## COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION

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## NOTE

from :	Presidency
No. prev.doc. :	8772/04 ASILE 34
No. Cion prop. :	10279/02 ASILE 33 + REV 1 (de, en, fr) - COM(2002) 326 final/2
Subject :	Amended proposal for a Council Directive on minimum standards on procedures in Member States for granting and withdrawing refugee status
	- Minimum common list of safe countries of origin

Delegations will find attached a complement to the reply from the **Commission** concerning Cape Verde, Mauritius and Botswana.

## Assessment template

Name of Member State	European Commission
Name of country for designation	CAPE VERDE

QUI	STIONS	YES/NO	BASIS FOR RESPONSE	Details of supporting information sources other than those at Annex B. Please indicate if these are publicly available
1.	Does the country have a democratic system in place?	Yes	.Multiparty Parliamentary Democracy	
2.	Is there a situation of internal or international armed conflict in the country?	No		

3.	Is there generally and consistently no persecution as	Yes		
	defined in Article 9 of the Qualification Directive in the			
	country?			
4.	Is there generally and consistently no torture or inhuman	Yes		
	or degrading treatment or punishment in the country?			
5.	Where there is a situation of internal or international		N/A	
	armed conflict in the country is there generally and			
	consistently no threat by reason of indiscriminate violence			
	in the country?			
6.	Is the extent to which protection is provided against			
	persecution or mistreatment by means of $(a) - (d)$ below			
	sufficient to show that there is generally and consistently			
	no persecution or mistreatment in the country?			
(a)	the relevant laws and regulations of the country and	Yes with	• Revised penal Code	
	the manner in which they are applied	res	protects certain rights of the	
		erv	victims of sexual abuse but did	
		ati	not ensure compensation	
		on	• Government rarely	
			enforces law prohibiting child	
			labour.	

(b)	observance of the rights and freedoms laid down in			
	the European Convention for the Protection of			
	Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms and/or			
	the International Covenant for Civil and Political			
	Rights and/or the Convention against Torture, in			
	particular the rights from which derogation cannot			
	be made under Article 15(2) of the said European			
	Convention			
(c)	respect of the non-refoulement principle according	Yes		
	to the Geneva Convention			
(d)	provision for a system of effective remedies against	Yes with	Investigation into allegations of	
	violations of these rights and freedoms	res	human rights abuses by police,	
		erv	did not result in any legal action	
		ati	against the perpetrators	
		on		

1.	Do you consider that the information sources listed at Annex B are		Insert basis for response
	sufficient for the purpose of conducting the in-depth assessment	Yes	
	referred to by the JHA Council with regard to this country?		
2.	If you answered no to Q 1 please specify: in which areas you consider		
	the information sources to be insufficient; and any other sources of		
	information available to you which would assist discussions and which		
	you are in a position to share with other Member States (Provide		
	website address or other details).		
3.	Is the country suitable for inclusion on the minimum common list?		Insert basis for response
		Yes	

NOTE : The above assessment is a technical assessment by Commission services (Brussels and Delegation).

Most of the information used comes from the country strategy paper (available at <u>http://europa.eu.int/comm/world/</u>) and preparatory documents, country conflict assessment and reports from the delegation and from EU Heads of mission (restricted)

## Assessment template

Name of Member State	European Commission
Name of country for designation	MAURITIUS

QUI	ESTIONS	YES/NO	BASIS FOR RESPONSE	Details of supporting information sources other than those at Annex B. Please indicate if these are publicly available
1.	Does the country have a democratic system in place?	Yes	Parliamentary Democracy	
2.	Is there a situation of internal or international armed conflict in the country?	No		

3.	Is there generally and consistently no persecution as defined in Article 9 of the Qualification Directive in the country?	Yes, with reservations	<ul> <li>The reservations relate to the following:</li> <li>Discrimination and violence against women</li> </ul>
4.	Is there generally and consistently no torture or inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment in the country?	Yes, with reservations	<ul> <li>The Constitution prohibits arbitrary arrest and detention; there are no reports of the arbitrary or unlawful deprivation of life committed by the Government or its agents.</li> <li>However, there are reports on</li> <li>Use of force by police to coerce a suspect to sign a confession;</li> <li>Poor Prison conditions;</li> <li>Forced Child Prostitution</li> <li>Child Labour</li> </ul>
5.	Where there is a situation of internal or international armed conflict in the country is there generally and consistently no threat by reason of indiscriminate violence in the country?	N/A	

	Is the extent to which protection is provided against persecution or mistreatment by means of $(a) - (d)$ below sufficient to show that there is generally and consistently no persecution or mistreatment in the country?		
(a)	the relevant laws and regulations of the country and the manner in which they are applied	Yes, with reservations	In particular, the Dangerous Drugs Act allows law enforcement authorities to hold suspects for up to 36 hours without access to bail or legal counsel.
(b)	observance of the rights and freedoms laid down in the European Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms and/or the International Covenant for Civil and Political Rights and/or the Convention against Torture, in particular the rights from which derogation cannot be made under Article 15(2) of the said European Convention		<ul> <li>There are concerns regarding:</li> <li>Government control of Nation's television stations</li> <li>Restrictions on the rights of workers in the export processing zones</li> </ul>

