

## COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION

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8973/13

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**LIMITE** 

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## **NOTE**

from:	Presidency
to:	JHA Counsellors
on:	7 May 2013
No. prev. doc.:	8303/13 MIGR 31 SOC 230 DRS 67 CODEC 769 WTO 89 SERVICES 18
No. Cion prop.:	12211/10 MIGR 67 SOC 462 DRS 27 CODEC 691
Subject:	Proposal for a Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on conditions of entry and residence of third-country nationals in the framework of an intra-corporate transfer

In view of the meeting of Justice and Home Affairs Counsellors on 7 May 2013, delegations will find in Annex a comparative table concerning the above-mentioned Directive.

8973/13 VH/es 1
DG D 1B **LIMITE EN** 

## 2010/0209 (COD) Proposal for a DIRECTIVE OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on conditions of entry and residence of third-country nationals in the framework of an intra-corporate transfer

COM(2010) 0378	Parliament Position	Council Position	Comment
	(orientation vote 26.01.2012)	(COREPER 30 May 2012)	
THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT		THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT	Identical
AND THE COUNCIL OF THE		AND THE COUNCIL OF THE	
EUROPEAN UNION,		EUROPEAN UNION,	
Having regard to the Treaty on the		Having regard to the Treaty on the	Identical
Functioning of the European		Functioning of the European	
Union, and in particular Article		Union, and in particular	
79(2)(a) and (b) thereof,		Article 79(2)(a) and (b) thereof,	
Having regard to the proposal from		Having regard to the proposal from	Identical
the European Commission,		the European Commission,	
After transmission of the draft		After transmission of the draft	Identical
legislative act to the national		legislative act to the national	
Parliaments,		Parliaments,	
Having regard to the opinion of the		Having regard to the opinion of the	Identical
European Economic and Social		European Economic and Social	
Committee,		Committee <sup>1</sup> ,	
Having regard to the opinion of the		Having regard to the opinion of the	Identical
Committee of the Regions,		Committee of the Regions <sup>2</sup> ,	
	AM 1		
	- Having regard to the Charter of		EP will consider moving the
	Fundamental Rights of the		content of AM 1 in recital 27 (AM
	European Union, and in		29)
	particular Article 15(3), 27, 28, 31		

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OJ C , , p. .

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> OJ C, , p. .

	and 33 thereof,		
Acting in accordance with the		Acting in accordance with the	Identical
ordinary legislative procedure,		ordinary legislative procedure,	
Whereas:		Whereas:	Identical
	AM 2		
(1) For the gradual establishment of an area of freedom, security and justice, the Treaty provides for measures to be adopted in the field of immigration which are fair towards third-country nationals.	(1) For the gradual establishment of an area of freedom, security and justice, the Treaty provides for measures to be adopted in the field of immigration which are fair towards third-country nationals and will help to prevent illegal immigration and all forms of illegal employment of third-country nationals and their exploitation in the Union.	(1) For the gradual establishment of an area of freedom, security and justice, the Treaty provides for measures to be adopted in the field of immigration which are fair towards third-country nationals.	Given that the content of AM 2 is not in the Treaty, EP will consider moving the amendment further in the text.
(2) The Treaty provides that the		(2) The Treaty provides that the	Identical
Union is to develop a common		Union is to develop a common	
immigration policy aimed at		immigration policy aimed at	
ensuring, at all stages, the efficient		ensuring, at all stages, the efficient	
management of migration flows		management of migration flows	
and fair treatment of third-country		and fair treatment of third-country	
nationals residing legally in		nationals residing legally in	
Member States. To that end, the		Member States. To that end, the	
European Parliament and the		European Parliament and the	
Council are to adopt measures on		Council are to adopt measures on	
the conditions of entry and		the conditions of entry and	
residence, and standards on the		residence, and standards on the	
issue by Member States of long-		issue by Member States of long-	
term visas and residence permits, as		stay visas and residence permits, as	
well as the definition of the rights		well as the definition of the rights	
of third-country nationals residing		of third-country nationals residing	
legally in a Member State,		legally in a Member State,	

including the conditions governing		including the conditions governing	
freedom of movement and of		freedom of movement and of	
residence in other Member States.		residence in other Member States.	
	AM 39		
(3) The Communication from the	(3) The Communication from the	(3) The Communication from the	
Commission entitled "Europe 2020:	Commission entitled "Europe	Commission entitled "Europe	
A strategy for smart, sustainable	2020: A strategy for smart,	2020: A strategy for smart,	
and inclusive growth sets the	sustainable and inclusive growth	sustainable and inclusive growth <sup>1</sup>	
objective of the Union becoming an	sets the objective of the Union	sets the objective of the Union	
economy based on knowledge and	becoming an economy based on	becoming an economy based on	
innovation, reducing the	knowledge and innovation,	knowledge and innovation,	
administrative burden on	reducing the administrative burden	reducing the administrative burden	
companies and better matching	on companies and better matching	on companies and better matching	
labour supply with demand.	labour supply with demand.	labour supply with demand.	
Measures to make it easier for	Measures to make it easier for	Measures to make it easier for	
third-country managers, specialists	third-country managers, specialists	third-country managers, specialists	
or graduate trainees to enter the	or <i>trainee employees</i> to enter the	or graduate trainees to enter the	
Union in the framework of an intra-	Union in the framework of an intra-	Union in the framework of an	
corporate transfer should be seen in	corporate transfer should be seen in	intra-corporate transfer should be	
this broader context.	this broader context.	seen in this broader context.	
(4) The Stockholm Programme,		(4) The Stockholm Programme,	Identical
adopted by the European Council at		adopted by the European Council	
its meeting of 10 and 11 December		at its meeting of 10 and 11	
2009, recognises that labour		December 2009, recognises that	
immigration can contribute to		labour immigration can contribute	
increased competitiveness and		to increased competitiveness and	
economic vitality and that, in the		economic vitality and that, in the	
context of the important		context of the important	
demographic challenges that will		demographic challenges that will	
face the Union in the future with an		face the Union in the future with an	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> COM(2010)2020.

increased demand for labour, flexible immigration policies will make an important contribution to the Union's economic development and performance in the longer term. It thus invites the Commission and the Council to continue to implement the 2005 Policy Plan on Legal Migration.	<i>AM 3</i>	increased demand for labour, flexible immigration policies will make an important contribution to the Union's economic development and performance in the longer term. It thus invites the Commission and the Council to continue to implement the 2005 Policy Plan on Legal Migration <sup>1</sup> .	
(5) As a result of the globalisation of business, increasing trade and the growth and spread of multinational corporations, in recent years movements of managerial and technical employees of branches and subsidiaries of multinationals, temporarily relocated for short assignments to other units of the company, have gained momentum.	(5) As a result of the globalisation of business, increasing trade and the growth and spread of multinational corporations, in recent years movements of managerial and technical employees <i>and specialists</i> of branches and subsidiaries of multinationals temporarily relocated for short assignments to other units of the company, have gained momentum.	(5) As a result of the globalisation of business, increasing trade and the growth and spread of multinational corporations, in recent years movements of managerial and technical employees of branches and subsidiaries of multinationals, temporarily relocated for short assignments to other units of the company, have gained momentum.	Technical group suggests following text:  (5) As a result of the globalisation of business, increasing trade and the growth and spread of multinational corporations, in recent years movements of managers, specialists and [graduate trainees / trainee employees] of branches and subsidiaries of multinationals, temporarily relocated for short assignments to other units of the company, have gained momentum.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> COM(2005) 669.

	AM 4		
	(5a) Third-country nationals who are authorised to work in the territories of the Member States are entitled to working conditions		Pending agreement on Article 14.
	equivalent to those of citizens of the Union.		
	AM 5		
(6) These intra-corporate transfers of key personnel result in new	(6) These intra-corporate transfers of key personnel result in new	(6) These intra-corporate transfers of key personnel result in new	EP will reconsider the wording.
skills and knowledge, innovation and enhanced economic	skills and knowledge, innovation and enhanced economic	skills and knowledge, innovation and enhanced economic	
opportunities for the host	opportunities for the host	opportunities for the host	
companies, thus advancing the	companies, thus advancing the	companies, thus advancing the	
knowledge-based economy in	knowledge-based economy in	knowledge-based economy in	
Europe while fostering investment	Europe while fostering investment	Europe while fostering investment	
flows across the Union. Well-	flows across the Union. []	flows across the Union. Well-	
managed transfers from third	Transfers from third countries also	managed transfers from third	
countries also have the potential to	have the potential to facilitate	countries also have the potential to	
facilitate transfers from Union to	transfers from Union to third-	facilitate transfers from Union to	
third-country companies and to put	country companies and to put the	third-country companies and to put	
the Union in a stronger position in	Union in a stronger position in its	the Union in a stronger position in	
its relationship with international	relationship with international	its relationship with international	
partners. Facilitation of intra-	partners. Facilitation of intra-	partners. Facilitation of intra-	
corporate transfers enables	corporate transfers enables	corporate transfers enables	
multinational groups to tap their	multinational groups to tap their	multinational groups to tap their	
human resources best.	human resources best.	human resources best.	
	AM 6		
(7) The set of rules established by	(7) The set of rules established by	(7) The set of rules established by	
this Directive is also beneficial to	this Directive <i>might</i> also <i>be</i>	this Directive is also beneficial to	
the migrants' countries of origin as	beneficial to the migrants'	the migrants' countries of origin as	
this temporary migration fosters	countries of origin as this	this temporary migration fosters	
transfers of skills, knowledge,	temporary migration could under	transfers of skills, knowledge,	

technology and know-how.	well-established conditions foster transfers of skills, knowledge, technology and know-how.	technology and know-how.	
	AM7 + AM39		
(8) This Directive should be applied without prejudice to the principle of Union preference as regards access to Member States' labour market as expressed in the relevant provisions of Acts of Accession. According to that principle, the Member States should, during any period when national measures or those resulting from bilateral agreements are applied, give preference to workers who are nationals of the Member States over workers who are nationals of third-countries as regards access to their labour market.	(8) This Directive should be applied without prejudice to the principle of Union preference as regards access to Member States' labour market as expressed in the relevant provisions of Acts of Accession. According to that principle, the Member States should, during any period when national measures or those resulting from bilateral agreements are applied, give preference to workers who are nationals of the Member States over workers who are nationals of third-countries as regards access to their labour market. In particular, as regards access to the labour market for young third-country trainee employees employed by the host entity or by host entities of a Member State, the number of such trainees should not be greater than that of trainee employees who are nationals of the Member States. In the process, there should be mandatory compliance benefitting both citizens of the Union and third-country	(8) This Directive should be applied without prejudice to the principle of Union preference as regards access to Member States' labour market as expressed in the relevant provisions of Acts of Accession. According to that principle, the Member States should, during any period when national measures or those resulting from bilateral agreements are applied, give preference to workers who are nationals of the Member States over workers who are nationals of third-countries as regards access to their labour market.	joint LIBE-EMPL competence First part amendment related to AM 60.  Presidency expressed doubts about the first part of the amendment because it seems to encroach upon national competences for the national labour market, because it could result in barriers to trade and because it would be difficult to apply in practice.  Second part amendment related to Article 14  EP will provide clarification on its AM.

nationals, with national minimum	
pay levels and the minimum	
= -	
standards of the State of	
employment (place-of-employment	
principle). While the principle of	
Union preference should be	
safeguarded, it may not be used to	
deviate from the principle of equal	
pay for equal work, as regards	
Union and third-country workers.	
This Directive should be applied	
in full respect of the principle of	
freedom of movement for workers	
within the Union, eradicating any	
discrimination based on	
nationality as regards	
employment, remuneration and	
other conditions of work and	
employment.	
AM 8	
(8a) This Directive should set	Related to AM 29.
conditions and rights for third-	
country workers in the framework	EP will consider if AM 8 and AM
of an intra-corporate transfer in	29 could be merged.
full respect of the relevant	O
conventions of the International	
Labour Organisation (ILO).	

		(8a) This Directive should be without prejudice to the right of Member States to issue residence permits other than an intracorporate transferee permit for any purpose of employment if a third-country national does not meet the conditions to be admitted as an intra-corporate transferee under the terms and conditions of this Directive or does not fall under the scope of this Directive.	Pending agreement on Article 2(3).  Language recital and Article need to be aligned.
(9) This Directive establishes a transparent and simplified procedure for admission of intracorporate transferees, based on common definitions and harmonised criteria.	(9) This Directive establishes a transparent and simplified procedure for admission of intracorporate transferees, based on common definitions and harmonised criteria and ensures legal certainty, legality and fair and equal treatment of third-country workers.	(9) This Directive establishes a transparent and simplified procedure for admission of intracorporate transferees, based on common definitions and harmonised criteria. These set of rules should be applied without prejudice to Member States having the right to decide upon the technical formalities relating to the application.	EP will consider deleting "legality".
		(9a) This Directive and the permits that are issued on its basis should not affect or prevent the application of Member States' labour law provisions having - in accordance with Union law - as their objective the control of compliance with the	Related to AM 13 and Article 8.

		working conditions as set out in	
		Article 14(1).	
		(9b) The possibility for a	Related to Article 8 that refers to
		Member State to impose, on the	"host entity".
		basis of national law (in	
		conformity with Union law),	Presidency and Commission will
		sanctions against an ICT's	verify whether this recital covers
		employer established in a third	national provisions on enforcement
		country in the case of non-	against parties in third countries.
		compliance with the terms and	
		conditions of employment within	
		the meaning of Article 14(1) of	
		this Directive should remain	
		unaffected.	
	<i>AM 10 + AM 39</i>		
(10) For the purpose of this	(10) For the purpose of this	(10) For the purpose of this	joint LIBE-EMPL competence
Directive, intra-corporate	Directive, intra-corporate	Directive, intra-corporate	
transferees encompass managers,	transferees encompass managers,	transferees encompass managers,	Related to recitals (10a) and (14).
specialists and graduate trainees	specialists and <i>trainee employees</i>	specialists and graduate trainees	
with a higher education	with a higher education	with a higher education	
qualification. Their definition	qualification <i>and higher</i>	qualification. Their definition	
builds on specific commitments of	professional qualifications. Intra-	builds on specific commitments of	
the Union under the General	corporate transferees are to be	the Union under the General	
Agreement on Trade in Services	employed in highly-qualified	Agreement on Trade in Services	
(GATS) and bilateral trade	<i>employment</i> . Their definition <i>is</i>	(GATS) and bilateral trade	
agreements. Those commitments	linked to the European	agreements. Those commitments	
undertaken under the General	Qualifications Framework, which	undertaken under the General	
Agreement on Trade in Services do	sets out a European reference	Agreement on Trade in Services do	
not cover conditions of entry, stay	framework to assess qualifications	not cover conditions of entry, stay	
and work. Therefore, this Directive	in a comparable and transparent	and work. Therefore, this Directive	
complements and facilitates the	manner while being compatible	complements and facilitates the	
application of those commitments.	with the General Agreement on	application of those commitments.	
However, the scope of the intra-	Trade in Services (GATS) and	However, the scope of the intra-	

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corporate transfers covered by this	bilateral trade agreements [].	corporate transfers covered by this	
Directive is broader than that		Directive is broader than that	
implied by trade commitments, as		implied by trade commitments, as	
the transfers do not necessarily take		the transfers do not necessarily	
place within the services sector and		take place within the services	
may originate in a third country		sector and may originate in a third	
which is not party to a trade		country which is not party to a	
agreement.		trade agreement. The criterion set	
		out in the definition of specialists	
		is in line with the definition of	
		professional qualifications in	
		Directive 2005/36/EC of the	
		European Parliament and of the	
		Council of 7 September 2005 on	
		the recognition of professional	
		qualifications.	
	AM 11		
	(10a) To assess the qualification		Related to recitals (10) and (14).
	of intra-corporate transferees,		
	Member States should make use		
	of their national coordination		
	points set up pursuant to the		Technical group will consider
	European Qualifications		suggesting a single recital referring
	Framework which establishes a		to both the European
	European reference framework		Qualifications Framework and
	for the assessment of		ISCED.
	qualifications in a comparable		
	and transparent manner.		

		(10a) For the purpose of this Directive, in order to evaluate if the third-country national concerned possesses higher education qualifications, reference may be made to ISCED (International Standard Classification of Education) 2011	Related to recitals (10) and (14).  Technical group will consider suggesting a single recital referring to both the European Qualifications Framework and ISCED.
	AM 12	level 6.	
(11) Intra-corporate transferees should benefit from the same working conditions as posted workers whose employer is established on the territory of the European Union, as defined by Directive 96/71/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 1996 concerning the posting of workers in the framework of the provision of services . That requirement is intended to protect workers and guarantee fair competition between undertakings established in a Member State and those established in a third country, as it ensures that the latter will not be able to benefit from lower labour standards to take any competitive advantage.	(11) Intra-corporate transferees should benefit from the same working conditions as local workers. Intra-corporate transferees should be given equal treatment at the same workplace with nationals of the host Member State or the permanent staff in all terms and conditions of employment. That requirement is intended to protect workers and guarantee fair competition between undertakings established in a Member State and those established in a third country, and in particular to avoid social dumping. Particular attention should be paid to consistency with relevant Union legislation.	(11) Intra-corporate transferees should benefit from the same working conditions as posted workers whose employer is established on the territory of the European Union, as defined by Directive 96/71/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 1996 concerning the posting of workers in the framework of the provision of services <sup>1</sup> . That requirement is intended to protect workers and guarantee fair competition between undertakings established in a Member State and those established in a third country, as it ensures that the latter will not be able to benefit from lower labour standards to take any competitive advantage.	exclusive EMPL competence  Pending agreement on Article 14.

OJ L 18, 21.1.1997, p. 1.

