Council Decision 2014/872/CFSP of 4	
	Heads of States condemn illegal annexation of Crimea and	December 2014 amending Decision	
	Sevastopol to Russian Federation and will not recognise it; they	2014/512/CFSP concerning restrictive	
	reaffirm EU's commitment to Geneva Joint Statement of 17 April	measures in view of Russia's actions	
	and commend role of OSCE Special Monitoring Mission in	destabilising the situation in Ukraine, and	
	assisting its implementation, as well as efforts undertaken so far	Decision 2014/659/CFSP amending Decision	
	by Ukrainian authorities to implement it.	2014/512/CFSP.	
	Preparatory work by Commission and EEAS on possible targeted		
	measures underway and agreed to continue preparations for	Council Regulation (EU) No 1290/2014 of 4	
	possible further steps on that basis if events so require.	December amending Regulation (EU) No	
	<u>20 - 21 March 2014:</u>	833/2014 concerning restrictive measures in	
	Strongly condemned illegal annexation of Crimea and Sevastopol	view of Russia's actions destabilising the	
	to Russian Federation and will not recognise it.	situation in Ukraine, and amending	
	EU remains committed to uphold sovereignty and territorial	Regulation (EU) No 960/2014 amending	
	integrity of Ukraine; European Council does not recognise illegal	Regulation (EU) No 833/2014 (OJ L 349,	
	referendum in Crimea in clear violation of Ukrainian	5.12.2014, p. 20).	
	Constitution.	Council Decision 2014/972/CESP of 4	
	Asked Commission to evaluate legal consequences of Crimea	Council Decision 2014/872/CFSP of 4	
	annexation and to propose economic, trade and financial restrictions regarding Crimea for rapid implementation.	December 2014 amending Decision 2014/512/CFSP concerning restrictive	
	Agrees to expand list of individuals subject to visa ban and asset	measures in view of Russia's actions	
	freeze.	destabilising the situation in Ukraine, and	
	Decided to cancel next EU-Russia Summit and notes that	Decision 2014/659/CFSP amending Decision	
	Member States will not hold bilateral regular summits for time	2014/512/CFSP (OJ L 349, 5.12.2014, p. 58).	
	The state of the s		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	being; Member States and European Council also support suspension of negotiations over Russia's joining OECD and IEA. Agreement to be promptly reached on OSCE mission to be deployed in Ukraine as soon as possible, in order to help stabilise situation; European Council asks High Representative to urgently draw up plans for EU contribution facilitating work of OSCE mission.	Foreign Affairs Council of 18 November 2014 adopts conclusions on Ukraine.  Foreign Affairs Council of 20 October 2014 adopts conclusions on Ukraine (14451/14).  European Parliament resolution of 18 September 2014 on the situation in Ukraine and the state of play of EU-Russia relations (2014/2841(RSP)).  Council Decision No 2014/658/CFSP of 8 September 2014 amending Decision No 2014/145/CFSP concerning restrictive measures in respect of actions undermining or threatening the territorial integrity, sovereignty and independence of Ukraine (OJ L 271, 12.9.2014, p. 47).  Council Decision No 2014/659/CFSP of 8 September 2014 amending Decision No 2014/512/CFSP concerning restrictive measures in view of Russia's actions destabilising the situation in Ukraine (OJ L 271, 12.9.2014, p. 54).  Foreign Affairs Council of 15 August 2014 adopts conclusions on Ukraine (12491/14).  Council Regulation (EU) No 833/2014 of 31 July 2014 concerning restrictive measures in view of Russia's actions destabilising the situation in Ukraine (OJ L 229, 31.07.2014, p. 1).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Council Decision No 2014/512/CFSP of 31  July 2014 concerning restrictive measures in view of Russia's actions destabilising the situation in Ukraine (OJ L 229, 31.07.2014, p. 13).	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 22 July 2014 adopts conclusions on Ukraine (12091/14).	
		European Parliament resolution of 17 July 2014 on Ukraine (2014/2717 (RSP)).	
		European Parliament resolution of 17 April 2014 on Russian pressure on Eastern Partnership countries and in particular destabilisation of eastern Ukraine (2014/2699(RSP)).	
		European Parliament resolution of 27 February 2014 on the situation in Ukraine (2014/2595(RSP)).	
External Relations- Belarus	1- 2 March 2012: Welcomed decision of Council to extend list of those responsible for serious human rights violations or repression of civil society and democratic opposition or supporting or benefitting from	European Parliament resolution of 6 April 2017 on the situation in Belarus (2017/2647(RSP)).	Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the EU on the alignment of certain countries concerning restrictive
	Lukashenko regime to be targeted by travel ban and asset freeze.  Invited Council to proceed with its work on further measures.  Reiterated commitment to strengthening engagements with	European Parliament resolution of 24 November 2016 on the situation in Belarus (2016/2934(RSP)).	measures against Belarus, 4.2.2016.  Statement by EU High
	Belarusian civil society and to supporting democratic aspirations of Belarusian people.	Foreign Affairs Council of 15 February 2016 adopts conclusions on Belarus (6122/16).	Representative/Vice-President Federica Mogherini and EU Commissioner for
	4 February 2011: Endorsed Council conclusions on Belarus to impose restrictive measures. Reiterated strong commitment to strengthening its engagement	Council Decision 2015/652/CFSP of 27 October 2015 amending Decision 2012/642/CFSP concerning restrictive measures against Belarus (13025/15).	Neighbourhood policy and Enlargement negotiations, Johannes Hahn on the release of political prisoners in Belarus,
	with Belarusian civil society.	ineasures against belalus (15025/15).	22.08.2015.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Council Regulation 2015/656/CFSP of 27 October 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 765/2006 concerning restrictive measures in respect of Belarus (13032/15).	Joint Declaration of the Eastern Partnership Summit, 22.05. 2015.
		European Parliament resolution of 10 September 2015 on Belarus (2015/2834(RSP)).	EU extended restrictive measures against Belarus, 30.10.2014.
		Foreign Affairs Council of 15 October 2014 adopts conclusions on Belarus.	
		European Parliament resolution of 12 March 2014 on Assessing and setting priorities for EU relations with Eastern partnership countries (2013/2149(RSP)).	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 31 January 2011 adopts conclusions on Belarus (5888/1/11).	
External relations - Russia	20-21 October 2016: The European Council held a strategic policy debate on relations with Russia.	European Parliament resolution of 18 May 2017 on the implementation of the Council's LGBTI guidelines, particularly in relation to the persecution of (perceived) homosexual men in Chechnya, Russia (2017/2688(RSP)).	Remarks by President Donald Tusk following the first day of the European Council meeting, 21.10.2016.  Remarks by HR/VP Federica
		European Parliament resolution of 6 April 2017 on Russia, the arrest of Alexei Navalny and other protestors (2017/2646(RSP)).	Mogherini on EU strategic communication to counteract anti-EU propaganda by third parties, 22.11.2016.
		European Parliament resolution of 16 March 2017 on the Ukrainian prisoners in Russia and the situation in Crimea (2017/2596(RSP)).	
		European Parliament resolution of 23 November 2016 on EU strategic	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		communication to counteract propaganda against it by third parties (2016/2030(INI)).	
External relations - Eastern Partnership	The EU is fully committed to the Eastern Partnership. It will strengthen, in a differentiated way, relations with each of its six partners. Particular efforts should be devoted to advance cooperation in state building, mobility and people-to-people contacts, market opportunities and interconnections. The European Council looks forward to the earliest possible ratification by all Member States of the Association Agreements/Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Areas (AAs/DCFTAs) with Georgia, Republic of Moldova and Ukraine.	SWD(2017) 300 of 9 June 2017 on the Eastern Partnership - 20 Deliverables for 2020/Focusing on key priorities and tangible results.  Foreign Affairs Council of 15 May 2017 The Council exchanged views on the Eastern Partnership.  European Parliament resolution of 13 December 2016 on rights of women in the Eastern Partnership States (2016/2060(INI)).  Joint Staff Working Document (SWD(2016)0467) of 15 December 2016 on the Eastern Partnership – Focusing on key priorities and deliverables.  Foreign Affairs Council of 14 November 2016 adopts conclusions on the Eastern Partnership (14418/16).  Foreign Affairs Council of 14 December 2015 adopts conclusions on the Review of the European Neighbourhood Policy (15278/15).  Joint Communication JOIN(2015)050 of 18 November 2015 to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions: Review of the European Neighbourhood Policy.	Main results of the Eastern Partnership ministerial meeting, 19.6.2017.  Review of the European Neighbourhood Policy (ENP): stronger partnerships for a stronger neighbourhood, Brussels, 18.11.2015.  Joint Declaration of the Eastern Partnership Summit, 22.05.2015.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Joint Staff Working Document	
		SWD(2015)0500 of 18 November 2015: Towards a new European Neighbourhood	
		Policy Accompanying the document Joint	
		Communication to the European Parliament,	
		the Council, the European Economic and	
		Social Committee and the Committee of the	
		Regions Review of the European	
		Neighbourhood Policy.	
		European Parliament resolution of 9 July	
		2015 on the review of the European	
		Neighbourhood Policy	
		( <u>2015/2002(INI)</u> ).	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 20 April 2015	
		adopts conclusions on the Review of the	
		European Neighbourhood Policy (8084/15).	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 16 March 2015	
		adopts conclusions on the Eastern	
		Partnership (7265/15).	
		European Parliament resolution of 20 May	
		2015 on the Eastern Partnership Summit (21-	
		22 May 2015) ( <u>2015/2610(RSP)</u> ).	
		Joint Staff Working Document	
		SWD(2015)0076 of 25 March 2015 on the	
		Implementation of the European	
		Neighbourhood Policy Eastern Partnership Implementation Report accompanying the	
		document Joint Communication to the	
		European Parliament, the Council, the	
		European Economic and Social Committee	
		and the Committee of the Regions –	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Implementation of the European Neighbourhood Policy in 2014.	
External Relations - Western Balkans	9 March 2017 In light of the internal and external challenges that the region is facing, the European Council discussed the fragile situation in the Western Balkans, which it will keep under review. It stresses the importance of continuing on the reform path, and promoting good neighbourly relations and inclusive regional cooperation initiatives. It reaffirmed its unequivocal support for the European perspective of the Western Balkans. Welcoming the progress made by the countries of the region, the European Council stresses that the EU remains committed and engaged at all levels to support them in conducting EU-oriented reforms and projects.		
External relations - Southern Neighbourhood Partnership	19 - 20 March 2015: The ongoing review of the European Neighbourhood Policy should ensure the continued deep involvement of the EU with both Eastern and Southern partners. The European Council will have a broader discussion on the Southern Neighbourhood in October.  Welcomed the ministerial meeting to be held in Barcelona on 13 April which will provide a unique opportunity to hear our southern partner's views.  12 February 2015: EU's external relations must contribute to countering terrorist threat escalating in particular in Syria and Libya. We need: To address crises and conflicts through a strategic rethinking of our approach in particular in the Southern Neighbourhood; To engage more with third countries on security issues and counter-terrorism (particularly in the Middle East and North Africa); Sustained and coordinated international engagement with the UN and Global Counterterrorism Forum as well as with relevant regional initiatives;	Foreign Affairs Council of 16 January 2017 adopted conclusions on Lebanon (5131/17).  Foreign Affairs Council of 14 November 2016 adopts conclusions on Southern Neighbourhood (14418/16).  European Parliament resolution of 14 September 2016 on EU relations with Tunisia in the current regional context (2015/2273(INI)).  Economic and Financial Affairs Council of 12 February 2016 adopts conclusions on the fight against the financing of terrorism (5936/16).  Foreign Affairs Council of 14 December 2015 adopts conclusions on the Review of the European Neighbourhood Policy (15278/15).	Review of the European Neighbourhood Policy (ENP): stronger partnerships for a stronger neighbourhood, Brussels, 18.11.2015.  Remarks by the HR/VP Federica Mogherini following the ministerial meeting with the Southern ENP, Barcelona, 13.04.2015.  EU's response to the 'Arab Spring': State of Play after Two Years, Brussels, 08.03.2013.  Strengthening dialogue between Civil Society in the Southern Neighbourhood and the EU, Brussels, 29.05.2015.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	A dialogue among cultures and civilisations to promote	Joint Communication JOIN(2015)050 of 18	Reinforcement of Erasmus
	fundamental freedoms together.	November 2015 to the European Parliament,	Mundus programme specifically
	<u>7 - 8 February 2013:</u>	the Council, the European Economic and	for Southern Neighbourhood
	EU fully committed to new Partnership with Southern	Social Committee and the Committee of the	countries, 16.12.2011.
	Mediterranean partners in spirit of co-ownership since beginning	Regions: Review of the European	
	of Arab Spring and determined to further enhance support for	Neighbourhood Policy.	New regional programme aimed
	democratic and economic transition processes in the region. This		at strengthening democratic
	includes:	Joint Staff Working Document	reform in the southern
	Assistance for democratic transformation, development of civil	<u>SWD(2015)0500</u> of 18 November 2015:	Neighbourhood, 22.12.2011.
	society, rule of law, human rights, gender equality and increased	Towards a new European Neighbourhood	
	transparency and efficiency in electoral processes, including	Policy Accompanying the document Joint	
	through provision of technical advice and cooperation, and	Communication to the European Parliament,	
	deployment of electoral observer missions;	the Council, the European Economic and	
	Enhanced cooperation in area of freedom, security and justice, in	Social Committee and the Committee of the	
	particular through dialogues on migration, mobility and security;	Regions Review of the European	
	development of mobility partnerships; as well as through	Neighbourhood Policy.	
	support in addressing rule of law, security sector reform and		
	border management challenges;	<u>Joint Communication JOIN(2015)0040</u> of 9	
	Promotion of shared economic prosperity, including by	September 2015 to the European Parliament	
	contributing to macroeconomic stability, promoting economic	and the Council Addressing the Refugee	
	reforms and appropriate climate for business and investment,	Crisis in Europe: The Role of EU External	
	and maintaining momentum on Deep and Comprehensive Free	Action.	
	Trade Agreements, thus multiplying possibilities for commercial		
	exchanges and growth;	<u>Joint Decision JOIN(2015)0032</u> of 25 August	
	People-to-people contacts, in particular as regards promoting	2015 of the European Commission and the	
	exchanges between young people in EU and in Southern	High Representative of the Union for Foreign	
	neighbours, notably in Erasmus Mundus programme framework;	Affairs and Security Policy on the	
	particular attention to be given to promoting employability of	participation of the European Union in	
	young people and women; Commission to particularly provide	various organisations for cooperation to	
	assistance and expertise to improve quality of education and	prevent and counter terrorism.	
	vocational training, to further increase student exchanges, to		
	develop policy dialogue on education, employability and	European Parliament resolution of 9 July	
	vocational training and to stimulate youth exchanges;	2015 on the review of the European	
	Enhanced cooperation in wide range of fields (e.g. research,	Neighbourhood Policy	
	entrepreneurship and SMEs, agriculture, transport, inc. aviation	( <u>2015/2002(INI)</u> ).	
T (10.004	and maritime services, environment, climate change, energy,		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	telecommunications, administrations' capacity-building, culture,	European Parliament resolution of 9 July	
	and sharing of knowledge and expert exchanges on transition	2015 on the security challenges in the Middle	
	processes);	East and North Africa region and the	
	EIB invited to continue stepping up support for investment into	prospects for political stability	
	private sector, infrastructure and climate change in the region;	( <u>2014/2229(INI)</u> ).	
	Explore further ways to enhance political dialogue, incl. dialogue		
	at highest level, with countries in transition towards democracy,	Foreign Affairs Council of 20 July 2015 adopts	
	and to promote synergies with regional initiatives such as Union	conclusions on Libya (11095/15).	
	for the Mediterranean and '5+5 Dialogue';		
	Invited Council to evaluate effectiveness of EU's policies and	Foreign Affairs Council of 20 July 2015 adopts	
	instruments in assisting political and economic transition of	conclusions on Tunisia (11095/15).	
	region and to report back by June 2013.		
		Foreign Affairs Council of 22 June 2015	
	1 - 2 March 2012:	adopts conclusions on Lebanon (10097/15).	
	Agreed that following principles will guide EU's further		
	engagement with and contribution to the process:	Foreign Affairs Council of 20 April 2015	
	EU encourages all countries in Southern Neighbourhood to	adopts conclusions on the review of the	
	undertake significant political reforms designed to build and	European Neighbourhood Policy.	
	consolidate democracy, establish and strengthen rule of law and		
	to uphold respect for human rights and civil liberties with	Joint Consultation Paper JOIN(2015)0006 of 4	
	particular attention paid to women's and minorities' rights;	April 2015 'Towards a new European	
	Bearing in mind context of economic and financial challenges	Neighbourhood Policy'.	
	facing many countries in the region, EU will continue to mobilise	Jaint Staff Washing Deaumont	
	instruments, placing greater emphasis on assistance focused on	Joint Staff Working Document	
	governance and job creation and will continue efforts in 'Task	SDW(2015)075 of 25 March 2015 on the	
	Force' meetings framework, incl. business stakeholders.	Implementation of the European	
	European Council called in this connection for a swift ratification of EBRD's mandate extension.	Neighbourhood Policy in 2014.	
	EU determined to match support to level of democratic reform,	European Parliament resolution of 12 March	
	offering more support to partners that make progress towards	2015 on relations between the EU and the	
	inclusive democratic systems, while reconsidering support to	League of Arab States and cooperation in	
	governments in cases of oppression or grave or systematic	countering terrorism (2015/2573(RSP)).	
	violations of human rights;	European Parliament resolution of 15	
	EU to continue strengthening partnership with civil society, incl.	January 2015 on the situation in Egypt	
	through launch of Neighbourhood Civil Society Facility;	(2014/3017(RSP)).	
	Rapid progress needed in ongoing trade negotiations and in	(101.)	
	preparation of negotiations for Deep and Comprehensive Free		
	F. Francisco. or medications for peop and comprehensive free	I .	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Trade Agreements that will progressively integrate partners'	Communication JOIN(2014)012 of 27 March	
	economies into EU Single Market and increase market access	2014 on Neighbourhood at the Crossroads:	
	opportunities;	Implementation of the European	
	Dialogues on migration, mobility and security to be extended	Neighbourhood Policy in 2013.	
	with view to fostering people-to-people contacts, business		
	contacts and mutual understanding; joint efforts to be pursued	Regulation (EU) No 232/2014 of 11 March	
	also to prevent illegal immigration, in line with EU's Global	2014 establishing a European	
	Approach to Migration;	Neighbourhood Instrument (OJ L 77,	
	Invited Commission and High Representative to present by the	15.3.2014., p. 27). Procedure: <u>2011/0405</u>	
	end of 2012 roadmap to define and guide implementation of EU	(COD).	
	policy vis-à-vis Southern Mediterranean partners, listing		
	objectives, instruments and actions and focusing on synergies	European Parliament resolution of 23	
	with EU for Mediterranean and other regional initiatives.	October 2013 on European Neighbourhood	
		Policy: towards a strengthening of the	
	<u>24 - 25 March 2011:</u>	partnership - position of the European	
	Called for rapid progress to be made along following lines:	Parliament on 2012 reports	
	EU and Member States to step up their humanitarian assistance;	( <u>2013/2621(RSP)</u> ).	
	On-going aid programmes in Southern Mediterranean countries		
	to be screened and refocused, where possible in dialogue with	Communication JOIN(2014)04 of 20 March	
	countries concerned;	2013 on European Neighbourhood Policy:	
	ceiling for EIB operations for Mediterranean countries	Working Towards a Stronger Partnership.	
	undertaking political reform to be increased by €1 billion,		
	without reducing operations in Eastern neighbours;	Foreign Affairs Council of 17 October 2016	
	EBRD shareholders to consider possible extension of Bank's	adopts conclusions on Tunisia (13309/16).	
	activities to countries in Southern Neighbourhood;		
	proposals on pan-Euro-Mediterranean rules of origin to be	Foreign Affairs Council of 31 January 2013	
	adopted without delay; Commission invited to present proposals	adopts conclusions on the Joint	
	on further means to enhance trade and foreign direct investment	Communication 'Supporting closer	
	in the region in short, medium and long term.	cooperation and regional integration in the	
	European Council invites Commission to present proposals on	Maghreb: Algeria, Libya, Mauritania,	
	Global Approach to Migration as well as on Mobility Partnership	Morocco and Tunisia' (5896/13).	
	in advance of June 2011 European Council.		
		Communication JOIN(2012)036 of 17	
	<u>4 February 2011:</u>	December 2012 on Supporting closer	
	Committed to new partnership involving more effective support	cooperation and regional integration in the	
	in future to countries pursuing political and economic reforms		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Specific issue	including through European Neighbourhood Policy and Union for the Mediterranean.  Invited High Representative within framework of this partnership to develop package of measures aimed at lending EU support to transition and transformation processes (strengthening democratic institutions, promoting democratic governance and social justice, and assisting preparation and conduct of free and fair elections); and to link European Neighbourhood Policy and Union for the Mediterranean more to these objectives.  Invited High Representative and Commission to adapt rapidly EU instruments to make humanitarian aid available and to propose measures and projects to stimulate cooperation, exchange and investment in the region with aim of promoting economic and social development, incl. advanced status for Tunisia.	Maghreb: Algeria, Libya, Mauritania, Morocco and Tunisia.  Decision No 602/2012/EU of 4 July 2012 on amendments to the Agreement Establishing the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD) extending the geographic scope of EBRD operations to the Southern and Eastern Mediterranean (OJ L 177, 7.7.2012, p. 1).  Foreign Affairs Council of 25 June 2012 adopts conclusions on the ENP Package (11688/12).  Regulation (EU) No 500/2012 of 13 June 2012 amending Council Regulation (EC) No 302/2009 concerning a multiannual recovery plan for bluefin tuna in the eastern Atlantic and Mediterranean (OJ L 157, 16.6.2012, p. 1).  European Parliament resolution of 9 May 2012 on trade and investment strategy for southern Mediterranean following Arab spring revolutions (2011/2113(INI)).  European Parliament resolution of 14 December 2011 on the review of the European Neighbourhood Policy (2011/2157 (RSP)).  Commission COM(2013)8416 Implementing Decision of 22 November 2013 on the socioeconomic development and civil society support programme in Egypt under the SPRING programme, to be financed under the general budget of the European Union.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Commission COM(2011)6828 Implementing Decision of 26 September 2011 on Support for Partnership Reform and Inclusive Growth (SPRING) 2011-2012 in favour of the Southern Neighbourhood Region to be financed under the Article 19 08 01 01 of the general budget of the European Union.	
		Communication COM(2011)0303 of 16 September 2011 on a new response to a changing Neighbourhood.	
		Communication COM(2011)0200 of 27 June 2011 on a partnership for democracy and shared prosperity with the Southern Mediterranean.	
		European Parliament resolution of 6 June 2011 on EU external policies in favour of democratisation (2011/2032(INI)).	
		European Parliament resolution of 25 May 2011 on the Review of the European Neighbourhood Policy (2011/2157(INI)).	
		European Parliament resolution of 7 April 2011 Review of the European Neighbourhood Policy - Southern Dimension (2011/2642(RSP)).	
		European Parliament resolution of 10 March 2011 on the Southern Neighbourhood and Libya in particular (2011/2616(RSP)).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
External relations - Middle East/Gaza	Extraordinary 30 August 2014: Welcomed cease-fire agreement between Israel and Gaza; urged both parties to respect it and continue negotiations leading to a fundamental improvement of living conditions for Gaza Strip population.  Extraordinary 16 July 2014: Condemned firing of rockets from Gaza into Israel and indiscriminate targeting of civilians; reiterated Israel's right to protect its population such attacks and reminded the parties of proportionality and protection of civilians at all times.  Welcomed on-going efforts by regional partners, Egypt's initiative in particular, to establish cease-fire and called on Hamas to agree on it; EU ready provide necessary support to this end.  Reiterated offer to both parties of European political and economic support package and of Special Privileged Partnership in the event of final peace agreement.	European Parliament resolution of 18 May 2017 on achieving the two-state solution in the Middle East (2016/2998(RSP)).  Foreign Affairs Council of 20 June 2016 adopted conclusions on the Middle East Peace Process (10348/16).  Foreign Affairs Council of 18 January 2016 adopts conclusions on the Middle East Peace Process (5394/16).  European Parliament resolution of 10 September 2015 on EU's role in the Middle East peace process (2015/2685(RSP)).  Foreign Affairs Council of 20 July 2015 adopts conclusions on the Middle East peace process.  European Parliament resolution of 17 December 2014 on the recognition of Palestine statehood (2014/2964(RSP)).  Foreign Affairs Council of 17 November 2014 adopts conclusions on the Middle East Peace Process.  European Parliament resolution of 18 September 2014 on Israel-Palestine after Gaza war and the role of the EU (2014/2845 (RSP)).  Foreign Affairs Council of 15 August 2014 adopts conclusions on the situation in the Gaza Strip (12491/14).	Remarks by HR/VP Federica Mogherini at the joint press conference with Sven Mikser, Minister of Foreign Affairs of Estonia, following the informal meeting of EU Foreign Ministers (Gymnich), 8.9.2017.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Foreign Affairs Council of 22 July 2014 adopts conclusions on the Middle East Peace Process (12091/14).	
		European Parliament resolution of 16 July 2014 on the escalation of violence between Israel and Palestine (2014/2723 (RSP)).	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 12 May 2014: Council Conclusions on the Middle East Peace Process.	
		Communication JOINT(2014)095 of 27 March 2014 on the Implementation of the European Neighbourhood Policy in Palestine. Progress in 2013 and recommendations for action Accompanying the document Joint	
		Communication to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions Neighbourhood at the Crossroads: Implementation of the European	
		Neighbourhood Policy in 2013. Procedure: SWD(2014)095.	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 22 July 2013 adopts conclusions on the Middle East Peace Process.	
External relations - Middle East/Iran	18 - 19 October 2012: Welcomed Council conclusions and adoption of additional restrictive measures against Iran; EU remained determined to	Foreign Affairs Council of 14 November 2016 adopts conclusions on Iran (14418/16).	Remarks by HR/VP Federica Mogherini at the Joint press stakeout with Iranian Foreign
	increase close coordination with international partners, pressure on Iran in context of dual-track approach.  28 - 29 June 2012:	European Parliament resolution of 25 October 2016 on the EU strategy towards Iran after the nuclear agreement (2015/2274(INI)).	Affairs Minister, Mohammad Javad Zarif, 15 February 2016. Joint Statement by EU High Representative Federica