(c)	respect of the non-refoulement principle according	Yes	Pour mémoire: the law	
	to the Geneva Convention		does not provide for	
			granting of refugee or	
			asylum to persons who	
			meet the definition in the	
			1951 UN Convention	
			relating to the Status of	
			refugees.	
(d)	provision for a system of effective remedies against	Yes		
	violations of these rights and freedoms			

1.	Do you consider that the information sources listed at Annex B are		Insert	basis for 1	response			
	sufficient for the purpose of conducting the in-depth assessment	No	NGO	reports	should	be	taken	into
	referred to by the JHA Council with regard to this country?		c	onsideratio	on.			
2.	If you answered no to Q 1 please specify: in which areas you consider							
	the information sources to be insufficient; and any other sources of							
	information available to you which would assist discussions and which							
	you are in a position to share with other Member States (Provide							
	website address or other details).							
3.	Is the country suitable for inclusion on the minimum common list?	Yes, with reserva	ation					

NOTE : The above assessment is a technical assessment from Commission services and is tentative, due to the limited time available for doing it. Most of the information used comes from the country strategy paper (available at <u>http://europa.eu.int/comm/world/</u>) and preparatory documents, country conflict assessment and reports from the delegation and from EU Heads of mission (restricted) Assessment template:

Name of Member State	European Commission
Name of country for designation	BOTSWANA

QUESTIONS	YES/NO	BASIS FOR RESPONSE	Details of supporting information sources other than those at Annex B. Please indicate if these are publicly available
1. Does the country have a democratic system in place?	Yes	Botswana has a long-standing record of peace and political stability. The country has a multiparty constitutional democracy and free and fair elections are held every five years.	

2.	Is there a situation of internal or international armed conflict in the country?	No	
3.	Is there generally and consistently no persecution as defined in Article 9 of the Qualification Directive in the country?	Yes, with reservation	Civil and political rights are entrenched under the Constitution. The latter has a code of fundamental human rights enforced by the courts. There is freedom of association, of worship and of expression. However, concerns are expressed about the fact that homosexuality is illegal and about the death penalty, applied in specific murder cases. Moreover, the dialogue between Government and ethnic minorities needs to be intensified and their constitutional recognition to be formalised. An amendment of the constitution (articles 77-79) is under consideration at present aiming at equal treatment of all ethnic groups (today only 8 out of 18 are officially recognised).
4.	Is there generally and consistently no torture or inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment in the country?	Yes with reservation	<ul> <li>Botswana retains the Death Penalty;</li> <li>Its customary courts administer punishments in the form of lashings, generally against young offenders and</li> <li>the prison conditions are poor and worsened by increasing number of illegal migrants of Zimbabwean origin.</li> </ul>

5.	Where there is a situation of internal or international armed conflict in the country is there generally and consistently no threat by reason of indiscriminate violence in the country?		
6.	Is the extent to which protection is provided against persecution or mistreatment by means of $(a) - (d)$ below sufficient to show that there is generally and consistently no persecution or mistreatment in the country?		
(a)	the relevant laws and regulations of the country and the manner in which they are applied	Generally Yes	<ul> <li>In particular, it is to be noted that:</li> <li>The law does not prohibit trafficking in persons</li> <li>Despite the Prison's Act, there have been occasionally reports of beating of suspects, prison violence, intimidation to obtain evidence etc.</li> </ul>

(b)	observance of the rights and freedoms laid down in	Yes		
	the European Convention for the Protection of			
	Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms and/or			
	the International Covenant for Civil and Political			
	Rights and/or the Convention against Torture, in			
	particular the rights from which derogation cannot			
	be made under Article 15(2) of the said European			
	Convention			
(c)	respect of the non-refoulement principle according	Generally Yes	There was a case in December 2003 regarding	
	to the Geneva Convention	(but see comment)	the government's reportedly forcible	
			repatriation of a group of Namibian refugees	
			to Namibia where 7 of the 8 were arrested on	
			charges of high treason for their alleged role	
			in the 1999 Caprivi uprising.	
(d)	provision for a system of effective remedies against		No guaranteed legal counsel for defendants in	
	violations of these rights and freedoms	Yes, with reservation	<u>customary</u> courts	

0	VERALL ASSESSMENT		
1.	Do you consider that the information sources listed at Annex B are	Ins	sert basis for response

	sufficient for the purpose of conducting the in-depth assessment	Yes, with reservation	For	Botswana Annex B mentions the
	referred to by the JHA Council with regard to this country?		US	Dept.of State Country Report on
			Η.]	R. Practices as only source of
			inf	formation. For a fully
			C01	mprehensive assessment other
			sou	urces available in Member States
			and	d within the EC should also be
			use	ed.
2.	If you answered no to Q 1 please specify: in which areas you consider			
	the information sources to be insufficient; and any other sources of			
	information available to you which would assist discussions and which			
	you are in a position to share with other Member States (Provide			
	website address or other details).			
3.	Is the country suitable for inclusion on the minimum common list?			Insert basis for response

Yes with reservation	The issue of death penalty has to
	be monitored. The EU has
	already done "demarches" for
	the abolition of death penalty
	(in accordance with the EU
	policy guidelines on death
	penalty), without concrete
	results until now.

NOTE : The above assessment is a technical essessment from Commission services (Brussels and Delegation).

Most of the information used comes from the country strategy paper (available at <u>http://europa.eu.int/comm/world/</u>) and preparatory documents, country conflict assessment and reports from the delegation and from EU Heads of mission (restricted)