	AM 13		
	(11a) Member States should	(cf Council Recital 9a)	
	ensure that appropriate checks	·	
	and effective inspections are		Related to Article 8 and recital
	carried out in order to guarantee		(18).
	the proper enforcement of this		Presidency suggests following
	Directive. To that end, it is		compromise text:
	necessary for Member States to		
	grant their competent authorities		(11a) Member States should
	sufficient powers and resources.		ensure that appropriate checks
	The results of such inspections		and effective inspections are
	should be collated in a report and		carried out in order to guarantee
	should be used to improve		the proper enforcement of this
	enforcement of this Directive.		Directive.
	AM 14		
	(11b) The term "working		Pending agreement on Article 14.
	conditions" in this Directive is to		
	be understood as including pay		
	and dismissal, health and safety at		
	the workplace, working time and		
	leave, family and professional life,		
	taking into account any collective		
	agreements in force.		
	AM 15		
(12) In order to ensure that the	(12) In order to ensure that the	(12) In order to ensure that the	Pending agreement on Article
skills of the intra-corporate	skills of the intra-corporate	skills of the intra-corporate	5(1)(b) EP text / Article 5(6)
transferee are specific to the host	transferee are specific to the host	transferee are specific to the host	Council text
entity, Member States may require	entity, Member States should	entity, [] the transferee should	
the transferee to have been	require the transferee to have been	have been employed within the	
employed within the same group of	employed within the same group of	same group of undertakings <b>from</b>	
undertakings for at least 12 months	undertakings for at least <i>nine</i>	at least 6 months up to 12 months	
prior to the transfer.	uninterrupted months for	prior to the transfer in the case of	
	managers and specialists and for	managers and specialists and	

at least three uninterrupted months for trainee employees, prior to the transfer.	from at least 3 months up to 12 months in the case of graduate trainees.	
	(12a) As intra-corporate	Pending agreement on Article 10A
	transfers constitute temporary	
	migration, the maximum	
	duration of one transfer to the	
	European Union, including	
	mobility between Member States,	
	should not exceed three years for	
	managers and specialists and one	
	year for graduate trainees after	
	which they should return to a	
	third country unless they obtain	
	a residence permit on another	
	basis in accordance with national	
	or Union legislation. The	
	duration of the intra-corporate	
	transferee permits reflects the	
	duration of the transfer	
	irrespective of the periods of	
	absence of the holder from the	
	territory of the Member States.	
	A subsequent transfer to the	
	European Union might take	
	place after the return of the	
	third-country national to a third	
	country.	

(13) As intra-corporate transfers consist of temporary migration, the applicant should provide evidence that the third-country national will be able to transfer back to an entity belonging to the same group and established in a third country at the end of the assignment. That evidence may consist of the relevant provisions under the work contract. An assignment letter should be produced providing evidence that the third-country national manager or specialist possesses the professional qualifications needed in the Member State to which they have been admitted to occupy the post or			(12b) In order to ensure the temporary character of an intracorporate transfer and prevent the perpetual transfer of third-country nationals Member States should be able to require a certain period of time to pass between the end of one transfer and another application concerning the same third-	Pending agreement on Article 10A
(13) As intra-corporate transfers consist of temporary migration, the applicant should provide evidence that the third-country national will be able to transfer back to an entity belonging to the same group and established in a third country at the end of the assignment. That evidence may consist of the relevant provisions under the work contract. An assignment letter should be produced providing evidence that the third-country national manager or specialist possesses the professional qualifications needed in the Member State to which they have  (13) As intra-corporate transfers consist of temporary secondment, the applicant should provide evidence that the third-country the applicant should provide evidence that the third-country national will be able to transfer back to an entity belonging to the same group and established in a third country at the end of the assignment. That evidence must consist of temporary secondment, the applicant should provide evidence that the third-country back to an entity belonging to the same group and established in a third country at the end of the assignment. That evidence must consist of the relevant provisions under the work contract. An assignment letter should be produced providing evidence that the third-country national manager or specialist possesses the professional qualifications needed in the Member State to which they have			country national for the purposes	
(13) As intra-corporate transfers consist of temporary migration, the applicant should provide evidence that the third-country national will be able to transfer back to an entity belonging to the same group and established in a third country at the end of the assignment. That evidence may consist of the relevant provisions under the work contract. An assignment letter should be produced providing evidence that the third-country national manager or specialist possesses the professional qualifications needed in the Member State to which they have (13) As intra-corporate transfers consist of temporary secondment, the applicant should provide evidence that the third-country and work permit in a particular Member State, the applicant should provide evidence that the third-country national will transfer back to an entity belonging to the same group and established in a third country at the end of the assignment, in accordance with that person's contract with the group. That evidence must consist of the relevant provisions under the work contract. An assignment letter should be produced providing evidence that the third-country national manager or specialist possesses the professional qualifications needed in the Member State to which they		136.76	of this Directive.	
consist of temporary migration, the applicant should provide evidence that the third-country national will be able to transfer back to an entity belonging to the same group and established in a third country at the end of the assignment. That evidence may consist of the relevant provisions under the work contract. An assignment letter should be produced providing evidence that the third-country national manager or specialist possesses the professional qualifications needed in the Member State to which they have  are linked to a limited residence and work permit in a particular Member state to a limited residence and work permit in a particular the applicant should provide evidence that the third-country national will be able to transfer back to an entity belonging to the same group and established in a third country at the end of the assignment. That evidence may consist of temporary secondment, the applicant should provide evidence that the third-country national will be able to transfer back to an entity belonging to the same group and established in a third country at the end of the assignment. That evidence may consist of temporary secondment, the applicant should provide evidence that the third-country national will be able to transfer back to an entity belonging to the same group and established in a third country at the end of the assignment. That evidence may consist of the relevant provisions under the work contract. An assignment letter work contract. An assignment letter the third-country national manager or specialist possesses the professional qualifications needed in the Member State to which they	(12)		(12)	
applicant should provide evidence that the third-country national will be able to transfer back to an entity belonging to the same group and established in a third country at the end of the assignment. That evidence may consist of the relevant provisions under the work contract. An assignment letter should be produced providing evidence that the third-country national manager or specialist possesses the professional qualifications needed in the Member State to which they have  and work permit in a particular Member State, the applicant should provide evidence that the third-country national will be able to transfer back to an entity belonging to the same group and established in a third country at the end of the assignment. That evidence with that person's contract with the group. That evidence must consist of the relevant provisions under the work contract. An assignment letter should be produced providing evidence that the third-country national manager or specialist possesses the professional qualifications needed in the Member State to which they		1 ` '		· ·
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be able to transfer back to an entity belonging to the same group and established in a third country at the end of the assignment. That evidence may consist of the relevant provisions under the work contract. An assignment letter should be produced providing evidence that the third-country national manager or specialist possesses the professional qualifications needed in the Member State to which they have provide evidence that the third-country brovide evidence that the third-country antional will transfer back to an entity belonging to the same group and established in a third country at the end of the assignment. That evidence may consist of the relevant provisions under the work contract. An assignment letter will be able to transfer back to an entity belonging to the same group and established in a third country at the end of the assignment. That evidence may consist of the relevant provisions under the work contract. An assignment letter will be able to transfer back to an entity belonging to the same group and established in a third country at the end of the assignment. That evidence may consist of the relevant provisions under the work contract. An assignment letter work contract. An assignment letter the third-country national manager or specialist possesses the professional qualifications needed in the mational manager or specialist.	1 **			D. I.
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the regulated profession.    qualification, higher professional   post or the regulated profession.	1	_ ~	± •	
qualifications and the professional	the regulated profession.		post of the regulated profession.	

	<i>experience</i> needed in the Member		
	_		
	State to which they have been		
	admitted to occupy the post or the		
	regulated profession.		
	AM 17 + AM 39		
(14) Third-country nationals who	(14) Third-country nationals who	(14) Third-country nationals who	Related to recitals (10) and (10a).
apply to be admitted as graduate	apply to be admitted as <i>trainee</i>	apply to be admitted as graduate	
trainees should provide evidence of	<i>employees</i> should provide evidence	trainees should provide evidence of	
the higher education qualifications	of the higher education	the higher education qualifications	Pending agreement on Article 3(h)
required, namely of any diploma,	qualifications required, namely of <i>a</i>	required, namely of any diploma,	and on the "training agreement
certificate or other evidence of	diploma, certificate or [] evidence	certificate or other evidence of	
formal qualifications attesting the	of formal qualifications attesting	formal qualifications attesting the	
successful completion of a post-	the successful completion of a post-	successful completion of a []	
secondary higher education	secondary higher education	bachelor's degree or equivalent	
programme of at least three years.	programme of at least three years.	tertiary education. In addition,	
In addition, they must present a	In addition, they must present a	they [] should, if required,	
training agreement, including a	training agreement, including a	present a training agreement,	
description of the training	description of the training	including a description of the	
programme, its duration and the	programme, its duration and the	training programme, its duration	
conditions in which the trainees	conditions in which the <i>trainee</i>	and the conditions in which the	
will be supervised, proving that	<i>employees</i> will be supervised,	graduate trainees will be	
they will benefit from genuine	proving that they will benefit from	supervised, proving that they will	
training and not be used as normal	genuine training and not be used as	benefit from genuine training and	
workers.	normal workers.	not be used as normal workers.	
		(14a) Graduate trainee, as	
		referred to in this Directive, is an	Can be deleted because it is
		employee in training for career	redundant in light of Article 3(g)
		development purposes or in	
		order to obtain training in	
		business techniques or methods.	
		This directive does, therefore,	
		not cover third-country nationals	
		who are admitted as full-time	
		"I die daimeed ab laif tille	

	AM 18	students or who are undergoing a short-term supervised practical training as part of their studies.	
(15) Unless this condition conflicts with the principle of Union preference as expressed in the relevant provisions of the Acts of Accession, no labour market test should be required, since this criterion would be in contradiction with the purpose of setting up a transparent and simplified scheme for admission of intra-corporate transferees.	(15) Unless this condition conflicts with the principle of Union preference [], no labour market test should be required [].	deleted	joint LIBE-EMPL competence  Pending EP considers that no labour market test should be applied (without prejudice to the principle of Union preference), given that the Directive regulates transfers within the same company. Commission considers that Article 6(2)(d) Council text could possibly achieve this aim.  PRES suggests to accept EP amendment.
		(15) Member States should be able to retain restrictions on access to regulated professions, in cases where, in accordance with existing national or Union law, these activities are reserved to nationals, Union citizens or EEA citizens.	Council deems this recital politically important. Access to regulated professions is a matter for Member States, and therefore the lifting of restrictions must be determined at national level. Furthermore, some technical issues are resolved by this provision, for instance in the legal profession, where Third Country National lawyers must be accompanied by a locally qualified lawyer in the host

			country.
(16) In order to facilitate checks, if the transfer involves several locations in different Member States, the competent authorities of the Member States where the ancillary host entities are located must be provided with the relevant information by the applicant.		(16) In order to facilitate checks, if the transfer involves several locations in different Member States, the competent authorities of the Member States where the ancillary host entities are located must be provided with the relevant information by the applicant.	Identical
(17) This Directive should be without prejudice to the right of the Member States to determine the volumes of admission of third-country nationals entering their territory for the purposes of intracorporate transfer and not to grant residence permits for employment in general or for certain professions, economic sectors or regions.	AM 19  (17) Pursuant to Article 79(5)  TFEU, this Directive is without prejudice to the right of the Member States to determine the volumes of admission of third-country nationals entering their territory for the purposes of intracorporate transfer and not to grant residence permits for employment in general or for certain professions, economic sectors or regions.	(17) This Directive should be without prejudice to the right of the Member States to determine the volumes of admission of third-country nationals entering their territory for the purposes of intracorporate transfer [] as specified in the Treaty.	Pending agreement on Article 5A

cf AM 22 on Recital 20a	(17a) Member States should have the opportunity to avoid and oppose the abuse of this Directive by refusing, withdrawing or nonrenewing a residence permit when the host entity was established for the sole purpose of facilitating the entry of intracorporate transferees. A group of undertakings within which a third-country national may be temporarily transferred should have a genuine activity and	Presidency suggests to maintain the Council text for Article 5(1)(a) and for Article 6(1)(c) and amend recital (17a) Council text while merging it with recital (20a) EP text.  (17a) Member States should [] avoid and oppose the abuse of this Directive by refusing, withdrawing or non-renewing a residence permit when the host entity was established for the sole
	should not serve only the purpose of transferring workers.	purpose of facilitating the entry of intra-corporate transferees. A group of undertakings within which a third-country national may be temporarily transferred should have a genuine activity and should not serve only the purpose of transferring workers.
	(17b) Where intra-corporate transferees have exercised their right to short-term mobility, the second Member State should under the requirements of Article 16(4) be in a position to take steps against the intra-corporate transferee's activities if it turns out that the permit is used for purposes other than that for which it was issued. This	Mobility-related

	AM 20	should for instance be possible if it is proven that the intra- corporate transferee is not a manager, specialist or graduate trainee or that the host entity was only set up to make the transfer possible.	
(18) Member States should provide for appropriate penalties, such as financial penalties, to be imposed in the event of failure to comply with the conditions laid down in this Directive. The penalties could be imposed on the host entity.	(18) Member States should provide for appropriate penalties, such as financial penalties, to be imposed in the event of failure to comply with the conditions laid down in this Directive or of the falsification of evidence or documents. The penalties could be imposed on the host entity.	(18) Member States should provide for [] effective, proportionate and dissuasive sanctions, such as financial penalties, to be imposed in the event of failure to comply with the conditions laid down in this Directive. The [] sanctions could be imposed on the host entity.	Related to Article 8.  Technical group suggests the compromise text below:  (18) Member States should provide for effective, proportionate and dissuasive sanctions, such as financial penalties, to be imposed in the event of failure to comply with the provisions of this Directive. Those should be consistent with the provisions of could consist of sanctions as provided for in Article 7 of Directive 2009/52/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 June 2009 providing for minimum standards on sanctions and measures against employers of illegally staying third-country nationals. The sanctions could be imposed on the host entity.

(19) Provision for a single		(19) Provision for a single	Identical
procedure leading to one combined		procedure leading to one combined	
title, encompassing both residence		title, encompassing both residence	
and work permit, should contribute		and work permit, should contribute	
to simplifying the rules currently		to simplifying the rules currently	
applicable in Member States.		applicable in Member States.	
approduction in the state of state of	AM 21	approved in the or section.	
(20) A fast-track procedure may be	(20) A fast-track procedure may be	(20) A fast-track procedure may be	
set up for groups of undertakings	set up for groups of undertakings	set up for groups of undertakings	EP will check its reference to the
which have been recognised for	which have been recognised for	which have been recognised for	2009 Directive.
that purpose. Recognition should	that purpose in accordance with	that purpose. Recognition should	
be granted on the basis of objective	Directive 2009/38/EC of the	be granted on the basis of objective	Cf Art 10(7) Council and 10(7) -
criteria made publicly available by	European Parliament and of the	criteria made publicly available by	(10)) EP/Cion
the Member State and ensuring	Council of 6 May 2009 on the	the Member State and ensuring	
equal treatment between applicants.	establishment of a European	equal treatment between applicants.	
It should be granted for a maximum	Works Council or a procedure in	It should be granted for a maximum	
of three years, as the criteria need	Community-scale undertakings	of three years, as the criteria need	
to be reassessed on a regular basis.	and Community-scale groups of	to be reassessed on a regular basis.	
Such recognition should be	undertakings for the purposes of	Such recognition should be	
restricted to transnational	informing and consulting	restricted to transnational	
corporations presenting credentials	<i>employees</i> $(recast)^{I}$ . Recognition	corporations presenting credentials	
showing their ability to comply	shall be granted on the basis of	showing their ability to comply	
with their obligations and	objective criteria made publicly	with their obligations and	
supplying information about the	available by the Member State and	supplying information about the	
expected intra-corporate transfers.	ensuring equal treatment between	expected intra-corporate transfers.	
Any major change affecting the	applicants. It should be granted for	Any major change affecting the	
ability of the corporation to meet	a maximum of three years, as the	ability of the corporation to meet	
those obligations and any	criteria need to be reassessed on a	those obligations and any	
complementary information on	regular basis. Such recognition	complementary information on	
future transfers should be reported	should be restricted to transnational	future transfers should be reported	
without delay to the relevant	corporations presenting credentials	without delay to the relevant	
authority. Appropriate sanctions	showing their ability to comply	authority. Appropriate sanctions	
such as financial sanctions, the	with their obligations and	such as financial sanctions, the	

possibility of withdrawing recognition, and rejections of future applications for permit should be provided for.  such as financial sanctions, such as financial sanctions, such as financial sanctions, such as financial sanctions, the possibility of withdrawing recognition, and rejections of future applications for permit should be provided for.  101 L 122, 16.5.2009, p. 28.  AM 22  (20a) A group of undertakings within which a third-country national may be temporarily transfers should not serve only for the purpose of transferring workers.  (21) Once a Member State has decided to admit a third-country national fulfilling the criteria laid down in this Directive, the third-country national should receive a specific residence permit (an intra-corporate transferee permit)  supplying information about the expected intra-corporate transferee permit (an intra-corporate transferee permit)  possibility of withdrawing recognition, and rejections of future applications for permit should be provided for.  provided for.  (cf Council Recital 17a)  (cf Council Recital 17a)  Given Presidency suggestion in relation to Article 5(1)(a)EP text and 6(1)(c), the Presidency proposes to incorporate transfere permit)  (21) Once a Member State has decided to admit a third-country national fulfilling the criteria laid down in this Directive, the third-country national should receive a specific residence permit (an intra-corporate transferee permit)		T		
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allowing the holder to carry out,  allowing the holder to carry out,  allowing the holder to carry out,	1 1	± ,	1 1	

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under certain conditions, their	under certain conditions, their	under certain conditions, their	
assignment in diverse entities	assignment in diverse entities	assignment in diverse entities	
belonging to the same transnational	belonging to the same transnational	belonging to the same transnational	
corporation, including entities	corporation, including entities	corporation, including entities	
located in another Member State.	located in another Member State,	located in another Member State.	
	provided that this Member State		
	does not reject the application on		
	grounds that the employer or the		
	host entity has been sanctioned in		
	conformity with national law for		
	undeclared work, illegal		
	employment and/or non-		
	observance of obligations of an		
	employer by the national labour		
	and social regulations, or on		
	grounds of volumes of admission		
	of third-country nationals.		
		(21a) This Directive should be	
		applied without prejudice to the	
		relevant Schengen acquis	Council proposes to put recital
		instruments, such as the	(21a) between brackets pending
		Convention Implementing the	the discussion on mobility.
		Schengen Agreement of 14 June	·
		1985 between the Governments	
		of the States of the Benelux	
		Economic Union, the Federal	
		Republic of Germany and the	
		French Republic on the gradual	
		abolition of checks at their	
		common borders (the Schengen	
		Convention), Regulation (EC) No	
		562/2006 of the European	
		Parliament and of the Council of	