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Welcomed full entry into force of EU embargo on Iranian oil on 1 July 2012.	Council Decision 2015/1863/CFSP of 18 October 2015 amending Decision 2010/413/CFSP concerning restrictive	Mogherini and Iranian Foreign Minister Javad Zarif, 18.10.2015.
	23 October 2011: Welcomed reinforcement of restrictive measures against Iran in response to unacceptable human rights violations.	measures against Iran.  Council Regulation 2015/1861/CFSP of 18	Remarks by the HR/VP Federica Mogherini following the E3/EU+3 meeting with Iran, New York,
	Invited Foreign Affairs Council to prepare new restrictive measures to be decided upon and implemented at appropriate	October 2015 amending Regulation (EU) No 267/2012 concerning restrictive measures	28.09.2015.  Iran: suspension of EU sanctions
	time if Iran continued non-cooperation or if it would not meet its obligations.	against Iran.  Foreign Affairs Council of 20 July 2015 adopts	extended by six months, 14.07.2015.
	obligations.	conclusions on the agreement on Iran's nuclear programme.	Statement by President Donald
		Joint Proposal JOIN(2014)0042 of 15	Tusk on the agreement on Iran's nuclear programme, 14.07. 2015.
		December 2014 for a Council Regulation amending Regulation (EU) No 267/2012	Joint statement by EU High
		concerning restrictive measures against Iran.  Procedure: 2014/0357(NLE).	Representative Federica  Mogherini and Iranian Foreign
		European Parliament resolution of 2 April	Minister Javad Zarif, 14.07. 2015.
		2014 on EU strategy towards Iran (2014/2625(RSP)).	Factsheet on the European Union
		Council Regulation No 2014/42/EU of 20	and Iran (140124/02), 24.01.2014.
		January 2014 amending Regulation (EU) No 267/2012 concerning restrictive measures	Factsheet: E3/EU +3 Nuclear
		against Iran (OJ L 15, 20.1.2014, p. 18.). Procedure: <u>2013/0452 (NLE).</u>	Negotiations with Iran (131219/02), 17.01.2014.
		Foreign Affairs Council of 20 January 2014 adopts conclusions on Iran.	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 15 October 2012 adopts conclusions on Iran (14763/1/12 REV 1).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Foreign Affairs Council of 23 April 2012 adopts conclusions on Iran (8772/12).  European Parliament resolution of 10 October 2013 on recent cases of violence and persecution against Christians, notably in Maaloula (Syria) and Peshawar (Pakistan) and the case of Pastor Saaed Abedini (Iran) (2013/2872(RSP)).  European Parliament resolution of 14 June 2012 on the situation of ethnic minorities in Iran (2012/2682(RSP)).  European Parliament resolution of 17 November 2011 on Iran - recent cases of human rights violations (2011/2908(RSP)).  European Parliament resolution of 10 March 2011 on EU's approach towards Iran	
External relations - Middle East/Iraq	Extraordinary 30 August 2014:  ISIL is direct threat to European security; EU determined to contribute to countering threat posed by ISIL and other terrorist groups in Iraq and Syria.  Supported decision of Member States to provide military material to Iraq, incl. Kurdish authorities.  Requested council to consider more effective use of existing restrictive measures, in particular to deny ISIL the benefits of illicit oil sales or sales of other resources on international markets.  Appalled by and firmly condemned indiscriminate killings and human rights violations perpetrated by ISIL and other terrorist groups, in particular against religious and ethnic minorities; calls for those responsible to be held to account.	Foreign Affairs Council of 17 July 2017 The Council adopted a crisis management concept for a new civilian CSDP mission in Iraq.  Foreign Affairs Council of 19 June 2017 Council adopted conclusions on Iraq.  European Parliament resolution of 15 December 2016 on mass graves in Iraq (2016/3028(RSP).	EU Iraq Cooperation Council, 18.10.2016.  Declaration by the High Representative, Federica Mogherini, on behalf of the European Union in support of the reform efforts of the Iraqi government, 05.10.2015.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
-	Underlined importance of coordinated action by regional countries to counter these threats by ISIL.  Urged all Iraqi leaders to form a truly inclusive government as first political response to present crisis; EU ready to support the pursuit of necessary reforms.	European Parliament resolution of 27 October 2016 on the situation in Northern Iraq/Mosul (2016/2956(RSP)).  Foreign Affairs Council of 23 May 2016: Conclusions on the EU regional strategy for Syria and Iraq as well as the Da'esh threat (9105/16).  European Parliament resolution of 4 February 2016 on the systematic mass murder of religious minorities by the so-called 'ISIS/Daesh' (2016/2529(RSP)).  European Parliament resolution of 21 January 2016 on the EU's priorities for the UNHRC sessions in 2016 (2015/3035(RSP)).  Foreign Affairs Council of 14 December 2015: Council Conclusions on Iraq (15278/15).  European Parliament resolution of 30 April 2015 on the destruction of cultural sites perpetrated by ISIS/Da'esh (2015/2649(RSP)).  European Parliament resolution of 12 March 2015 on recent attacks and abductions by ISIS/Da'esh in the Middle East, notably of Assyrians (2015/2599(RSP)).  Foreign Affairs Council of 16 March 2015: Council Conclusions on the EU Regional Strategy for Syria and Iraq as well as the	Remarks
		ISIL/Da'esh threat.  Communication JOIN(2015)0002 of 6 February 2015 on Elements for an EU	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		regional strategy for Syria and Iraq as well as the Da'esh threat.	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 15 December 2014: Council Conclusions on Iraq.	
		European Parliament resolution of 27 November 2014 on the kidnapping and mistreatment of women (2014/2971(RSP)).	
		European Parliament resolution of 22 October 2014 on the situation in Kobane and the threat of IS (2014/2899 (RSP)).	
		European Parliament resolution of 18 September 2014 on the situation in Iraq and Syria, and the IS offensive, including the	
		persecution of minorities (2014/2843(RSP)).  Foreign Affairs Council of 20 October 2014: Council Conclusions on Iraq (14451/14). Foreign Affairs Council of 15 August 2014: Council Conclusions on Iraq (12401/14)	
		Council Conclusions on Iraq ( <u>12491/14</u> ).  Foreign Affairs Council of 22 July 2014 Council: Conclusions on Iraq ( <u>12091/14</u> ).	
External relations - Libya	28 June 2016: The European Council reiterates its readiness to support the Government of National Accord (GNA), and calls on all groups in Libya to work with the GNA as the sole legitimate government in	Foreign Affairs Council of 17 July 2017 Council adopted conclusions on Libya (11155/17).	Remarks by the High Representative/Vice-President Federica Mogherini at the press conference following the 2nd
	Libya to restore stability, fight terrorism and tackle migration across the Central Mediterranean. In this context, the European Council welcomes the adoption of UNSC Resolution 2292 and the	Foreign Affairs Council of 6 February 2017 adopted conclusions on Libya (5983/17).	meeting of the Libya Quartet, 23.5.2017.
	expanded role for Operation Sophia in enforcing the arms embargo on Libya and training the Libyan Coast Guard.	Foreign Affairs Council of 18 April 2016: Council conclusions on Libya (8022/16).	Meeting of the Libya Quartet: Joint Communiqué, 23.5.2017.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	17 - 18 February 2016: Stabilising Libya remains a high priority for regional and European security and for managing migration flows in the central Mediterranean. The European Council urges all parties to implement the Libyan Political Agreement, install a Government of National Accord, and focus efforts on restoring the economy and fighting terrorism. The EU, in cooperation with the UN, will support these efforts.  17 - 18 December 2015: The EU welcomes the signing in Skhirat of the Libyan political agreement as a very important step and stands ready to support the Government of National Accord as soon as it is formed. It urges all other parties not yet involved to join into the process.  15 October 2015: As regards Libya, the European Council welcomed the announcement made by the UN and called on all parties to swiftly endorse it. The EU reiterates its offer of substantial political and financial support to the Government of National Accord as soon as it takes office.  23 September 2015: As regards Syria, we call for a renewed UN-led international effort to bring an end to the war that has caused so much suffering and forced an estimated 12 million people to leave their homes; the EU commits to doing its part, as well as for the formation of a government of national unity in Libya.  Extraordinary - 23 April 2015: Shall actively support all UN-led efforts towards re-establishing government authority in Libya.	Foreign Affairs Council of 15 February 2016: Council Conclusions on the Border Management assistance mission amended and extended (6122/16).  European Parliament resolution of 4 February 2016 on the situation in Libya (2016/2537(RSP)).  Foreign Affairs Council of 18 January 2016: Council Conclusions on Libya (5394/16).  Foreign Affairs Council of 14 December 2015: Council Conclusions on Libya (15278/15).  Foreign Affairs Council of 12 October 2015: Council Conclusions on Libya (12898/15).  Foreign Affairs Council of 20 July 2015: Council Conclusions on Libya (11095/15).  Council Decision 2015/304/CFSP of 20 July 2015 concerning restrictive measures in view of the situation in Libya, and repealing Decision 2011/137/CFSP.  Foreign Affairs Council of 20 March 2015: Council Conclusions on Libya (8084/15).  Foreign Affairs Council of 16 March 2015: Council Conclusions on Libya (7265/15).  Foreign Affairs Council of 9 February 2015: Council Conclusions on Libya (6044/15).	Remarks by President Donald Tusk after his meeting with Prime Minister of Libya Fayez al-Sarraj, 2.2.2017.  Remarks by Federica Mogherini following the meeting with Mr Fayez Mustafa al-Sarraj, Chairman of the Presidency Council and Prime Minister of the Government of National Accord of Libya, 2.2.2017.  Joint Communiqué on Libya, 22.09.2016.  EUBAM Libya: new head of mission appointed, 30.4.2016.  Remarks by HRVP Federica MOGHERINI following the meeting with the Libyan Presidency Council and with Libyan Designate-Prime Minister Fayez al-Sarraj, 8.1.2016.  Joint Statement on Libya, Brussels, 19.10.2015.  Statement by High Representative/Vice-President Federica Mogherini in support of final political agreement on Libya talks, 9.10.2015.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Called for an immediate and unconditional ceasefire and for	European Parliament resolution of 12 March	Political Agreement concluded
	Libyan parties to rapidly agree on a Government of National	2015 on relations between the EU and the	under the UN auspices,
	Unity.	League of Arab States and cooperation in	8.10.2015.
	The EU is committed to ongoing UN efforts and will reinforce its	countering terrorism (2015/2573(RSP)).	
	current support to UNSMIL and the unity process.		Statement of the HR/VP Federica
	The High Representative will present proposals as agreed at the	European Parliament resolution of 15	Mogherini on talks to form a
	Council on 16 March 2015.	January 2015 on the Situation in Libya	Government of National Accord
	The EU will step up its engagement on counter-terrorism in the	(2014/3018(RSP)).	<u>in Libya</u> , 13.9.2015.
	region, with relevant partners.		
		Foreign Affairs Council of 17 November 2014:	HR/VP Federica Mogherini's
	Informal - 12 February 2015:	Council Conclusions on Libya (15573/14).	remarks at the UN Security
	EU's external relations must contribute to countering terrorist		Council, 11.5.2015.
	threat escalating in particular in Syria and Libya. We need:	Foreign Affairs Council of 20 October 2014:	
	To address crises and conflicts through a strategic rethinking of	Council Conclusions on Libya.	HR/VP Federica Mogherini held
	our approach in particular in the Southern Neighbourhood;		discussions with Libyan party
	To engage more with third countries on security issues and	Proposal JOIN(2014)0035 of 22 September	<u>leaders</u> , 30.4.2015.
	counter-terrorism (particularly in the Middle East and North	2014 for a Regulation amending Regulation	
	Africa);	(EU) No 204/2011 concerning restrictive	
	Sustained and coordinated international engagement with the	measures in view of the situation in Libya.	
	UN and Global Counterterrorism Forum as well as with relevant	Procedure: 2014/0281 (NLE).	
	regional initiatives;		
	A dialogue among cultures and civilisations to promote	European Parliament resolution of 18	
	fundamental freedoms together.	September 2014 on the situation in Libya	
		(2014/2844 (RSP)).	
	<u>30 August 2014:</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Condemned escalation of fighting in Libya, especially attacks	European Parliament resolution of 15	
	against residential areas, public institutions, facilities and critical	September 2011 on the situation in Libya	
	infrastructure.	( <u>2011/2811(RSP)</u> ).	
	Called upon all parties to accept immediate cease-fire, put an	European Parliament resolution of 10 March	
	end to suffering of population, and to engage constructively in	2011 on the Southern Neighbourhood and	
	inclusive political dialogue; EU fully supports UN mission's efforts	Libya in particular (2011/2616(RSP)).	
	in Libya.		
		European Parliament resolution of 22	
	23 October 2011:	November 2012 on the situation of migrants	
	Tribute paid to courage and determination of people of Libya.	in Libya ( <u>2012/2879(RSP)</u> ).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	It looks forward to formation of an inclusive and broad-based government; to launch of a democratic, peaceful and transparent transition that reaches out to all Libyans; to preparation of free and fair elections in accordance with the Constitutional Declaration by the National Transitional Council.  Reaffirmed EU commitment to support emergence of a democratic Libya.		
External relations - Middle East/Syria	15 December 2016:  The European Council strongly condemns the continued assault on Aleppo by the Syrian regime and its allies, notably Russia and Iran, including the deliberate targeting of civilians and hospitals. The European Council urgently calls on the regime and Russia, as well as all parties in the Syrian conflict to implement immediately the following four emergency measures:  a) the evacuation in safety and dignity of the inhabitants of the	Council Implementing Decision (CFSP) 2017/1341 of 17 July 2017 implementing Decision 2013/255/CFSP concerning restrictive measures against Syria.  Council Implementing Decision (CFSP) 2017/1245 of 10 July 2017 implementing Decision 2013/255/CFSP concerning restrictive measures against Syria.	Statement by the High Representative/Vice-President Federica Mogherini on the ceasefire in Syria, 9.7.2017.  Use of chemical weapons in Syria: EU imposes sanctions against 4 high-ranking military officials, 20.3.2017.
	eastern part of Aleppo under the supervision and coordination of the United Nations, to a destination of their choosing. Members of the civil defence and civil administration must also be evacuated without obstruction under the supervision of the United Nations. The most seriously injured persons should be evacuated first;	European Parliament resolution of 18 May 2017 on the EU strategy on Syria (2017/2654(RSP)).  The Foreign Affairs Council of 3 April 2017	Syria: EU adds 17 ministers and Central Bank Governor to sanctions list, 14.11.2016.
	b) immediate and unconditional aid and protection for all inhabitants of the eastern part of Aleppo, without discrimination	adopted conclusions on an EU strategy for Syria (7922/17).	Syria: EU adds 10 persons to list of those under sanctions against the regime, 27.10.2016.
	and in accordance with international humanitarian law, guaranteeing full and unimpeded access for the United Nations and its partners on the ground in supplying essential items and urgent medical assistance, as provided for in United Nations Security Council Resolution 2258, for the whole of Syria;	Communication JOIN(2017) 0011 final of 14 March 2017 on Elements for and EU Strategy for Syria.  European Parliament resolution of 24	Remarks by President Donald Tusk following the first day of the European Council meeting, 21.10.2016.
	c) genuine protection for all medical personnel and installations throughout the country, in accordance with United Nations Security Council Resolution 2286, and in particular for the border hospitals of Atmeh, Darkoush, Bab Al Hawa and Bab Al Salamah;	November 2016 on the situation in Syria (2016/2933(RSP)).  Council Implementing Decision (CFSP) 2016/1985 of 14 November 2016	Remarks by High Representative/Vice-President Federica Mogherini following the discussion on Syria at the Foreign
	d) international humanitarian law needs to be applied in the eastern part of Aleppo but also to the whole country and in	implementing Decision 2013/255/CFSP concerning restrictive measures against Syria.	Affairs Council, 17.10.2016.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Specific Issue	particular to all those areas in which civilians have been besieged.  The EU, as the first provider of humanitarian support to the Syrian population, will continue to work for achieving these goals.  Hostilities in Syria must cease immediately. The EU will work constructively with all partners, under UN auspices, towards a transition as agreed in United Nations Security Council Resolution 2254. To this end, the European Council invites the High Representative to continue her ongoing direct engagement with all relevant partners. Those responsible for breaches of international law, some of which may amount to war crimes, must be held accountable. The EU is considering all available options. The EU will provide support for Syria's reconstruction only once a credible political transition is firmly under way.  20-21 October 2016: The European Council strongly condemns the attacks by the Syrian regime and its allies, notably Russia, on civilians in Aleppo. It calls on them to bring the atrocities to an end and to take urgent steps to ensure unhindered humanitarian access to Aleppo and other parts of the country. The European Council calls for an immediate cessation of hostilities and for resumption of a credible political process under UN auspices. Those responsible for breaches of international humanitarian law and human rights law must be held accountable. The EU is considering all available options, should the current atrocities continue. Everything should be done to extend the ceasefire, bring in humanitarian aid to the civilian population and create the conditions for opening negotiations on a political transition in Syria.  17 - 18 February 2016: Recalling UNSC Resolution 2254, the European Council welcomes the commitments made by the International Syria Support Group	Foreign Affairs Council of 17 October 2016: Conclusions on Syria (13309/16). European Parliament resolution of 6 October 2016 on Syria (2016/2894(RSP)).  Foreign Affairs Council of 23 May 2016: Conclusions on the EU regional strategy for Syria and Iraq as well as the Da'esh threat (9105/16).  Foreign Affairs Council of 15 February 2016: Council Conclusions on the Border Management assistance mission amended and extended (6122/16)  European Parliament resolution of 4 February 2016 on the systematic mass murder of religious minorities by the so-called 'ISIS/Da'esh' (2016/2529(RSP)).  European Parliament resolution of 21 January 2016 on the EU's priorities for the UNHRC sessions in 2016 (2015/3035(RSP)).  Foreign Affairs Council of 18 January 2016: Council Conclusions on Syria (5394/16).  Foreign Affairs Council of 17 November 2015: Conclusions on Syria (14120/15).  Foreign Affairs Council of 12 October 2015: Council Conclusions on Syria (12897/15).	Joint statement on Syria by the High Representative/Vice- President Federica Mogherini and Commissioner for Humanitarian aid and Crisis Management Christos Stylianides, 16.9.2016.  Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the European Union on Syria and the situation in Aleppo, 18.8.2016.  Joint statement by HR/VP Federica Mogherini and European Commissioner for Humanitarian Aid and Crisis Management Christos Stylianides on deadly attacks on hospitals and schools in Syria, 15.2.2016.  Statement of the International Syria Support Group, 12.2.2016. Doorstep remarks by HR/ VP Federica Mogherini ahead of the meeting of International Syria Support Group, 11.2.2016.  Doorstep remarks by HR/VP Federica Mogherini upon arrival to the 2016 Munich Security Conference, 12.2.2016.
F (10.004	200	October 2015 amending Decision	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	meeting in Munich on 11/12 February and calls on all parties to swiftly implement these commitments in full. A nationwide cessation of hostilities must urgently be implemented, applying to any party currently engaged in military or paramilitary hostilities, other than groups designated as terrorist organisations by the United Nations Security Council.  The European Council calls on the Syrian regime and its allies to stop at once attacking non-terrorist opposition groups, which threatens the prospects for peace, benefits ISIL/Da'esh and drives the refugee crisis. The European Council is concerned by the risk of further military escalation and condemns the repeated bombing of civilian infrastructure and calls for an immediate cessation of bombardments in civilian areas, in particular in the corridor between Aleppo and the Turkish-Syrian border. The implementation should jointly be verified by the relevant parties. The European Council welcomes the start of delivery of humanitarian aid within one week to civilians in besieged areas and urges all sides to ensure that this continues and use this as a first step to full sustained and unimpeded humanitarian access throughout Syria, as agreed in Munich, including Aleppo, and in full compliance with international humanitarian law.	State of play  2013/255/CFSP concerning restrictive measures against Syria.  Council Regulation (EU) 2015/1828 of 12 October 2015 amending Regulation (EU) No 36/2012 concerning restrictive measures in view of the situation in Syria.  European Parliament resolution of 11 June 2015 on Syria: situation in Palmyra and the case of Mazen Darwish (2015/2732(RSP)).  Council Regulation (EU) 2015/827 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EU) No 36/2012 concerning restrictive measures in view of the situation in Syria (OJ L 132, 29.05.2015, p. 1).  Council Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/828 of 28 May 2015 implementing Regulation (EU) No 36/2012 concerning restrictive measures in view of the situation	Remarks  Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the EU on the alignment of certain countries concerning restrictive measures against Syria, 04.2.2016.  Intervention by President Donald Tusk at the London Supporting Syria and the Region conference, 04.2.2016.  Statement by the HR/VP Federica Mogherini on the start of Geneva intra Syrian talks and the situation in Syria, 31.1.2016.  Press release on the meeting of the High Representative/Vice- President Federica Mogherini
	17 - 18 December 2015: The European Council fully supports the efforts of the International Syria Support Group to end the conflict in Syria through a political process in line with the 2012 Geneva Communique, and the efforts of the Global Coalition to defeat the regional and global threat posed by ISIL/Da'esh. There cannot be a lasting peace in Syria under the present regime. The EU is committed to continue its active engagement in the International Syria Support Group and in the Global Coalition against ISIL/Da'esh. The European Council looks forward to the Syria Conference to be co-hosted by Germany, Norway, Kuwait, the UK and the UN on 4 February 2016.	in Syria (OJ L 132, 29.05.2015, p. 3).  European Parliament resolution of 30 April 2015 on the situation of the Yarmouk refugee camp in Syria (2015/2664(RSP)).  European Parliament resolution of 12 February 2015 on Humanitarian Crisis in Iraq and Syria, in particular in the IS context (2015/2559(RSP)).  Communication JOIN(2015)0002 of 6 February 2015 on Elements for an EU regional strategy for Syria and Iraq as well as the Da'esh threat.	with Riad Hijab, chairman of the Syrian High Negotiations Committee, 14.1.2016.  Remarks by the HR/VP Federica Mogherini following the Syria talks Vienna, 30.10.2015.  Address by President Donald Tusk to the European Parliament on the informal meeting of heads of state or government of 23 September 2015, 6.10.2015.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	The European Council notes that the objective of providing an		Remarks by HR/VP Federica
	additional €1 billion to respond to the urgent needs of refugees	Foreign Affairs Council of 15 December 2014:	Mogherini at the joint press
	in the region to the United Nations High Commissioner for	Council Conclusions on Syria.	conference with Imad Fakhoury,
	Refugees, the World Food Programme and other agencies has	Council Regulation (EU) No 1323/2014 of 12	Minister of planning and
	been exceeded and that it will remain attentive to the needs of	December 2014 amending Regulation (EU)	international Cooperation of
	the countries of the region.	No 36/2012 concerning restrictive measures	Jordan, after the Informal
		in view of the situation in Syria (OJ L 358,	Ministerial-Level Meeting on the
	<u>15 October 2015:</u>	13.12.2014, p. 1).	Syrian Crisis, 30.9.2015.
	The European Council discussed political and military		
	developments in Syria, including their impact on migration. The	Council Decision 2014/901/CFSP of 12	Address by President Donald
	Assad regime bears the greatest responsibility for the 250.000	December 2014 amending Decision	Tusk at the 70th UN General
	deaths of the conflict and the millions of displaced people. The	2013/255/CFSP concerning restrictive	Assembly debate, 29.9.2015.
	European Council agreed on the need to focus on the fight	measures against Syria (OJ L 358, 13.12.2014,	
	against DAESH and other UN-designated terrorist groups in the	p. 28).	Remarks by President Donald
	framework of a united and coordinated strategy and a political		Tusk after the informal meeting
	process on the basis of the Geneva Communiqué of 2012. The EU	Proposal JOIN(2014)0037 of 6 November	of heads of state or government,
	is fully engaged in finding a political solution to the conflict in	2014 for a Council Regulation on restrictive	23.9.2015.
	close cooperation with the UN and the countries of the region	measures in view of the situation in Syria.	
	and calls on all parties involved to work to that effect. There	Procedure: <u>2014/0323 (NLE)</u> .	Doorstep remarks by President
	cannot be a lasting peace in Syria under the present leadership		Donald Tusk before the Informal
	and until the legitimate grievances and aspirations of all	Council Implementing Regulation (EU) No	meeting of Heads of state or
	components of Syrian society are addressed. The European	1105/2014 of 20 October 2014 implementing	government, 23.9.2015.
	Council expressed its concern about the Russian attacks on the	Regulation (EU) No 36/2012 concerning	
	Syrian opposition and civilians and the risk of further military	restrictive measures in view of the situation	Declaration by the High
	escalation.	in Syria (OJ L 301, 21.10.2014, p. 7).	Representative on behalf of the
			EU on the alignment of certain
	23 September 2015:	European Parliament resolution of 22	third countries concerning
	As regards Syria, we call for a renewed UN-led international	October 2014 on European IS fighters	restrictive measures against
	effort to bring an end to the war that has caused so much	( <u>2014/2901 (RSP)</u> ).	<u>Syria</u> , 10.7.2015.
	suffering and forced an estimated 12 million people to leave		
	their homes;	European Parliament resolution of 18	
		September 2014 on the situation in Iraq and	
	Informal - 12 February 2015:	Syria and the IS offensive, incl. persecution of	
	EU's external relations must contribute to countering terrorist	minorities (2014/2843 (RSP)).	
	threat escalating in particular in Syria and Libya. We need:		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Specific issue	To address crises and conflicts through a strategic rethinking of our approach in particular in the Southern Neighbourhood; To engage more with third countries on security issues and counter-terrorism (particularly in the Middle East and North Africa); Sustained and coordinated international engagement with the UN and Global Counterterrorism Forum as well as with relevant regional initiatives; A dialogue among cultures and civilisations to promote fundamental freedoms together.  Extraordinary 30 August 2014: ISIL is direct threat to European security; EU determined to contribute to countering threat posed by ISIL and other terrorist groups in Iraq and Syria. Called on all sides to conflict to respect mandate of UN Disengagement Observer Force and ensure safety and freedom of movement of UN troops in Syria, incl. those from EU Member States.  13 - 14 December 2012: Tasked Foreign Affairs Council to work on all options to support and help opposition in Syria and to enable greater support for protection of civilians. Decided to continue to address Syrian situations as matter of priority.  18 - 19 October 2012: Endorsed Council conclusions of 15 October and additional restrictive measures against Syrian regime and its supporters.  28 - 29 June 2012: Welcomed adoption of additional restrictive measures by Council against Syria; agreed to keep further measures under consideration.  1 - 2 March 2012:	European Parliament resolution of 17 April 2014 on Syria: situation in certain vulnerable communities (2014/2695(RSP)).  Proposal JOIN(2014)0003 of 24 January 2014 for a Council Regulation amending Regulation (EU) No 36/2012 regarding restrictive measures against Syria. Procedure: 2014/0022 (NLE).  European Parliament resolution of 6 February 2014 on the situation in Syria (2014/2531 (RSP)).  European Parliament resolution of 10 October 2013 on recent cases of violence and persecution against Christians, notably in Maaloula (Syria) and Peshawar (Pakistan) and the case of Pastor Saaed Abedini (Iran) (2013/2872(RSP)).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Confirmed commitment to further increasing pressure on Syrian regime as long as violence and human rights abuses continue; invited Council to prepare further targeted restrictive measures against it.		
	23 October 2011: Remained gravely concerned about the current situation in Syria and stressed its strong support for the Syrian people as they express their legitimate aspirations to live in freedom and dignity; Decided to adopt restrictive measures, aimed at those responsible for or associated with the violent repression and those who support or benefit from the regime, not at the civilian population; Urged all members of the UN Security Council to assume their responsibilities in relation to the situation in Syria.  23 - 24 June 2011: Condemned ongoing repression and unacceptable and shocking violence in Syria.		
VI.3 Enlargement	Welcomed the adoption of new sanctions against Syria.		
Enlargement - Accession Agreement Iceland	17 June 2010: Welcomed Commission opinion on Iceland's application for membership of EU and recommends accession negotiations to be opened.	General Affairs Council of 17 March 2015: Council Conclusions on Iceland.  General Affairs Council of 16 December 2014: Council Conclusions on Enlargement - Iceland (16936/14).  European Parliament resolution of 16 January 2013 on 2012 Progress Report on	EU Presidency responds to Foreign Minister's letter, 27.04.2015.  Government considers Iceland no longer an EU candidate, 12.03.2015.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Iceland and the post-election perspectives. (2013/2932(RSP)).  COM(2010)0062 of 24 February 2010: Commission Opinion on Iceland's application	Icelandic government suspended application until referendum, 13.09.2013.  Beginning of accession
		for membership of the European Union.	negotiations, 27.07.2010.  Opinion by Commission on Iceland's application for EU membership, 24.2.2010. EU delegation opens in Reykjavik, 11.1.2010.
Enlargement - Accession Agreement Albania	26 - 27 June 2014: Albania granted status of EU candidate country.	Commission's Overview and Country Assessments - 2017 Economic Reform Programmes of Albania, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Montenegro, Serbia, Turkey, Bosnia and Herzegovina and Kosovo (June 2017).	8th Meeting of the EU-Albania Stabilisation and Association Council, 08.9.2016.  Western Balkans Summit, 27.8.2015.
		European Parliament resolution of 15 February 2017 on the 2016 Commission Report on Albania (2016/2312(INI)).	7th Meeting of the EU-Albania Stabilisation and Association Council, 18.5.2015.
		General Affairs Council of 13 December 2016 adopted conclusions on Albania (15536/16).  COM(2016)0517 final of 9 November 2015 on EU Enlargement Policy.	Conference on the Western Balkans, 28.8.2014. EU candidate status for Albania, 24.6.2014.
		Staff Working Document SWD(2016)0364 final of 9 November 2016: Albania 2016 Report Accompanying the document Communication from the Commission to the	The EU and Albania hold the first meeting of the High Level Dialogue on key priorities, 12.11.2013.
		European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions EU Enlargement Policy.	European Commission recommends that Albania be granted EU candidate status,

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Staff Working Document SWD(2016) 132 final of 18 April 2016: Economic Reform Programme of Albania (2016-2018) Commission assessment.	subject to completion of key measures in certain areas, 10.10.2012.
		European Parliament resolution of 14 April 2016 on the 2015 Report on Albania (2015/2896(RSP)).	
		General Affairs Council of 15 December 2015 adopted Council Conclusions on Enlargement and Stabilisation and Association Process.	
		COM(2015)0611 of 10 November 2015 on EU Enlargement Strategy.	
		Staff Working Document SWD(2015)0213 of 10 November 2015: Albania 2015 Report Accompanying the document Communication from the Commission to the European Parliament, the Council, the	
		European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions EU Enlargement Strategy.	
		Staff Working Document SWD(2015)0201 of 30 October 2015 Background document Accompanying the document Report from the Commission to the European Parliament,	
		the Council and the European Economic and Social Committee Annual Report on Financial Assistance for Enlargement in 2014.	
		Regulation (EU) 2015/939 of 9 June 2015 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 June 2015 on certain procedures for	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		applying the Stabilisation and Association	
		Agreement between the European	
		Communities and their Member States, of the one part, and the Republic of Albania, of	
		the other part (OJ L 160, 25.6.2015, p. 62).	
		General Affairs Council of 16 December	
		2014: Council Conclusions on Enlargement -	
		Albania ( <u>16936/14</u> ).	
		Commission working document	
		<u>SWD(2014)0304</u> of 10 October 2014 on	
		Enlargement Strategy and main challenges	
		2014-2015. Albania 2014 progress report.	
		Proposal COM(2014)0375 of 25 June 2014 for	
		a Regulation on certain procedures for	
		applying the Stabilisation and Association	
		Agreement between the European	
		Communities and their Member States and	
		the Republic of Albania, of the other part (codification). Procedure: 2014/0191 (COD).	
		(counted tion). 1 Toccadi c. <u>2014/0131 (COD).</u>	
		Communication (COM(2010)0680) of 11	
		November 2010: Commission Opinion on	
		Albania's application for membership of the	
		European Union.	
		European Parliament resolution of 12	
		December 2013 on the 2013 Progress Report	
		on Albania ( <u>2013/2879(RSP)</u> ).	
Enlargement -	28 - 29 June 2012:	Commission's Overview and Country	Eighth meeting of the EU-
Accession Agreement	Endorsed accession negotiations with Montenegro opening on	Assessments - 2017 Economic Reform	Montenegro Stabilisation and
Montenegro	June 29, 2012.	Programmes of Albania, the former Yugoslav	Association Council (Luxembourg,
	8 - 9 December 2011:	Republic of Macedonia, Montenegro, Serbia, Turkey, Bosnia and Herzegovina and Kosovo	20.6.2017).
	With a view to opening accession negotiations with Montenegro	(June 2017).	Ninth meeting of the Accession
	in June 2012, the European Council tasks the Council to examine	(	Conference with Montenegro at

