

DRAFT EUROPEAN COUNCIL STATEMENT

1. The situation in the Mediterranean is a tragedy. The European Union will mobilise all efforts at its disposal to prevent further loss of life at sea and to tackle the root causes of the human emergency that we face, in cooperation with the countries of origin and transit. Our immediate priority is to prevent more people from dying at sea.

2. We have therefore decided to strengthen our presence at sea, to fight the traffickers, to prevent illegal migration flows and to reinforce internal solidarity. Given that instability in Libya creates an ideal environment for the criminal activities of traffickers, we will **actively support all UN-led efforts towards re-establishing government authority in Libya. We will also step up efforts to address conflict and instability as key push factors of migration, including in Syria.**

3. We today commit to:

Strengthening our presence at sea

a) rapidly reinforce EU Operations Triton and Poseidon by at least doubling the financial resources for this purpose in 2015 and 2016 and reinforcing the number of assets, thus allowing to increase the search and rescue possibilities within the mandate of FRONTEX; *[p.m.: welcome pledges]*

Fighting traffickers

b) disrupt trafficking networks, bring the perpetrators to justice and seize their assets, through swift action by Member State authorities in co-operation with EUROPOL, FRONTEX, the European Asylum Support Office (EASO) and EUROJUST, as well as through **increased intelligence and police-cooperation with third countries;**

c) **undertake systematic efforts to identify, capture and destroy vessels before they are used by traffickers. The High Representative is invited to immediately begin preparations for a possible CSDP operation to this effect, in accordance with international law;**

d) use EUROPOL to detect and request removal of internet content used by traffickers to attract migrants and refugees, in accordance with national constitutions;

Preventing illegal migration flows

- e) **increase support to Tunisia, Egypt, Sudan, Mali and Niger among others, to monitor and control the land borders and routes in order to prevent potential migrants from gaining access to Mediterranean shores**, building on current CSDP operations in the region, as well as on regional cooperation frameworks (Rabat and Khartoum processes); step up dialogue with the African Union at all levels on all these issues;
- f) deploy European migration liaison officers in key countries to gather information on migratory flows, co-ordinate with national liaison officers, and co-operate directly with the local authorities;
- g) work with regional partners in building capacity for maritime border management and search and rescue operations;
- h) launch Regional Development and Protection programmes for North Africa and the Horn of Africa;
- i) invite the Commission and the High Representative to mobilise all tools, including through development cooperation, **to promote readmission of unauthorised economic migrants to countries of origin**, working closely with the International Organisation for Migration;
- j) set up a **new return programme for the rapid return of irregular migrants** from frontline Member States, coordinated by FRONTEX;

Reinforcing internal solidarity

- k) set up a first voluntary pilot project on resettlement, offering at least **5,000 places** to persons qualifying for protection;
- l) increase emergency aid to frontline Member States and consider options for organising emergency relocation between Member States;
- m) deploy EASO teams in frontline Member States for joint processing of asylum applications, **including registration and finger-printing**.

4. The EU institutions and the Member States will work immediately on the full implementation of these orientations. The European Council looks forward to the Commission Communication on a European Agenda for Migration, in order to develop a more systemic and geographically comprehensive EU approach to migration. The European Council will remain seized of the situation and will closely monitor the

implementation of these orientations. The Council and the Commission will report to the European Council in June.

[emphasis added by Statewatch]