	T
15 March 2006 establishing a	
<b>Community Code on the rules</b>	
governing the movement of	
persons across borders	
(Schengen Borders Code) and,	
when necessary, the Directive	
2008/115/EC of the European	
Parliament and of the Council of	
16 December 2008 on common	
standards and procedures in	
Member States for returning	
illegally staying third-country	
nationals. Member States outside	
the Schengen area are entitled to	
perform the necessary checks at	
their borders and deny intra-	
corporate transferees the entry	
should there be a reason to do so.	
(21b) The provisions of this	Council proposes to following text:
<b>Directive should not prevent</b>	
Member States from issuing an	(21b) The provisions of this
additional paper document in	Directive should not prevent
order to be able to give more	Member States from issuing an
precise information on the	additional paper document in
employment activity during the	order to be able to give more
intra-corporate transfer, such as	precise information on the
the name and address of the host	employment activity during the
entity, place of work, name and	intra-corporate transfer, such as
address of the client, type of	the name and address of the host
work, working hours,	entity, place of work, $()$ type of
remuneration for which the	work, working hours,
format of the residence permit	remuneration for which the
leaves insufficient space. Such	format of the residence permit
100, ob ilibulitation spaces buch	101111111 of the residence permit

		documents should not prevent intra-corporate transferees from exercising specific employment activities at the sites of clients within the same Member State as the host entity but can serve to prevent the exploitation of third-country nationals and combat illegal employment. The issuance of such documents should be optional for Member States and should not serve as a substitute for a work permit thereby compromising the concept of the single application procedure. Technical possibilities offered by Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 1030/2002 and point (a)16 of the Annex thereto can also be used to store such information in an electronic format.	leaves insufficient space. Such documents should not prevent intra-corporate transferees from exercising specific employment activities at the sites of clients within the same Member State as the host entity but can serve to prevent the exploitation of third-country nationals and combat illegal employment. The issuance of such documents should be optional for Member States and should not serve as a substitute for a work permit thereby compromising the concept of the single application procedure. Technical possibilities offered by Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 1030/2002 and point (a)16 of the Annex thereto can also be used to store such information in an electronic format.
(22) File Birth II	AM 24	(20) 571 - 1	
(22) This Directive should not affect conditions for the provision	deleted	(22) This Directive should not affect conditions for the provision	EMPL competence for exclusions linked to labour market and social
of services in the framework of		of services in the framework of	security, LIBE competence for
Article 56 of the Treaty. In		Article 56 of the Treaty. In	exclusions linked to admission and
particular, this Directive should not		particular, this Directive should not	civil rights
affect the terms and conditions of		affect the terms and conditions of	
employment which, pursuant to		employment which, pursuant to	
Directive 96/71/EC, apply to		Directive 96/71/EC, apply to	
workers posted by an undertaking		workers posted by an undertaking	
established in a Member State to		established in a Member State to	

provide a service in the territory of		provide a service in the territory of	
another Member State. This		another Member State. This	
Directive does not apply to third-		Directive does not apply to third-	
country nationals posted by		country nationals posted by	
undertakings established in a		undertakings established in a	
Member State in the framework of		Member State in the framework of	
a provision of services in		a provision of services in	
accordance with Directive		accordance with Directive	
96/71/EC. As a result, third-country		96/71/EC. Third-country nationals	
nationals holding an intra-corporate		holding an intra-corporate	
transferee permit cannot avail		transferee permit cannot avail	
themselves of the provisions of		themselves of the provisions of	
Directive 96/71/EC of the		Directive 96/71/EC of the	
European Parliament and of the		European Parliament and of the	
Council of 16 December 1996		Council of 16 December 1996	
concerning the posting of workers		concerning the posting of workers	
in the framework of the provision		in the framework of the provision	
of services. This Directive should		of services. This Directive should	
not give undertakings established in		not give undertakings established	
a third country any more		in a third country any more	
favourable treatment than		favourable treatment than	
undertakings established in a		undertakings established in a	
Member State, in line with Article		Member State, in line with	
1(4) of Directive 96/71/EC.		Article 1(4) of Directive 96/71/EC.	
	AM 25		
	(22a) Member States may require		Council cannot accept EP AM 25
	the employers of intra-corporate		considering the payment of costs as
	transferees to pay for the cost of		this is something that should be
	travel from their place of origin to		agreed between the employer and
	their place of work in the Member		the intra corporate transferee
	State concerned and the return		without involvement of MS.
	journey; the visa fee and, if		
	applicable, any service fees related		cf. Article 12A .

to the visa and the cost of sickness insurance referred to in this Directive.		
	(22a) Third-country nationals	Council proposes to put recital
	who are in possession of a valid	(22a) between brackets pending
	travel document and an intra-	the discussion on mobility.
	corporate transferee permit	
	issued by a Member State	
	applying the Schengen acquis in	
	full, should be allowed to enter	
	into and move freely within the	
	territory of the Member States	
	applying the Schengen acquis in	
	full, for a period up to 90 days in	
	any 180-day period in accordance	
	with Regulation (EC) No	
	562/2006 of the European	
	Parliament and of the Council of	
	15 March 2006 establishing a	
	<b>Community Code on the rules</b>	
	governing the movement of	
	persons across borders	
	(Schengen Borders Code) and	
	<b>Article 21 of the Convention</b>	
	implementing the Schengen	
	Agreement of 14 June 1985	
	between the Governments of the	
	States of the Benelux Economic	
	Union, the Federal Republic of	
	Germany and the French	
	Republic on the gradual abolition	
	of checks at their common	
	<b>borders (Schengen Implementing</b>	

		Convention) subject to restrictions set out notably in	
		Article 25 of this Convention.	
	AM 26		
(23) Equal treatment should be	(23) Adequate social security	(23) Equal treatment should be	EMPL exclusive competence
granted under national law in	coverage for intra-corporate	granted under national law in	
respect of those branches of social	transferees and their family	respect of those branches of social	
security defined in Article 3 of	members is a key element of this	security defined in Article 3 of	
Regulation (EC) No 883/04 of the	Directive and is important for	Regulation (EC) No 883/04 of the	
European Parliament and of the	ensuring decent working and	European Parliament and of the	
Council of 29 April 2004 on the	living conditions while staying in	Council of 29 April 2004 on the	
coordination of social security	the Union. Equal treatment should	coordination of social security	
systems. Since this Directive is	be granted <i>to intra-corporate</i>	systems <sup>1</sup> . <b>The Directive does not</b>	
without prejudice to provisions	transferees. Particular attention	harmonise the social security	
included in bilateral agreements,	should be paid to ensuring equal	legislation of Member States. It is	
the social security rights enjoyed	treatment as regards social	limited to applying the principle	
by third country national intra-	security under national law in	of equal treatment in the field of	
corporate transferees on the basis	respect of those branches of social	social security to the persons	
of a bilateral agreement concluded	security defined in Article 3 of	falling under its personal scope.	
between the Member State to	Regulation (EC) No 883/2004 of	The right to equal treatment in	
which the person has been admitted	the European Parliament and of the	the field of social security applies	
and his or her country of origin	Council of 29 April 2004 on the	to third-country nationals who	
could be strengthened compared to	coordination of social security	fulfil the objective and non-	
the social security rights which	systems. <i>Without</i> prejudice to	discriminatory conditions laid	
would be granted to the transferee	bilateral agreements <i>providing</i>	down by the legislation of the	
under national law. This Directive	better social security coverage, this	host Member State with regard	
should not confer more rights than	Directive should establish	to affiliation and entitlement to	
those already provided for in	mechanisms which ensure the	social security benefits. In many	
existing Union legislation in the	effective coverage under social	Member States the right to	
field of social security for third-	security during the stay and the	family benefits is conditional	
country nationals who have cross-	mechanisms for exporting	upon a certain attachment to	

OJ L 166, 30.4.2004, p. 1.

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border interests between Member States.

acquired rights where applicable. Any restrictions to the equal treatment in the field of social security under this Directive should be without prejudice to the rights conferred in application of Regulation (EU) No1231/2010 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 24 November 2010 extending Regulation (EC) No 883/2004 and Regulation (EC) No 987/2009 on nationals of third countries who are not already covered by these Regulations solely on the ground of their nationality1 <sup>1</sup> OJ L 344, 29.12.2010, p.1.

that Member State since the benefits are designed to support a positive demographic development in order to secure the future work force in that Member State. Therefore. this Directive does not affect the right of Member States to restrict equal treatment in respect of family benefits as the intra-corporate transferee and the accompanying family are staying temporarily in a Member **State.** Since this Directive is without prejudice to provisions included in bilateral agreements, the social security rights enjoyed by third country national intracorporate transferees on the basis of a bilateral agreement concluded between the Member State to which the person has been admitted and his or her country of origin could be strengthened compared to the social security rights which would be granted to the transferee under national law. This Directive should not confer more rights than those already provided for in existing Union legislation in the field of social security for third-country nationals who have cross-border interests

	between Member States. It should	
	be granted without prejudice to	
	provisions in national legislation	
	and/or bilateral agreements	
	providing for the application of	
	the social security legislation of	
	the country of origin. This	
	Directive does not grant rights in	
	relation to situations which lie	
	outside the scope of EU	
	legislation such as, for example,	
	to family members residing in a	
	third country. This should not,	
	however, affect the right of	
	survivors who derive rights from	
	the intra-corporate transferee to	
	receive survivor's pensions when	
	residing in a third country.	
AM 27	1 0010211g 111 0 011111 0 0011111 J	
(23a Within the principle of equal		EMPL exclusive competence
treatment as regards social		Ziii Z eiieiiisive competence
security provisions, cases of		
double coverage of intra-corporate		
transferees should be avoided and		
Member States should ensure that		
this occurs in compliance with the		
relevant Union law.		
retevant Union taw.		

	AM 28		
(24) In order to make the specific	(24) In order to make the specific	(24) In order to make the specific	
set of rules put in place by this	set of rules put in place by this	set of rules put in place by this	
Directive more attractive and to	Directive more attractive and to	Directive more attractive and to	
allow it to produce all expected	allow it to produce all expected	allow it to produce all expected	
benefits for competitiveness of	benefits for competitiveness of	benefits for competitiveness of	
business in the Union, third-	business in the Union, third-	business in the Union, third-	
country national intra-corporate	country national intra-corporate	country national intra-corporate	
transferees should be granted	transferees should be granted	transferees should be granted	
favourable conditions for family	favourable conditions for family	favourable conditions for family	
reunification in the Member State	reunification in the Member State	reunification in the Member State	
which first grants the residence	which first grants the residence	which first grants the residence	
permit on the basis of this	permit on the basis of this	permit on the basis of this	
Directive. This right would indeed	Directive. This right would indeed	Directive. This right would indeed	
remove an important obstacle to	remove an important obstacle to	remove an important obstacle to	
potential intra-corporate transferees	potential intra-corporate transferees	potential intra-corporate transferees	
for accepting an assignment. In	for accepting an assignment. In	for accepting an assignment. In	
order to preserve family unity,	order to preserve family unity,	order to preserve family unity,	
family members should be able to	family members should be able to	family members should be able to	
join the intra-corporate transferee	join the intra-corporate transferee	join the intra-corporate transferee	
in another Member State under the	in another Member State under the	in another Member State under the	
conditions determined by the	conditions determined by the	conditions determined by the	
national law of such Member State.	national law of such Member State,	national law of such Member State.	
	and their access to the labour		
	market should be facilitated.		
		(24a) In order to facilitate the	
		fast processing of application	
		Member States should give	
		preference to exchanging	
		information and transmitting	
		relevant documents	
		electronically, unless technical	
		difficulties occur or essential	

	interests require otherwise.	
	(24b) The collection and	
	transmission of files and data	
	should be carried out in	
	compliance with the relevant	
	data protection and security	
	rules.	
(25) This Directive should not	(25) This Directive should not	Identical
apply to third-country nationals	apply to third-country nationals	
who apply to reside in a Member	who apply to reside in a Member	
State as researchers in order to	State as researchers in order to	
carry out a research project, as they	carry out a research project, as they	
fall within the scope of Council	fall within the scope of Council	
Directive 2005/71/EC of 12	Directive 2005/71/EC of 12	
October 2005 on a specific	October 2005 on a specific	
procedure for admitting third-	procedure for admitting third-	
country nationals for the purposes	country nationals for the purposes	
of scientific research.	of scientific research <sup>1</sup> .	
(26) Since the objectives of a	(26) Since the objectives of a	Identical
special admission procedure and	special admission procedure and	
the adoption of conditions of entry	the adoption of conditions of entry	
and residence for the purpose of	and residence for the purpose of	
intra-corporate transfers of third-	intra-corporate transfers of third-	
country nationals cannot be	country nationals cannot be	
achieved sufficiently by Member	achieved sufficiently by Member	
States and, therefore, by reason of	States and, therefore, by reason of	
the scale and effects of the action,	the scale and effects of the action,	
can be better achieved at Union	can be better achieved at Union	
level, the Union may adopt	level, the Union may adopt	
measures in accordance with the	measures in accordance with the	
principle of subsidiarity as set out	principle of subsidiarity as set out	

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OJ L 289, 3.11.2005, p. 15.

in Article 5 of the Treaty on		in Article 5 of the Treaty on	
European Union. In accordance		European Union. In accordance	
with the principle of proportionality		with the principle of	
as set out in that Article, this		proportionality as set out in that	
Directive does not go beyond what		Article, this Directive does not go	
is necessary in order to achieve		beyond what is necessary in order	
those objectives.		to achieve those objectives.	
	AM 29		
(27) This Directive respects the	(27) This Directive respects the	(27) This Directive respects the	
fundamental rights and observes	fundamental rights and observes	fundamental rights and observes	
the principles recognised in	the principles recognised in	the principles recognised in	
particular by the Charter of	particular by the Charter of	particular by the Charter of	
Fundamental Rights of the	Fundamental Rights of the	Fundamental Rights of the	
European Union.	European Union, the European	European Union.	
	Social Charter adopted by the	•	
	Council of Europe on 18 October		
	1961 and revised on 3 May 1996,		
	and the relevant ILO Conventions,		
	such as Convention 102 on Social		
	Security (Minimum Standards),		
	Convention 118 on Equality of		
	treatment (Social Security),		
	Convention 143 on Migrant		
	Workers and Convention 97 on		
	Migration for Employment of the		
	International Labour		
	Organisation.		

	(27a) [In accordance with the	
	Joint Political Declaration of	
	Member States and the	
	Commission on explanatory	
	documents of 28 September	
	2011, Member States have	
	undertaken to accompany, in	
	justified cases, the notification of	
	their transposition measures	
	with one or more documents	
	explaining the relationship	
	between the components of a	
	directive and the corresponding	
	parts of national transposition	
	instruments. With regard to this	
	Directive, the legislator considers	
	the transmission of such	
	documents to be justified.]	
(28) [In accordance with Articles 1	(28) In accordance with Articles 1	Identical
and 2 of Protocol No 21 on the	and 2 of Protocol No 21 on the	
position of the United Kingdom	position of the United Kingdom	
and Ireland in respect of the Area	and Ireland in respect of the Area	
of Freedom, Security and Justice,	of Freedom, Security and Justice,	
annexed to the Treaty on European	annexed to the Treaty on European	
Union and to the Treaty on the	Union and to the Treaty on the	
Functioning of the European	Functioning of the European	
Union, and without prejudice to	Union, and without prejudice to	
Article 4 of that Protocol, those	Article 4 of that Protocol, those	
Member States are not taking part	Member States are not taking part	
in the adoption of this Directive,	in the adoption of this Directive,	
and are not bound by or subject to	and are not bound by or subject to	
its application.]	its application.	

(29) In accordance with Articles 1		(29) In accordance with Articles 1	Identical
and 2 of Protocol No 22 on the		and 2 of Protocol No 22 on the	Identical
position of Denmark annexed to the		position of Denmark annexed to	
Treaty on European Union and the		the Treaty on European Union and	
Treaty on the Functioning of the		the Treaty on the Functioning of	
European Union, Denmark is not		the European Union, Denmark is	
taking part in the adoption of this		L	
		not taking part in the adoption of	
Directive, and is not bound by it or		this Directive, and is not bound by	
subject to its application,		it or subject to its application,	T
HAVE ADOPTED THIS		HAVE ADOPTED THIS	Identical
DIRECTIVE:		DIRECTIVE:	
CHAPTER I		CHAPTER I	Identical
GENERAL PROVISIONS		GENERAL PROVISIONS	Identical
Article 1		Article 1	Identical
Subject-matter		Subject-matter	
This Directive determines:		This Directive determines:	Identical
(a) the conditions of entry to and		(a) the conditions of entry to and	Agreement on the Council text
residence for more than three		residence for more than [] 90	(first trilogue)
months in the territory of the		days in the territory of the Member	-
Member States of third-country		States, and the rights, of third-	
nationals and of their family		country nationals and of their	
members in the framework of an		family members in the framework	
intra-corporate transfer;		of an intra-corporate transfer;	
•	AM 30	•	
(b) the conditions of entry to and	(b) the conditions of entry to and	(b) the conditions of entry to and	Agreement on Council text.
residence for more than three	residence for more than three	residence [], and the rights, of	
months of third-country nationals,	months of third-country <i>national</i>	third-country nationals, referred to	
referred to in point (a), in Member	workers, referred to in point (a), in	in point (a), in Member States	
States other than the Member State	Member States other than the	other than the Member State which	
which first grants the third-country	Member State which first grants the	first grants the third-country	
national a residence permit on the	third-country national worker a	national a residence permit on the	
basis of this Directive.	residence permit on the basis of this	basis of this Directive.	
	Directive.		