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Montenegro's progress in the implementation of reforms, with particular focus on the area of rule of law and fundamental rights,	European Parliament resolution of 16 March 2017 on the 2016 Commission Report on	ministerial level, Luxembourg, 20.6. 2017.
	especially the fight against corruption and organised crime, on the	Montenegro(2016/2309(INI))	20.0. 2017.
	basis of a report to be presented by the Commission in the first half	-	Eighth meeting of the Accession
	of 2012. It invites the Commission to present without delay a	General Affairs Council of 13 December 2016	Conference with Montenegro,
	proposal for a framework for negotiations with Montenegro in line with its December 2006 conclusions and established practice, also	adopted conclusions on Montenegro (15536/16).	13.12.2016.
	incorporating the new approach proposed by the Commission as	(-5555,-5).	Fourth meeting of the Accession
	regards the chapters on the judiciary and fundamental rights, and	Staff Working Document SWD(2016)0360	Conference with Montenegro at
	justice, freedom and security. The Commission is, in this respect, also invited to initiate the process of analytical examination of the	final of 9 November 2016: Montenegro 2016  Report Accompanying the document	<u>Deputy level</u> , 30.6.2016.
	acquis communautaire with Montenegro on the above-mentioned	Communication from the Commission to the	Seventh meeting of the
	chapters.	European Parliament, the Council, the	Stabilisation and Association
		European Economic and Social Committee	Council between the European
	16 - 17 December 2010: Endorsed Council's conclusions of 14 December 2010 on	and the Committee of the Regions EU Enlargement Policy.	Union and Montenegro, 20.6.2016.
	enlargement and agreed to give Montenegro status of candidate		20.0.2010.
	country.	COM(2016)0517 final of 9 November 2015	Seventh meeting of the
		on EU Enlargement Policy.	Accession Conference with  Montenegro at ministerial level,
		Staff Working Document SWD(2016) 135	21.12.2015.
		final of 18 April 2016: Economic Reform	
		Programme of Montenegro (2016-2018)	Western Balkans Summit,
		Commission Assessment.	27.8.2015.
		European Parliament resolution of 10 March	Sixth meeting of the Accession
		2016 on the 2015 report on Montenegro	Conference with Montenegro at
		( <u>2015/2894(RSP)</u> ).	Ministerial level - 2 new chapters
		General Affairs Council of 15 December	<u>opened</u> , 22.06.2015.
		2015: Council Conclusions on Enlargement	Third meeting of the Accession
		and Stabilisation and Association Process.	Conference with Montenegro at
		COM(2015)0611 of 10 November 2015 EU	<u>Deputy level</u> , 30.03.2015.
		Enlargement Strategy.	
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Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Staff Working Document SWD(2015)0210 of	Fifth meeting of the Accession
		10 November 2015: Montenegro 2015	Conference with Montenegro (4
		Report Accompanying the document	chapters opened), 16.12.2014.
		Communication from the Commission to the	
		European Parliament, the Council, the	EU-Montenegro Stabilisation and
		European Economic and Social Committee	Association Council of 12
		and the Committee of the Regions EU	December 2014, 12.12.2014.
		Enlargement Strategy.	
			Conference on the Western
		Staff Working Document SWD(2015)0201 of	Balkans, 28.08.2014.
		30 October 2015 Background document	
		Accompanying the document Report from	Non-paper enhanced
		the Commission to the European Parliament,	cooperation within the
		the Council and the European Economic and	Stabilisation and Association
		Social Committee Annual Report on Financial	Process, 10.07.2014.
		Assistance for Enlargement in 2014.	
			Fourth meeting of Accession
		General Affairs Council of 16 December	Conference with Montenegro (12
		2014: Council Conclusions on Enlargement	chapters opened),
		and Stabilisation and Association Process.	24.06.2014.
		Commission working document	Third meeting of the Accession
		SWD(2014)0301 of 10 October 2014 on	Conference with Montenegro,
		Enlargement Strategy and main challenges in	18.12.2013.
		2014-2015. Montenegro 2014 progress	
		report.	Second meeting of the Accession
			Conference with Montenegro,
		Proposal COM(2014)0374 of 25 June 2014 for a	18.12.2012.
		Regulation on certain procedures for applying	
		the Stabilisation and Association Agreement	First meeting of the Accession
		between the European Communities and their	Conference with Montenegro,
		Member States, on the one part, and the	29.06.2012.
		Republic of Montenegro, on the other part	
		(codification). Procedure: 2014/0190 (COD).	
Enlargement -	<u>8 - 9 December 2011:</u>	COMPLETED	
Accession Agreement	Today's signing of Accession Treaty with Croatia marks an		
Croatia	important moment for European integration.		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Looks forward to welcoming Croatia as new member from 1 July	Croatia became member of the European	
	2013. Croatia now to participate in proceedings of European	Union on 1 July 2013.	
	Council, Council and its preparatory bodies as active observer.		
		Accession Treaty signed with Croatia on 9	
	<u>23 - 24 June 2011:</u>	December 2011.	
	Invited Council to take all necessary decisions for conclusion of		
	accession negotiations with Croatia by the end of June 2011 on		
	the basis of draft common positions presented by Commission,		
Falarageant	with view to signing Accession Treaty before the end of 2011.	Commission/s Overview and Country	Circle processing of the Associan
Enlargement - Accession Agreement	27 - 28 June 2013: Decided to open accession negotiations with Serbia.	Commission's Overview and Country Assessments - 2017 Economic Reform	Sixth meeting of the Accession Conference with Serbia at
Accession Agreement Serbia	First intergovernmental conference to be held in January 2014 at	Programmes of Albania, the former Yugoslav	<u>Conference with Serbia at</u> ministerial level Luxembourg,
Serbia	the very latest; prior to this, negotiating framework to be	Republic of Macedonia, Montenegro, Serbia,	20.6.2017.
	adopted by Council and confirmed by European Council at its	Turkey, Bosnia and Herzegovina and Kosovo	20.0.2017.
	usual enlargement session.	(June 2017).	Fifth meeting of the Accession
	usuui einaigeinent sessioin	(same 2017).	Conference with Serbia,
	<u>1- 2 March 2012:</u>	European Parliament resolution of 14 June	27.2.2017.
	Endorsed Council conclusions of 28 February 2012 on	2017 on the 2016 Commission Report on	27.2.2017.
	Enlargement and Stabilisation and Association Process, and	Serbia (2016/2311(INI)).	Fourth meeting of the Accession
	agreed to grant Serbia status of candidate country.		Conference with Serbia,
		General Affairs Council of 13 December 2016	13.12.2016.
	<u>8 - 9 December 2011:</u>	adopted conclusions on Serbia (15536/16).	
	Tasked Council with examining and confirming whether Serbia		Third meeting of the stabilization
	continues to show credible commitment and has achieved	Staff Working Document SWD(2016)0361	and Association Council between
	further progress in moving forward with implementation in good	final of 9 November 2016: Serbia 2016	the European Union and Serbia,
	faith of agreements reached in dialogue (incl. on IBM); reached	Report Accompanying the document	13.12.2016.
	agreement on inclusive regional cooperation and actively	Communication from the Commission to the	
	cooperates to enable EULEX and KFOR to execute their	European Parliament, the Council, the	Third meeting of the accession
	mandates.	European Economic and Social Committee	conference with Serbia,
	In light of its examination, Council to take decision in February	and the Committee of the Regions on EU	18.07.2016.
	2012 on granting Serbia candidate status, to be confirmed by	Enlargement Policy.	6 1 11 611
	March European Council.	Communication COM/2016/0517 (C. ). 52	Second meeting of the accession
		Communication COM(2016)0517 final of 9	conference with Serbia,
		November 2015, EU Enlargement Policy.	14.12.2015.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Staff Working Document SWD(2016) 137	Western Balkans Summit,
		final of 18 April 2016: Economic Reform	27.08.2015.
		Programme of Serbia (2016-2018)	Second Meeting of the EU-Serbia
		Commission Assessment.	Stabilisation and Association
			Council, 17.12.2014.
		European Parliament resolution of 4	
		February 2016 on the 2015 report on Serbia	Conference on the Western
		( <u>2015/2892(RSP)</u> ).	Balkans, 28.08.2014.
		General Affairs Council of 15 December	Non-paper Enhanced
		2015: Council Conclusions on Enlargement	cooperation within the
		and Stabilisation and Association Process.	Stabilisation and Association
			Process, 10.07. 2014.
		COM(2015)0611 of 10 November 2015 on EU	
		Enlargement Strategy.	First meeting of the Accession
			Conference at Ministerial level,
		Staff Working Document SWD(2015)0211 of	21.01.2014.
		10 November 2015: Serbia 2015 Report	
		Accompanying the document	First Meeting of the EU-Serbia
		Communication from the Commission to the	Stabilisation and Association
		European Parliament, the Council, the	<u>Process</u> , 21.10.2013.
		European Economic and Social Committee	
		and the Committee of the Regions EU	Entry into force of the EU Serbia
		Enlargement Strategy.	Stabilisation and Association
			Agreement, 01.09.2013.
		Staff Working Document SWD(2015)0201 of	
		30 October 2015 Background document	
		Accompanying the document Report from	
		the Commission to the European Parliament,	
		the Council and the European Economic and	
		Social Committee Annual Report on Financial	
		Assistance for Enlargement in 2014.	
		General Affairs Council 16 December 2014:	
		Council Conclusions on Enlargement and	
		Stabilisation and Association Process.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Commission Working Document SWD(2014)0302 of 10 October 2014 on Enlargement Strategy and main challenges 2014 - 2015. Serbia 2014 progress report.	
		Regulation (EU) No 332/2014 on certain procedures for applying the Stabilisation and Association Agreement between EU and Serbia (OJ L 103, 5.4.2014, p. 10). Procedure: 2011/0465 (COD).	
		General Affairs Council of 17 December 2013: Council Conclusions on Enlargement - Adoption of the negotiating framework for Serbia (17892/13).	
Enlargement - Turkey	15 October 2015:  welcomes the joint Action Plan with Turkey as part of a comprehensive cooperation agenda based on shared responsibility, mutual commitments and delivery. Successful implementation will contribute to accelerating the fulfilment of the visa liberalisation roadmap towards all participating Member States and the full implementation of the readmission agreement. Progress will be assessed in spring 2016. The EU and its Member States stand ready to increase cooperation with Turkey and step up their political and financial engagement substantially within the established framework.  The accession process needs to be re-energised with a view to	Commission's Overview and Country Assessments - 2017 Economic Reform Programmes of Albania, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Montenegro, Serbia, Turkey, Bosnia and Herzegovina and Kosovo (June 2017).  European Parliament resolution of 6 July 2017 on the 2016 Commission Report on Turkey (2016/2308(INI)).  Foreign Affairs Council of 14 November 2016:	Remarks by High Representative/Vice-President Federica Mogherini at the press conference following the EU- Turkey High Level Political Dialogue 25.7.2017.  Joint statement by High Representative/Vice-President Federica Mogherini and Commissioner Johannes Hahn on the Venice Commission's Opinion
	achieving progress in the negotiations in accordance with the negotiating framework and the relevant Council conclusions.  The European Council expressed its condolences to the people of Turkey following the Ankara bomb attack and pledged its support to fight terrorism;	Conclusions on Turkey (14418/16).  European Parliament resolution of 24 November 2016 on EU-Turkey relations (2016/2993(RSP))  Staff Working Document SWD(2016)0366 final of 9 November 2016: Turkey 2016	on the amendments to the Constitution of Turkey and recent events, 13 March 2017.  Commission proposes to modernise the Customs Union with Turkey, 21 December 2016.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
-	Commitment and/or request	Report Accompanying the document communication from the Commission to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions on EU Enlargement Policy.  COM(2016)0517 final of 9 November 2015 EU Enlargement Policy.  Foreign Affairs Council of 18 July 2016: Council Conclusions on Turkey (11355/16).  Staff Working Document SWD(2016)0161 of 4 May 2016: Accompanying the document Report from the Commission to the European Parliament and the Council – Third Report on progress by Turkey in fulfilling the requirements of its visa liberalisation roadmap (COM(2016)278 final).  Staff Working Document SWD(2016) 136 final of 18 April 2016: Economic Reform Programme of Turkey (2016-2018)	Remarks  Declaration by the High Representative on behalf of the EU on the latest developments in Turkey, 08.11.2016.  Twelfth meeting of the Accession conference with Turkey, 30.06.2016.  Eleventh meeting of the accession conference, 14.12.2015.  EU Turkey - Joint Action Plan, 15.10.2015.  Cooperation with Turkey, Valletta, 12.11.2015.
		European Parliament resolution of 14 April 2016 on the 2015 report on Turkey (2015/2898(RSP)).  COM(2016)0140 of 4 March 2016: Second Report on progress by Turkey in fulfilling the requirements of its visa liberalisation roadmap.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		General Affairs Council of 15 December	
		2015: Council Conclusions on Enlargement	
		and Stabilisation and Association Process.	
		COM(2015)0611 of 10 November 2015 on EU	
		Enlargement Strategy.	
		Staff Working Document SWD(2015)0216 of	
		10 November 2015: Turkey 2015 Report	
		Accompanying the document	
		Communication from the Commission to the	
		European Parliament, the Council, the	
		European Economic and Social Committee	
		and the Committee of the Regions EU	
		Enlargement Strategy.	
		Staff Working Document SWD(2015)0201 of	
		30 October 2015 Background document	
		Accompanying the document Report from	
		the Commission to the European Parliament,	
		the Council and the European Economic and	
		Social Committee Annual Report on Financial	
		Assistance for Enlargement in 2014.	

# VII. International Trade Analytical Summary

#### Main commitments

### Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP)

At the June 2012 European Council, EU leaders <u>committed</u> to the goal of launching negotiations on TTIP in 2013, following the <u>recommendations</u> of the <u>EU-US High</u> <u>Level Working Group on Jobs and Growth</u>, created in 2011.

## State of play

The TTIP Advisory Group held its <u>last meeting</u> in March 2017 where it discussed the status of the negotiations and concluded that, given the lack of progress, its activity would be put on hold for the time being. The <u>TTIP Advisory Group</u> had been set up by the Commission in 2014 to provide the EU negotiating team with expert advice on the various aspects of TTIP. As the US administration has not yet taken a formal position on the issue, the <u>negotiations are currently on hold</u>. In its <u>communication</u> of 13 September 2017, the Commission stressed that the EU needed to clarify whether there was a sufficient level of shared ambition and common ground before deciding whether and how to proceed with new negotiations with the USA.

On 17 January 2017, the parties issued a joint document highlighting the progress achieved in the negotiations on the TTIP. The last round of negotiations (15th round), held on 3-7 October 2016, focused on consolidating existing texts. Progress was made in the least problematic areas. Before the US elections, the European Council of 20-21 October had called on the European Commission to continue negotiations in order to present an ambitious, balanced and comprehensive free trade agreement. At their meeting in November 2016, EU trade ministers concluded that <u>negotiations would need to be assessed</u> once the new US administration would be in place.

Nevertheless, throughout 2017 collaboration continued between the EU and the US with two transatlantic agreements having been concluded, an <u>agreement on a mutual recognition of good manufacturing practices</u> in the pharmaceutical sector as well as an <u>agreement on insurance regulations</u>. Moreover, the EU and the US agreed in May 2017 to set up a joint delegation <u>to increase trade cooperation</u> and exchange views, in particular on issues where divergences remained between the two economic blocs.

## Main challenges and outlook

One of the main challenges regarding TTIP remains the issue of whether or not the new US administration will continue the negotiations. The US President's 2017 trade policy agenda and 2016 annual report on the trade agreements programme mentions that the Trump Administration is currently in the process of reviewing the status of the negotiations. In April 2017, EU Trade Commissioner Cecilia Malmström had expressed her view that the EU and US partners were not quite ready to resume negotiations. Her remarks came after a meeting with US Secretary of Commerce Wilbur Ross and other members of the American administration. In a speech delivered at a London-based think tank in mid-April, Paul Ryan, the Republican Speaker of the US House of Representatives, indicated the 'United States will continue to work closely with our EU friends, and chart a path forward on TTIP negotiations'.

At present, President Donald Trump has stated his position on two other trade agreements, the <u>Trans-Pacific Partnership</u> (TPP) and the <u>North American Free Trade Agreement</u> (NAFTA). First, he issued an executive order on 23 January 2017 to <u>withdraw</u> from the TPP and then, regarding NAFTA, he officially launched the <u>renegotiation of the agreement</u> on 18 May 2017. He has, however, not yet made any official statements on the state of play of the TTIP negotiations, but on several occasions, he expressed his preference for <u>bilateral</u> trade agreements over agreements with groups of states. On several occasions, EU leaders have <u>ruled out</u> the possibility of individual bilateral talks and emphasised that the European Commission is the body responsible for negotiating free trade agreements.

On a more technical level, TTIP is fundamentally different from other free trade agreements and, as a result, presents a unique set of challenges. Some of the more contentious issues on which the two parties have had divergent positions throughout the negotiations have included *inter alia*, <u>financial services</u>, <u>resolution of investment disputes</u>, access to the <u>government procurement market</u>, and the protection of certain agricultural products and foodstuffs linked to a geographical area (geographical indications (GIs)).

## Economic Partnership Agreements with African, Caribbean and Pacific Countries (ACP)

## State of play

The February 2013 European Council called for progress on the development of a renewed partnership with the ACP countries through the conclusion of Economic

Partnership Agreements. Since 2002, the EU has been negotiating Economic Partnership Agreements (EPAs) with the ACP countries divided in seven regional groupings (West Africa, Central Africa, Eastern and Southern Africa, East African Community, South African Development Community, Caribbean and Pacific). The aim is to conclude reciprocal trade and economic agreements to replace the unilateral trade preferences granted by the EU to the ACP countries under the Cotonou Partnership Agreement (2000).

#### The following EPAs are currently in application:

EU-Caribbean EPA (2008), EU-Pacific EPA with Papua New Guinea (2011) and Fiji (2014); EU-Eastern and Southern Africa (ESA) interim EPA with Madagascar, Mauritius, Seychelles and Zimbabwe (2012); EU-Central Africa interim EPA with Cameroon (2014); EU-Southern African Development Community (SADC) EPA with Botswana, Lesotho, Namibia, South Africa and Swaziland (2016); EU interim EPA with Côte d'Ivoire (2016) and finally the EU's interim EPA with Ghana (2016).

Negotiations with the West African region and the East African Community (EAC) were concluded in 2014. All EU Member States and all ECOWAS<sup>4</sup> Member States apart from Nigeria and Gambia signed the EPA in December 2014. Mauritania and ECOWAS initialled an association agreement on 5 May 2017 to define the country's participation in ECOWAS' trade policy including the EPA. On behalf of the EU, the Council authorised the signature and provisional application of the agreement with the East African Community on 20 June 2016. However the agreement has not been provisionally applied yet since it has so far only been ratified by Kenya and signed by Rwanda.

#### Main challenges and outlook

The 79 ACP countries are at different stages of development. As such, some ACP countries benefit from different trading arrangements with the EU, such as the <u>Generalised Scheme of Preferences (GSP)</u><sup>5</sup>. Over the years, negotiations have faced a <u>number of contentious issues</u>, including but not limited to the following:

 The membership of countries in EPA negotiating configurations broadly overlaps with their membership in different <u>Regional Economic</u> <u>Communities</u> (RECs). According to the Commission's Directorate-General

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The agreement is the first Economic Partnership that brings together not only the 16 countries of the region but also their two regional organisations: the Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS) and the West African Economic and Monetary Union (UEMOA).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> In order for a country to benefit from the GSP scheme, they must fulfil <u>certain</u> criteria.

- for International Cooperation and Development (DEVCO) <u>strategic</u> <u>evaluations</u> (2000-2015), this overlap has led to <u>inefficiency</u>, particularly in Sub-Saharan Africa;
- The ACP countries are required to open up at least 80 per cent of their markets to the EU to be compatible with World Trade Organization (WTO) rules<sup>6</sup> and ACP countries fear this could negatively impact on their economies and infant industries;
- <u>Rendezvous clauses</u> have been introduced in EPAs to provide for continued negotiations on trade in services, investment, government procurement and competition. As such, negotiations on most EPAs have focused primarily on trade in goods and <u>some ACP countries are reluctant</u> to enter negotiations on some of these issues;
- Countries that benefit from GSP schemes with the EU have little incentive to sign EPAs, given that they already have preferential access for exports to EU markets.

In its resolution of 4 October 2016, the European Parliament stated its position on the future of the ACP-EU relations after the expiry of the Cotonou Partnership Agreement in 2020. Members reiterated that the EPAs must be used as instruments for development and regional integration. They called for a post-Cotonou Agreement as a political umbrella agreement, under which all EPAs contain legally binding sustainability provisions on human rights, social and environmental standards. The Commission and the High Representative/Vice-President (HR/VP) issued a joint communication on 22 November 2016, outlining their vision for a renewed partnership with ACP countries. The proposal put forward would take the form of a legally binding umbrella agreement accompanied by three regional partnerships, for Africa, the Caribbean and the Pacific.

At the ACP Council of Ministers on 4-5 May 2017, ACP countries agreed to negotiate, as one entity, a legally binding partnership with the EU. The ACP countries approved, in principle, three priority areas for a Post-Cotonou agreement, namely: a) trade, investment, industrialisation, and services; b) development cooperation, technology, science, and innovation/research; and c) political dialogue and advocacy. At their annual meeting, held the same week, EU and ACP ministers took stock of the ongoing reflection processes on each side.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The Economic Partnership Agreements between ACP countries and the European Commission must comply with Article XXIV of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT). This Article stipulates that 'free trade areas' must eliminate duties on "substantially all the trade" within a "reasonable length of time", yet these terms are not clearly defined in the article.

#### Free trade agreements with ASEAN countries

### State of play

The February 2013 European Council called for <u>trade relations with ASEAN countries</u> to be deepened. Negotiations on Free Trade Agreements (FTAs) have so far been launched with Malaysia (2010), Thailand (2013), the Philippines (2015), and Indonesia (2016). FTA negotiations were concluded with <u>Singapore</u> on 17 October 2014 and with <u>Vietnam</u> on 2 December 2015.

Regarding the EU-Singapore FTA, the European Commission in 2015 requested the opinion of the European Court of Justice as to whether the EU has the exclusive competence to sign and ratify this agreement. The Court's Advocate General opinion issued on 21 December 2016, argued that some of the provisions in the agreement did not fall under EU exclusive competence. Therefore, according to her analysis, the EU and Member States, acting jointly, would conclude the agreement. On 16 May 2017, the European Court of Justice published its opinion in which it concluded that the agreement could not be ratified by the EU acting alone. The court <u>argued</u> that the provisions relating to non-direct foreign investment<sup>7</sup> and those relating to dispute settlement between investors and states did not fall within the exclusive competence of the EU. The court also indicated that it had not examined the compatibility of the agreement with EU law and had only focused on determining the competence to conclude the agreement. Following this opinion, the Commission indicated that concluded free trade agreements and agreements under negotiation containing the above-mentioned investment provisions would require the approval of national and regional parliaments. Conversely, future trade agreements such as those with Australia and New Zealand will not include investment provisions and can be ratified at EU level only. The debate however remains open as to what constitutes the best architecture for future EU trade agreements and investment protection agreements. In this regard, the Commission has indicated its willingness to discuss the issue further with the Council and the European Parliament.

The ASEAN and the EU launched negotiations for a region-to-region free trade agreement in 2007, but the negotiations were paused for a number of reasons, including, *inter alia*, the differing level of development among ASEAN members; the availability of other trading schemes with the EU; and the human rights situation in Myanmar/Burma. The EU's final objective, however, is to have a

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> I.e. Investments made without any intention to influence the management and control of an undertaking. See European Court of Justice Judgment of 26 September 2008, Commission/Netherlands, Joined Cases C-282/4 and C-283/04, ECR p. I-9141, para.19.

<u>region-to-region agreement with ASEAN</u>, based on the bilateral FTAs concluded with the ASEAN member states. At the EU-ASEAN ministerial meeting on 10 March 2017, EU and ASEAN members agreed to <u>relaunch the talks</u> on an EU-ASEAN Free Trade Agreement.

#### Main challenges and outlook

Negotiations on an FTA with Thailand, interrupted in 2014 after only two rounds due to the political situation in the country, will most likely not be resumed until a democratically elected government is in place. The country has been ruled by a military junta since the coup of 22 May 2014 and general elections to establish a democratic government, which were initially expected to take place this year, have now been moved to 2018. Other issues, such as illegal, unregulated, and unreported fishing, forced labour, and human trafficking may have an impact on the relaunch of negotiations.

Negotiations on an FTA with Malaysia went through seven rounds, but were put on hold at Malaysia's request in 2012. <u>Sensitive issues</u> include public procurement, competition, the automotive and palm oil sectors, services, and intellectual property. For the past year, EU officials have been carrying out a <u>stocktaking exercise</u> to assess the prospects of resuming negotiations. In March 2017, ministers <u>agreed in principle to re-launch the negotiations</u> in due course.

Two rounds of negotiations on an FTA with the Philippines have taken place so far and the Commission has not yet scheduled a new negotiation round. In advance of the <u>second round</u> held on 13-17 February 2017, the EU published <u>its initial proposals for several chapters</u>. Concerns have been raised this year over the human rights situation in the country and the European Parliament <u>adopted a resolution</u> in March 2017 condemning the high number of extrajudicial killings related to the anti-drug campaign in the country.

Three rounds of negotiations on an FTA with Indonesia have been held to date, with the most recent one on 11-15 September 2017. Ahead of the last round, the EU submitted <u>eight text proposals</u> for discussion.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
VII.1 International Tr	ade		
Transatlantic Trade and	20-21 October 2016:	There have been fifteen <u>rounds</u> of	State of the Union Brochure,
Investment Partnership	- It also invites the Commission to continue the negotiations	negotiations to date, most recently from 03 to	13.9.2017
Agreement (TTIP)	with the US authorities to be able to present an ambitious,	07 October 2016.	Commission assesses its 10
	balanced and comprehensive free trade agreement.		priorities, TTIP is on hold.
		Foreign Affairs Council of 11 November 2016:	
	<u>18 December 2015:</u>	Council conclusions on EU-US trade and	USA ready to revive TTIP after
	- Stresses the importance it attaches to a successful conclusion	investment negotiations.	German elections, article,
	of the TTIP negotiations.		23.6.2017. See also the hearing
	- Urges all sides to redouble their efforts with a view to	Foreign Affairs Council of 13 May 2016:	on the US Trade Policy Agenda of
	concluding an ambitious, comprehensive and mutually beneficial	Conclusions on EU-US trade and investment	22 June 2017.
	agreement as soon as possible with a view to harnessing the full	negotiations.	
	potential of the transatlantic economy.		The EU and the USA set up a joint
		Sustainability Impact Assessment of 13 May	task force to make progress on
	20 March 2015:	2016 on the impact of TTIP.	trade in the Trump era, article,
	- The EU and the US should make every effort to conclude		25.5.2017.
	negotiations on an ambitious, comprehensive and mutually	Foreign Affairs Council of 27 November 2015:	
	beneficial agreement by the end of the year.	Conclusions on EU-US Trade and Investment	TTIP Advisory Group meeting,
	- Member States and the Commission should step up efforts to	negotiations.	9.3. 2017.
	communicate the benefits of the agreement and to enhance		
	dialogue with civil society.	Communication of October 2015 Trade For All	US-EU Joint Report on TTIP
		- Towards a more responsible trade and	Progress to Date, 17.1.2017.
	18 December 2014:	investment policy.	
	- Calls for the further strengthening of the multilateral trading		Letter from 10 Ministers in
	system and the conclusion of bilateral trade agreements with key	European Parliament resolution of 8 July 2015	support of TTIP, 14.09.2016.
	partners. The EU and the US should make all efforts to conclude	on the negotiations for the Transatlantic	
	negotiations on an ambitious, comprehensive and mutually	Trade and Investment Partnership	
	beneficial TTIP by the end of 2015.	(2014/2228(INI)).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Will take regular stock of the implementation of the above-	Foreign Affairs Council of 7 May 2015:	The Commission published
	mentioned orientations.	Conclusions on EU-US trade and investment	<u>further TTIP documents</u> , press
		negotiations.	release, 14.07.2016.
	27 June 2014:		
	- The Strategic Agenda for the Union in Times of Change (EUCO	<u>SWD(2015) 3</u> of 13 January 2015 on online	The Sustainability Impact
	five year plan) gives priority inter alia to:	public consultation on investment protection	Assessment on the impact of TTIP
	- Reinforcing the global attractiveness of the Union as a place of	and investor-to-state dispute settlement	was published, press release,
	production and investment with a strong and competitive	(ISDS) in the Transatlantic Trade and	13.05.2016.
	industrial base and a thriving agriculture, and complete	Investment Partnership Agreement (TTIP).	European Commission issues
	negotiations on international trade agreements, in a spirit of		report outlining the state of play
	mutual and reciprocal benefit and transparency, including TTIP,	European Parliament resolution of 15 January	of the negotiations, report,
	by 2015;	2015 on the annual report on the activities of	27.04.2016.
	- Engaging our global strategic partners, in particular our	the European Ombudsman 2013	
	transatlantic partners, on a wide range of issues – from trade and	( <u>2014/2159(INI)</u> ).	The Commission published
	cyber security to human rights and conflict prevention, to non-		<u>further TTIP documents</u> , press
	proliferation and crisis management – bilaterally and in	COM(2014) 910 of 16 December 2014 on	release, 21.03.2016.
	multilateral fora.	Commission Work Programme 2015: A New	<u>List of documents prepared by</u>
	20.1 2042	Start.	the Commission and shared with
	28 June 2013:		the European Parliament and the
	- Welcomed the launch of negotiations on a transatlantic trade	Foreign Affairs Council of 21 November 2014:	Council since the start of the
	and investment partnership with the United States.	<u>Council conclusions</u> on EU-US TTIP	negotiations, report, 26.02.2016.
	7 February 2013:	negotiations.	
	- Looks forward to the report of the EU-US High Level Working		The European Commission
	Group on Jobs and Growth and its recommendations.	European Parliament resolution of 12 March	finalised its new and reformed
	- Calls upon the Commission and the Council to follow up on	2014 on the US NSA surveillance programme,	approach on investment
	these recommendations without delay during the current	surveillance bodies in various Member States	protection and investment
	Presidency; it reiterates its support for a comprehensive trade	and their impact on EU citizens' fundamental	dispute resolution for the
	agreement which should pay particular attention to ways to	rights and on transatlantic cooperation in	<u>Transatlantic Trade and</u>
	achieve greater transatlantic regulatory convergence.	Justice and Home Affairs (2013/2188(INI)).	<u>Investment Partnership (TTIP)</u> .
	defineve greater transatiantic regulatory convergence.		See press release <u>, 12.11.2015.</u>

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	28 October 2012:  - Looks forward to the final report of the EU-US High Level Working Group and commits to working towards the goal of launching in 2013 of negotiations on a comprehensive transatlantic trade and investment agreement.  - Will return in greater depth to EU/US relations and to the contribution trade can make to the growth agenda in February 2013.  18 June 2012:  - Heads of State or Government look forward to the recommendations of the EU-US High Level Working Group on Jobs and Growth and commit to working towards the goal of launching in 2013 of negotiations on a comprehensive transatlantic trade and investment agreement.  16 September 2010:  - The transatlantic relationship is based on common values and constitutes a core element of the international system; the present circumstances call for fresh impetus to be given to this relationship and for renewed reflection on ways of creating a true partnership based on our respective strengths and specificities.  - The November 2010 summit with President Obama will constitute a real opportunity in this respect and will require careful preparation.  - The October 2010 European Council will agree on the key political messages the European Union representatives will bring to this major summit. Based on a good understanding of our	Directives of 17 June 2013 for the negotiation on the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership between the European Union and the United States of America).  European Parliament resolution of 23 May 2013 on EU trade and investment negotiations with the United States of America (2013/2558(RSP)).	Commission proposes new investment court system for TTIP and other EU trade and investment negotiations, press release, 16.09.2015.  The Commission published a concept paper on investment in TTIP and beyond - the path for reform, 05.05.2015.  The Commission published EU negotiating texts in TTIP, press release, 10.02.2015. The Council decided to release the TTIP negotiating mandate (Directives for the negotiation), press release, 09.10.2014.  The Council approved negotiating directives for the Commission to enter into formal bilateral trade negotiations with the United States of America, press release, 14.06.2013.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	partnership should concentrate on maximising the potential		
	benefits of our economic relationship, on working more closely		
	on major international issues and on confronting global		
	economic and security challenges together in a concerted		
	manner.		
Comprehensive	9-10 March 2017:	European Parliament legislative resolution of	EU and Canada agree to set a date
Economic and Trade	- The European Council welcomes the positive vote in the	15 February 2017 on the draft Council	for the provisional application of
Agreement (CETA) with	European Parliament on the EU-Canada Comprehensive	decision on the conclusion of the	CETA, statement, 8.7.2017.
Canada	Economic and Trade Agreement (CETA) and looks forward to its	Comprehensive Economic and Trade	
	imminent provisional application.	Agreement (CETA) between Canada, of the	See <u>ratification procedure</u> here.
		one part, and the European Union and its	
	<u>20-21 October 2016:</u>	Member States, of the other part	EU-Canada trade negotiating
	- It underlined the importance of a swift decision to sign and	(10975/2016 – C8-0438/2016 –	mandate was made public, press
	provisionally apply the EU-Canada Comprehensive Economic	2016/0205(NLE)).	release, 15.12.2015.
	and Trade Agreement and encouraged continued negotiations	Procedure: <u>2016/0205(NLE)</u> .	
	with a view to finding a solution to the outstanding issues as		EU and Canada start negotiations
	soon as possible.	General Secretariat of the Council of 27	for economic and trade
	24.0 + 1 2042	October 2016	agreement, press release,
	24 October 2013:	Statements and Declarations to be entered on	10.06.2009.
	- Welcomes the political agreement on the key elements of a	the occasion of the adoption by the Council of	
	Comprehensive Economic and Trade Agreement with Canada.	the decision authorising the signature of	
	- Looks forward to the swift examination by the European	CETA.	
	Parliament and the Council. This agreement will provide	Foreign Affairs Council of 19 October 2016	
	significant new opportunities for companies in the EU and in Canada and will give an important impetus to enhanced trade	Foreign Affairs Council of 18 October 2016	
	relations between both sides of the Atlantic.	Conclusions on trade agreement with Canada.  16th EU-Canada summit - joint declaration,	
	relations between both sides of the Atlantic.	Brussels, 30 October 2016.	
	7 February 2013:	brussels, 50 October 2010.	
	- Expects the negotiations with Canada to be concluded very	Joint Interpretative Instrument of 27 October	
	shortly.	2016 on the Comprehensive Economic and	
	Shortly.	2010 on the comprehensive Economic and	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	18 October 2012:  - Calls [] for the finalisation of FTA negotiations with Canada and Singapore in the coming months.  28 June 2012:  - The Free Trade Agreements with Singapore and Canada should be finalised by the end of the year.	Trade Agreement (CETA) between Canada and the European Union and its Member States.  Procedures: 2016/0205 (NLE); 2016/0206 (NLE); 2016/0220 (NLE).  Council Decision (EU) 2016/2118 of 28 October 2016 on the signing, on behalf of the Union, and provisional application of the Strategic Partnership Agreement between the European Union and its Member States, of the one part, and Canada, of the other part.  (OJ L/2016/329/43). Procedure: 2016/0206	
		(NLE).  Proposal for a Council Decision COM (2016) 470 of 5 July 2016 on the provisional application of the Comprehensive Economic and Trade Agreement (CETA) between Canada, of the one part, and the European Union and its Member States, of the other part.Procedure: 2016/0220 (NLE).	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 13 May 2016: Conclusions on the EU-Canada trade agreement.  The consolidated Comprehensive Economic and Trade Agreement with Canada was	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		published on 29 February 2016. CETA negotiations ended in August 2014.	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 15 December 2015: Conclusions on EU-Canada trade negotiations.	
		Communication of October 2015 Trade For All - Towards a more responsible trade and investment policy.	
		European Parliament resolution of 10 December 2013 containing the European Parliament's recommendation to the Council, the Commission and the European External Action Service on the negotiations for an EU-Canada Strategic Partnership Agreement (2013/2133(INI)).	
		Recommendation of 14 July 2011 from the Commission to the Council on the modification of the negotiating directives for an Economic Integration Agreement with Canada in order to authorise the Commission to negotiate, on behalf of the Union, on investment.	
		EU-Canada Sustainability Impact Assessment of June 2011 on the EU-Canada Comprehensive Economic and Trade Agreement.	

