

COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION

Brussels, 6 February 2013

5947/13

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NOTE

From:	Presidency
To:	Customs Cooperation Working Party
Subject:	Study by the Presidency on Advanced Passenger Information and Passenger Name Records

At its June 2012 sessions, the WCO Council adopted a Recommendation regarding the use of Advance Passenger Information (API) and Passenger Name Record (PNR) for efficient and effective Customs control. (Annex 1). The Recommendation is based on international experience of Customs enforcement agencies in using API and PNR data to meet the challenge posed by transnational crime. The WCO Council took the view that use of API and/or PNR data for risk assessment would assist Customs administrations in developing and exploiting the best possible intelligence for the control of travellers, facilitate allocation of enforcement resources and facilitate low risk passengers.

Mindful of this initiative from the WCO, the Presidency wishes to undertake a short survey amongst the Member States in relation to the use of API and PNR. The purpose of this survey, which it is proposed to undertake using a questionnaire – copy attached as Annex 2 – is to establish a clear picture of the current position from both legal and operational perspectives. The Presidency hopes that presentation of the findings to the CCWP Plenary Group will provide Member States with a clear perspective of the Union-wide position on this issue.

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Furthermore, the Presidency believes that the outcome of this survey could be of interest to the Project Group led by Cyprus regarding air transit passengers and thus add value to the ongoing and evolving work in this important area of activity.

Member States are asked to complete the attached questionnaire and return it, no later than 17 March 2013 to: ewallace@revenue.ie

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RECOMMENDATION OF THE CUSTOMS CO-OPERATION COUNCIL¹ CONCERNING THE USE OF ADVANCE PASSENGER INFORMATION (API) AND PASSENGER NAME RECORD (PNR) FOR EFFICIENT AND EFFECTIVE CUSTOMS CONTROL (June 2012)

THE CUSTOMS CO-OPERATION COUNCIL,

NOTING the continued and growing threat posed by serious transnational crime, inter alia illicit trafficking in drugs and other contraband, which are of serious concern to social well-being and safety and to the prosperity of nations around the world,

NOTING the continuing growth in the volume of cross-border travel movements and the challenges this creates for the facilitation of legitimate travellers,

HAVING REGARD to provisions of the revised Kyoto Convention², specifically Chapter 6 of the General Annex on Customs Control and Chapter 1 of the Specific Annex J on Travellers,

RECOGNISING that Customs administrations have the prime responsibility for controlling cross-border movements of goods, means of transport and people, and thus they are best placed to prevent, detect and suppress illicit trafficking in drugs and other contraband at the border before they disperse into the territories,

NOTING the incidents of close linkages between serious transnational crime and terrorism, and the need to mitigate perceived risks posed by travellers,

Customs Co-operation Council is the official name of the World Customs Organisation (WCO).

International Convention on Simplification and Harmonization of Customs Procedures (as amended).

RECOGNISING that the proper balance between the needs of Customs enforcement and the facilitation of legitimate travel can best be achieved if Customs enforcement is intelligence-based, and that the use of API and/or PNR for risk assessment would greatly assist Customs administrations in developing and exploiting the best possible intelligence for the control of travellers,

DESIRING to harmonize the interface arrangements between Customs administrations and business, particularly as regards the electronic transmission of API and/or PNR data in line with internationally standardized data elements and messaging formats,

BELIEVING that effective border control against serious transnational crime, inter alia illicit trafficking in drugs and other contraband, can be greatly assisted by co-operation between Customs administrations and other competent border control agencies at the national and international levels, and that exchange of information can significantly aid risk assessment and targeting and, as a consequence, improve the facilitation of legitimate travel,

RECOMMENDS that Members of the Council and Customs or Economic Unions should:

- 1. ensure that prevention, detection and suppression of serious transnational crime, inter alia illicit trafficking in drugs and other contraband, be promoted and remain as one of the priorities of the Customs authority's enforcement strategy and programmes;
- 2. seek the fullest co-operation of airlines and the other international passenger transport businesses to assist the Customs in fulfilling its mission;
- 3. utilise advance information, namely API and/or PNR, for the risk assessment of travellers and:
 - establish legal authority to acquire access to, or require to transfer, use and store API and/or PNR data along with the conditions thereof and scope of data required to this end, and put in place mechanisms for the protection of the pertinent data,
 - adhere to the technical standards, formats and procedures set out in the internationally recognized guidelines, and
 - to the extent possible, take part in the work for devising or updating international technical standards, formats and procedures as well as best practices in the application thereof;

4. promote co-operation with, and extend support to other Customs administrations, within the national legal framework, including the exchange of intelligence and experience in the use of API and/or PNR with a view to further efficient and effective identification of potentially high-risk travellers.

REQUESTS Members of the Council and Customs or Economic Unions which accept this Recommendation to notify the Secretary General of the Council of the date from which they will apply the Recommendation and of the conditions of its application.

QUESTIONNAIRE

Use of advance information relating to travellers

1.	author	rities to e ort busin	nsure the fullest co-operat	pecific arrangements put in paion of airlines and the other is authority in conducting risk	nternational passenger
	Yes		No		
2.	a.	If yes, ho	ow is this achieved?		
		(i)	Legislative provisions		
		(ii)	Formal agreements		
		(iii)	Memoranda of Understa	nding	
		(iv)	Informal arrangements		
		(v)	Other		
			ocument as an annex may	s applicable, please provide f be supplied if required)	
	b.	If no, Yes	are there plans to adopt su	ch an approach in the foresee	eable future?
			provide further information nay be supplied if required	on about the plans proposed. ((A separate document

3.	(Ad	vanced Pas		nation (AP		eess advance information, ager Name Records (PNR)	
		Yes			No		
1.	a.	If yes, do	pes this legal	authority:			
		(i)	allow the C	ustoms aut	hority to transfe	er, use and store API and/o	or PNR data
		Ye	es.		No		
		(ii)	specify the	conditions	attached to sucl	n activity	
			Yes		No		
		(iii)	define the s	cope of rel	evant data		
			Yes		No		
		(iv)	put in place	mechanis	ms for the prote	ction of the pertinent data	
			Yes		No		
	b. futu		it proposed to	provide su	ich legal authori	ty in the foreseeable	
		Yes		No			
			provide furth y be supplied		-	lans proposed. (A separate	e document as

b. I	Risk assessment Yes	for Custom	s law only	
b. I			3	
	Dials aggagement		No	
	Kisk assessmem	for other C	riminal law also	
	Yes		No	
c.	Data-mining ¹	for general	anti-crime purposes	
•	Yes		No	
d. I	None of the above	ve		
3	Yes		No	
	e Customs autho	rity has legs	al authority to access adva	nce information, what form
this t	take?		al authority to access adva	nce information, what form
this t	take?			nce information, what form
this t	take? Full access to ca Yes	rrier system	as at carrier premises	nce information, what form

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Data mining – the automatic or semi-automatic analysis of large amounts of data to extract previously unknown interesting patterns such as groups of data records (cluster analysis), unusual records (anomaly detection) and dependencies (association rule mining).

c.	Transfer of	<u>specific currie</u>		systems	
	Yes		No		
d.	Transfer of	full carrier dat	ta to Customs sys	tems	
	Yes		No		
e.	Other				
	Yes		No		
sys	stem is used f	for that purpose	e?	ccess advance information	n, what type
	stem is used f A dedicated		e? y system	ccess advance information	n, what type
sys a.	A dedicated Yes	for that purposed Customs-only	e? y system No	ccess advance information	n, what type
sys	A dedicated Yes	for that purpose	e? y system No	ccess advance information	n, what type
sys a.	A dedicated Yes A global lat Yes A dedicated	for that purposed Customs-only w-enforcement	e? y system No t system No another agency e	ccess advance information .g. Police or Immigration	

Yes		No		
	mbination of the a		ble, please provide furthe lied if required)	r informatio
Does the Custom	s authority prom	ote co-operation	n with, and extend support	to, othe
	experience in the	to their legal auuse of API and	thority, including the or PNR with a view to me	exchange
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