Article 2 Scope  1. This Directive shall apply to third-country nationals who reside outside the territory of a Member State and apply to be admitted to the territory of a Member State in the framework of an intra-corporate transfer.	Article 2 Scope  1. This Directive shall apply to third-country nationals who reside outside the territory of a Member State and apply to be admitted or who have been admitted to the territory of a Member State, under the terms of this Directive, in the framework of an intra-corporate transfer.	Pending on elements. Related to intra-EU mobility.  Agreement on compromise text below, with a reservation from the EP on the word "initial" which is linked to the mobility scheme:  1. This Directive shall apply to third-country nationals who reside outside the territory of the Member States at the time of the [initial] application and apply to be admitted or who have been admitted to the territory of a Member State, under the terms of this Directive, in the framework of an intra-corporate transfer.
2. This Directive shall not apply to:	2. This Directive shall not apply to third-country nationals:	Agreement on Council text.
(a) third-country nationals who apply to reside in a Member State as researchers, within the meaning of Directive 2005/71/EC, in order to carry out a research project;	(a) [] who apply to reside in a Member State as researchers, within the meaning of Directive 2005/71/EC, in order to carry out a research project;	Agreement on Council text.

(b) third-country nationals who, under agreements between the Union and its Member States and third countries, enjoy rights of free movement equivalent to those of citizens of the Union or are		(b) [] who, under agreements between the Union and its Member States and third countries, enjoy rights of free movement equivalent to those of citizens of the Union or are employed by an undertaking	Agreement on Council text.
employed by an undertaking established in those third countries;		established in those third countries;	
established in those time countries,	AM 31		
(c) third-country nationals carrying out activities on behalf of undertakings established in another Member State in the framework of a provision of services within the meaning of Article 56 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, including those posted by undertakings established in a Member State in the framework of a provision of services in accordance with Directive 96/71/EC.	deleted	(c) [] who are posted in the framework of Directive 96/71/EC;	EMPL competence for exclusions linked to labour market and social security, LIBE competence for exclusions linked to admission and civil rights  EP is against linking the ICT Directive to Directive 96/71/EC. EP finds that the latter should be reviewed as it has been interpreted to provide for minimum rules of protection only. In light of the Laval case, MS would not be able to require working conditions going beyond the minimum protection provided in Directive 96/71/EC. However, EP is not against excluding EU posted workers from the scope of the ICT Directive and is considering the Council text for this provision.

AM 32		
(ca) third-country nationals carrying out activities as self-employed workers;		Agreement on the following text: (ca) carrying out activities as self-employed workers;
AM 33		
(cb) third-country nationals working for and being assigned by employment agencies, temporary	(d) being assigned by temporary work agencies or any other undertakings engaged in making	Agreement on compromise text below:
work agencies or any other	available labour to work under	(cb) being assigned by employment
undertakings engaged in making available labour to work under the supervision and direction of	the supervision and direction of another undertaking.	agencies, temporary work agencies or any other undertakings engaged in making available
another undertaking except regularly employed members of the management.		labour to work under the supervision and direction of another undertaking.
		Pending
		Council suggests following compromise:  (e) who are admitted as full-time students or who are undergoing a short-term supervised practical training as part of their studies;"
		EP can agree if "trainee employee" is used throughout the text instead of "graduate trainee". Presidency recommends acceptance of this compromise proposal.

Article 3	3. This Directive shall be without prejudice to the right of Member States to issue residence permits other than the intra-corporate transferee permit regulated by this Directive for any purpose of employment for third-country nationals who fall outside the scope of the Directive or do not apply for admission under this Directive or do not meet the criteria set out in this Directive.	Pending EP could not support Council's amendment considering it goes against harmonisation at EU level.  By way of a compromise, and considering the national permits a complementary scheme and not an alternative scheme to ICT permits, Council suggests:  This Directive shall be without prejudice to the right of Member States to issue residence permits other than the intra-corporate transferee permit regulated by this Directive for any purpose of employment for third-country nationals who fall outside the scope of the Directive or do not apply for admission under this Directive or do not meet the criteria set out in this Directive."  The EP can agree with the first part but not with the last part.
Article 3  Definitions	Article 3 Definitions	
For the purposes of this Directive,	For the purposes of this Directive,	Identical
the following definitions shall	the following definitions shall	
apply:	apply:	

(a) 'third-country national' means any person who is not a citizen of the Union, within the meaning of Article 20(1) of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union;	AM 34	(a) 'third-country national' means any person who is not a citizen of the Union, within the meaning of Article 20(1) of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union;	Identical
(b) 'intra-corporate transfer' means the temporary secondment of a third-country national from an undertaking established outside the territory of a Member State and to which the third-country national is bound by a work contract, to an entity belonging to the undertaking or to the same group of undertakings which is established inside this territory;	(b) 'intra-corporate transfer' means the temporary secondment for occupational or training purposes of a third-country national who is not resident within the territory of the Member States from an undertaking established outside the territory of a Member State and to which the third-country national is bound by a work contract, to an entity belonging to the undertaking or to the same group of undertakings which is established in that Member State;	(b) 'intra-corporate transfer' means the temporary secondment of a third-country national from an undertaking established outside the territory of a Member State and to which the third-country national is bound by a work contract during the transfer, to an entity belonging to the undertaking or to the same group of undertakings which is established inside this territory;	Related to intra-EU mobility.  joint LIBE-EMPL competence  Agreement on compromise text below, with a reservation from the EP on the word "initial" which is linked to the mobility scheme:  (b) 'intra-corporate transfer' means the temporary secondment for occupational or training purposes of a third-country national who resides outside the territory of the Member States at the time of the [initial] application from an undertaking established outside the territory of a Member State and to which the third-country national is bound by a work contract prior to and during the transfer, to an entity belonging to the undertaking or to the same group of undertakings which is established

		in that Member State;
AM 35		
(c) 'intra-corporate transferee' means any third-country national	(c) 'intra-corporate transferee' means any third-country national	Pending on elements
worker who is not resident within	subject to an intra-corporate	Related to intra-EU mobility.
and who is subject to an intra-	,	joint LIBE-EMPL competence
corporate transfer,		Agreement on compromise text
		below, with a reservation from the
		EP on the word "initial" which is
		linked to the mobility scheme:
		(c) 'intra-corporate transferee'
		means any third-country national
		who resides outside the territory of
		the Member States at the time of
		the [initial] application and who is
		subject to an intra-corporate
AM 36		transfer;
(d) 'host entity' means the entity <i>to</i>	(d) 'host entity' means the entity,	Agreement on compromise text
which the third-country national is	regardless of its legal form,	below:
	l '	
1	l	(d) 'host entity means the entity <i>to</i>
,		which the third-country national is
	country national is transferred;	transferred, regardless of its legal form, established, in accordance
resources;		with national law, in the territory of a Member State concerned;
	(c) 'intra-corporate transferee' means any third-country national worker who is not resident within the territory of the Member States and who is subject to an intra-corporate transfer;  AM 36  (d) 'host entity' means the entity to which the third-country national is transferred, regardless of its legal form, established in the territory of a Member State, and which has a genuine activity, justified by appropriate human or financial	(c) 'intra-corporate transferee' means any third-country national worker who is not resident within the territory of the Member States and who is subject to an intra-corporate transfer;  AM 36  (d) 'host entity' means the entity to which the third-country national is transferred, regardless of its legal form, established in the territory of a Member State, and which has a genuine activity, justified by appropriate human or financial  (c) 'intra-corporate transferee' means any third-country national subject to an intra-corporate transfer;  (d) 'host entity' means the entity, regardless of its legal form, established, in accordance with national law, in the territory of a Member State to which the third-country national is transferred;

	AM 37		
(e) 'manager' means any person	(e) 'manager' means any person	(e) 'manager' means [] a person	joint LIBE-EMPL competence
working in a senior position, who	holding, in the hierarchy of the	working in a senior position, who	
principally directs the management	undertaking, a senior position,	principally directs the management	Pending including as regards
of the host entity, receiving general	who <i>primarily</i> directs the	of the host entity, receiving general	specific reference to project
supervision or direction principally	management of the host entity <i>or</i>	supervision or direction principally	managers in the scope of the
from the board of directors or	the establishment, receiving	from the board of directors or	Directive.
stockholders of the business or	general supervision or <i>guidance</i>	stockholders of the business or	
equivalent; this position includes:	principally from the board of	equivalent; this position includes:	Council: Project manager is not
directing the host entity or a	directors or stockholders of the	directing the host entity or a	included in the GATS definition.
department or sub-division of the	business or equivalent; this position	department or sub-division of the	
host entity, supervising and	includes: directing the host entity	host entity, supervising and	
controlling the work of other	or a department or sub-division of	controlling the work of other	
supervisory, professional or	the host entity, supervising and	supervisory, professional or	
managerial employees, having the	controlling work of other	managerial employees, having the	
authority personally to hire and	supervisory, professional or	authority personally to hire and	
dismiss or recommend hiring,	managerial employees or being	dismiss or recommend hiring,	
dismissing or other personnel	responsible for a project of	dismissing or other personnel	
actions;	significant size and, in that	actions;	
	capacity, having appropriate		
	human or financial resources at		
	his or her disposal;		
	AM 38		
(f) 'specialist' means any person	(f) 'specialist' means any person	(f) 'specialist' means [] a person	joint LIBE-EMPL competence
possessing uncommon knowledge	who is transferred for highly	possessing uncommon knowledge	
essential and specific to the host	qualified employment, possessing	essential and specific to the host	EP compromise proposal:
entity, taking account not only of	specific knowledge and technical,	entity's areas of activity,	
knowledge specific to the host	professional or scientific skills	techniques or management,	(f) 'specialist' means <i>a</i> person
entity, but also of whether the	essential to the host entity, <i>having</i>	taking <b>also</b> account of [] whether	possessing <i>specific</i> knowledge <i>or</i>
person has a high level of	higher professional qualifications	the person has a high level of	technical, professional or
qualification referring to a type of	or adequate professional	qualification referring to a type of	scientific skills essential to the host
work or trade requiring specific	experience, including, where	work or trade requiring specific	entity and adequate professional
technical knowledge;	relevant, membership of an	technical knowledge, <b>including</b>	experience, including, where

	accredited profession;	membership of an accredited profession;	relevant, membership of an accredited profession;
			Presidency has indicated to EP that Council cannot agree considering that "uncommon knowledge" covers broader concept than "highly qualified employment". Furthermore, "highly qualified employment" is not included in the GATS definition and could also lead to confusion in relation to the Blue Card Directive.  Also further scrutiny as regards
			inclusion of "professional experience".
	AM 39		
(g) 'graduate trainee' means any	(g) 'trainee <i>employee</i> ' means any	(g) 'graduate trainee means [] a	joint LIBE-EMPL competence
person with a higher education	person with a higher education	person with a higher education	
qualification who is transferred to	qualification, who is bound to the	qualification who is transferred []	As a compromise, <u>Council</u>
broaden his/her knowledge of and	company by a contract for at least	for career development purposes	suggests:
experience in a company in	one year and transferred to a host	or in order to obtain training in	'graduate trainee' means <b>a</b> person
preparation for a managerial	entity to broaden his/her	business techniques or methods.	with a higher education
position within the company;	knowledge in preparation for a	This definition does not cover	qualification who is transferred to a
	managerial position and to carry	third-country nationals who are	host entity for career
	out paid work within that	admitted as full-time students or	development purposes or in order to obtain training in
	company; (This amendment applies	who are undergoing a short-term supervised practical training as	business techniques or methods
	throughout the text. Adopting it will	part of their studies;	and is paid during the transfer;
	necessitate corresponding changes	pur or men studies,	und is paid during the transier,
	throughout.)		EP can accept this compromise

	(and related provisions in Article 2(2)(e) and Article 5(3)) if the Council agrees to use the term "trainee employee" instead of "graduate trainee" throughout the text.  EP sees a substantive nuance between "trainee employee" and "graduate trainee". Albeit different from GATS terminology, "trainee employee" is more appropriate a term to refer to persons who are undertaking training in order to become an integral part of a company.  Presidency recommends acceptance of this compromise proposal.
AM 40	
(ga) 'highly qualified employment' means the employment of a person who: (i) in the Member State concerned, is protected as an employee under national employment law and/or in accordance with national practice, irrespective of the legal relationship, for the purpose of exercising genuine and effective work for, or under the direction	Related to the definition of a specialist

	of, someone else, (ii) is paid, and,		
	(iii) has the required adequate		
	and specific competence, as		
	proven by higher professional		
	qualifications;		
	AM 41		
	(gb) 'higher professional		Related to the definition of a
	qualifications' means		specialist
	qualifications attested by evidence		
	of higher education qualifications		
	or, by way of derogation, when		
	provided for by national law,		
	attested by at least five years of		
	professional experience of a level		
	comparable to higher education		
	qualifications and which is		
	relevant in the profession or sector		
	specified in the work contract or		
	binding job offer;		
	AM 42		
	(gc) 'professional experience'		Related to the definition of a
	means the actual and lawful		specialist
	pursuit of the profession		
	concerned;		
(h) 'higher education qualification'		(h) 'higher education qualification'	Agreement on Council text (first
means any diploma, certificate or		means any diploma, certificate or	trilogue)
other evidence of formal		other evidence of formal	
qualifications issued by a		qualifications issued by a	
competent authority attesting the		competent authority attesting the	
successful completion of a post-		successful completion of a []	
secondary higher education		bachelor's degree or equivalent	
programme of at least three years,		tertiary education [], namely a	

namely a set of courses provided by		set of courses provided by an	
an educational establishment		educational establishment	
recognised as a higher education		recognised as a higher education	
institution by the State in which it		institution by the State in which it	
is situated;		is situated;	
(i) 'family members' means the		(i) 'family members' means the	Identical
third-country nationals referred to		third-country nationals referred to	
in Article 4(1) of Council Directive		in Article 4(1) of Council Directive	
2003/86/EC;		2003/86/EC <sup>1</sup> ;	
(j) 'intra-corporate transferee		(j) 'intra-corporate transferee	Identical
permit' means any authorisation		permit' means any authorisation	
bearing the words 'intra-corporate		bearing the words 'intra-corporate	
transferee' entitling its holder to		transferee' entitling its holder to	
reside and work in the territory of a		reside and work in the territory of a	
Member State under the terms of		Member State under the terms of	
this Directive;		this Directive;	
	AM 43		
(k) 'single application procedure'	(k) 'single application procedure'	(k) 'single application procedure'	Agreement on compromise text
means the procedure leading, on	means the procedure leading, on	means the procedure leading, on	below:
the basis of one application for the	the basis of one application <i>made</i>	the basis of one application for the	(k) 'single application procedure'
authorisation of a third-country	by a third-country national, or by	authorisation of a third-country	means the procedure leading, on
national's residence and work in	the host entity, for the	national's residence and work in	the basis of one application for the
the territory of a Member State, to a	authorisation of residence and work	the territory of a Member State, to	authorisation of a third-country
decision on the application;	in the territory of a Member State,	a decision on <b>that</b> application;	national's residence and work in
	to a decision <i>ruling</i> on <i>that</i>		the territory of a Member State, to a
	application for an intra-corporate		decision on <i>that</i> application;
	transferee permit;		

OJ L 251, 3.10.2003, p. 12.

	AM 44		
(l) 'group of undertakings' for the	(l) 'group of undertakings' for the	(l) 'group of undertakings' for the	technical point
purposes of this Directive means	purposes of this Directive means	purposes of this Directive means	
two or more undertakings	two or more undertakings	two or more undertakings	EP will propose an amended text.
recognised as linked in the	recognised as linked [] under	recognised as linked in the	
following ways under national law:	national law where an undertaking,	following ways under national law:	
an undertaking, in relation to	in relation to another undertaking,	an undertaking, in relation to	
another undertaking directly or	holds a further undertaking	another undertaking directly or	
indirectly: holds a majority of that	directly or indirectly; holds a	indirectly: holds a majority of that	
undertaking's subscribed capital; or	majority of that undertaking's	undertaking's subscribed capital; or	
controls a majority of the votes	subscribed capital; or controls a	controls a majority of the votes	
attached to that undertaking's	majority of the votes attached to	attached to that undertaking's	
issued share capital; or can appoint	that undertaking's issued share	issued share capital; or can appoint	
more than half of the members of	capital; can appoint more than half	more than half of the members of	
that undertaking's administrative,	of the members of that	that undertaking's administrative,	
management or supervisory body;	undertaking's administrative,	management or supervisory body;	
	management or supervisory body;	or both undertakings are	
	or, in case of undertakings	managed on a unified basis by	
	controlled jointly by two or more	the parent undertaking;	
	undertakings, where the control is		
	given by contracts which assign		
	the possibility to exercise a		
	decisive influence on the activities		
	of a controlled undertaking;		
(m) 'first Member State' means the		(m) 'first Member State' means the	
Member State which first grants a		host Member State which first	
third-country national a residence		grants a third-country national <b>an</b>	
permit on the basis of this		intra-corporate transferee permit	
Directive;		on the basis of this Directive;	

		(n) 'second Member State' means any host Member State in which the intra-corporate transferee intends to exercise or exercises the right of mobility within the meaning of this Directive, other than the first Member State;	Related to the mobility scheme.
	AM 45		
(n) 'universally applicable	deleted	deleted	EMPL exclusive competence
collective agreement' means a			T1 1
collective agreement which must be			Identical
observed by all undertakings in the			
geographical area and in the			
profession or industry concerned.			
In the absence of a system for			
declaring collective agreements of			
universal application, Member States may base themselves on			
collective agreements which are			
generally applicable to all similar			
undertakings in the geographical			
area and in the profession or			
industry concerned, and/or			
collective agreements which have			
been concluded by the most			
representative employers and			
labour organisations at national			
level and which are applied			
throughout national territory.			