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Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Recommendation of 24 April 2009 from the	
		Commission to the Council in order to	
		authorize the Commission to open	
		negotiations for an Economic Integration	
		Agreement with Canada.	
Free Trade Agreement	<u>22-23 June 2017:</u>	The EU and Japan reached an <u>agreement in</u>	Report of the 18th EU-Japan
with Japan	- The European Council welcomes the progress achieved recently	<u>principle</u> on the main elements of an	FTA/EPA negotiating round,
	in the negotiations with Japan, which could pave the way for a	Economic Partnership Agreement at the EU-	report, 3 April 2017.
	political agreement.	Japan summit on 6 July 2017.	
	0.40.44   1.0047		Statement by President Juncker at
	9-10 March 2017:	24th EU-Japan Summit Joint Statement, 6 July	the EU-Japan Leaders Meeting,
	- The EU will continue to engage actively with international trade	2017.	press release, 21.3.2017.
	partners. This includes resolutely advancing on all ongoing	10 manuada af bilatarral tallua ta alumbara ta data	Can make data ila an all mann da af
	negotiations for ambitious and balanced free trade agreements	18 rounds of bilateral talks took place to date,	See more details on all rounds of
	(); negotiations with Japan are closest to an early conclusion.	most recently during the week of April 3, 2017.	negotiations <u>here</u> .
	<u>20-21 October 2016:</u>		Joint Statement on the Japan-EU
	- The European Council invites the Commission to actively	Foreign Affairs Council of 11 May 2017:	Economic Partnership
	pursue negotiations on a free trade agreement with Japan, with	Council took stock of the free trade	Agreement/Free Trade
	a view to reaching a political agreement by the end of the year.	agreement with Japan.	Agreement. Parties intend to
			reach an agreement in 2016,
	<u>18 December 2014:</u>	Foreign Affairs Council (Trade) of 11	statement, 26.05.2016.
	- Calls for the further strengthening of the multilateral trading	November 2016:	
	system and the conclusion of bilateral trade agreements with key	Council conclusions on EU-Japan free trade	Report of the 16th EU-Japan
	partners.	agreement.	FTA/EPA negotiating round
	- Will take regular stock of the implementation of the above-	Foreign Affairs (Trade) Council of 27	Tokyo, report, 11-20 April 2016.
	mentioned orientations.	November 2015:	
		Council conclusions on EU-Asia trade	Joint press statement of the 23rd
		negotiations-Japan and ASEAN.	Japan-EU summit, Tokyo,
			<u>29.05.2015</u>

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	7 February 2013:	Sustainability Impact Assessment of the EU-	'[] we have entrusted our
	- Looks forward to the launch of negotiations with Japan at the	Japan FTA (Final report 2016).	negotiators with the mandate to
	forthcoming EU-Japan summit further to the adoption of the		settle the outstanding
	negotiating mandate in late 2012.	Communication of October 2015 on Trade For	differences with a view to
		All - Towards a more responsible trade and	reaching agreement
	<u>18 October 2012:</u>	investment policy.	encompassing all the key issues
	- Calls for an agreement to be reached on the negotiating		preferably by the end of 2015.'
	directives for a Free Trade Agreement (FTA) with Japan with a	European Parliament resolution of 17 April	
	view to launching negotiations in the months ahead [].	2014 containing the European Parliament's	The EU assessed the progress
		recommendation to the Council, the	achieved during the first year of
	28 June 2012:	Commission and the European External	talks and whether Japan had
	- Work should continue towards the deepening of the EU's trade	Action Service on the negotiations of the EU-	implemented the commitments
	relationship with Japan.	Japan Strategic Partnership agreement	it made prior to the launch of the
		( <u>2014/2021(INI)</u> ).	<u>negotiations</u> . Despite some
	25 March 2011:		concerns, the extensive
	- Reiterates the strategic importance of the EU/Japan	Foreign Affairs (Trade) Council of 29	discussions held in May this year
	relationship. The forthcoming summit must be used to	November 2012:	between the Commission and
	strengthen this relationship and bring forward our common	The Council adopted conclusions on EU-Japan	Member States confirmed that
	agenda, including through the potential launch of negotiations	trade relations. The Council authorised the	the negotiations should continue,
	for a free trade agreement on the basis that Japan is willing to	Commission to open negotiations in parallel	11.07.2014.
	tackle inter alia the issue of non-tariff barriers and restrictions on	on a free trade agreement and a broader	055 111 1 555
	public procurement.	bilateral framework agreement with Japan.	Official launch of FTA negotiations
		SWD(2042) 200 ( 40 LL 2042 L	between the EU and Japan, press
		SWD(2012) 209 of 18 July 2012 Impact	release, 25.03.2013.
		Assessment Report on EU-Japan Trade	
		Relations accompanying the	
		Recommendation for a Council Decision	
		authorising the opening of negotiations on a	
		free trade agreement between the European	
		Union and Japan COM(2012) 390.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Directives adopted at the Foreign Affairs	
		Council of 29 November 2012 for the	
		negotiation of a free trade agreement with	
		Japan.	
Investment Agreement	9-10 March 2017:	The 14th round of negotiations took place in	Report on the 14th Round of
with <b>China</b>	- Trade relations with China should be strengthened on the basis	Beijing the week of 11 July 2017.	negotiations, 11-14 July 2017.
	of a shared understanding of reciprocal and mutual benefits. The	Foreign Affeire Council of 10 July 2016	Demant on the 13th December of
	EU will be particularly vigilant concerning the respect and promotion of key standards, as well as the principle of non-	Foreign Affairs Council of 18 July 2016: The Council discussed the EU strategy	Report on the 13th Round of negotiations, 15 to 19 May 2017.
	discrimination.	towards China and adopted Council	negotiations, 15 to 19 May 2017.
	discrimination.	conclusions.	The single High level Face and and
	18 December 2014:	conclusions.	The sixth High-level Economic and Trade Dialogue took place on 18
	- Calls for the further strengthening of the multilateral trading	JOIN (2016) 30 of 22 June 2016 of the HR/VP	October 2016. Topics included
	system and the conclusion of bilateral trade agreements with key	and the Commission on elements for a new	negotiations on investment,
	partners.	EU strategy on China.	questions related to overcapacity
	- Will take regular stock of the implementation of the above-		in the steel sector and how to
	mentioned orientations.	Sustainability Impact Assessment (SIA) of June	manage bilateral trade frictions in
		2016 in support of an Investment Agreement	compliance with WTO rules, press
	<u>7 February 2013:</u>	between the European Union and the	release, 18.10.2016.
	- Notes that the EU's agenda with China is broad and ambitious.	People's Republic of China.	,
	Priorities in the short term should focus on investment, market		Report of the 12th round of
	access, procurement and intellectual property rights, and be	<u>Communication</u> of October 2015 - Trade For	negotiations, 26-30 September
	based on a constructive and strategic engagement. Both sides	All - Towards a more responsible trade and	2016.
	have committed themselves to an early start to negotiations on	investment policy.	
	a substantial investment agreement.		The EU and China held talks on
		Foreign Affairs (Trade) Council of 18 October	key aspects of their economic
	16 September 2010:	2013:	and trade relationship in the
	- The EU should actively pursue its strategic interests, including	The Council adopted conclusions on EU-China	framework of an annual
	as regards the promotion of bilateral trade, market access for	trade relations. The Council approved a	
	goods and services and investment conditions; the protection of		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	intellectual property rights and the opening up of public procurement markets; stronger discipline in the field of export	mandate for the negotiation of an investment agreement with China.	Economic and Trade Working Group, press release, 19.04.2016.
	subsidies; and the dialogue on exchange rate policies.	European Parliament resolution of 9 October	The EU and China agree on scope
		2013 on the EU-China negotiations for a	of the future investment deal,
		bilateral investment agreement (2013/2674(RSP)).	press release, 15.01.2016.
			Official launch of the negotiations of a comprehensive EU-China
			investment agreement, press
			release 21.11.2013.
			Summary of contributions to the
			European Commission's public
			consultation on 'The future
			investment relationship between the EU and China', report,
			01.08.2011.
Free Trade Agreement	7 February 2013:	EU-Singapore Free Trade Agreement:	Opinion 2/15 of the European
with <b>Singapore</b>	- Recalls that further to the conclusion of the negotiations with	Authentic <u>text</u> as of May 2015.	Court of Justice published on 16
	Singapore, trade relations with other ASEAN countries should be		May 2017.
	deepened.	Foreign Affairs (Trade) Council of 18 October	Ell and ACEAN and the few
	18 October 2012:	2013: The Council adopted an updated mandate	EU and ASEAN gear up for possible re-launch of trade talks,
	- Calls [] for the finalisation of FTA negotiations with Canada	allowing the Commission to open	press release, 10.3.2017.
	and Singapore in the coming months.	negotiations on investment protection	press release, 10.3.2017.
		provisions with countries of ASEAN as part of	Opinion of Advocate General
	28 June 2012:	on-going free trade negotiations.	Sharpston, 21.12.2016.
	- The Free Trade Agreements with Singapore and Canada should	_	The Commission decided to
	be finalised by the end of the year.		request a European Court of

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Specific issue		Environment Council of 22 December 2009: The Council authorised the Commission to pursue negotiations with individual countries belonging to the Association of Southeast Asian Nations interested in negotiating free trade agreements bilaterally, starting with Singapore.	Justice opinion on the trade deal with Singapore, press release, 4.3.2015.  Request for an opinion submitted by the European Commission pursuant to Article 218(11) TFEU (Opinion 2/15 of 16/10/2015).  Singapore and the EU concluded negotiations on the investment part of the FTA. This marks the successful conclusion on negotiations of the entire FTA, press release, 17.10.2014.  Singapore and the EU initialled the text of the FTA, press release, 20.09.2013.  Negotiations on a FTA between Singapore and the EU ended successfully. See press release, 16.12.2012.
			Official launch of FTA negotiations between Singapore and the EU. See press release, 03.03.2010.

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Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
			Results of the industry consultation on a possible EU Singapore trade agreement, report, 02.06.2010.  Council approved a mandate for the negotiations with individual ASEAN countries, beginning with Singapore. See press release, 22.12.2009.
Free Trade Agreement with the <b>Philippines</b>	7 February 2013:  - Recalls that further to the conclusion of the negotiations with Singapore, trade relations with other ASEAN countries should be deepened.	The second round of negotiations took place on 13-17 February 2017.  Communication of October 2015 - Trade For All - Towards a more responsible trade and investment policy.  Foreign Affairs (Trade) Council of 18 October 2013:  The Council adopted an updated mandate allowing the Commission to open negotiations on investment protection provisions with countries of ASEAN as part of on-going free trade negotiations.	EU and ASEAN gear up for possible re-launch of trade talks, press release, 10.3.2017.  Report from the 2nd round of negotiations, 13.2.2017.  Report from the 1st round of negotiations for a Free Trade Agreement between the European Union and the Philippines, report, 3.6.2016.  Official launch of FTA negotiations with the Philippines, press release, 22.12.2015.
Free Trade Agreement with <b>Malaysia</b>	7 February 2013:  - Recalls that further to the conclusion of the negotiations with Singapore, trade relations with other ASEAN countries should be deepened.	In 2016, a stocktaking exercise took place to assess prospects of resuming negotiations. In March 2017, ministers agreed in principle to re-launch the negotiations in due course. (See Commission's State of Play).	See Commission's <u>State of play of</u> <u>FTA and other trade negotiations</u> .

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Communication of October 2015 - Trade For	EU and ASEAN gear up for
		All - Towards a more responsible trade and	possible re-launch of trade talks,
		investment policy.	press release, 10.3.2017.
		Foreign Affairs (Trade) Council of 18 October	Official launch of the FTA
		<u>2013:</u>	negotiations. See press release,
		The Council adopted an updated mandate	5.10.2010.
		allowing the Commission to open	
		negotiations on investment protection	
		provisions with countries of ASEAN as part of	
		on-going free trade negotiations.	
Free Trade Agreement	7 February 2013:	The legal review of the text is on-going. The	See Commission's State of play of
with <b>Vietnam</b>	- Recalls that further to the conclusion of the negotiations with	text will be presented to the Council for	FTA and other trade negotiations.
	Singapore, trade relations with other ASEAN countries should be	ratification and the European Parliament for	
	deepened.	consent in the second half of 2017. It is	EU and ASEAN gear up for
		expected that the agreement can enter into	possible re-launch of trade talks,
		force in 2018. (See Commission's State of Play).	press release, 10.3.2017.
			Finalisation of the talks for a free
		The preliminary text of the EU-Vietnam	trade agreement between the EU
		Agreement was published, 1st of February	and Vietnam, marking the end of
		2016.	the negotiating process, press
			release, 02.12.2015.
		<u>SWD(2016)21</u> of 26 January 2016 Human	
		Rights and Sustainable Development in the	An agreement in principle for a
		EU-Vietnam Relations with specific regard to	<u>free trade agreement was</u>
		the EU-Vietnam Free Trade Agreement.	reached between the EU and
			Vietnam after 2½ years of
			negotiations, press release, 04.08.2015.
			04.00.2015.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Communication of October 2015 Trade For All - Towards a more responsible trade and investment policy.  Foreign Affairs Council of 27 November 2015: Council conclusions on EU-ASEAN Free Trade Negotiations.  European Parliament resolution of 17 April 2014 on the state of play of the EU-Vietnam Free Trade Agreement (2013/2989(RSP)).  Foreign Affairs (Trade) Council of 18 October 2013: The Council adopted an updated mandate allowing the Commission to open negotiations on investment protection provisions with countries of ASEAN as part of	Decision in the case 1409/2014/MHZ on the European Commission's failure to carry out a prior human rights impact assessment of the EU-Vietnam free trade agreement, EU Ombudsman decision, 28.02.2016.  Official launch of FTA negotiations between the EU and Vietnam. See press release, 26.06.2012.
Free Trade Agreement with <b>Thailand</b>	7 February 2013:  - Recalls that further to the conclusion of the negotiations with Singapore, trade relations with other ASEAN countries should be deepened.		EU and ASEAN gear up for possible re-launch of trade talks, press release, 10.3.2017.  Official launch of FTA negotiations with Thailand. See press release, 6.3.2013.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		European Parliament resolution of 12 March 2014 on the situation and future prospects of the European fishing sector in the context of the Free Trade Agreement between the EU and Thailand (2013/2179(INI)).  Foreign Affairs (Trade) Council of 18 October 2013: The Council adopted an updated mandate allowing the Commission to open negotiations on investment protection provisions with countries of ASEAN as part of on-going free trade negotiations.  Employment, Social Policy, Health and Consumer Affairs Council of 28 February 2013: The Council adopted a decision authorising	
		the Commission to start negotiations with Thailand on a free trade agreement.	
Free Trade Agreement with <b>Indonesia</b>	7 February 2013:  - Recalls that further to the conclusion of the negotiations with Singapore, trade relations with other ASEAN countries should be deepened.	The third round of negotiations took place in September 2017.  Agriculture and Fisheries Council of 18 July 2016:  The Council gave the go-ahead for negotiations to start on a free trade agreement with Indonesia.	EU and ASEAN gear up for possible re-launch of trade talks, press release, 10.3.2017.  Report on the 2nd round of negotiations for a Free Trade Agreement between the European Union and Indonesia, 24-27 January 2017.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
			Report from the first round of
			negotiations for a Free Trade
			Agreement between the European Union and Indonesia,
			20-21 September 2016.
Free Trade Agreement	18 December 2014:	After 12 rounds, negotiations were brought to	See Commission's State of play of
with India	- Calls for the further strengthening of the multilateral trading		FTA and other trade negotiations.
	system and the conclusion of bilateral trade agreements with key	since January 2016 to assess whether	
	partners.	negotiations can be restarted.	Interview with Commissioner
	- Will take regular stock of the implementation of the above-		Malmström on negotiations with
	mentioned orientations.	Joint Statement of 30 March 2016 at the 13th	India, 30.05.2016.
		EU-India Summit, Brussels: Growth and jobs	( <del>-</del> 1
	7 February 2013:	through fostering trade and economic	'The EU is ready to move free
	- Recalls that negotiations with India require further efforts.	cooperation.	trade talks with India forward but
	20 June 2012.	EU-India agenda for action 2020 delivered on	only if New Delhi makes progress
	28 June 2012: - Negotiations with India need a new impulse from both sides.	30 March 2016.	on the 'key outstanding issues' that in the past prevented the
	- Negotiations with india need a new impulse from both sides.	SO March 2010.	negotiations from being
		Communication of October 2015 - Trade For	concluded', EU Trade
		All - Towards a more responsible trade and	Commissioner said in a letter to
		investment policy).	the Chair of the European
			Parliament's International Trade
		General Affairs Council of 23 April 2007:	Committee (INTA), <u>EU Trade</u>
		Conclusions on the Recommendations to	Insights, 13.04.2016.
		open Negotiations with Countries of ASEAN,	
		India and South Korea.	Official launch of the FTA
			negotiations, press release, 24.04.2007.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Free Trade Agreement	22-23 June 2017:	The third round of negotiations took place the	Report from the XXVIIIth round
with MERCOSUR	- The European Council encourages progress on all ongoing	week of 3 July 2017.	of negotiations on the trade part
	negotiations, including with Mexico, Mercosur and the Asian-		of the EU-Mercosur Association
	Pacific region, for ambitious and balanced free trade	Agriculture and Fisheries Council of 12 June	Agreement, Brussels, 3-7 July
	agreements, with reciprocity and mutual benefits as guiding	<u>2017</u>	2017.
	principles.	Ministers discussed the potential impact of	
		the trade agreement with Mercosur on	Report of the XXVII negotiation
	<u>9-10 March 2017:</u>	sensitive agricultural sectors.	round on the trade part of the
	- The EU will continue to engage actively with international trade		EU-Mercosur Association
	partners. This includes resolutely advancing on all ongoing	Foreign Affairs Council of 11 May 2017:	Agreement, 14-20 March 2017.
	negotiations for ambitious and balanced free trade agreements,	Council took stock of the free trade	
	including with Mercosur()	agreement with Mercosur.	Report of the XXVI negotiation
			round on the trade part of the
	<u>20-21 October 2016:</u>	<u>Joint EU-Mercosur Communiqué</u> of 27 March	EU-Mercosur Association
	- The European Council underlines the importance of	2017 following the XXVIIth round of	Agreement. Brussels, 10-14
	intensifying ongoing negotiations with other trade partners,	negotiations.	October 2016.
	including Mercosur, committed to mutually beneficial market		_
	opening.	Foreign Affairs Council of 11 November 2016:	Mercosur meets without
		Council conclusions on EU-Mercosur free	<u>Venezuela</u> to advance
	7 February 2013:	trade agreement.	negotiations with the EU, press
	- Recalls the commitment of the EU and MERCOSUR to work	EU-Mercosur <u>Joint communiqué</u> which	release, 22.09.2016.
	towards exchanging market access offers no later than the last	followed a stocktaking meeting on 22-23	
	quarter of 2013 is welcome.	June.	The EU and Mercosur exchanged
			offers on access to their
		Mercosur-EU <u>Joint Communiqué</u> of 11 May	respective markets for goods and
		2016 on the exchange of negotiating offers.	services, establishment and
			government procurement. See
		Foreign Affairs Council of 27November 2015:	press release, 11.05.2016.
		Council conclusions on EU-Mercosur Free	
		Trade Negotiations.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Free Trade Agreement with Mexico	22-23 June 2017:  - The European Council encourages progress on all ongoing negotiations, including with Mexico, Mercosur and the Asian-Pacific region, for ambitious and balanced free trade agreements, with reciprocity and mutual benefits as guiding principles.  9-10 March 2017:	Communication of October 2015 - Trade For All - Towards a more responsible trade and investment policy.  Mercosur-European Union Ministerial Meeting Joint Communiqué of 11 June 2015.  Mercosur-European Union Ministerial Meeting Joint Communiqué of 26 January 2013.  European Parliament resolution of 17 January 2013 on trade negotiations between the EU and Mercosur ((2012/2924(RSP))).  IV EU-Mercosur Summit Joint Communiqué of 17 May 2010.  The fifth round round of negotiations took place the week of 25 September 2017.  Foreign Affairs Council of 11 May 2017: Council took stock of the free trade agreement with Mexico.	EU Trade Commissioner Cecilia Malmström and Uruguay Foreign Minister Rodolfo Nin Novoa, agreed to exchange market access offers in the second week of May, press release, 08.04.2016.  Mercosur offered to open up 93% of its trade to competition from the European Union, press release, 23.02.2016.  Re-launch of FTA negotiations with Mercosur at the EU- Mercosur summit in Madrid, press release, 18.05.2010.  Report on the fourth round of negotiations to modernise the trade pillar of the EU-Mexico Global Agreement (Mexico city, 21 June to 5 July 2017).  Report on the third round of negotiations for modernising the
	<ul> <li>The EU will continue to engage actively with international trade partners. This includes resolutely advancing on all ongoing negotiations for ambitious and balanced free trade agreements, including with ()Mexico;</li> </ul>		trade pillar of the EU-Mexico Global Agreement, 3 to 7 April 2017.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
New Agreement with	7 February 2013:	Communication of October 2015 - Trade For	Report on the second round of negotiations for modernising the trade pillar of the EU-Mexico Global Agreement, report, 22 to 25 November 2016.  Report from the 1st round of negotiations for modernising the trade pillar of the EU-Mexico Global Agreement, report, 13-14 June 2016.
Russia	<ul> <li>Stresses that, regarding Russia, in the short term the priority must remain implementation of its commitments stemming from its accession to the WTO. Negotiations on a comprehensive New Agreement require further progress.</li> <li>16 September 2010: <ul> <li>The upcoming summits with Ukraine in November and Russia in December should be used to deepen cooperation on areas of mutual benefit, so as to bring more stability and predictability to those two important relationships, as well as to promote human rights.</li> <li>The summit with Russia will provide an opportunity to enhance cooperation with Russia and to discuss in particular its modernisation agenda. Cooperation should be enhanced on economic issues such as energy, investment and innovation, on security issues, including frozen conflicts, the combat against terrorism and organised crime, and on environmental issues, including climate change.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	All - Towards a more responsible trade and investment policy.  Negotiations for a New Agreement (to replace and update the existing Partnership and Cooperation Agreement including trade and investment provisions) as well as on visa matters were suspended by the European Council on 6 March 2014.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- The October European Council will come back to the key		
	messages of the European Union in these summits so as to		
	ensure a fruitful outcome.		
Association Agreements	20 March 2015:	Foreign Affairs Council of 14 November 2016.	
(including DCFTAs) with	- Looks forward to the earliest possible ratification by all Member	Conclusions on the Eastern Partnership.	
Moldova, Georgia.	States of the Association Agreement/Deep and Comprehensive		
	Free Trade Areas (AAs/DCFTAs) with Georgia, Republic of	Foreign Affairs Council of 14 December 2015:	
	Moldova and Ukraine.	Conclusions on Eastern Partners.	
	27 June 2014	Communication of October 2015 - Trade For	
	- Welcomes the signature of the Association Agreements,	All - Towards a more responsible trade and	
	including Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Areas, between	investment policy.	
	the European Union and Georgia and the Republic of Moldova,		
	as well as the signature of the remainder of the Association	Moldova:	
	Agreement and Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Area,	The Association Agreement has entered into	As of 15.02.2016, all 28 EU
	between the European Union and Ukraine.	force on 1 July 2016.	Member States had <u>ratified</u> the
			Association Agreement.
	21 March 2014:	Decision (EU) 2016/839 of the Council of 23	
	- Reconfirms its objective to further strengthen the political	May 2016 on the conclusion, on behalf of the	Ratification by the Moldovan
	association and economic integration with Georgia and the	European Union, of the Association	<u>Parliament of the Association</u>
	Republic of Moldova. We confirm our aim to sign the Association	Agreement between the European Union and	Agreement, press release,
	Agreements, including the Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade	the European Atomic Energy Community and	02.7.2014.
	Areas, which we initialled in Vilnius last November, no later than	their Member States, of the one part, and the	
	June 2014.	Republic of Moldova, of the other part. OJ L	Signature of the Association
	6 March 2014	<u>141, 28.5.2016</u> . Procedure: <u>2014/0083(NLE)</u> .	Agreement, including the DCFTA,
	6 March 2014:  - The European Union expresses its objective to further	Foreign Affairs Council of 15 December 2016:	which has applied provisionally since 1 September 2014,
	strengthen the political association and economic integration	Council conclusions on the Republic of	since 1 September 2014, 27.6.2014.
	with Georgia and the Republic of Moldova. We confirm our aim	Moldova.	27.0.2014.
	to sign the Association Agreements, including the Deep and	ivioluova.	
	to sign the Association Agreements, including the Deep and		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Comprehensive Free Trade Areas, which we initialled in Vilnius	European Parliament legislative resolution of	The EU initialled both Association
	last November, no later than at the end of August 2014.	13 November 2014 on the draft Council	Agreements with Georgia and
		decision on the conclusion, on behalf of the	Moldova, including provisions
	<u>19 December 2013:</u>	European Union, of the Association	<u>establishing</u> <u>DCFTAs</u> , press
	- Welcomes the initialling by Georgia and the Republic of	Agreement between the European Union and	release, 29.11.2013.
	Moldova of the Association Agreements, including Deep and	the European Atomic Energy Community and	
	Comprehensive Free Trade Areas, at the Eastern Partnership	their Member States, of the one part, and the	Conclusion of the negotiations on
	Summit in Vilnius on 28-29 November.	Republic of Moldova, of the other part	a DCFTA with Moldova, press
	- Reconfirms the EU's readiness to sign these agreements as soon	(09828/2014 – C8-0130/2014–	release, 12.6.2013.
	as possible and no later than the end of August 2014.	2014/0083(NLE)) (Consent). Procedure:	Official launch of trade
		2014/0083(NLE).	negotiations with Moldova, press
	24 October 2013:		release, 27.2.2012.
	- Looks forward to the Eastern Partnership Summit in Vilnius on	<u>Association Agreement</u> between the	
	28 and 29 November 2013. It underlines the importance of the	European Union and the European Atomic	
	Eastern Partnership for building a common area of democracy,	Energy Community and their Member States,	
	prosperity and stability across the European continent. []	of the one part, and the Republic of Moldova,	
	- Confirms the European Union's readiness to initial similar	of the other part. OJ L 260/4 30.8.2014.	
	agreements with the Republic of Moldova and Georgia at the		
	Vilnius Summit, with the aim of signing them by autumn 2014.	Georgia:	
	7 February 2013:	The Association Agreement has entered into	As of 15.2.2016, all 28 EU
	- Calls for further progress as regards the Association Agreements	force on 1 July 2016.	Member States had <u>ratified</u> the
	including DCFTAs with the Republic of Moldova, Georgia and	·	Association Agreement.
	Armenia with a view to their finalisation by the time of the	Decision (EU) 2016/838 of the Council of 23	
	Eastern Partnership Summit in Vilnius.	May 2016 on the conclusion, on behalf of the	Ratification by the Georgian
		European Union, of the Association	Parliament of the Association
	<u>18 October 2012:</u>	Agreement between the European Union and	Agreement, press release,
	- Calls for progress to be made in opening or advancing	the European Atomic Energy Community and	18.7.2014.
	negotiations on Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade	their Member States, of the one part, and	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Agreements with the EU's neighbouring partners which are	Georgia, of the other part. OJ L 141,	Signature of the Association
	ready.	28.5.2016. Procedure 2014/0086(NLE).	Agreement, including the DCFTA,
			which has applied provisionally
	28 June 2012:	European Parliament legislative resolution of	since 1 September 2014,
	- Welcomes the progress the Eastern Partnership has achieved in	18 December 2014 on the draft Council	27.6.2014.
	furthering political association and economic integration with	decision on the conclusion, on behalf of the	
	the EU. The partnership is based on a commitment to common	European Union, of the Association	The EU initialled both Association
	values, where those most committed to reforms will benefit	Agreement between the European Union and	Agreements with Georgia and
	more from their relationship with the EU.	the European Atomic Energy Community and	Moldova, including provisions
	- Looks forward to the Eastern Partnership Roadmap with a view	their Member States, of the one part, and	<u>establishing</u> <u>DCFTAs</u> , press
	to the next Eastern Partnership Summit in the second half of	Georgia, of the other part (09827/2014 – C8-	release, 29.11.2013.
	2013.	0129/2014 – 2014/0086(NLE)) (Consent).	
		Procedure: <u>2014/0086(NLE).</u>	Conclusion of negotiations on a
	23 October 2011:		DCFTA with Georgia, press
	- The Union should capitalise on the special relationships it enjoys	<u>Association Agreement</u> between the	release, 22.6.2013.
	with its neighbouring regions to foster closer economic ties and	European Union and the European Atomic	
	open up new trade and investment opportunities, including by	Energy Community and their Member States,	<u>Official launch of trade</u>
	pursuing, where appropriate, deep and comprehensive free	of the one part, and Georgia, of the other part,	negotiations with Georgia, press
	trade agreements. Promoting a more business-friendly	OJ L 261/4 30.8.2014.	release, 28.2.2012.
	environment throughout the EU neighbourhood is an essential		
	investment in wider regional prosperity		
	- The Union should pursue the integration of specific sectors which		
	have a significant impact on growth and employment, such as energy		
	and aviation.		
	- Welcomes the second Eastern Partnership Summit, held in		
	Warsaw on 29-30 September, and welcomes the intention of the		
	High Representative and the European Commission to propose a		
	roadmap that would list the objectives, instruments and actions		
	with a view to the next Eastern Partnership Summit in the second		
	half of 2013. The pace and depth of these countries' political		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	association and economic integration with the EU will depend on		
	their upholding of the democratic principles and rule of law		
	which are the basis of the Partnership.		
	16 September 2010:		
	- The upcoming reflection on the implementation of the		
	European Neighbourhood Policy will provide an opportunity to		
	deepen relations with the Union's eastern neighbours through		
	the Eastern Partnership as well as with its southern neighbours.		
	The smooth implementation of projects launched within the		
	Eastern Partnership constitutes an outreach of EU values and promotes the legal, economic and social approximation of the		
	countries concerned to the EU.		
Association Agreements	7 February 2013:	Foreign Affairs Council of 14 November 2016.	Joint Press Release by the
(including DCFTAs) with	- Calls for further progress as regards the Association Agreements	Conclusions on the Eastern Partnership.	European Union and Republic of
Armenia	including DCFTAs with the Republic of Moldova, Georgia and		Armenia on the initialling of the
	Armenia with a view to their finalisation by the time of the	Foreign Affairs Council of 12 October 2015:	EU-Armenia Comprehensive and
	Eastern Partnership Summit in Vilnius.	Opening of negotiations of a framework	Enhanced Partnership
	18 October 2012:	agreement with Armenia.	Agreement, press release, 21.3.2017.
	- Calls for progress to be made in opening or advancing		21.3.2017.
	negotiations on Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade		Important step forward in EU-
	Agreements with the EU's neighbouring partners which are		Armenia relations as bilateral
	ready.		agreement is initialled, press
			release, 21.3.2017.
	28 June 2012:		
	- Welcomes the progress the Eastern Partnership has achieved in furthering political association and economic integration with		See Commission overview of
	the EU. The partnership is based on a commitment to common		trade agreements.
	and 201 the partitioning to based on a communicity to common		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	values, where those most committed to reforms will benefit		EU and Armenia launch
	more from their relationship with the EU.		<u>negotiations</u> for a <u>new</u>
	- Looks forward to the Eastern Partnership Roadmap with a view		<u>overarching</u> <u>framework</u>
	to the next Eastern Partnership Summit in the second half of		<u>agreement</u> , press release,
	2013.		<u>7.12.2015.</u>
	23 October 2011:		Armenia decided to negotiate its
	- The Union should capitalise on the special relationships it enjoys		membership in the Customs
	with its neighbouring regions to foster closer economic ties and		Union of Russia, Belarus and
	open up new trade and investment opportunities, including by		Kazakhstan, thereby putting an
	pursuing, where appropriate, deep and comprehensive free		end to the initialling given
	trade agreements. Promoting a more business-friendly		incompatibilities, press release,
	environment throughout the EU neighbourhood is an essential		3.9.2013.
	investment in wider regional prosperity		
	- The Union should pursue the integration of specific sectors which		Completion of negotiations on an
	have a significant impact on growth and employment, such as energy		Association Agreement, including
	and aviation.		<u>a</u> <u>DCFTA</u> , press release,
	- Welcomes the second Eastern Partnership Summit, held in		25.3.2013.
	Warsaw on 29-30 September, and welcomes the intention of the		
	High Representative and the European Commission to propose a		<u>Official launch of trade</u>
	roadmap that would list the objectives, instruments and actions		<u>negotiations with Armenia</u> , press
	with a view to the next Eastern Partnership Summit in the second		release, 20.2.2012.
	half of 2013. The pace and depth of these countries' political		
	association and economic integration with the EU will depend on		
	their upholding of the democratic principles and rule of law		
	which are the basis of the Partnership.		
	16 September 2010:		
	- The upcoming reflection on the implementation of the		
	European Neighbourhood Policy will provide an opportunity to		

deepen relations with the Union's eastern neighbours through the Eastern Partnership as well as with its southern neighbours.  The smooth implementation of projects launched within the Eastern Partnership constitutes an outreach of EU values and promotes the legal, economic and social approximation of the countries concerned to the EU.  Association Agreement (including a DCFTA) with Ukraine  Ukraine  December 2016:  The European Council reconfirms its commitment to international law and the territorial integrity of Ukraine as well as the conclusion of the EU-Ukraine Association Agreement, Agreement between the European Union and officially entered	
The smooth implementation of projects launched within the Eastern Partnership constitutes an outreach of EU values and promotes the legal, economic and social approximation of the countries concerned to the EU.  Association Agreement (including a DCFTA) with Ukraine  The smooth implementation of projects launched within the Eastern Partnership constitutes an outreach of EU values and promotes the legal, economic and social approximation of the countries concerned to the EU.  Council Decision (EU) 2017/1248 of 11 July 2017 on the conclusion, on behalf of the international law and the territorial integrity of Ukraine as well European Union, of the Association	
Eastern Partnership constitutes an outreach of EU values and promotes the legal, economic and social approximation of the countries concerned to the EU.  Association Agreement (including a DCFTA) with Ukraine    December 2016:	
promotes the legal, economic and social approximation of the countries concerned to the EU.  Association Agreement (including a DCFTA) with Ukraine  Description of the European Council reconfirms its commitment to international law and the territorial integrity of Ukraine as well European Union, of the Association the European Union, of the	
Association Agreement (including a DCFTA) with Ukraine    Countries concerned to the EU.	
(including a DCFTA) with Ukraine  - The European Council reconfirms its commitment to international law and the territorial integrity of Ukraine as well European Union, of the Association agree	
(including a DCFTA) with Ukraine  - The European Council reconfirms its commitment to international law and the territorial integrity of Ukraine as well  - The European Council reconfirms its commitment to international law and the territorial integrity of Ukraine as well  - The European Council reconfirms its commitment to international law and the territorial integrity of Ukraine as well	
Ukraine international law and the territorial integrity of Ukraine as well European Union, of the Association the European Union, of the Association	
ac the conclusion of the Ell-Illuraine Accordation Agreement I Agreement between the European Union and Latticially entered	
	into force, press
including the establishment of a Deep and Comprehensive Free the European Atomic Energy Community and release, 1.9.2017	•
Trade Area. The aim of association agreements is to support their Member States, of the one part, and partner countries on their path to becoming stable and Ukraine, of the other part, as regards On 17 July 201	17 the Council
prosperous democracies, and to reflect the strategic and provisions relating to the treatment of third-	
geopolitical importance the European Union attaches to the country nationals legally employed as workers autonomous tra	
regional context. Therefore, completing the ratification process in the territory of the other party, OJ L 181, favour of Ukrain	
remains a crucial EU objective. 12.7.2017, p. 4–5. 17.7.2017.	-,  -
- After having carefully noted the outcome of the Dutch	
referendum on 6 April 2016 on the bill approving the Association Council Decision (EU) 2017/1247 of 11 July Dutch lower ho	use backed EU-
Agreement and the concerns expressed prior to the referendum 2017 on the conclusion, on behalf of the Ukraine agreeme	
as conveyed by the Dutch Prime Minister, the European Council European Union, of the Association and for more in	
takes note of a Decision of the Heads of State or Government of Agreement between the European Union and 22.2.2017. The U	
the 28 Member States of the European Union, meeting within the European Atomic Energy Community and vote on 30.5.201	7.
the European Council (Annex), which addresses these concerns their Member States, of the one part, and	
in full conformity with the Association Agreement and the EU Ukraine, of the other part, with the exception In an advisory ref	
treaties.  of the provisions relating to the treatment of voters rejected	
- The European Council notes that the <u>Decision</u> set out in the Annex is legally binding on the 28 Member States of the workers in the territory of the other party, OJ <u>press release</u> and press release to the press rele	
Annex is legally binding on the 28 Member States of the workers in the territory of the other party, OJ press release a European Union, and may be amended or repealed only by L 181, 12.7.2017, p. 1–3.	and the Dutch

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	common accord of their Heads of State or Government. It will	Foreign Affairs Council of 14 November 2016.	government <u>communiqué</u> ,
	take effect once the Kingdom of the Netherlands has ratified the	Conclusions on the Eastern Partnership.	7.4.2016.
	agreement and the Union has concluded it. Should this not be		
	the case, the Decision will cease to exist.	Foreign Affairs Council of 18 January 2016:	As of 24.05.2017, 27 EU Member
	- The European Council welcomes the results of the EU-Ukraine	Council conclusions on Ukraine.	States <u>ratified</u> the Association
	Summit on 24 November 2016 and stresses the Union's		Agreement.
	continued resolve to deepen and strengthen its relationship with	<u>Communication</u> of October 2015 - Trade For	
	Ukraine in the face of current challenges. It recognises Ukraine's	All - Towards a more responsible trade and	The trade part of the EU-Ukraine
	achievements in implementing reforms to meet European	investment policy.	Association Agreement becomes
	standards and the fact that it has met the conditions for a visa-		operational on 1 January 2016,
	free regime with the Union. Further to the adoption of a robust	Joint Ministerial Statement of 12 September	press release, 31.12.2015.
	suspension mechanism, the co-legislators are invited to	2014 on the Implementation of the EU-	
	complete the procedure leading to the lifting of visa	Ukraine AA/DCFTA.	Outcome of the Trilateral
	requirements for Ukraine and Georgia.		
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			17.9.2014, press release.
	possible.		The FIL and Illeraine
	20 March 2015		
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	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Del 17, press release, 10.3.2014.
	I WOIGOVA AND ON ANIE.		The FIL Heads of State or
	24 October 2014:		
	requirements for Ukraine and Georgia.  28-29 June 2016:  The Dutch Prime Minister presented the outcome of the referendum in the Netherlands on the Association Agreement with Ukraine, as well as the concerns expressed in the debate preceding the referendum. The European Council invites the Council to seek a solution addressing these concerns as soon as possible.  20 March 2015:  Looks forward to the earliest possible ratification by all Member States of the Association Agreement/Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Areas (AAs/DCFTAs) with Georgia, Republic of Moldova and Ukraine.  24 October 2014:		Ukraine Association Agri 17.9.2014, press release.  The EU and simultaneously agreed until 31 December 20 provisional application DCFTA, press release, 16.  The EU Heads of S

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Welcomed the upcoming provisional application of the		President Poroshenko signed the
	Association Agreement.		DCFTA as part of the Association
	- Reiterates its willingness to support Ukraine as it addresses		Agreement, EEAS website,
	political and economic reform, including in the energy sector, in		27.6.2014.
	line with the commitments both sides have made through the		6 1 19 19
	Association Agreement.		Signature of the political
	20 A		provisions of the Association
	30 August 2014:		Agreement, EEAS website,
	- Welcomes the trilateral talks initiated between the European		21.3.2014.
	Union, Ukraine and the Russian Federation on practical issues		
	with regard to the implementation of the Association Agreement/DCFTA and the talks on energy.		
	- Calls on all parties to keep up the momentum in order to reach		
	tangible results within the agreed timeframe.		
	tangible results within the agreed timename.		
	16 July 2014:		
	- Stresses the importance of Ukraine ratifying the Association		
	Agreement with a view to its early provisional application.		
	- Welcomes the holding of trilateral consultations at ministerial		
	level between Ukraine, the Russian Federation and the European		
	Union on 11 July on the implementation of the Association		
	Agreement.		
	- Welcomes the setting up of a consultation mechanism to		
	address potential difficulties resulting from the effects of the		
	implementation of the Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade		
	Area on the implementation of the Free Trade Agreement of the		
	Commonwealth of Independent States.		
	27 June 2014		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Welcomed the signature of the Association Agreements,		
	including Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Areas, between		
	the European Union and Georgia and the Republic of Moldova, as well as the signature of the remainder of the Association		
	Agreement and Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Area,		
	between the European Union and Ukraine.		
	21 March 2014:		
	- The European Union, its Member States and Ukraine will sign		
	the political provisions of the Association Agreement.		
	- The European Union and its Member States are committed to		
	sign the remainder of the Association Agreement and Deep and		
	Comprehensive Free Trade Area, which together with the political provisions constitute a single instrument.		
	- Agrees that the first meeting in the political dialogue as		
	envisaged under the Agreement should take place in April.		
	- Urges the Council and the European Parliament to swiftly adopt the		
	proposal for temporarily removing customs duties, so called		
	Autonomous Trade measures, on Ukrainian exports to the EU.		
	<u>6 March 2014:</u>		
	- The European Union and Ukraine have already taken an important		
	step in deepening our relation by the initialling of the Association		
	Agreement, including a Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Area.		
	We reiterate the European Union's commitment to signing the Association Agreement, including a Deep and Comprehensive Free		
	Trade Area. As a matter of priority, we will sign very shortly all the		
	political chapters. The European Union intends to adopt unilateral		
	measures which would allow Ukraine to benefit substantially from the		
	advantages offered in the Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Area.		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Such measures would entail an offer to apply provisions related to the import of goods by reducing tariffs and opening tariff rate quotas by so called autonomous trade measures.		
	19 December 2013:  - The EU remains ready to sign the Association Agreement, including Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Area, with Ukraine, as soon as Ukraine is ready.		
	24 October 2013:  - Looks forward to the Eastern Partnership Summit in Vilnius on 28 and 29 November 2013. It underlines the importance of the Eastern Partnership for building a common area of democracy, prosperity and stability across the European continent.  - Reiterates the EU's willingness to sign the Association Agreement, including the Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Area, with Ukraine at the Vilnius Summit, provided there is determined action and tangible progress in line with the Council Conclusions of 10 December 2012, and to launch its provisional application [].		
	7 February 2013:  - Reaffirms its commitment to the signing of the agreement with Ukraine, in full compliance with the Council conclusions of 10 December 2012.		
	28 June 2012:  - Welcomes the progress the Eastern Partnership has achieved in furthering political association and economic integration with the EU. The partnership is based on a commitment to common		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	values, where those most committed to reforms will benefit		
	more from their relationship with the EU Looks forward to the Eastern Partnership Roadmap with a view		
	to the next Eastern Partnership Summit in the second half of		
	2013.		
	23 October 2011:		
	- The Union should capitalise on the special relationships it enjoys		
	with its neighbouring regions to foster closer economic ties and		
	open up new trade and investment opportunities, including by		
	pursuing, where appropriate, deep and comprehensive free		
	trade agreements. Promoting a more business-friendly environment throughout the EU neighbourhood is an essential		
	investment in wider regional prosperity.		
	- The Union should pursue the integration of specific sectors		
	which have a significant impact on growth and employment, such		
	as energy and aviation.		
	- Welcomes the second Eastern Partnership Summit, held in		
	Warsaw on 29-30 September, and welcomes the intention of the		
	High Representative and the European Commission to propose a		
	roadmap that would list the objectives, instruments and actions		
	with a view to the next Eastern Partnership Summit in the second		
	half of 2013. The pace and depth of these countries' political		
	association and economic integration with the EU will depend on their upholding of the democratic principles and rule of law		
	which are the basis of the Partnership.		
	which are the basis of the raithership.		
	16 September 2010:		
	- The upcoming reflection on the implementation of the		
	European Neighbourhood Policy will provide an opportunity to		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	deepen relations with the Union's eastern neighbours through the Eastern Partnership as well as with its southern neighbours. The smooth implementation of projects launched within the Eastern Partnership constitutes an outreach of EU values and promotes the legal, economic and social approximation of the countries concerned to the EU.  - The upcoming summits with Ukraine in November and Russia in December should be used to deepen cooperation on areas of mutual benefit, so as to bring more stability and predictability to those two important relationships, as well as to promote human rights.  - The summit with Ukraine should bring progress to the negotiations on the Association Agreement, including the deep and comprehensive Free Trade Agreement, and highlight the role of the EU in the economic and democratic reforms of this important neighbour.  - The October European Council will come back to the key messages of the European Union in these summits so as to ensure a fruitful outcome.		
DCFTA with <b>Morocco</b>	7 February 2013:  - Calls for progress as regards the start of negotiations on Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Agreements with Morocco [].  18 October 2012:  - Calls for progress to be made in opening or advancing negotiations on Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Agreements with the EU's neighbouring partners which are ready.	hold to accommodate the plan of Morocco to carry out additional studies before continuing the negotiations (See Commission overview).  Communication of October 2015 - Trade For	Commission overview of bilateral and regional agreements here.  Judgement C-104/16 P Council v. Front Polisario, 21.12.2016.  The EU and Morocco concluded talks concerning a standalone Geographical Indications (GI) agreement that will be

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	28 June 2012:	Proposal <u>COM (2015) 446</u> for a Council	incorporated in the future
	- Agreed that rapid progress is needed in the ongoing trade	Decision of 15 September 2015 on the	DCFTA. According to this
	negotiations and in the preparation of negotiations for Deep and	conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an	agreement, the EU will protect
	Comprehensive Free Trade Agreements that will progressively	exchange of letters between the European	30 Moroccan GIs and Morocco
	integrate partners' economies into the EU Single Market and	Union and the Kingdom of Morocco	will protect around 3200 existing
	increase market access opportunities.	concerning protection of geographical	EU Gls. See press release,
		indications and designations of origin for	01.2.2015.
	23 October 2011:	agricultural products, processed agricultural	
	- The Union should capitalise on the special relationships it enjoys	products, fish and fishery products and	Joint press statement on the EU-
	with its neighbouring regions to foster closer economic ties and	amending the Euro-Mediterranean	Morocco negotiations,
	open up new trade and investment opportunities, including by	Agreement establishing an association	statement, 09.07.2014.
	pursuing, where appropriate, deep and comprehensive free	between the European Communities and	
	trade agreements. Promoting a more business-friendly	their Member States, of the one part, and the	Official launch on the 1st of March
	environment throughout the EU neighbourhood is an essential	Kingdom of Morocco, of the other part.	2013 of the DCFTA negotiations
	investment in wider regional prosperity.	Procedure: <u>2015/0203(NLE)</u> .	with Morocco, press release,
	- The Union should pursue the integration of specific sectors		22.4.2013.
	which have a significant impact on growth and employment, such	Proposal <u>COM (2015) 448</u> for a Council	
	as energy and aviation.	Decision of 15 September 2015 on the	
		signature, on behalf of the European Union, of	
		the Agreement in the form of an exchange of	
		letters between the European Union and the	
		Kingdom of Morocco concerning protection of	
		geographical indications and designations of	
		origin for agricultural products, processed	
		agricultural products, fish and fishery	
		products and amending the Euro-	
		Mediterranean Agreement establishing an	
		association between the European	
		Communities and their Member States, of the	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		one part, and the Kingdom of Morocco, of the other part. Procedure: 2015/0205 (NLE).	
		•	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 14 December 2015: The Council decided to lodge an appeal	
		against the judgment of the EU General Court	
		annulling Council Decision 2012/497/EU on the conclusion of an agreement between the	
		EU and Morocco concerning reciprocal	
		liberalisation measures on agricultural	
		products, insofar as it applies to the territory of Western Sahara.	
		or Western Sandra.	
		<u>Trade Sustainability Impact Assessment of 25</u> <u>November 2013</u> in support of negotiations of	
		a DCFTA between the EU and Morocco.	
		Foreign Affairs (Trade) Council of 14 December 2011:	
		The Council authorised the Commission to	
		open bilateral negotiations with Egypt,	
		Jordan, Morocco and Tunisia with a view to establishing 'deep and comprehensive' free	
		trade areas, as part of the existing Euro-	
		Mediterranean association agreements with those countries.	
DCFTA with <b>Egypt</b> ,	7 February 2013:	Tunisia:	Joint report of the first round of
Tunisia, Jordan	- Calls for [] rapid progress towards the negotiations with	First round of negotiations took place on 18-	negotiations, 18-21 April 2016.
	Tunisia, Egypt and Jordan.	21 April 2016 followed by a technical round the week of 6 February 2017 in Brussels.	See <u>Texts</u> proposed by the EU for a DCFTA with Tunisia.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	<u>18 October 2012:</u>	European Parliament resolution of 25	Report of the preliminary round
	- Calls for progress to be made in opening or advancing	February 2016 on the opening of negotiations	of the EU-Tunisia DCFTA
	negotiations on Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade	for an EU-Tunisia Free Trade Agreement	negotiations (19-22 October
	Agreements with the EU's neighbouring partners which are	(2015/2791(RSP)).	2015).
	ready.		
		<u>Communication</u> of October 2015 - Trade For	The Commission and Tunisia
	28 June 2012:	All - Towards a more responsible trade and	launched negotiations on a DCFTA
	- Agreed that rapid progress is needed in the ongoing trade	investment policy.	between the EU and Tunisia,
	negotiations and in the preparation of negotiations for Deep and		press release, 13.10.2015.
	Comprehensive Free Trade Agreements that will progressively	Trade Sustainability Impact Assessment of 25	
	integrate partners' economies into the EU Single Market and	November 2013 in support of negotiations of	
	increase market access opportunities.	a DCFTA between the EU and Tunisia.	
	20 0		
	23 October 2011:	Foreign Affairs (Trade) Council of 14/12/	
	- The Union should capitalise on the special relationships it enjoys	2011:	
	with its neighbouring regions to foster closer economic ties and	The Council authorised the Commission to	
	open up new trade and investment opportunities, including by	open bilateral negotiations with Egypt, Jordan, Morocco and Tunisia with a view to	
	pursuing, where appropriate, deep and comprehensive free trade agreements. Promoting a more business-friendly	establishing 'deep and comprehensive' free	
	environment throughout the EU neighbourhood is an essential	trade areas, as part of the existing Euro-	
	investment in wider regional prosperity.	Mediterranean association agreements with	
	- The Union should pursue the integration of specific sectors	those countries.	
	which have a significant impact on growth and employment, such	those countries.	
	as energy and aviation.	Egypt:	
	as chergy and aviation.	-015	
		Following exploratory discussions in 2012, a	
		dialogue on the DCFTA was launched in June	
		2013Bilateral negotiations on liberalisation of	
		trade in services and establishment are	
		currently on hold.	

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Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		<u>Trade Sustainability Impact Assessment</u> of 3 November 2014 in support of negotiations of a DCFTA between the EU and Egypt.	
		Foreign Affairs (Trade) Council of 14  December 2011:  The Council authorised the Commission to open bilateral negotiations with Egypt, Jordan, Morocco and Tunisia with a view to establishing 'deep and comprehensive' free trade areas, as part of the existing Euro-Mediterranean association agreements with those countries.	
		Jordan: A preparatory process for launching negotiations on a DCFTA is on-going. Three meetings have taken place so far (March 2012, April and November 2013).	
		Trade Sustainability Impact Assessment of 30 September 2014 in support of negotiations of a DCFTA between the EU and Jordan.	
		Foreign Affairs (Trade) Council of 14  December 2011:  The Council authorised the Commission to open bilateral negotiations with Egypt, Jordan, Morocco and Tunisia with a view to establishing 'deep and comprehensive' free	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		trade areas, as part of the existing Euro-	
		Mediterranean association agreements with	
		those countries.	
Economic Partnership	7 February 2013:	Foreign Affairs Council of 19 May 2017:	The ACP Council of Ministers
Agreement with African/	- Calls for progress as regards the development of a renewed	The Council had an exchange of views on the	takes two decisions regarding the
Caribbean/Pacific	partnership with the African/Caribbean/Pacific countries	future relations with ACP countries in view of	<u>future of the ACP Group</u> , press
Countries (ACP)	through the conclusion of Economic Partnership Agreements.	the expiry of the Cotonou Agreement.	release, 5.5.2017.
	16 September 2010:	Foreign Affairs Council of 28 November 2016:	<u>Decisions and resolutions</u> of the
	- The EU/South Africa Summit on 28 September 2010 and the	EU-ACP relations post-2020.	105th session of the ACP-EU
	EU/Africa Summit on 29/30 November 2010 should serve to	101N/2045) F2	Council of Ministers, 4-5 May
	further deepen relations. The EU, in partnership with African	JOIN(2016) 52 of 22 November 2016:	2017.
	countries, will continue to pursue the objectives of economic	A renewed partnership with the countries of	ACD 511 C 11 C 11 1
	development, good governance, transparency and accountability	Africa, the Caribbean and the Pacific.	ACP - EU Council of ministers, 4-
	in the context of the joint EU/Africa Strategy.	Francisco Prolimento analytica of A Ostalesa	5.5.2017 – main results, press
		European Parliament resolution of 4 October	release, 5.5.2017.
		2016 on the future of ACP-EU relations	ACD assumbias to magatists as a
		beyond 2020 (2016/2053(INI)).	ACP countries to negotiate as a
		SMD(2016) 250 of 15 light 2016 Evaluation of	unified entity with EU, press
		SWD(2016) 250 of 15 July 2016 Evaluation of	release, 3.4.2017.
		the Cotonou Partnership Agreement.	Basic principles for ACP-EU
		Communication of October 2015 -Trade For	relations post 2020, 13.3.2017.
		All - Towards a more responsible trade and	<u>relations post 2020</u> , 15.5.2017.
		investment policy.	14th meeting of the Joint ACP-EU
		investment policy.	Ministerial Trade Committee,
		Foreign Affairs Council of 12 October 2015:	minutes, 9.12.2016.
		Council Conclusions on ACP-EU Relations Post	111114(C3, J.12.2010.
		2020.	Decisions and Resolutions at the
		2020.	104th session of the ACP Council
			TOTAL SESSION OF THE ACT COUNCIL

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		JOIN(2015) 33 of 6 October 2015 Joint	of Ministers, press release,
		Consultation paper Towards a new partnership between the European Union and	1.12.2016.
		African, Caribbean and Pacific countries after	Waigani Communiqué of 1st of
		2020.	June 2016 on the Future
			Perspectives of the ACP Group of
		Foreign Affairs Council of 28-29 May 2015:	States.
		The Council discussed several trade-related issues, in particular the state of play of the	Declaration of the 8th Summit of
		Economic Partnership Agreements and the	ACP Heads of State and
		impact of TTIP on ACP countries, as well as	Government of the 1st of June
		specific commodities issues of particular	2016 of the ACP Group of States.
		relevance to ACP countries.	
			Decisions & Resolutions at the 103rd session of the ACP Council
			of Ministers, 28.4.2016.
			Final Report of the Eminent
			Persons Group: A New Vision for
			Our Future (March 2016).
			Results of public consultation
			were published on 21 March
			2016. See for more details,
			EuropeAid website.
			Resolution of the 102nd session
			of the ACP Council of Ministers on
			trade matters including ACP-EU

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
			Economic Partnership Agreements, 25.11.2015.
			In March 2015, seven one-day Round Tables on key topics related to ACP-EU relations after 2020 were held throughout Europe with experts from academia, think tanks, NGOs, the private sector, Member States, the Commission and the EEAS. See Final Report 31.7.2015.
			13th meeting of the Joint ACP-EU Ministerial Trade Committee, 26.6.2015.
			State of play of all EPAs in the Declaration of the 18th meeting of the ACP Ministerial Trade Committee on ACP-EU Economic Partnership Agreements (EPAs), held in Brussels from 24 to 26 June 2015.
Economic Partnership Agreement with African/ Caribbean/Pacific Countries (ACP) Eastern and Southern	7 February 2013: - Calls for progress as regards the development of a renewed partnership with the African/Caribbean/Pacific countries through the conclusion of Economic Partnership Agreements.	European Parliament legislative resolution of 17 January 2013 on the draft Council decision on the conclusion of the Interim Agreement establishing a framework for an Economic Partnership Agreement between Eastern and	An Interim Agreement between the EU and Zimbabwe, Mauritius, Madagascar and the Seychelles is provisionally applied, press release, 14.5.2012.
Africa		Southern Africa States, on the one part, and	1616036, 14.3.2012.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	16 September 2010:	the European Community and its Member	
	- The EU/South Africa Summit on 28 September 2010 and the EU/Africa Summit on 29/30 November 2010 should serve to	States, on the other part (11699/2012 – C7-0193/2012 – 2008/0251(NLE)) (Consent).	
	further deepen relations. The EU, in partnership with African	OJ C 440, 30.12.2015, p. 89–91.	
	countries, will continue to pursue the objectives of economic	03 C 440, 30.12.2013, p. 83 31.	
	development, good governance, transparency and accountability	2012/196/EC: Council Decision of 13 July 2009	
	in the context of the joint EU/Africa Strategy.	on the signing and provisional application of	
		the Interim Agreement establishing a	
		framework for an Economic Partnership	
		Agreement between the Eastern and	
		Southern Africa States, on the one part, and	
		the European Community and its Member	
		States, on the other part.	
Facusaria Dantusarahia	7. Fahruaru 2012.	OJ L 111, 24/04/2012.	Consequence makified the interior
Economic Partnership Agreement with African/	7 February 2013: - Calls for progress as regards the development of a renewed	European Parliament legislative resolution of 13 June 2013 on the draft Council decision	<u>Cameroon ratified the interim</u> <u>EPA. The Agreement has entered</u>
Caribbean/Pacific	partnership with the African/Caribbean/Pacific countries	concluding the interim agreement with a view	into provisional application since
Countries (ACP)	through the conclusion of Economic Partnership Agreements.	to an Economic Partnership Agreement	4 August 2014, press release,
Central Africa	an eaght the conclusion of zoon online to the company to	between the European Community and its	28.7.2014.
	<u>16 September 2010:</u>	Member States, of the one part, and the	
	- The EU/South Africa Summit on 28 September 2010 and the	Central Africa Party, of the other part	
	EU/Africa Summit on 29/30 November 2010 should serve to	(14757/2012 – C7-0369/2012 –	
	further deepen relations. The EU, in partnership with African	2008/0139(NLE)) (Consent).	
	countries, will continue to pursue the objectives of economic		
	development, good governance, transparency and accountability	2009/152/EC: Council Decision of 20	
	in the context of the joint EU/Africa Strategy.	November 2008 on the signature and	
		provisional application of the interim	
		agreement with a view to an Economic Partnership Agreement between the	
		European Community and its Member States,	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		of the one part, and the Central Africa Party,	
		of the other part. <u>OJ L 57, 28.2.2009, p. 1–360</u> .	
Economic Partnership	<u>7 February 2013:</u>	European Parliament legislative resolution of	The EPA with Côte d'Ivoire was
Agreement with African/	- Calls for progress as regards the development of a renewed	1 December 2016 on the draft Council	signed on 26 November 2008 and
Caribbean/Pacific	partnership with the African/Caribbean/Pacific countries	decision on the conclusion of the stepping	ratified by the National Assembly
Countries (ACP)	through the conclusion of Economic Partnership Agreements.	stone Economic Partnership Agreement	on 12 August 2016. It entered into
West Africa		between Ghana, of the one part, and the	provisional application on 3
	16 September 2010:	European Community and its Member States,	September 2016. See <u>ratification</u>
	- The EU/South Africa Summit on 28 September 2010 and the	of the other part (12396/2016 – C8-	<u>procedure</u> .
	EU/Africa Summit on 29/30 November 2010 should serve to	0406/2016 – 2008/0137(NLE)).	T 504 11 61 1
	further deepen relations. The EU, in partnership with African	Procedure: 2008/0137(NLE).	The EPA with Ghana was signed
	countries, will continue to pursue the objectives of economic	Proposal COM (2014) F76 for a Council	on 28 July 2016 and ratified on 3
	development, good governance, transparency and accountability in the context of the joint EU/Africa Strategy.	Proposal <u>COM (2014) 576 for a Council</u> Decision of 15 September 2014 on the signing	August 2016 by the Ghanaian Parliament. It was approved by
	in the context of the joint EO/Africa Strategy.	and provisional application of the Economic	the European Parliament on 1
		Partnership Agreement (EPA) between the	December 2016. It entered into
		West African States, ECOWAS and the	provisional application on 15
		UEMOA, of the one part, and the European	December 2016. See Commission
		Union and its Member States, of the other	Overview of EPAs. See ratification
		part. Procedure: 2014/0265/NLE.	procedure.
		Proposal <u>COM(2014)0267</u> for a Council	EU welcomes signature and
		Decision of 15 September 2014 on the	ratification of stepping stone
		conclusion of the Economic Partnership	economic Partnership agreement,
		Agreement (EPA) between the West African	3.08.2016.
		States, ECOWAS and the UEMOA, of the one	
		part, and the European Union and its Member	EPAs Tumble As <u>Three West</u>
		States, of the other part.	African States Refuse To Sign.
		Procedure: <u>2014/0267 (NLE).</u>	1.03.2016.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
			ECOWAS Heads of State endorsed
			the EPA for signature, press
			release, 10.07.2014.
			Heads of 16 West African states
			yesterday decided to sign the
			Economic Partnership Agreement
			(EPA) with the European Union,
			press release, 11.07.2014.
			Chief negotiators close
			negotiations of an EPA between
			West Africa and the EU, 06.02.2014.
Economic Partnership	7 February 2013:	Foreign Affairs Council of 20 June 2016:	Joint Communiqué of the 18th
Agreement with African/	- Calls for progress as regards the development of a renewed	The Council approved the signature and	Ordinary Summit of Heads of
Caribbean/Pacific	partnership with the African/Caribbean/Pacific countries	provisional application of the economic	State of the Eastern African
Countries (ACP)	through the conclusion of Economic Partnership Agreements.	partnership agreement between the EU and	Community, 20.5.2017.
Eastern African		the EAC.	The EAC Summit mandated the
Community (EAC)	16 September 2010:		Ugandan President currently
	- The EU/South Africa Summit on 28 September 2010 and the	Proposal COM(2016) 64 for a Council Decision	chairing the EAC to reach out to
	EU/Africa Summit on 29/30 November 2010 should serve to further deepen relations. The EU, in partnership with African	of 11 February 2016 on the conclusion of the Economic Partnership Agreement between	the EU to discuss the way forward for the EPA.
	countries, will continue to pursue the objectives of economic	the East African Community Partner States, of	TOT THE EPA.
	development, good governance, transparency and accountability	the one part, and the European Union and its	Eastern African Community
	in the context of the joint EU/Africa Strategy.	Member States, of the other part.	delays meeting on EU Trade deal,
	<i>,</i>	Procedure: <u>2016/0038(NLE)</u> .	Politico trade newsletter,
			6.1.2017.
		Proposal <u>COM(2008) 521</u> for a <u>Council</u>	
		<u>Decision</u> of 30 September 2008 on the	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		signature and provisional application of the agreement establishing a framework for an	Kenya's parliament ratified the EPA on 21 September, 26.9.2016.
		Economic Partnership Agreement between the European Community and its Member	East African Community says will
		States, on one part, and the East African Community Partner States, on the other part.	delay signing trade deal with EU, 08.9.2016.
			Communiqué: 17th extraordinary summit of Heads of State of the East African Community, 8.9.2016.
			EAC-EU EPA signing postponed as deliberations continue, 22.7.2016.
			The Agreement has been translated and scrubbed, and is being prepared for signature and subsequent ratification, EEAS
			website, 13.7.2016.  The Eastern African Community
			(Burundi, Kenya, Rwanda, Tanzania, and Uganda) finalised
			the negotiations for a region-to- region Economic Partnership
			Agreement with the EU, press release, 16.10.2014