	(o) 'regulated profession' means	Agreement on Council text (first
	a regulated profession as defined	trilogue)
	in Article 3(1)(a) of Directive	
	2005/36/EC.	
Article 4	Article 4	
More favourable provisions	More favourable provisions	
1. This Directive shall apply	1. This Directive shall apply	Identical
without prejudice to more	without prejudice to more	
favourable provisions of:	favourable provisions of:	
(a) Union law, including bilateral	(a) Union law, including bilateral	Identical
and multilateral agreements	and multilateral agreements	
concluded between the Union and	concluded between the Union and	
its Member States on the one hand	its Member States on the one hand	
and one or more third countries on	and one or more third countries on	
the other;	the other;	
(b) bilateral or multilateral	(b) bilateral or multilateral	Identical
agreements concluded between one	agreements concluded between one	
or more Member States and one or	or more Member States and one or	
more third countries.	more third countries.	
2. This Directive shall not affect	2. This Directive shall not affect	joint LIBE-EMPL competence
the right of Member States to adopt	the right of Member States to adopt	
or retain more favourable	or retain more favourable	Identical
provisions for persons to whom it	provisions for persons to whom it	
applies in respect of Articles 3 (i),	applies in respect of Articles 3 (i),	
12, 14 and 15.	12, 14 and 15.	

CHADTED H		CHADTED H	<u></u>
CHAPTER II CONDITIONS OF ADMISSION		CHAPTER II CONDITIONS OF ADMISSION	
Article 5		Article 5	
Criteria for admission	177.46	Criteria for admission	
	AM 46		
1. Without prejudice to Article 10,	1. [] A third-country national who	1. Without prejudice to Article 10,	Agreement on Council text.
a third-country national who	applies to be admitted under the	a third-country national who	
applies to be admitted under the	terms of this Directive <i>may be</i>	applies to be admitted under the	
terms of this Directive shall:	granted admission, if he or she	terms of this Directive or the host	
	and/or his or her employer fulfils	entity shall:	
	the following conditions:	·	
	AM 47		
(a) provide evidence that the host	(a) provide evidence that the host	(a) Provide evidence that the host	Council has included the idea of
entity and the undertaking	entity and the undertaking	entity and the undertaking	genuine activity in Articles $6(1)(c)$
established in a third country	established in a third country	established in a third country	as a ground for rejection thus
belong to the same undertaking or	belong to the same undertaking or	belong to the same undertaking or	putting the burden of proof on the
group of undertakings;	group of undertakings and have a	group of undertakings;	authorities.
	genuine activity;		
			Presidency suggests to maintain the
			Council text for Article 5(1)(a) and
			for Article 6(1)(c) and amend
			recital (17a) Council text while
			merging it with recital (20a) EP
			text.
			icai.

	AM 48		
(b) provide evidence of	(b) provide evidence of <i>a</i>	In Article 5(6) and Article	Pending
employment within the same group	employment <i>contract</i> within the	$\int 5(1)(b)(v)$	
of undertakings, for at least 12	same group of undertakings for at		EP insists on a uniform previous
months immediately preceding the	least <i>nine uninterrupted</i> months		work experience period "at least"
date of the intra-corporate transfer,	for managers and specialists and		should not be understood as
if required by national legislation,	for at least three uninterrupted		providing for an open-ended
and that he or she will be able to	months for trainee employees		period.
transfer back to an entity belonging	immediately preceding the date of		
to that group of undertakings and	the intra-corporate transfer [] and		Council insists on a flexible period.
established in a third country at the	that he or she will transfer back to		
end of the assignment;	an entity belonging to that group of		Related to the mobility scheme.
	undertakings and established in a		
	third country at the end of the		
	assignment;		
(c) present an assignment letter		(b) present an assignment letter	Pending on elements.
from the employer including:		from the employer and/or a work	
		contract, from the employer	Agreement on compromise below
		including:	on c), (i), (ii) with some
			reservations:
			(c) present a work contract and, if
			<i>necessary</i> , an assignment letter
			from the employer <i>providing</i> :
		(i) evidence of employment with	
		the undertaking established in a	
		third country;	
(i) the duration of the transfer and		(ii) the duration of the transfer and	(i) <i>details of</i> the duration of the
the location of the host entity or		the location of the host entity [];	transfer and the location of the host
entities of the Member State			entity;
concerned;			
			[reservation of the EP on deletion
			of the rest of the text, depending on

			the mobility scheme]
	AM 39		
(ii) evidence that he or she is taking a position as a manager, specialist or graduate trainee in the host entity or entities in the Member State concerned;	(ii) evidence that he or she is taking a position as a manager, specialist or <i>trainee employee</i> in the host entity or entities in the Member State concerned;	(iii) evidence that [] the third- country national is taking a position as a manager, specialist or graduate trainee in the host entity or entities in the Member State concerned;	(ii) evidence that <i>the third country national</i> is taking a position as a manager, specialist or <i>trainee employee</i> in the host entity or entities in the Member State concerned
	AM 49		
(iii) the remuneration granted during the transfer;	(iii) the remuneration and all other terms and conditions of employment, including benefits, as laid down by collective agreements, and granted during the transfer, which shall correspond to those attributed for equivalent activities in the host Member State;	(iv) the remuneration [] as well as other terms and conditions of employment;	[(iii) to be dealt with at political level together with Article 14]  Council is of the opinion that workers posted from third-countries should be treated in the same manner as workers posted within the EU. EP is opposed to linking the ICT Directive and Directive 96/71/EC.  EP: Why did Council delete "granted during the transfer"?
	cf AM 48 on Article 5(1)(b) and AM 54 on Article 5(1)(ha)	(v) evidence that the third- country national will be able to transfer back to an entity belonging to that group of undertakings and established in a third country at the end of the assignment.	(v) Council text: on hold, depends on b and AM 54

	AM 50 + AM 39		
(d) provide evidence that he or she has the professional qualifications	(d) provide evidence that he or she has the professional qualifications	(c) provide evidence that the third- country national has the	joint LIBE-EMPL competence
needed in the Member State to which he or she has been admitted	and experience needed in the Member State to which he or she	professional qualifications needed in the [] host entity to which he	Pending on elements.
for the position of manager or specialist or, for graduate trainees,	has been admitted for the position of manager or specialist or, for	or she [] is to be transferred as manager or specialist or, in the	Agreement on compromise below (reservation on "and experience")
the higher education qualifications required;	trainee employees, the higher education qualifications required;	case of a graduate trainee, the higher education qualifications	
1	1	required;	(c) provide evidence that the third- country national has the
			professional qualifications [and experience] needed in the host
			entity to which he or she is to be transferred as manager or
			specialist or, <i>in the case of a trainee employee</i> the higher
	125.55		education qualifications required;
	AM 51		
(e) present documentation certifying that he or she fulfils the	(e) present documentation certifying that he or she fulfils the	(d) present documentation certifying that [] the third-	Agreement on compromise below:
conditions laid down under national	conditions laid down under national	country national fulfils the	(d) present documentation
legislation for citizens of the Union	legislation for citizens of the Union	conditions laid down under national	certifying that <i>the third-country</i>
to exercise the regulated profession	to exercise the regulated profession	legislation of the Member State in	national fulfils the conditions laid
which the transferee will work in:	which the transferee will work in,	which the host entity is	down under national legislation <i>of</i>
,	and as set out in the Directive	<b>established</b> for citizens of the	the Member State concerned for
	2005/36/EC of the European	Union to exercise the regulated	citizens of the Union to exercise the
	Parliament and of the Council of 7	profession which the [] intra-	regulated profession to which the
	September 2005 on the recognition	corporate transferee is applying	application relates;
	of professional qualifications <sup>1</sup> ;	to work in;	

(f) present a valid travel document, as determined by national law, and		(e) present a valid travel document of the third-country national, as	Agreement on compromise below:
an application for a visa or a visa, if required;		determined by national law, and an application for a visa or a visa, if required; Member States may require the period of validity of the travel document to cover at least the initial duration of the residence permit;	(e) present a valid travel document of the third-country national, as determined by national law, and an application for a visa or a visa, if required; Member States may require the period of validity of the travel document to cover at least the initial duration of the intracorporate transferee permit;
	AM 52		
(g) without prejudice to existing	(g) without prejudice to existing	(f) without prejudice to existing	on hold depends on Article 14.
bilateral agreements, present	bilateral agreements and	bilateral agreements, present	
evidence of having or, if provided	notwithstanding the provisions of	evidence [] that the third-	Correction in EP text: should refer
for by national law, having applied	Article 14(2)(e) in regard to	country national has or is	to Article 14(4)
for sickness insurance for all the	sickness benefits, present evidence	entitled to have by virtue of the	
risks normally covered for	of having or, if provided for by	application of national law, a	
nationals of the Member State	national law, having applied for	sickness insurance for all the risks	
concerned for periods where no	sickness insurance for all the risks	normally covered for nationals of	
such insurance coverage and	normally covered for nationals of	the Member State concerned for	
corresponding entitlement to	the Member State concerned for	periods where no such insurance	
benefits are provided in connection	periods where no such insurance	coverage and corresponding	
with, or as a result of, the work	coverage and corresponding	entitlement to benefits are provided	
contract;	entitlement to benefits are provided	in connection with, or as a result	
	in connection with, or as a result of,	of, the work [] carried out in the	
	the work contract;	Member State concerned;	

	AM 53		
(h) be considered not to pose a threat to public policy, public security or public health.	(h) be considered not to pose a threat to public policy, public security, public health or other valid interests of the host Member States, if provided for in national		Agreement on Council text in Article 5(5). Therefore, agreement to delete this point.
	law.		
	AM 54		
	(ha) provide a declaration undertaking to leave the Union at the end of the intra-corporate transfer.	Cf Article $5(1)(b)(v)$	Pending
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1a. Member States may require the applicant to present the documents listed in paragraphs 1 (a)-(d) and (f) in the language of	Agreement on Council text.
		the Member State concerned.	
		1b. Member States may require	
		the applicant to provide the	D 11
		address of the third-country	Presidency recommends the
		national concerned in the	following text:
		territory of the Member State.	1b. Member States may require the applicant to provide, at the latest at the time of the issuance of the intra-corporate transferee permit, the address of the third-country national concerned in the territory of the Member State.
			EP expressed doubts regarding the suggestion as the person concerne is unlikely to know his/her address

2. Member States shall require that all conditions in the law, regulations or administrative provisions and/or universally applicable collective agreements applicable to posted workers in a similar situation in the relevant occupational branches are met with regard to the remuneration granted during the transfer.	AM 55  2. Member States shall require that all terms and conditions in the law, regulations or administrative provisions and [] applicable collective agreements applicable [] in the relevant occupational branches are met [] during the transfer.	2. Member States shall require that [] the terms and conditions of employment set out in Article 5 (1)(b)(iv) which will be granted to the third-country national during the transfer are in line with the provisions of Article 3 of Directive 96/71/EC.	Council draws attention to the "may" clause in this provision.  Pending  Related to Article 6(2)(b) and Article 5(7)(2)(a).  joint LIBE-EMPL competence  Council is of the opinion that workers posted from third-countries should be treated in the same manner as workers posted within the EU. EP, on the other hand, is opposed to linking the ICT Directive and Directive 96/71/EC.
	AM 56 Member States may require that	2a. Member States may require	EP correction: it should be a shall-
	the remuneration granted during	that the remuneration which will	<u>clause.</u>
	the transfer and other terms and	be granted to the third-country	
	conditions of employment are not worse than for comparable	national during the transfer is not less favourable than the	
	employees of the Member States.	remuneration granted for	
	employees of the member states.	employees in the host Member	
		State concerned occupying	
		comparable positions.	

		2b. Member States may require that the intra-corporate transferee will have sufficient resources during his/her stay to maintain him/herself and his/her family members without having recourse to social benefits including the social assistance system of the Member State concerned.	Presidency requests clarification from the Member States of the meaning of "social benefits including the social assistance system".
In the change of a contain fact	AM 57		Identical
In the absence of a system for	deleted	deleted	Identical.
declaring collective agreements to			
be of universal application, Member States may, if they so			
decide, base themselves on			
collective agreements which are			
generally applicable to all similar			
undertakings in the geographical			
area and in the profession or			
industry concerned, and/or			
collective agreements which have			
been concluded by the most			
representative employers' and			
labour organisations at national			
level and which are applied			
throughout national territory.			

AM 39 3. In addition to the evidence 3. In addition to the evidence 3. In addition to the evidence Council suggests as a compromise: stipulated in paragraphs 1 and 2, stipulated in paragraphs 1 and 2, stipulated in paragraphs 1 and 2, any third-country national who any third-country national who any third-country national who 3. In addition to the evidence applies to be admitted as a graduate applies to be admitted as a trainee applies to be admitted as [...] an stipulated in paragraphs 1 and 2, trainee shall present a training employee shall present a training employee in training may be any third-country national who agreement, including a description agreement, including a description required to present a training applies to be admitted as a trainee agreement, related to the of the training programme, its of the training programme, its employee may be required to duration and the conditions under duration and the conditions under preparation for his/her future present a training agreement, which the applicant is supervised which the applicant is supervised position within the group of related to the preparation for during the programme. during the programme. undertakings, including a his/her future position within the description of the training group of undertakings, including programme, which demonstrates a description of the training that the purpose of stay is to programme, which demonstrates train the employee for career that the purpose of stay is to development purposes in order train the employee for career to obtain training in business development purposes or in techniques or methods, its order to obtain training in duration and the conditions under business techniques or methods, which the applicant is supervised its duration and the conditions during the programme. under which the applicant is supervised during the programme. EP can accept this compromise (and related provisions in Article 2(2)(e) and Article 3(g)) if the Council agrees to use the term " trainee employee" instead of "graduate trainee" throughout the text. Presidency recommends acceptance of this compromise

proposal.

4. Where the transfer concerns host entities located in several Member		deleted	mobility-related provision
States, any third-country national			
who applies to be admitted under			
the terms of this Directive shall present evidence of the notification			
required pursuant to Article			
16(1)(b).			
	AM 58		
5. Any modification that affects the conditions for admission set out in this Article shall be notified to the competent authorities of the Member State concerned.	5. Any modification during the stay that affects the conditions for admission set out in this Article shall be notified to the competent authorities of the Member State concerned and shall be in compliance with Article 5 (1) to (4) and Article 14.	4. Any modification that affects the conditions for admission set out in this Article shall be notified by the host entity to the competent authorities of the Member State concerned.	Technical group suggests: 5. Any modification during the application procedure that affects the conditions for admission set out in this Article shall be notified by the applicant to the competent authorities of the Member State concerned.  Council and EP agree that changes during both application procedure and stay should be notified. Against that background, and because EP expressed doubts inserting a new paragraph (4a) in Article 12, Presidency suggests to insert a new Article (11a):
			Article 11a
			Modifications during stay
			Any modification during the stay that affects the conditions for

		admission set out in <i>Article 5</i> shall be notified <i>by the applicant</i> to the competent authorities of the Member State concerned.
cf AM 53 on Article 5(1)(h)	5. [] Third-country nationals who are considered to pose a	Agreement on Council text.
	threat to public policy, public security or public health shall not be admitted for the purposes of this Directive.	Related to Article 7(2)(b)
cf AM 48 on Article 5(1)(b)	6. Member States shall require the third-country national to provide evidence of employment	Pending as regards the time periods.
	within the same group of undertakings, from at least <b>6</b>	Related to recital 12
	months up to 12 months immediately preceding the date of	Presidency suggests:
	the intra-corporate transfer [] in the case of managers and	<b>6. Member States shall require the applicant to</b> provide evidence
	specialists, and from at least 3 up to 12 months in the case of	of employment within the same group of undertakings, from at least
	graduate trainees.	6 <u>up to 12 uninterrupted</u> months [] immediately preceding the
		date of the intra-corporate transfer [] in the case of managers and
		specialists, and from at least 3 up to 12 <i>uninterrupted</i> months in the
		case of graduate trainees. Cf comments regarding AM 48.

7. Member States may, if	Presidency seeks clarification from
provided for by national law,	the Member States on what
require the host entity to provide	constitutes the statement of
a statement of financial	financial responsibility?
responsibility to ensure that:	
	EP regards this requirement as an
	additional burden and considers it
	unnecessary in view of all the other
	admission conditions set out in this
	Article.
(a) The intra-corporate	Presidency seeks clarification from
transferee will be guaranteed the	the Member States on how the host
required level of remuneration	entity would prove this in practice.
and rights as specified under	
Article 14, in particular that	
she/he and his/her family	
members will not have recourse	
to the social assistance system of	
the Member States concerned;	
(b) All expenses that could be	Pending
related to the return of the intra-	
corporate transferee in case of	
illegal stay are covered. The	
financial responsibility of the	
host entity shall end at the latest	
12 months after the termination	
of the assignment in the Member	
State concerned.	

		Article 5A	
		Volumes of admission	
	cf AM 60 on Article 6(3)	1. This Directive shall not affect	Pending
		the right of a Member State to	
		determine the volumes of	Council suggests alignment with
		admission of third-country	wording Article 5a of its text in the
		nationals entering its territory.	Seasonal Workers Directive:
			1. This Directive shall not affect the right of a Member State to determine the volumes of admission of third-country nationals entering its territory in the framework of an intracorporate transfer. On this basis and for the purposes of this Directive, an application for an intra-corporate transferee permit may be considered inadmissible.
		2. An application for admission	Presidency seeks clarification from
		to a Member State for the	the Member States on whether it is
		purposes of this Directive may be	feasible to keep this both as a
		considered inadmissible on the	ground for inadmissibility and as a
		grounds set out in paragraph 1.	ground for rejection.
Article 6		Article 6	
Grounds for refusal		Grounds for refusal	
1. Member States shall reject an		1. Member States shall reject an	Agreement on Council text.
application where the conditions set		application [] in the following	
out in Article 5 are not met or		cases:	
where the documents presented			
have been fraudulently acquired,			
falsified or tampered with.			