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
_	Commitment and/or request  7 February 2013:  - Calls for progress as regards the development of a renewed partnership with the African/Caribbean/Pacific countries through the conclusion of Economic Partnership Agreements.  16 September 2010:  - The EU/South Africa Summit on 28 September 2010 and the EU/Africa Summit on 29/30 November 2010 should serve to further deepen relations. The EU, in partnership with African countries, will continue to pursue the objectives of economic development, good governance, transparency and accountability in the context of the joint EU/Africa Strategy.	European Parliament legislative resolution of 14 September 2016 on the draft Council decision on the conclusion, on behalf of the European Union, of the Economic Partnership Agreement between the European Union and its Member States, of the one part, and the SADC EPA States, of the other part (10107/2016 – C8-0243/2016 – 2016/0005(NLE)) (Consent).  Council Decision (EU) 2016/1623 of 1 June 2016 on the signing, on behalf of the European Union and provisional application of the Economic Partnership Agreement between the European Union and its Member States, of the one part, and the SADC EPA States, of the other part. OJ L 250, 16.9.2016, p. 1–2.  Proposal COM(2016) 18 final for a Council Decision of 21 January 2016 on the conclusion	Remarks  The Economic Partnership Agreement with five southern African countries (Botswana, Lesotho, Namibia, South Africa and Swaziland) entered into effect, press release, 10.10.2016.  EU will sign the Economic Partnership Agreement with the South African Development Community EPA Group on 10 June 2016, press release, 1.6.2016.  Successful conclusions of EPA negotiations in South Africa, press release, 22.7.2014.
		of the Economic Partnership Agreement between the European Union and its Member States, of the one part, and the SADC EPA States, of the other part. Procedure: 2016/0005 (NLE).  2009/850/EC: Council Decision of 5 May 2009 on the signature and provisional application of the Interim Agreement with a view to an	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Economic Partnership Agreement with African/ Caribbean/Pacific Countries (ACP) Pacific	7 February 2013:  - Calls for progress as regards the development of a renewed partnership with the African/Caribbean/Pacific countries through the conclusion of Economic Partnership Agreements.  16 September 2010:  - The EU/South Africa Summit on 28 September 2010 and the EU/Africa Summit on 29/30 November 2010 should serve to further deepen relations. The EU, in partnership with African countries, will continue to pursue the objectives of economic development, good governance, transparency and accountability in the context of the joint EU/Africa Strategy.	Economic Partnership Agreement between the European Community and its Member States, of the one part, and the SADC EPA States, of the other part. OJ L 319, 4.12.2009, pp. 1–658.  European Parliament legislative resolution of 19 January 2011 on the draft Council decision on the conclusion of the Interim Partnership Agreement between the European Community, of the one part, and the Pacific States, of the other part (05078/2010 – C7-0036/2010 – 2008/0250(NLE)) (Consent).  2009/729/EC: Council Decision of 13 July 2009 on the signature and provisional application of the Interim Partnership Agreement between the European Community, of the one part, and the Pacific States, of the other part Interim Partnership Agreement between the European Community, of the one part, and the Pacific States, of the other part. OJ L 272, 16.10.2009, p. 1–715.	Fiji decided to start applying the agreement; Papua New Guinea ratified the Agreement in May 2011; the European Parliament consented to the EPA in February 2011, press release, 18.7.2014.
Economic Partnership Agreement with African/ Caribbean/Pacific Countries (ACP) Caribbean	7 February 2013:  - Calls for progress as regards the development of a renewed partnership with the African/Caribbean/Pacific countries through the conclusion of Economic Partnership Agreements.  16 September 2010:	Economic Partnership Agreement between the CARIFORUM States, on the one part, and the European Community and its Members States, of the other part, OJ L 289/1, 30.10.2008.	Caribbean Forum (CARIFORUM) countries say they are yet to 'meaningfully reap the potential benefits' of the Economic Partnership Agreement (EPA) signed with Europe in 2008, press
	- The EU/South Africa Summit on 28 September 2010 and the EU/Africa Summit on 29/30 November 2010 should serve to	<u> </u>	release, 18.03.2016.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	further deepen relations. The EU, in partnership with African countries, will continue to pursue the objectives of economic development, good governance, transparency and accountability in the context of the joint EU/Africa Strategy.	of the Economic Partnership Agreement between the CARIFORUM States, of the one part, and the European Community and its Member States, of the other part. OJ L 289, 30.10.2008, p. 1–2.  European Parliament legislative resolution of 25 March 2009 on the proposal for a Council Decision on the conclusion of the Economic Partnership Agreement between the Cariforum States, of the one part, and the European Community and its Member States, of the other part (5211/2009 – COM(2008)0156 – C6-0054/2009 – 2008/0061(AVC)) (Assent).  Procedure: 2008/0061(NLE).	A five-yearly review of implementation was published in September 2014 ( <u>full text</u> and <u>summary</u> ).  15 Caribbean countries and the EU signed an EPA which was approved by the European Parliament in March 2009, 15.10.2008.
World Trade Organisation ( <b>WTO</b> ) - Doha Development Agenda (DDA)	22-23 June 2017:  - The EU will pursue a robust trade policy upholding an open and rules-based multilateral trading system, with a central role for the WTO. Firm in the belief that trade contributes to creating wealth and jobs, it will keep markets open and fight protectionism. It will actively promote an ambitious free trade agenda on the global scene. To this end, it will seek to foster a truly level playing field, while remaining vigilant concerning the respect and promotion of key standards, including social, environmental, health and consumer standards that are central to the European way of life.	Foreign Affairs Council of 11 May 2017 Council adopted conclusions on the 11th WTO conference.  Foreign Affairs Council of 11 November 2016: Council conclusions on WTO: follow up to Nairobi conference.  European Parliament resolution of 5 July 2016 on a new forward-looking and innovative future strategy for trade and investment (2015/2105(INI)).	State of the Union 2017 - Trade Package: Commission unveils initiatives for a balanced and progressive trade policy, 14 September 2017.  The Trade Facilitation Agreement entered into force on 22 February 2017, WTO article, 22.2.2017.  The WTO after Nairobi – what's the way ahead? Speech of

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	9-10 March 2017:	Foreign Affairs Council of 13 May 2016:	Commissioner Malmström,
	- The EU remains strongly committed to a robust trade policy and	Conclusions on WTO - follow-up to Nairobi	26.4.2016.
	an open and rules-based multilateral trading system, with a	conference.	
	central role for the WTO.		EU ratifies the WTO Trade
		<u>Nairobi Ministerial Declaration</u> of 19	<u>Facilitation</u> <u>Agreement</u> , press
	<u>20-21 October 2016:</u>	December 2015.	release, 5.10.2015.
	-The European Council reasserts the EU's commitment to an		
	open and rules-based multilateral trading system.	Foreign Affairs Council of 27 November 2015:	Adoption of the 'Nairobi Package'
		Conclusions on the WTO Ministerial	at the WTO's Tenth Ministerial
	<u>19 December 2014:</u>	Conference.	Conference, held in Nairobi,
	- Calls for the further strengthening of the multilateral trading		Kenya, from 15 to 19 December
	system and the conclusion of bilateral trade agreements with key	Communication of October 2015 - Trade For	2015.
	partners.	All - Towards a more responsible trade and	
	- Will take regular stock of the implementation of the above-	investment policy.	Ministers agreed at the 9th WTO
	mentioned orientations.		Ministerial Conference on a series
		European Parliament resolution on the	of DDA issues under three broad
	19 December 2013:	Protocol amending the Marrakesh Agreement	pillars: trade facilitation,
	- Welcomes the successful outcome of the 9th WTO ministerial	establishing the World Trade Organisation	agriculture and development,
	conference in Bali. In particular, the new Trade Facilitation	(2015/2067(INI).	including issues of concern for the
	Agreement will bring substantial benefits to all WTO members	D :: (EII) 2045 (4047 CII C :: 1 C4	Least Developed Countries. In
	and will stimulate the creation of new jobs and growth. This	Decision (EU) 2015/1947 of the Council of 1	total <u>10 decisions and</u>
	outcome also contains important decisions to promote the	October 2015 on the conclusion, on behalf of	declarations were adopted (3.12
	integration of developing countries, especially LDCs, into the	the European Union, of the Protocol	2013).
	world trading system.	Amending the Marrakesh Agreement	
	- Reiterates its support for the multilateral trading system and	establishing the World Trade Organisation, OJ	
	looks forward to a further acceleration of negotiations with a	L 284, 30.10.2015, p. 1–2	
	view to concluding the Doha round.	Procedure: <u>2015/0029 (NLE)</u> .	
		European Parliament resolution of 21	
		November 2013 on the state of play of the	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	7 February 2013:	Doha Development Agenda and preparations	
	- Reiterates the EU's determination to promote free, fair and	for the Ninth WTO Ministerial Conference	
	open trade whilst asserting its interests, in a spirit of reciprocity	( <u>2013/2740(RSP)</u> ).	
	and mutual benefit.		
	- The EU remains fully committed to a strong, rules-based		
	multilateral trading system to fight all forms of protectionism,		
	including as regards non-tariff trade barriers, ensure better		
	market access, promote appropriate investment conditions		
	including as regards its protection, enforce and promote		
	intellectual property rights and open up public procurement		
	markets.		
	-Looks forward to the next Commission report on trade and		
	investment barriers.		
	- It is important for progress to be made towards a multilateral		
	agreement on trade facilitation, as well as on other aspects of the		
	DDA, by the time of the December 2013 WTO Ministerial		
	Conference in Bali. Such progress would benefit the world		
	economy and inject new momentum into the DDA negotiations		
	more broadly. The EU is ready to begin a reflection, in		
	cooperation with partners, on the post-Bali WTO agenda,		
	including the DDA.		
	- The EU looks forward to forthcoming negotiations on services		
	and to the early completion of the review of the Information		
	Technology Agreement. Further progress is required towards		
	liberalisation of trade in environmental goods and services as a		
	positive contribution to moving towards a resource-efficient,		
	greener and more competitive economy.		
	- While the EU remains committed to the further development		
	of the multilateral trading system, its immediate focus is on		
	developing its bilateral trade relations. These can and must make		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	a positive contribution to the multilateral system. By building on WTO rules and by going further and faster in promoting openness, the EU's bilateral agreements will help to clear the way for further progress at the multilateral level.		
	<ul> <li>2 March 2012:         <ul> <li>Agreed that the following priorities should be pursued with a view to the G20 summit: [] fight protectionism and support an active WTO negotiation agenda, including for the least developed countries.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
	23 October 2011:  - The Cannes Summit should also achieve real progress on [] advancing international trade liberalisation and resisting protectionism, in particular by agreeing a credible plan as a basis for concluding the Doha Development Round and considering innovative approaches to strengthen the multilateral trading system.		
	<ul> <li>24 June 2011:         <ul> <li>Reiterates the EU's commitment to advance the process of trade liberalisation and rule-making to strengthen the multilateral system, and its readiness to explore all negotiating options to bring the Doha Round to a conclusion including with regard to the priorities of least developed countries in line with the Doha mandate.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
	25 March 2011:  - The external dimension of the Single Market is also important and the focus should be on promoting free, fair and open trade,		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	with a focus on concluding the WTO Doha Round and Free Trade Agreements in 2011 in line with the conclusions of the 16 September 2010 European Council.  - Work should be rapidly taken forward, following the Commission report setting out priorities for dismantling barriers to trade in third countries.		
	28 October 2010:  - Emphasises the need to continue keeping markets open, to inject momentum into the Doha negotiations and to adopt a growth-oriented development agenda. It stresses the need to avoid all forms of protectionism and to avoid engaging in exchange-rate moves aimed at gaining short-term competitive advantages.		
	16 September 2010: - The G20 Summit in Seoul should also serve to send a clear signal on the need to conclude the WTO DDA negotiations ().		
Trade in Services Agreement (TiSA)	7 February 2013:  - The EU looks forward to forthcoming negotiations on services and to the early completion of the review of the Information Technology Agreement. Further progress is required towards	There have been 21 rounds of negotiation to date with the last one taking place from 2 to 10 November 2016. The talks are currently on hold.	Report of the 21st TiSA negotiation round, 2–10 November 2016.
	liberalisation of trade in environmental goods and services as a positive contribution to moving towards a resource-efficient, greener and more competitive economy.	Foreign Affairs Council of 11 November 2016: The Council discussed the state of play of TISA.	Report of the 20th TiSA negotiation round, 9–25 September 2016.
		European Parliament resolution of 3 February 2016 containing the European Parliament's recommendations to the Commission on the	May 2016: Revised offer made by the EU ( <u>Schedule of specific</u> commitments & List of exemptions).

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		negotiations for the Trade in Services Agreement (TiSA) (2015/2233(INI)).  Draft negotiating directives for TISA adopted on 8 March 2015.  Trade sustainability impact assessment of 17 July 2014 in support of negotiations on a plurilateral Trade in Services Agreement.  European Parliament resolution of 4 July 2013 on the opening of negotiations on a plurilateral agreement on services 2013/2583(RSP).	Request for the publication of the TiSA mandate, Ares(2015)346922, letter from Commissioner Malmstrom 29.01.2015.  The EU published TiSA positions paper, European Commission website, 22.07.2014.  Results of the Public Survey on the Trade in Services Agreement (2014).  European Commission proposes to open plurilateral trade negotiations on services, press release, 15.02.2013.
Environmental Goods Agreement (EGA)	7 February 2013:  -The EU looks forward to forthcoming negotiations on services and to the early completion of the review of the Information Technology Agreement. Further progress is required towards liberalisation of trade in environmental goods and services as a positive contribution to moving towards a resource-efficient, greener and more competitive economy.	There have been 18 rounds of negotiations to date with the last one taking place in November 2016 followed by a ministerial meeting in December.  Statement of 4 December 2016 by US Ambassador Michael Froman and Commissioner Cecilia Malmström on WTO Environmental Goods Agreement (EGA) Ministerial.  Foreign Affairs Council of 11 November 2016: The Council discussed the state of play of EGA.	Statement of Ambassador Michael Froman and Commissioner Cecilia Malmström on WTO Environmental Goods Agreement (EGA) Ministerial, 04.12.2016.  Report from the 17th round of negotiations for an Environmental Goods Agreement (EGA), 16-20 October 2016.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Trade Sustainability Impact Assessment on the Environmental Goods Agreement (March 2016).	Report from the 16th round of negotiations (19-23 September 2016).
Public Procurement Markets in Third Countries	22-23 June 2017: It also calls on the Commission and the Council to deepen and take forward the debate on how to enhance reciprocity in the fields of public procurement and investment.() The European Council will revert to this issue at one of its future meetings.  7 February 2013: - It is of the utmost importance to fight all forms of protectionism, including as regards non-tariff trade barriers, ensure better market access, promote appropriate investment conditions including as regards its protection, enforce and promote intellectual property rights and open up public procurement markets. Work is under way on the proposal on access to public procurement markets.  28 June 2012: - The proposal of the Commission on access to public procurement markets in third countries should be rapidly examined.  23 October 2011: - Efforts geared towards the opening of public procurement markets.	COM(2017) 492 of 13 September 2017 A balanced and progressive trade policy to harness globalisation.  European Parliament resolution of 5 July 2016 on a new forward-looking and innovative future strategy for trade and investment (2015/2105(INI)).  Amended proposal COM(2016) 34 of 29 January 2016 for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on the access of third-country goods and services to the Union's internal market in public procurement and procedures supporting negotiations on access of Union goods and services to the public procurement markets of third countries. Procedure: 2012/0060 (COD).  No progress made in Council on proposal COM (2012)124 Procedure: 2012/0060 (COD).  EP Procedure is in status 'Awaiting committee	
	- The Commission to bring forward a proposal for an EU instrument.	decision'.  European Parliament resolution of 7 July 2015 on the external impact of EU trade and	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		investment policy on public-private initiatives in countries outside the EU (2014/2233(INI)).	
		Proposal COM (2012) 124 of 21 March 2012 for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing rules on the access of third country goods and services to the European Union's internal market in public procurement and procedures supporting negotiations on access of European Union goods and services to the public procurement markets of third countries.  Procedure: 2012/0060 (COD).	
		Council <u>Decision 2014/115</u> of 2 December 2014 on the conclusion of the Protocol Amending the Agreement on Government Procurement (OJ L 68, 7.3.2014, p. 1–10).	
Trade defence instruments	22-23 June 2017:  - The European Council therefore calls on the co-legislators to swiftly agree on modern, WTO-compatible trade defence instruments, which will reinforce the ability of the EU to effectively tackle unfair and discriminatory trade practices and market distortions. It calls on the Commission to ensure their	<u>Praft European Parliament Legislative</u> <u>Resolution</u> of 27 June 2017 on the proposal for a regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Regulation (EU) 2016/1036 on protection against dumped imports from countries not members of the	Council agrees negotiating position on anti-dumping methodology, press release, 3.5.2017.  EESC opinion (REX/483) on Trade
	swift and effective application through non-legislative implementing measures to make the EU trade practices and defence instruments more reactive and efficient and to propose, if necessary, complementary measures.	European Union and Regulation (EU) 2016/1037 on protection against subsidised imports from countries not members of the European Union (COM(2016)0721 – C8-0456/2016 – 2016/0351(COD)).	<u>methodology</u> adopted on 29.3.2017.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	9-10 March 2017:	Foreign Affairs Council of 11 May 2017	European Economic and Social
	- At the same time, the EU has to equip itself with modernised,	Council adopted conclusions on trade	Committee Opinion on the impact
	WTO-compatible tools to tackle unfair trade practices and	defence.	on key industrial sectors (and on
	market distortions. The European Council calls for the quick		jobs and growth) of the possible
	adoption of the relevant proposals in this respect. The EU will	The Committee of Permanent	granting of market economy
	continue to engage actively with international trade partners.	Representatives (Coreper) <u>agrees negotiating</u> <u>position on trade defence instruments</u> , 13	treatment to China (for the purpose of trade defence
	15 December 2016:	December 2016.	instruments), 14.7.2016.
	- It also notes that the Council is now ready to engage in		r l
	negotiations with the European Parliament on the modernisation	Foreign Affairs Council of 11 November 2016:	
	of Trade Defence Instruments.	Council conclusions on trade defence	
		instruments and new anti-dumping	
	<u>20-21 October 2016:</u>	methodology.	
	- In this context, the European Council believes that unfair trade		
	practices need to be tackled efficiently and robustly. In order to	<u>SWD(2016)</u> 371 of 9 November 2016	
	safeguard European jobs, ensure fair competition in open	accompanying the document Proposal for a	
	markets and preserve free trade, it is of crucial importance that	Regulation of the European Parliament and	
	the EU's trade defence instruments are effective in the face of	Council amending Regulation (EU) 2016/1036	
	global challenges. This requires an urgent and balanced	on protection against dumped imports from	
	agreement on the Council position on the comprehensive	countries not members of the European	
	modernisation of all trade defence instruments by the end of	Union and Regulation (EU) 2016/1037 on	
	2016. Adequate provisions should address situations in which	protection against subsidised imports from	
	market conditions are not prevailing. In this context, the	countries not members of the European	
	European Council notes the Commission communication	Union.	
	'Towards a robust trade policy for the EU in the interest of jobs		
	and growth' of 18 October 2016.	Proposal COM(2016) 721 of 9 November 2016	
		for a Regulation of the European Parliament	
	28-29 June 2016:	and Council amending Regulation (EU)	
	- The European Council recalls its previous conclusions on trade	2016/1036 on protection against dumped	
	and on the steel sector and will return to the issue for a	imports from countries not members of the	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	comprehensive discussion at its forthcoming October meeting. In	European Union and Regulation (EU)	
	this context, the European Council calls for the swift completion	2016/1037 on protection against subsidised	
	of the work on trade defence instruments.	imports from countries not members of the	
		European	
	<u>17-18 March 2016:</u>	Union. Procedure: 2016/0351 (COD).	
	- In the light of the difficult situation of the European steel sector,		
	in a context of overcapacity at global level, the European Council	European Parliament legislative resolution of	
	calls on the Council to rapidly examine the Commission's	16 April 2014 on the proposal for a regulation	
	communication with a view to taking strong action in response	of the European Parliament and of the Council	
	to this challenge.	amending Council Regulation (EC) No	
		1225/2009 on protection against dumped	
		imports from countries not members of the	
		European Community and Council Regulation	
		(EC) No 597/2009 on protection against	
		subsidised imports from countries not	
		members of the European Community	
		(COM(2013)0192 - C7-0097/2013 -	
		2013/0103(COD)).	
		Draw and COM/(2012) 102 of 10 April 2012 for	
		Proposal COM(2013) 192 of 10 April 2013 for	
		a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Council Regulation	
		(EC) No 1225/2009 on protection against	
		dumped imports from countries not members	
		of the European Community and Council	
		Regulation (EC) No 597/2009 on protection	
		against subsidised imports from countries not	
		members of the European Community.	
		Procedure: 2013/0103 (COD).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Investment	22-23 June 2017: It also calls on the Commission and the Council to deepen and take forward the debate on how to enhance reciprocity in the fields of public procurement and investment. In this context, it welcomes the Commission's initiative to harness globalisation and, inter alia, to analyse investments from third countries in strategic sectors, while fully respecting Members States' competences. The European Council will revert to this issue at one of its future meetings.	COM(2017) 492 of 13 September 2017 A balanced and progressive trade policy to harness globalisation.  Proposal COM(2017) 487 of 13 September 2017 for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on establishing a framework for screening of foreign direct investments into the European Union. Procedure: 2017/0224 (COD).  COM(2017) 494 of 13 September 2017 welcoming foreign direct investment while protecting essential interests.	framework for screening of foreign direct investments, 14.9.2017.  European investment policy:

# VIII. Development Policy Analytical Summary

## Main commitments and state of play

## 2030 Agenda on Sustainable Development

The adoption of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) at the 70<sup>th</sup> United Nations General Assembly in September 2015 signalled a change in the development policy paradigm and international cooperation. While its predecessor, the Millennium Development Goals, focused on global poverty reduction and favoured a donor-beneficiary relation, SDGs promote a universal agenda where developed and developing countries alike assume ownership of the development process. In his <u>address</u> at the 70<sup>th</sup> United Nations General Assembly, on 25 September 2015, European Council President Donald Tusk stated the EU's commitment to the objectives of the <u>2030 Agenda on Sustainable Development</u>.

In response to the UN Agenda 2030 on Sustainable Development, the EU launched a review of its development cooperation policy set out in the 2005 European Consensus on Development (Consensus). The objective was to put forward a strategy for reaching the SDGs and adapt to global challenges such as migration, climate change and security. The new European Consensus on Development was signed jointly by the three institutions in June 2017. Although the Consensus maintains the eradication of poverty as the main objective of EU development cooperation policy, its new provisions on migration, security, and the private sector have been criticised by major NGOs across Europe. In its resolution of 14 February 2017, on the revision of the Consensus, Parliament stressed that development aid should not be made conditional on cooperation in migration matters such as border management or readmission agreements.

## Official Development Assistance

Regarding commitments made on the delivery of development aid, the European Union and its Member States had formally committed to contribute 0.7 per cent of Gross National Income (GNI) to Official Development Assistance (ODA) by 2015, but this target has not been met. The <u>fulfilment of this target</u> is now foreseen within the time frame of the 2030 Agenda on Sustainable Development. The European Council has reiterated this commitment on a regular basis but has not addressed the issue specifically since its meeting on 7 February 2013.

While following an upward trend from 2002 until 2010, EU collective ODA declined between 2010 and 2013 due to a decrease in contributions from the

Member States following the global financial crisis. In 2014, EU collective ODA started to increase again and reached 0.47 per cent of GNI by the end of 2015. The latest figures for 2016 show that <u>EU collective ODA has increased again</u>, reaching 0.51 % of GNI. Moreover, in-donor refugee costs reported by Member States, which refer to 'official sector expenditures for the <u>sustenance of refugees in donor countries</u> during the first twelve months of their stay', grew from €8.8 billion to €10.7 billion between 2015 and 2016. Based on the <u>Council's Annual Report</u>, 25 % of the overall ODA growth in 2016 was attributed to in-donor refugee costs, which is reported by certain member States as ODA, whereas the overall EU ODA, net of in-donor refugee costs, increased by 10%.

### Relations EU-Africa

Migration has been high on the European Council agenda since 2015, and this current context has shaped the dialogue between the EU and Africa.

#### Valletta Summit on Migration and the Joint Valletta Action Plan (JVAP)

At the 2015 November Valletta Summit, chaired by the European Council President, EU and African leaders committed to achieving specific objectives in <u>five priority areas</u>: 1. Addressing the root causes of irregular migration and forced displacement; 2. Enhancing cooperation on legal migration; 3. Protecting migrants and asylum seekers; 4. Tackling smuggling and trafficking in human beings; and 5. Improving cooperation on return, readmission and reintegration. The European Council has followed up on a regular basis on the progress made since then.

The Valletta Summit also led to the creation of a specific funding instrument, the <u>EU Emergency Trust Fund</u> for stability and addressing the root causes of irregular migration and displaced persons in Africa (EU Emergency Trust Fund). It amounts to more than €2.9 billion, including €2.7 billion from the <u>European Development Fund</u> and several financing instruments from the <u>EU budget</u>. EU Member States and other donors <u>have pledged</u> more than €200 million so far. Currently, 117 projects have been approved in the regions of Sahel/Lake Chad, the Horn of Africa and the North of Africa.

At regional level, the EU has held dialogues on migration and development with African partners along the western migratory route (<u>Rabat Process</u>) as well as the eastern migratory route (<u>Khartoum Process</u>). Following the 2015 Valletta Summit, member countries under these frameworks have been tasked with the <u>monitoring</u> of the initiatives under the Joint Valletta Action Plan.

## Partnership Framework on Migration

Moreover, in June 2016, the European Council endorsed a new <u>partnership</u> <u>framework on migration</u> with third countries. Specifically, EU leaders committed to putting in place partnerships ('compacts')<sup>8</sup> based on 'effective incentives and <u>adequate conditionality</u>'. The primary objective of the compacts is to reinforce cooperation with third countries in better <u>managing migration</u>. In the long term, the compacts would address the root causes of migration by supporting countries in their political, social, and economic development. All relevant policies, instruments, and sources of funding may be used to implement the compacts; in particular, <u>development assistance can be used as leverage</u> to facilitate cooperation with third countries on the readmission and return of irregular migrants.

The compacts are to be financed from several sources, among which the EU Emergency Trust Fund for Africa is the most significant. Additionally, a new European Fund for Sustainable Development (EFSD) will address the longer-term objectives of the compacts. This fund is part of a European External Investment Plan aimed at leveraging investment in developing countries in Africa and the EU Neighbourhood. Following an agreement between co-legislators in June 2017, the European Parliament (July 2017) and the Council (25 September 2017) adopted the regulation establishing EFSD in September 2017. The EFSD strategic board was able to hold its first meeting on 28 September to discuss the overall strategy and investment priorities for the fund.

#### Cotonou Partnership Agreement

The <u>Cotonou Partnership Agreement</u> (CPA), the current framework for cooperation with African/Caribbean/Pacific (ACP) countries will expire in 2020. Considering the lack of progress, the February 2013 European Council called for progress on the development of a renewed partnership. Throughout 2016, the Commission carried out a public consultation, an <u>evaluation</u>, and an <u>impact assessment</u> of the partnership.

In its resolution in October 2016, the European Parliament stated its position on the future of ACP-EU relations after the expiry of the Cotonou Partnership Agreement. It favoured a new agreement that preserves a legally binding common framework, complemented by legally binding regional agreements tailored to specific regional needs and mutual interests. These should be designed in a way

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> First compacts will be launched with Ethiopia, Mali, Niger, Nigeria, and Senegal, followed by Eritrea, Somalia, Sudan, Ghana, Ivory Coast, Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia, Afghanistan, Bangladesh and Pakistan. However the first compacts will most probably be established with Jordan and Lebanon.

that take into account existing regional and sub-regional organisations, such as the African Union and <u>Regional Economic Communities</u>. Later in the year, the Commission and the High Representative/Vice-President (HR/VP) issued a <u>joint communication on 22 November 2016</u>, outlining their vision for a renewed partnership with ACP countries, namely, a legally binding umbrella agreement accompanied by three regional partnerships.

#### G20 Development Agenda

The G20 Development Agenda was first outlined in the Seoul Development Consensus (2010) and then in the Saint Petersburg Development Outlook (2013). The Agenda currently addresses six areas: food security and nutrition, financial inclusion and remittances, infrastructure, human resource development, domestic resource mobilisation, and inclusive business. Over the last seven years, each G20 Presidency has given varying degrees of attention to the different development priorities. The October 2011 European Council called for the full implementation of the G20 Development Agenda through specific measures. Since 2014, the G20 development objectives have been monitored at G20 level via annual progress reports (2017) and Comprehensive Accountability Reports (2013 and 2016).

#### <u>Doha Development Agenda</u>

The European Council reiterated the EU's commitment to the conclusion of the negotiations on the <u>Doha Development Agenda</u> on an almost yearly basis. A work programme was to be finalised in July 2015 to address the remaining issues; however, this did not materialise due to a lack of convergence on the agreements on agriculture and market access for industrial goods and services. The 10th WTO Ministerial Conference in Nairobi, on 15-18 December 2015, produced a significant outcome in the agricultural section and a new package for the Least Developed Countries (LDCs); however, members did not manage to come to an agreement on the future of the Doha Round or on the post-Nairobi multilateral work programme. Since its meeting in October 2016, the European Council has reaffirmed on several occasions the European Union's commitment to an open and rules-based multilateral trading system.

## Main challenges and outlook

# 2030 Agenda on Sustainable Development

In its <u>conclusions</u> of 20 June 2017, the Council set out the EU's future approach to implementing the 2030 Agenda on Sustainable Development. The Commission is expected to prepare an implementation strategy by mid-2018 to address the Agenda's objectives in all relevant EU internal and external policies. The Commission will also assess how programmes and instruments within the next

Multiannual Financial Framework could contribute to the implementation of the agenda. A first EU report on the implementation of the agenda is expected in 2019 at the United Nations High Level Political Forum, the platform responsible for the follow-up and review of the agenda at global level.

# Official Development Assistance (ODA)

In its <u>2017 annual report</u> to the European Council, the Council <u>reiterated</u> its conclusions from 2015 and urged the EU and Member States to take realistic verifiable actions towards reaching the 0.7% ODA/GNI target. While collective EU ODA increased in 2016, <u>some of the increase</u> is due to the Member States reporting certain refugee-related costs as ODA. The European Parliament is <u>critical of this approach</u> as it comes at the cost of existing development programmes. This is however in line with the <u>DAC Statistical Reporting Directives</u> adopted by the OECD Development Assistance Committee (DAC). Nevertheless, the <u>reporting of these costs may vary between countries</u>, which has led the OECD DAC to review its reporting rules. The OECD DAC will present its first <u>proposals</u> on a <u>standardised set of guidelines</u> for <u>reporting</u> 'in-donor' refugee costs by October 2017.

## Relations EU-Africa

## Valletta Summit on Migration and the Joint Valletta Action Plan (JVAP)

At the February 2017 Senior Officials meeting, delegations from the EU and Africa took stock of progress made on the JVAP and put forward a series of recommendations. While they recognised that it might be too early to see important results in the field, partners of the Rabat and Khartoum Processes called for balanced attention among the five priority areas and effective legal migration and mobility schemes. According to the Commission's 2016 annual report on the EU Emergency Trust Fund, the largest number of projects has addressed the first priority of the Joint Valletta Action Plan: the development benefits of migration and the root causes of irregular migration.

#### Partnership Framework on Migration

The December 2016 European Council welcomed progress made on compacts with five priority countries in Africa (Ethiopia, Mali, Niger, Nigeria, and Senegal) and called on Member States to step up their engagement. In the <u>Malta Declaration</u> adopted by EU leaders at their informal meeting in February 2017, they underline that, in line with the Joint Valletta Action Plan, the EU would be strengthening the <u>mainstreaming of migration within its Official Development Assistance (ODA)</u> for Africa. Moreover, the measures <u>outlined</u> in the Declaration focus to a large extent

on stemming illegal migration flows on the Central Mediterranean route, and in particular on the situation in Libya. On this occasion, EU leaders <u>did not assess</u> <u>progress made on</u> the compacts. The following European Council in June 2017 further called for <u>stepped up delivery</u> on all the elements in the Malta Declaration, the Partnership Framework and the Joint Valetta Action Plan.

In its resolution of 14 February 2017, the Parliament <u>cautioned against the widening of ODA criteria</u> which would cover expenses other than those directly linked to development cooperation policy objectives as stated in <u>Article 208 TFEU</u>. It further stressed that development aid must not be made conditional on cooperation in migration matters such as border management or readmission agreements.

## Cotonou Partnership Agreement

The future of ACP-EU relations after 2020 has been on the agenda on most ACP-EU meetings throughout the year. At the ACP Council of Ministers, held on 4-5 May 2017, ACP countries agreed to negotiate, as one entity, a legally binding partnership with the EU. The ACP countries approved, in principle, three priority areas for a Post-Cotonou agreement: a) Trade, investment, industrialisation and Development cooperation, services: b) technology, innovation/research; and c) Political dialogue and advocacy. At their annual meeting, held the same week, EU and ACP ministers took stock of the ongoing reflection processes on each side. Furthermore, at their meeting on 19 May 2017, EU development ministers discussed the geographical scope of the future agreement, with some ministers proposing to extend the agreement to other developing countries.

#### G20 Development Agenda

G20 annual reports have pointed out a lack of coherence across the G20's work streams, which negatively impacts the G20's development agenda. To remedy this situation, the 2016 G20 Chinese Presidency has taken steps to promote better coordination and policy coherence with other work streams, e.g. employment, investment/infrastructure and financial streams. This includes work to align the Development Working Group (DWG) to the 2030 Agenda on Sustainable Development. At the September 2016 G20 summit, leaders thus endorsed an Action Plan on the 2030 Agenda on Sustainable Development (G20 Action Plan). At the G20 Hamburg Summit held on 5 July 2017, G20 leaders agreed on the Hamburg Update, a series of measures to implement the G20 Action Plan and on which future G20 presidencies should build. The document specifies that member countries will submit reports to the United Nations' High-Level Political Forum, the platform responsible for the follow-up and review of the 2030 Agenda on Sustainable Development.

## Doha Development Agenda

In view of the upcoming 11th WTO Ministerial Conference, ministers at the Foreign Affairs Council of 11 November 2016 <u>discussed areas of focus proposed</u> <u>by the Commission</u>, including fisheries subsidies, transparency and good regulatory practices, domestic regulation in services, e-commerce, and agricultural domestic support.

WTO members are currently <u>considering</u> how to advance in <u>a number of areas</u> in the field of agriculture, in particular domestic support, public stockholding for food security purposes, cotton subsidies and a <u>special safeguard mechanism</u>. The latter would allow developing countries to temporarily increase import tariffs in the event of import surges or price depression. Moreover, <u>seven textual proposals</u> have been made on limiting fisheries subsidies including one submitted by the EU. An Informal Meeting of WTO Ministers <u>may be held</u> in October in order to assess which proposals are sufficiently advanced to produce a successful outcome at the December WTO Ministerial Conference.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks		
VIII.1 Development F	VIII.1 Development Policy				
Development	01 March 2012:	General Affairs Council of 20 June 2017:	ACP - EU Council of ministers		
2030 Agenda on	- The European Council underlined its strong support for an	A sustainable European future: The EU	EU and ACP ministers discussed		
Sustainable Development	ambitious outcome at the Rio+20 UN Conference on	response to the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable	the implementation of the 2030		
	Sustainable Development. It stressed the need for a strong	<u>Development.</u>	<u>Sustainable</u> <u>Development</u>		
	participation from the private sector and civil society at the		Agenda and Climate Change,		
	Conference. It set out some key principles that will guide the	EU priorities at the United Nations and the	04.05.2017.		
	EU in its preparations:	72nd UN General Assembly, 17 July 2017.			
	- The Conference should advance the global transition towards		The UN General Assembly		
	a green economy, thus promoting environmental protection,	Foreign Affairs Council of 19 May 2017	<u>President</u> <u>briefed</u> <u>United</u>		
	contributing to poverty eradication and stimulating low-	The Council adopted the new European	Nations Member States on the		
	carbon and resource-efficient growth;	Consensus for Development. Ministers	implementation strategy for		
	- It should work towards clear operational targets and concrete	discussed the implmenetation of the 2030	<u>implementation</u> of the		
	actions at national and international level within agreed time	Agenda.	Sustainable Development Goals,		
	frames;		press release, 08.11.2016.		
	- It should contribute to a strengthened global institutional	European Parliament resolution of 14			
	framework for sustainable development which should include	February 2017 on the revision of the	Commissioner Neven Mimica		
	the upgrading of UNEP to a specialised agency;	European Consensus on Development	held five think-tank discussions		
	- It should advance the work on global and coherent post-2015	(2016/2094(INI)).	in Member States in preparation		
	goals for sustainable development, also having regard to the		for the proposals for a revised		
	review process of the Millennium Development Goals.	General Secretariat of the Council of 28	<u>European Consensus on</u>		
		November 2016	<u>Development</u> . See press		
	16 September 2010:	EU Common position for the second High	release. 31.10.2016.		
	- The 20-22 September UN High Level Plenary Meeting on the	Level Meeting of the Global Partnership for			
	Millennium Development Goals will be held in New York. The	Effective Development Cooperation (GPEDC)	EESC Opinion NAT/693: A		
	European Union is firmly committed to supporting the	(Nairobi, 29 November – 1 December 2016).	Mapping of the EU's internal		
	achievement of the MDG globally by 2015, together with		and external policies		
	partners in the international community.	Foreign Affairs Council of 28 November 2016	(Exploratory opinion at the		
	47.1 2040	Revision of the European consensus on	request of the Commission,		
	17 June 2010:	development.	25.08.2016.		
	- Constitutes a unique opportunity to strengthen our collective		FECC. O 12:11: 11		
	endeavours and our partnerships with developing countries to	European Parliament resolution of 22	EESC Own Initiative Opinion		
	eliminate global poverty, hunger and inequality.	November 2016 on increasing the	REX/461 The 2030 Agenda – A		
	- The conclusions adopted by the Council on 14 June provide	effectiveness of development cooperation	European Union committed to		
	the European Union with a strong position for this meeting.	( <u>2016/2139(INI)</u> ).	<u>support</u> <u>sustainable</u>		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- The European Union remains determined to support the	COM(2016) 739 of 22 November 2016 Next	development goals globally.
	achievement of the MDGs globally by 2015. This is possible if all partners demonstrate firm political commitment,	steps for a sustainable European future.	24.08.2016.
	implement necessary policy changes and take concrete	COM(2016) 740 of 22 November 2016	Sustainability Now! A European
	action.	Proposal for a new European Consensus on	Vision for Sustainability
	- The European Union calls on the High Level Plenary Meeting	Development Our World, our Dignity, our	European Political Strategy
	to agree on concrete actions aimed at: increasing ownership	Future.	Centre Note. 18.07.2016.
	by developing countries; focusing efforts; improving the impact of policies; mobilising more and predictable financing	General Secretariat of the Council of 18 July	Draft ministerial declaration of
	for development, including innovative sources of financing;	2016:	the high-level segment of the
	and making more effective use of development resources.	The Council adopted the <u>EU priorities at the</u>	2016 session of the Economic
	- The European Council reaffirms its commitment to achieve	United Nations and the 71st United Nations	and Social Council and the high-
	development aid targets by 2015 as set out in its June 2005	General Assembly (September 2016 –	level political forum on
	conclusions.	September 2017).	sustainable development.
	- The European Council agrees to return to this annually on the basis of a report by the Council.	Foreign Affairs Council of 12 May 2016:	Annual theme: 'Implementing the post-2015 development
	busis of a report by the council.	Revision of the European consensus on	agenda: moving from
		development.	commitments to results'
			(18.06.2016).
		European Parliament resolution of 12 May	
		2016 on the follow-up to and review of the 2030 Agenda. Procedure: 2016/2696(RSP).	Remarks by First Vice-President Timmermans— Follow-up and
		2030 Agenda. Procedure: <u>2016/2696(RSP)</u> .	State of Play of the Agenda 2030
		General Secretariat of the Council 22 June	and Sustainable Development
		<u>2015:</u>	Goals. 10.05.2016.
		EU Priorities at the United Nations and the	
		Seventieth United Nations General Assembly.	UN Statistical Commission
		Contribution of the EU to the preparation of	agrees on global indicator framework, press release,
		the post-2015 development agenda:	11.03.2016.
		Foreign Affairs (Development) Council of 26	EU Commissioner for
		May 2015:	International Cooperation and
			Development, Neven Mimica,
			launched a new phase of the

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		<ol> <li>A New Global Partnership for Poverty         Eradication and Sustainable Development         after 2015.     </li> <li>Council Conclusions on Gender in Development.</li> </ol>	Global Climate Change Alliance (GCCA), which will run until 2020, press release, 29.10.2015.
		COM(2015) 44 of 5 February 2015 'A Global Partnership for Poverty Eradication and Sustainable Development after 2015'.	Transforming our world: the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, 25.09.2015.
		General Affairs Council of 16 December 2014: The Council adopted conclusions on 'A transformative post-2015 agenda'.	European Commission welcomes new 2030 United Nations Agenda for Sustainable Development, press release, 25.09.2015.
		European Parliament resolution of 25 November 2014 on EU and global development framework after 2015 2014/2143(INI).	Closing remarks of Commissioner Mimica at side event 'Financing for Gender Equality – Placing Women at
		General Secretariat of the Council of 23 June 2014:  EU Priorities for the 69th session of the General Assembly of the United Nations.	the Centre of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) in Africa' in Addis Ababa. 14.07.2015.
		COM(2014) 335 of 2 June 2014 'A decent Life for all: from vision to collective action'.	Speech given by Commissioner Mimica at the round table on 'Global Partnership and the Three Dimensions of
		Foreign Affairs Council of 17 March 2014: The Council adopted conclusions on the EU common position for the First High Level Meeting of the Global Partnership for	Sustainable Development' in Addis Ababa 13.07.2015.
		Effective Development Co-operation.  European Parliament resolution of 2 February 2014 containing a recommendation to the	Third International Conference on Financing for Development, 13-16 July 2015, Addis Ababa, press release, 06.07.2015.
		Council on the 69th session of the United Nations General Assembly (2014/2017(INI).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Foreign Affairs Council of 12 December 2013: The Council adopted conclusions on financing poverty eradication and sustainable development beyond 2015.	The Millennium Development Goals and a global development agenda after 2015, press release, 23.09.2013.
		SWD(2013) 530 of 11 December 2013 Paving the way for an EU Development and Cooperation Results Framework.	
		COM(2013) 531 of 16 July 2013 'Beyond 2015: towards a comprehensive and integrated approach to financing poverty eradication and sustainable development'.	
		General Affairs Council of 25 June 2013: The Council adopted conclusions on 'An overarching post-2015 framework'.	
		C(2014)5072 Commission Implementing Decision of 23 July 2014 adopting a Multiannual Indicative Programme for the Thematic Programme 'Global Public Goods and Challenges' for the period 2014-2020.	
		European Parliament resolution of 13 June 2013 on the Millennium Development Goals – defining the post-2015 framework (2012/2289(INI)).	
		COM(2013) 92 of 27 February 2013 A decent life for all: Ending poverty and giving the world a sustainable future.  The communication lays the foundation of the EU position on the post-2015 agenda.	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Annex I in COM(2013)92 details current and forthcoming actions in the EU and internationally that contribute to the implementation of Rio+20.	
		Foreign Affairs Council of 14 November 2011: The Council adopted the EU Common Position for Busan Forum on Aid effectiveness.	
		European Parliament resolution of 15 June 2010 on progress towards the achievement of the Millennium Development Goals: midterm review in preparation of the UN highlevel meeting in September 2010 (2010/2037(INI)).  EU action on MDGs:	
		COM(2011) 637 of 13 October 2011 Increasing the impact of EU Development Policy - Agenda for Change – General overhaul of EU development policy, which also includes action on the MDGs.	
		COM(2010)159 of 21 April 2010 – A twelve- point EU action plan in support of the Millennium Development Goals.	
		MDG Initiative (2010) – Targets the most off-track goals, with extra support for 36 countries.	
		MDG Contract – Enhanced budget support, linked to outcome indicators. European Parliament resolution of 24 March 2009 on MDG contracts (2008/2128(INI)).	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Development	<u>07 February 2013:</u>	Foreign Affairs Council of 19 May 2017	Annual Report on EU Budget
Development	- A key priority for Member States is to respect the EU's formal	The Council approved its annual report to the	Support – 2016, European
Aid Targets	undertaking to collectively commit 0.7% of GNI to official	European Council on EU Development Aid	Commission, 1.2.2017.
	development assistance by 2015, thus making a decisive step	Targets.	2016 Annual Banart on the
	towards achieving the Millennium Development Goals. The	European Parliament resolution of 14	2016 Annual Report on the implementation of the
	European Union should as part of this commitment therefore	February 2017 on the revision of the	European Union's instruments
	aim to ensure over the period 2014-2020 that at least 90% of	European Consensus on Development	for financing external actions in
	its overall external assistance be counted as official	(2016/2094(INI)).	2015, European Commission,
	development assistance according to the present definition		21.12.2016.
	established by the OECD Development Assistance Committee	European Parliament resolution of 22	21.12.2010.
	(DAC).	November 2016 on increasing the	Preliminary figures for EU
	20.1 2042	effectiveness of development cooperation	collective ODA in 2015, press
	28 June 2012:	( <u>2016/2139(INI)</u> ).	release, 13.04.2016.
	- The European Council welcomed the second annual report on		
	European Union Official Development Assistance and reaffirmed its commitment to achieve development	Foreign Affairs Council of 12 May 2016:	DAC High Level Communiqué
	assistance targets by 2015 as set out in its June 2005	Council approved its annual report 2016 to	Ministers agreed to modernise
	conclusions.	the European Council on EU development aid	the DAC's statistical system and
	conclusions.	targets.	its measurement of
	23 June 2011:	Fauring Affaire Council of 14 December 2015.	development finance,
	- Welcomed the annual report on EU development aid targets,	Foreign Affairs Council of 14 December 2015: Council Conclusions on the 2015 annual	19.02.2016.
	noting that whilst the EU remains by far the largest donor in		
	the world in 2010, the intermediate collective target for 2010	report on the EU's development and external	See also OECD <u>Statement,</u>
	has not been reached.	assistance policies and their implementation in 2014.	19.02.2016.
	- It reaffirmed its commitment to achieve development aid	111 2014.	Assessed assessed 2045 assettles
	targets by 2015 as set out in its June 2005 conclusions.	Foreign Affairs Council of 26 May 2015:	Annual report 2015 on the European Union's development
	,	1. A New Global Partnership for Poverty	and external assistance policies
	17 June 2010:	Eradication and Sustainable Development	and external assistance policies and their implementation in
	- The European Council reaffirms its commitment to achieve	after 2015.	2014.
	development aid targets by 2015 as set out in its June 2005		2014.
	conclusions. The European Council agrees to return to this	The EU reaffirms its collective commitment to	Annual report 2014 on the
	annually on the basis of a report by the Council.	achieve the 0.7% ODA/GNI target within the	European Union's development
		time frame of the post-2015 agenda.	and external assistance policies

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		2. The <u>Council approved its</u> annual report to the European Council on EU Development Aid	and their implementation in 2013.
		Targets.  Foreign Affairs Council of 26 May 2015: The Council approved its annual report to the European Council on EU Development Aid Targets. European Parliament resolution of 19 May 2015 on Financing for Development	See OECD <u>DAC Member's Net</u> <u>Official Development</u> <u>Assistance in 2014</u> .  22.12.2015.  The total aid of the 28 EU  Member States alone rose from  €54.0 billion in 2013 to
		2015/2044(INI).  Foreign Affairs Council of 19 May 2014: The Council approved its annual report to the European Council on EU development aid targets.	€56.1 billion in 2014, remaining at 0.41% of GNI.  See Official Development  Assistance: preliminary 2014 published data 08.04.2015.
		European Parliament resolution of 11 December 2013 with recommendations to the Commission on EU donor coordination on development aid (2013/2057(INL)).  General Secretariat of the Council of 28 May	Annual report 2013 on the European Union's development and external assistance policies and their implementation in 2012.
		2013: The Council approved its annual report to the European Council on EU Development Aid Targets.	
		European Parliament resolution of 23 October 2012 on an Agenda for Change: the future of EU development policy (2012/2002(INI)).	
Development G20 Summit Development Agenda	<ul> <li>O1 March 2012:         <ul> <li>The European Council agreed that the following priorities should be pursued with a view to the G20 summit:</li> <li>Ensure effective coordination at the global level for strong, sustainable and balanced growth and progress in the implementation of the Cannes Action Plan.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Joint letter of 5 July 2017 from Presidents Donald Tusk and Jean-Claude Juncker on the upcoming G20 summit.	G20 Leaders' Declaration - Shaping an interconnected world, 8 July 2017. See all annexes here. Hamburg Update: Taking forward the G20 Action Plan on

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Implement the G20 commitments on financial market reform,	<u>Joint letter</u> of 30 August 2016 of Presidents	the 2030 Agenda (Annex to G20
	including strict monitoring, to ensure a global level playing	Donald Tusk and Jean-Claude Juncker on the	Leaders' Declaration).
	field Implement the 2011 Action Plan on Food Price Volatility and	upcoming G20 summit.	G20 Africa Partnership (Annex
	Agriculture; enhance transparency in commodity markets;	Joint letter of 15-16 September 2015 sent to	to G20 Leaders' Declaration).
	further implement the Seoul Development Action Plan	EU Heads of State or Government in	
	focusing on infrastructure and green growth.	preparation for G20 Summit in Antalya.	G20 Leaders' Communique
	- Promote green growth and sustainable development; combat		Hangzhou Summit, 4-5
	climate change in particular and mobilise sources of finance	Joint letter of 21 October 2014 of Presidents	September 2016.
	for measures to combat climate change.	Barroso and Van Rompuy: The EU at the G20	See Annex- <u>Agreed documents</u> .
	- Fight protectionism and support an active WTO negotiation	summit in Brisbane.	G20 Industrialisation in Africa
	<ul><li>agenda, including for the least developed countries.</li><li>Address the social dimension of globalisation, in particular</li></ul>	Joint letter of 5-6 September 2013 of the	and Least Developed Countries,
	youth unemployment.	Presidents of the European Commission and	4-5 September 2016.
	, ,	the European Council in preparation for the	
	23 October 2011:	G20 summit in Saint Petersburg.	G20 Action Plan on the 2030
	- The European Council discussed the preparations for the		Agenda for Sustainable
	Cannes G20 Summit. It confirmed the orientations agreed by	<u>Joint letter</u> 18-19 June 2012 of Presidents of	<u>Development</u> , 4-5 September
	the Council in preparation for the G20 Finance, Agriculture,	the European Commission and the European	2016.
	Employment and Development ministerial meetings.	Council to the EU Member States in preparation for the G20 summit in Mexico.	Hangzhou Comprehensive
	The Cannes Summit should also achieve real progress on the following:	preparation for the G20 summit in Mexico.	Accountability Report on G20
	- the introduction of a global financial transaction tax should be	Joint letter of 3-4 November 2011 of	Development Commitments, 4-
	explored and developed further;	Presidents of the European Commission and	5 September 2016.
	- tackling the excessive volatility of commodity prices, notably	the European Council to their G20 partners	
	by enhancing transparency in commodity markets and	ahead of the G20 Summit in Cannes.	G20 Leaders' Communiqué
	improving the functioning and regulation of derivative		Antalya summit, 15-16
	markets; the G20 Action Plan on food price volatility and	Joint letter of 11-12 November 2010 of	November 2015.
	agriculture constitutes an important further step towards	Presidents of the European Commission and	C20 Action Dlaw on Food
	providing an internationally coordinated response to the food security challenge.	the European Council to their G20 partners ahead of the G20 Summit in Seoul.	G20 Action Plan on Food Security and Sustainable Food
	- promoting global recovery and sustainable and inclusive	aneda of the G20 Janimit III Jeoui.	Systems, 15-16 November
	growth by supporting an active WTO negotiating agenda,	Joint letter of 26-27 June 2010 of Presidents	2015.
	including for the least developed countries, and by fully	of the European Commission and the	
	implementing the G20 Development Agenda through	·	

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	concrete measures; the social dimension of globalisation	European Council to their G20 partners ahead	Presidents Juncker and Tusk set
	should also be enhanced.	of G20 summit in Toronto.	out the EU's agenda, press
	- advancing international trade liberalisation and resisting	Letter of Commission President on <u>EU</u>	release, 04.11.2015.
	protectionism, in particular by agreeing a credible plan as a	<u>priorities for G20 Summit in Toronto</u> .	
	basis for concluding the Doha Development Round and		The Addis Tax Initiative
	considering innovative approaches to strengthen the		Declaration, 16.07.2015.
	multilateral trading system.		C20 Plan to facilitate
	- combating climate change, in particular by mobilising sources		G20 Plan to facilitate
	for climate change finance.		remittance flows launched in
	28 October 2010: - The world economy is recovering from the crisis. However,		September 2014.
	there remain a number of issues that require sustained		G20 Development Group
	attention at the global level, including risks to financial		2015 Annual Progress Report.
	sustainability, incomplete financial sector repair, high		G20 Development Group
	unemployment, the volatility of global commodity prices, and		2014 Annual Progress Report.
	re-emerging global macroeconomic imbalances.		2014 Almaar Frogress Report.
	- The European Council confirmed the orientations agreed by		Saint Petersburg Accountability
	the Council and discussed the priorities which the		Report on G20 Development
	representatives of the EU and the EU Member States which		Commitments of 2013.
	are member of the G20 will promote at the Seoul summit. The		
	summit must send an ambitious signal as regards the concrete		Saint Petersburg G20 Leaders'
	and timely implementation of measures agreed in the		<u>Declaration</u> of 6 September
	Framework for Strong, Sustainable and Balanced Growth,		2013.
	notably concerning fiscal consolidation plans, financial		
	regulatory reform, social cohesion, job creation and the need		The G20 Seoul Summit Leaders'
	for further structural reforms. The issue of the rebalancing of		<u>Declaration</u> of 12 November
	world growth also requires particular attention.		2010.
	- The European Union looks forward to the confirmation by the		
	G20 Summit of the Basel agreement, which is an important		The G20 Toronto Summit
	step in strengthening global financial stability.		<u>Declaration</u> of 27 June 2010.
	- The European Union emphasises the need to continue keeping		
	markets open, to inject momentum into the Doha		
	negotiations and to adopt a growth oriented development		
	agenda. It stresses the need to avoid all forms of		
	protectionism and to avoid engaging in exchange-rate moves		
	aimed at gaining short-term competitive advantages.		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Further work is necessary on levies and taxes on financial institutions, at both the international and internal levels. In line with the Council's report, there should be further coordination between the different levy schemes in place in order to avoid double-charging. The Council is invited to report back to the European Council in December 2010. The different options regarding the taxation of the financial sector should also be examined, as well as good practices aimed at impeding tax havens and tax evasion.		
	<ul> <li>16 September 2010: <ul> <li>The G20 Summit in Seoul should also serve to send a clear signal on the need to conclude the WTO DDA negotiations and implement the Framework for Strong, Sustainable and Balanced Growth.</li> <li>The European Council will discuss the detailed preparation of Seoul at its October 2010 meeting and determine the Union's position.</li> <li>The G8 and the G20 will remain important fora for the definition of global responses to many of the challenges facing us, to which the EU must actively contribute through coordinated positions. The European Council therefore welcomes the ambition of the incoming French chairmanship in 2011 to fully use the G20 and G8 to that end. </li> <li>()</li> <li>d) Much progress has been achieved in the preparation, at the</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
	level of the European Union, for multilateral summits, notably through the practical arrangements reached between the President of the European Council and the President of the Commission on the EU representation in the G8 and G20 structures. It invites them to continue to work towards improving the way in which the European Union projects its views in such fora.  17 June 2010:		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	<ul> <li>The Union's response to the crisis must continue to be coordinated at the global level to ensure that measures are internationally consistent. The action it is taking to boost competitiveness, consolidate public finances and reform its financial sector will enable it to put forward strong positions for similar international action at the forthcoming G20 Summit.</li> <li>The EU should lead efforts to set a global approach for introducing systems for levies and taxes on financial institutions with a view to maintaining a world-wide level playing field and will strongly defend this position with its G20 partners. The introduction of a global financial transaction tax should be explored and developed further in that context.</li> <li>With a view to the Toronto Summit, the European Council confirms the orientations agreed by the Council and reflected in the Terms of Reference prepared for the Busan Ministerial Meeting.</li> </ul>		
Development	22-23 June 2017:	Foreign Affairs Council of 11 May 2017	The Trade Facilitation
Doha <b>Development</b> Agenda (DDA)	- The EU will pursue a robust trade policy upholding an open and rules-based multilateral trading system, with a central role for the WTO. Firm in the belief that trade contributes to	Council conclusions on the WTO conference.  Foreign Affairs Council of 11 November 2016:	Agreement entered into force on 22 February 2017, WTO article, 22.2.2017.
See also DDA in the International Trade Section	creating wealth and jobs, it will keep markets open and fight protectionism. It will actively promote an ambitious free trade agenda on the global scene. To this end, it will seek to foster	Council conclusions on WTO: follow up to Nairobi conference.	2016 Annual session of the Parliamentary conference on
	a truly level playing field, while remaining vigilant concerning the respect and promotion of key standards, including social, environmental, health and consumer standards that are central to the European way of life.	Decision (EU) 2016/971 of the Council of 17 June 2016 on the conclusion, on behalf of the European Union, of an agreement in the form of the Declaration on the Expansion of	the WTO 'What future for the WTO?' held on 13-14 June 2016. See Outcome document.
	<ul> <li>9-10 March 2017:</li> <li>The EU remains strongly committed to a robust trade policy and an open and rules-based multilateral trading system, with a central role for the WTO.</li> </ul>	Trade in Information Technology Products (ITA). OJ L 161, 18.6.2016, p. 2–3 (COM(2016)0122 – C8-0000/2016). Procedure: 2016/0067(NLE)).	The European Commission and the EU High Representative published the first report on the concrete effects of the GSP+, press release, 28.1.2016.
	20-21 October 2016:  - The European Council reasserts the EU's commitment to an open and rules-based multilateral trading system.	Foreign Affairs Council of 13 May 2016: Conclusions on WTO - follow-up to Nairobi conference.	WTO's Tenth Ministerial Conference Nairobi Package (15-18 December 2015).