		(a) where the [] criteria set out in Article 5 are not met;	Agreement on Council text.
		or	Agreement on Council text.
		<b>(b)</b> where the documents presented	Agreement on Council text.
		have been fraudulently acquired,	
		falsified or tampered with;	
		or	Agreement on Council text.
	cf AM 47 on Article 5(1)(a)	(c) where the host entity was	Presidency suggests to maintain the
		established for the sole purpose	Council text for Article 5(1)(a) and
		of facilitating the entry of intra-	for Article 6(1)(c) and amend
		corporate transferees;	recital (17a) Council text while
			merging it with recital (20a) EP
			text.
		or	
		(d) where the maximum duration	Pending
		of stay as defined in Article 10A	
		has been reached.	To be considered in the context of
			discussions on Article 10A.
	AM 59		
2. Member States shall reject an	2. Member States shall reject an	2. Member States [] may reject	EP considers this as a serious
application if the employer or the	application if the employer or the	an application if:	ground that should give rise to
host entity has been sanctioned in	host entity has been sanctioned in	(a) the employer or the host entity	rejection.
conformity with national law for	conformity with national law for	has been sanctioned in conformity	
undeclared work and/or illegal	undeclared work, illegal	with national law for undeclared	Council suggests that this should
employment.	employment and/or non	work and/or illegal employment or	not be an automatic ground for
	observance of obligations laid	does not meet the legal	rejection but rather something that
	down in the national labour or social law or collective	obligations regarding social	should be considered on a case by case basis.
		security and/or taxation set out in national law or has filed for	cuse vasis.
	agreements.	bankruptcy or is otherwise	
		insolvent or if no economic	
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		or	
		(b) the terms and conditions of	Related to Article 5(2) and Article
		employment according to	5(7)(2)(a).
		applicable laws, collective	ED 1 C
		agreements or practices in the Member State where the host	EP has a very firm position against any reference to the Posted
		entity is established are not met;	Workers Directive throughout the
		chirty is established are not met,	text.
		or	
		(c) the intent or effect of	
		temporary presence of the intra-	
		corporate transferee is to interfere with, or otherwise affect	
		the outcome of, any labour	
		management dispute or	
		negotiation;	
		(d) the host entity within the 12	
		months immediately preceding	
		the date of the application, has	
		eliminated, by means of a null or	
		unfair dismissal, the positions	
		he/she is trying to fill through the	
	AM 60	new application.	
	AM OU		
3. Member States may reject an	3. This Directive shall not affect	(3) Member States may reject an	<u>Presidency</u> seeks the views of
application on the grounds of	the right of Member States to set	application for admission to a	Member States on EP amendment.
volumes of admission of third-	limits on the number of intra-	Member State for the purposes	
country nationals.	corporate transferees in general	of this Directive on the ground []	
	and or for certain professions,	set out in Article 5A(1) or Article	
	economic sectors or regions.	10A(2).	

	Member States may use such limits to entirely rule out the possibility of admitting third-country nationals as intracorporate transferees. When appropriate alternatives for trainee employees can be found nationally, they have preference.		
4. Where the transfer concerns host entities located in several Member States, the Member State where the application is lodged shall limit the geographical scope of validity of the permit to the Member States where the conditions set out in Article 5 are met.		deleted	Mobility-related provision
Article 7 Withdrawal or non-renewal of the permit		Article 7 Withdrawal or non-renewal of the permit	Agreement on the structure of the Council text (to separate withdrawal and non-renewal in two paragraphs).
1. Member States shall withdraw or refuse to renew an intra-corporate transferee permit in the following cases:		1. Member States shall withdraw [] an intra-corporate transferee permit in the following cases:	Agreement on Council text.
(a) where it has been fraudulently acquired, or has been falsified, or tampered with;		(a) where it has been fraudulently acquired, or has been falsified, or tampered with;	Agreement on Council text.
or (b) where the holder is residing for purposes other than those for which he/she was authorised to reside.		or (b) where the [] intra-corporate transferee is residing for purposes other than those for which he/she was authorised to reside.	Agreement on Council text.

	or	
	(c) where the host entity was	See Presidency suggestion Article
	established for the sole purpose	5(1)(a).
	of facilitating the entry of intra-	
	corporate transferees.	
	2. Member States shall refuse to	Agreement on Council text.
	renew an intra-corporate	
	transferee permit in the following	
	cases:	
	(a) where it has been	Agreement on Council text.
	fraudulently acquired, or has	
	been falsified, or tampered with;	
	or	Agreement on Council text.
	(b) where the intra-corporate	Agreement on Council text.
	transferee is residing for	
	purposes other than those for	
	which he/she was authorised to	
	reside;	
	or	
	(c) where the host entity was	See Presidency suggestion Article
	established for the sole purpose	5(1)(a).
	of facilitating the entry of intra-	
	corporate transferees;	
	or	
	(d) where the maximum duration	Pending
	of stay as defined in Article 10A	
	has been reached.	
2. Member States may withdraw or	<b>3.</b> Member States may withdraw or	Identical
refuse to renew an intra-corporate	refuse to renew an intra-corporate	
transferee permit in the following	transferee permit in the following	
cases;	cases;	

(a) wherever the conditions laid	(a) wherever the [] criteria laid	Pending
down in Article 5 were not met or	down in Article 5 were not met or	
are no longer met;	are no longer met;	
or	or	
(b) for reasons of public policy,	deleted (as it is covered by Article	Agreement on Council text given
public security or public health.	5)	agreement on Article 5(5) Council text.
	(b) where the employer or the	Presidency seeks Member States'
	host entity has been sanctioned	views if Council could accept the
	in conformity with national law	EP suggestion " or has been
	for undeclared work and/or	declared bankrupt" instead?
	illegal employment or does not	
	meet the legal obligations	
	regarding social security and/or	
	taxation set out in national law	
	or has filed for bankruptcy or is	
	otherwise insolvent or if no	
	economic activity is taking place;	
	or	
	(c) where the terms and	(See comments on Article 6(2)(b)).
	conditions of the employment	
	according to applicable laws,	
	collective agreements or	
	practices in the Member State	
	where the host entity is	
	established are not met;	
	or	
	(d) where the intra-corporate	
	transferee has abused the short-	
	term mobility rules set out in	
	Article 16;	

		or	
		(e) when the intra-corporate	Pending
		transferee applies for social	
		assistance, provided that the	
		appropriate written information	
		concerning this consequence has	
		been provided to him/her in	
		advance by the Member State	
		concerned.	
Article 8		Article 8	
Penalties		Sanctions	
	AM 61	12 11 11 11 11	
Member States may hold the host	Member States may hold the host	Member States may, if provided	Pending
entity responsible and provide for	entity responsible and provide for	for in national law, hold the host	
penalties for failure to comply with	penalties for failure to comply with	entity responsible and provide for	Related to recital (11a) EP text and
the conditions of admission. Those	the conditions of admission <i>laid</i>	[] sanctions for failure to comply	recital (18) Council text .
penalties shall be effective,	down in this Directive and the	with the conditions of admission	
proportionate and dissuasive.	obligations arising out of the work	and stay or to comply with	Technical group suggests the
	<i>contract</i> . Those penalties shall be	administrative and information	following compromise text:
	effective, proportionate and	requirements. Those []	
	dissuasive and shall be consistent	sanctions shall be effective,	8. Member States may hold the
	with the provisions foreseen in	proportionate and dissuasive.	host entity responsible <i>and shall</i>
	Article 7 of Directive 2009/52/EC		provide for <i>sanctions</i> for failure to
	of the European Parliament and		comply with the conditions of
	of the Council of 18 June 2009		admission and stay laid down in
	providing for minimum standards		this Directive. Those sanctions
	on sanctions and measures against		shall be effective, proportionate
	employers of illegally staying		and dissuasive. Member States
	third-country nationals <sup>1</sup> . Member		shall lay down measures aimed at
	States shall lay down monitoring,		preventing and penalising possible
	assessment and periodic		abuses, []including in particular
	inspection procedures to prevent		monitoring, assessment and
	and penalise possible abuses.		inspection measures <u>in</u>

			accordance with national law.
			Presidency recommends acceptance of this proposal
CHAPTER III		CHAPTER III	
PROCEDURE AND PERMIT		PROCEDURE AND PERMIT	
Article 9 Access to information		Article 9 Access to information	Pending on elements.
			Agreement on the compromise text below for the paragraphs 1 and 2 of Article 9, with reservations of the Council on the deletion of "first" in paragraph 2 and a reservation of Parliament on the reference to Article 16(4)(b), since it is linked to the mobility scheme.
	AM 62		
Member States shall take the necessary measures to make available information on entry and residence, including rights, and all documentary evidence needed for an application.	Member States shall take the necessary measures to ensure access to information on entry and residence, including the rights of the intra-corporate transferee and of his/her family members and all documentary evidence needed for an application, as well as rights regarding working conditions, social security and enforcement and complaints procedures to all applicants and admitted intra-corporate transferees in the host country.	1. Member States shall [] make available information on entry and residence, including rights, and all documentary evidence needed for an application.	1. Member States shall make <i>easily</i> accessible to applicants all documentary evidence needed for an application and information on entry and residence, including all the rights of the intra-corporate transferee and of their family members.

Article 10 Applications for admission		2. The first Member State makes available information to the host entity on the right of Member States to impose sanctions in accordance with Article 8 and/or Article 16(5).  Article 10 Applications for admission	2. [] Member States shall make available information to the host entity on the right of Member States to impose sanctions in accordance with Article 8 [and/or Article 16(4)(b)].
1. Member States shall determine whether an application is to be made by the third-country national or by the host entity.		1. Member States shall determine whether an application is to be made by the third-country national and/or by the host entity.	Agreement on the compromise below:  1. Member States shall determine whether an application is to be submitted by the third country national or by the host entity.  Member States may also decide to allow an application from either of the two.
2. The application shall be considered and examined only when the third-country national is residing outside the territory of the Member State to which admission is sought.		2. The application shall be [] submitted when the third-country national is residing outside the territory of the Member State to which admission is sought.	Agreement on Council text.
3. The application shall be lodged to the authorities of the Member State where the intra-corporate transfer mainly takes place.	AM 63 3. The application shall be lodged to the competent authorities of the Member State where the intracorporate transfer mainly takes place. In the circumstances governed by Article 16, the competent authority, as referred to in paragraph 4 of this Article,	deleted	mobility-related  Agreement to replace "lodged" by "submitted".

4. Member States shall designate the authority competent to receive the application and to issue the intra-corporate transferee permit.	shall be that of the Member State in which the host entity where the intra-corporate transferee carries out his/her work is situated. Where it is impossible to anticipate with certainty in which Member State the intra-corporate transferee will mainly be located, the application shall be lodged to the competent authorities of the first Member State of entry.  AM 64  4. Member States shall designate the authority competent to receive the application and to issue the intra-corporate transferee permit, and shall notify the Commission and the Member States thereof.	3. Member States shall designate the <b>authorities</b> competent to receive the application and to issue the intra-corporate transferee permit.	Pending technical point  Council has following concerns on EP AM: - Text needs to be adapted as more authorities than a single authority can be competent for receiving and issuing ICT permits Notification to Cion and MS is
			<ul> <li>Notification to Cton and MS is administrative burden.</li> <li>Possibly notification to contact points.</li> </ul>
5. The application shall be		4. The application shall be	Identical
submitted in a single application		submitted in a single application	
procedure.		procedure.	

	AM 65		
6. The Member State concerned	6. The Member State concerned	In Article 11(7)	Pending
shall grant third-country nationals	shall grant <i>the</i> third-country		
whose application for admission	<i>national</i> whose application for		Technical group suggests to
has been accepted every facility to	admission has been accepted []		transfer the provision to Article
obtain the requisite visa.	the requisite visa, <i>provided that all</i>		11(7) since it is directly related to
	necessary conditions under		the issuance of the ICT permit.
	national and Union law are met.		
			However, substance is to be further
			discussed.
			EP AM not acceptable for Council
			because:
			- Formulation Commission
			proposal is used in other legal
			instruments (art 7 Blue Card
			directive; art 5(2) Citizenship
			directive) and has been
			validated by ECJ (C-503/03
			Commission vs Spain).
			- It implies regulating visa policy
			which surpasses the legal basis
			of the ICT Directive. Moreover,
			long-term visa are not even
			covered by art 77 TFEU which
			only refers to short term visas.
7. Simplified procedures may be		5. Simplified procedures <b>related to</b>	
made available to groups of		the issuance of intra-corporate	
undertakings that have been		transferee permits, and permits	
recognised for that purpose by		granted to family members of an	Technical group makes
Member States in accordance with		intra-corporate transferee as	compromise suggestion for
their national legislation or		well as visas may be made	paragraphs (7), (8), (9) and (10)
administrative practice.		available to <b>entities or to</b> groups of	Cion text:

		undertakings that have been recognised for that purpose by Member States in accordance with their national legislation or administrative practice.  Recognition shall be regularly reassessed and appropriate penalties provided for, in accordance with national law.	7. Simplified procedures related to the issuance of intra-corporate transferee permits, permits granted to family members of an intra-corporate transferee and visas, as well as in relation to intra-EU mobility may be made available to entities or to groups of undertakings that have been recognised for that purpose by Member States in accordance with their national legislation (). Recognition shall be regularly reassessed. (deletion of the rest of the paragraph)
Recognition shall be granted for a maximum of three years on the basis of the following information:		deleted	
	AM 66		
(a) information relating to the financial standing of the group of undertakings aiming to ensure that the intra-corporate transferee will be guaranteed the required level of remuneration and rights as provided for in Article 14;	(a) information relating to the financial standing of the group of undertakings aiming to ensure that the intra-corporate transferee will be guaranteed <i>at least</i> the level of remuneration and rights as provided for in Article 14;	deleted	

	AM 67		
(b) evidence that the conditions of admission regarding prior transfers have been complied with;	(b) evidence <i>provided by the</i> competent authority that the conditions of admission regarding prior transfers have been complied with;	deleted	
(c) evidence that tax law and regulations have been complied with in the host country;		deleted	
	AM 68		
(d) information related to forthcoming transfers.	(d) information, <i>provided in a timely manner</i> , <i>relating</i> to forthcoming transfers.	deleted	
8. The simplified procedures provided for in paragraph 7 shall consist of:		deleted	8. The simplified procedures provided for in paragraph 7 shall <i>include</i> :  (a) exempting the applicant from presenting all or some of the evidence [] referred to in Article 5 where they have been previously provided and are still valid; and/or  (b) a fast-track admission procedure allowing intra-corporate transferee permits to be issued within a shorter time than specified in Article 12(1); and/or  (c) facilitated and/or accelerated procedures in relation to the issuance of the requisite visas.

	T	T	
(a) exempting the applicant from		deleted	
presenting the documents referred			
to in Article 5 where they have			
been previously provided and are			
still valid;			
	AM 69		
(b) a fast-track admission	(b) a fast-track admission	deleted	
procedure allowing intra-corporate	procedure allowing intra-corporate		
transferee permits to be issued	transferee permits to be issued		
within a shorter time than specified	within <i>half the</i> time specified in		
in Article 12(1);	Article 12(1);		
or	. , .	deleted	
(c) specific facilitations for visas.		deleted	
	AM 70		
9. A group of undertakings that has	9. A group of undertakings that has	deleted	9. Entities or groups of
been recognised in accordance with	been recognised in accordance with		undertakings which have been
paragraph 7 shall notify to the	paragraph 7 shall notify to the		recognised in accordance with
relevant authority any modification	relevant authority any modification		paragraph 7 shall notify to the
affecting the conditions for	affecting the conditions for		relevant authority any modification
recognition.	recognition, in a timely manner		affecting the conditions for
	and, in any event, within no more		recognition without delay [].
	than 30 days.		a see
	AM 71		
10. Member States shall provide for	10. Member States shall provide for	deleted	() Member States shall provide
appropriate penalties, including	appropriate penalties, including		for appropriate penalties, including
revocation of recognition, in the	revocation of recognition, in the		revocation of recognition, in the
event of failure to provide the	event of failure to provide the		event of failure to <i>notify the</i>
evidence and information referred	evidence and information referred		relevant authority.
to in paragraph 7.	to in paragraph 7, or in the event of		Total will will will.
L B L	failure to notify the authority, as		
	laid down in paragraph 9.		
	www worn in purusiupit .		

		Article 10A Duration of an intra-corporate transfer	
Cf Article 16(3).	Cf AM 39 on Article 16(3).	1. The maximum duration of the transfer to the European Union shall not exceed three years for	EP could accept to add the last part of the Council's text.
		managers and specialists and one year for graduate trainees after which they shall return to a third country unless they obtain a	
		residence permit on another basis in accordance with national or Union legislation.	
		2. Member States may require a certain time period of up to 3	Pending
		years to pass between the end of	Council understands the end of the
		a transfer and another application concerning the same third-country national for the	intra corporate transfer as the end of the maximum period of the ICT permit.
		purposes of this Directive in the same Member State.	Related to recitals (12a) and (12b). <i>EP suggestion:</i>
			2. Member States shall require 6 months to pass between the end of a transfer and another application concerning the same third-country national for the purposes of this Directive.
			Presidency suggests following compromise text:

		2. Without prejudice to their obligations under international agreements, Member States may require a period of up to 1 year to pass between the end of a transfer and another application concerning the same third-country national for the purposes of this Directive in the same Member State.  Related to intra-EU mobility scheme.
	3. An application for admission	
	to a Member State for the	
	purposes of this Directive may be	
	considered inadmissible if the	
	time period set in accordance	
	with paragraph 2 has not passed.	
Article 11	Article 11	
Intra-corporate transferee permit	Intra-corporate transferee permit	
1. Intra-corporate transferees who	1. Intra-corporate transferees who	Identical
fulfil the admission criteria set out	fulfil the admission criteria set out	
in Article 5 and for whom the	in Article 5 and for whom the	
competent authorities have taken a	competent authorities have taken a	
positive decision shall be issued	positive decision shall be issued	
with an intra-corporate transferee	with an intra-corporate transferee	
permit.	permit.	

	AM 39		
2. The period of validity of the	2. The period of validity of the	2. The period of validity of the	
intra-corporate transferee permit	intra-corporate transferee permit	intra-corporate transferee permit	
shall be at least one year or the	shall be at least one year or the	shall be at least one year or the	
duration of the transfer to the	duration of the transfer to the	duration of the transfer to the	
territory of the Member State	territory of the Member State	territory of the Member States	
concerned, whichever is shorter,	concerned, whichever is shorter,	concerned, whichever is shorter,	
and may be extended to a	and may be extended to a	and may be extended to a	
maximum of three years for	maximum of three years for	maximum of three years for	
managers and specialists and one	managers and specialists and one	managers and specialists and one	
year for graduate trainees.	year for trainee employees.	year for graduate trainees.	
3. The intra-corporate transferee		3. The intra-corporate transferee	Pending
permit shall be issued by the		permit shall be issued by the	
competent authorities of the		competent authorities of the	
Member State using the uniform		Member State using the uniform	
format as laid down in Council		format as laid down in Council	
Regulation (EC) No 1030/2002. In		Regulation (EC) No 1030/20021.	
accordance with point (a) 7.5-9 of		[] (moved to point 6)	
the Annex to that Regulation,			
Member States shall indicate on the			
residence permit information			
related to the permission to work			
under the conditions laid down in			
Article 13.			
	AM 72		
4. Under the heading 'type of	4. The residence title must indicate	4. Under the heading []	Pending
permit', the Member States shall	that it is a residence permit for	'remarks', in accordance with	
enter 'intra-corporate transferee'	intra-corporate transferees.	point (a) 7.5-9 of the Annex to	Council plans to have further
and the name of the group of	Member States <i>may</i> issue to the	Regulation (EC) No 1030/2002,	discussion at technical level with
undertakings concerned. Member	holder of an intra-corporate	the Member States shall enter	expert advice.
States shall issue to the holder of an	transferee permit an additional	'intra-corporate transferee' [].	

<sup>• &</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>OJ L 157, 15.6.2002, p. 1.

intra-corporate transferee permit an additional document containing a list of the entities authorised to host the third-country national and revise it whenever that list is modified.	document containing a list of the entities authorised to host the third-country national and revise it whenever that list is modified.		The second sentence is under reservation from the Parliament (linked to mobility scheme).
	AM 73		
5. Member States shall not issue any additional permits, in particular work permits of any kind.	5. The residence permit for intra- corporate transfers shall be a single document. Member States may issue additional documents.	5. Member States shall not issue any additional permits, in particular work permits of any kind.	EP will check its AM and come back at technical level.
		6. Member States may indicate additional information related to the employment activity during intra-corporate transfer of the third-country national (such as the name and address of the host entity, place of work, name and address of the client, type of work, working hours, remuneration) in paper format, and/or store such data in electronic format as referred to in Article 4 of Regulation (EC) 1030/2002 and point (a)16 of its Annex thereto.	Depending on the decision on paragraph 5, technical group suggests on the following text, as it is the same text as in the Single Permit.  6. Member States may indicate additional information related to the employment activity during intra-corporate transfer of the third-country national (such as the name and address of the host entity, place of work, type of work, working hours, remuneration) in paper format, and/or store such data in electronic format as referred to in Article 4 of Regulation (EC) 1030/2002 and point (a)16 of its Annex thereto.

		7. The Member State concerned shall grant third-country nationals whose application for admission	Pending  Technical group suggests to
		has been accepted every facility to	transfer the provision from 10(6)
		obtain the requisite visa.	EP and Commission text to Article
		00 turn tire 10 quisire   15 tu	11(7) since it is directly related to
			the issuance of the ICT permit.
Article 12		Article 12	
Procedural safeguards		Procedural safeguards	
	AM 74		
1. The competent authorities of the	1. The competent authorities of the	1. The competent authorities of the	EP cannot accept the deadline of
Member State concerned shall	Member State concerned shall	Member State concerned shall	90 days suggested by Council
adopt a decision on the application	adopt a decision on the application	adopt a decision on the application	considering this deadline
for admission to a Member State as	for admission to a Member State as	for [] an intra-corporate	particularly long.
an intra-corporate transferee or for	an intra-corporate transferee or for	transferee permit or a renewal of	
revision of the additional document	revision of the additional document	it and notify the applicant in	Council prefers single time limit for
provided for in Article 11(4) and	provided for in Article 11(4) and	writing, in accordance with the	applications above period for
notify the applicant in writing, in accordance with the notification	notify the applicant in writing, in accordance with the notification	notification procedures laid down in the national law of the Member	normal applications and extension
			for complex applications. Single time limit would be consistent with
procedures laid down in the national law of the Member State	procedures laid down in the national law of the Member State	State concerned, [] as soon as	
concerned, within 30 days of the	concerned, within 30 days of the	<b>possible but no later than 90 days</b> of the complete application being	other legal instruments in the field of mobility such as the Blue Card
complete application being lodged.	complete application being lodged.	lodged. []	directive.
In exceptional cases involving	In exceptional cases involving	10 0800. []	A longer time limit is needed inter
complex applications including	complex applications including		alia because, in case of an ICT
applications concerning host	applications concerning host		permit, employment and
entities in several Member States,	entities in several Member States,		immigration authorities need to
the deadline may be extended for a	the deadline may be extended for a		coordinate.
maximum of a further 60 days.	maximum of a further 30 days.		

	National law of the relevant Member State shall determine any consequence of a decision not having been taken by the end of the period provided.  AM 75	National law of the relevant Member State shall determine any consequence of a decision not having been taken by the end of the period provided for in this paragraph.	Technical group suggests to take Council text but Commission expressed certain doubts about appropriateness of this provisions.
2. Where the information supplied in support of the application is inadequate, the competent authorities shall notify the applicant within a reasonable period of the additional information that is required and set a reasonable deadline for providing it.	2. Where the information supplied in support of the application is inadequate, the competent authorities shall notify the applicant within 30 days of the additional information that is required and set a reasonable deadline for providing it.	2. Where the information supplied in support of the application is inadequate, the competent authorities shall notify the applicant within a reasonable period of the additional information that is required and set a reasonable deadline for providing it.	EP would like to provide for a specific period rather than leave it open.
	In the circumstances referred to in the first paragraph, the competent authorities shall make a decision within 30 days of receipt of the requested supplementary information.	The period referred to in paragraph 1 shall be suspended until the authorities have received the additional information or documents required. If additional information or documents have not been provided within the deadline, the application may be rejected.	
		3. Reasons for a decision rejecting an application for an intra-corporate transferee permit, refusing modification or renewal shall be given in writing to the applicant. Reasons for a decision withdrawing an intra-	Agreement on text below:  3. Reasons for a decision rejecting an application for an intracorporate transferee permit or refusing renewal shall be given in writing to the applicant. Reasons

		corporate residence permit shall be given in writing to the intra- corporate transferee and, when the application for the intra- corporate transferee permit was lodged by the host entity, to the applicant.	for a decision withdrawing an intra-corporate transferee permit shall be given in writing to both the intra-corporate transferee and the host entity.
3. Any decision rejecting an application or any decision not to renew or to withdraw intracorporate transferee permits, shall be notified in writing to the applicant and shall be open to a legal challenge in the Member State concerned, in accordance with national law. The notification shall specify the reasons for the decision, the possible redress procedures available and the time limit for taking action.	AM 76  3. Any decision rejecting an application or any decision not to renew or to withdraw intracorporate transferee permits, shall be notified in writing to the applicant and shall be open to a [] challenge by means of administrative or judicial redress in the Member State concerned, in accordance with national law. The notification shall specify the reasons for the decision, the possible redress procedures available and the time limit for taking action.	4. Any decision rejecting the application, refusing renewal, or withdrawing an intra-corporate transferee permit shall be open to a legal challenge in the Member State concerned, in accordance with national law. The written notification shall specify the [] court and/or administrative authority where an appeal may be lodged and the time-limit for lodging the appeal.	Agreement on Council text which is in line with Article 8(2) of the Single Permit Directive.
		5. Within the period referred to in Article 11(2) an applicant shall be allowed to lodge an application for renewal before the expiry of the intra-corporate transferee permit. Member States may set a maximum deadline of 90 days prior to the expiry of the intra-corporate transferee permit for submitting	EP pointed out that the deadline for deciding on renewal should be shorter than for the initial application.  Possibly clarification needed between time limit for submission and time limit for processing the request for renewal.

	an application for renewal.
	6. If the intra-corporate  This provision is important for
	transferee permit expires during   Council because of cases of appeal
	the procedure, Member States against a negative decision where
	may issue, if required by national applicants have not submitted the
	law, national temporary application within the deadline.
	residence permits or equivalent The issuance of a temporary
	authorisations, allowing the residence permit enables the
	applicant to continue to stay applicant to remain in the MS
	legally on its territory until a territory until the appeal procedure
	decision on the application has is completed.
	been taken by the competent
	authorities.
	Article 12A
	Fees
cf AM 25 on Recital 2	Member States may require Technical group suggests following
	applicants to pay fees for compromise text:
	handling applications in
	accordance with this Directive. Member States may require
	The level of such fees shall be payment of fees for handling
	proportionate and may be based applications in accordance with
	on the services actually provided this Directive. The level of such
	for the processing of applications   fees shall <u>not be excessive or</u>
	and the issuance of permits. <u>disproportionate proportionate</u>
	and may be based on the services
	actually provided for the
	processing of applications and
	the issuance of permits.
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CHAPTER IV	CHAPTER IV	
RIGHTS	RIGHTS	
Article 13	Article 13	
Rights on the basis of the intra-	Rights on the basis of the intra-	
corporate transferee permit	corporate transferee permit	
During the period of validity of an	During the period of validity of an	Identical
intra-corporate transferee permit,	intra-corporate transferee permit,	
the holder shall enjoy at least the	the holder shall enjoy at least the	
following rights:	following rights:	
1. the right to enter and stay in the	1. the right to enter and stay in the	Identical
territory of the Member State	territory of the Member State	
issuing the permit;	issuing the permit;	
2. free access to the entire territory	2. free access to the entire territory	Identical
of the Member State issuing the	of the Member State issuing the	
permit within the limits provided	permit within the limits provided	
for by national law;	for by national law;	
3. the right to exercise the specific	3. the right to exercise the specific	
employment activity authorised	employment activity authorised	Pending
under the permit in accordance	under the permit in accordance	
with national law in any other	with national law in any host entity	
entity belonging to the group of	belonging to the group of	
undertakings listed in the additional	undertakings [] in the Member	
document provided for in Article	State issuing the permit and in	
11(4) in accordance with Article	second Member States in	
16;	accordance with Article 16 as long	
	as the employment relationship is	
	maintained with an undertaking	
	established in a third country.	

	AM 77		
4. the right to carry out his/her	4. the right to carry out his/her	deleted	Council does not support AM 77 as
assignment at the sites of clients of	assignment at the sites of clients		it enlarges the scope of the
the entities belonging to the group	and potential business partners of	See Recital 21b in the Council text.	directive.
of undertakings listed in the	the entities belonging to the group		
additional document provided for	of undertakings listed in the		Council considers that addition of
in Article 11 (4), as long as the	additional document provided for		phrase "potential business
employment relationship is	in Article 11 (4), as long as the		partners" is sufficiently addressed
maintained with the undertaking	employment relationship is		in recital (21b).
established in a third country.	maintained with the undertaking		
	established in a third country.		
Article 14		Article 14	exclusive EMPL competence on
Rights		Right to equal treatment	whole Article (except last
			paragraph)
	AM 78		
Whatever the law applicable to the	Whatever the law applicable to the	1. Whatever the law applicable to	EP insists on equal treatment with
employment relationship, intra-	employment relationship, intra-	the employment relationship, intra-	nationals of the host MS.
corporate transferees shall be	corporate transferees shall be	corporate transferees [] admitted	
entitled to:	entitled to equal treatment with	under this Directive shall enjoy	Council considers that workers
1. the terms and conditions of	nationals of the host Member	equal treatment with persons	posted from third countries should
employment applicable to posted	State as regards:	covered by Directive 96/71/EC	be treated in the same manner as
workers in a similar situation, as	1. the terms and conditions of	with regard to the terms and	workers posted within the EU.
laid down by law, regulation or	employment [] as laid down by	conditions of employment	
administrative provision and/or	law, regulation or administrative	applicable to posted workers in a	EP is against linking the ICT
universally applicable collective	provision and/or <i>arbitration</i>	similar situation in accordance	Directive to Directive 96/71/EC.
agreements in the Member State to	awards and collective agreements	with Article 3 of Directive	EP finds that the latter should be
which they have been admitted	applicable at the workplace in the	96/71/EC in the Member State	reviewed as it has been interpreted
pursuant to this Directive.	Member State <i>in</i> which they <i>are</i>	where the work is carried out;	to provide for minimum rules of
	currently working.		protection only.

In the absence of a system for	[]	deleted	Identical
declaring collective agreements to			
be of universal application,			
Member States may, if they so			
decide, base themselves on			
collective agreements which are			
generally applicable to all similar			
undertakings in the geographical			
area and in the profession or			
industry concerned, and/or			
collective agreements which have			
been concluded by the most			
representative employers' and			
labour organisations at national			
level and which are applied			
throughout national territory.			
2. equal treatment with nationals of	[]	2. Intra-corporate transferees	
the host Member State as regards:		shall enjoy equal treatment with	
		nationals of the host Member State	
		as regards:	
(a) freedom of association and	2. freedom of association and	(a) freedom of association and	EP has included a similar
affiliation and membership of an	affiliation and membership of an	affiliation and membership of an	amendment in art 16 SWD where it
organisation representing workers	organisation representing workers	organisation representing workers	adds a clarification of what is
or employers or of any organisation	or employers or of any organisation	or employers or of any	meant by "rights": " inter alia the
whose members are engaged in a	whose members are engaged in a	organisation whose members are	right to negotiate and conclude
specific occupation, including the	specific occupation, including the	engaged in a specific occupation,	collective agreements and the right
benefits conferred by such	benefits <i>and rights</i> conferred by	including the benefits conferred by	to strike and take industrial action,
organisations, without prejudice to	such organisations, without	such organisations, without	in accordance with the host
the national provisions on public	prejudice to the national provisions	prejudice to the national provisions	Member State's national law and
policy and public security;	on public policy and public	on public policy and public	practices".
	security;	security;	
			Council could accept EP AM
			subject to redrafting.

(b) recognition of diplomas,	3. recognition of diplomas,	(b) recognition of diplomas,	Identical as for substance
certificates and other professional	certificates and other professional	certificates and other professional	
qualifications in accordance with	qualifications in accordance with	qualifications in accordance with	
the relevant national procedures;	the relevant national procedures.	the relevant national procedures;	
(c) without prejudice to existing	4. branches of social security as	(c) [] provisions in national law	EP cannot support the exclusion of
bilateral agreements, provisions in	defined in Article 3 of Regulation	regarding the branches of social	family benefits from the scope of
national law regarding the branches	(EC) No 883/2004 without	security defined in Article 3 of	this Article.
of social security defined in Article	prejudice to existing bilateral	Regulation (EC) No 883/04, with	
3 of Regulation (EC) No 883/04. In	agreements <i>providing for better</i>	the exception of family benefits,	
the event of mobility between	conditions. Each Member State	unless the legislation of the	
Member States and without	remains responsible, in the	country of origin applies by	
prejudice to existing bilateral	absence of harmonisation at	virtue of bilateral agreements or	
agreements, Council Regulation	Union level, for laying down in its	the national legislation of the	
(EC) No 859/2003 shall apply	legislation, in compliance with	host Member State, ensuring	
accordingly;	Union law, the non-discriminatory	that the intra-corporate	
	rules governing the granting of	transferee is covered by the	
	social security benefits, as well as	social security legislation in one	
	the amount and duration of such	<b>of these countries</b> . In the event of	
	<i>benefits</i> . In the event of mobility	mobility between Member States	
	between Member States	[] Council Regulation (EC) No	
	Regulation (EC) No 1231/2010 or,	[] 1231/2010 shall apply	
	where still applicable, Council	accordingly;	
	Regulation (EC) No 859/2003 of		
	14 May 2003 extending the		
	provisions of Regulation (EEC) No		
	1408/71 and Regulation (EEC) No		
	574/72 to nationals of third		
	countries who are not already		
	covered by those provisions solely		
	on the ground of their nationality <sup>1</sup>		
	shall apply accordingly, without		
	prejudice to existing bilateral		
	agreements providing for better		

	conditions;		
(d) without prejudice to Regulation	Third-country workers moving to	(d) without prejudice to []	Council cannot accept EP AM.
(EC) No 859/2003 and to existing	a third country, or the survivors of	Council Regulation (EC)	
bilateral agreements, payment of	such workers residing in a third-	<b>1231/2010</b> and to existing bilateral	Council refers to survivors'
statutory pensions based on the	country deriving rights from the	agreements, payment of statutory	pensions in Recital 23.
worker's previous employment	worker, shall receive, in relation to	pensions based on the worker's	
when moving to a third country;	old-age, invalidity and death,	previous employment and	
	statutory pensions based on the	acquired in accordance with the	
	workers' previous employment and	legislation referred to in Article 3	
	acquired in accordance with the	of Regulation (EC) No 883/2004,	
	legislation set out in Article 3 of	under the same conditions and	
	Regulation (EC) No 883/2004,	the same rates as the nationals of	
	under the same conditions and at	the Member States concerned	
	the same rates as the nationals of	when moving to a third country;	
	the Member States concerned		
	when <i>they move</i> to a third country;		
(e) access to goods and services	5. access to goods and services and	(e) access to goods and services	Technical meeting discussed the
and the supply of goods and	the supply of goods and services	and the supply of goods and	following text:
services made available to the	made available to the public,	services made available to the	(e) access to goods and services
public, except public housing and	except public housing and <i>public</i>	public, except [] procedures for	and the supply of goods and
counselling services afforded by	employment services.	obtaining housing as provided for	services made available to the
employment services.		by national law, without	public, except [] procedures for
		prejudice to the freedom of	obtaining housing as provided for
		contract in accordance with	by national law, without
		Union and national law, and []	prejudice to the freedom of
		services afforded by employment	contract in accordance with
		offices.	Union and national law, and []
			services afforded by <b>public</b>
			employment offices.