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	<ul> <li>19 December 2014:         <ul> <li>Calls for the further strengthening of the multilateral trading system and the conclusion of bilateral trade agreements with key partners.</li> <li>Will take regular stock of the implementation of the abovementioned orientations.</li> </ul> </li> <li>19 December 2013:         <ul> <li>Welcomes the successful outcome of the 9th WTO ministerial conference in Bali. In particular, the new Trade Facilitation Agreement will bring substantial benefits to all WTO members and will stimulate the creation of new jobs and growth. This</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	General Affairs Council of 18 January 2016: Council conclusions on trade policy.  Foreign Affairs Council of 15 December 2015: First Council conclusions on the 10th World Trade Organization Ministerial Conference.  Second Council conclusions on the 10th World Trade Organization Ministerial Conference  Foreign Affairs Council of 27 November 2015: Council conclusions on the WTO Ministerial Conference.	ACP Group declaration on the 10 <sup>th</sup> WTO Ministerial Conference (MC10) 21.10.2015.  EU Commissioner for Trade, Cecilia Malmström, met with ministers from African, Caribbean and Pacific countries (ACP) in preparation for the 10 <sup>th</sup> WTO Conference, press release, 20.10.2015.
	outcome also contains important decisions to promote the integration of developing countries, especially LDCs, into the world trading system.  - Reiterates its support for the multilateral trading system and looks forward to a further acceleration of negotiations with a view to concluding the Doha round.	European Parliament resolution of 26 November 2015 on the state of play of the Doha Development Agenda in advance of the 10th WTO Ministerial Conference (2015/2632(RSP)).	WTO press release on the need to agree a work programme on remaining Doha Development Agenda issues by July. 08.06.2015.
	<ul> <li>7 February 2013:</li> <li>Reiterates the EU's determination to promote free, fair and open trade whilst asserting its interests, in a spirit of reciprocity and mutual benefit.</li> <li>The EU remains fully committed to a strong, rules-based multilateral trading system to fight all forms of protectionism, including as regards non-tariff trade barriers, ensure better market access, promote appropriate investment conditions including as regards its protection, enforce and promote intellectual property rights and open up public procurement</li> </ul>	Council Decision (EU) 2015/1947 of 1 October 2015 on the conclusion, on behalf of the European Union, of the Protocol Amending the Marrakesh Agreement establishing the World Trade Organisation, OJ L 284, 30.10.2015.  Procedure: 2015/0029(NLE).  European Parliament non-legislative resolution of 9 September 2015 on the draft	The remaining issues of the Doha development agenda are likely to revolve around agriculture, non-agricultural market access and services, 23.03.2015.  The European Union pledged an additional €2 million to the WTO Doha Development Agenda Global Trust Fund
	<ul> <li>markets.</li> <li>Looks forward to the next Commission report on trade and investment barriers.</li> <li>The EU remains committed to the successful conclusion of negotiations within the WTO's Doha Development Agenda</li> </ul>	Council decision on the conclusion, on behalf of the European Union, of the Protocol Amending the Marrakesh Agreement Establishing the World Trade Organization	(DDAGTF) and a further €100,000 for evaluating the fund, press release 06.03.2015.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	(DDA). This requires efforts from all participants in the negotiations, in particular from large emerging economies. In the short term, it is important for progress to be made towards a multilateral agreement on trade facilitation, as well	(06040/2015 – C8-0077/2015 – 2015/0029(NLE). Procedure: 2015/2067(INI)).  COM(2012)22 Trade, growth and	The EU offered the least developed countries (LDCs) preferential access to the EU market in a wide range of
	as on other aspects of the DDA, by the time of the December 2013 WTO Ministerial Conference in Bali. Such progress would benefit the world economy and inject new momentum into the DDA negotiations more broadly. The EU is ready to begin a reflection, in cooperation with partners, on the post-Bali	development. Tailoring trade and investment policy for those countries most in need.  Commission Regulation (EU) No 1063/2010 of 18 November 2010 amending Regulation	services, press release, 05.02.2015.  On 20 November 2014, the European Commission together
	<ul> <li>WTO agenda, including the DDA.</li> <li>The EU looks forward to forthcoming negotiations on services and to the early completion of the review of the Information Technology Agreement. Further progress is required towards</li> </ul>	(EEC) No 2454/93 laying down provisions for the implementation of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2913/92 establishing the Community Customs Code. OJ L 307/1 23.11.2010.	with other donors at the World Bank in Washington DC launched the implementation of the Trade Facilitation Support
	liberalisation of trade in environmental goods and services as a positive contribution to moving towards a resource-efficient, greener and more competitive economy.  - While the EU remains committed to the further development	Regulation (EU) No 978/2012 of the European Parliament and Council of 25 October 2012 applying a scheme of generalised tariff	Programme (TFSP), WTO website, 20.11.2014.
	of the multilateral trading system, its immediate focus is on developing its bilateral trade relations. These can and must make a positive contribution to the multilateral system. By	preferences and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No 732/2008. OJ L 303/1 31.10.2012.	
	building on WTO rules and by going further and faster in promoting openness, the EU's bilateral agreements will help to clear the way for further progress at the multilateral level.	In 2007, the EU adopted a joint strategy with EU Member States: EU Strategy on Aid for Trade: Enhancing EU support for traderelated needs in developing countries.	
	<ul> <li>2 March 2012:         <ul> <li>Agreed that the following priorities should be pursued with a view to the G20 summit: [] fight protectionism and support an active WTO negotiation agenda, including for the least developed countries.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	European Parliament resolution of 21 November 2013 on the state of play of the Doha Development Agenda and preparations for the Ninth WTO Ministerial Conference (2013/2740(RSP)).	
	<ul> <li>23 October 2011:         <ul> <li>The Cannes Summit should also achieve real progress on [] advancing international trade liberalisation and resisting protectionism, in particular by agreeing a credible plan as a basis for concluding the Doha Development Round and considering innovative approaches to strengthen the multilateral trading system.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	<ul> <li>24 June 2011:         <ul> <li>Reiterates the EU's commitment to advance the process of trade liberalisation and rule-making to strengthen the multilateral system, and its readiness to explore all negotiating options to bring the Doha Round to a conclusion including with regard to the priorities of least developed countries in line with the Doha mandate.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>25 March 2011:</li> <li>The external dimension of the Single Market is also important and the focus should be on promoting free, fair and open trade, with a focus on concluding the WTO Doha Round and Free Trade Agreements in 2011 in line with the conclusions of the 16 September 2010 European Council.</li> <li>Work should be rapidly taken forward, following the Commission report setting out priorities for dismantling barriers to trade in third countries.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>28 October 2010:</li> <li>The European Union emphasises the need to continue keeping markets open, to inject momentum into the Doha negotiations and to adopt a growth oriented development agenda. It stresses the need to avoid all forms of protectionism and to avoid engaging in exchange-rate moves aimed at gaining short-term competitive advantages.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>16 September 2010:</li> <li>The G20 Summit in Seoul should also serve to send a clear signal on the need to conclude the WTO DDA negotiations ().</li> </ul>		
Development Africa-EU Strategic Partnership	<ul> <li>22-23 June 2017:</li> <li>To this end they have to act decisively now by stepping up coordination and delivery on all the elements contained in the Malta Declaration, the Partnership Framework and the Joint</li> </ul>	COM(2017) 471 of 6 September 2017 Fifth Progress Report on the Partnership Framework with third countries under the European Agenda on Migration.	Joint conclusions of members from Rabat and Khartoum processes on the implementation of the Joint

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
·	Valletta Action Plan, underpinned by sufficient financial	Foreign Affaire Council of 10 lune 2017.	Valetta Action Plan, 8-9
	resources. This also implies continued and enhanced cooperation with countries of origin and transit, including	Foreign Affairs Council of 19 June 2017: Council conclusions on a renewed impetus for	February 2017.
	strengthening regional cooperation in Search and Rescue activities, which remains a high priority.	the Africa-EU Partnership.	Analysis Report of the Khartoum Process in
		COM(2017) 350 of 16 June 2017 Fourth	preparation for the Senior Officials Meeting (SOM) of 8th
	<u>Informal European Council of 3 February 2017:</u> - The Partnership Framework and the Valletta Action Plan have	Progress Report on the Partnership Framework with third countries under the	and 9th February 2017.
	allowed us to deepen long-term cooperation with a number	European Agenda on Migration.	Analysis Report of the Rabat
	of partner countries, including on root causes of migration, through a solid partnership based on mutual trust. This work	Foreign Affairs Council, 15 May 2017:	Process in preparation for the
	is already yielding results and will be intensified. At the same	Ministers held a general discussion on EU-	Senior Officials Meeting (SOM) of 8th and 9th February 2017.
	time, the urgency of the situation requires immediate additional operational measures at the regional level, taking a	Africa relations.	The EU announced new actions
	pragmatic, flexible and tailor-made approach at each and	JOIN(2017) 17 of 4 May 2017 on a renewed	to respond to the El Niño and
	every point involving all actors along the migratory route.  - In line with the Valletta Action Plan, the European Union is	impetus for the Africa-EU Partnership.  Justice and Home Affairs Council of 27 March	food security crisis in the Horn of Africa. Four new actions
	strengthening the mainstreaming of migration within its	2017	worth €66.5 million will be
	Official Development Assistance for Africa, which amounts to €31 billion during this financial period. Some of the actions	Ministers discussed the implementation of the Malta Declaration of 3 February 2017.	funded under the EU Emergency Trust Fund for Africa, press
	referred to above can be funded within projects already under	COM/2017) 205 of 2 March 2017 Third	release, 25.10.2016.
	way, notably projects funded by the EU Trust Fund for Africa as appropriate, which mobilises €1,8 billion from the EU	COM(2017) 205 of 2 March 2017, Third Progress Report on the Partnership	The EU launched a new
	budget and €152 million from Member States' contributions.  To cover the most urgent funding needs now and throughout	Framework with third countries under the	Partnership Framework with Senegal to better manage
	2017, we welcome the Commission's decision to mobilise as a	European Agenda on Migration.	migration, press release,
	first step an additional €200 million for the North Africa window of the Fund and to give priority to migration-related	European Parliament resolution of 14 February 2017 on the revision of the	26.07.2016.
	projects concerning Libya.	European Consensus on Development	The African Union Commission and the European Union (EU)
	15 December 2016:	(2016/2094(INI)).	signed the third phase of the
	- The European Council welcomes the progress on	COM(2016) 960 of 14 December 2016 Second	African Union Support Programme (AUSP III), joint
	implementation of the compacts with five African countries of origin or transit and the growing ownership in the partner	Progress Report: First Deliverables on the Partnership Framework with third countries	press release, 29.06.2016.
	countries. In the light of this experience, additional compacts	under the European Agenda on Migration.	Joint NGO statement ahead of
	or other forms of cooperation could be envisaged, taking into account the resources available. The objectives of the	Foreign Affairs Council of 12 December 2016:	the European Council of 28-29

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	Partnership Framework set out by the European Council last	The Council adopted conclusions on EU-Africa	June 2016- NGOs strongly
	June should be mainstreamed into other external instruments	relations and on migration.	condemn new EU policies to
	and policies of the EU and its Member States. The European		contain migration, 27.06.2016.
	Council calls upon Member States to continue and step up	Foreign Affairs Council of 28 November 2016:	
	their engagement under the Partnership Framework and will	The Council adopted conclusions on migration	EU pledges €146 million to
	keep progress on stemming the flows and improving return	and development with regard to the follow up	tackle root causes of migration,
	rates under close review.	to the Valletta summit.	press release, 13.06.2016.
	- In order to reinforce the implementation of the Valletta Action		
	Plan and the Partnership Framework, the agreement reached	COM (2016) 700 of 18 October 2016 First	<u>Description of the six new</u>
	in the Council on the European Fund for Sustainable	Progress Report on the Partnership	measures that were adopted,
	Development and on the EIB External Lending Mandate	Framework with third countries under the	press release, 13.06.2016.
	should be followed by swift adoption of the relevant	European Agenda on Migration.	The Forest Commission
	legislation.	Furances Darliament resolution of 12	The European Commission
	20.21 October 2016	European Parliament resolution of 13 September 2016 on the EU Trust Fund for	announced the approval of 10 new actions worth €117 million
	20-21 October 2016: Tackling migratory flows	Africa: the implications for development and	to improve stability and
	- Recalls the importance of continuing to work towards the	humanitarian aid (2015/2341(INI)).	address the root causes of
	implementation of a Partnership Framework of cooperation		irregular migration and forced
	with individual countries of origin or transit, with an initial	COM(2016) 385 of 7 June 2016 on	displacement in the Horn of
	focus on Africa. Its objective is to pursue specific and	establishing a new Partnership Framework	Africa region, press release,
	measurable results in terms of preventing illegal migration	with third countries under the European	28.04.2016.
	and returning irregular migrants, as well as to create and apply	Agenda on Migration.	20.04.2010.
	the necessary leverage, by using all relevant EU policies,	Agenda on Wightion.	The European Commission
	instruments and tools, including development and trade;	Foreign Affairs Council of 23 May 2016:	announced the adoption of 20
	- Recalls the need to tackle the root causes of migration in the	Council conclusions on the external aspects of	new measures under the
	region, including by supporting displaced persons in the	migration.	Emergency Trust Fund for
	region, thus helping to prevent illegal migration, and		Africa to assist the Sahel region
	underlines the contribution of the Valletta Action Plan and the	Foreign Affairs Council of 12 May 2016:	and the Lake Chad Basin, press
	proposed External Investment Plan in this context. It	Conclusions on migration and development.	release, 18.04.2016.
	welcomes the New York Declaration for Refugees and	·	
	Migrants and calls on all global actors to shoulder their	Valletta Summit Political Declaration and	<u>Description of the new</u>
	responsibilities in this respect;	Action Plan of 11-12 November 2015.	measures adopted to tackle the
			root causes of irregular
		COM(2015) 453 of 9 September 2015 on an	migration and displaced
		EU Action Plan on return.	persons in the Sahel region and

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	- Takes note of the Commission's 'First progress report on the		Lake Chad Basin, press release,
	Partnership Framework with third countries under the	Commission Decision C(2015) 7293 of 20	18.04.2016.
	European Agenda on Migration';	October 2015 on the establishment of a	
	- Calls on the High Representative, including in her role as Vice-	European Union Emergency Trust Fund for	€750 million has been
	President of the Commission, to present at the December	stability and addressing root causes of	mobilised so far for projects
	European Council meeting progress with the five selected	irregular migration and displaced persons in	under the Emergency Trust
	African countries and the first results achieved in terms of	Africa.	Fund for Africa. Remarks of
	arrivals and returns. It will set orientations for further work on		VP/HR at the European
	compacts and consider extending the approach to other	Commission Decision C(2015) 6252 draft of 9	Commission College-to-College
	countries;	September 2015 a special measure for a	meeting, 07.04.2016.
	- Invites all actors to continue close cooperation on the	contribution to the European Union	
	compacts with a view to intensifying operational delivery, and	Emergency Trust Fund for stability and	European Commission and
	Member States to reinforce national administrative processes	addressing root causes of irregular migration	African Union agree deal to
	for returns.	and displaced persons in Africa, to be financed	<u>further administrative</u>
	20 20 har - 2016	from the 11th European Development Fund.	cooperation, staff exchanges,
	28-29 June 2016:	Foreign Affairs Council of 20 July 2015	press release, 01.02.2016.
	Migration  Politoring rapid results in properties illegal migration and	Council adopts conclusions on migration.	The European Commission
	<ul> <li>Delivering rapid results in preventing illegal migration and returning irregular migrants requires an effective Partnership</li> </ul>	Council adopts conclusions on inigration.	announced the introduction of
	Framework of cooperation with individual countries of origin	Foreign Affairs Council of 26 May 2015:	10 measures in the Sahel
	or transit. This will contribute towards the implementation of	Conclusions on Migration and Development.	region, worth more than
	the Valletta Action Plan, which should be stepped up. Building	conclusions on impration and bevelopment.	€100 million under the
	on the Commission communication, the EU will put into place	Rabat Declaration and Rabat Programme	Emergency and Trust Fund for
	and swiftly implement this Framework based on effective	(2015-2017).	Africa, press release
	incentives and adequate conditionality, starting with a limited	Declaration of the Ministerial Conference of	14.01.2016.
	number of priority countries of origin and transit, with the	the Khartoum Process of 28 November 2014.	
	following objectives:		Ten new measures adopted to
	• to pursue specific and measurable results in terms of fast	C(2014) 8513 Commission Implementing	improve stability and tackle the
	and operational returns of irregular migrants, including by	<u>Decision of 20 November 2014</u> on the Annual	root causes of irregular
	applying temporary arrangements, pending the conclusion	Action Programme 2014 for the Pan-African	migration and displaced
	of full-fledged readmission agreements;	Programme to be financed from the general	persons in Africa, Commission
	• to create and apply the necessary leverage, by using all	budget of the European Union.	factsheet, 14.01.2016.
	relevant EU policies, instruments and tools, including		
	development and trade;	C(2014) 5072 Commission Implementing	The EU will implement six
	to also mobilise elements falling within Member States'	Decision of 23 July 2014 adopting a	actions focused on improving
	competence and to seek synergies with Member States in	Multiannual Indicative Programme for the	migration with a total budget of
	relations with the specific countries.	Thematic Programme 'Global Public Goods	€41.6 million as part of the

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	<ul> <li>The High Representative, including in her role as Vice- President of the Commission, will lead the implementation of this new approach and ensure close and effective coordination between the EU institutions and services and the</li> </ul>	and Challenges' for the period 2014-2020. €344 million have been dedicated to migration under the GPGC programme.	2015 programme of the GPGC on Migration and Asylum, press release, 16.12.2015.
	Member States, with a view to concluding the first compacts before the end of the year. The Council and the Commission will regularly monitor the process, assess its results and report to the European Council.	4th EU-Africa Summit declaration of 2-3 April 2014. A new Pan-African Programme will provide dedicated support to the Strategic Partnership.	European Commission announced new Pan Africa Action Plan projects, press release, 25.11.2015.
	18 February 2016:  Migration  - b) implementation and operational follow-up to the Valletta Summit, in particular the agreed list of 16 priority actions, should continue and be stepped up;  17 December 2015:  - The EU institutions and the Member States must urgently: ()  - e) take concrete measures to ensure the actual return and readmission of people not authorised to stay and provide support to Member States as regards return operations;  - f) enhance measures for fighting smuggling and trafficking of human beings;  - g) ensure implementation and operational follow up to: ()  - • the Valletta Summit, particularly as regards returns and	Partnersnip.	Factsheet on Pan-African Action Plan projects, 25.11.2015.  President Juncker launched the EU Emergency Trust Fund to tackle the root causes of irregular migration in Africa, press release, 12.11.2015.  The African Union Commission and the European Union signed an agreement for an amount of €6 million to support the strengthening of the AU's election observation capacity. Joint Press Release 30.06.2015.  The European Commission
	readmission  - The Presidency, the Commission and the High Representative will report back on progress before the February meeting of the European Council.  15 October 2015:		approved the first 12 projects of the Pan-African programme for a total amount of €107 million, press release, 27.11.2014.
	Today, the European Council set out the following further orientations:		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	() - c) achieve concrete operational measures at the forthcoming Valletta Summit with African Heads of State or Government, focusing, in a fair and balanced manner, on effective return and readmission, dismantling of criminal networks and prevention of illegal migration, accompanied by real efforts to tackle root causes and to support the African socio-economic development together with a commitment concerning continued possibilities for legal migration;		
	<ul> <li>23 September 2015: <ul> <li>We ask the EU institutions and our Governments to work speedily on the Priority Actions proposed by the Commission.</li> <li>We want operational decisions on the most pressing issues before the October European Council, along the following orientations: <ul> <li>()</li> <li>increase the funding of the Emergency Trust Fund for stability and addressing the root causes of irregular migration and displaced persons in Africa through additional contributions by Member States, and ensure an optimal preparation of the Valletta Summit (11-12 November) to achieve maximum progress;</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>		
	<ul> <li>25 June 2015:</li> <li>Cooperation with countries of origin and transit</li> <li>It is crucial to reinforce our overall cooperation with countries of origin and transit, both on stemming the flows of irregular migrants and on tackling the root causes of migration so as to reduce the incentives for illegal migration and to combat the smuggling networks. Development assistance will play an important role in this respect.</li> <li>A true partnership between European and African countries, working together to tackle illegal migration in an integrated way, is essential. The Valletta Summit will seek in particular to achieve, together with the African partners:</li> </ul>		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	a) assistance to partner countries in their fight against smugglers; b) a strengthened cooperation on an effective return policy; c) better targeting of development cooperation and enhancing investments in Africa to address the root causes of migration, as well as providing economic and social opportunities.  The Council will prepare proposals for areas of cooperation with countries of origin and transit for the Valletta Summit.  23 April 2015: 3. We today commit to:		
	<ul> <li>Preventing illegal migration flows</li> <li>f) increase support to Tunisia, Egypt, Sudan, Mali and Niger among others, to monitor and control the land borders and routes, building on current CSDP operations in the region, as well as on regional cooperation frameworks (Rabat and Khartoum processes); step up dialogue with the African Union at all levels on all these issues;</li> <li>g) reinforce our political cooperation with African partners at all levels in order to tackle the cause of illegal migration and combat the smuggling and trafficking of human beings. The EU will raise these issues with the African Union and the key countries concerned, with whom it will propose the holding of a summit in Malta in the coming months;</li> <li>()</li> <li>k) launch Regional Development and Protection programmes for North Africa and the Horn of Africa;</li> <li>l) invite the Commission and the High Representative to mobilise all tools, including through development cooperation and the implementation of EU and national readmission agreements with third countries, to promote readmission of unauthorised economic migrants to countries of origin and</li> </ul>		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	transit, working closely with the International Organisation for Migration;		
	4. The EU institutions and the Member States will work immediately on the full implementation of these orientations. The Presidency and the Commission will present next week a roadmap setting out work up to June.		
	<ul> <li>20 March 2014: <ul> <li>Ahead of the 4th EU-Africa Summit on 2 and 3 April 2014, the European Union remains committed to building a partnership of equals with Africa and strengthening relations in all relevant areas in response to the growing interdependence between the European Union and Africa.</li> <li>The European Council expresses the EU's willingness to further cooperate with its African partners in promoting trade and development, democracy and good governance, the rule of law and human rights.</li> <li>It also underlines the importance to address migration and mobility, including irregular migration and the fight against smuggling of migrants and trafficking of human beings, in a spirit of shared responsibility between countries of transit, origin and destination.</li> <li>The European Council emphasises in particular that continued international support for African partners in the area of security remains crucial and encourages other donors to participate in burden-sharing.</li> <li>Therefore, the European Union will continue to provide</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
	operational support through its civilian crisis management missions and military operations, at the request of individual countries and in close cooperation with other regional and international actors.		
	- The European Union will also consider ways and means to support African initiatives for capacity-building, which will strengthen the African Peace and Security Architecture and enable African partners to prevent conflicts and address crises effectively and rapidly.		

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
	<ul> <li>The European Council encourages further work at EU level to enhance support for African capacity development in a comprehensive and systematic way encompassing advice, mentoring, training and equipment.</li> <li>The European Council invites the High Representative to make further proposals in this regard, including on a possible clearing house on the provision of equipment to support training provided by the EU.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>O1 March 2012:         <ul> <li>The European Council welcomes the Somalia Conference held in London on 23 February 2012. The European Council recalls the EU's Strategic Framework for the Horn of Africa adopted by the Council on 14 November 2011 and, building on the outcome of the London Conference, invites the Council, the Commission and the High Representative to maintain a comprehensive engagement with Somalia.</li> <li>In line with the EU Strategic Framework, the Foreign Affairs Council should report back to the European Council in October on the implementation of agreed actions.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>16 September 2010:</li> <li>EU/Africa relations have taken on a new dynamic in recent years. The EU/South Africa Summit on 28 September 2010 and the EU/Africa Summit on 29/30 November 2010 should serve to further deepen relations. The EU, in partnership with African countries, will continue to pursue the objectives of economic development, good governance, transparency and accountability in the context of the joint EU/Africa Strategy.</li> </ul>		
Development African/	October 15, 2015:	Foreign Affairs Council of 19 May 2017	The ACP Council of Ministers takes two decisions regarding

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
Caribbean/Pacific	- p) effectively implement all readmission commitments,	The Council had an exchange of views on	the future of the ACP Group,
Countries	whether undertaken through formal readmission	future relations with ACP countries in view of	press release, 5.5.2017.
See International Trade	agreements, the Cotonou Agreement or other arrangements;	the expiry of the Cotonou Agreement.	
section	- q) further increase leverage in the fields of return and		<u>Decisions and resolutions</u> of the
	readmission, using where appropriate the 'more-for-more'	Foreign Affairs Council of 28 November 2016:	105th session of the ACP-EU
	principle. In this regard, the Commission and the High Representative will propose, within six months,	EU-ACP relations post-2020.	Council of Ministers, 4-5 May 2017.
	comprehensive and tailor-made incentives to be used vis-à-vis	JOIN(2016) 52 of 22 November 2016	
	third countries.	A renewed partnership with the countries of	ACP – EU Council of ministers,
		Africa, the Caribbean and the Pacific.	<u>04-05/05/2017 – main results</u> ,
	25 June 2015:		press release, 5.5.2017.
	- b) the Commission will ensure that readmission commitments	European Parliament resolution of 4 October 2016 on the future of ACP-EU relations	ACD countries to repetiate as a
	are implemented effectively as soon as possible, notably those under the Cotonou Agreement, and that ongoing	beyond 2020 (2016/2053(INI)).	ACP countries to negotiate as a unified entity with EU, press
	negotiations on readmission agreements are accelerated and	beyond 2020 (2010/2033(NVI)).	release, 3.4.2017.
	concluded as soon as possible, while new negotiations will be	SWD(2016) 250 of 15 July 2016 Evaluation of	release, 5.4.2017.
	launched with other third countries;	the Cotonou Partnership Agreement.	Basic principles for ACP-EU
	,		relations post 2020, 13.3.2017.
	<u>07 February 2013:</u>	COM(2016) 385 of 7 June 2016 on establishing	
	The European Council also calls for progress as regards:	a new Partnership Framework with third	Waigani Communiqué of 1st of
	- The development of a renewed partnership with the	countries under the European Agenda on	June 2016 on the Future
	African/Caribbean/Pacific countries through the conclusion of	Migration.	Perspectives of the ACP Group
	Economic Partnership Agreements.		of States.
		Foreign Affairs Council of 23 May 2016:	
		Council conclusions on the external aspects of	Declaration of the 8th Summit of ACP Heads of State and
		migration.	Government of the 1st of June
		Foreign Affairs Council of 12 May 2016:	2016 of the ACP Group of States.
		Conclusions on migration and development.	2010 of the Net Group of States.
		generalises on imgration and development	EESC opinion:
		Foreign Affairs Council of 14 March 2016:	Future of the EU's relations with
		Council conclusions on the European Court of	the ACP Group of countries
		Auditors' Special report No 15/2015: 'ACP-EU	(Green Paper). 25.05.2016.
		Energy facility support for renewable energy	
		in east Africa'.	<u>Decisions and resolutions</u> of 26-
			27 April 2016: 103rd session of
			the ACP Council of Ministers.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
		Proposal <u>Commission COM(2015) 522</u> for a Council Decision of 23 October 2015 on the	Final Report of the Eminent
		financial contributions to be paid by Member	Persons Group: A New Vision
		States to finance the European Development	for Our Future (March 2016).
		Fund in 2015, including the third instalment	
		for 2015. Annex I and Annex II.	Results of public consultation
		Procedure: <u>2015/0246 (NLE)</u> .	were published on 21 March
		Foreign Affairs Council of 26 October 2015:	2016. See for more details, EuropeAid website.
		Council Conclusions on ACP-EU Relations.	<u>Europeald website</u> .
		Council Conclusions on Act -Lo Relations.	EU signed programme worth
		Foreign Affairs council of 12 October 2015:	€3.6 billion to finance the intra-
		Council Conclusions on ACP-EU Relations Post	ACP programme, press release,
		2020.	26.11.2015.
		JOIN(2015) 33 of 6 October 2015 Joint	In March 2015, seven one-day
		Consultation paper Towards a new	Round Tables on key topics related to ACP-EU relations
		partnership between the European Union and African, Caribbean and Pacific countries	after 2020 were held
		after 2020.	throughout Europe with
			experts from academia, think
		COM(2015) 453 of 9 September 2015 on an	tanks, NGOs, the private sector,
		EU Action Plan on return.	Member States, the
			Commission and the EEAS. See
		European Parliament resolution of 11	<u>Final Report</u> 31.07.2015.
		February 2015 on the work of the ACP-EU	4011
		Joint Parliamentary Assembly 2014/2154(INI).	40th session of the ACP-EU Council of Ministers of 28 May
		Joint ACP-EU Declaration on the Post-2015	2015. Issues discussed were
		Development Agenda adopted on 12 June	the post-2015 sustainable
		2014.	development agenda,
			migration and development,
		Regulation (EU) 2015/323 of the Council of 2	Economic Partnership
		March 2015 on the financial regulation	Agreements and the TTIP
		applicable to the 11th European Development	impact on ACP countries.

Fund. OJ L 58, 3.3.2015, 2013/0320/NLE.  Regulation (EU) 2015/32	Resolution of the 101 <sup>st</sup> session of the ACP Council of Ministers on Migration (26-29 May 2015).
March 2015 on the im 11th European Develop 3.3.2015, p. 1–16 2013/0211/NIE.  Regulation (EU) No 566/26 May 2014 amending 617/2007 as regards th transition period betwee the 11th EDF Internal Agree 27.5.2014. Procedure: 20  COM/2011/0837 of Preparation of the n framework regarding t cooperation for African, States and Overseas Cou for the 2014-2020 per Development Fund).  COM (2003) 590 of 8 Oc the full integration of c countries in the EU budge	ACP-EU expert meeting on trafficking in human beings and smuggling of human beings (11 May 2015).  ACP-EU expert meeting on trafficking in human beings (11 May 2015).  ACP-EU expert meeting on trafficking in human beings (11 May 2015).  Statement from European Development Commissioner at the 28th ACP-EU Joint Parliamentary Assembly held on 2 December 2014 in Strasbourg.  ACP-EU expert meeting on trafficking in human beings (11 May 2015).  Statement from European Development Commissioner at the 28th ACP-EU Joint Parliamentary Assembly held on 2 December 2014 in Strasbourg.  ACP-EU on the 2011-2012 dialogue on migration and development endorsed by the ACP-EU Council of Ministers at its 37th session. 17.01.2013.  Reports Court of Auditors:  Annual report of the Court of Auditors on the activities

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
			year 2013. OJ C 398, 12.11.2014, p. 289–319
			Annual report of the Court of Auditors on the activities funded by the 8th, 9th and 10th European Development Funds (EDFs) concerning the financial year 2012. OJ C 331/261, 14.11.2013, p. 261–290.
			Annual report of the Court of Auditors on the activities funded by the 8th, 9th and 10th European Development Funds (EDFs) concerning the financial year 2011. OJ 344/243, 12.11.2012.
			Annual report of the Court of Auditors on the activities funded by the 8th, 9th and 10th European Development Funds (EDFs) concerning the financial year 2010. OJ C 326/02 10.11.2011.
Development Latin America Caribbean See also ACP countries	<ul> <li>16 September 2010:         <ul> <li>Building on the successful summit held this year with its Latin American and Caribbean partners, the EU is committed to continuing to work closely together with the countries of the region in response to the global challenges facing us.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	EU-CELAC ministerial meeting: Santo Domingo Declaration, 25-26 October 2016.  Foreign Affairs Council of 18 July 2016: Conclusions on Venezuela.  Action plan, EU-CELAC Summit adopted on 10-11 June 2015.	EU prepares for the CELAC-EU ministers of Foreign Affairs meeting, Council press release, 17.10.2016.

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
			A constitutive agreement of the
		Political declaration, EU-CELAC Summit	EU-LAC Foundation was signed,
		adopted on 10-11 June 2015.	press release, 26.10.2016.
		Brussels declaration, EU-CELAC Summit	EU-CELAC relations: assessment
		adopted on 10-11 June 2015.	of programmes and actions, press release, 25/26.10.2016.
		C(2014) 9128 Commission Implementing	press release, 25, 20.10.2010.
		Decision of 4 December 2014 on the Annual	The European Union
		Action Programme 2014 in favour of the Latin	announced new programmes to
		American region to be financed from the	support sustainable
		general budget of the European Union.	development in Latin America (€30 million) and the Caribbean
		General Secretariat of the Council 20/07/2014	(€44.2 million), press release,
		The Council endorsed the <u>Strategy on Citizen</u>	26.10.2016.
		Security in Central America and the	
		Caribbean.	A regional cooperation
			programme worth €346 million
		JOIN(2014) 21 of 19 May 2014 from the	has been signed with
		European Commission and the High	CARIFORUM for the period up
		Representative of the European Union for	to 2020, press release,
		Foreign Affairs and Security Policy Elements	11.06.2015.
		for an EU strategy on public security in Central	
		America and the Caribbean.	The funds announced are part of an overall package of the
		EU-CELAC Action Plan 2013-2015 adopted on	European Union of almost
		27 January 2013 at the EU-CELAC Summit held	€700 million in support of Latin
		in Santiago de Chile.	America and the Caribbean.
		Foreign Affairs Council of 19 November 2012	Joint press communique, VI EU-
		The Council endorsed the Joint Caribbean-EU	CARIFORUM high level meeting,
		Partnership Strategy.	11 June 2015.
		. a.	The European Union
		CARIFORUM-EU Economic Partnership	announced its regional
		Agreement OJ L 289/I/4 of 30.10.2008.	cooperation package for Latin
			America for the 2014-2020
			period, known as the

Policy Field Specific issue	Commitment and/or request	State of play	Remarks
			Multiannual Indicative Programme (MIP), with an allocation of €925 million over seven years, 19.11.2014.
			EU support package of €2.5 billion for Latin America for the years 2014 to 2020, press release, 24.03.2014.

The European Council's role – to 'provide the Union with the necessary impetus for its development' and to define its 'general political directions and priorities' - has developed rapidly over the past seven years.

Since June 2014, the European Council Oversight Unit within the European Parliamentary Research Service (EPRS), the European Parliament's in-house research service and think-tank, has been monitoring and analysing the European Council's delivery of the various commitments made in the conclusions of its meetings.

This overview, presented in the form of a regularly updated *Rolling Check-List of Commitments to Date*, is designed to review the degree of progress in realising the goals which the European Council has set itself since January 2010 and to assist the Parliament in exercising its important oversight role in this field.

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