The right to equal treatment laid down in paragraph 2 shall be without prejudice to the right of the Member State to withdraw or to refuse to renew the permit in accordance with Article 7.	The right to equal treatment laid down in <i>this Article</i> shall be without prejudice to the right of the Member State to withdraw or to refuse to renew the permit in accordance with Article 7.	3. [] This Article shall be without prejudice to the right of the Member State to withdraw or to refuse to renew the permit in accordance with Article 7.	exclusive competence LIBE  Council maintains position considering that "This Article" better covers the right to equal treatment and the exceptions to that right laid down in Article 14.
Article 15 Family members	<sup>1</sup> OJ L 124, 20.5.2003, p. 1.	Article 15 Family members	
1. Council Directive 2003/86/EC shall apply, subject to the derogations laid down in this Article.		1. Council Directive 2003/86/EC shall apply in the Member States which issued the intra-corporate transferee permit, subject to the derogations laid down in this Article.	Pending
2. By way of derogation from Articles 3(1) and 8 of Directive 2003/86/EC, family reunification in the first Member State shall not be made dependent on the requirement that the holder of the permit issued on the basis of this Directive must have reasonable prospects of obtaining the right of permanent residence and have a minimum period of residence.	AM 79  2. By way of derogation from Articles 3(1) and 8 of Directive 2003/86/EC, family reunification [] shall not be made dependent on the requirement that the holder of the permit issued on the basis of this Directive must have reasonable prospects of obtaining the right of permanent residence and have a minimum period of residence.	2. By way of derogation from Articles 3(1) and 8 of Directive 2003/86/EC, family reunification in the [] Member State shall not be made dependent on the requirement that the holder of the permit issued by that Member State on the basis of this Directive must have reasonable prospects of obtaining the right of permanent residence and have a minimum period of residence.	In the view of EP, family reunification should be possible in any of the MS to which the ICT is transferred. The issue is linked to different mobility schemes proposed by each of the Institutions.

3. By way of derogation from the last subparagraph of Article 4(1) and from Article 7(2) of Directive 2003/86/EC, the integration measures referred to therein may be applied by the first Member State only after the persons concerned have been granted family reunification.  4. By way of derogation from the first subparagraph of Article 5(4) of Directive 2003/86/EC, residence permits for family members shall be granted by the first Member State, if the conditions for family reunification are fulfilled, at the latest within two months from the date on which the application was lodged.	AM 80  4. By way of derogation from the first subparagraph of Article 5(4) of Directive 2003/86/EC, residence permits for family members shall be granted by the first Member State, if the conditions for family reunification are fulfilled. The competent authority of the first Member State shall process the residence permit application for the intra-corporate transferee's family members at the same time as the intra-corporate transferee permit application. In more complex cases, the procedure shall be completed at the latest within two months from the date on which the application was lodged.	3. By way of derogation from the last subparagraph of Article 4(1) and from Article 7(2) of Directive 2003/86/EC, the integration measures referred to therein may be applied by the [] Member State only after the persons concerned have been granted family reunification.  4. By way of derogation from the first subparagraph of Article 5(4) of Directive 2003/86/EC, residence permits for family members shall be granted by the Member State, if the conditions for family reunification are fulfilled, [] within [] 90 days from the date on which the complete application was lodged. The procedural safeguards laid down in Article 12 apply accordingly.	EP and Council agree that application of ICT and permit for family member should be processed in parallel.
5. By way of derogation from Article 13(2) and (3) of Directive 2003/86/EC, the duration of validity of the residence permits of family members in the first		5. By way of derogation from Article 13(2) [] of Directive 2003/86/EC, the duration of validity of the residence permits of family members in the [] Member	Council can agree to redraft the provision to clarify that permits for family members should not exceed the duration of ICT permits.

Member State shall be the same as that of the intra-corporate transferee permit, insofar as the period of validity of their travel documents allows.		State [] may be the same as that of the intra-corporate transferee permit [].	
	AM 81		
	5a. By way of derogation from Article 14(2) of Directive 2003/86/EC and without prejudice to the principle of Union preference, the family members of an intra-corporate transferee who have been granted family reunification shall be entitled to take up employment or selfemployment in the territory of the Member State which issued the intra-corporate transferee permit for the same duration as the transferee.	6. By way of derogation from Article 14(1)(b) of Directive 2003/86/EC the family members of the intra-corporate transferee who have been granted family reunification shall be entitled to have access to employment and self-employed activity, in the territory of the Member State which issued the intra-corporate transferee permit.	EP insists on the derogation from Article 14(2) of Directive 2003/86/EC which allows MS to impose a time limit before access to the labour market is granted to family members.  Council can accept EP AM 81 subject to redrafting as regards the principle of Community preference in alignment with art 6 (2) SWD).  " without prejudice to the principle of Union Preference as expressed in the relevant provisions of the Act of Accession of 2005".
CHAPTER V MOBILITY BETWEEN MEMBER STATES		CHAPTER V MOBILITY BETWEEN MEMBER STATES	
Article 16  Mobility between Member States		Article 16  Provisions governing short-term  mobility	EP cannot support the scheme proposed by the Council which it finds overly complex. It encourages the Council to agree on a simpler solution that is based on mutual trust between MS.

	AM 82		
1. Third-country nationals who have been granted an intracorporate transferee permit in a first Member State, who fulfil the criteria for admission as set out in Article 5 and who apply for an intra-corporate transferee permit in another Member State shall be allowed to work in any other entity established in that Member State and belonging to the same group of undertakings and at the sites of clients of that host entity if the conditions set out in Article 13(4) are fulfilled, on the basis of the residence permit issued by the first Member State and the additional document provided for in Article 11(4), provided that:	1. Third-country nationals who have been granted an intracorporate transferee permit in a first Member State [] shall be allowed to work in any other entity established in <i>another</i> Member State and belonging to the same group of undertakings and at the sites of clients of that host entity if the conditions set out in Article 13(4) are fulfilled, on the basis of the residence permit issued by the first Member State and the additional document provided for in Article 11(4) [].	deleted	(Correction in EP text: " if the conditions set out in Article 13(3) are fulfilled").
(a) the duration of the transfer in the other Member State(s) does not exceed twelve months;	2. The duration of the transfer in the other Member State(s) does not exceed half of the overall duration of the intra-corporate transferee permit.		
(b) the applicant has submitted to the competent authority of the other Member State, before his or her transfer to that Member State, the documents referred to in Article 5(1) (2) and (3) relating to the transfer to that Member State and has provided evidence of such	3. The intra-corporate transferee shall notify the competent authority of the first Member State and the host entity in the other Member State shall notify the competent authority of that other Member States.	deleted	

submission to the first Member State.			
2. If the duration of the transfer in the other Member State exceeds twelve months-, the other Member State may require a new application for a residence permit as an intracorporate transferee in that Member State.	4. Within 30 days of notification, that other Member State may refuse mobility in addition to the provisions referred to in Article 6(3), if the host entity was established for the sole purpose of facilitating the entry of intracorporate transferees, if the intracorporate transferee has committed a serious breach of legal provisions or a crime, or if the intra-corporate transferee is considered to pose a threat to public policy, public security or public health.	deleted	Clarification by EP: the ICT can move straight after notification but the MS concerned has 30 days to refuse mobility.
Where the relevant legislation requires a visa or residence permit for exercising mobility, such visas or permits shall be granted in a timely manner within a period that does not hamper pursuit of the assignment, whilst leaving the competent authorities sufficient time to process the applications.	5. In the event of mobility of the intra-corporate transferee in accordance with this Article, the host country principle shall be applied.	deleted	Clarification by EP: "the host country principle" means that the legislation of the host MS applies.
Member States shall not require intra-corporate transferees to leave their territory in order to submit applications for visas or residence permits.		deleted	

	AM 39		
3. The maximum duration of the	3. The maximum duration of the	Cf Article 10A(1)	
transfer to the European Union	transfer to the European Union		
shall not exceed three years for	shall not exceed three years for		
managers and specialists and one	managers and specialists and one		
year for graduate trainees.	year for <i>trainee employees</i> .		
		1. When the intra-corporate	
		transferee intends to work in the	
		same group of undertakings and	
		in the same position in a second	
		Member State for a period of up	
		to 90 days in any 180-day period,	
		the transfer may take place on	
		the basis of the intra-corporate	
		transferee permit issued by the	
		first Member State during its	
		validity under the conditions set	
		out in paragraphs 2 and 3.	
		2. The host entity of the second	
		Member State shall notify the	
		competent authorities of the first	
		Member State and the second	
		Member State before the	
		transfer. This notification shall	
		take place at least 20 days prior	
		to the intended transfer by	
		sending in the documentation	
		required by the second Member	
		State if paragraph 3(b) is	
		applicable. The second Member	
		State may determine which	
		documents have to be presented	
		proving the fulfilment of the	

ouitania got out in navagnanh 2(h)
criteria set out in paragraph 3(b).
3. The second Member State shall
choose either to:
a) decide in accordance with
national law that the transfer can
be initiated immediately after the
notification has taken place or;
b) based on the notification,
examine the documentation
within 20 days from having
received it. If the second Member
State does not react within that
time period, the transfer may be
initiated. The second Member
State may reject the transfer in
accordance with national law by
informing the host entity within
20 days from having received the
documentation if:
i. the intra-corporate transferee
is considered to pose a threat to
-
public policy, public security or
public health in the second
Member State,
ii. the terms and conditions of
employment set out in Article
5(1)(a), 5(2) and (2a) in the
second Member State are not
fulfilled,
iii. where the documents
presented have been fraudulently
acquired, falsified or tampered
with;

iv. the time period, which a
Member State may require in
accordance with Article 10A(2),
has not expired in the second
Member State or,
v. the volumes of admission of
third-country nationals entering
the territory of the second
Member State have been
exhausted.
4. If the second Member State
has not been notified in
accordance with paragraph 2, or
the grounds set out in paragraph
1 or 3(b) are no longer complied
with, or if the intra-corporate
transferee permit is used for
purposes other than that for
which it was issued, or the
transfer has been initiated before
the expiry of the notification
period or in spite of the rejection
from the second Member State,
the second Member State may
take the following measures:
(a) by national legislation require
that the intra-corporate
transferee and or the host entity
in the second Member State has
to apply for an intra-corporate
transferee permit with the
competent authorities of that
second Member State, and that

the employment activity must stop until a final decision has been made in accordance with Article 16A and/or,
been made in accordance with Article 16A and/or,
Article 16A and/or,
,
(1) 1 00 41
(b) impose effective,
proportionate and dissuasive
sanctions against the host entity
and/or,
(c) inform the authorities of the
first Member State accordingly.
5. Where the relevant legislation
provides for the requirement for
a visa for exercising short-term
mobility, such a visa shall be
granted in a timely manner
within a period that does not
hamper the transfer.
6. The second Member State may
require registrations to be
carried out in accordance with
national law when the intra-
corporate transferee enters the
territory of the second Member
State with the purpose of work.
The second Member State may
indicate additional information
specified under Article 11(6) as
proof of such registration.

7. In case the intra-corporate
transferee permit is renewed by
the first Member State within the
maximum duration, the renewed
intra-corporate transferee
permit continues to authorise its
holder to work in the second
Member State(s) notified.
8. In case the first Member State
withdraws the intra-corporate
transferee permit, the authorities
of the second Member State(s)
shall be informed by the
authorities of the first Member
State host entity or the intra-
corporate transferee
immediately.
Article 16A
Provisions governing long-term
mobility
1. If the third-country national
who intends to work in a second
Member State for more than 90
days within any 180-day period,
an application for a new intra-
corporate transferee permit shall
be lodged to the authorities of the
second Member State and
present all the documents
proving the fulfilment of the
criteria set out in Article 5.

	The application m	nay be
	presented to the c	ompetent
	authorities of the	second Member
	State outside the t	erritories of the
	European Union of	or while
	residing in the ter	
	first or the second	•
	2. If the third-cou	ntry national
	has already been	•
	intra-corporate tr	
	permit the second	
	may decide not to	
	criteria for admis	
	may allow the int	
	transferee to wor	
	positive decision of	
	application has be	
	competent author	•
	3. In cases where	
	mobility in Article	S
	initiated and the i	
	transferee subseq	_
	to use the provision	
	term mobility set	
	16 "the second M	
	accordance with	
	shall be understoo	
	Member State" in	
	with Article 16.	a wood aware
1	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	

		4. The second Member State	
		issuing or withdrawing a new	
		intra-corporate transferee	
		permit shall inform the first	
		Member State, in cases where the	
		intra-corporate transferee	
		permit issued by the first	
		Member State is still valid.	
		5. Articles 5A, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 10A,	
		11, 12 and 12A shall apply	
		accordingly.	
CHAPTER VI		CHAPTER VI	
final provisions		final provisions	
Article 17		Article 17	Agreement on the following text
Statistics		Statistics	
	AM 39		
1. Member States shall	1. Member States shall	1. Member States shall, in	1. Member States shall
communicate to the Commission	communicate to the Commission	accordance with Regulation (EC)	communicate to the Commission
statistics on the number of	statistics on the number of	No 862/2007, communicate to the	statistics on the number of <i>intra</i> -
residence permits issued for the	residence permits issued for the	Commission statistics on the	corporate transferee permits issued
first time or renewed and, as far as	first time or renewed and, as far as	number of [] third-country	for the first time and, as far as
possible, on the number of	possible, on the number of	nationals who have been granted	possible, on the number of <i>intra</i> -
residence permits withdrawn for	residence permits withdrawn for	an intra-corporate transferee	corporate transferees whose
the purpose of intra-corporate	the purpose of intra-corporate	permits and, as far as possible, on	permit has been extended,
transfer to persons who are third-	transfer to persons who are third-	the number of [] third-country	renewed or withdrawn. These
country nationals, disaggregated by	country nationals, disaggregated by	nationals whose intra-corporate	statistics shall be disaggregated by
citizenship, age and sex, by	citizenship, age and sex, by	transferee permit has been	citizenship, the length of validity of
transferee position (manager,	transferee position (manager,	renewed or withdrawn, []	the permit and, as far as possible,
specialist and graduate trainee), by	specialist and trainee employee),	during the previous calendar	by the economic sector <i>and</i>
length of validity of the permit and	by length of validity of the permit	year, indicating their nationality	transferee position.
by economic sector.	and by economic sector.	and, as far as possible, their	
	_	transferee position according to	
		this Directive.	

2. The statistics referred to in paragraph 1 shall be communicated in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 862/2007.	deleted	2. The statistics refereed to paragraph 1 shall relate to reference periods of one calendar year and shall be <i>communicated</i> to the Commission within six months of the end of the reference year. The first reference year shall be [the year following the point of time referred to in Article 20(1)].
3. The statistics referred to in paragraph 1 shall relate to reference periods of one calendar year and shall be supplied to the Commission within six months of the end of the reference year. The first reference year shall be [].	2. The statistics referred to in paragraph 1 shall relate to reference periods of one calendar year and shall be supplied to the Commission within six months of the end of the reference year. The first reference year shall be [two years after the date of transposition of this Directive].	3. The statistics referred to in paragraph 1 shall be communicated in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 862/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council.
Article 18 Reports	Article 18 Reports	
By [three years after the date of transposition of this Directive] at the latest and every three years thereafter, the Commission shall submit a report to the European Parliament and the Council on the application of this Directive in the Member States including any necessary proposal.	By [three years after the date of transposition of this Directive] at the latest and every three years thereafter, the Commission shall submit a report to the European Parliament and the Council on the application of this Directive in the Member States including any necessary proposal.	Identical

Article 19	Article 19	Pending on elements.
Contact points	[] Cooperation on information	
		Agreement on the following text,
		with a reservation of the
		Parliament on the reference to
		Article 16A
		Article 19
		Cooperation between contact
		points
1. Member States shall appoint	1. Member States shall appoint	Member States shall appoint
contact points which shall be	contact points which shall be	contact points which shall
responsible for receiving and	responsible for receiving and	cooperate effectively and be
transmitting the information needed	transmitting the information needed	responsible for receiving and
to implement Article 16.	to implement Article 16 and 16A.	transmitting the information needed
	Member States shall give	to implement Article 16 [and 16A].
	preference to exchange of	Member States shall give
	information via electronic means.	preference to exchange of
		information via electronic means.
2. Member States shall provide	2. Member States shall provide	-
appropriate cooperation on	appropriate cooperation on	
exchanges of the information and	exchanges of the information and	
documentation referred to in	documentation referred to in	
paragraph 1.	paragraph 1. Such procedural	
	cooperation shall be effectively	
	carried out especially when the	
	application has not been lodged	
	with the designated authorities of	
	the Member State having	
	competence within the meaning	
	of this Directive.	

Article 20	Article 20	
Transposition	Transposition	
1. Member States shall bring into	1. Member States shall bring into	EP wants transposition deadline of
force the laws, regulations and	force the laws, regulations and	two years after the entry into force
administrative provisions necessary	administrative provisions necessary	pointing to the Single Permit and
to comply with this Directive by	to comply with this Directive by	the Blue Card Directives.
[two years after the entry into	[[] three years after the entry into	
force] at the latest. They shall	force] at the latest. They shall	
forthwith communicate to the	forthwith communicate to the	
Commission the text of those	Commission the text of those	
provisions and a correlation table	provisions [].	
between those provisions and this		
Directive.		
When Member States adopt those	When Member States adopt those	
provisions, they shall contain a	provisions, they shall contain a	
reference to this Directive or be	reference to this Directive or be	
accompanied by such reference on	accompanied by such reference on	
the occasion of their official	the occasion of their official	
publication. Member States shall	publication. Member States shall	
determine how such reference is to	determine how such reference is to	
be made.	be made.	
2. Member States shall	2. Member States shall	
communicate to the Commission	communicate to the Commission	
the text of the main provisions of	the text of the main provisions of	
national law which they adopt in	national law which they adopt in	
the field covered by this Directive.	the field covered by this Directive.	
Article 21	Article 21	
Entry into force	Entry into force	
This Directive shall enter into force	This Directive shall enter into force	
on the [] day following that of its	on the [] day following that of its	
publication in the Official Journal	publication in the Official Journal	
of the European Union.	of the European Union.	

Article 22	Article 22	
Addressees	Addressees	
This Directive is addressed to the	This Directive is addressed to the	
Member States in accordance with	Member States in accordance with	
the Treaty on the Functioning of	the Treaty on the Functioning of	
the European Union.	the European Union.	
Done at Brussels, [ ]	Done at Brussels, []	
For the European Parliament For	For the European Parliament For	
the Council	the Council	
The President The President	The President The President	

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